

Sheets for MIEIC's SOPE

*based on teaching material supplied by
A. Tanenbaum for book:
Modern Operating Systems, ed...*

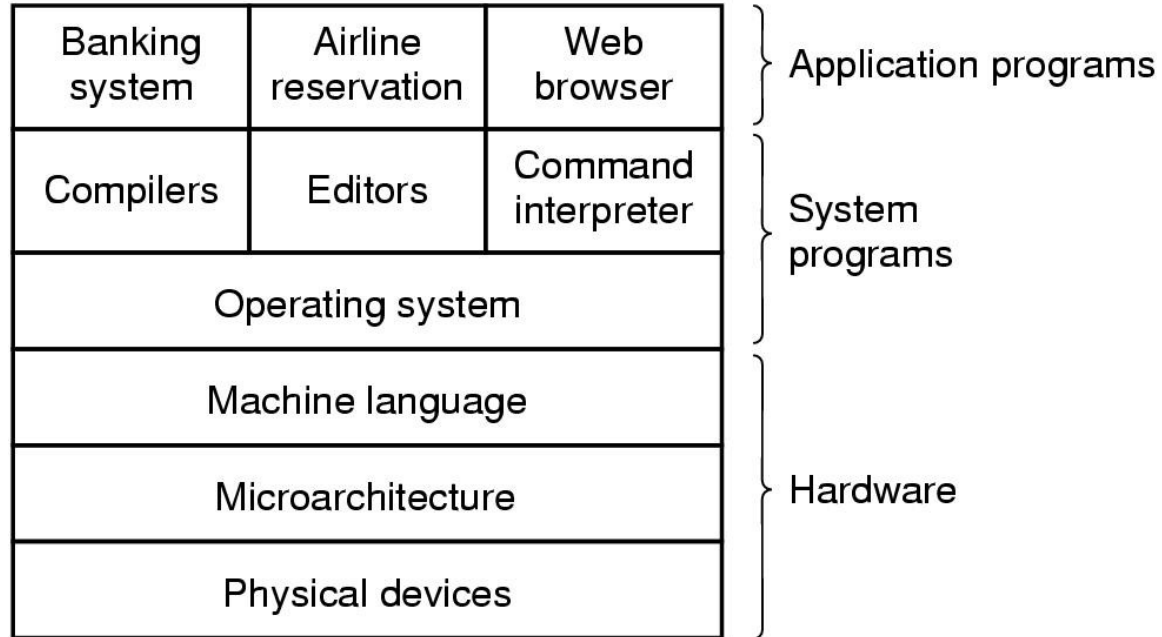
Chap 1:
Introduction to Operating Systems

Chapter 1

Introduction

What is an operating system
Computer hardware review
Operating system concepts
System calls

Introduction



A computer system consists of

- hardware
- system programs
- application programs

What is an Operating System

It is an extended machine

Hides the messy details which must be performed

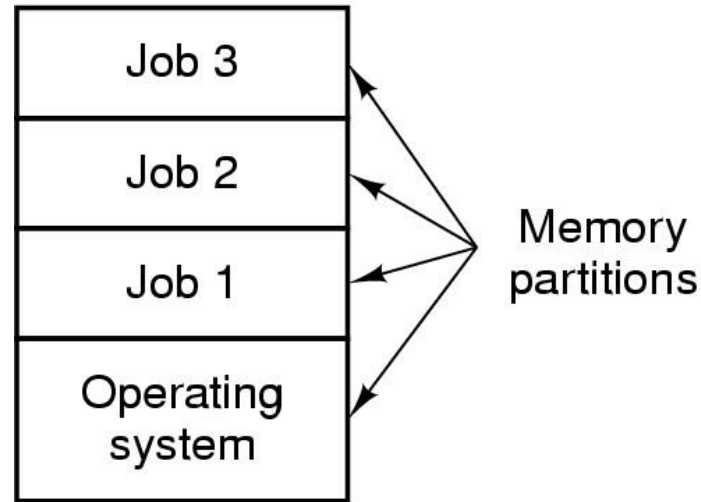
Presents user with a virtual machine, easier to use

It is a resource manager

Each program gets time with the resource

Each program gets space on the resource

Operating System as resource manager



Multiprogramming system

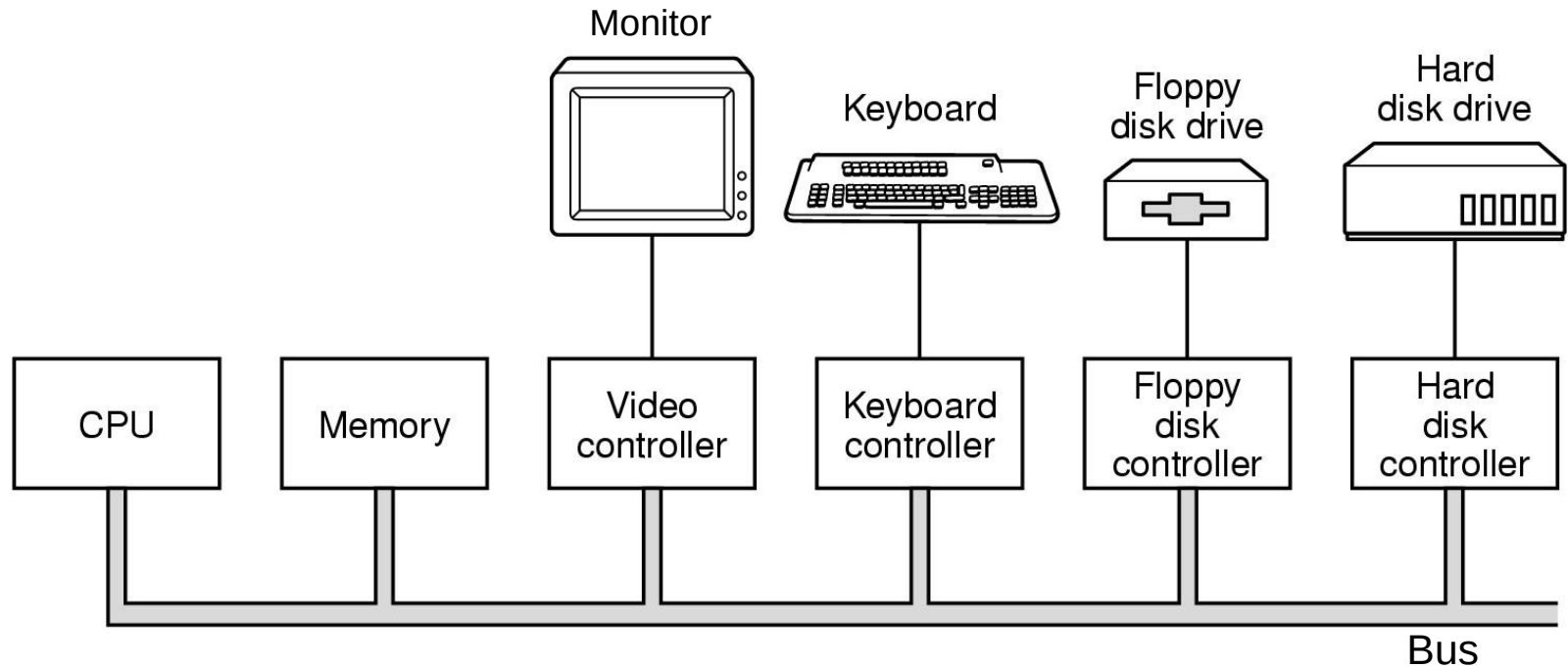
several jobs in memory (e.g. 3 jobs in picture)

Time sharing system

more than one user working on-line

implies *multiprogramming & multiuser*

Computer hardware: main elements

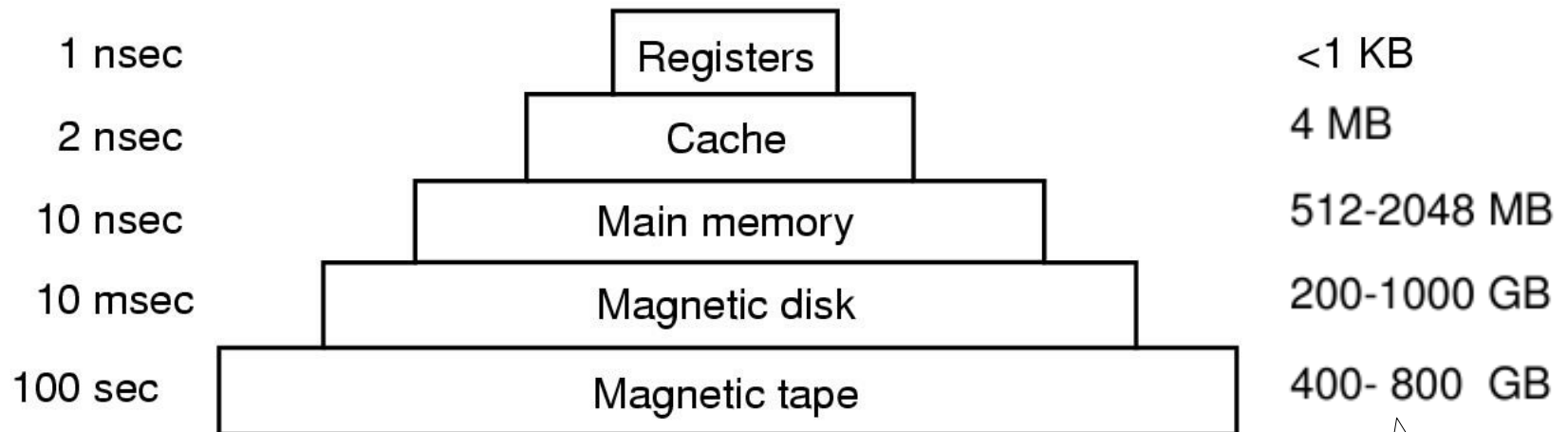


Components of a simple (old!) personal computer

Computer hardware: memory

Typical access time

Typical capacity

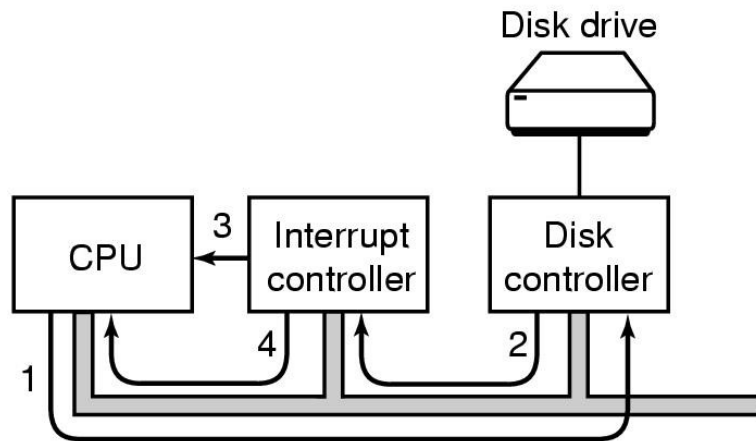


"Old" values!

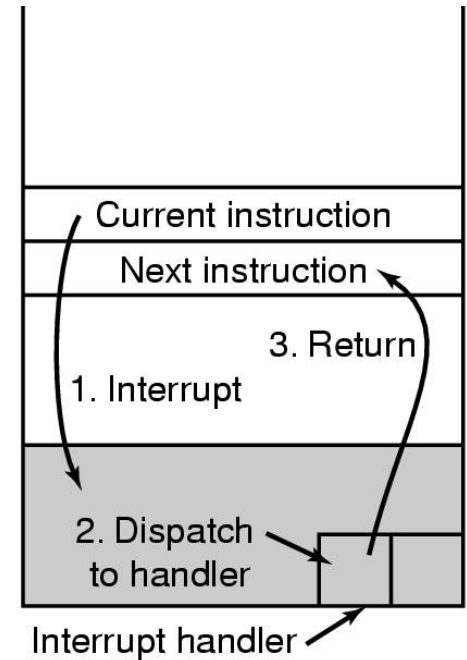
Typical memory hierarchy

numbers shown are rough (obsolete?) approximations

Computer hardware: interrupts



(a)



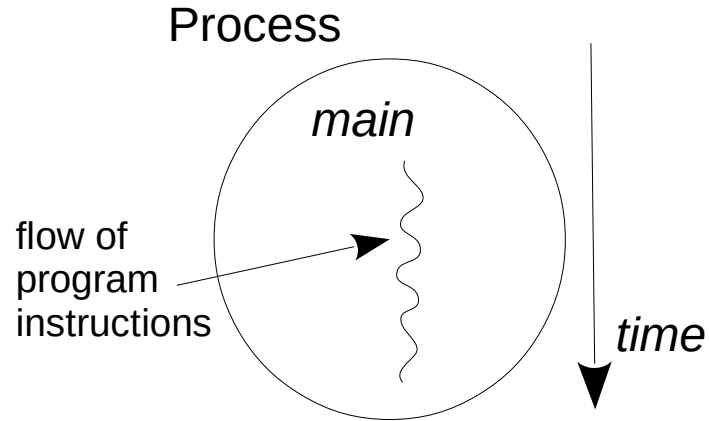
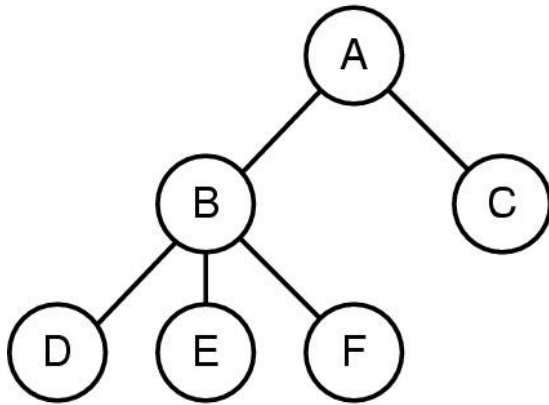
(b)

- (a) Steps in starting an I/O device and getting interrupt
- (b) How the CPU is interrupted

Operating System: processes

Process:

program running

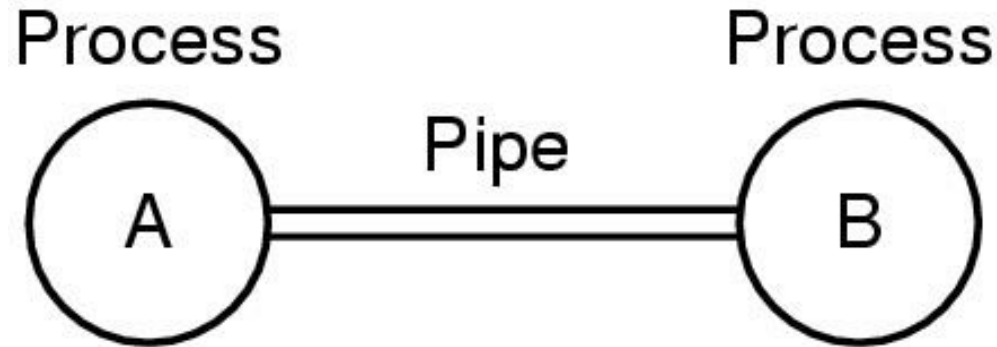


Process tree

A created two child processes, B and C

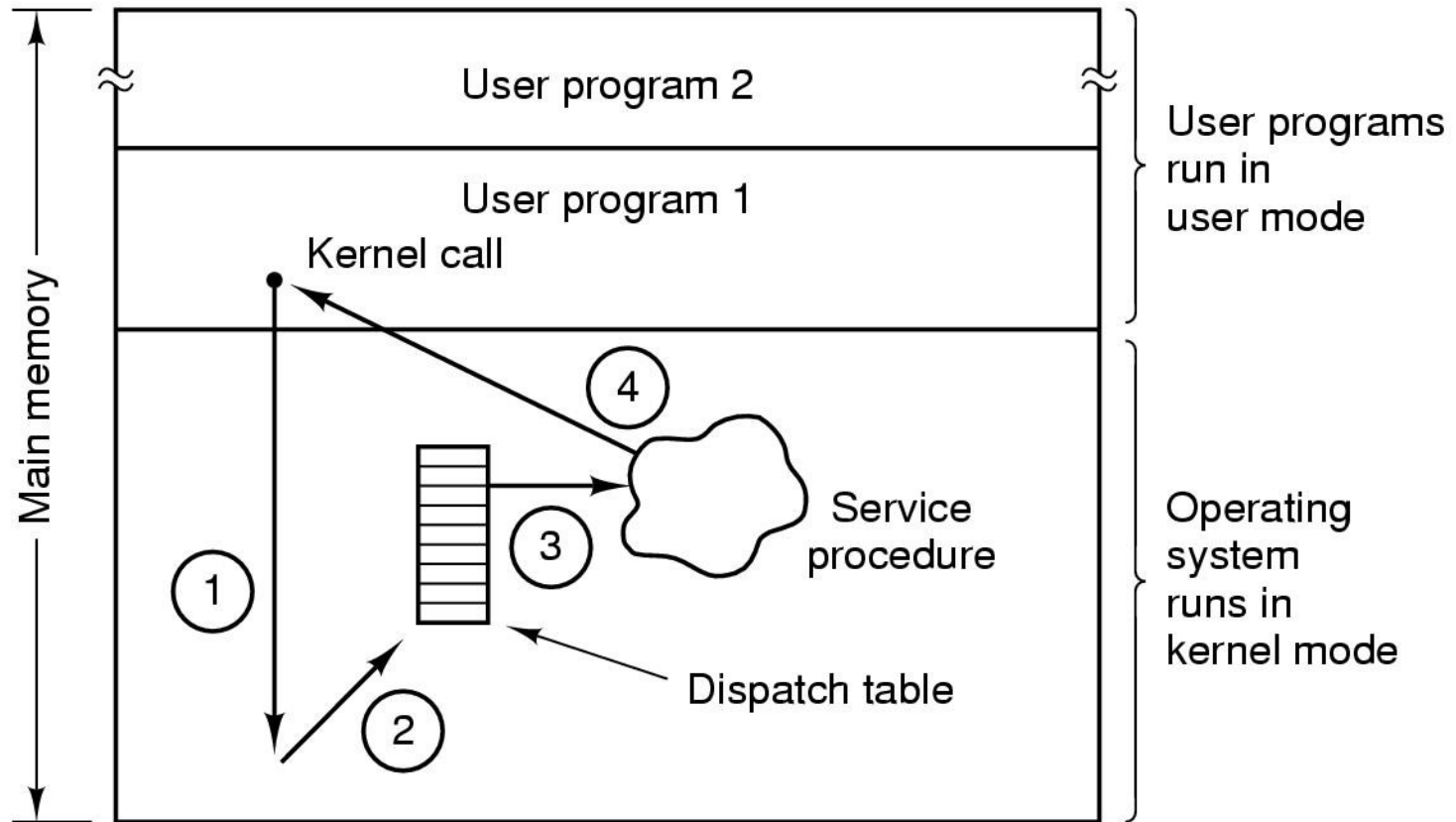
B created three child processes, D, E, and F

Operating System: process communication



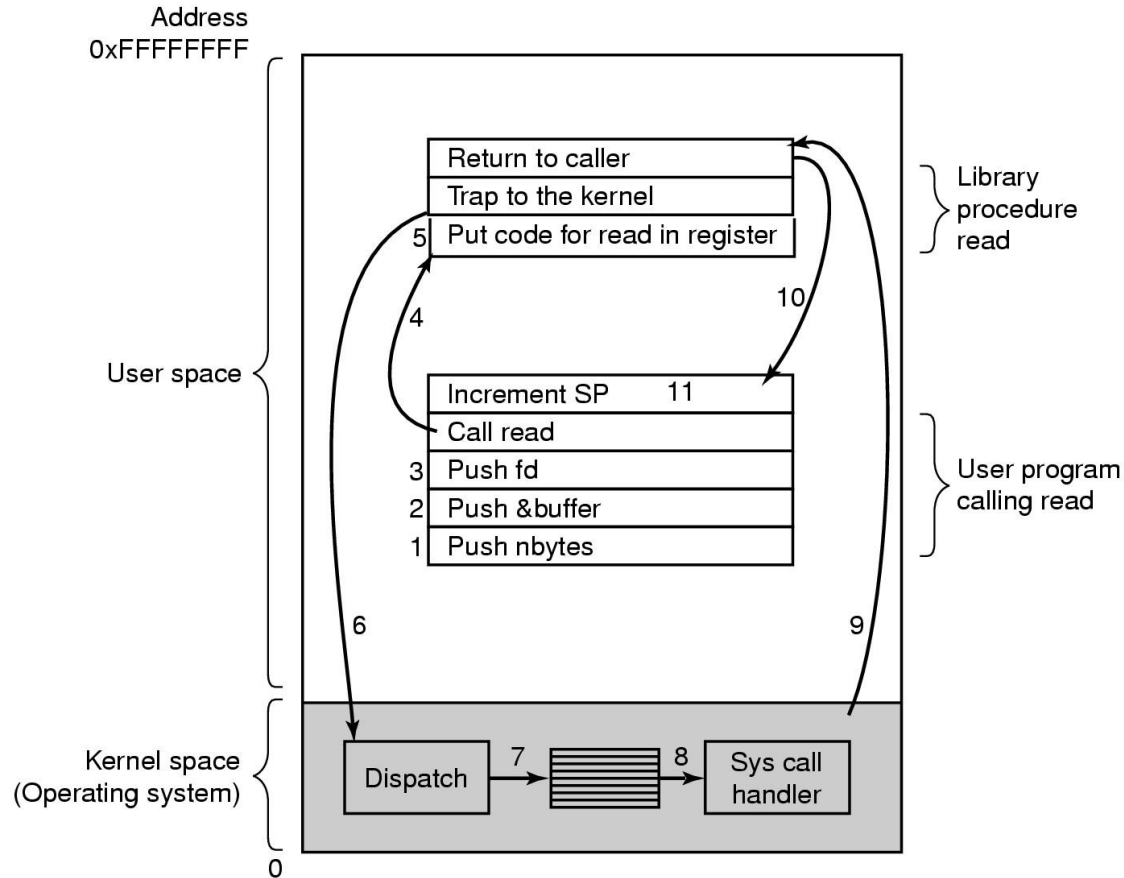
Two processes connected by a pipe

Operating System: system call



How a system call is made
(protection domain perspective)

Steps in Making a System Call



11 steps in making the system call
read (fd, buffer, nbytes)

See class
exercises!

Some System Calls

File management

Call	Description
<code>fd = open(file, how, ...)</code>	Open a file for reading, writing or both
<code>s = close(fd)</code>	Close an open file
<code>n = read(fd, buffer, nbytes)</code>	Read data from a file into a buffer
<code>n = write(fd, buffer, nbytes)</code>	Write data from a buffer into a file
<code>position = lseek(fd, offset, whence)</code>	Move the file pointer
<code>s = stat(name, &buf)</code>	Get a file's status information

Miscellaneous

Call	Description
<code>s = chdir(dirname)</code>	Change the working directory
<code>s = chmod(name, mode)</code>	Change a file's protection bits
<code>s = kill(pid, signal)</code>	Send a signal to a process
<code>seconds = time(&seconds)</code>	Get the elapsed time since Jan. 1, 1970

Annex: syscall example: read (fd, buffer, nbytes)

- syscall e.g. : read (fd, buffer, nbytes)
 - main () { int n = read (0x20, 0x30, 0x40); }
 - gcc -static ...
 - objdump -d ... > dumpfile [big...]
 - dumpfile : <main> ... <__libc_read>
 - /usr/include/x86_64-linux-gnu/asm/unistd_64.h

Annex: read syscall (2)

- x86_64

```
0000000000400b6d <main>:
400b6d: 55          push    %rbp
400b6e: 48 89 e5    mov     %rsp,%rbp
400b71: 48 83 ec 10  sub     $0x10,%rsp
400b75: ba 40 00 00 00 mov     $0x40,%edx
400b7a: be 30 00 00 00 mov     $0x30,%esi
400b7f: bf 20 00 00 00 mov     $0x20,%edi
400b84: b8 00 00 00 00 mov     $0x0,%eax
400b89: e8 22 7f 04 00 callq   448ab0 <__libc_read>
400b8e: 89 45 fc    mov     %eax,-0x4(%rbp)
400b91: b8 00 00 00 00 mov     $0x0,%eax
400b96: c9          leaveq  %eax
400b97: c3          retq
```

...

0000000000448ab0 <__libc_read>:

...

448aba: 31 c0

xor %eax,%eax

448abc: 0f 05

syscall

...

#ifndef _ASM_X86_UNISTD_64_H

#define _ASM_X86_UNISTD_64_H 1

#define __NR_read 0

#define __NR_write 1

...

Annex: read syscall (3)

- i386

```
080481d0 <main>:
  80481d0: 55                push    %ebp
  80481d1: 89 e5            mov     %esp,%ebp
  80481d3: 83 ec 18        sub     $0x18,%esp
  80481d6: 83 c4 fc        add     $0xfffffffffc,%esp
  80481d9: 6a 40            push    $0x40
  80481db: 6a 30            push    $0x30
  80481dd: 6a 20            push    $0x20
  80481df: e8 6c 4b 00 00  call    804cd50 <__libc_read>
  80481e4: 83 c4 10        add     $0x10,%esp
  80481e7: 89 c0            mov     %eax,%eax
  80481e9: 89 45 fc        mov     %eax,0xfffffffffc(%ebp)
  80481ec: 89 ec            mov     %ebp,%esp
  80481ee: 5d              pop     %ebp
  80481ef: c3              ret

0804cd50 <__libc_read>:  ...
  804cd50: 53              push    %ebx
  804cd51: 8b 54 24 10     mov     0x10(%esp,1),%edx
  804cd55: 8b 4c 24 0c     mov     0xc(%esp,1),%ecx
  804cd59: 8b 5c 24 08     mov     0x8(%esp,1),%ebx
  804cd5d: b8 03 00 00 00  mov     $0x3,%eax
  804cd62: cd 80          int     $0x80
  804cd64: 5b              pop     %ebx
  804cd65: 3d 01 f0 ff ff  cmp     $0xffffffff001,%eax
  804cd6a: 0f 83 a0 03 00 00 jae     804d110
                                <__syscall_error>
  804cd70: c3              ret

                                #ifndef _ASM_I386_UNISTD_H_
                                #define _ASM_I386_UNISTD_H_
                                #define __NR_exit 1
                                #define __NR_fork 2
                                #define __NR_read 3
                                #define __NR_write 4
                                ...
```