

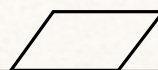
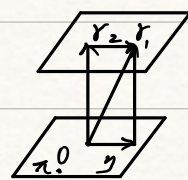
定义1. 集合  $S$  的一个划分也称为  $S$  的一个商集

例:  $\mathbb{Z}_7$  (或  $\mathbb{Z}/7$ ) :=  $\{\bar{0}, \bar{1}, \bar{2}, \bar{3}, \bar{4}, \bar{5}, \bar{6}\}$  (模7同余)

几何空间, 考虑一组平面

$\gamma_1 \sim \gamma_2 : \Leftrightarrow \gamma_1, \gamma_2$  在同一平面

$\Leftrightarrow \gamma_2 - \gamma_1 = \eta \in \pi.$



设  $V$  是数域  $K$  上线性,  $W$  为  $V$  的一个子空间

$\beta \sim \alpha : \Leftrightarrow \beta - \alpha \in W$

1°  $\alpha - \alpha = 0 \in W, \forall \alpha \in V$ , 则  $\alpha \sim \alpha$  反身性

2°  $\beta \sim \alpha \Rightarrow \beta - \alpha = \gamma \in W$ , 则  $\alpha - \beta = -\gamma \in W \Rightarrow \alpha \sim \beta$  对称性

3°  $\alpha \sim \beta, \beta \sim \gamma$ , 则  $\alpha - \beta = \vec{m} \in W, \beta - \gamma = \vec{n} \in W$ , 则

$\alpha - \gamma = \alpha - \beta + \beta - \gamma = \vec{m} + \vec{n} \in W$  传递性

$\therefore \sim$  为一等价关系

$$\bar{\alpha} = \{\beta \in V \mid \beta \sim \alpha\}$$

$$= \{\beta \in V \mid \beta - \alpha \in W\}$$

$$= \{\beta \in V \mid \beta - \alpha = \eta, \eta \in W\}$$

$$= \{\beta \in V \mid \beta = \alpha + \eta, \eta \in W\}$$

$$= \{\alpha + \eta \mid \eta \in W\}$$

$$=: \alpha + W$$

称为  $W$  的一个陪集(通解),  $\alpha$  为  $\alpha + W$  的一个代表(特解)

$$\alpha + W = \gamma + W \iff \alpha \sim \gamma$$

$\alpha - \gamma \in W$  (陪集代表不唯一)

$$\eta \in W \iff \eta - 0 = \eta \in W \iff \eta + W = 0 + W = W$$

$V/W := \{\alpha + W \mid \alpha \in V\}$  是  $V$  关于  $W$  的一个商集

商集运算.

加法

$$(\alpha + W) + (\beta + W) := (\alpha + \beta) + W$$

$$\parallel \qquad \parallel \qquad \parallel$$

$$(\gamma + W) + (\delta + W) := (\gamma + \delta) + W$$

$$\Downarrow \qquad \Downarrow \qquad \Uparrow$$

$$\alpha - \gamma \in W \quad \beta - \delta \in W \Rightarrow (\alpha + \beta) - (\gamma + \delta) \in W$$

数乘

$$k(\alpha + W) := k\alpha + W$$

$$\parallel \qquad \parallel$$

$$k(\gamma + W) := k\gamma + W$$

$$\Downarrow \qquad \Uparrow$$

$$\alpha - \gamma \in W \Rightarrow k\alpha - k\gamma \in W$$

$$\therefore W + (\alpha + W) = (0 + W) + (\alpha + W) = \alpha + W$$

$\therefore W$  为  $V/W$  的零元

易证商集的运算也满足其它线性空间运算律.

$\therefore$  商集构成线性空间, 称为 **商空间**

定理 1. 设  $V$  是  $n$  维线性空间,  $W$  为  $V$ -子空间



$$\text{则 } \dim(V/W) = \dim V - \dim W$$

证: 取  $W$  中一基  $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_s$ , 扩充成  $V$  - 基  $\alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_s, \alpha_{s+1}, \dots, \alpha_n$

任取商空间一元素  $\alpha + W \in V/W$

$$\text{设 } \alpha = a_1 \alpha_1 + \dots + a_n \alpha_n$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{则 } \alpha + W &= a_1 (\alpha_1 + W) + \dots + a_s (\alpha_s + W) + a_{s+1} (\alpha_{s+1} + W) + \dots + a_n (\alpha_n + W) \\ &= a_1 W + \dots + a_s W + a_{s+1} (\alpha_{s+1} + W) + \dots + a_n (\alpha_n + W) \\ &= a_{s+1} (\alpha_{s+1} + W) + \dots + a_n (\alpha_n + W) \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore \alpha + W$  由  $\alpha_{s+1} + W, \dots, \alpha_n + W$  线性表出

$$\text{设 } k_{s+1} (\alpha_{s+1} + W) + \dots + k_n (\alpha_n + W) = W$$

$$\text{则 } (k_{s+1} \alpha_{s+1} + \dots + k_n \alpha_n) + W = W$$

$$\therefore k_{s+1} \alpha_{s+1} + \dots + k_n \alpha_n \in W$$

又  $\alpha_{s+1}, \dots, \alpha_n$  不可由  $W$  中基表出

$$\therefore k_{s+1} = \dots = k_n = 0 \quad \therefore \alpha_{s+1} + W, \dots, \alpha_n + W \text{ 线性无关}$$

$$\therefore \alpha_{s+1} + W, \dots, \alpha_n + W \text{ 为 } V/W \text{ 一个基}$$

$$\therefore \dim(V/W) = n - s = \dim V - \dim W$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore V &= \langle \alpha_1, \dots, \alpha_s \rangle + \langle \alpha_{s+1}, \dots, \alpha_n \rangle \\ &= W \quad \oplus \quad U \end{aligned}$$

定理 2. 若  $V/W$  - 基为  $\beta_1 + W, \dots, \beta_t + W$ , 令  $U = \langle \beta_1, \dots, \beta_t \rangle$

则  $V = W \oplus U$ , 且  $(\beta_1, \dots, \beta_t)$  为  $U$  的一个基

证: 任取  $\alpha \in V$ , 则  $\alpha + W \in V/W$ ,

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha + W &= k_1 (\beta_1 + W) + \dots + k_t (\beta_t + W) \\ &= (k_1 \beta_1 + \dots + k_t \beta_t) + W \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{又 } \beta = k_1 \beta_1 + \dots + k_t \beta_t \in U, \quad \alpha - \beta = \gamma \in W$$

$$\therefore \alpha = \beta + \gamma, \quad \beta \in U, \gamma \in W$$

$$\therefore V = W + U$$

任取  $r \in W \cap U$

$$\therefore r = l_1 \beta_1 + \cdots + l_t \beta_t, \quad r + W = W$$

$$\begin{aligned} \therefore W &= l_1 \beta_1 + \cdots + l_t \beta_t + W \\ &= l_1 (\beta_1 + W) + \cdots + l_t (\beta_t + W) \end{aligned}$$

$\therefore \beta_1 + W, \dots, \beta_t + W$  为  $V/W$  之基

$$\therefore l_1 = \cdots = l_t = 0 \quad \therefore r = 0$$

$$\therefore V = W \oplus U$$

$$\text{设 } k_1 \beta_1 + \cdots + k_t \beta_t = 0$$

$$\text{则 } W = 0 + W = k_1 \beta_1 + \cdots + k_t \beta_t + W$$

$$\therefore k_1 = \cdots = k_t = 0 \quad \therefore \beta_1, \dots, \beta_t \text{ 线性无关}$$

$$\therefore (\beta_1, \dots, \beta_t) \text{ 为 } U \text{ 的一个基}$$