#### **Rational Unified Process**

L.EIC-ES-2021-22

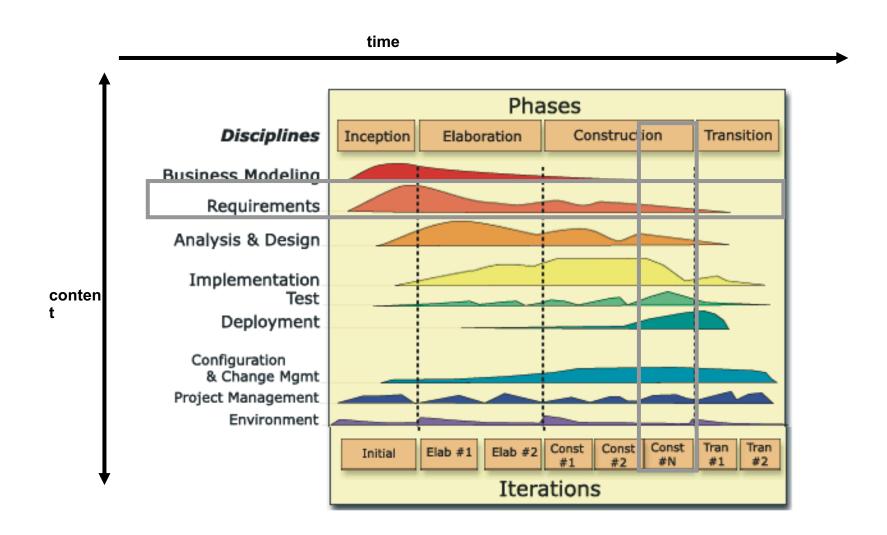
**Ademar Aguiar, J. Pascoal Faria** 



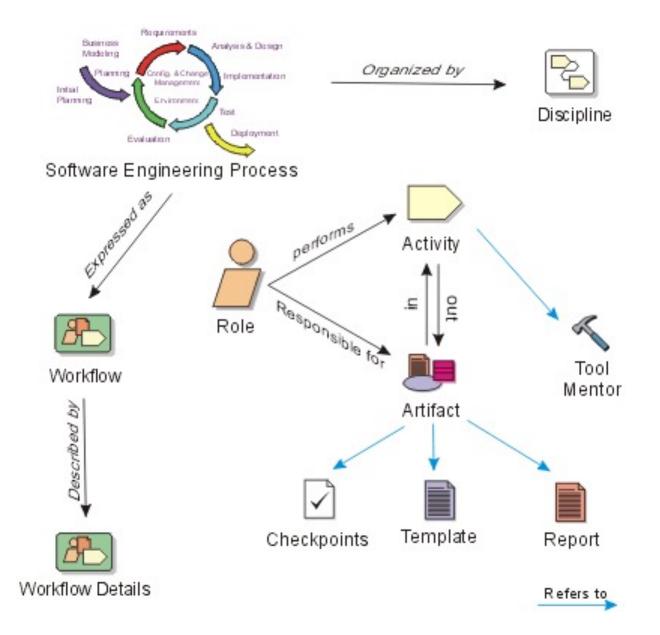
## **Key characteristics**

- Iterative and incremental process
- Rational Unified Process was developed hand-in-hand with UML.
- Driven by use cases
  - The identification of use cases and typical usage scenarios is the activity that drives all development process, from requirements analysis to final system testing.
- Architecture-centric
  - Promotes the initial definition of a robust software architecture that helps the development parallelization, reuse and maintenance.

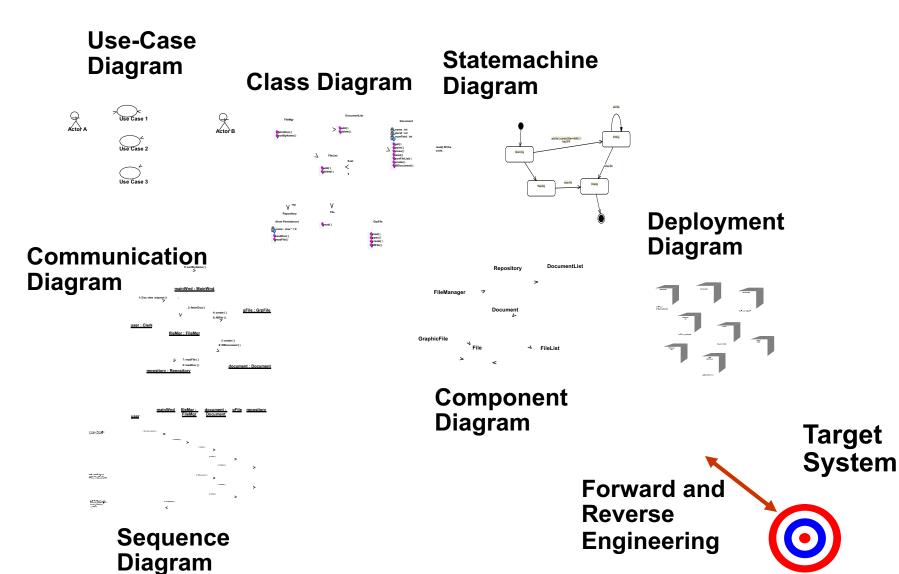
### **Iterations, phases, disciplines**



### Roles, workflows, activities, artifacts



## **Visual Modeling Using UML Diagrams**



#### **Inception phase**

- Establishing the project's software scope and boundary conditions, including an operational vision, acceptance criteria and what is intended to be in the product and what is not.
- Discriminating the critical use cases of the system, the primary scenarios of operation that will drive the major design tradeoffs.
- Exhibiting, and maybe demonstrating, at least one candidate architecture against some of the primary scenarios.
- Estimating the overall cost and schedule for the entire project (and more detailed estimates for the elaboration phase that will immediately follow).
- Estimating potential risks (the sources of unpredictability)
- Preparing the supporting environment for the project.

#### **Elaboration phase**

- Defining, validating and baselining the architecture as rapidly as practical.
- Refining the Vision, based on new information obtained during the phase, establishing a solid understanding of the most critical use cases that drive the architectural and planning decisions.
- Creating and baselining detailed iteration plans for the construction phase.
- Refining the development case and putting in place the development environment, including the process, tools and automation support required to support the construction team.
- Refining the architecture and selecting components. Potential components are evaluated and the make/buy/reuse decisions sufficiently understood to determine the construction phase cost and schedule with confidence. The selected architectural components are integrated and assessed against the primary scenarios.

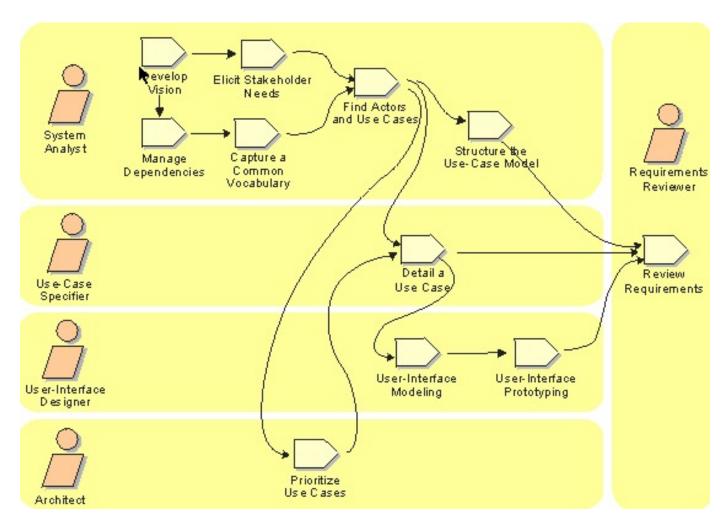
#### **Construction phase**

- Resource management, control and process optimization
- Complete component development and testing against the defined evaluation criteria
- Assessment of product releases against acceptance criteria for the vision.

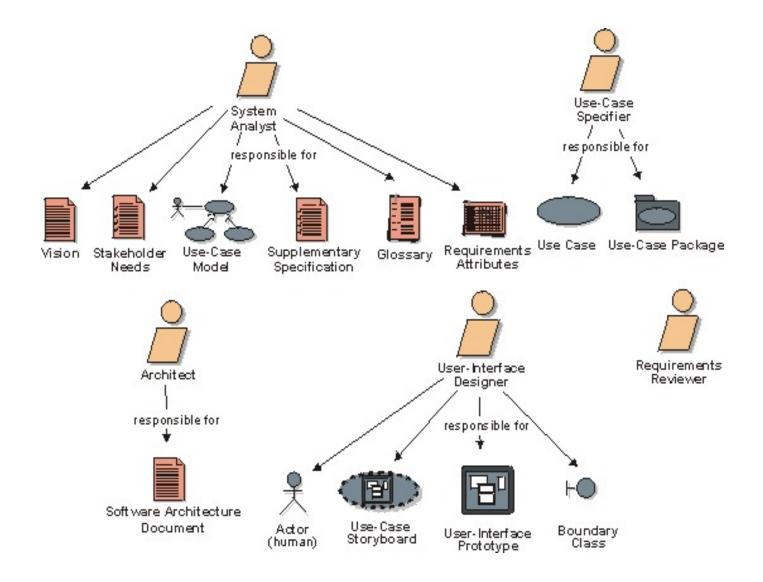
### **Transition phase**

- Executing deployment plans.
- Finalizing end-user support material.
- Testing the deliverable product at the development site.
- Creating a product release.
- Getting user feedback.
- Fine-tuning the product based on feedback.
- Making the product available to end users.

# **Requirements**

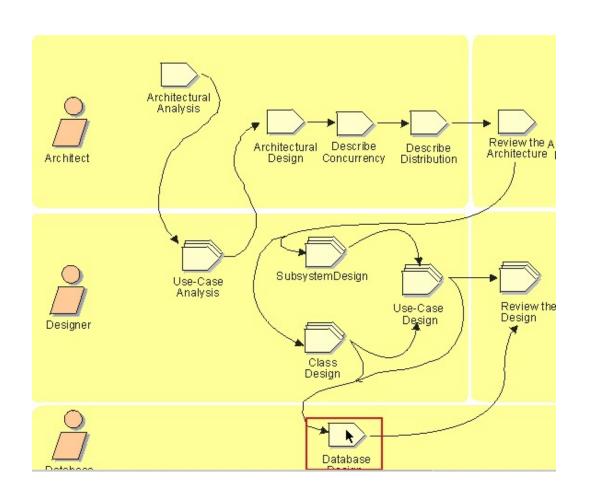


## Requirements

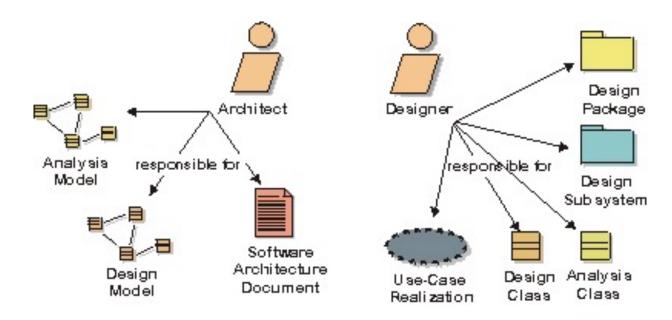


from Rational Unified Process

# Design

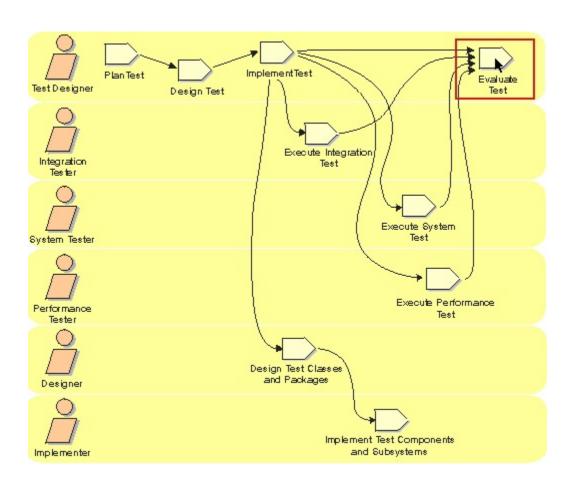


# Design

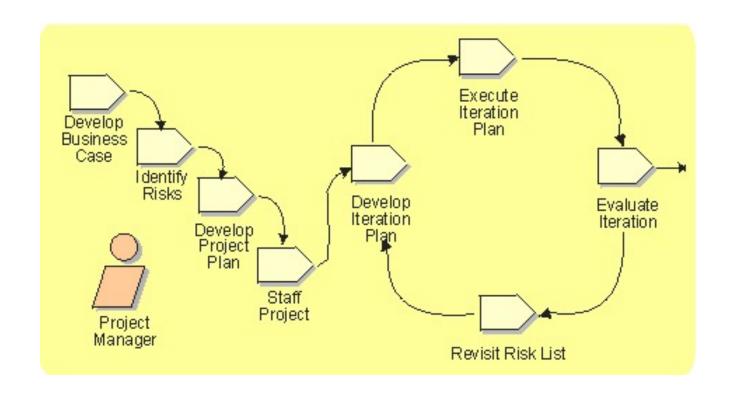


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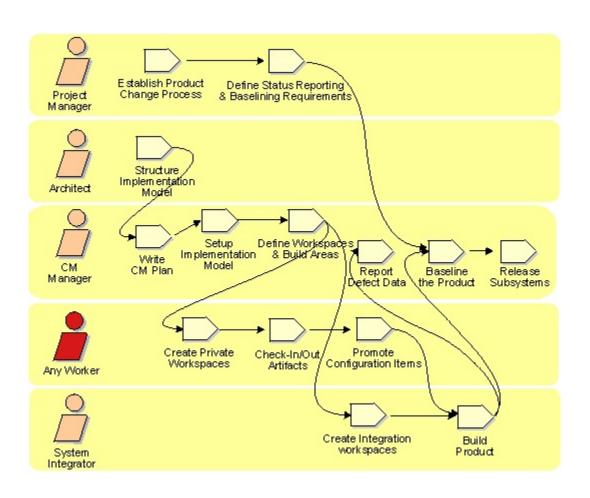
#### **Test**



## **Project management**



## **Configuration & change management**



#### References

 The Rational Unified Process: An Introduction Philie Kruchten Addison-Wesley, 1999

 The Unified Software Develoment Process Ivar Jacobson, Grady Booch, James Rumbaugh Addison-Wesley, 1999

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