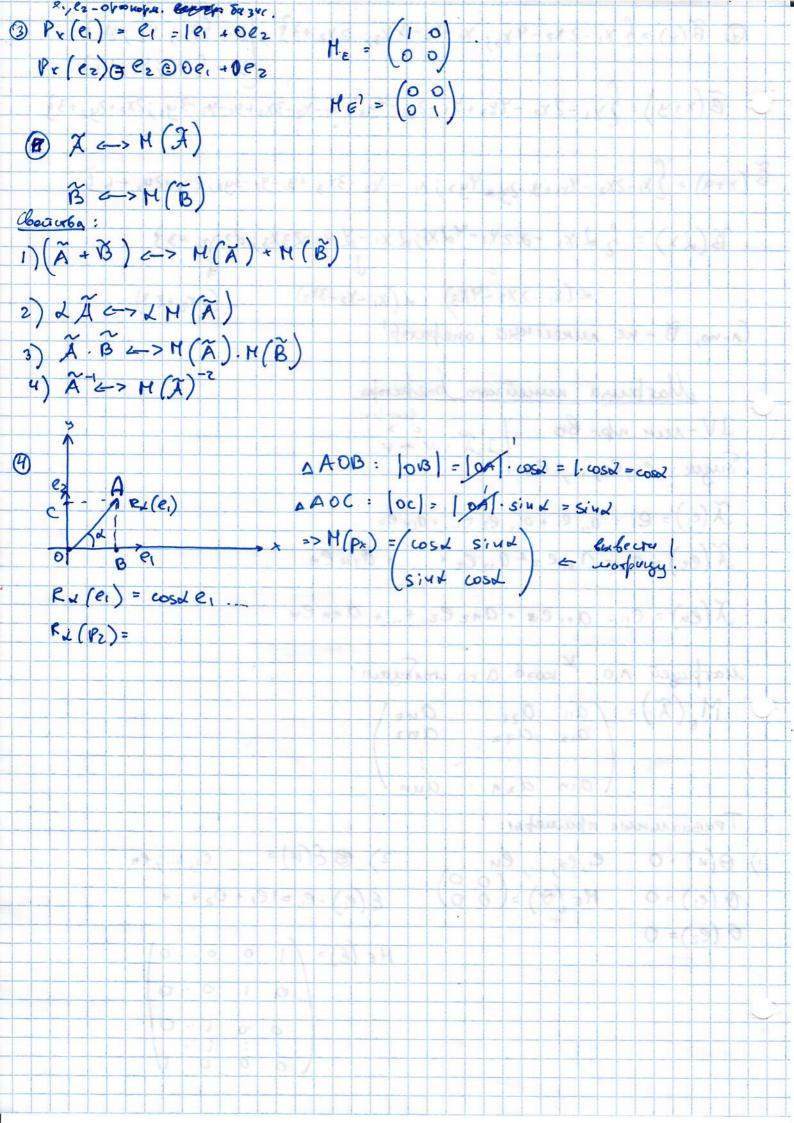
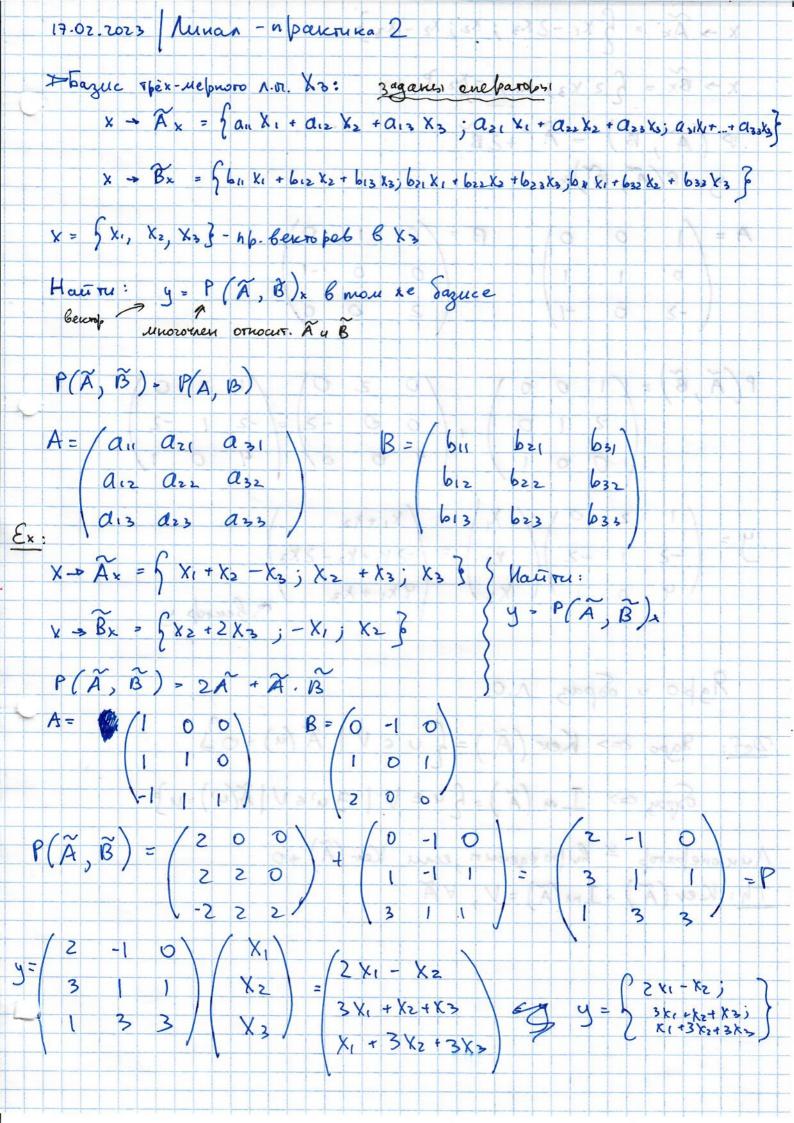


P-na-ro: e, ez-opronopunt. Sague x.Oy. Rx(u) - noboliparubalt на дон + 6,7,8 er 6) X3 - nuneuinae np-60. X = { X, X2, X3} Bero Sazuce zagan mough levery. A: X3 -> X3: A(x) = 5 x1 - x2 ; 2x1 + x3 ; 3 x1} 9-15: Ã - numeri usiti oneparop 9-60: 1) bozonien uz X3 Benrofes: X Ex, x2; x3} 9 (4, , 42) 433 2) A (x +y) = A(x) + A(y) (x+y) = { x1 + y ; y2+ x2 ; x3+ y2} (Lx)= { Ix, ; 2 x2; 2 x33 (Ly) = ELy, ; Lyz; dys) 3) A(x+41-42-X2; 2 x+24 + x3+43; 3x+34) = = A (x1 - x2 ; 2 x1 1 x3; 3 x1) + A (91 - 42; 291 + 93; 34) ~ (dx) = ~ (dx1-2x2; 2 dx1+dx3; d3x1) = = L. A (x1-x2; 2x1 + x3; 3x1) Cn-no, govarane lu 2 cb-bo, rorga A-nunetinesti oneparap





$$x \rightarrow Ax = \begin{cases} x_1 - 2x_3 ; x_2 ; x_3 - x_3 \end{cases}$$
 $x \rightarrow Bx = \begin{cases} 2 \times 3; x_1 ; -x_2 \end{cases}$ 
 $y = P(A, B) = A^2 + 2B$ 
 $y = P(A, B) \times A$ 

