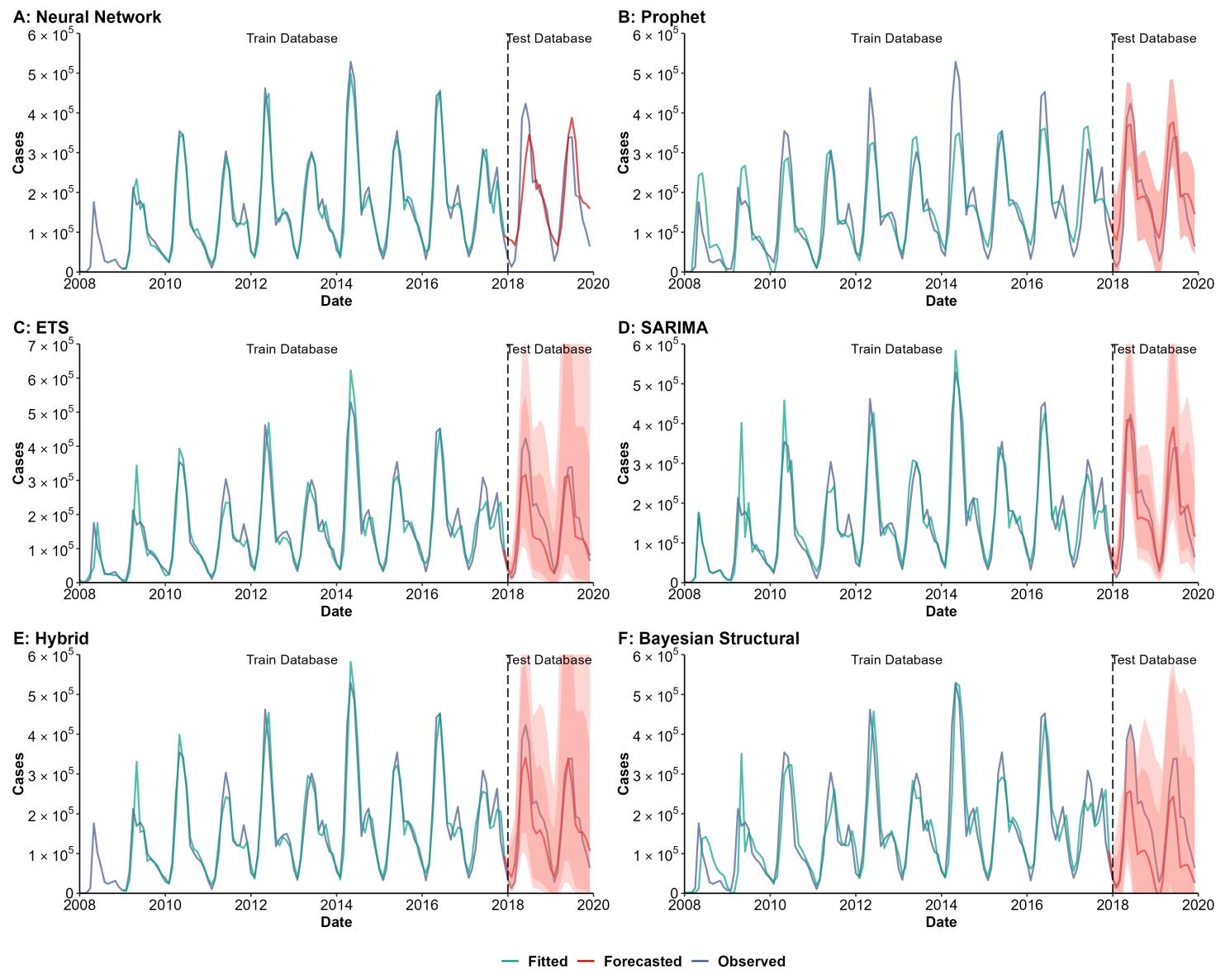


**Supplementary Appendix 1:**

**Temporal trends and shifts of 24 notifiable infectious diseases in China  
before and after the COVID-19 epidemic**



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train    | Test     | All      |
|---------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Neural Network      | 23166.29 | 70971.66 | 36809.15 |
| Prophet             | 54896.06 | 63577.44 | 56435.77 |
| ETS                 | 40789.02 | 63654.84 | 45406.79 |
| SARIMA              | 41585.50 | 53910.64 | 43880.76 |
| Hybrid*             | 33623.95 | 48913.70 | 36878.46 |
| Bayesian Structural | 55537.49 | 98552.75 | 64723.40 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test  | All   |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Neural Network      | 13.13 | 38.83 | 17.80 |
| Prophet             | 37.35 | 42.87 | 38.27 |
| ETS                 | 22.63 | 35.12 | 24.71 |
| SARIMA              | 18.83 | 33.32 | 21.24 |
| Hybrid*             | 16.08 | 32.86 | 19.13 |
| Bayesian Structural | 34.59 | 64.98 | 39.65 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.29  | 1.07 | 0.42 |
| Prophet             | 0.65  | 1.08 | 0.83 |
| ETS                 | 0.47  | 1.07 | 0.56 |
| SARIMA              | 0.44  | 0.71 | 0.49 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.38  | 0.84 | 0.47 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.67  | 1.80 | 0.85 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

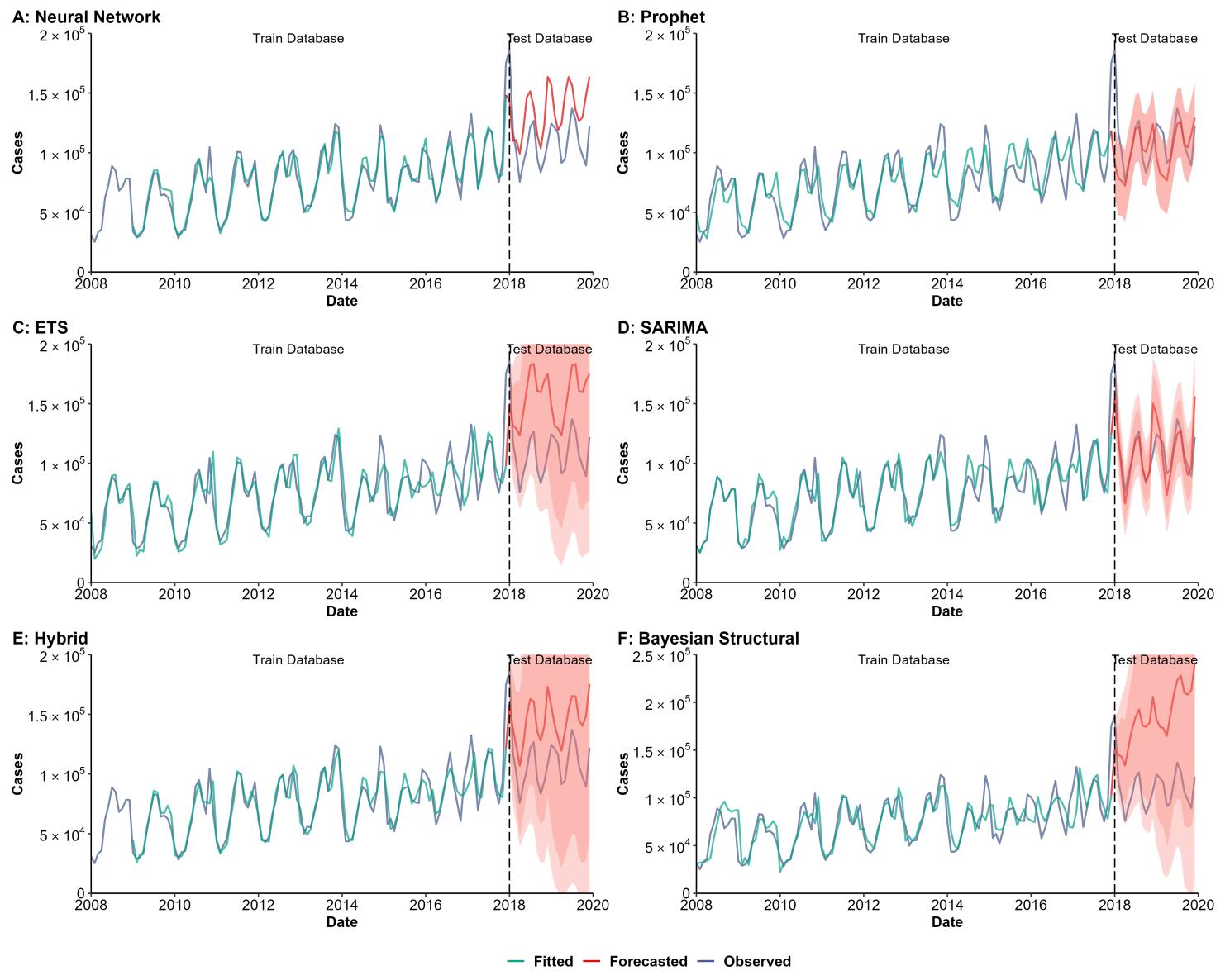
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.96  | 0.66 | 0.90 |
| Prophet             | 0.78  | 0.79 | 0.77 |
| ETS                 | 0.88  | 0.81 | 0.86 |
| SARIMA              | 0.88  | 0.81 | 0.87 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.92  | 0.88 | 0.90 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.78  | 0.81 | 0.71 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 1. Training and comparing variant time series models for hand, foot, and mouth disease (HFMD).

**(A)** Neural Network model; **(B)** Prophet model; **(C)** Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; **(D)** Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; **(E)** Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; **(F)** Bayesian structural model; **(G)** Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; **(H)** Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; **(I)** Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; **(J)** R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train    | Test     | All      |
|---------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Neural Network      | 6985.44  | 32542.37 | 15247.00 |
| Prophet             | 15061.22 | 26530.72 | 17502.77 |
| ETS                 | 14680.65 | 52087.52 | 25135.36 |
| SARIMA              | 12083.49 | 15076.35 | 12631.64 |
| Hybrid*             | 10831.05 | 38817.79 | 19234.08 |
| Bayesian Structural | 16986.54 | 80925.42 | 36495.74 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test  | All   |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Neural Network      | 6.55  | 23.09 | 9.56  |
| Prophet             | 15.13 | 16.02 | 15.28 |
| ETS                 | 13.26 | 36.59 | 17.15 |
| SARIMA              | 10.37 | 9.05  | 10.15 |
| Hybrid*             | 9.38  | 29.40 | 13.02 |
| Bayesian Structural | 15.32 | 52.15 | 21.46 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.39  | 1.76 | 0.69 |
| Prophet             | 0.76  | 1.56 | 1.05 |
| ETS                 | 0.66  | 4.02 | 1.17 |
| SARIMA              | 0.59  | 0.50 | 0.56 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.49  | 2.45 | 0.96 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.80  | 6.24 | 1.79 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

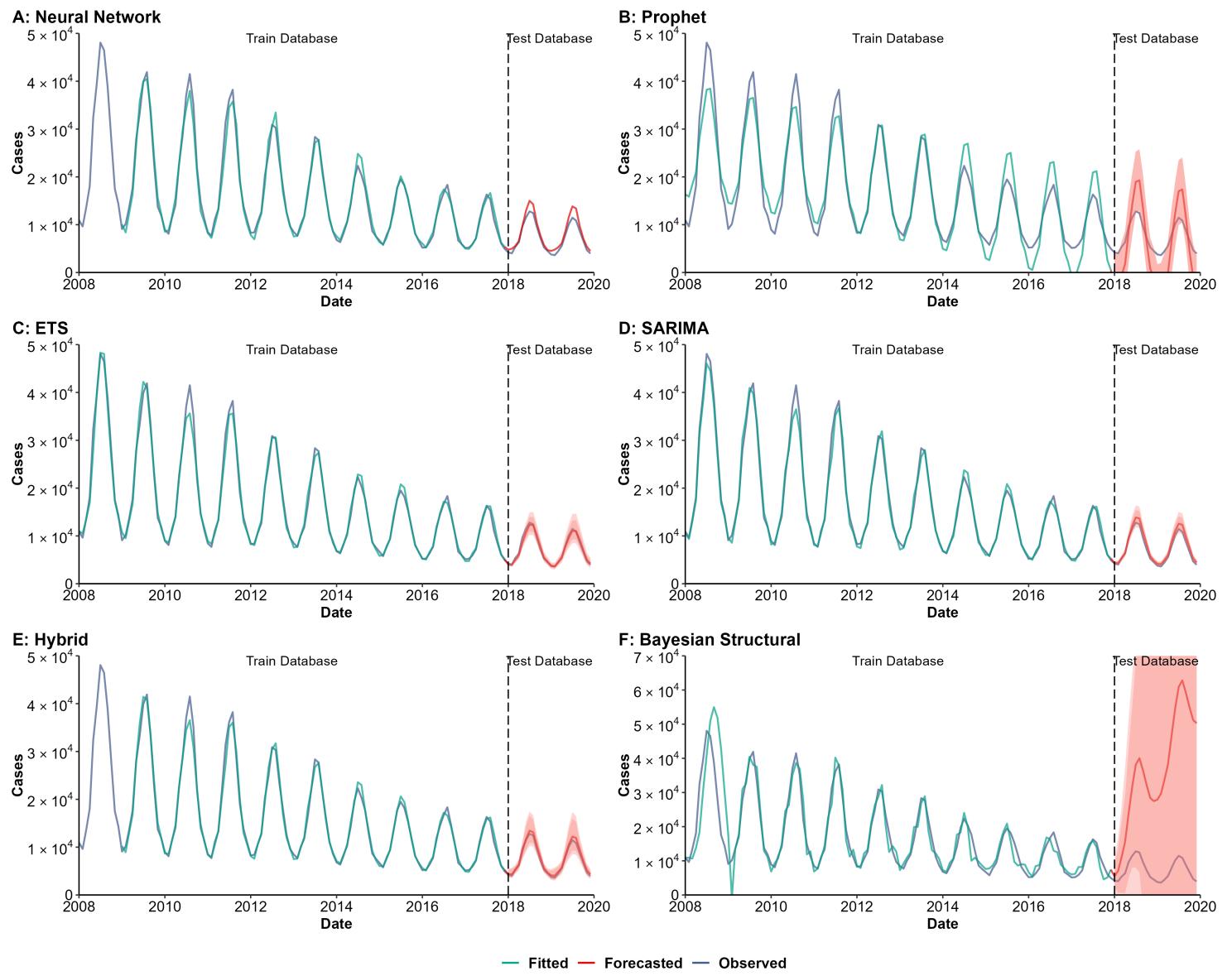
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.93  | 0.21 | 0.79 |
| Prophet             | 0.67  | 0.05 | 0.63 |
| ETS                 | 0.69  | 0.06 | 0.61 |
| SARIMA              | 0.79  | 0.63 | 0.81 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.83  | 0.39 | 0.72 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.59  | 0.02 | 0.47 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 2. Training and comparing variant time series models for infectious diarrhea.

**(A)** Neural Network model; **(B)** Prophet model; **(C)** Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; **(D)** Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; **(E)** Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; **(F)** Bayesian structural model; **(G)** Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; **(H)** Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; **(I)** Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; **(J)** R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train   | Test     | All      |
|---------------------|---------|----------|----------|
| Neural Network      | 1341.81 | 1165.42  | 1311.50  |
| Prophet             | 3405.67 | 5471.87  | 3828.28  |
| ETS                 | 1253.26 | 425.26   | 1157.16  |
| SARIMA              | 1202.91 | 776.69   | 1142.96  |
| Hybrid*             | 1138.60 | 516.65   | 1053.20  |
| Bayesian Structural | 4875.02 | 32607.31 | 14036.06 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test   | All   |
|---------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| Neural Network      | 5.97  | 12.07  | 7.08  |
| Prophet             | 25.90 | 108.66 | 39.69 |
| ETS                 | 4.50  | 4.48   | 4.50  |
| SARIMA              | 4.92  | 8.70   | 5.55  |
| Hybrid*             | 4.53  | 6.34   | 4.86  |
| Bayesian Structural | 17.83 | 123.02 | 35.36 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.26  | 0.55 | 0.29 |
| Prophet             | 0.69  | 1.27 | 0.79 |
| ETS                 | 0.20  | 0.25 | 0.21 |
| SARIMA              | 0.22  | 0.43 | 0.23 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.20  | 0.30 | 0.22 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.71  | 6.98 | 1.66 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

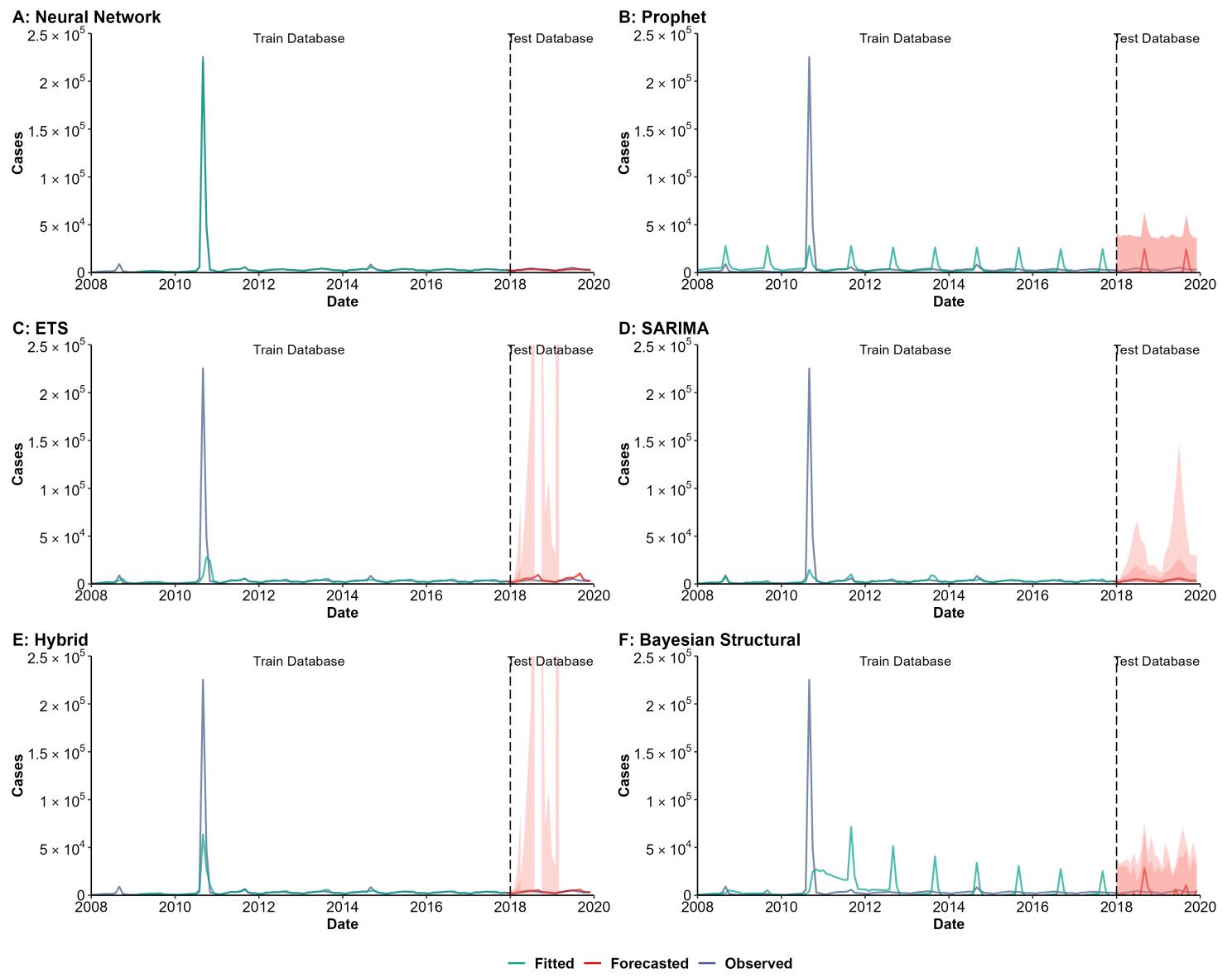
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.98  | 0.98 | 0.98 |
| Prophet             | 0.89  | 0.97 | 0.87 |
| ETS                 | 0.99  | 0.98 | 0.99 |
| SARIMA              | 0.99  | 0.99 | 0.99 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.99  | 0.99 | 0.99 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.81  | 0.20 | 0.21 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

### Supplementary Fig. 3. Training and comparing variant time series models for dysentery.

(A) Neural Network model; (B) Prophet model; (C) Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; (D) Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; (E) Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; (F) Bayesian structural model; (G) Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; (H) Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; (I) Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; (J) R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train    | Test    | All      | Method              | Train  | Test   | All    |
|---------------------|----------|---------|----------|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Neural Network      | 543.35   | 681.98  | 571.27   | Neural Network      | 2.31   | 16.00  | 4.82   |
| Prophet             | 19467.75 | 6906.05 | 17993.79 | Prophet             | 83.04  | 168.50 | 97.29  |
| ETS                 | 20016.56 | 2443.01 | 18299.74 | ETS                 | 22.76  | 30.15  | 23.99  |
| SARIMA              | 19596.50 | 750.75  | 17891.70 | SARIMA              | 20.55  | 18.79  | 20.26  |
| Hybrid*             | 15799.07 | 779.98  | 14282.58 | Hybrid*             | 14.04  | 13.57  | 13.95  |
| Bayesian Structural | 23230.53 | 7742.52 | 21440.75 | Bayesian Structural | 119.92 | 145.03 | 124.11 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.03  | 2.01 | 0.05 |
| Prophet             | 1.22  | 1.08 | 1.21 |
| ETS                 | 0.63  | 1.08 | 2.22 |
| SARIMA              | 2.39  | 1.38 | 2.31 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.46  | 0.88 | 1.24 |
| Bayesian Structural | 1.82  | 0.81 | 1.37 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

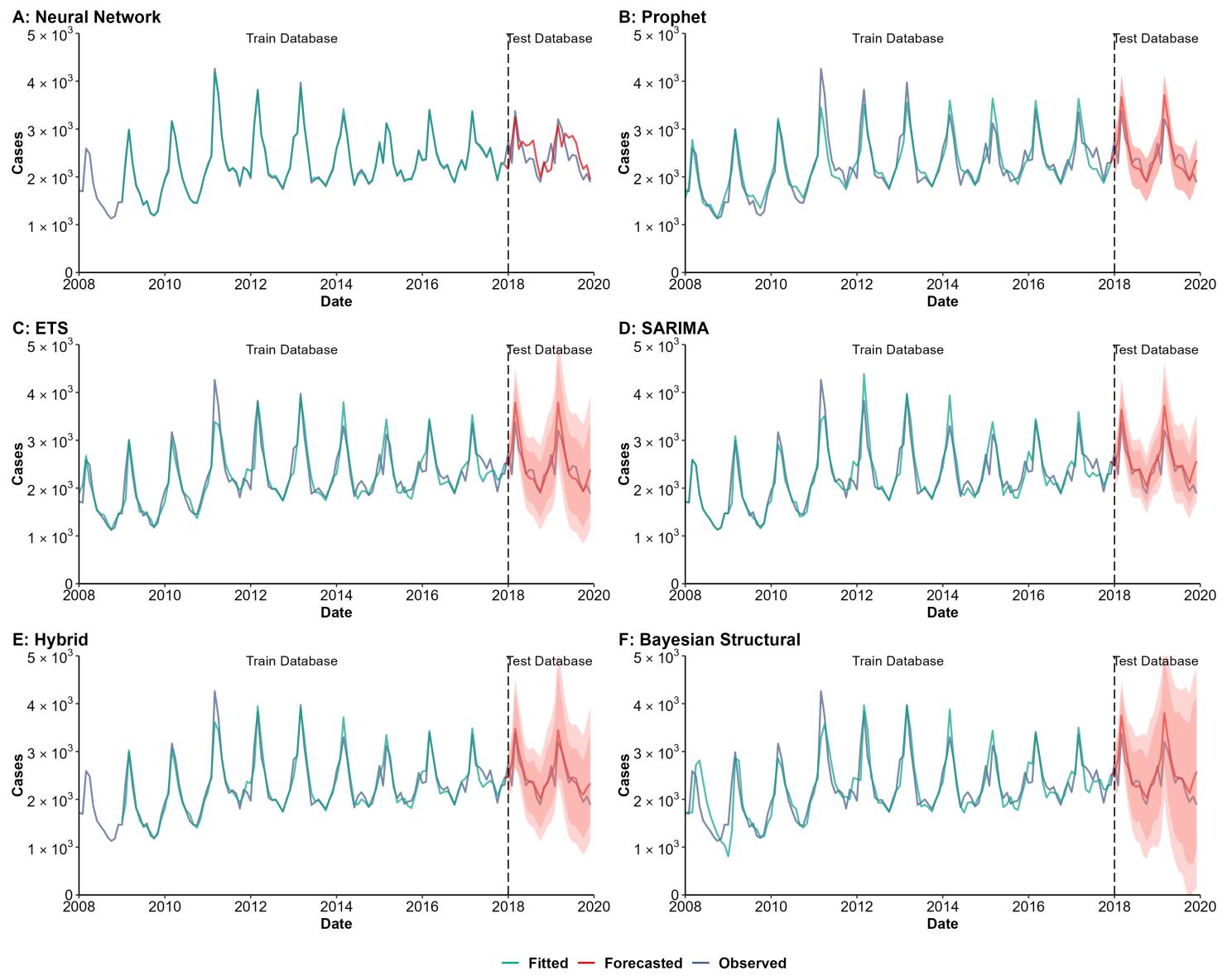
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 1.00  | 0.69 | 1.00 |
| Prophet             | 0.11  | 0.01 | 0.10 |
| ETS                 | 0.09  | 0.43 | 0.08 |
| SARIMA              | 0.37  | 0.91 | 0.34 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.94  | 0.66 | 0.93 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.00  | 0.02 | 0.00 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 4. Training and comparing variant time series models for acute hemorrhagic conjunctivitis (AHC).

**(A)** Neural Network model; **(B)** Prophet model; **(C)** Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; **(D)** Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; **(E)** Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; **(F)** Bayesian structural model; **(G)** Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; **(H)** Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; **(I)** Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; **(J)** R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train  | Test   | All    |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Neural Network      | 30.96  | 322.84 | 140.48 |
| Prophet             | 223.62 | 254.14 | 228.99 |
| ETS                 | 222.31 | 277.30 | 232.38 |
| SARIMA              | 230.76 | 273.79 | 238.47 |
| Hybrid*             | 167.10 | 207.63 | 175.16 |
| Bayesian Structural | 308.89 | 301.30 | 307.64 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test  | All  |
|---------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.98  | 11.47 | 2.89 |
| Prophet             | 7.39  | 7.72  | 7.45 |
| ETS                 | 6.96  | 7.95  | 7.13 |
| SARIMA              | 6.43  | 8.26  | 6.73 |
| Hybrid*             | 5.07  | 6.45  | 5.32 |
| Bayesian Structural | 10.03 | 8.68  | 9.81 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.07  | 1.03 | 0.22 |
| Prophet             | 0.51  | 0.65 | 0.58 |
| ETS                 | 0.48  | 0.65 | 0.55 |
| SARIMA              | 0.47  | 0.71 | 0.51 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.35  | 0.66 | 0.43 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.66  | 0.75 | 0.70 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

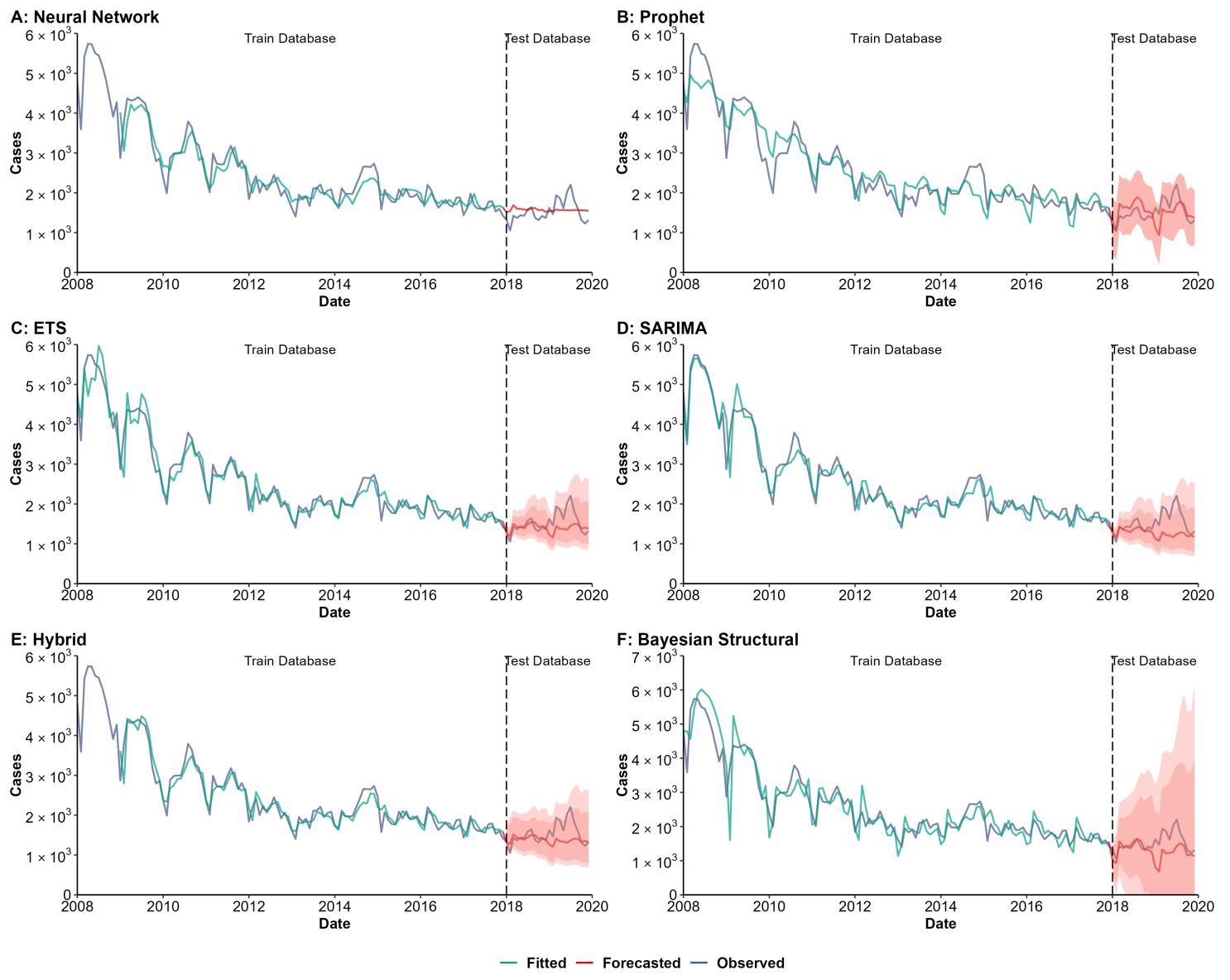
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 1.00  | 0.42 | 0.93 |
| Prophet             | 0.86  | 0.75 | 0.84 |
| ETS                 | 0.86  | 0.75 | 0.84 |
| SARIMA              | 0.86  | 0.74 | 0.85 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.92  | 0.78 | 0.90 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.76  | 0.72 | 0.75 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 5. Training and comparing variant time series models for hepatitis E.

**(A)** Neural Network model; **(B)** Prophet model; **(C)** Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; **(D)** Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; **(E)** Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; **(F)** Bayesian structural model; **(G)** Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; **(H)** Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; **(I)** Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; **(J)** R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train  | Test   | All    |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Neural Network      | 263.66 | 270.96 | 265.00 |
| Prophet             | 357.82 | 287.41 | 347.08 |
| ETS                 | 264.30 | 292.03 | 269.12 |
| SARIMA              | 252.13 | 388.66 | 279.56 |
| Hybrid*             | 209.29 | 314.21 | 231.93 |
| Bayesian Structural | 408.83 | 398.95 | 407.20 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test  | All   |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Neural Network      | 8.39  | 14.44 | 9.49  |
| Prophet             | 10.63 | 15.66 | 11.47 |
| ETS                 | 6.94  | 13.47 | 8.03  |
| SARIMA              | 6.80  | 18.57 | 8.76  |
| Hybrid*             | 6.46  | 13.99 | 7.83  |
| Bayesian Structural | 10.83 | 20.47 | 12.44 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 1.29  | 8.52 | 1.56 |
| Prophet             | 1.01  | 1.52 | 1.46 |
| ETS                 | 0.71  | 2.72 | 0.86 |
| SARIMA              | 0.73  | 3.81 | 0.91 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.65  | 3.45 | 1.02 |
| Bayesian Structural | 1.05  | 1.78 | 0.88 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

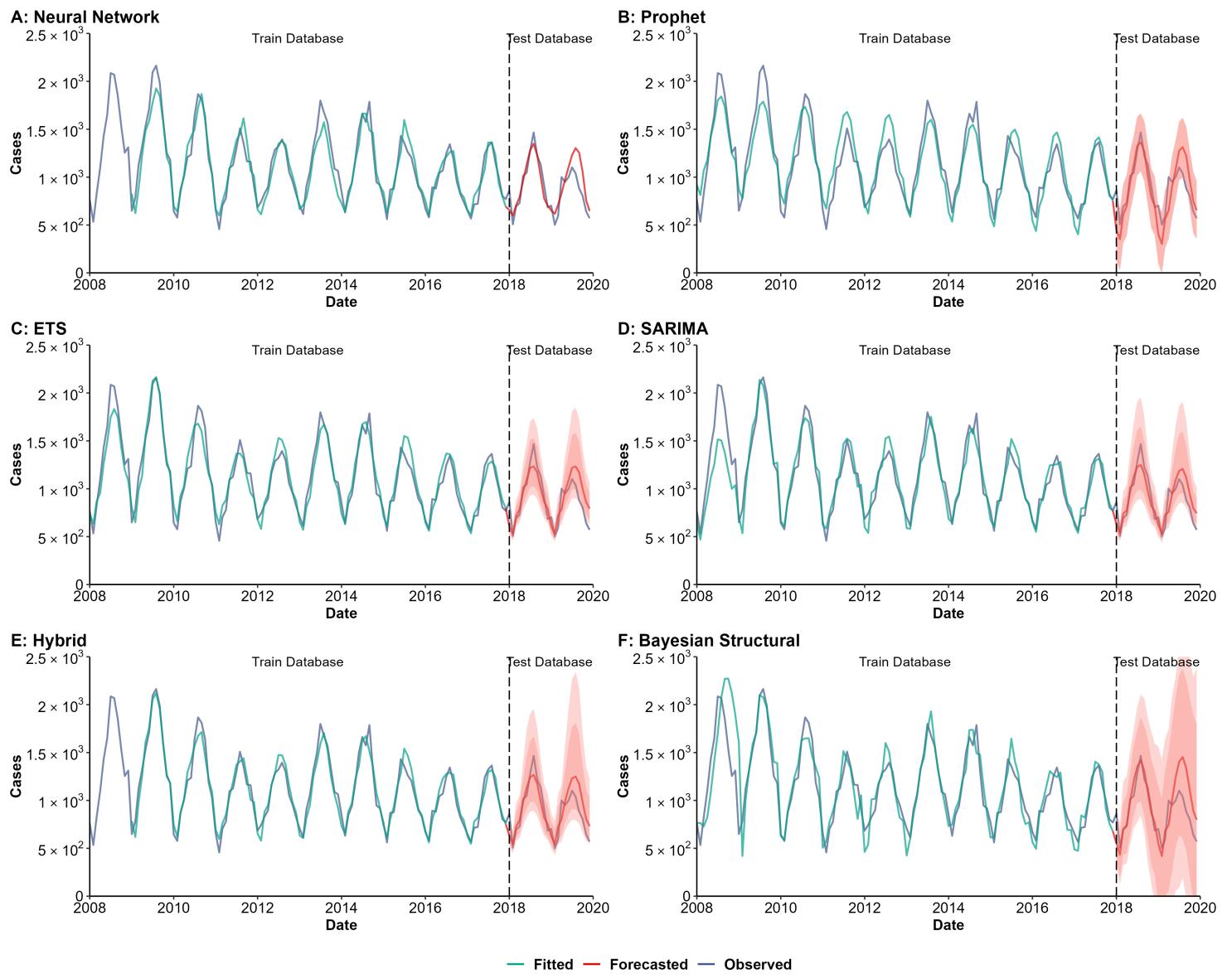
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.87  | 0.00 | 0.87 |
| Prophet             | 0.89  | 0.14 | 0.89 |
| ETS                 | 0.94  | 0.06 | 0.94 |
| SARIMA              | 0.94  | 0.00 | 0.94 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.92  | 0.00 | 0.91 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.88  | 0.06 | 0.89 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**Supplementary Fig. 6. Training and comparing variant time series models for hepatitis A.**

**(A)** Neural Network model; **(B)** Prophet model; **(C)** Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; **(D)** Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; **(E)** Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; **(F)** Bayesian structural model; **(G)** Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; **(H)** Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; **(I)** Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; **(J)** R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train  | Test   | All    |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Neural Network      | 118.60 | 142.54 | 123.30 |
| Prophet             | 157.00 | 180.27 | 161.11 |
| ETS                 | 114.48 | 146.08 | 120.33 |
| SARIMA              | 148.40 | 131.32 | 145.69 |
| Hybrid*             | 91.17  | 137.50 | 101.18 |
| Bayesian Structural | 205.33 | 203.74 | 205.07 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test  | All   |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Neural Network      | 8.51  | 12.76 | 9.28  |
| Prophet             | 12.04 | 18.89 | 13.18 |
| ETS                 | 8.20  | 13.64 | 9.11  |
| SARIMA              | 9.43  | 12.75 | 9.98  |
| Hybrid*             | 6.83  | 13.25 | 8.00  |
| Bayesian Structural | 12.74 | 17.62 | 13.56 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.57  | 0.89 | 0.62 |
| Prophet             | 0.70  | 0.85 | 0.77 |
| ETS                 | 0.48  | 1.04 | 0.59 |
| SARIMA              | 0.61  | 0.96 | 0.65 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.42  | 0.97 | 0.51 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.74  | 0.96 | 0.72 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

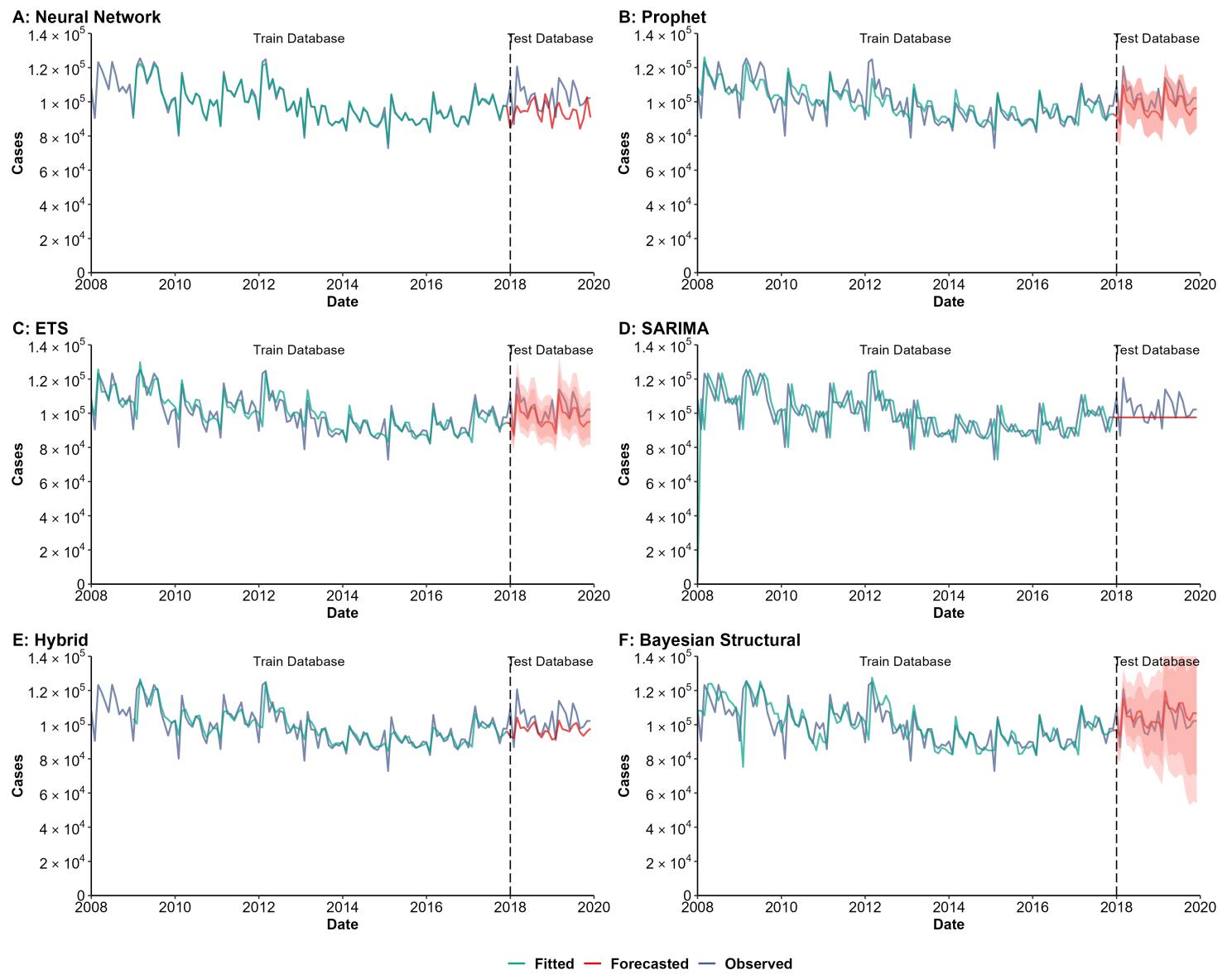
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.90  | 0.72 | 0.88 |
| Prophet             | 0.84  | 0.71 | 0.82 |
| ETS                 | 0.91  | 0.67 | 0.90 |
| SARIMA              | 0.86  | 0.73 | 0.86 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.94  | 0.72 | 0.92 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.78  | 0.65 | 0.77 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 7. Training and comparing variant time series models for enteric fever.

**(A)** Neural Network model; **(B)** Prophet model; **(C)** Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; **(D)** Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; **(E)** Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; **(F)** Bayesian structural model; **(G)** Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; **(H)** Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; **(I)** Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; **(J)** R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train    | Test     | All      |
|---------------------|----------|----------|----------|
| Neural Network      | 1042.85  | 12621.77 | 5463.98  |
| Prophet             | 6373.59  | 7132.9   | 6506.30  |
| ETS                 | 6186.51  | 6740.76  | 6282.28  |
| SARIMA              | 15019.02 | 9396.49  | 14236.98 |
| Hybrid*             | 5483.07  | 8521.07  | 6148.12  |
| Bayesian Structural | 8381.15  | 5365.91  | 7958.34  |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test  | All  |
|---------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.71  | 10.55 | 2.50 |
| Prophet             | 4.51  | 5.59  | 4.69 |
| ETS                 | 4.23  | 5.29  | 4.41 |
| SARIMA              | 9.86  | 7.33  | 9.44 |
| Hybrid*             | 3.73  | 6.67  | 4.26 |
| Bayesian Structural | 5.35  | 4.52  | 5.22 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.10  | 1.61 | 0.35 |
| Prophet             | 0.54  | 1.06 | 0.87 |
| ETS                 | 0.51  | 0.98 | 0.78 |
| SARIMA              | 0.99  | Inf  | 1.16 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.46  | 1.94 | 1.02 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.65  | 0.91 | 0.83 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

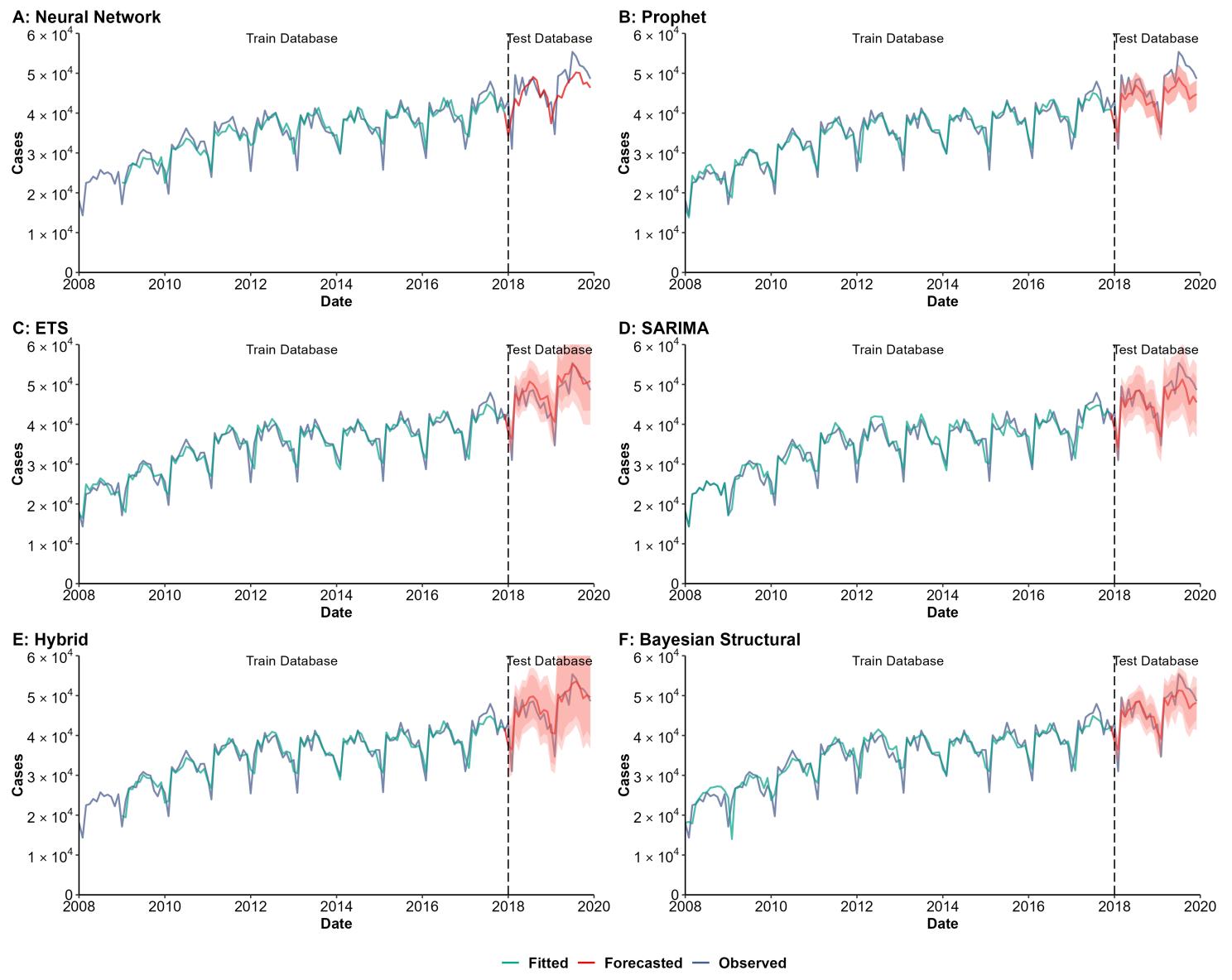
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.99  | 0.02 | 0.75 |
| Prophet             | 0.67  | 0.67 | 0.64 |
| ETS                 | 0.70  | 0.71 | 0.67 |
| SARIMA              | 0.10  | 0.00 | 0.09 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.74  | 0.51 | 0.66 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.54  | 0.58 | 0.55 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 8. Training and comparing variant time series models for hepatitis B.

(A) Neural Network model; (B) Prophet model; (C) Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; (D) Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; (E) Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; (F) Bayesian structural model; (G) Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; (H) Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; (I) Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; (J) R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train   | Test    | All     |
|---------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Neural Network      | 2281.29 | 4500.74 | 2817.99 |
| Prophet             | 1746.37 | 4223.24 | 2348.22 |
| ETS                 | 1865.64 | 2945.75 | 2084.88 |
| SARIMA              | 1943.45 | 2973.30 | 2149.63 |
| Hybrid*             | 1826.06 | 2747.84 | 2025.11 |
| Bayesian Structural | 2469.89 | 2717.47 | 2512.84 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 5.13  | 8.43 | 5.73 |
| Prophet             | 4.05  | 8.02 | 4.71 |
| ETS                 | 4.45  | 5.24 | 4.58 |
| SARIMA              | 4.30  | 5.40 | 4.48 |
| Hybrid*             | 4.19  | 4.93 | 4.33 |
| Bayesian Structural | 5.85  | 4.86 | 5.68 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.79  | 1.63 | 0.94 |
| Prophet             | 0.41  | 1.65 | 0.74 |
| ETS                 | 0.45  | 0.97 | 0.70 |
| SARIMA              | 0.57  | 0.84 | 0.62 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.44  | 0.95 | 0.69 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.58  | 0.99 | 0.87 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

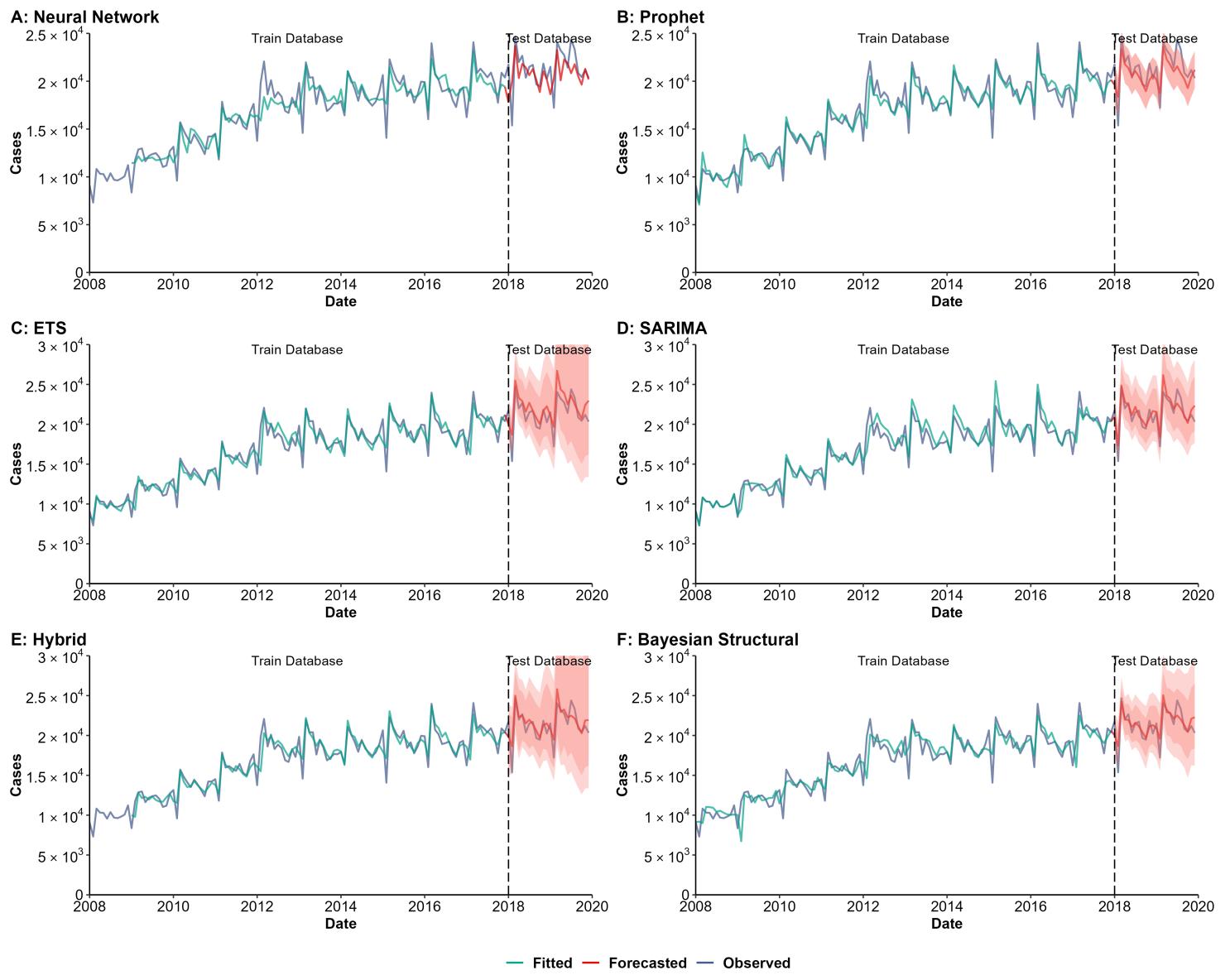
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.84  | 0.42 | 0.85 |
| Prophet             | 0.93  | 0.76 | 0.93 |
| ETS                 | 0.93  | 0.78 | 0.94 |
| SARIMA              | 0.92  | 0.78 | 0.93 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.90  | 0.76 | 0.92 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.87  | 0.80 | 0.90 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 9. Training and comparing variant time series models for syphilis.

(A) Neural Network model; (B) Prophet model; (C) Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; (D) Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; (E) Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; (F) Bayesian structural model; (G) Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; (H) Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; (I) Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; (J) R-squared of variant models.



| G : RMSE of Models  |         |         |         |
|---------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Method              | Train   | Test    | All     |
| Neural Network      | 1312.88 | 1933.97 | 1445.79 |
| Prophet             | 1006.91 | 1381.92 | 1078.50 |
| ETS                 | 1062.58 | 1478.36 | 1142.43 |
| SARIMA              | 1076.37 | 1059.44 | 1073.56 |
| Hybrid*             | 1021.07 | 1239.54 | 1064.13 |
| Bayesian Structural | 1336.63 | 1208.47 | 1316.14 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

| H : SMAPE of Models |       |      |      |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
| Neural Network      | 5.75  | 6.89 | 5.96 |
| Prophet             | 4.50  | 5.42 | 4.65 |
| ETS                 | 4.85  | 5.74 | 5.00 |
| SARIMA              | 4.61  | 4.11 | 4.53 |
| Hybrid*             | 4.39  | 4.64 | 4.43 |
| Bayesian Structural | 6.26  | 4.42 | 5.96 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

| I : MASE of Models  |       |      |      |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
| Neural Network      | 0.99  | 0.88 | 0.96 |
| Prophet             | 0.44  | 0.94 | 0.66 |
| ETS                 | 0.48  | 0.73 | 0.65 |
| SARIMA              | 0.61  | 0.49 | 0.59 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.43  | 0.68 | 0.65 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.59  | 0.73 | 0.94 |

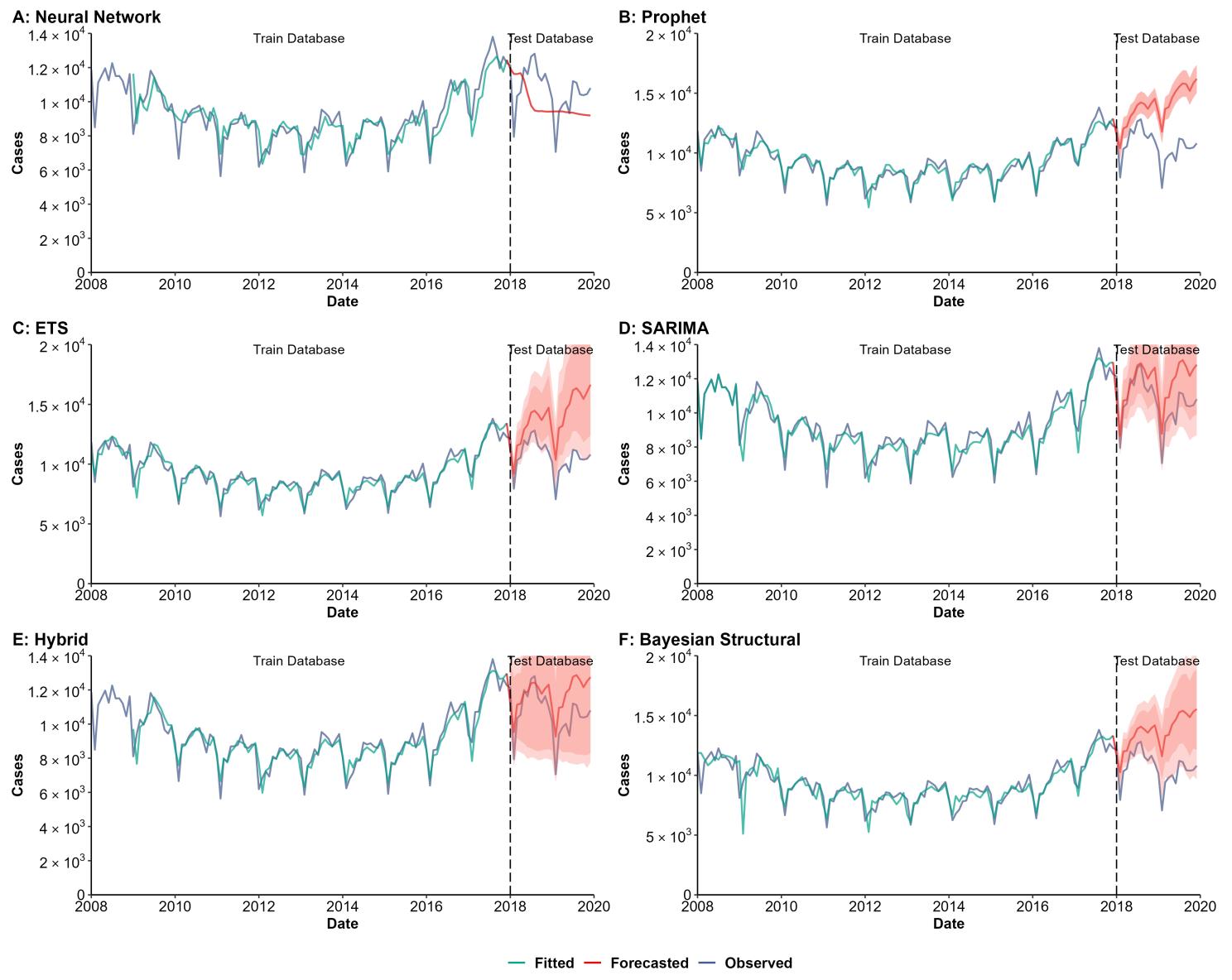
\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

| J : R-squared of Models |       |      |      |
|-------------------------|-------|------|------|
| Method                  | Train | Test | All  |
| Neural Network          | 0.83  | 0.24 | 0.82 |
| Prophet                 | 0.93  | 0.69 | 0.93 |
| ETS                     | 0.92  | 0.68 | 0.92 |
| SARIMA                  | 0.93  | 0.77 | 0.94 |
| Hybrid*                 | 0.90  | 0.68 | 0.90 |
| Bayesian Structural     | 0.88  | 0.70 | 0.89 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**Supplementary Fig. 10. Training and comparing variant time series models for hepatitis C.**

(A) Neural Network model; (B) Prophet model; (C) Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; (D) Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; (E) Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; (F) Bayesian structural model; (G) Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; (H) Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; (I) Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; (J) R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train  | Test    | All     |
|---------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| Neural Network      | 768.48 | 1740.44 | 1016.83 |
| Prophet             | 472.50 | 3677.86 | 1562.21 |
| ETS                 | 528.79 | 3631.33 | 1559.10 |
| SARIMA              | 531.86 | 1435.89 | 761.16  |
| Hybrid*             | 512.26 | 1421.89 | 763.08  |
| Bayesian Structural | 803.90 | 3352.88 | 1553.12 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test  | All  |
|---------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Neural Network      | 6.21  | 14.24 | 7.67 |
| Prophet             | 4.06  | 27.17 | 7.91 |
| ETS                 | 4.51  | 26.01 | 8.10 |
| SARIMA              | 4.50  | 11.09 | 5.60 |
| Hybrid*             | 4.28  | 11.32 | 5.56 |
| Bayesian Structural | 5.78  | 25.16 | 9.01 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test  | All  |
|---------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.92  | 11.56 | 1.39 |
| Prophet             | 0.47  | 5.15  | 1.37 |
| ETS                 | 0.52  | 3.45  | 1.26 |
| SARIMA              | 0.58  | 1.58  | 0.76 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.52  | 2.04  | 0.88 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.67  | 4.99  | 1.37 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

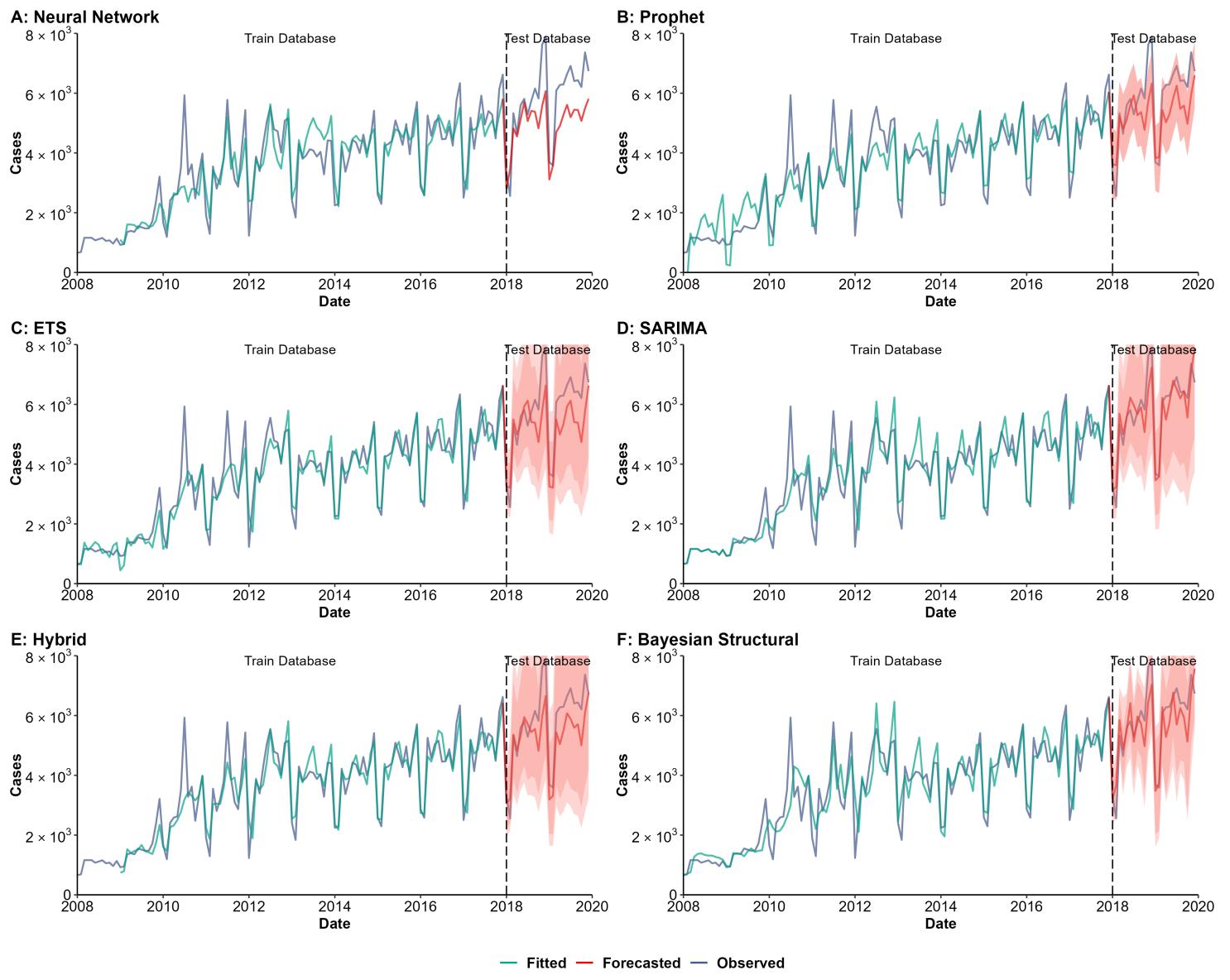
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.76  | 0.00 | 0.63 |
| Prophet             | 0.92  | 0.09 | 0.60 |
| ETS                 | 0.90  | 0.17 | 0.63 |
| SARIMA              | 0.91  | 0.52 | 0.83 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.90  | 0.51 | 0.82 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.78  | 0.13 | 0.59 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 11. Training and comparing variant time series models for gonorrhea.

(A) Neural Network model; (B) Prophet model; (C) Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; (D) Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; (E) Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; (F) Bayesian structural model; (G) Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; (H) Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; (I) Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; (J) R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train  | Test    | All    |
|---------------------|--------|---------|--------|
| Neural Network      | 596.07 | 1073.55 | 707.28 |
| Prophet             | 573.11 | 895.33  | 638.21 |
| ETS                 | 495.51 | 902.15  | 583.31 |
| SARIMA              | 551.30 | 518.54  | 545.98 |
| Hybrid*             | 495.41 | 794.69  | 561.81 |
| Bayesian Structural | 612.22 | 659.41  | 620.33 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test  | All   |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Neural Network      | 12.69 | 16.54 | 13.39 |
| Prophet             | 19.42 | 13.55 | 18.44 |
| ETS                 | 11.50 | 13.56 | 11.84 |
| SARIMA              | 10.56 | 7.26  | 10.01 |
| Hybrid*             | 10.17 | 11.98 | 10.50 |
| Bayesian Structural | 13.89 | 9.71  | 13.19 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.69  | 1.55 | 0.81 |
| Prophet             | 0.54  | 1.16 | 0.70 |
| ETS                 | 0.42  | 0.97 | 0.60 |
| SARIMA              | 0.54  | 0.45 | 0.51 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.39  | 0.88 | 0.57 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.53  | 0.51 | 0.58 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

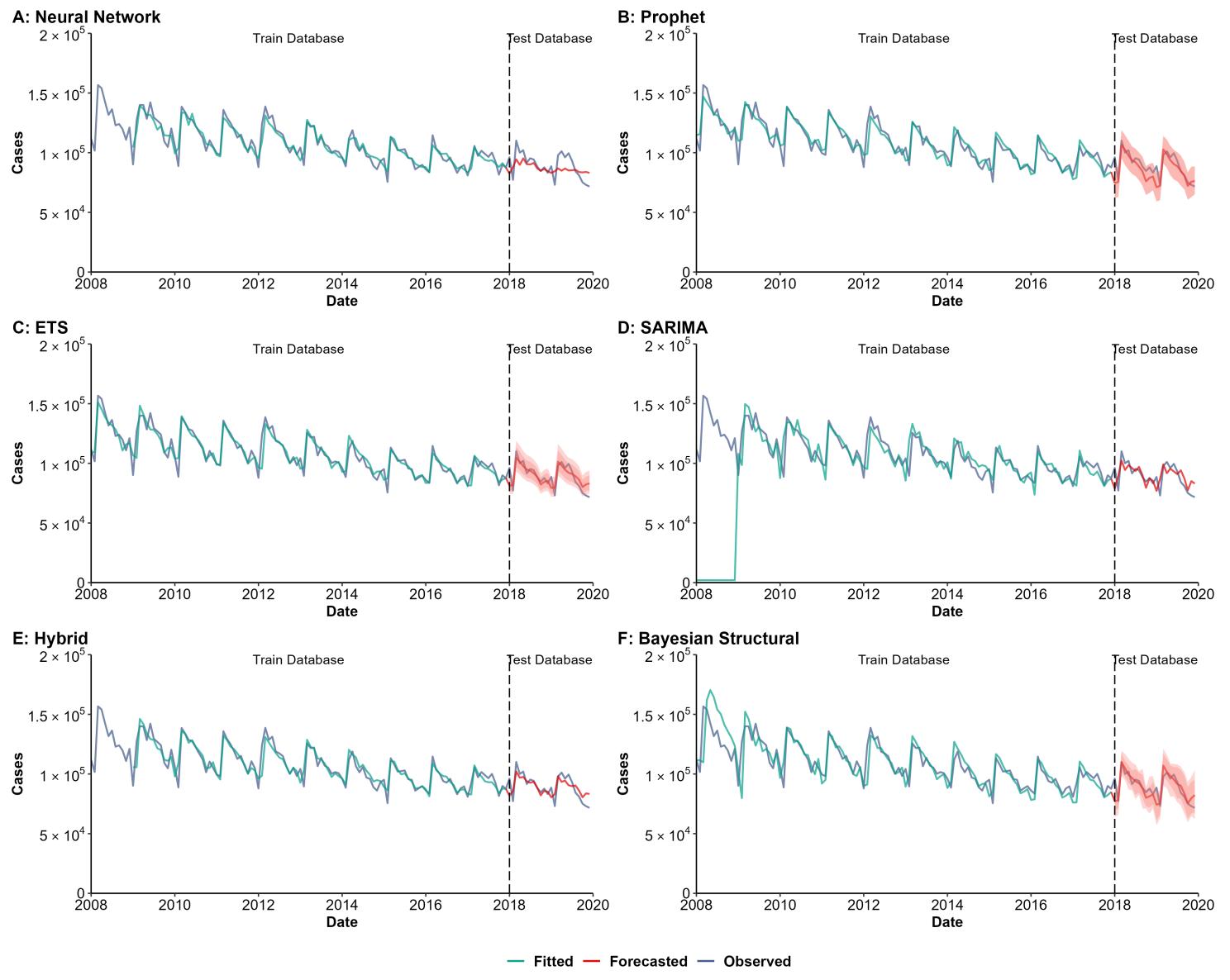
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.81  | 0.81 | 0.82 |
| Prophet             | 0.86  | 0.79 | 0.87 |
| ETS                 | 0.90  | 0.74 | 0.90 |
| SARIMA              | 0.87  | 0.85 | 0.90 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.87  | 0.83 | 0.88 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.84  | 0.78 | 0.87 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 12. Training and comparing variant time series models for acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS).

**(A)** Neural Network model; **(B)** Prophet model; **(C)** Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; **(D)** Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; **(E)** Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; **(F)** Bayesian structural model; **(G)** Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; **(H)** Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; **(I)** Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; **(J)** R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train    | Test    | All      |
|---------------------|----------|---------|----------|
| Neural Network      | 5030.28  | 9071.84 | 5972.14  |
| Prophet             | 6212.31  | 7142.68 | 6376.80  |
| ETS                 | 5942.67  | 5897.21 | 5935.12  |
| SARIMA              | 40903.90 | 7918.45 | 37479.66 |
| Hybrid*             | 5965.29  | 6643.48 | 6094.22  |
| Bayesian Structural | 10818.75 | 6471.70 | 10223.42 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All   |
|---------------------|-------|------|-------|
| Neural Network      | 3.60  | 8.56 | 4.50  |
| Prophet             | 4.20  | 5.91 | 4.49  |
| ETS                 | 3.73  | 5.55 | 4.03  |
| SARIMA              | 24.50 | 7.31 | 21.64 |
| Hybrid*             | 3.84  | 6.24 | 4.28  |
| Bayesian Structural | 6.34  | 5.22 | 6.16  |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.65  | 3.27 | 0.87 |
| Prophet             | 0.48  | 0.82 | 0.72 |
| ETS                 | 0.43  | 1.10 | 0.67 |
| SARIMA              | 2.03  | 0.99 | 1.90 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.46  | 1.31 | 0.73 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.76  | 0.72 | 0.79 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

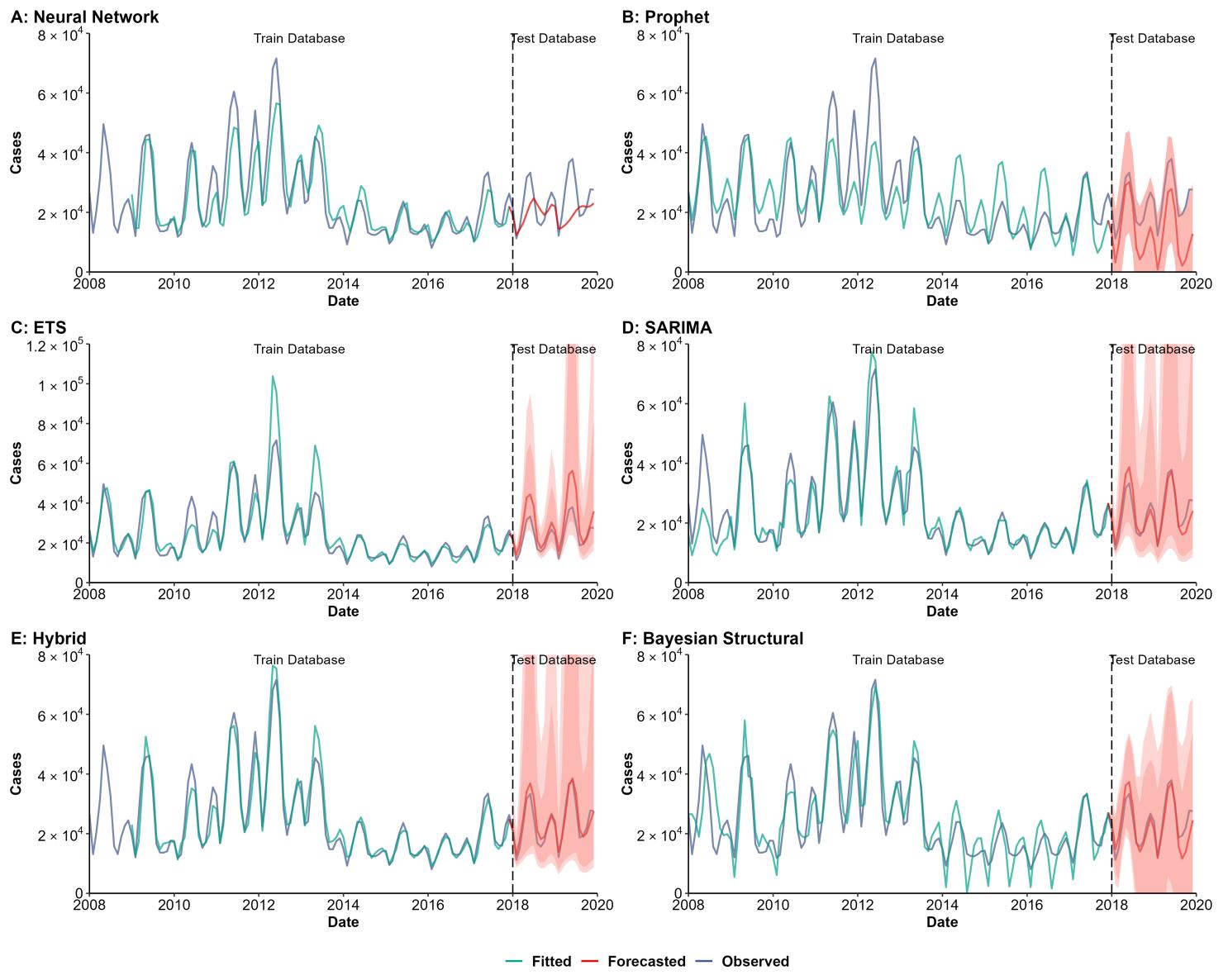
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.90  | 0.37 | 0.87 |
| Prophet             | 0.86  | 0.69 | 0.87 |
| ETS                 | 0.88  | 0.68 | 0.89 |
| SARIMA              | 0.00  | 0.41 | 0.00 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.85  | 0.63 | 0.86 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.71  | 0.65 | 0.74 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 13. Training and comparing variant time series models for tuberculosis.

**(A)** Neural Network model; **(B)** Prophet model; **(C)** Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; **(D)** Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; **(E)** Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; **(F)** Bayesian structural model; **(G)** Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; **(H)** Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; **(I)** Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; **(J)** R-squared of variant models.



| G : RMSE of Models  |         |          |         |
|---------------------|---------|----------|---------|
| Method              | Train   | Test     | All     |
| Neural Network      | 6262.74 | 7847.89  | 6579.42 |
| Prophet             | 8694.83 | 11301.79 | 9180.87 |
| ETS                 | 6438.00 | 8451.67  | 6815.05 |
| SARIMA              | 5460.20 | 3226.85  | 5155.60 |
| Hybrid*             | 3622.74 | 2517.62  | 3448.26 |
| Bayesian Structural | 6631.07 | 3784.71  | 6247.39 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

| H : SMAPE of Models |       |       |       |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Method              | Train | Test  | All   |
| Neural Network      | 17.24 | 24.85 | 18.63 |
| Prophet             | 27.51 | 72.56 | 35.01 |
| ETS                 | 12.86 | 21.30 | 14.27 |
| SARIMA              | 14.06 | 11.14 | 13.58 |
| Hybrid*             | 10.17 | 8.98  | 9.95  |
| Bayesian Structural | 27.89 | 14.49 | 25.65 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

| I : MASE of Models  |       |      |      |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
| Neural Network      | 0.85  | 2.93 | 1.01 |
| Prophet             | 1.01  | 1.58 | 1.12 |
| ETS                 | 0.56  | 0.79 | 0.59 |
| SARIMA              | 0.51  | 0.46 | 0.50 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.41  | 0.37 | 0.42 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.77  | 0.49 | 0.65 |

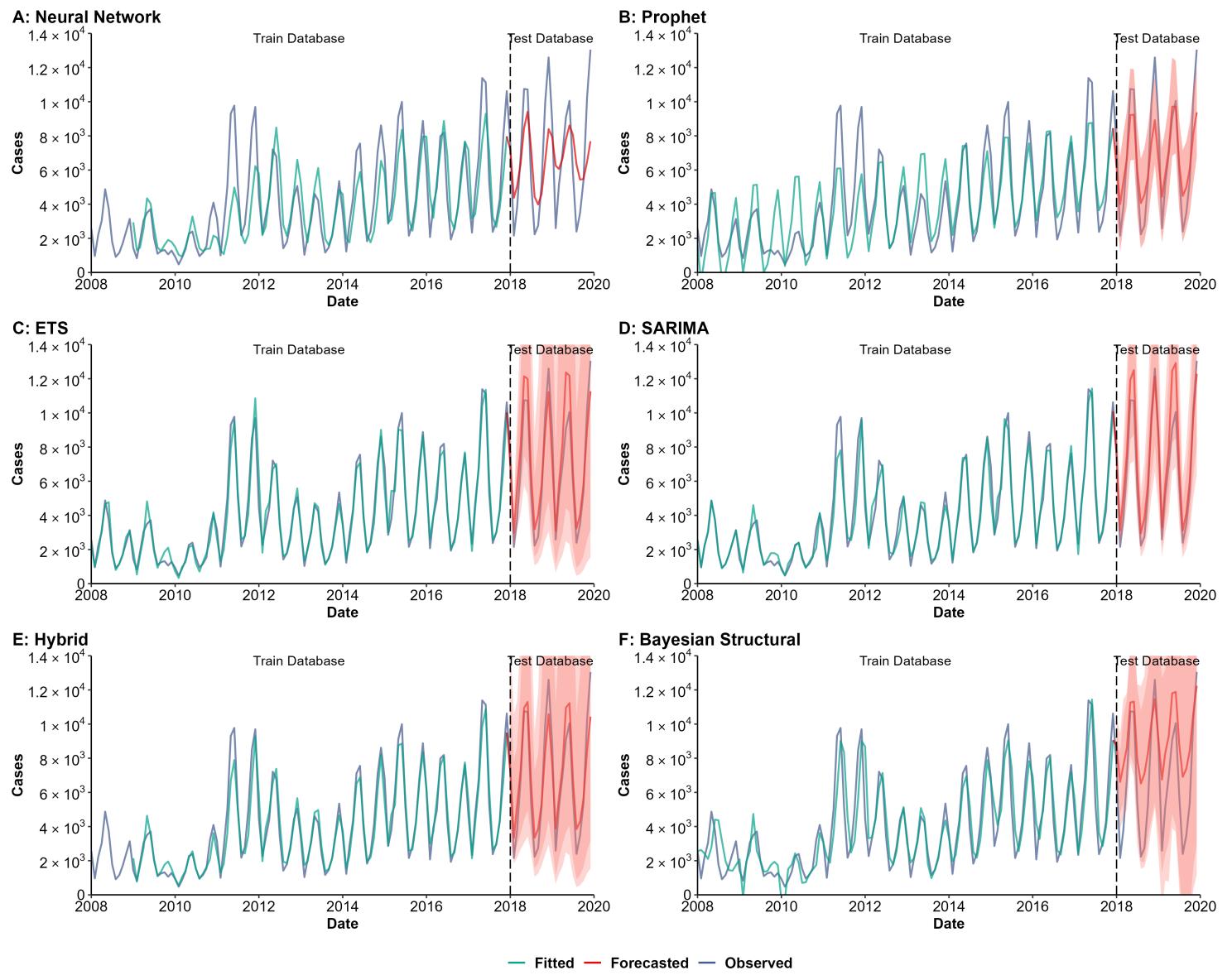
\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

| J : R-squared of Models |       |      |      |
|-------------------------|-------|------|------|
| Method                  | Train | Test | All  |
| Neural Network          | 0.80  | 0.12 | 0.75 |
| Prophet                 | 0.58  | 0.76 | 0.51 |
| ETS                     | 0.86  | 0.90 | 0.84 |
| SARIMA                  | 0.86  | 0.82 | 0.86 |
| Hybrid*                 | 0.93  | 0.90 | 0.93 |
| Bayesian Structural     | 0.78  | 0.78 | 0.78 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 14. Training and comparing variant time series models for mumps.

(A) Neural Network model; (B) Prophet model; (C) Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; (D) Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; (E) Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; (F) Bayesian structural model; (G) Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; (H) Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; (I) Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; (J) R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train   | Test    | All     |
|---------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Neural Network      | 1558.42 | 2408.55 | 1744.09 |
| Prophet             | 1374.66 | 1735.93 | 1441.18 |
| ETS                 | 510.89  | 1332.81 | 716.64  |
| SARIMA              | 572.96  | 1233.43 | 726.03  |
| Hybrid*             | 680.75  | 1240.45 | 811.75  |
| Bayesian Structural | 1171.60 | 2831.52 | 1574.84 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test  | All   |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Neural Network      | 29.92 | 32.53 | 30.40 |
| Prophet             | 37.43 | 25.24 | 35.40 |
| ETS                 | 11.00 | 18.69 | 12.28 |
| SARIMA              | 10.42 | 16.31 | 11.40 |
| Hybrid*             | 13.08 | 18.91 | 14.14 |
| Bayesian Structural | 28.96 | 40.55 | 30.89 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.84  | 1.61 | 0.97 |
| Prophet             | 0.63  | 0.89 | 0.69 |
| ETS                 | 0.21  | 0.42 | 0.27 |
| SARIMA              | 0.24  | 0.32 | 0.26 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.28  | 0.45 | 0.35 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.52  | 1.52 | 0.78 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

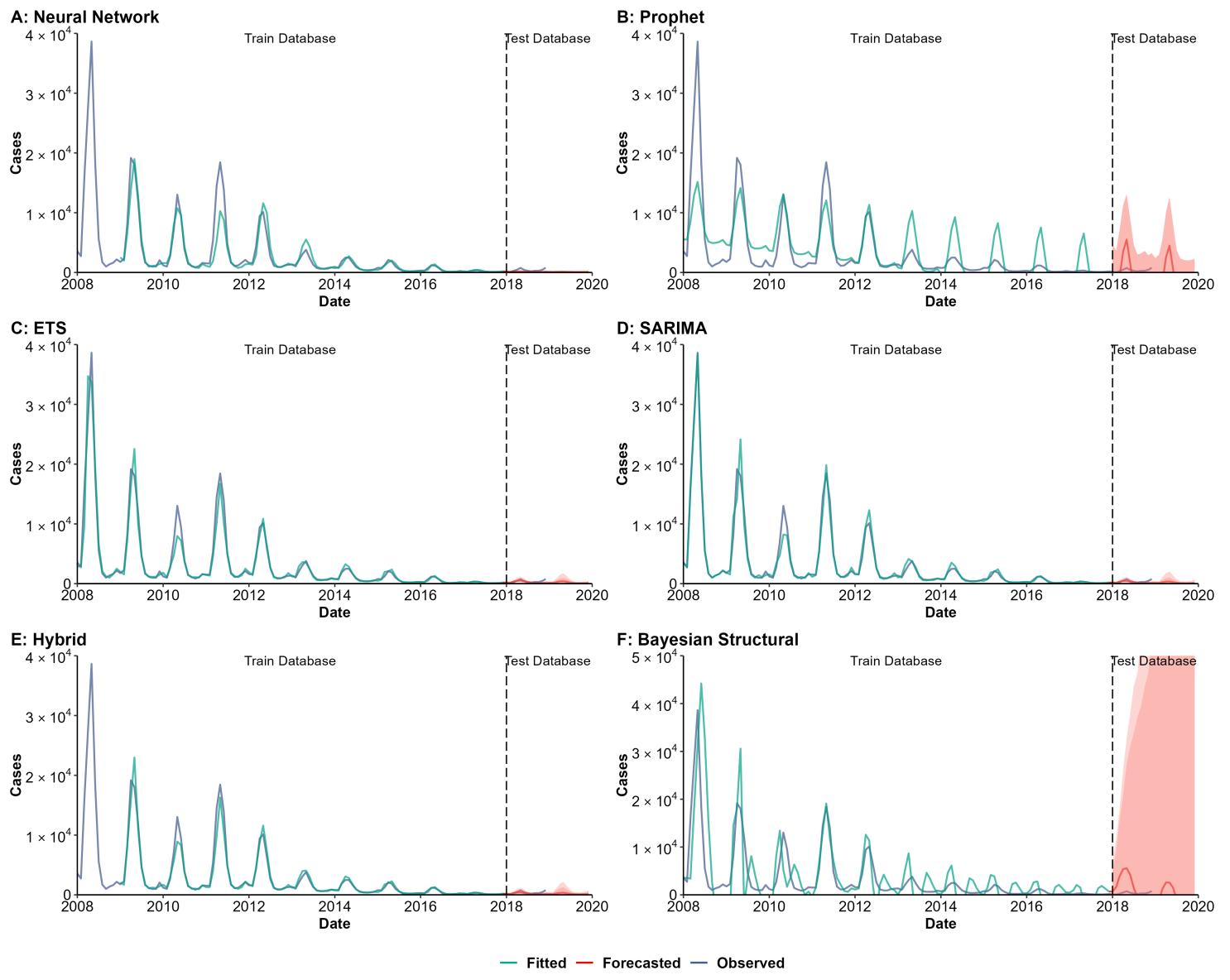
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.67  | 0.61 | 0.67 |
| Prophet             | 0.73  | 0.88 | 0.77 |
| ETS                 | 0.96  | 0.87 | 0.94 |
| SARIMA              | 0.95  | 0.92 | 0.94 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.94  | 0.89 | 0.93 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.80  | 0.92 | 0.75 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 15. Training and comparing variant time series models for scarlet fever.

**(A)** Neural Network model; **(B)** Prophet model; **(C)** Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; **(D)** Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; **(E)** Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; **(F)** Bayesian structural model; **(G)** Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; **(H)** Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; **(I)** Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; **(J)** R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train   | Test    | All     |
|---------------------|---------|---------|---------|
| Neural Network      | 1573.63 | 316.31  | 1496.23 |
| Prophet             | 3846.07 | 3976.43 | 3858.10 |
| ETS                 | 1391.54 | 234.87  | 1328.67 |
| SARIMA              | 1058.91 | 243.12  | 1012.29 |
| Hybrid*             | 987.49  | 246.66  | 940.06  |
| Bayesian Structural | 5302.93 | 3056.49 | 5139.45 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train  | Test   | All    |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Neural Network      | 22.14  | 87.33  | 28.66  |
| Prophet             | 100.31 | 184.11 | 107.93 |
| ETS                 | 15.10  | 58.36  | 19.03  |
| SARIMA              | 14.79  | 62.87  | 19.16  |
| Hybrid*             | 13.88  | 62.25  | 18.72  |
| Bayesian Structural | 111.03 | 176.40 | 116.97 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test  | All  |
|---------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.59  | 12.61 | 0.61 |
| Prophet             | 1.45  | 2.04  | 1.51 |
| ETS                 | 0.33  | 2.13  | 0.36 |
| SARIMA              | 0.23  | 2.55  | 0.24 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.33  | 3.00  | 0.34 |
| Bayesian Structural | 1.80  | 2.26  | 0.96 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

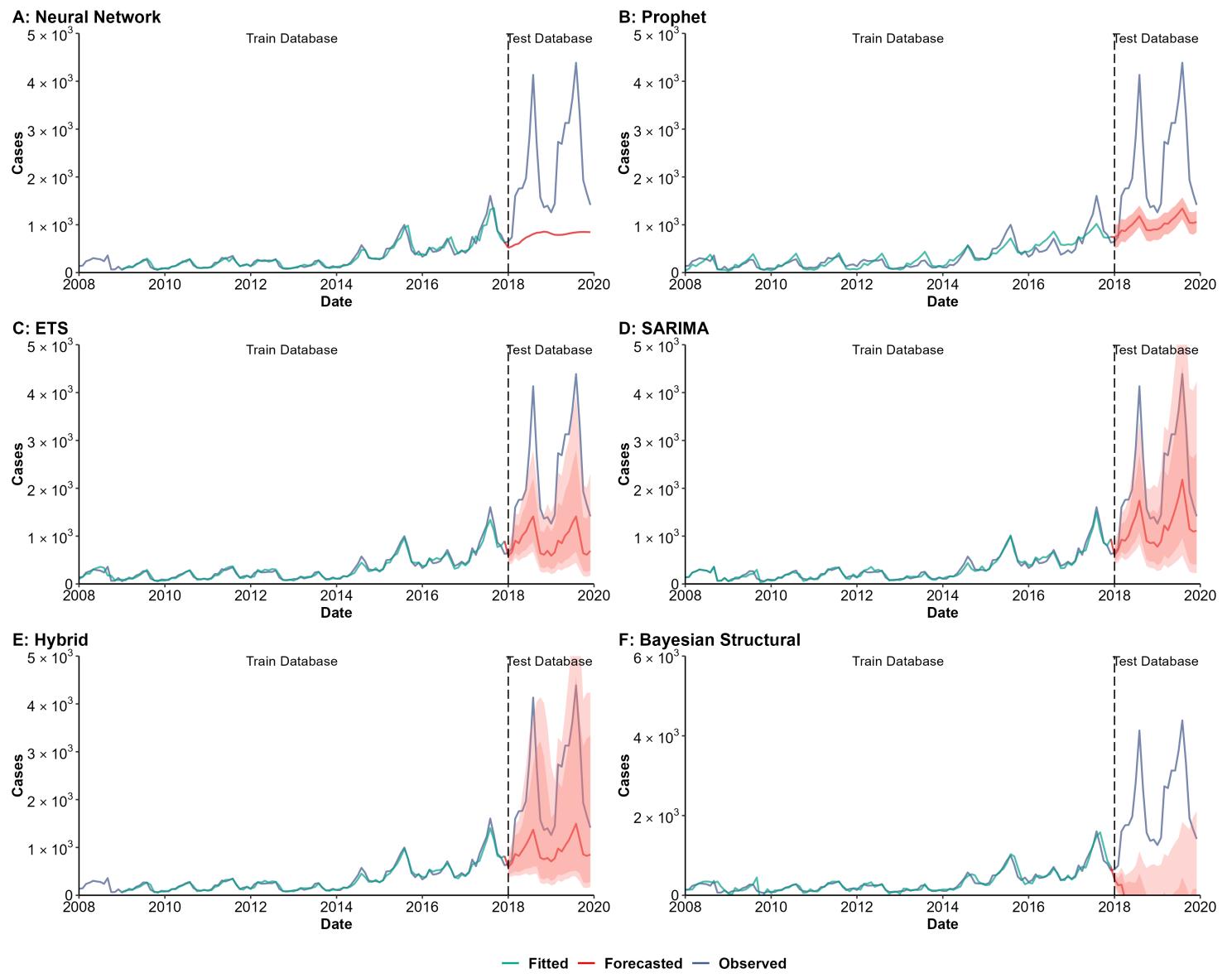
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.86  | 0.29 | 0.86 |
| Prophet             | 0.56  | 0.26 | 0.53 |
| ETS                 | 0.94  | 0.20 | 0.94 |
| SARIMA              | 0.97  | 0.20 | 0.97 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.94  | 0.22 | 0.94 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.51  | 0.02 | 0.51 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 16. Training and comparing variant time series models for rubella.

(A) Neural Network model; (B) Prophet model; (C) Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; (D) Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; (E) Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; (F) Bayesian structural model; (G) Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; (H) Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; (I) Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; (J) R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train  | Test    | All     |
|---------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| Neural Network      | 70.71  | 1737.35 | 743.56  |
| Prophet             | 118.78 | 1488.59 | 617.31  |
| ETS                 | 61.36  | 1534.59 | 628.99  |
| SARIMA              | 59.63  | 1221.97 | 501.83  |
| Hybrid*             | 51.39  | 1486.54 | 635.57  |
| Bayesian Structural | 90.84  | 4006.62 | 1637.80 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test   | All   |
|---------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| Neural Network      | 12.81 | 85.94  | 26.11 |
| Prophet             | 29.63 | 65.63  | 35.63 |
| ETS                 | 14.45 | 77.64  | 24.98 |
| SARIMA              | 13.86 | 54.61  | 20.65 |
| Hybrid*             | 11.53 | 71.15  | 22.37 |
| Bayesian Structural | 23.53 | 187.05 | 50.78 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test  | All  |
|---------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.68  | 70.50 | 5.22 |
| Prophet             | 1.14  | 17.72 | 4.23 |
| ETS                 | 0.54  | 8.12  | 3.10 |
| SARIMA              | 0.54  | 4.87  | 2.14 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.45  | 9.06  | 3.35 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.78  | 19.78 | 6.38 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

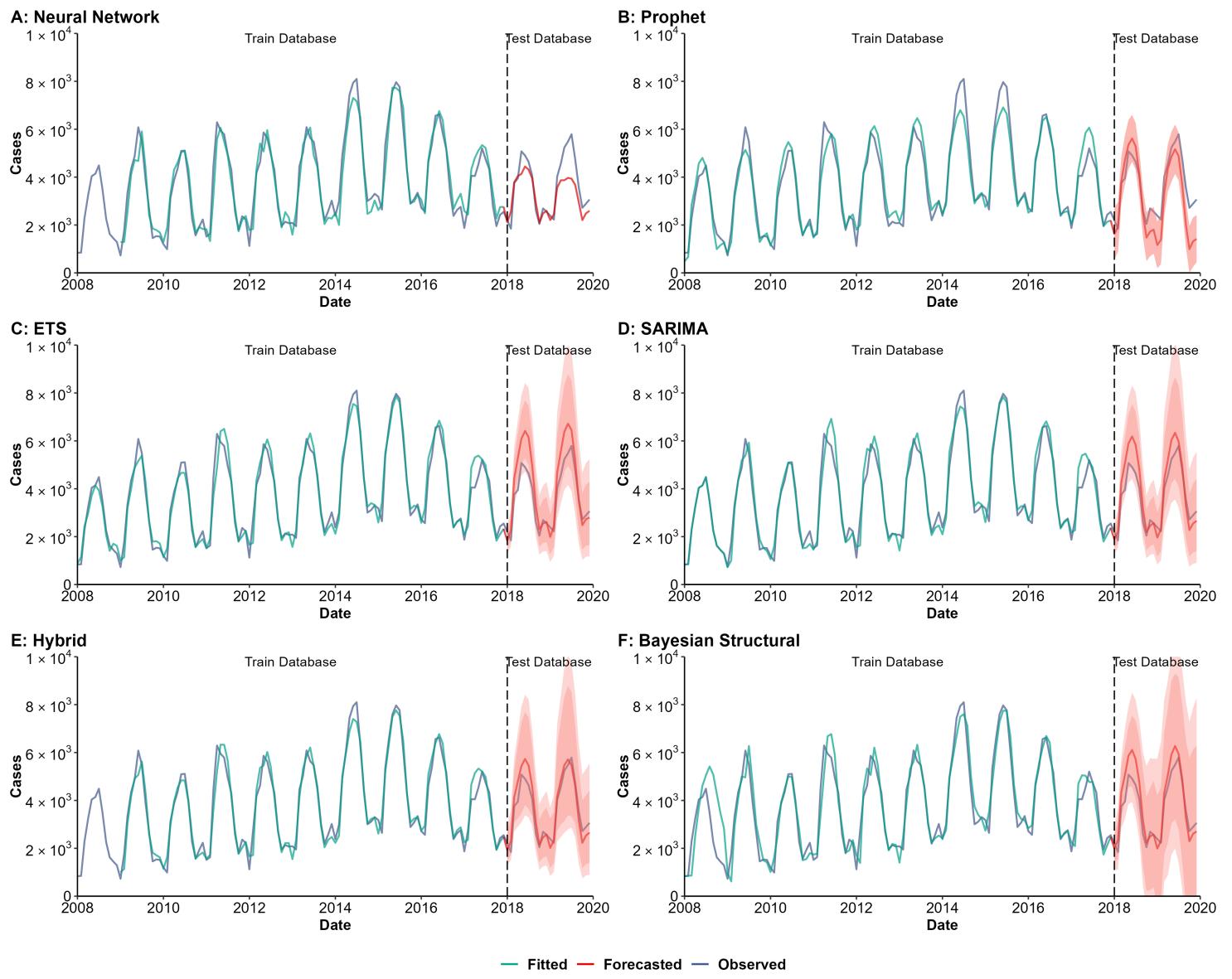
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.94  | 0.21 | 0.53 |
| Prophet             | 0.81  | 0.84 | 0.75 |
| ETS                 | 0.95  | 0.77 | 0.76 |
| SARIMA              | 0.95  | 0.91 | 0.89 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.97  | 0.91 | 0.78 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.90  | 0.09 | 0.39 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 17. Training and comparing variant time series models for pertussis.

(A) Neural Network model; (B) Prophet model; (C) Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; (D) Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; (E) Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; (F) Bayesian structural model; (G) Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; (H) Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; (I) Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; (J) R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train  | Test   | All    |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Neural Network      | 476.56 | 721.00 | 529.46 |
| Prophet             | 502.72 | 896.00 | 586.86 |
| ETS                 | 402.23 | 784.80 | 487.32 |
| SARIMA              | 427.34 | 619.29 | 464.87 |
| Hybrid*             | 386.67 | 428.76 | 394.66 |
| Bayesian Structural | 683.38 | 583.40 | 667.76 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test  | All   |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Neural Network      | 12.14 | 14.47 | 12.56 |
| Prophet             | 10.87 | 28.94 | 13.88 |
| ETS                 | 9.61  | 15.33 | 10.57 |
| SARIMA              | 9.00  | 13.31 | 9.72  |
| Hybrid*             | 8.91  | 10.65 | 9.23  |
| Bayesian Structural | 15.36 | 12.61 | 14.90 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.47  | 1.29 | 0.56 |
| Prophet             | 0.46  | 0.96 | 0.57 |
| ETS                 | 0.37  | 0.78 | 0.46 |
| SARIMA              | 0.37  | 0.66 | 0.42 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.35  | 0.53 | 0.40 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.58  | 0.63 | 0.60 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

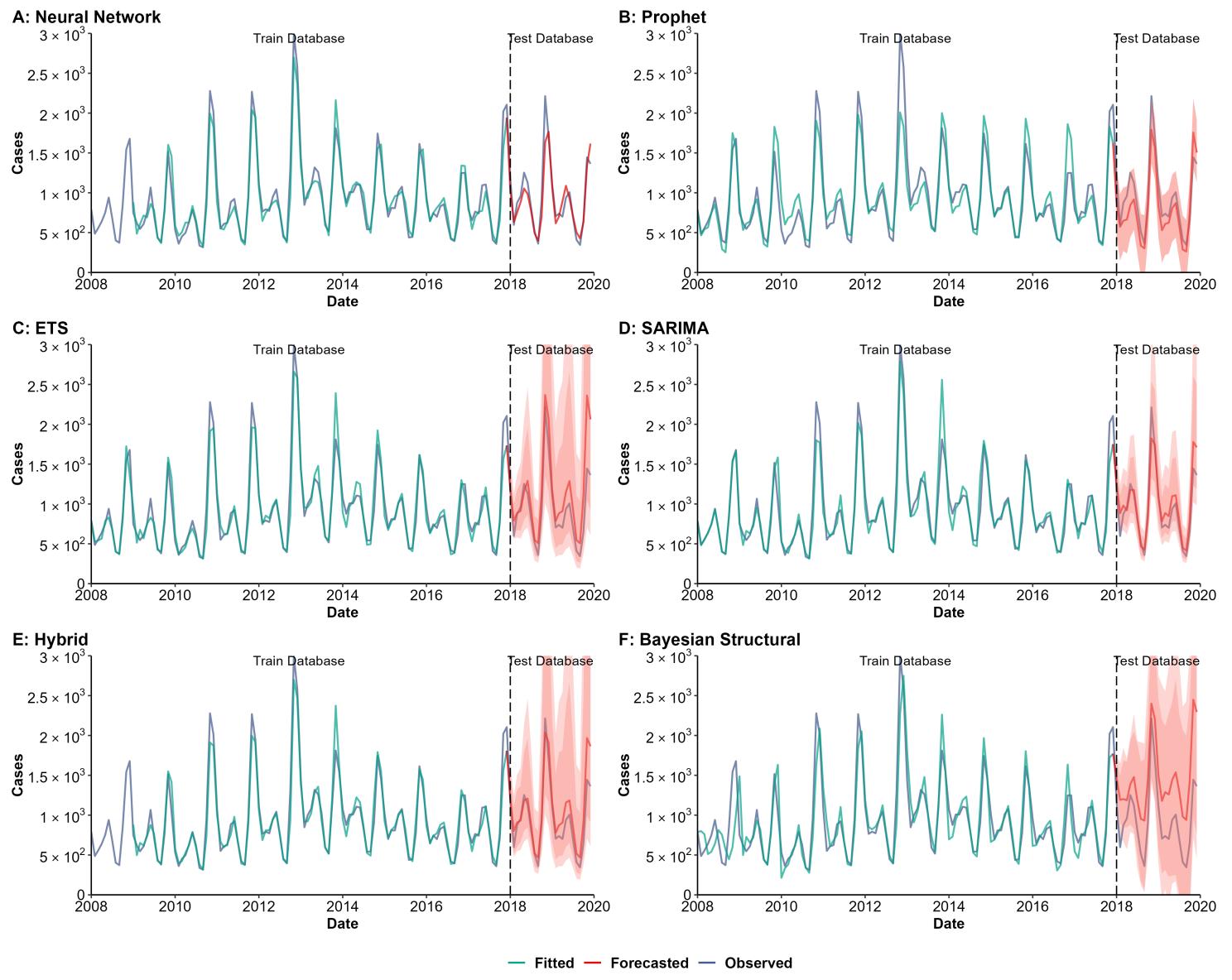
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.93  | 0.81 | 0.91 |
| Prophet             | 0.92  | 0.82 | 0.89 |
| ETS                 | 0.95  | 0.94 | 0.93 |
| SARIMA              | 0.95  | 0.93 | 0.94 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.95  | 0.92 | 0.95 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.86  | 0.93 | 0.86 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**Supplementary Fig. 18. Training and comparing variant time series models for brucellosis.**

**(A)** Neural Network model; **(B)** Prophet model; **(C)** Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; **(D)** Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; **(E)** Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; **(F)** Bayesian structural model; **(G)** Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; **(H)** Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; **(I)** Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; **(J)** R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train  | Test   | All    |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Neural Network      | 129.41 | 164.96 | 136.56 |
| Prophet             | 207.63 | 207.67 | 207.64 |
| ETS                 | 140.57 | 300.89 | 177.64 |
| SARIMA              | 151.85 | 162.02 | 153.59 |
| Hybrid*             | 129.52 | 198.71 | 144.58 |
| Bayesian Structural | 235.53 | 541.45 | 308.37 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test  | All   |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Neural Network      | 9.78  | 12.05 | 10.19 |
| Prophet             | 14.24 | 21.81 | 15.50 |
| ETS                 | 9.00  | 20.91 | 10.99 |
| SARIMA              | 8.90  | 12.89 | 9.57  |
| Hybrid*             | 7.98  | 15.60 | 9.37  |
| Bayesian Structural | 16.77 | 47.16 | 21.84 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.32  | 0.42 | 0.33 |
| Prophet             | 0.45  | 0.62 | 0.48 |
| ETS                 | 0.29  | 0.58 | 0.34 |
| SARIMA              | 0.29  | 0.44 | 0.31 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.26  | 0.49 | 0.30 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.50  | 1.77 | 0.65 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

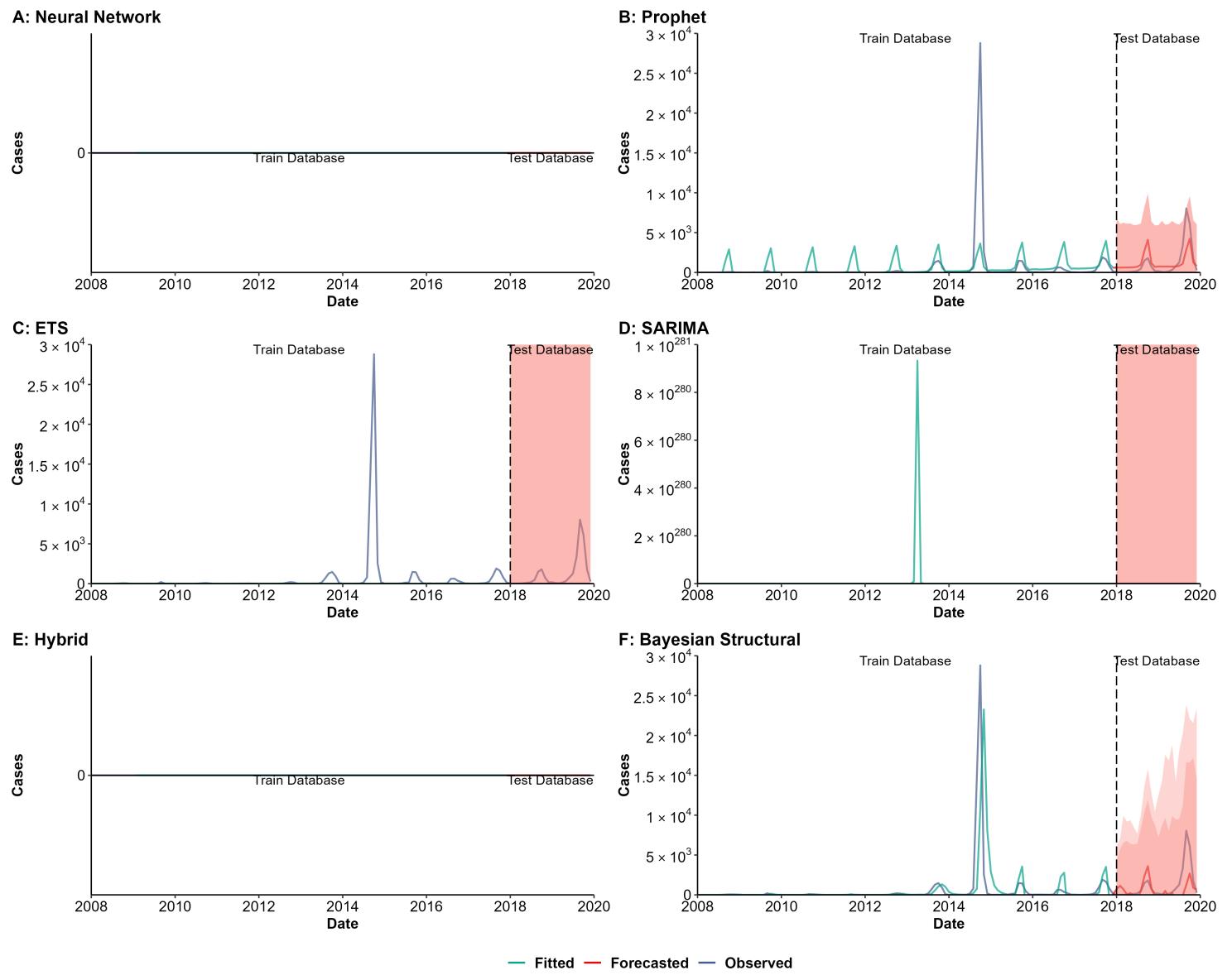
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.94  | 0.87 | 0.93 |
| Prophet             | 0.82  | 0.87 | 0.82 |
| ETS                 | 0.92  | 0.84 | 0.87 |
| SARIMA              | 0.91  | 0.88 | 0.90 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.93  | 0.89 | 0.91 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.78  | 0.79 | 0.67 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 19. Training and comparing variant time series models for hemorrhagic fever with renal syndrome (HFRS).

**(A)** Neural Network model; **(B)** Prophet model; **(C)** Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; **(D)** Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; **(E)** Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; **(F)** Bayesian structural model; **(G)** Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; **(H)** Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; **(I)** Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; **(J)** R-squared of variant models.



| SE of Models        |  | H : SMAPE of Models  |                 |                |                     | I : MASE of Models    |                       |        |                     | J : R-squared of Models |                      |                      |                     |       |      |      |
|---------------------|--|----------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------|---------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Model               |  | Train                | Test            | All            | Method              | Train                 | Test                  | All    | Method              | Train                   | Test                 | All                  | Model               | Train | Test | All  |
| Neural Network      |  | 4.44779172856819e+20 | Inf             | Neural Network |                     | Neural Network        |                       | 0.5    |                     | Neural Network          |                      | 0                    | Prophet             | 0.14  | 0.53 | 0.17 |
| Prophet             |  | 2733.36              | 1408.81         | 2560.8         | Prophet             | 150.38                | 109.44                | 149.6  | Prophet             | 1.48                    | 1.57                 | 1.51                 | SARIMA              | 0     | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| ETS                 |  | 2990.29              | 2281.21         | 2884.2         | ETS                 | 200                   | ET                    | 0.93   | Inf                 | 2.89128965216679e+47    | 2.89128965216679e+47 | 2.89128965216679e+47 | Bayesian Structural | 0     | 0.01 | 0.01 |
| SARIMA              |  | Inf                  | 218459382244460 | Inf            | SARIMA              | 199.97                | SARIMA                | 0.5    | 0.98                | 0.5                     | SARIMA               | 0                    | Hybrid*             | 0.01  | 0    | 0    |
| Hybrid*             |  | Inf                  | Inf             | Inf            | Hybrid*             | 3.37191940041109e+275 | 3.37191940041109e+275 |        |                     | Hybrid*                 | 0                    |                      |                     |       |      |      |
| Bayesian Structural |  | 2967.59              | 1848.96         | 2856.22        | Bayesian Structural | 116.22                | 137.74                | 133.86 | Bayesian Structural | 1.29                    | 1.34                 | 1.17                 | Bayesian Structural | 0.17  | 0.21 | 0.17 |

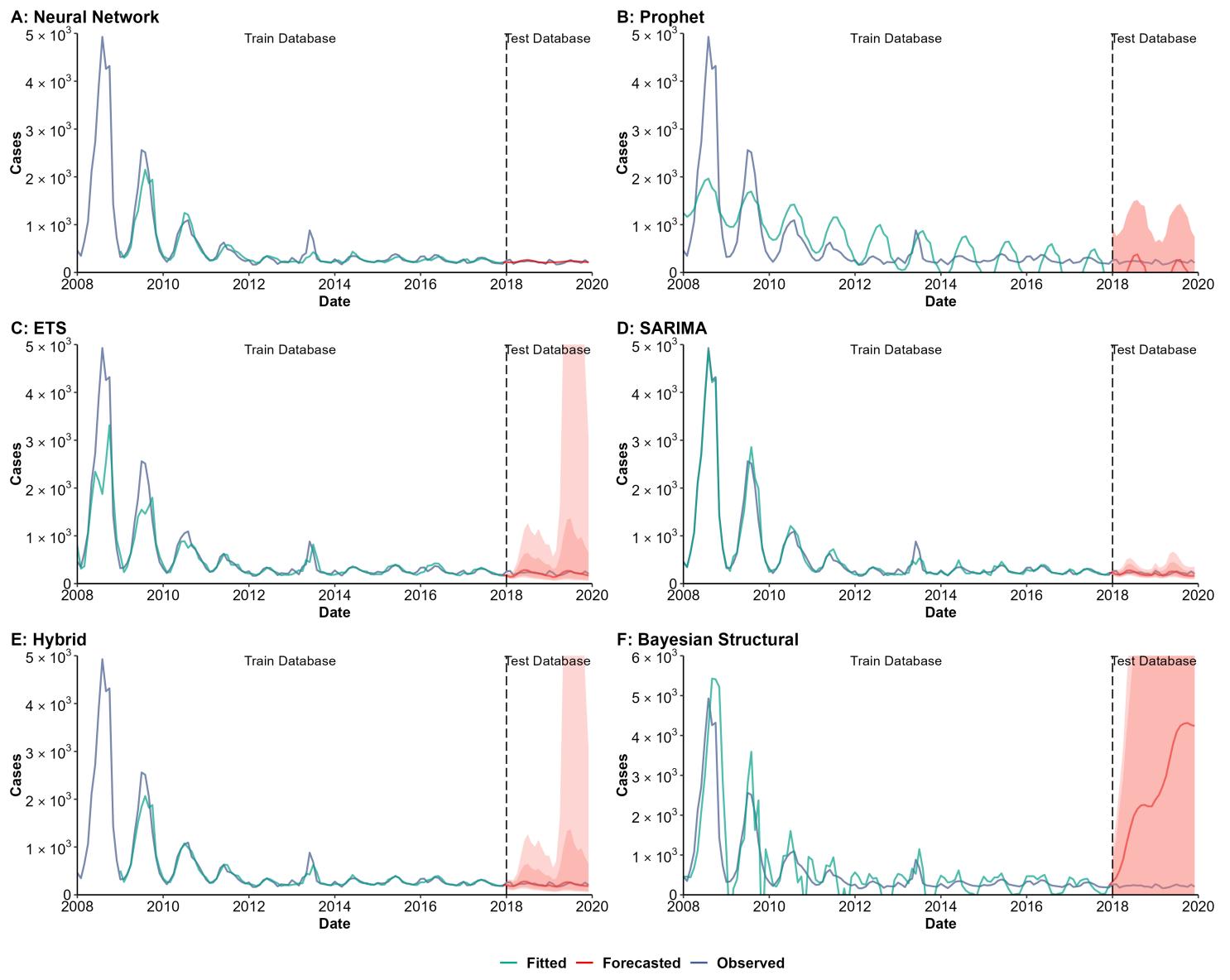
\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 20. Training and comparing variant time series models for dengue fever.

**(A)** Neural Network model; **(B)** Prophet model; **(C)** Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; **(D)** Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; **(E)** Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; **(F)** Bayesian structural model; **(G)** Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; **(H)** Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; **(I)** Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; **(J)** R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train  | Test    | All     |
|---------------------|--------|---------|---------|
| Neural Network      | 143.44 | 28.46   | 130.31  |
| Prophet             | 603.17 | 450.25  | 580.49  |
| ETS                 | 414.04 | 50.21   | 378.52  |
| SARIMA              | 108.42 | 39.92   | 100.31  |
| Hybrid*             | 123.31 | 36.83   | 112.63  |
| Bayesian Structural | 595.78 | 2665.33 | 1216.47 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test   | All   |
|---------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| Neural Network      | 15.18 | 10.59  | 14.34 |
| Prophet             | 81.59 | 136.20 | 90.69 |
| ETS                 | 18.02 | 17.73  | 17.98 |
| SARIMA              | 12.43 | 15.32  | 12.91 |
| Hybrid*             | 11.51 | 12.34  | 11.66 |
| Bayesian Structural | 68.73 | 153.70 | 82.89 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test  | All  |
|---------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.92  | 3.20  | 0.96 |
| Prophet             | 2.36  | 2.54  | 2.70 |
| ETS                 | 0.92  | 1.52  | 1.15 |
| SARIMA              | 0.33  | 1.53  | 0.36 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.57  | 1.42  | 0.70 |
| Bayesian Structural | 2.00  | 13.03 | 1.88 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

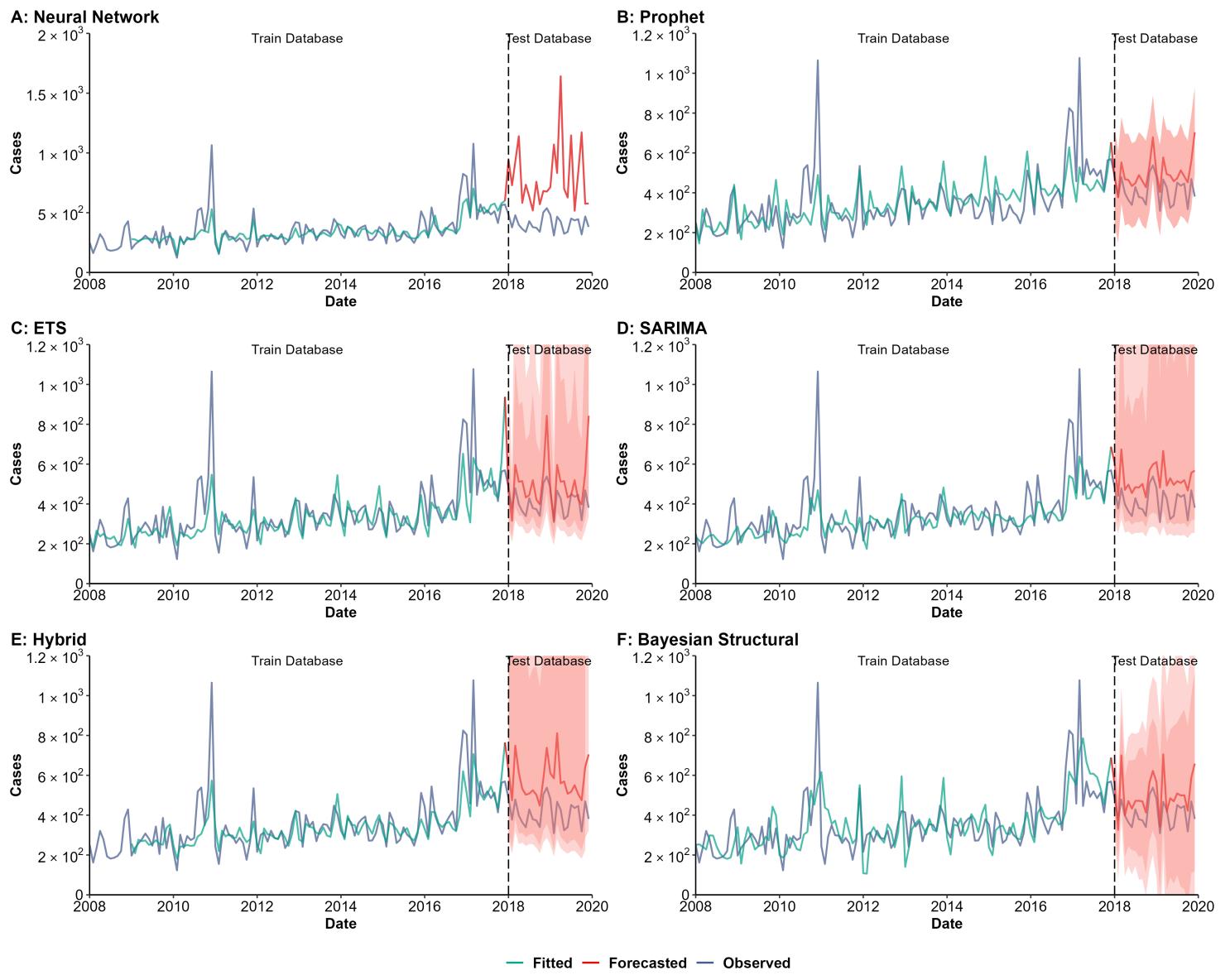
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.89  | 0.09 | 0.90 |
| Prophet             | 0.50  | 0.05 | 0.47 |
| ETS                 | 0.85  | 0.04 | 0.86 |
| SARIMA              | 0.98  | 0.11 | 0.98 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.92  | 0.09 | 0.93 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.69  | 0.01 | 0.26 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 21. Training and comparing variant time series models for malaria.

(A) Neural Network model; (B) Prophet model; (C) Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; (D) Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; (E) Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; (F) Bayesian structural model; (G) Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; (H) Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; (I) Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; (J) R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train  | Test   | All    |
|---------------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Neural Network      | 95.45  | 478.23 | 221.44 |
| Prophet             | 112.24 | 108.46 | 111.62 |
| ETS                 | 109.05 | 142.56 | 115.31 |
| SARIMA              | 110.36 | 125.16 | 112.96 |
| Hybrid*             | 97.30  | 182.86 | 117.58 |
| Bayesian Structural | 119.46 | 117.68 | 119.17 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test  | All   |
|---------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Neural Network      | 14.42 | 60.22 | 22.75 |
| Prophet             | 19.58 | 19.15 | 19.51 |
| ETS                 | 18.07 | 20.92 | 18.54 |
| SARIMA              | 19.26 | 25.01 | 20.22 |
| Hybrid*             | 15.43 | 33.44 | 18.71 |
| Bayesian Structural | 23.15 | 20.69 | 22.74 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 1.29  | 1.30 | 1.29 |
| Prophet             | 0.73  | 1.18 | 0.98 |
| ETS                 | 0.68  | 0.81 | 0.93 |
| SARIMA              | 1.51  | 1.54 | 1.52 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.58  | 1.80 | 1.26 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.83  | 0.82 | 1.06 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

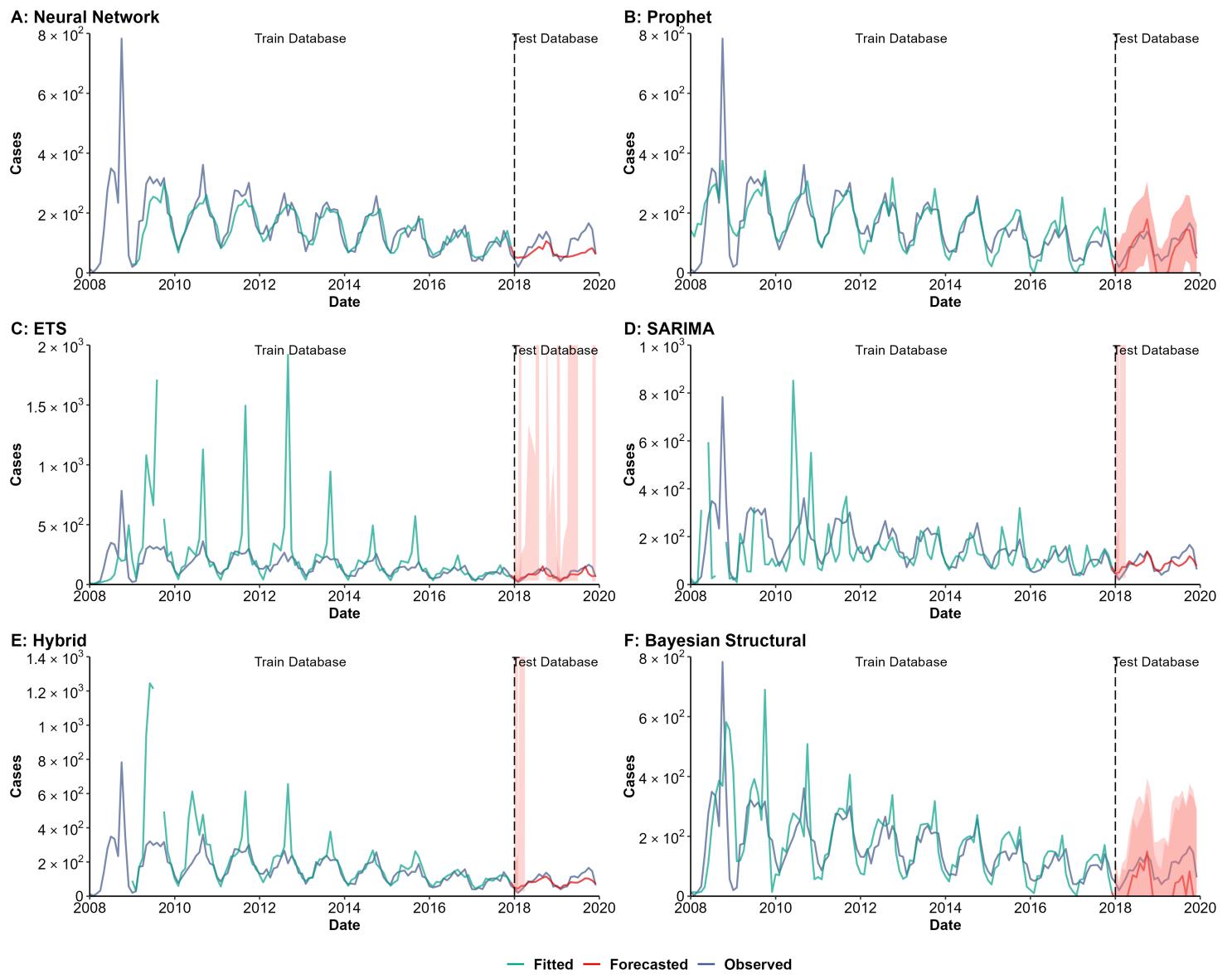
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.66  | 0.00 | 0.16 |
| Prophet             | 0.44  | 0.30 | 0.41 |
| ETS                 | 0.50  | 0.24 | 0.41 |
| SARIMA              | 0.52  | 0.51 | 0.40 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.63  | 0.33 | 0.41 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.42  | 0.45 | 0.41 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 22. Training and comparing variant time series models for echinococcosis.

**(A)** Neural Network model; **(B)** Prophet model; **(C)** Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; **(D)** Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; **(E)** Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; **(F)** Bayesian structural model; **(G)** Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; **(H)** Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; **(I)** Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; **(J)** R-squared of variant models.



**G : RMSE of Models**

| Method              | Train  | Test  | All    |
|---------------------|--------|-------|--------|
| Neural Network      | 38.34  | 39.99 | 38.64  |
| Prophet             | 60.30  | 41.46 | 57.59  |
| ETS                 | 291.56 | 31.64 | 266.29 |
| SARIMA              | 119.49 | 28.12 | 109.39 |
| Hybrid*             | 167.27 | 27.08 | 151.49 |
| Bayesian Structural | 99.99  | 85.32 | 97.70  |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**H : SMAPE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test   | All   |
|---------------------|-------|--------|-------|
| Neural Network      | 19.05 | 36.51  | 22.23 |
| Prophet             | 32.80 | 73.26  | 39.55 |
| ETS                 | 45.26 | 26.32  | 42.08 |
| SARIMA              | 42.81 | 28.69  | 40.39 |
| Hybrid*             | 26.50 | 25.04  | 26.23 |
| Bayesian Structural | 39.33 | 131.59 | 54.71 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

**I : MASE of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 1.08  | 4.04 | 1.26 |
| Prophet             | 0.82  | 1.07 | 0.94 |
| ETS                 | 2.74  | 1.04 | 0.78 |
| SARIMA              | 0.90  | 1.49 | 0.93 |
| Hybrid*             | 1.97  | 2.09 | 0.95 |
| Bayesian Structural | 1.26  | 1.83 | 1.03 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

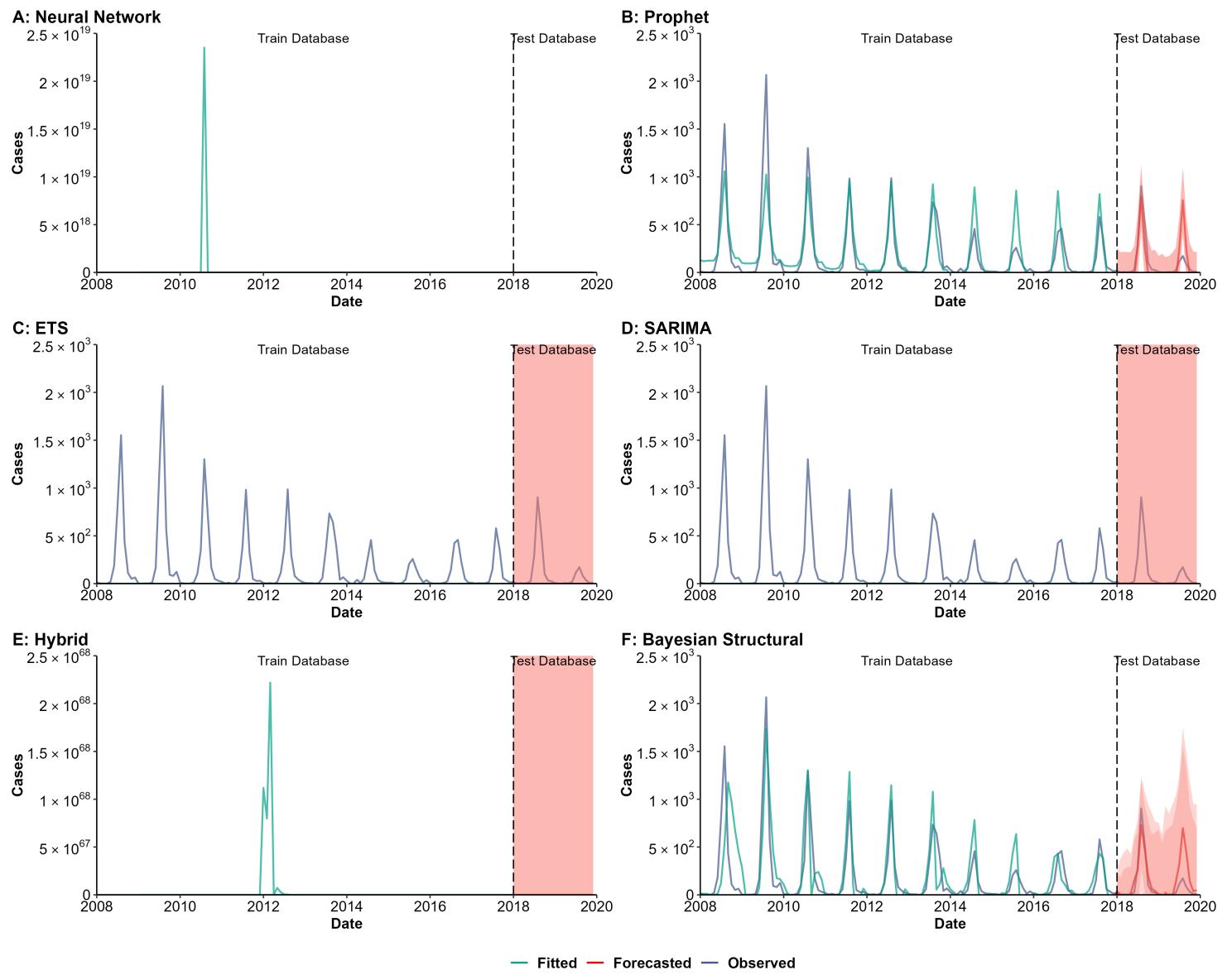
**J : R-squared of Models**

| Method              | Train | Test | All  |
|---------------------|-------|------|------|
| Neural Network      | 0.75  | 0.50 | 0.75 |
| Prophet             | 0.64  | 0.77 | 0.65 |
| ETS                 | 0.17  | 0.49 | 0.20 |
| SARIMA              | 0.11  | 0.60 | 0.14 |
| Hybrid*             | 0.50  | 0.82 | 0.51 |
| Bayesian Structural | 0.40  | 0.54 | 0.44 |

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL and Neural Network model

## Supplementary Fig. 23. Training and comparing variant time series models for typhus.

(A) Neural Network model; (B) Prophet model; (C) Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; (D) Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; (E) Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; (F) Bayesian structural model; (G) Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; (H) Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; (I) Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; (J) R-squared of variant models.



| of Models | H : SMAPE of Models : MASE of Models |           |                       |                     |        |                |                     |        |                      |                      | J : R-squared of Models |          |         |      |      |   |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|---------------------|--------|----------------|---------------------|--------|----------------------|----------------------|-------------------------|----------|---------|------|------|---|
|           | Train                                | Test      | All                   | Method              | Train  | Test           | Method              | All    | Train                | Test                 | All                     | Method   | Train   | Test | All  |   |
| ork       | 2263490629032368384                  | 227.45    | 2047404308906152064   | Neural Network      | 199.14 | Neural Network | 200                 | 200    | 0.5                  | 9.77215534724288e+63 | Neural Network          | 0.12     | 0.19    | 0.12 |      |   |
|           | 173.93                               | 182.4     | 175.37                | Prophet             | 115.31 | 165.0          | Prophet             | 23.74  | 0.66                 | 0.95                 | 0.72                    | 0.63     | 0.69    |      |      |   |
|           | 372.19                               | 227.45    | 352.23                | ETS                 | 200    | 200            | ETS                 | 200    | 1.08                 | Inf                  | 1.00657255156389e+91    | 0        | 0       | 0    |      |   |
|           | 371.73                               | 227.02    | 351.77                | SARIMA              | 162.17 | 168.0          | SARIMA              | 61.86  | Inf                  | Inf                  | Inf                     | InSARIMA |         |      |      |   |
|           | 2.51328122802894e+67                 | 258860.03 | 2.27334840709516e+67* | Hybrid*             | 195.83 | 190.0          | Hybrid*             | 194.77 | 2.64628418795191e+64 | 0.67                 | 0.81                    | 0.81     | Hybrid* | 0.01 | 0.01 | 0 |
| tural     | 239.91                               | 150.99    | 228.5                 | Bayesian Structural | 120.67 | 120.67         | Bayesian Structural | 120.67 | 0.88                 | 0.64                 | 0.56                    | 0.61     | 0.57    |      |      |   |

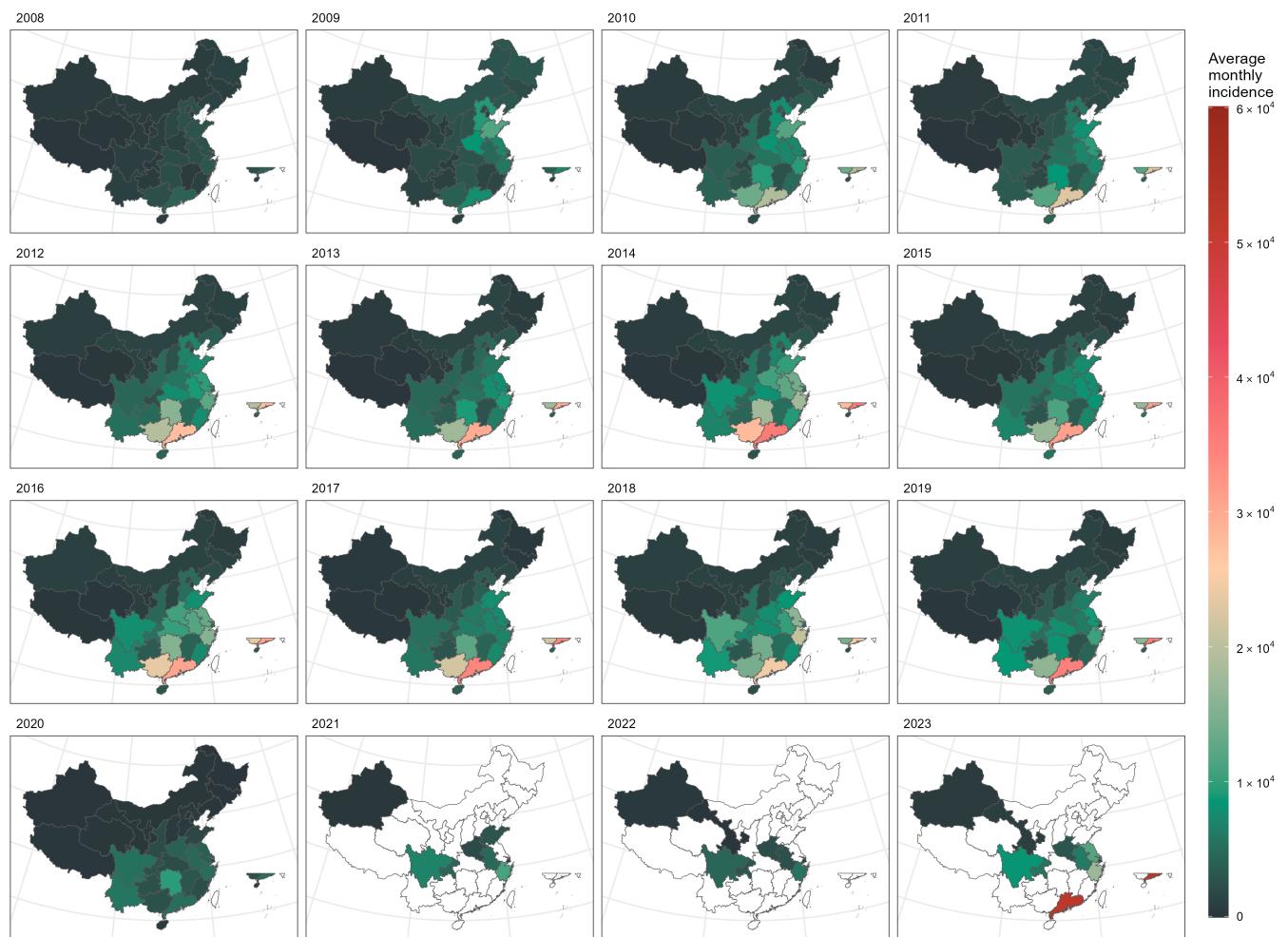
\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL\*  
Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL  
and Neural Network model  
and Neural Network model

\*Hybrid: Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL\*  
Combined SARIMA, ETS, STL  
and Neural Network model  
and Neural Network model

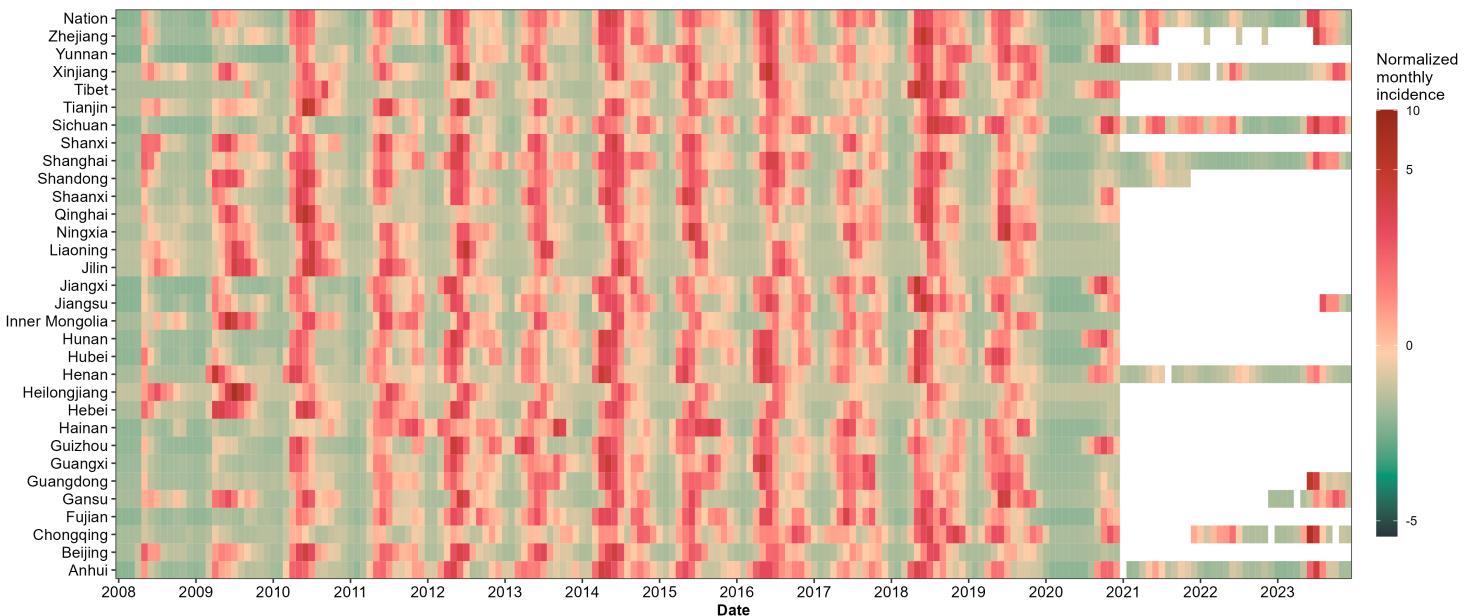
## Supplementary Fig. 24. Training and comparing variant time series models for Japanese encephalitis (JE).

**(A)** Neural Network model; **(B)** Prophet model; **(C)** Exponential smoothing (ETS) model; **(D)** Seasonal autoregressive integrated moving average (SARIMA) model; **(E)** Hybrid models combining SARIMA, ETS, STL (seasonal and trend decomposition using loess), and neural network model; **(F)** Bayesian structural model; **(G)** Root mean square error (RMSE) of variant models; **(H)** Symmetric mean absolute percentage error (SMAPE) of variant models; **(I)** Mean absolute scaled error (MASE) of variant models; **(J)** R-squared of variant models.

A



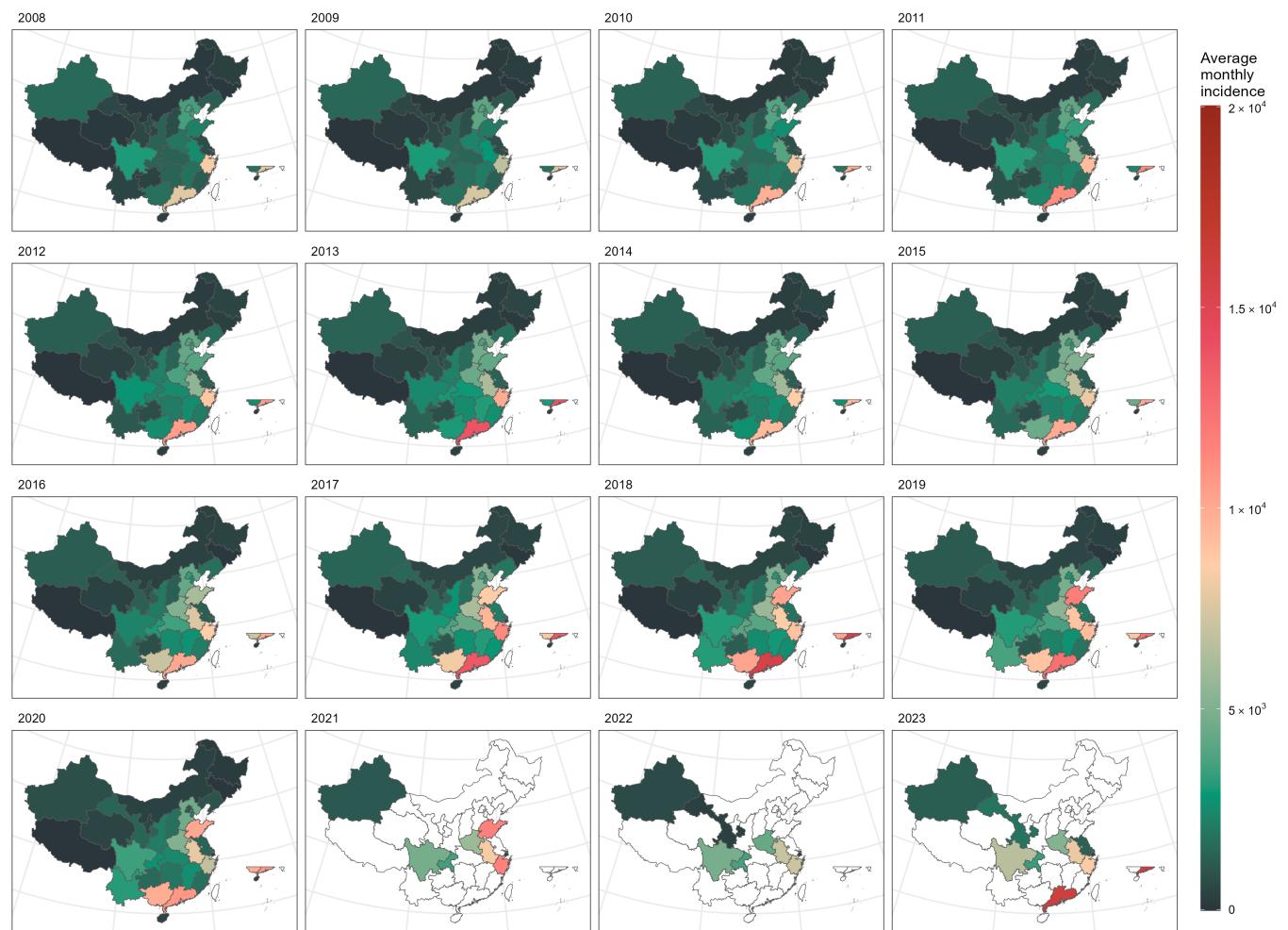
B



**Supplementary Fig. 25. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of hand, foot, and mouth disease (HFMD) in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence > 10.

A



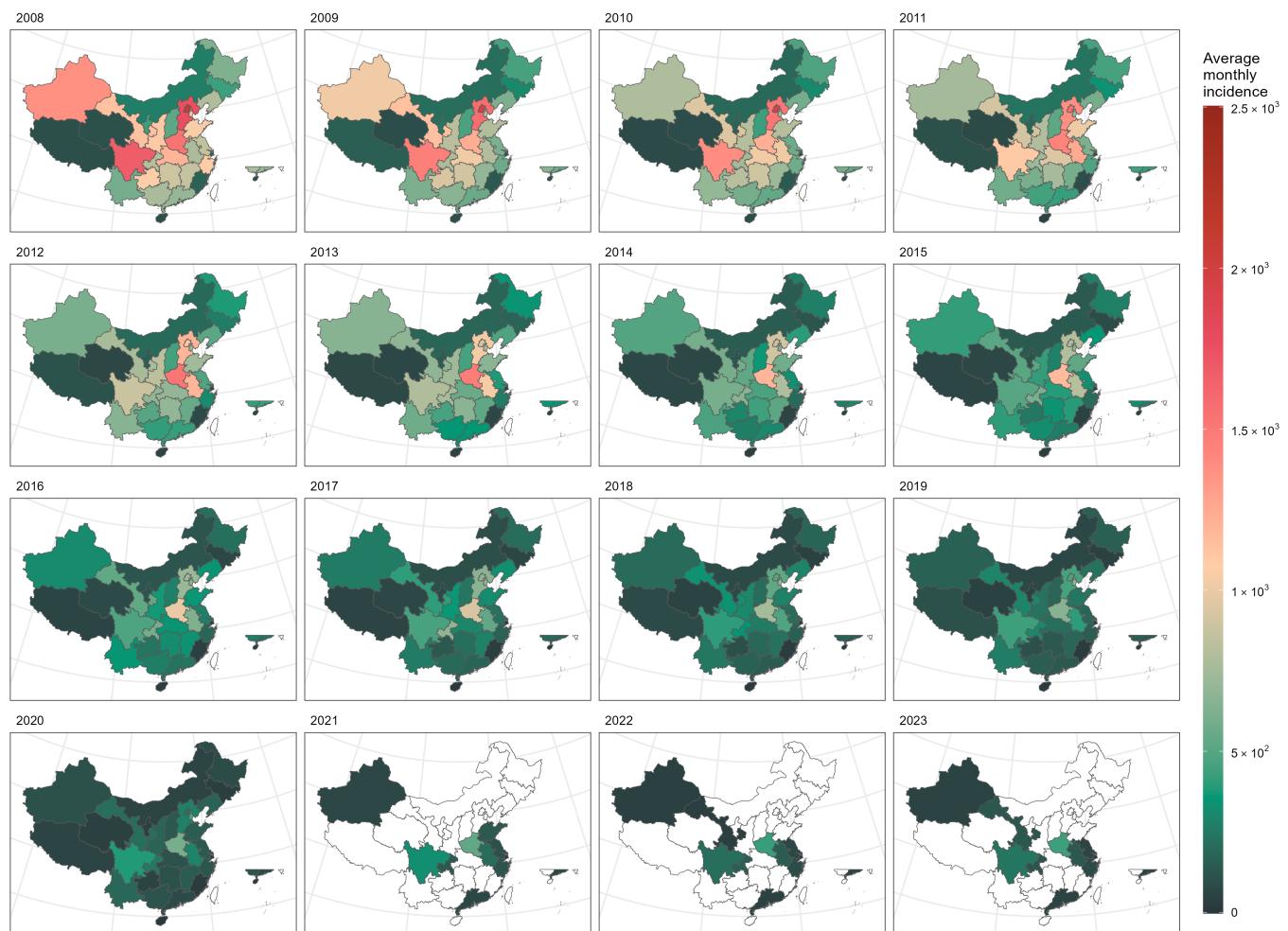
B



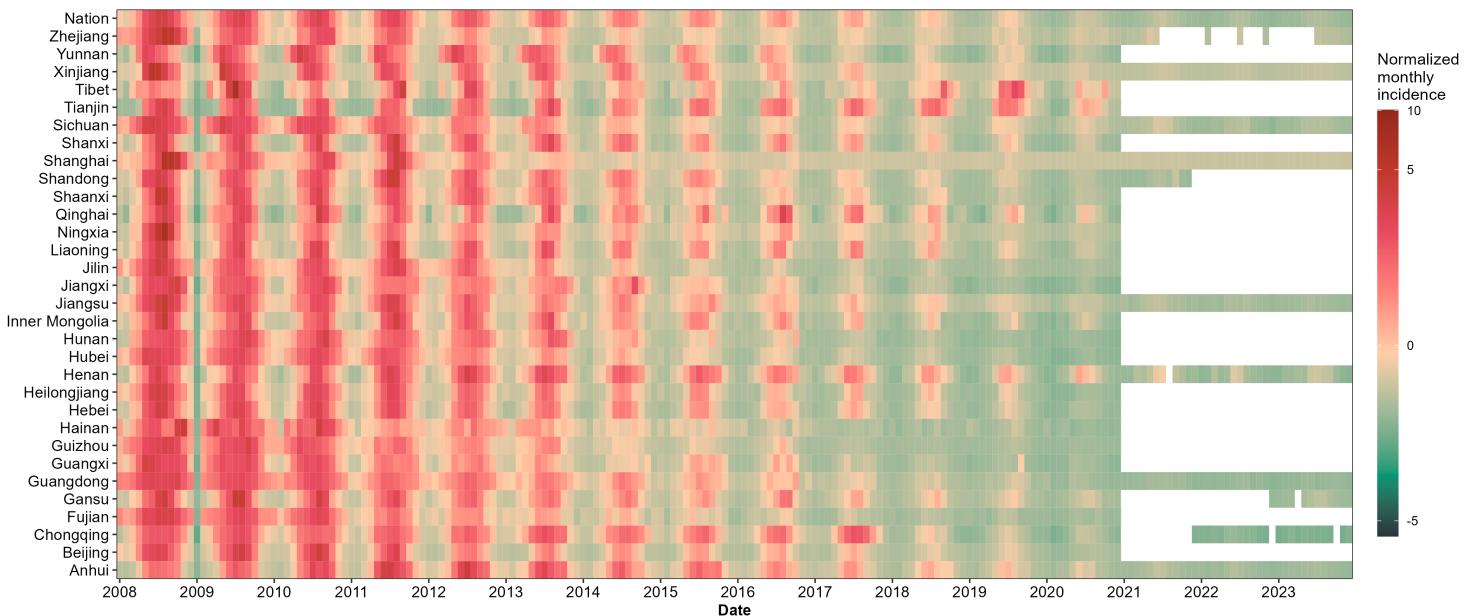
**Supplementary Fig. 26. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of infectious diarrhea in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence > 10.

A



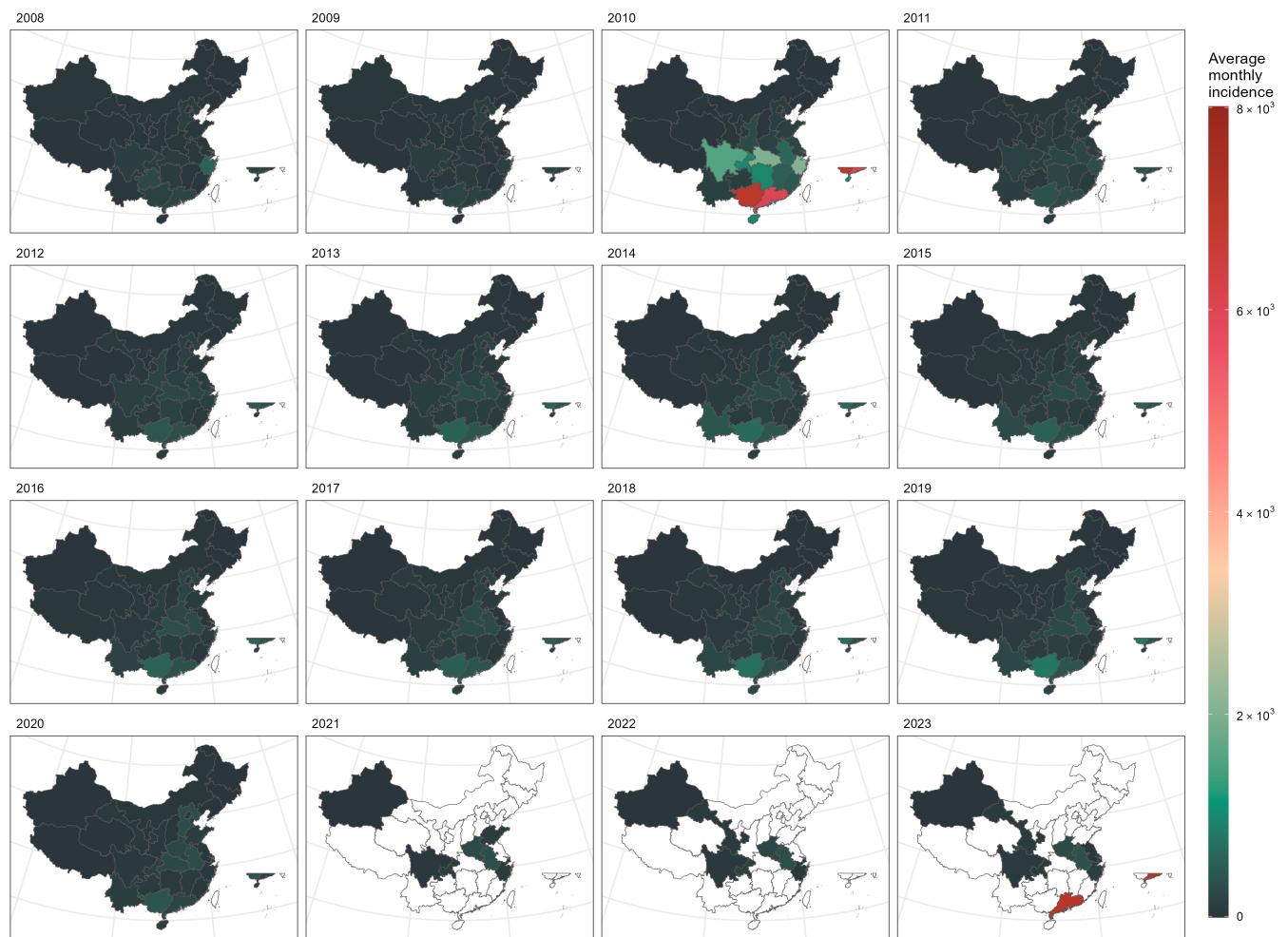
B



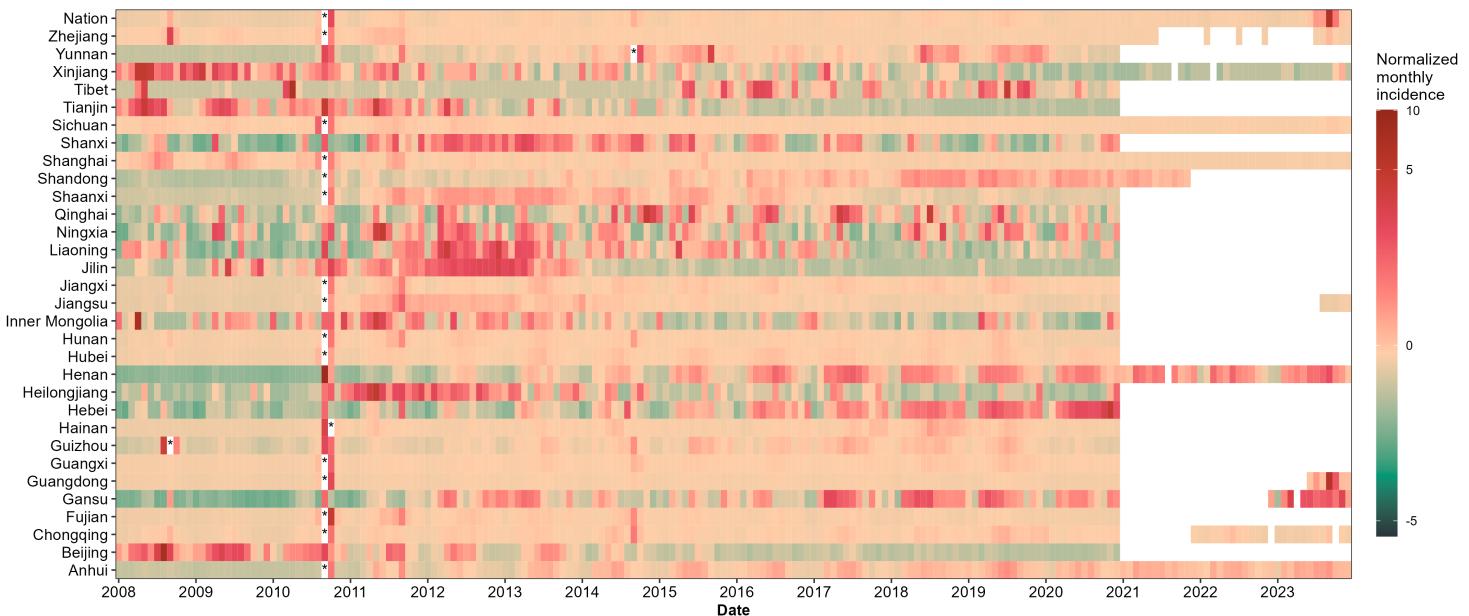
**Supplementary Fig. 27. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of dysentery in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence  $> 10$ .

A



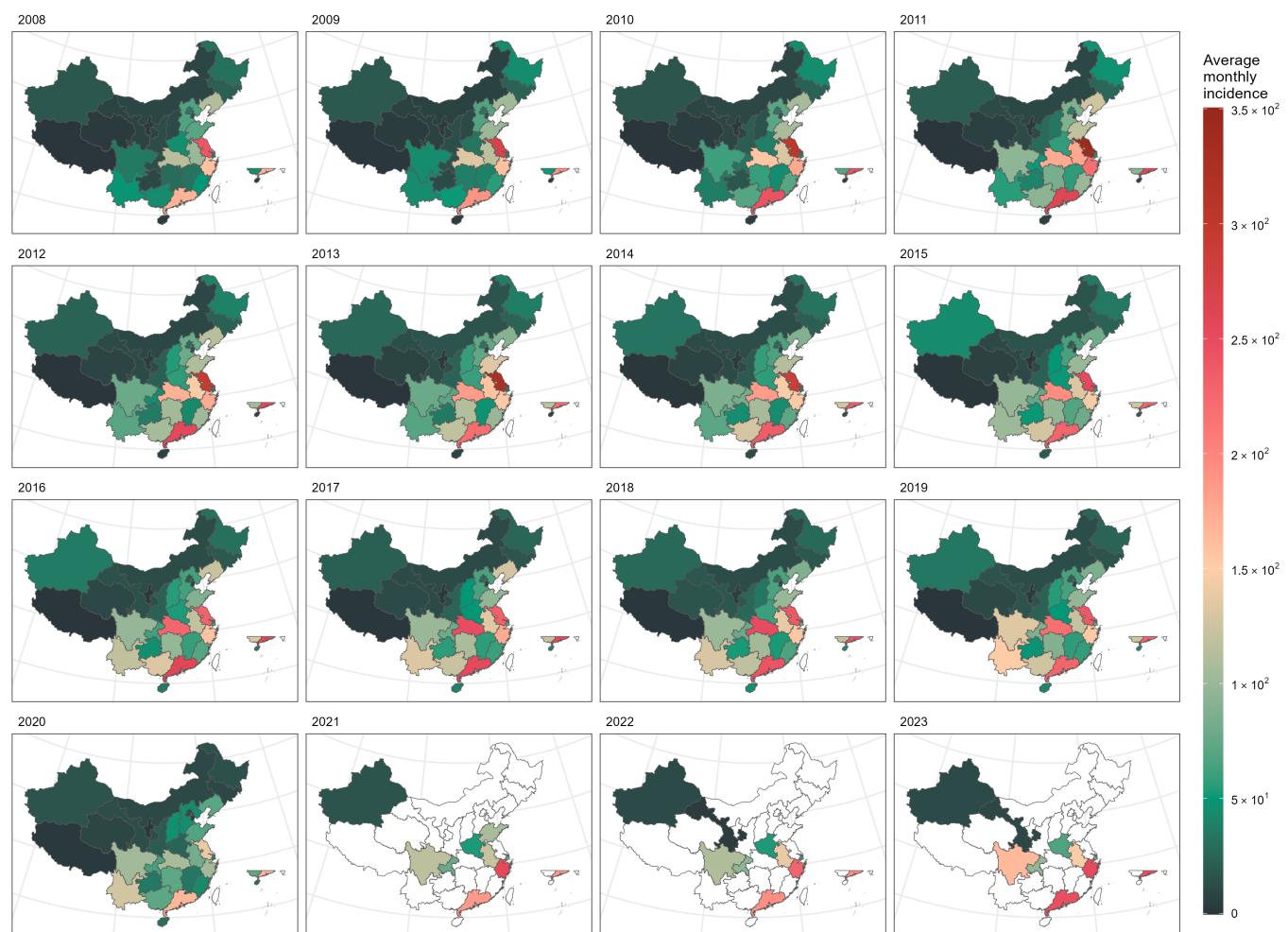
B



**Supplementary Fig. 28. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of acute hemorrhagic conjunctivitis (AHC) in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence > 10.

A



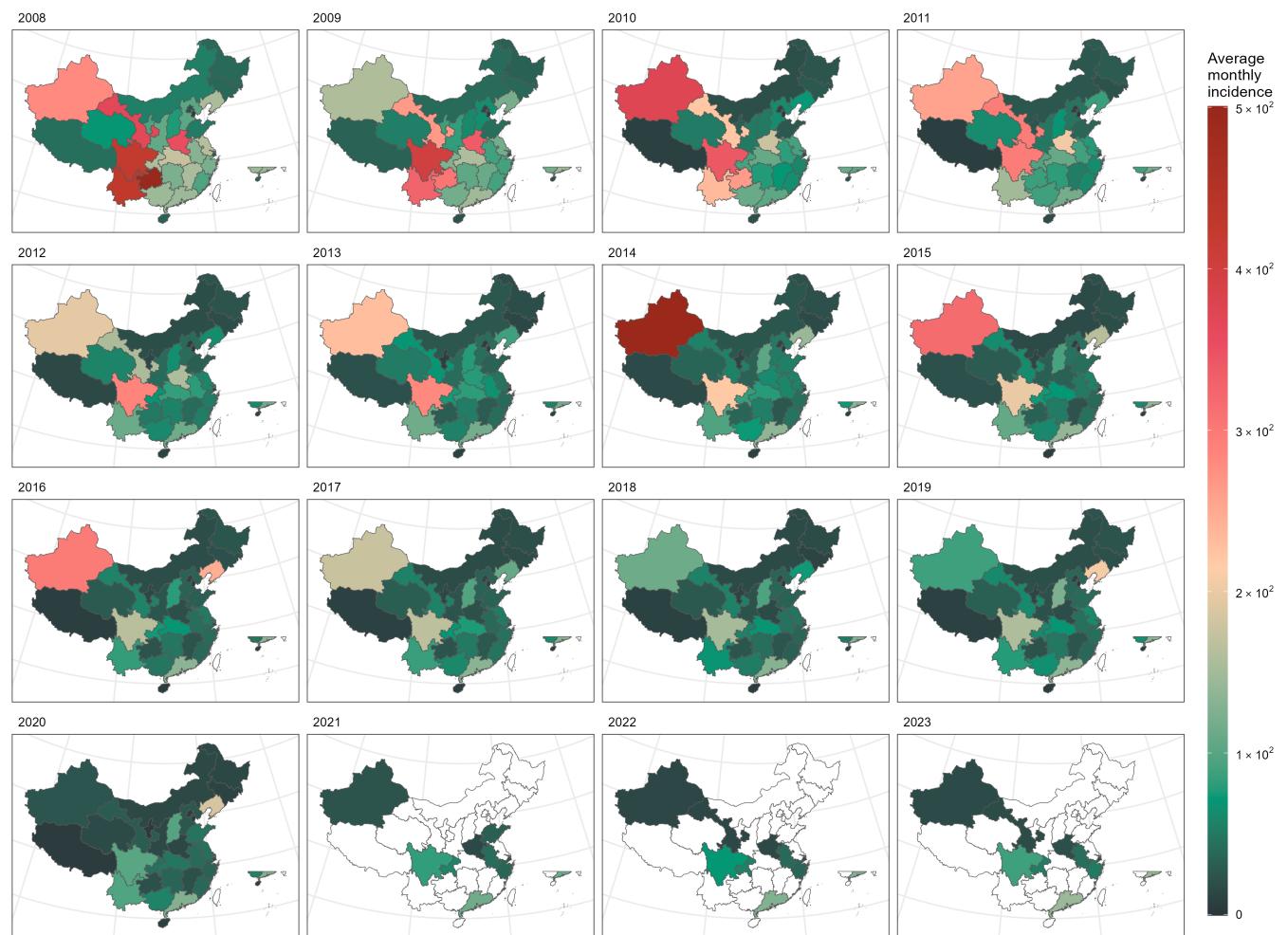
B



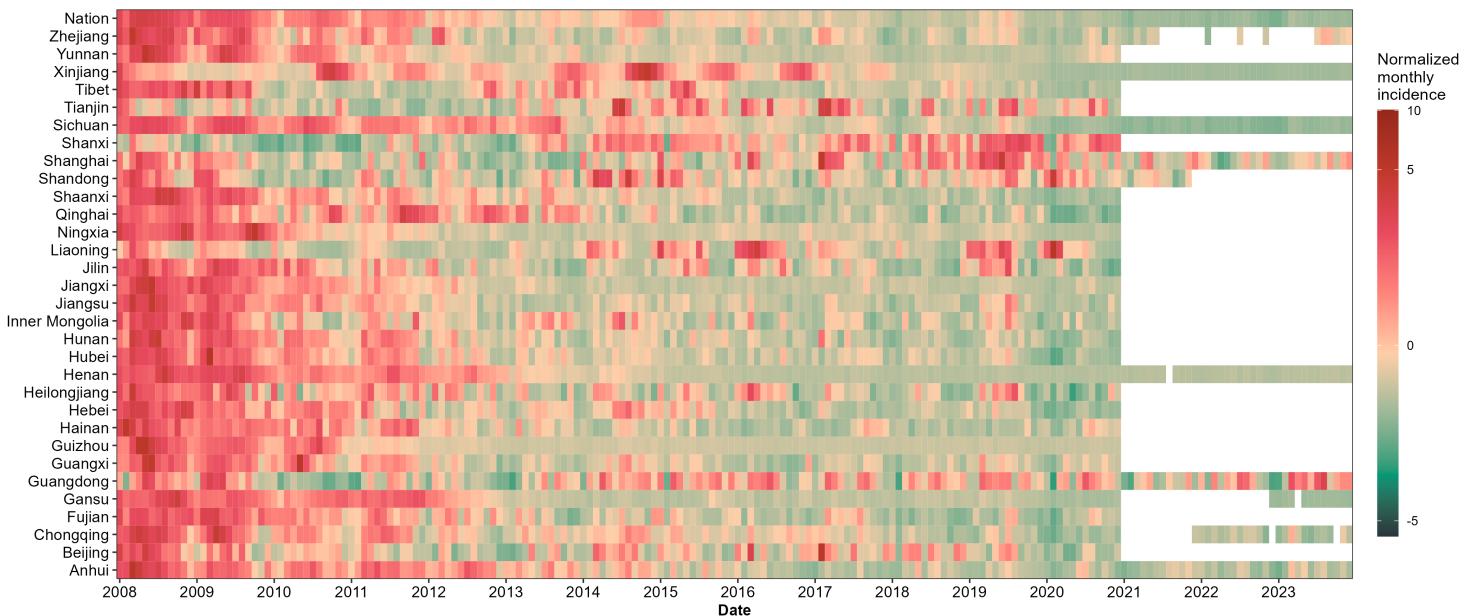
**Supplementary Fig. 29. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of hepatitis E in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence  $> 10$ .

A



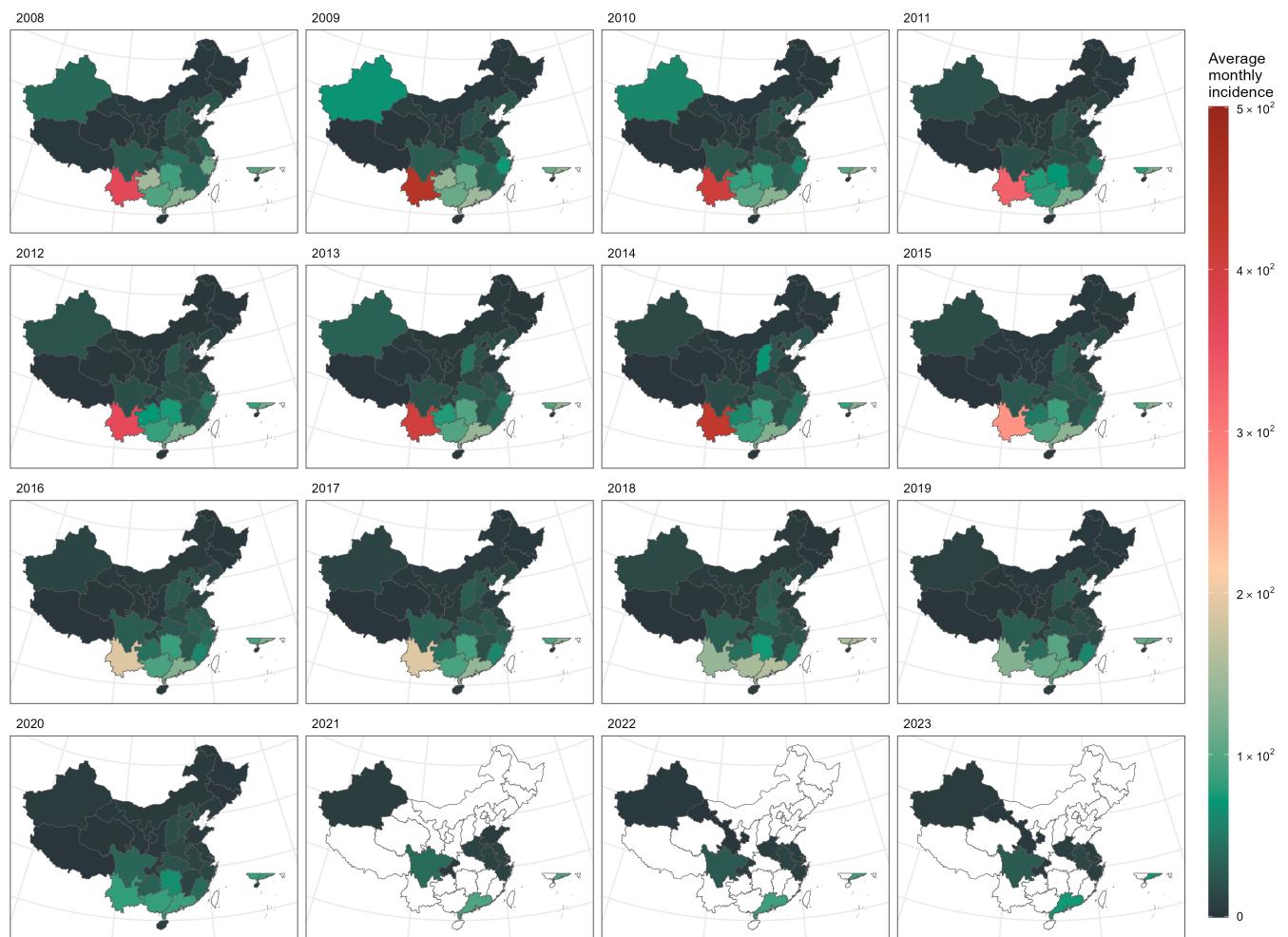
B



**Supplementary Fig. 30. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of hepatitis A in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence > 10.

A



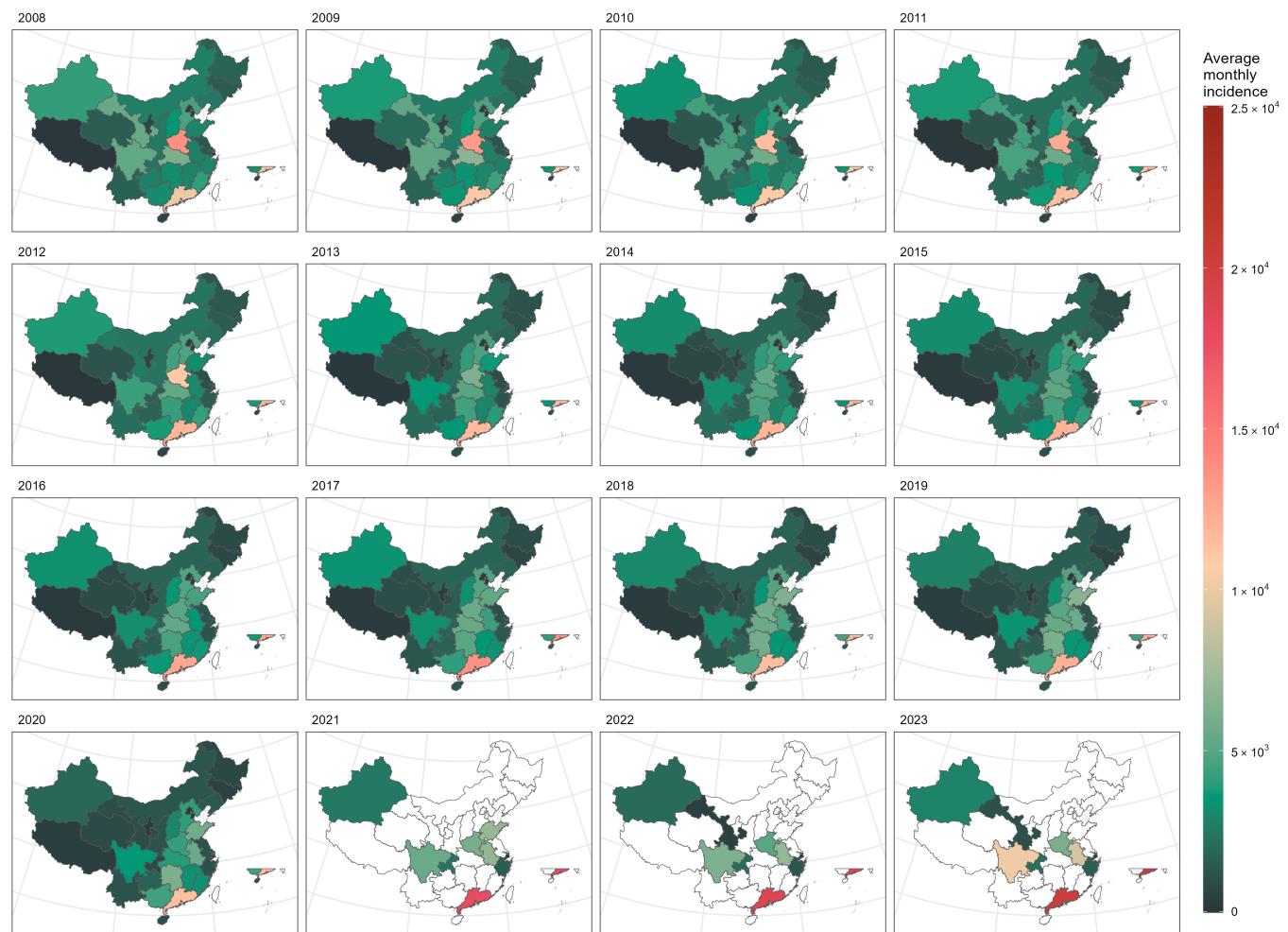
B



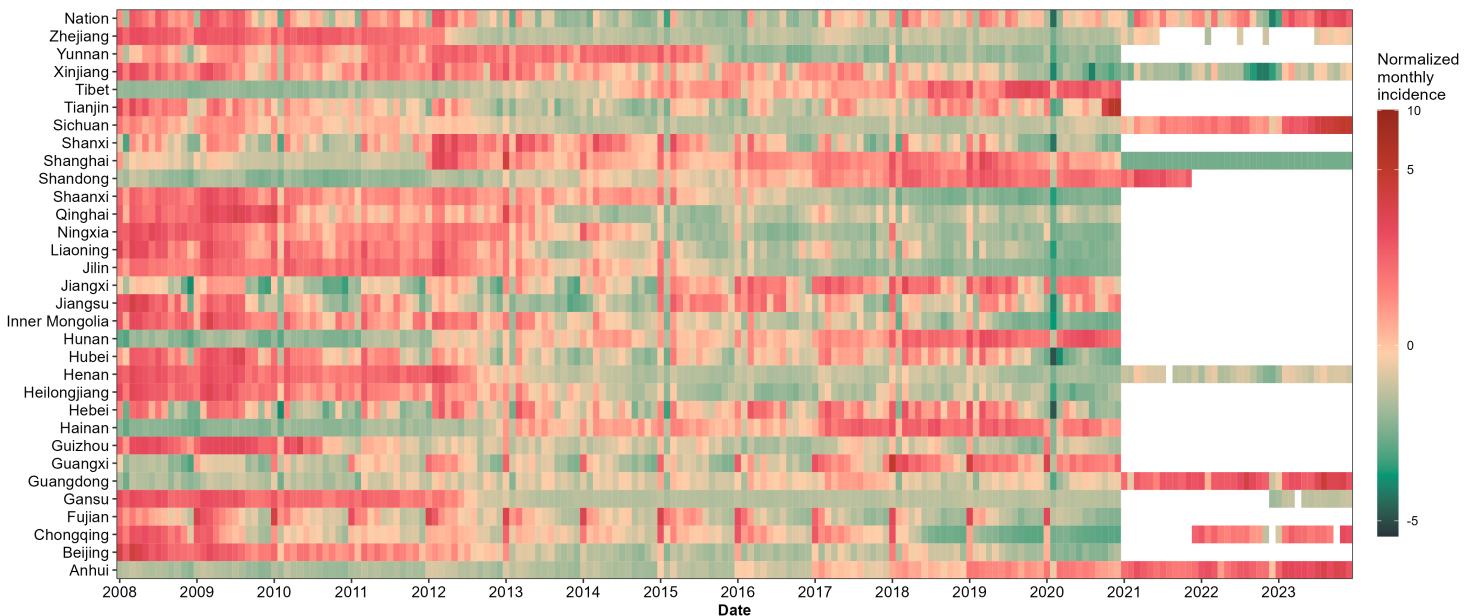
**Supplementary Fig. 31. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of enteric fever in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence  $> 10$ .

A



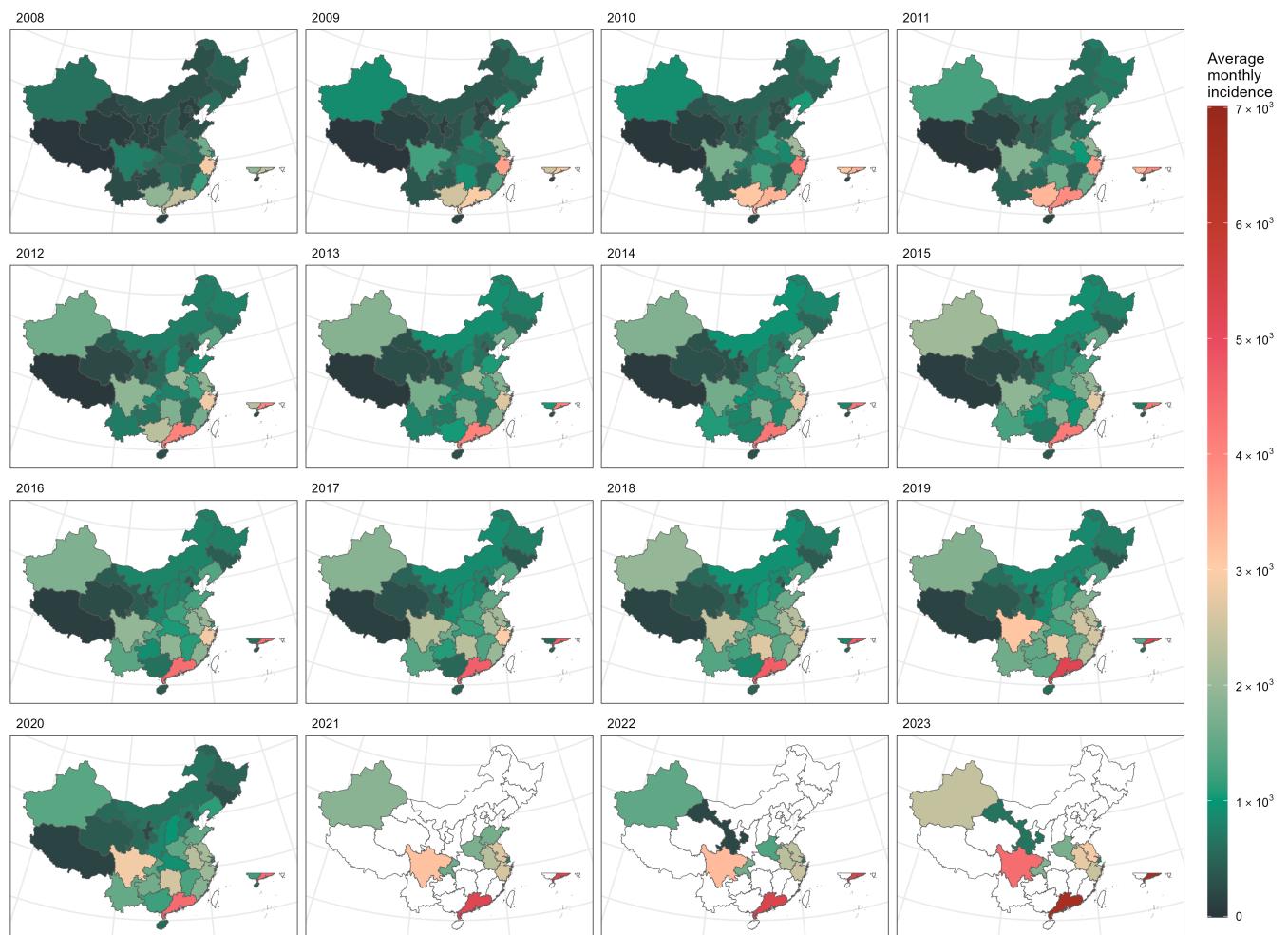
B



**Supplementary Fig. 32. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of hepatitis B in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence  $> 10$ .

A



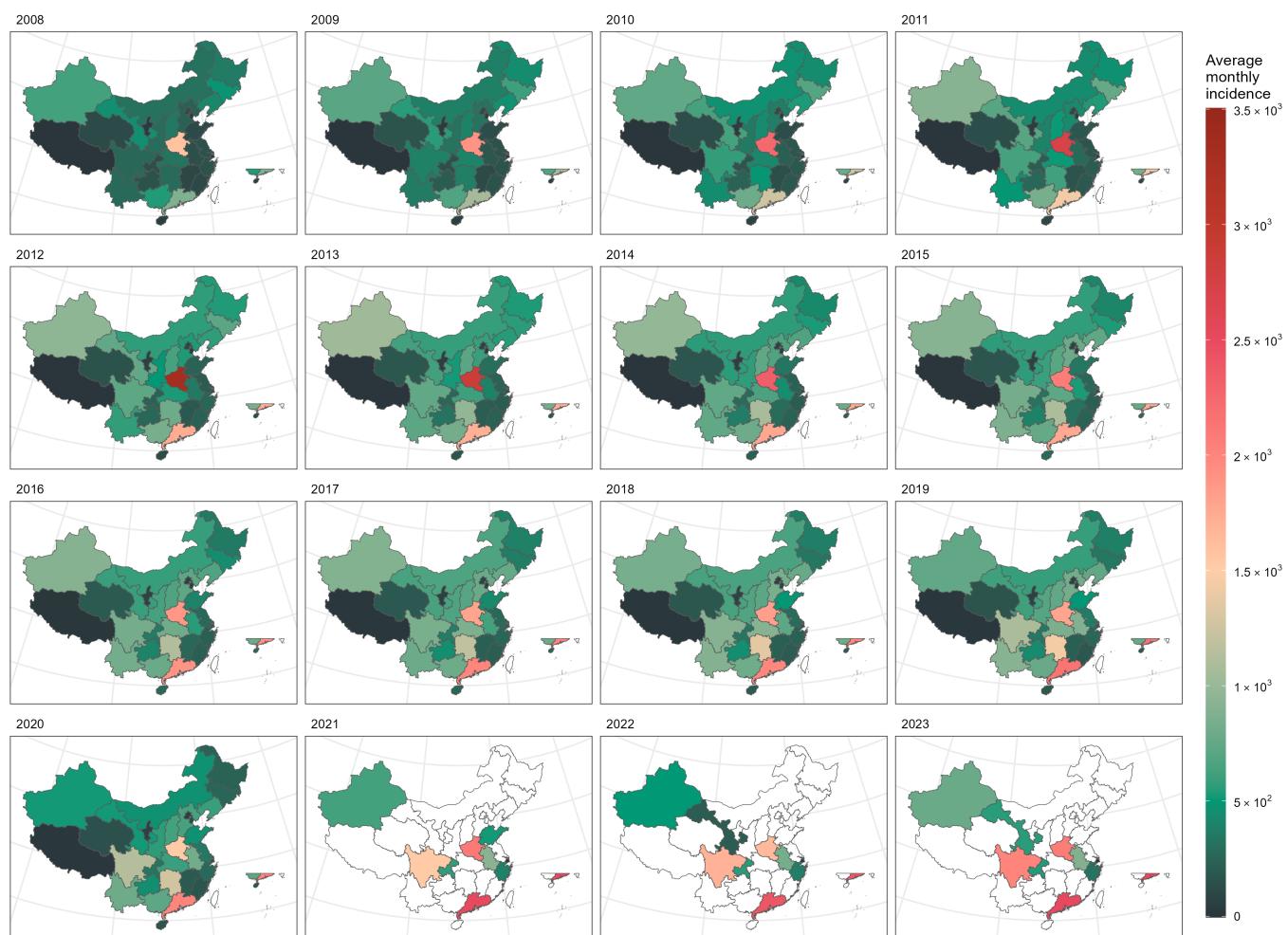
B



**Supplementary Fig. 33. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of syphilis in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence  $> 10$ .

A



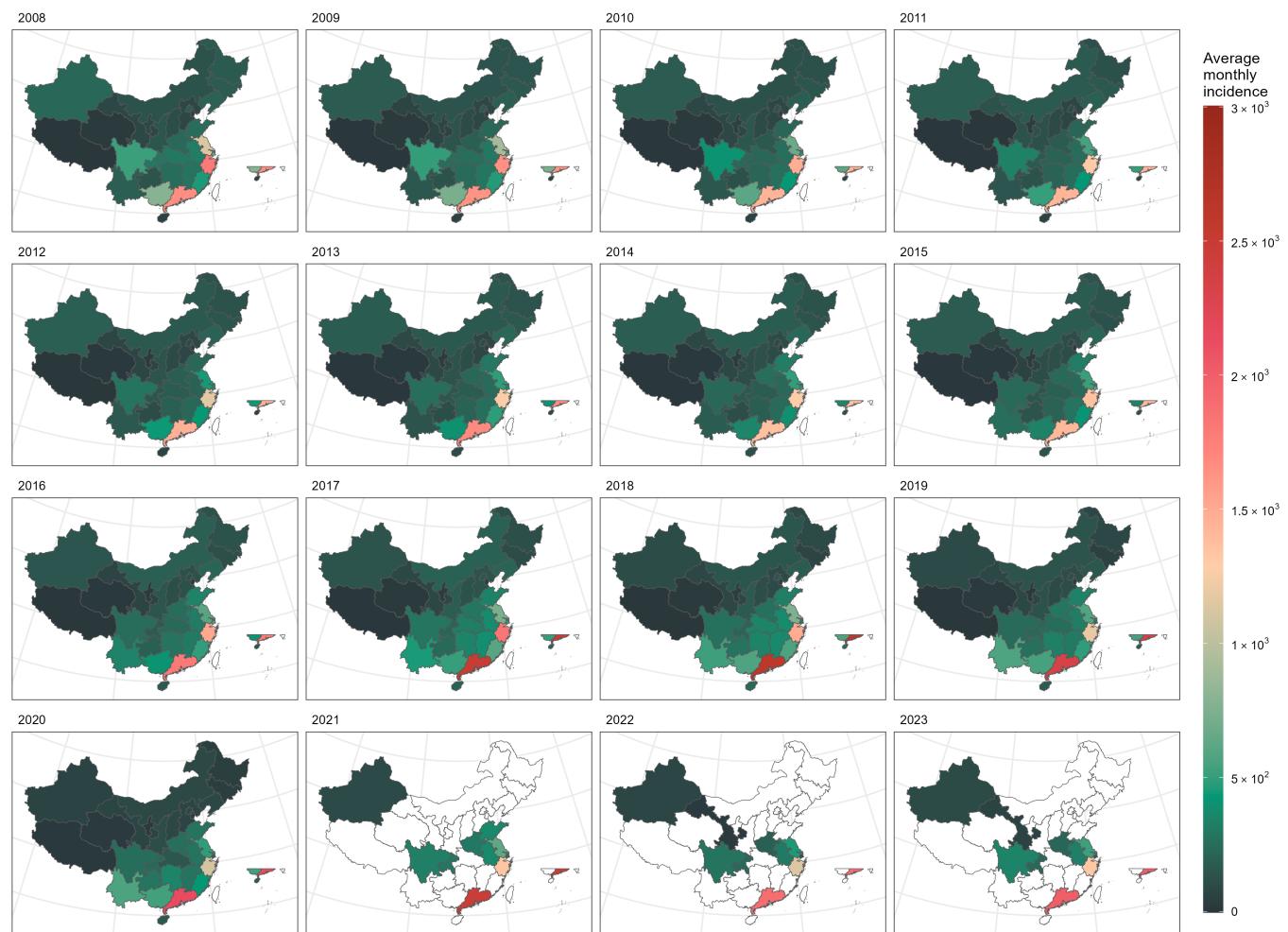
B



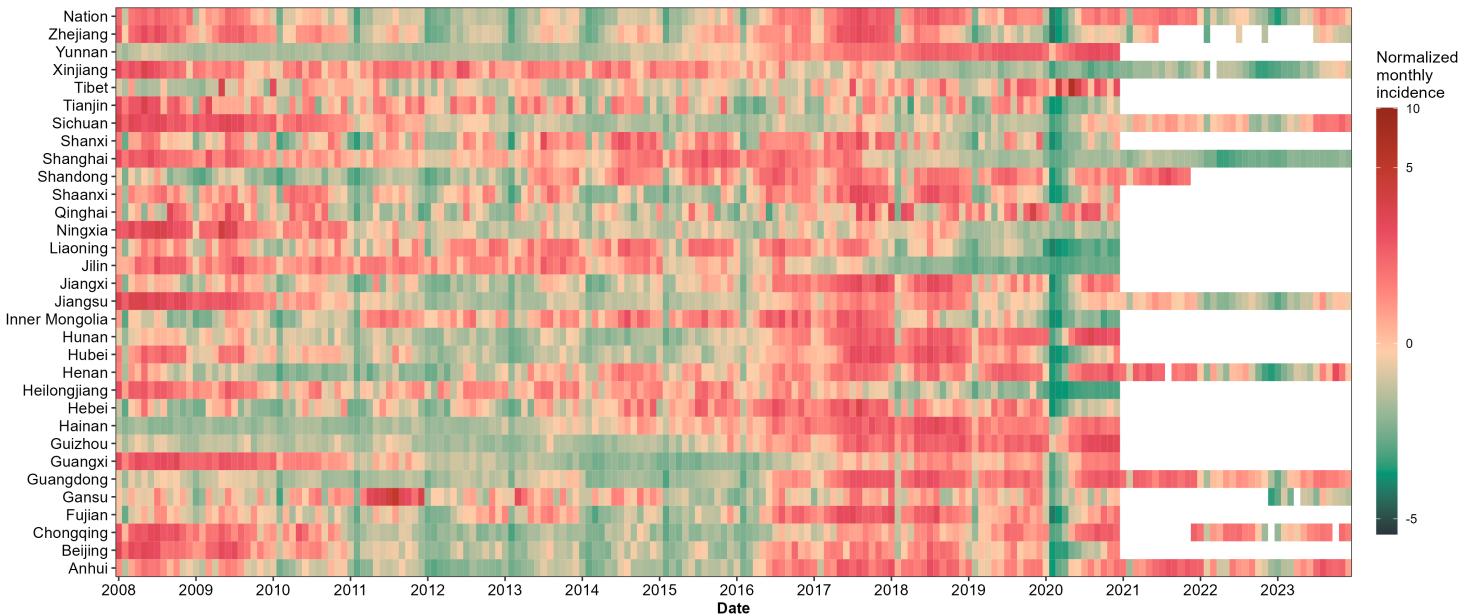
**Supplementary Fig. 34. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of hepatitis C in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence  $> 10$ .

A



B

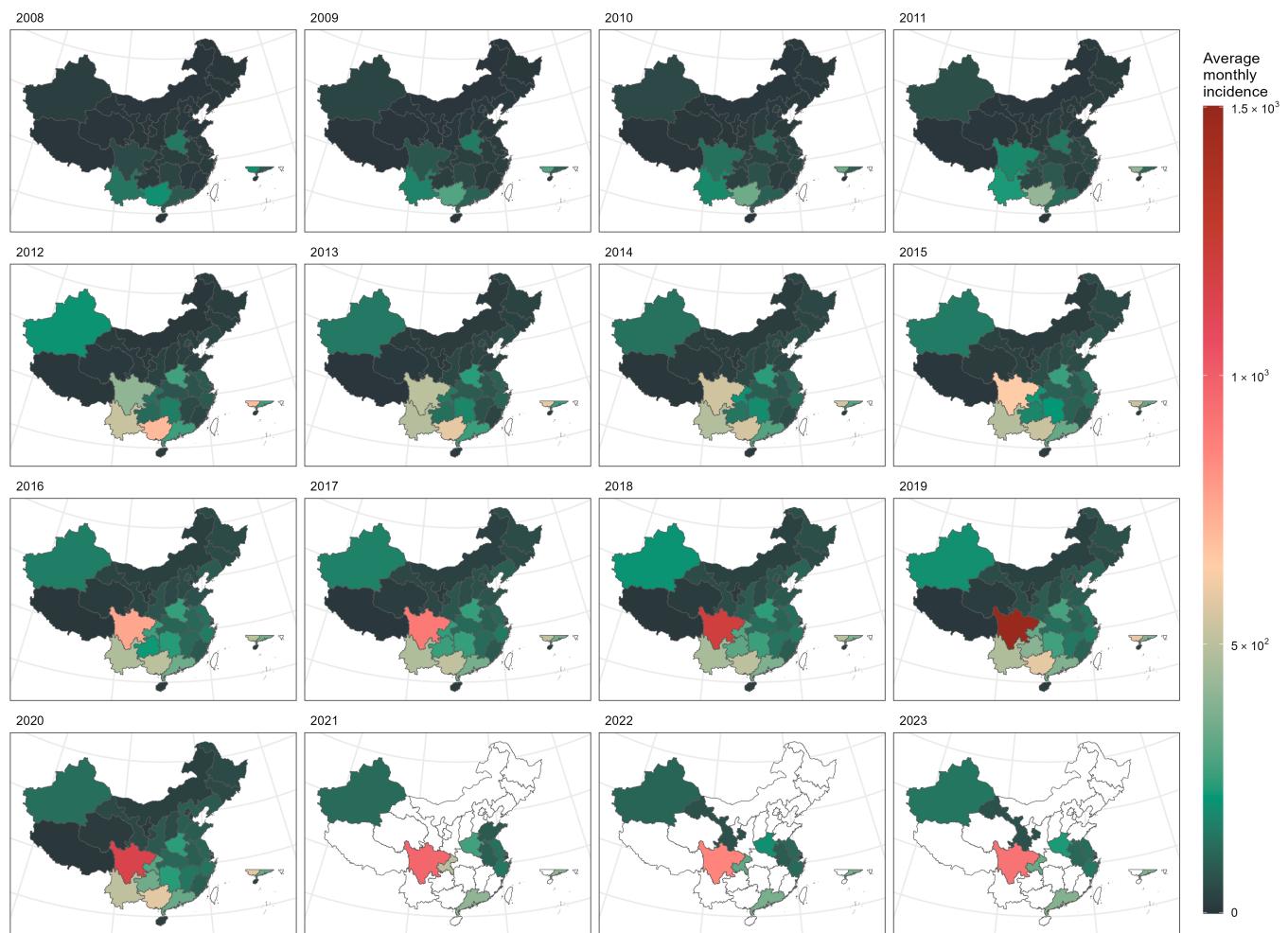


**Supplementary Fig. 35. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of gonorrhea in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

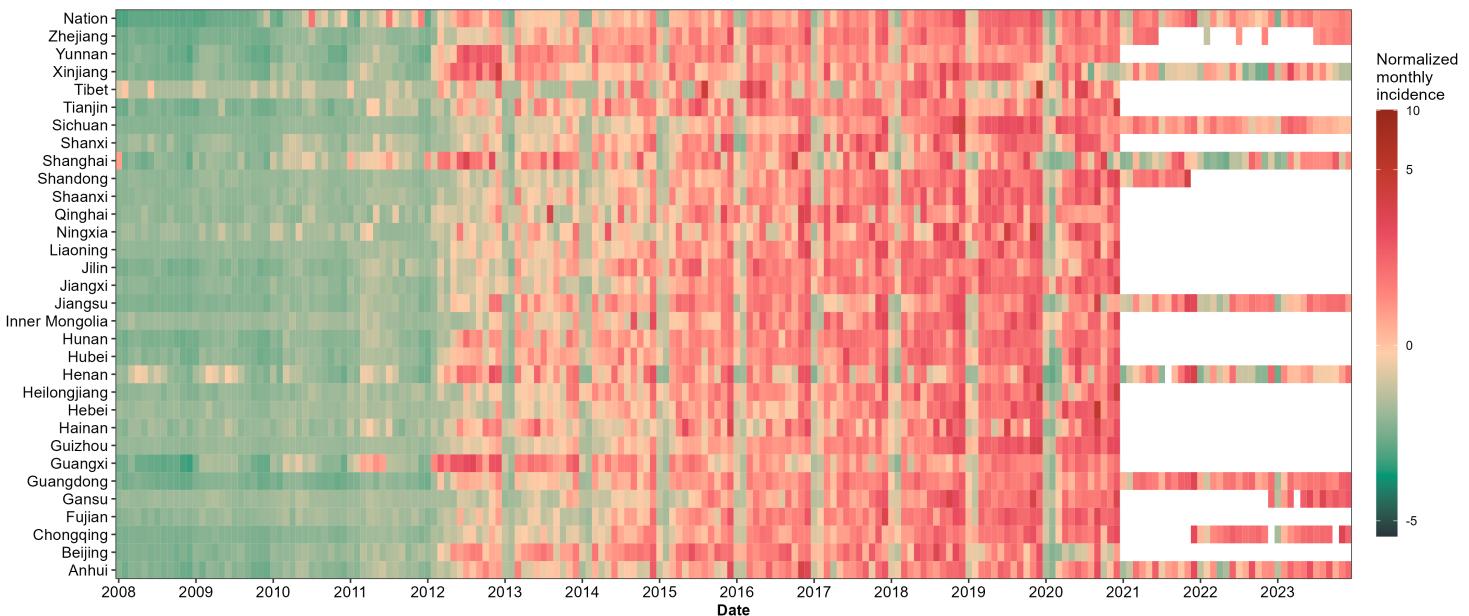
(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \*

Normalized monthly incidence > 10.

A



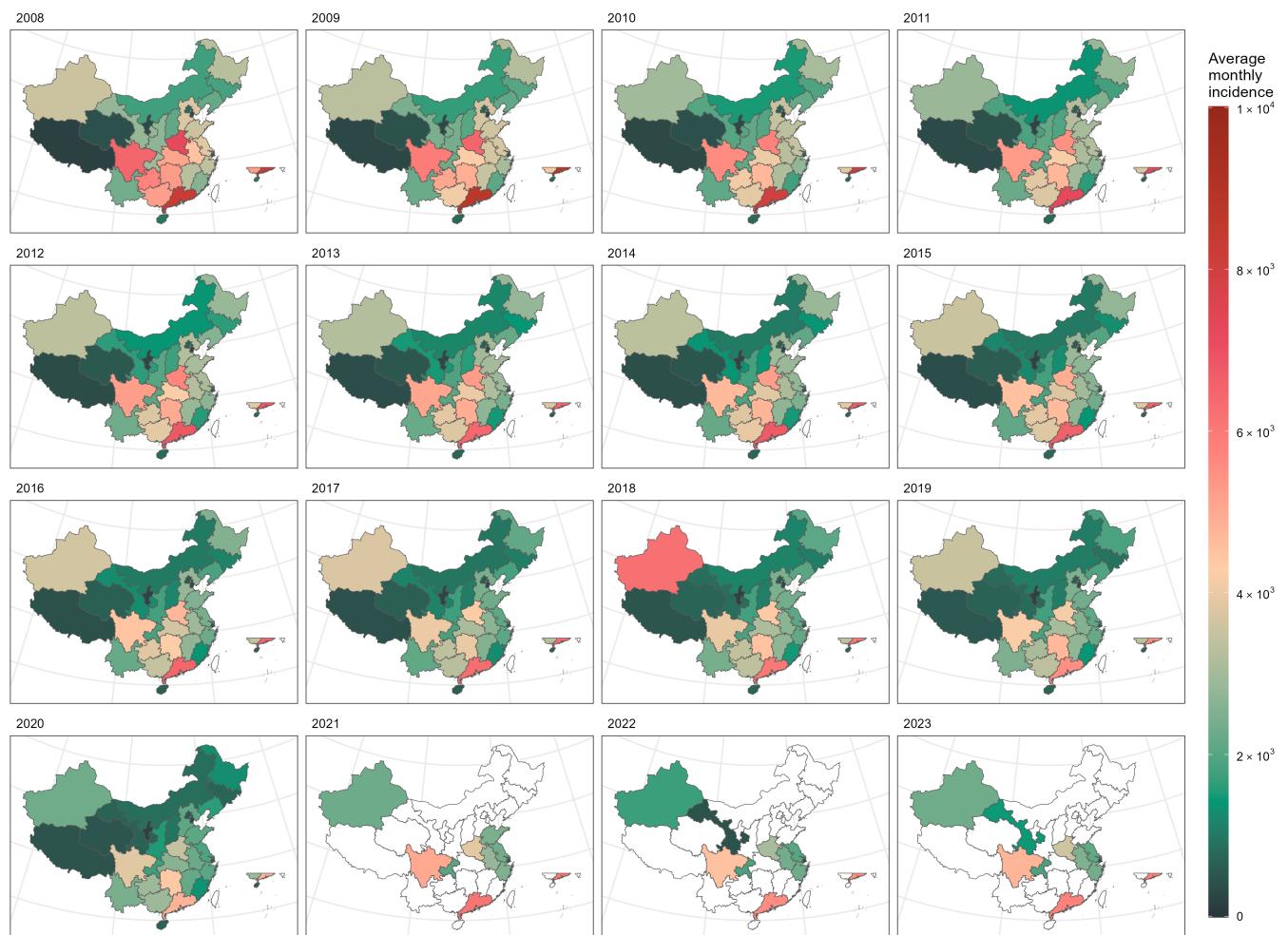
B



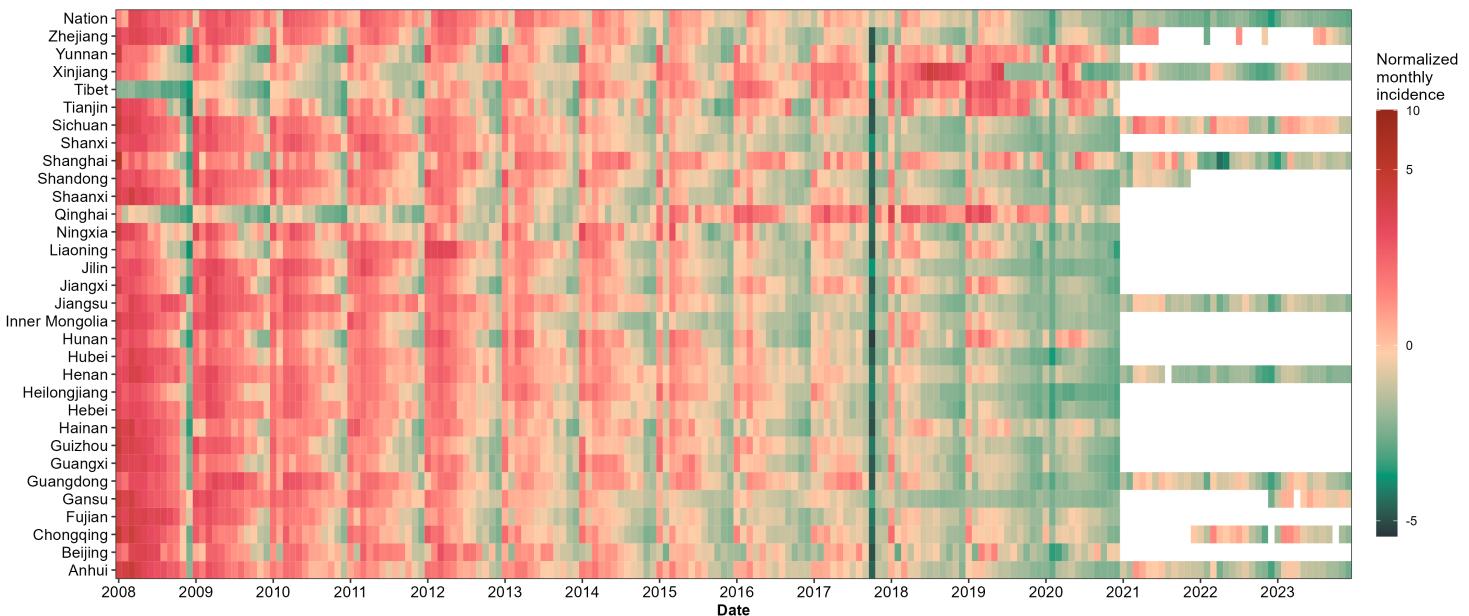
**Supplementary Fig. 36. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of acquired immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS) in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence > 10.

A



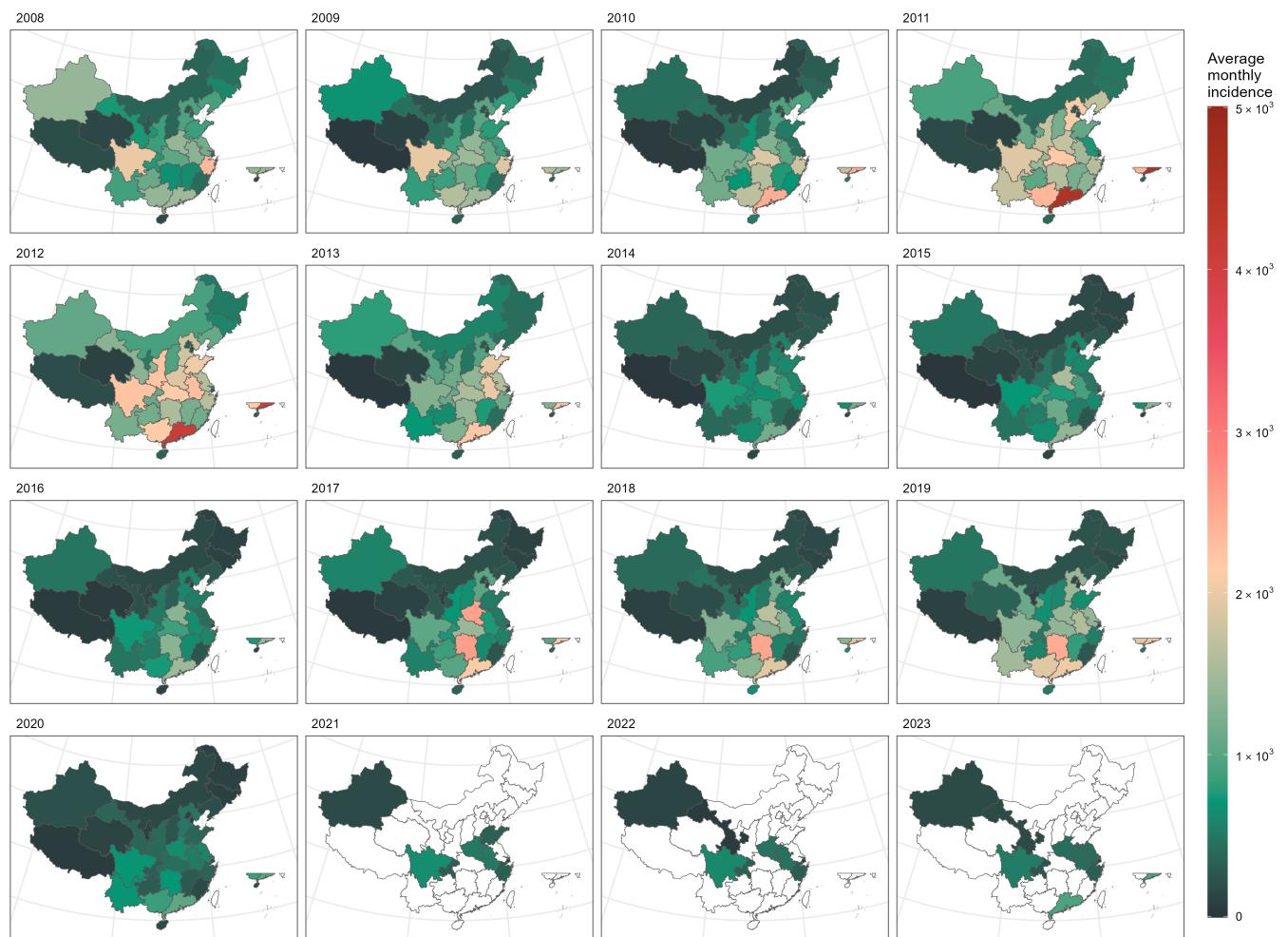
B



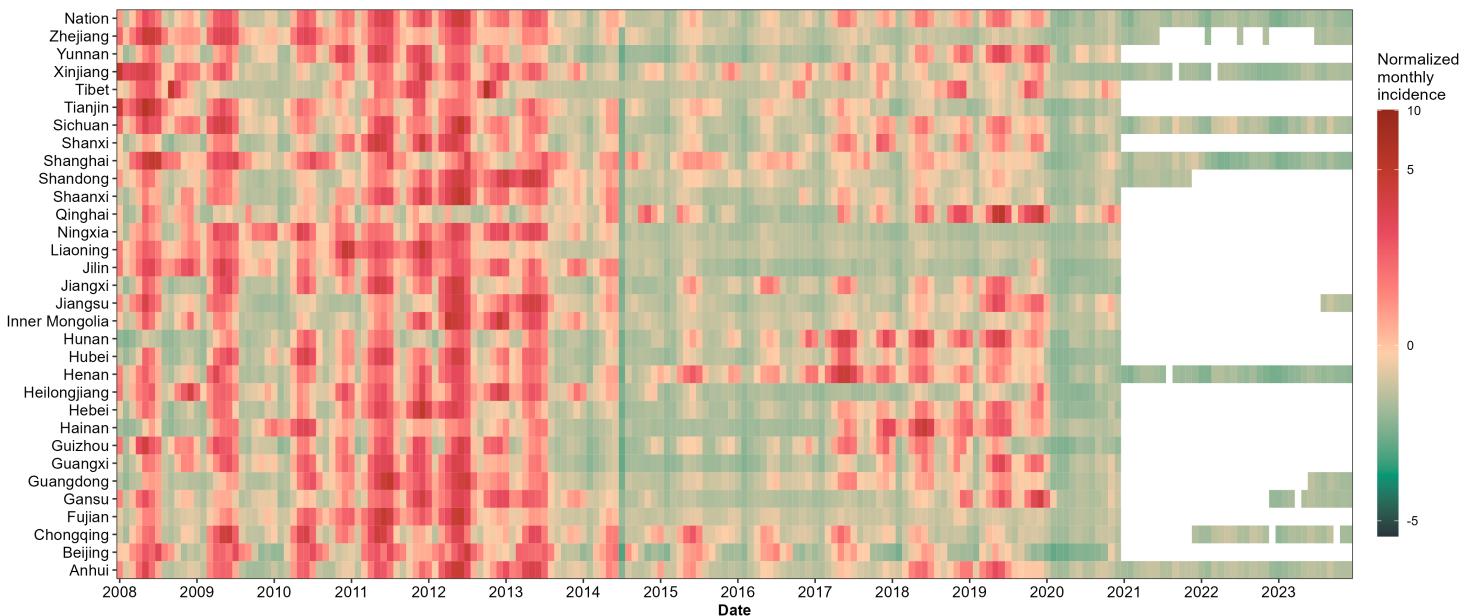
**Supplementary Fig. 37. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of tuberculosis in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence  $> 10$ .

A



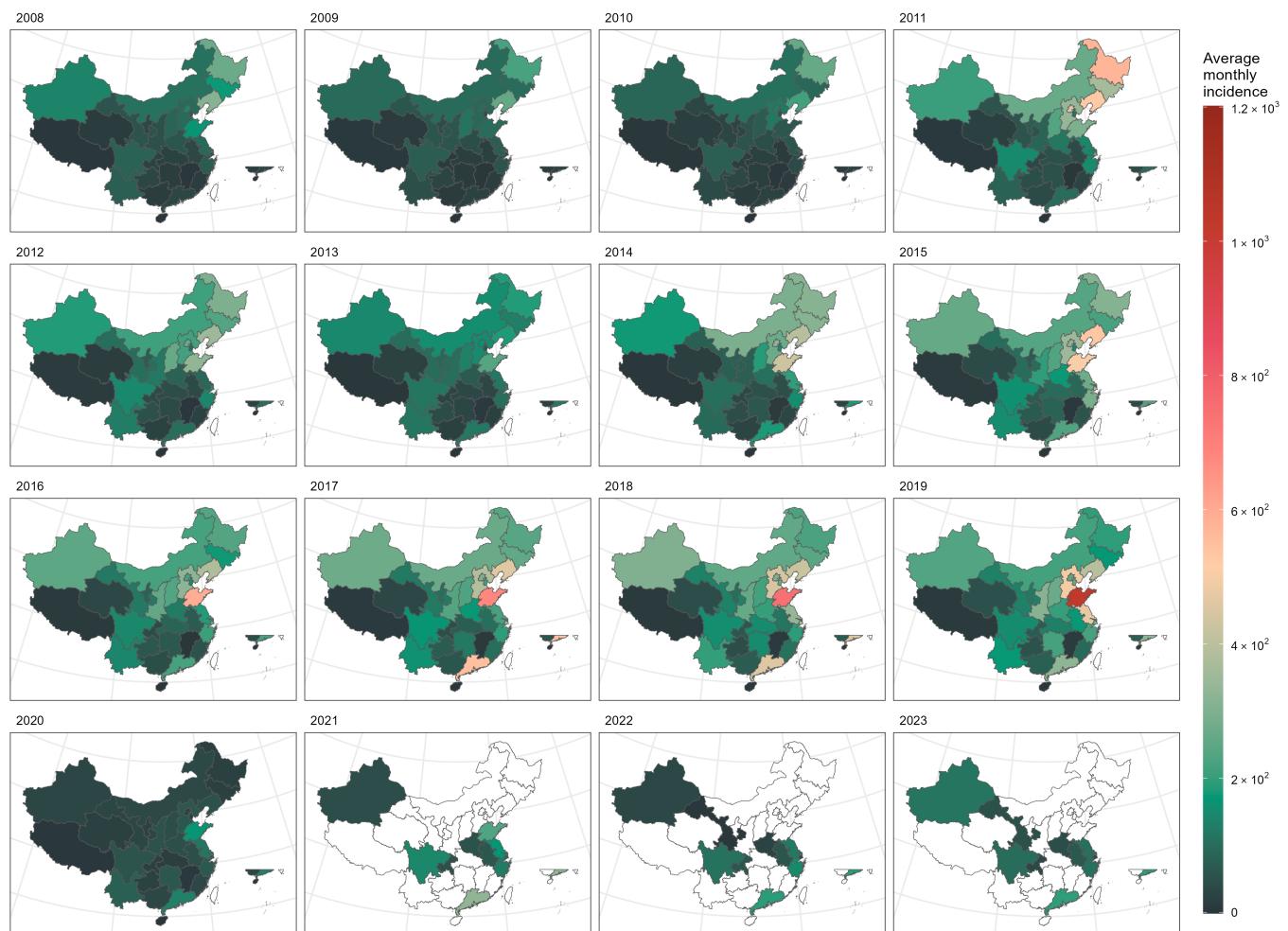
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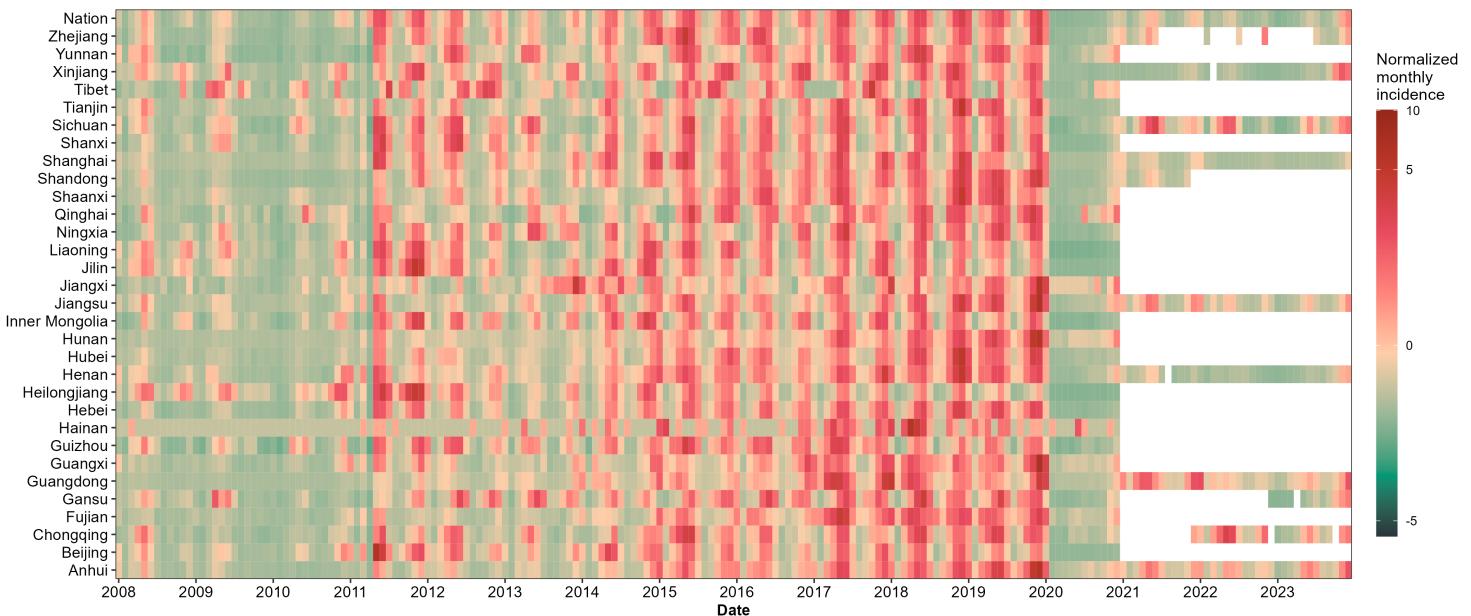
**Supplementary Fig. 38. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of mumps in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence > 10.

A



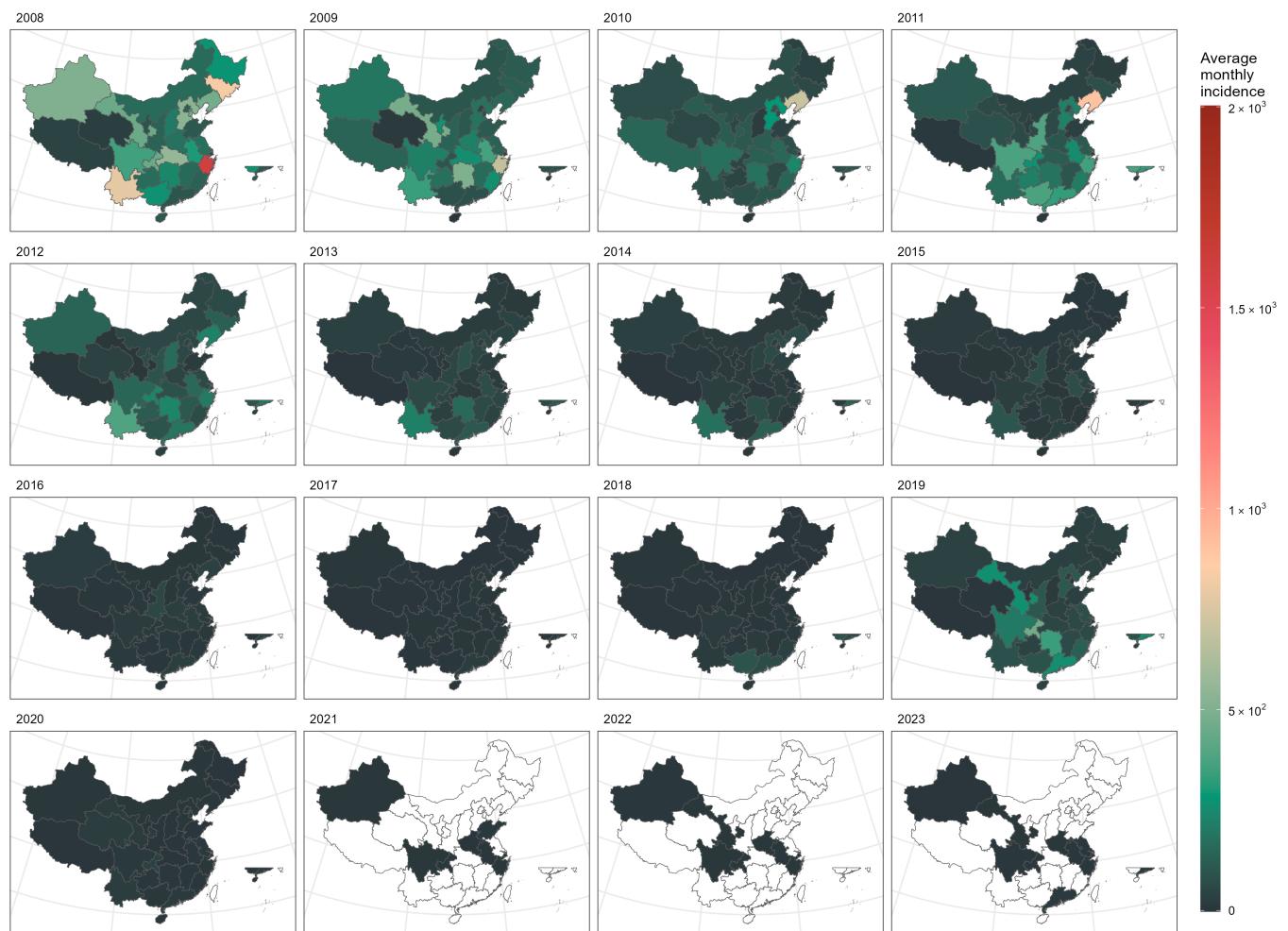
B



**Supplementary Fig. 39. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of scarlet fever in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence > 10.

A



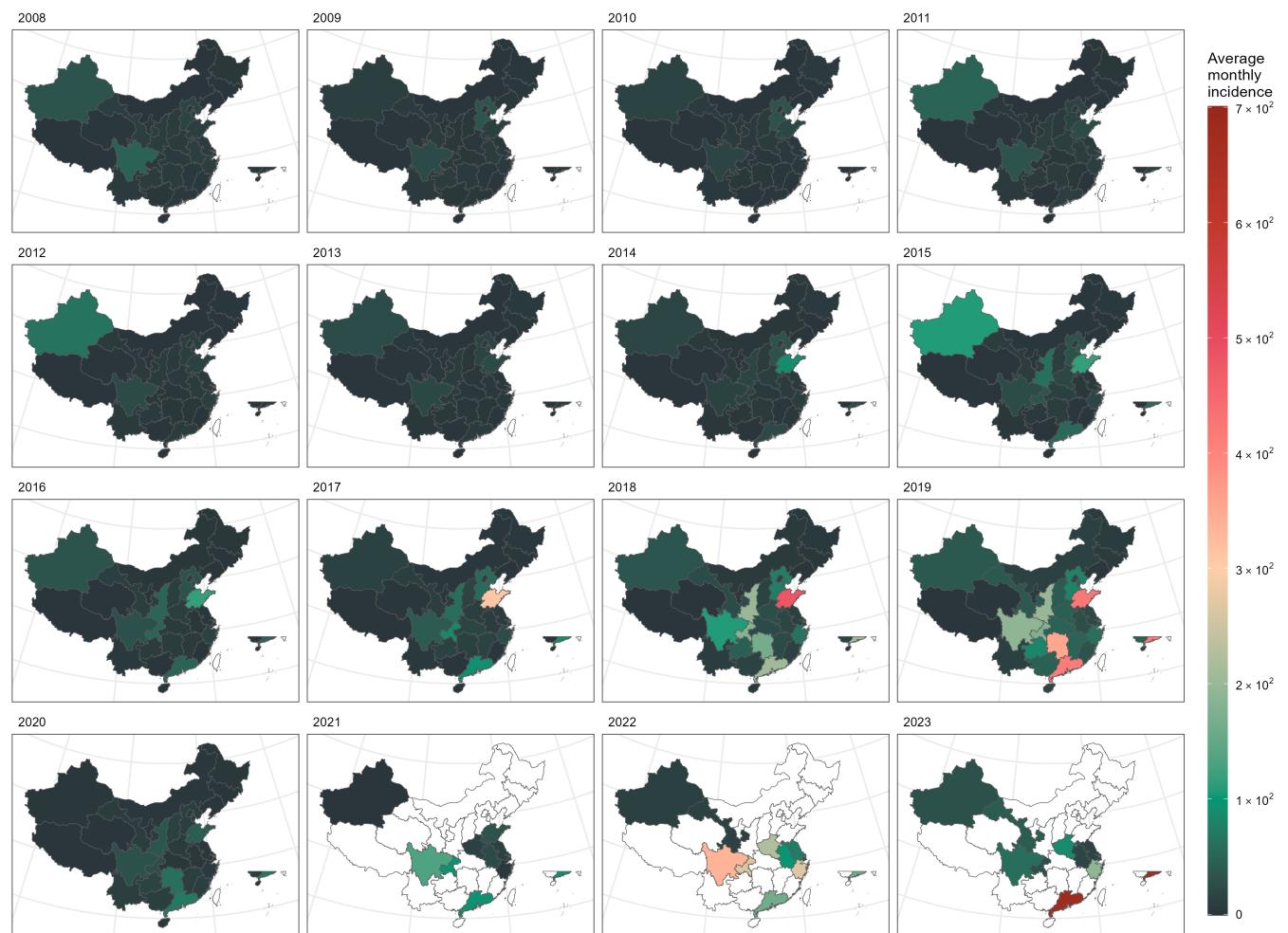
B



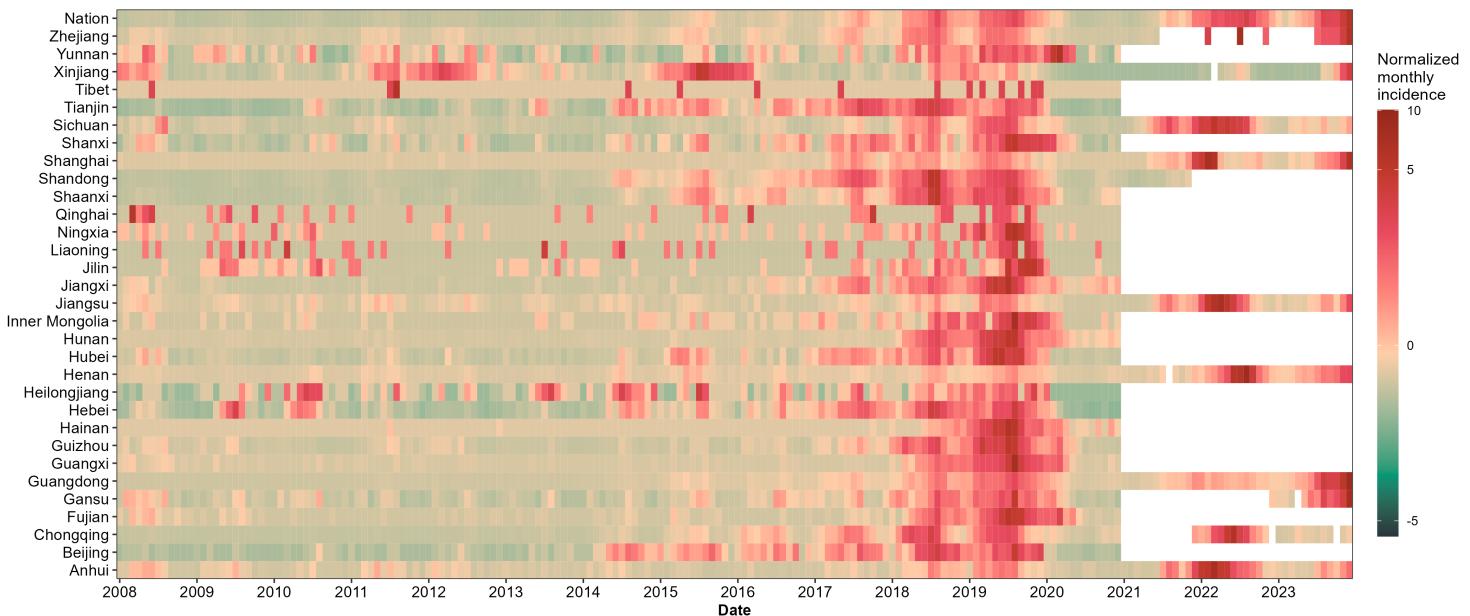
**Supplementary Fig. 40. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of rubella in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence  $> 10$ .

A



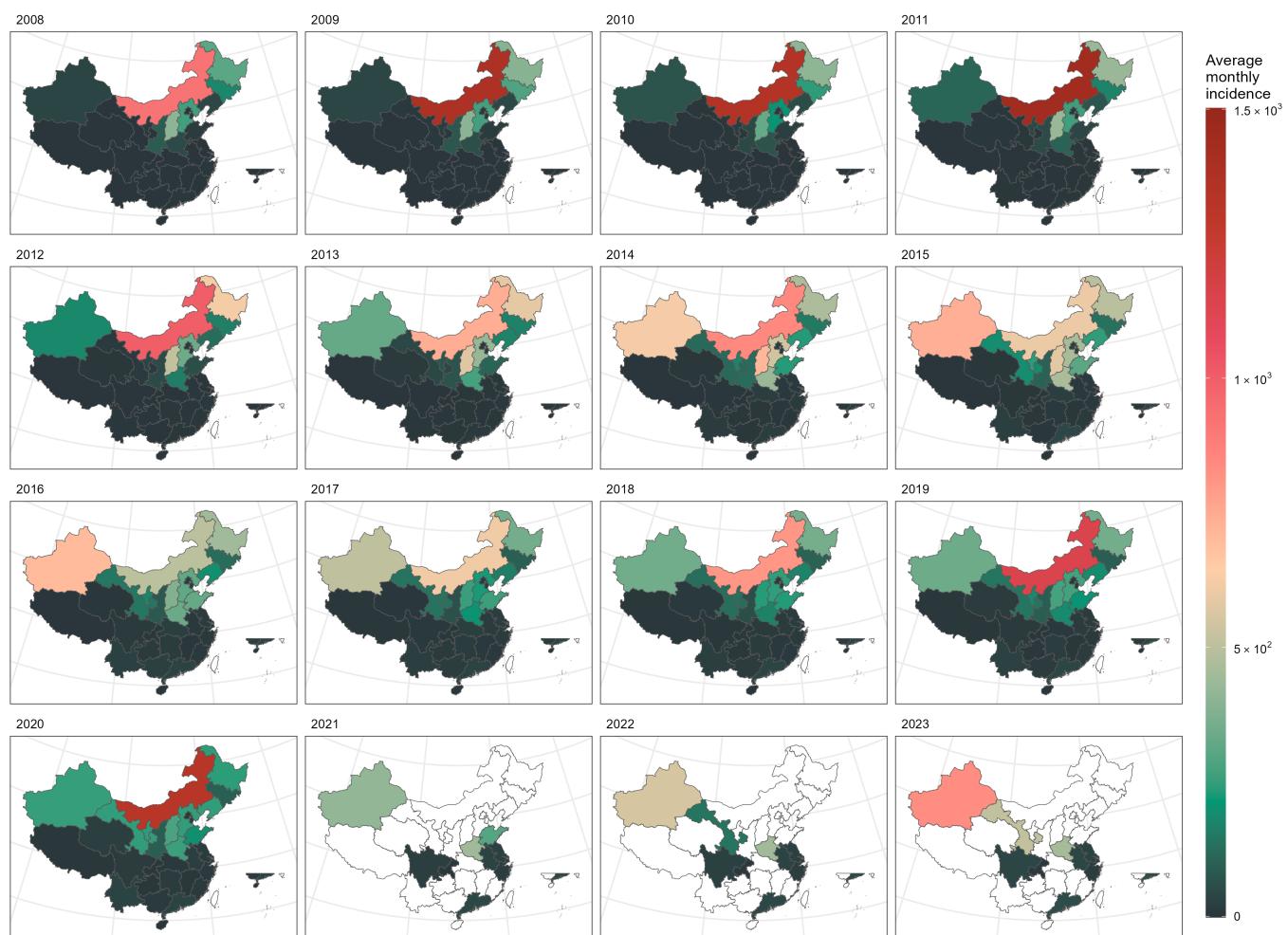
B



**Supplementary Fig. 41. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of pertussis in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence > 10.

A



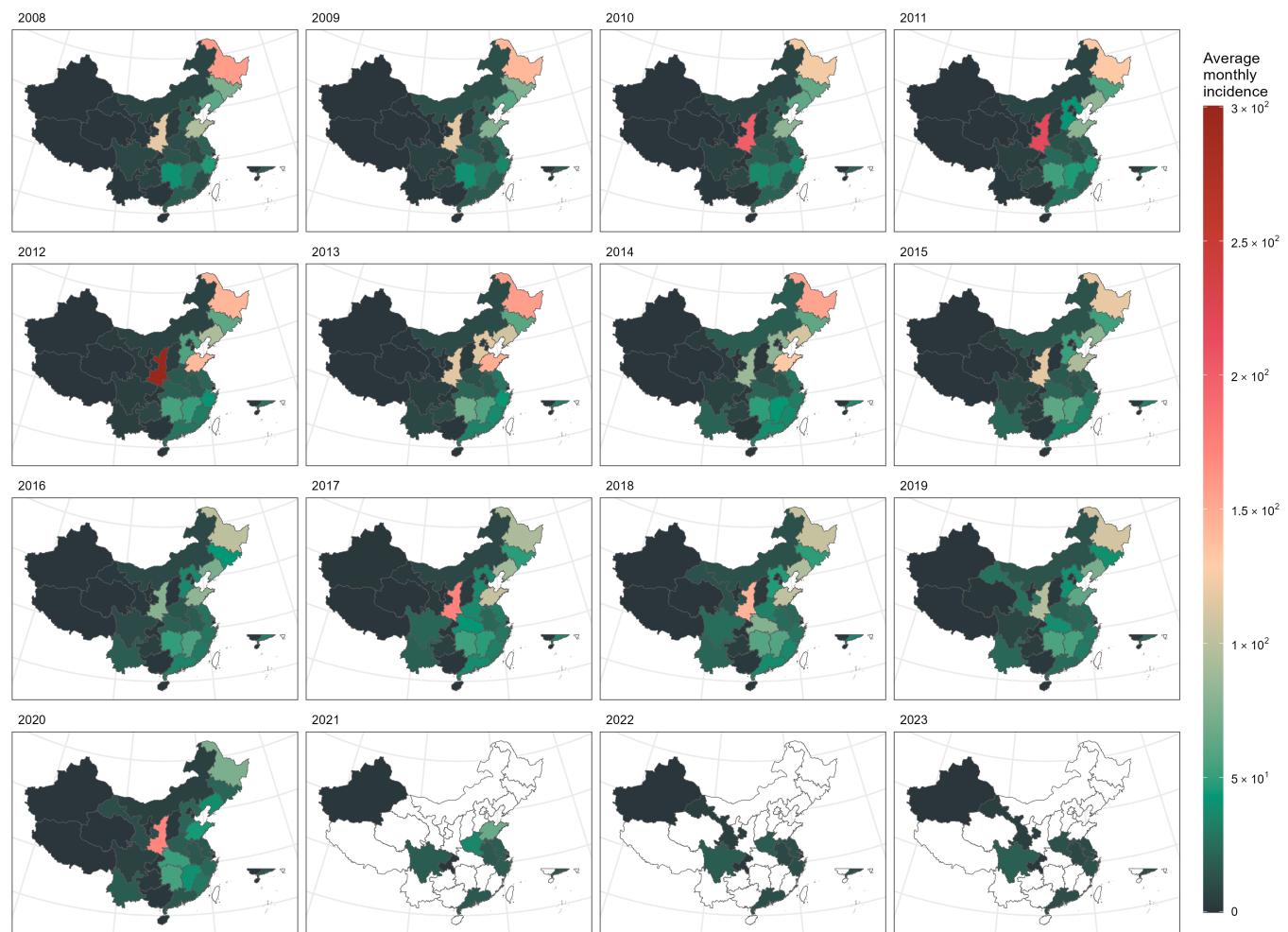
B



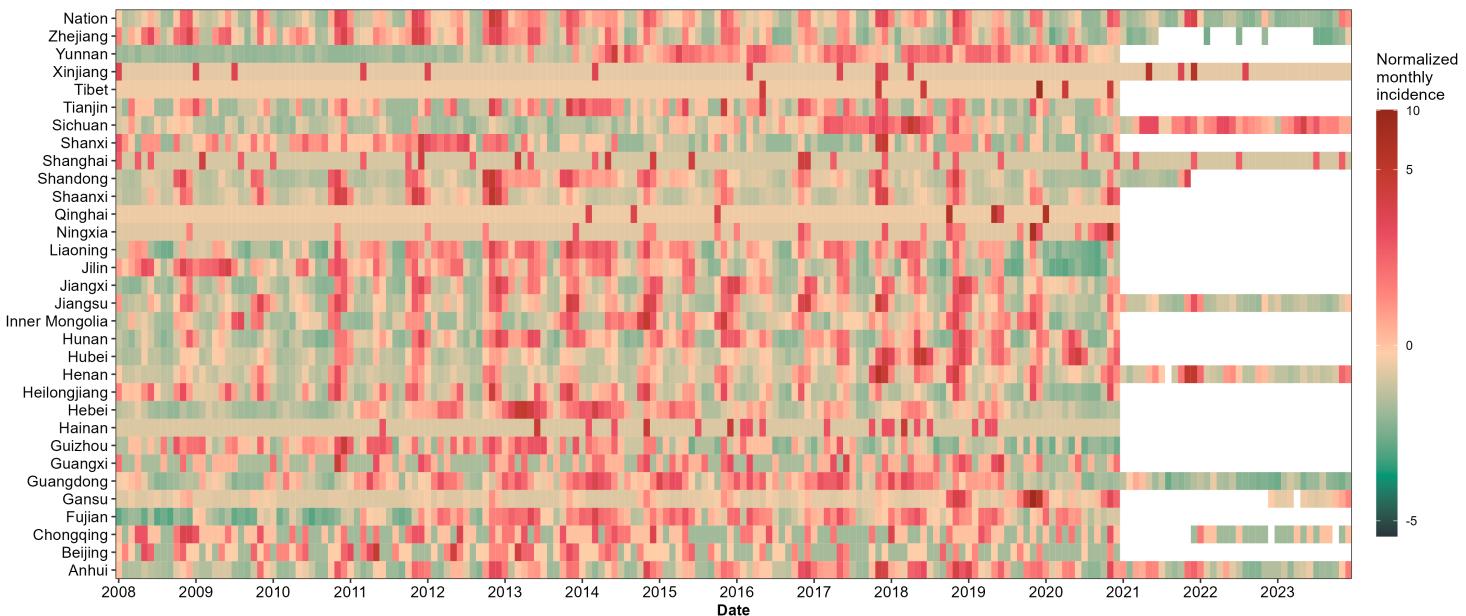
**Supplementary Fig. 42. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of brucellosis in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence > 10.

A



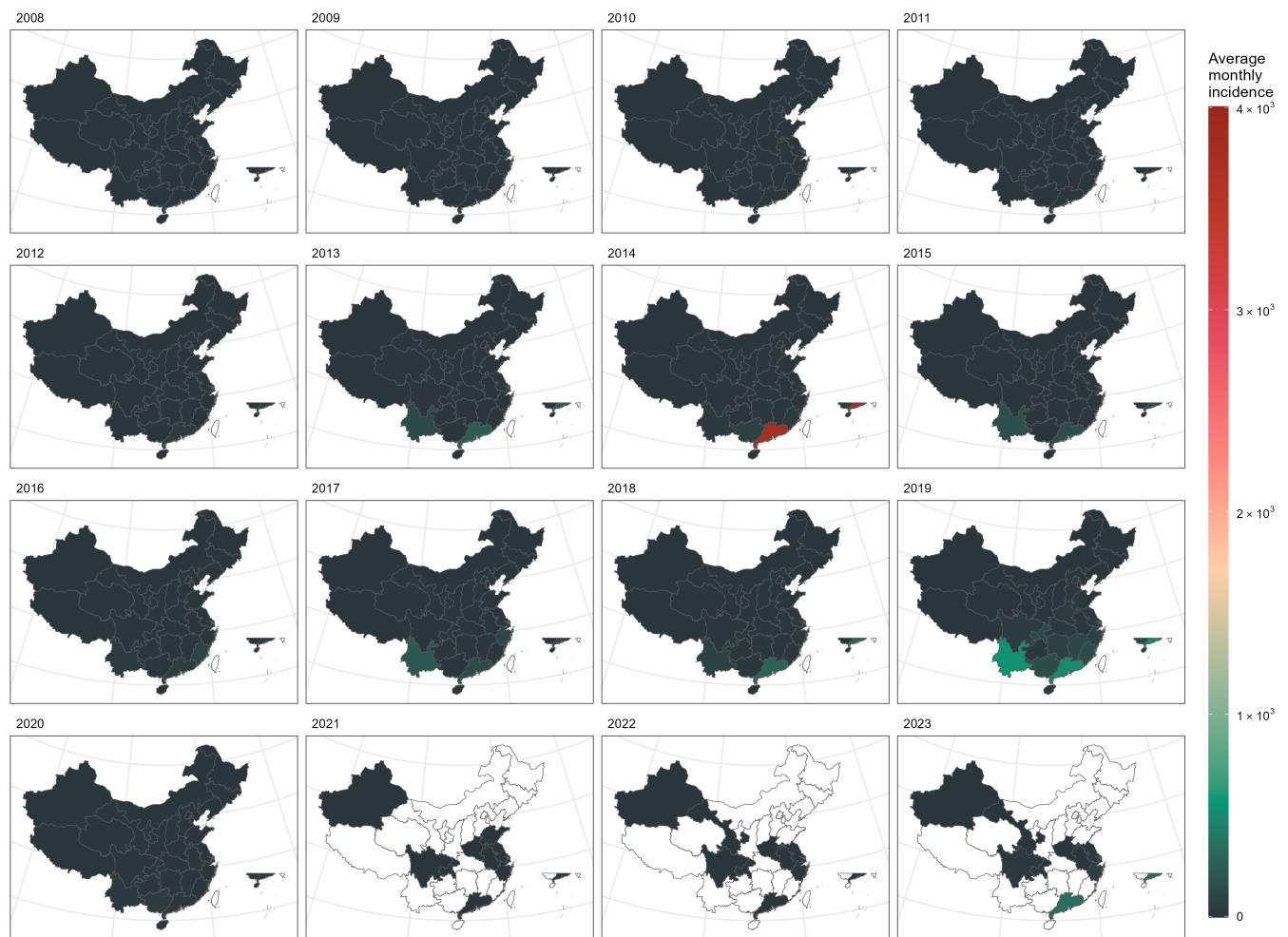
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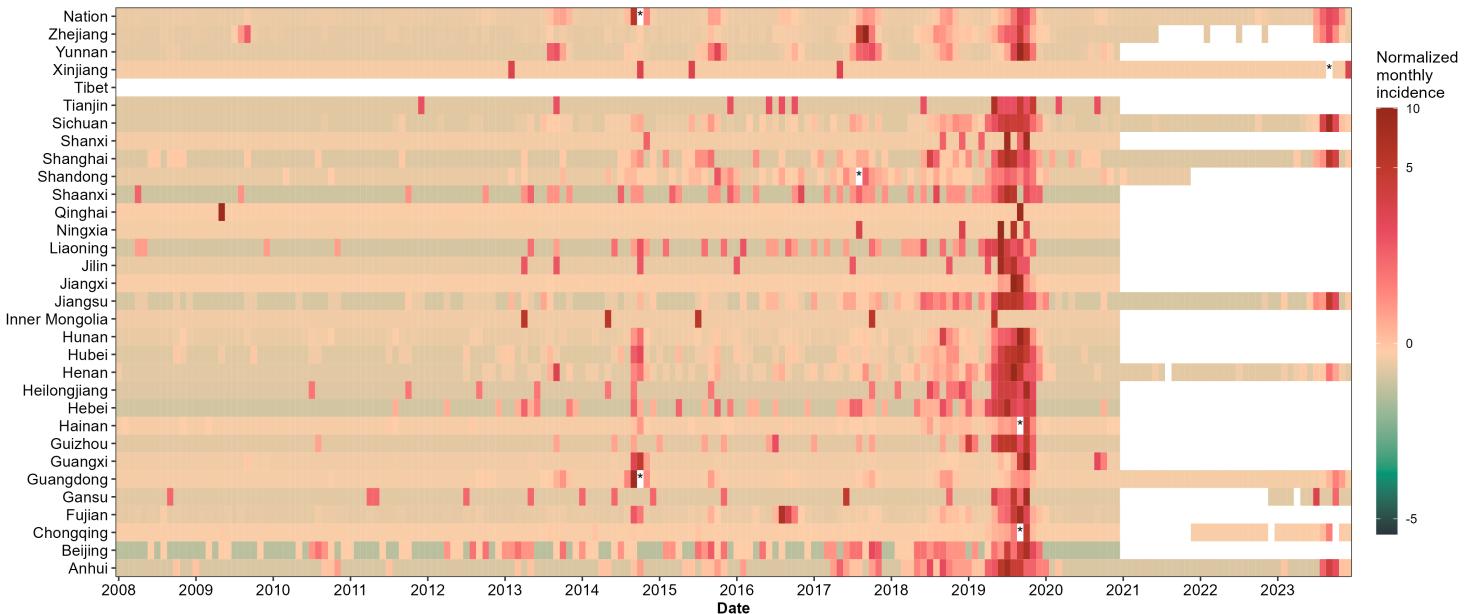
**Supplementary Fig. 43. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of hemorrhagic fever with renal syndrome (HFRS) in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence > 10.

A



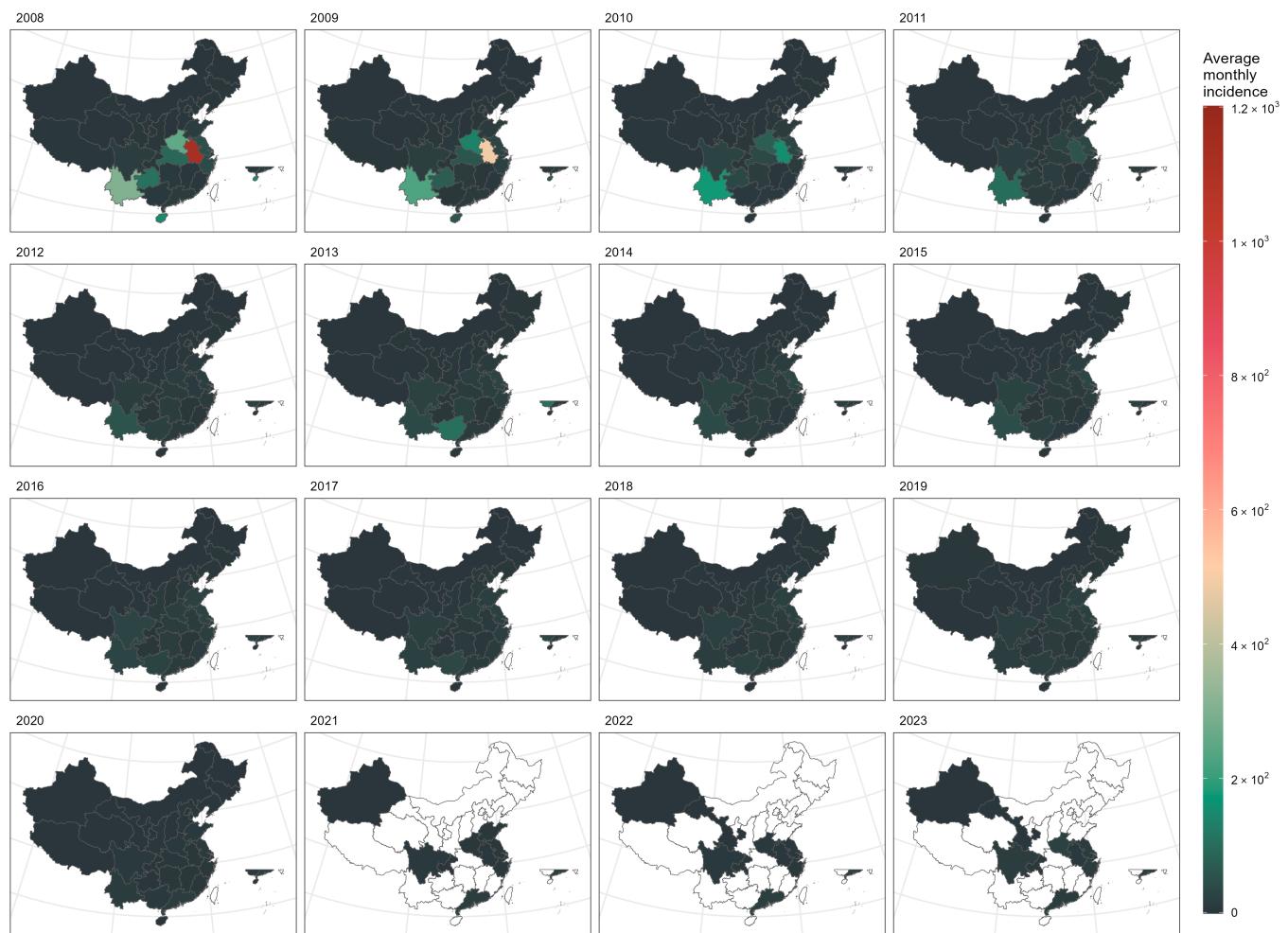
B



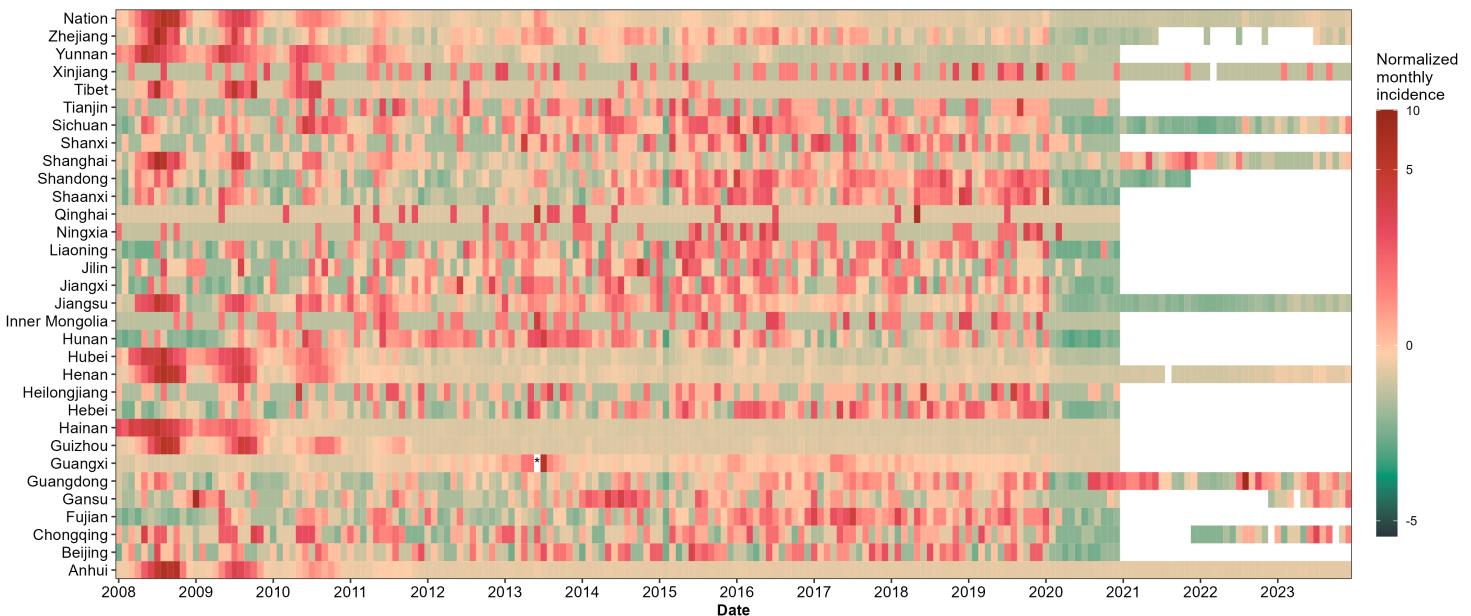
**Supplementary Fig. 44. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of dengue fever in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence > 10.

A



B

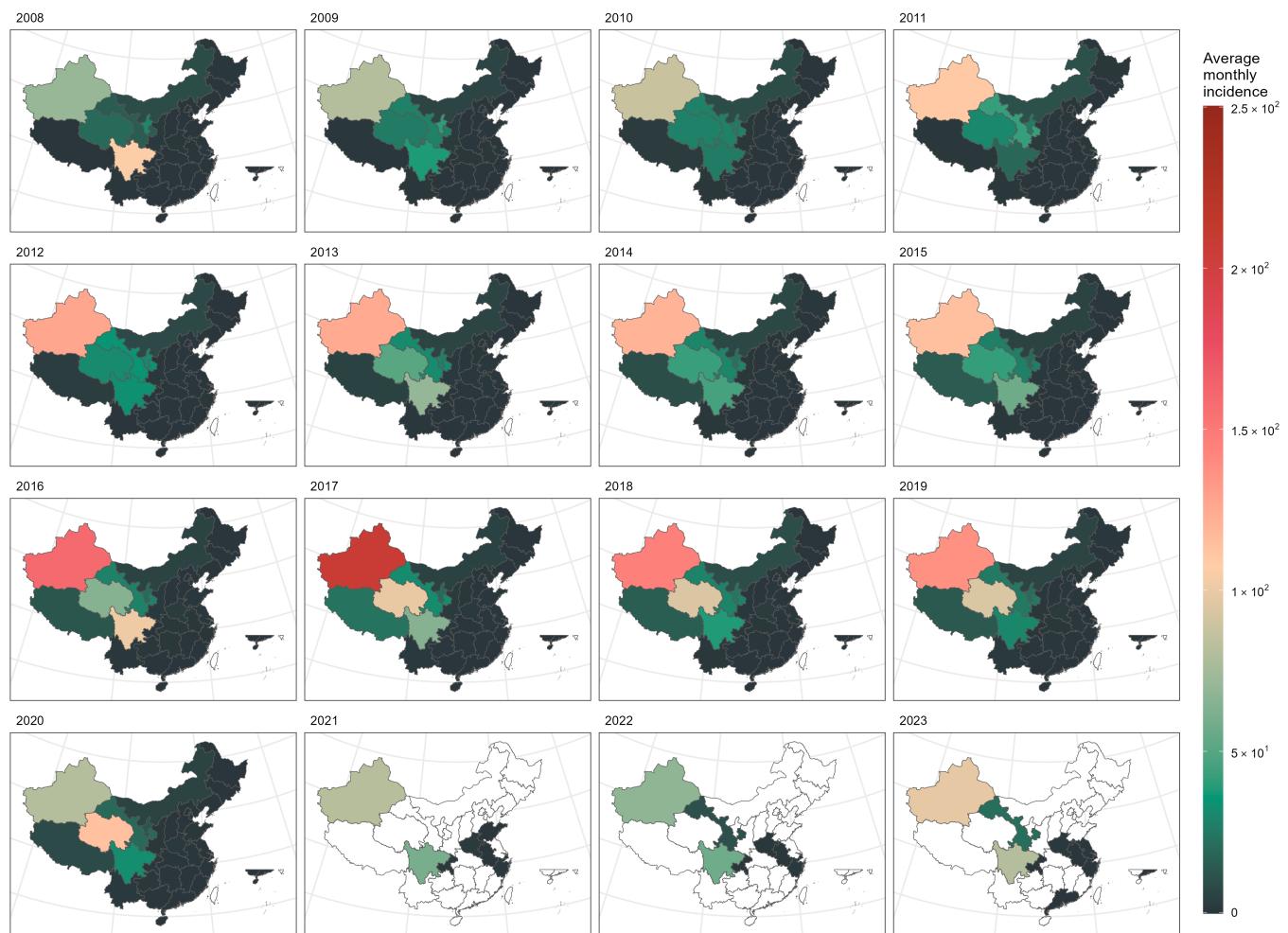


**Supplementary Fig. 45. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of malaria in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

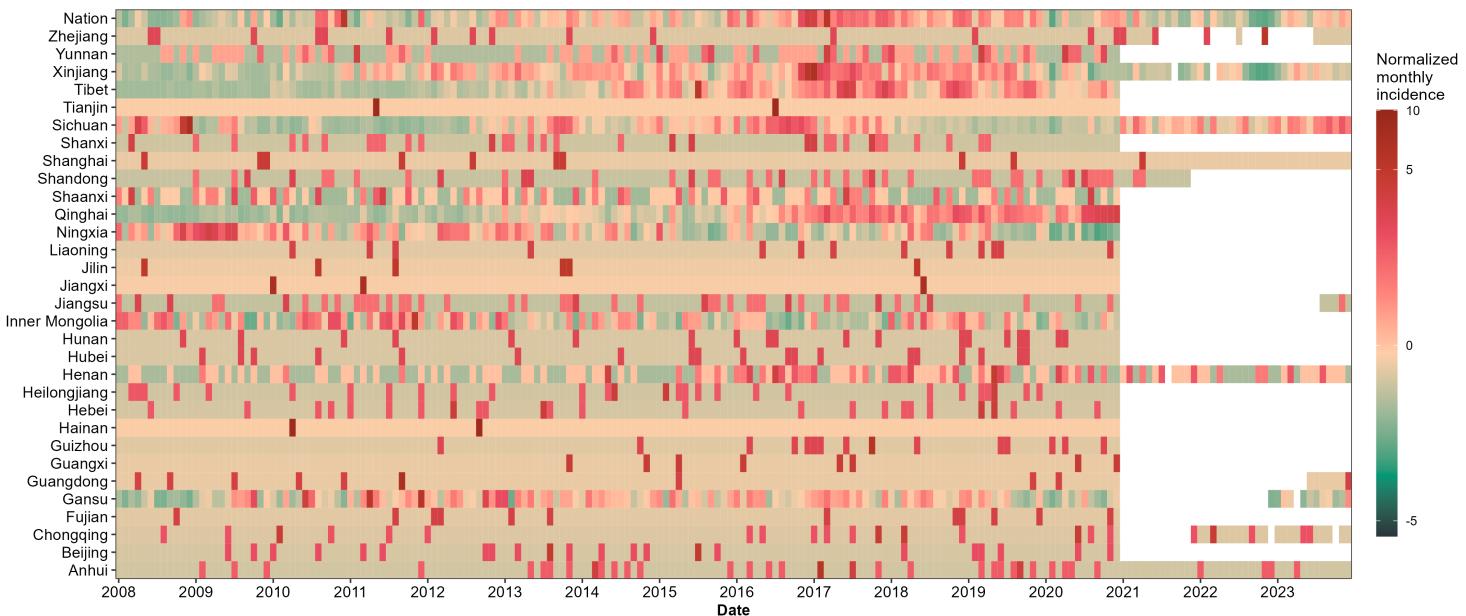
(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \*

Normalized monthly incidence > 10.

A



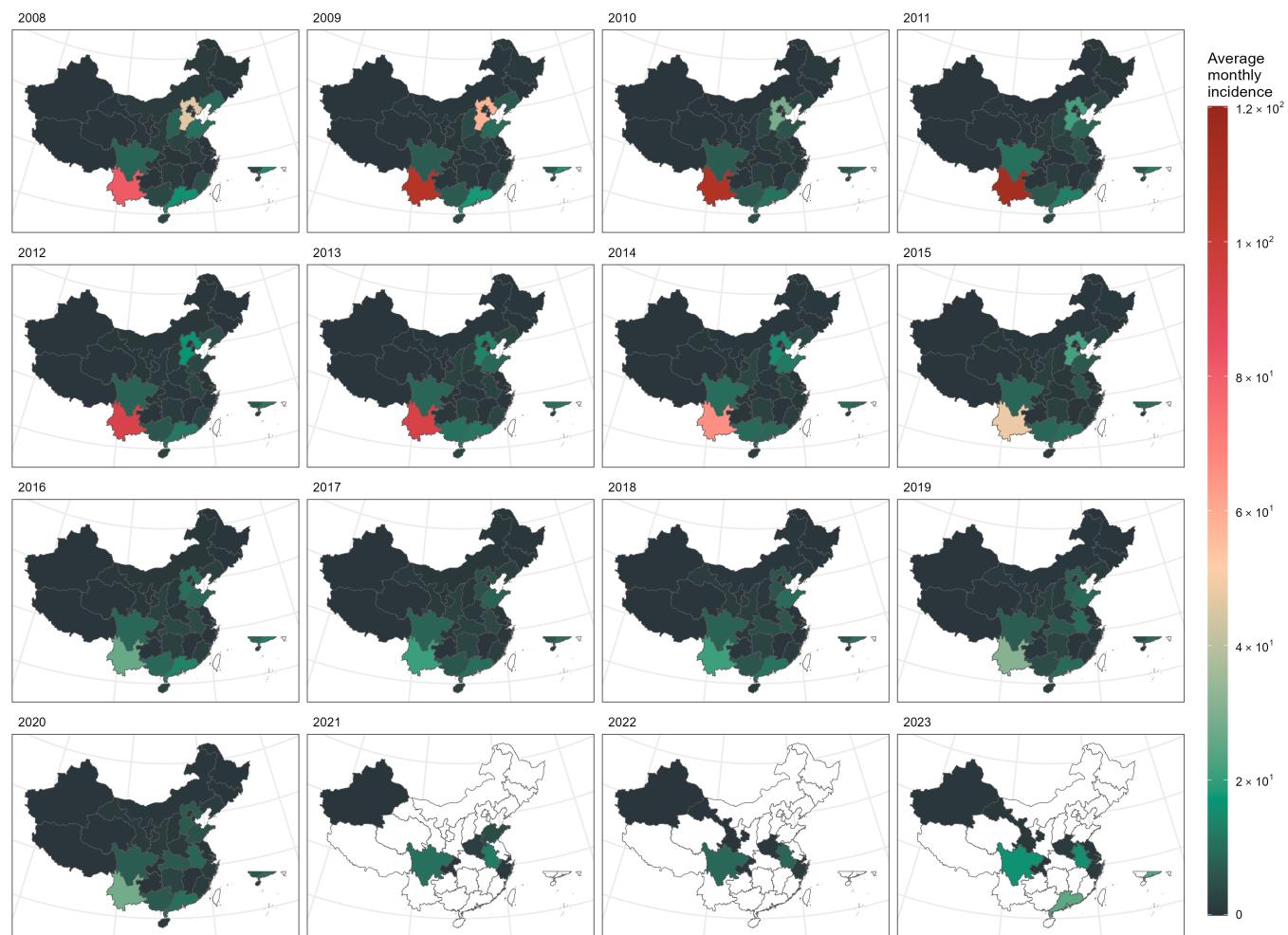
B



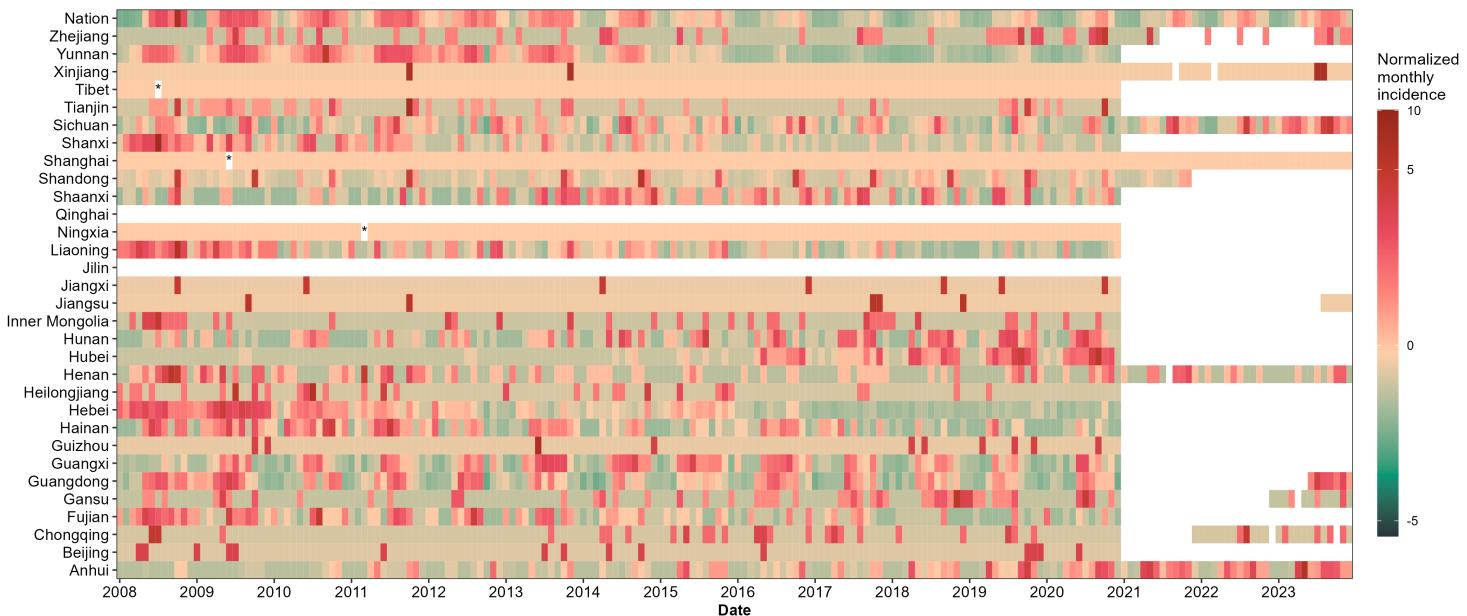
**Supplementary Fig. 46. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of echinococcosis in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence > 10.

A



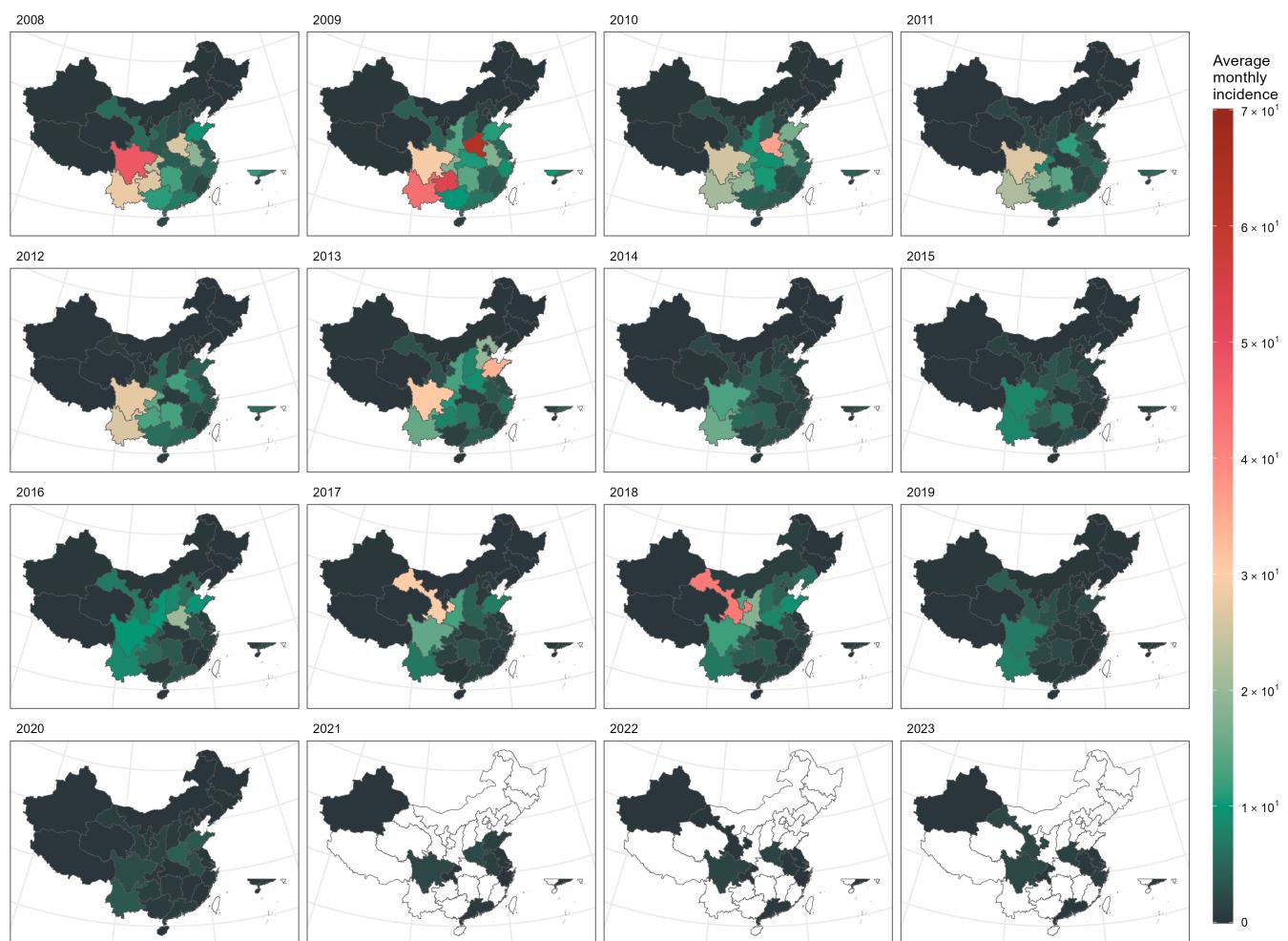
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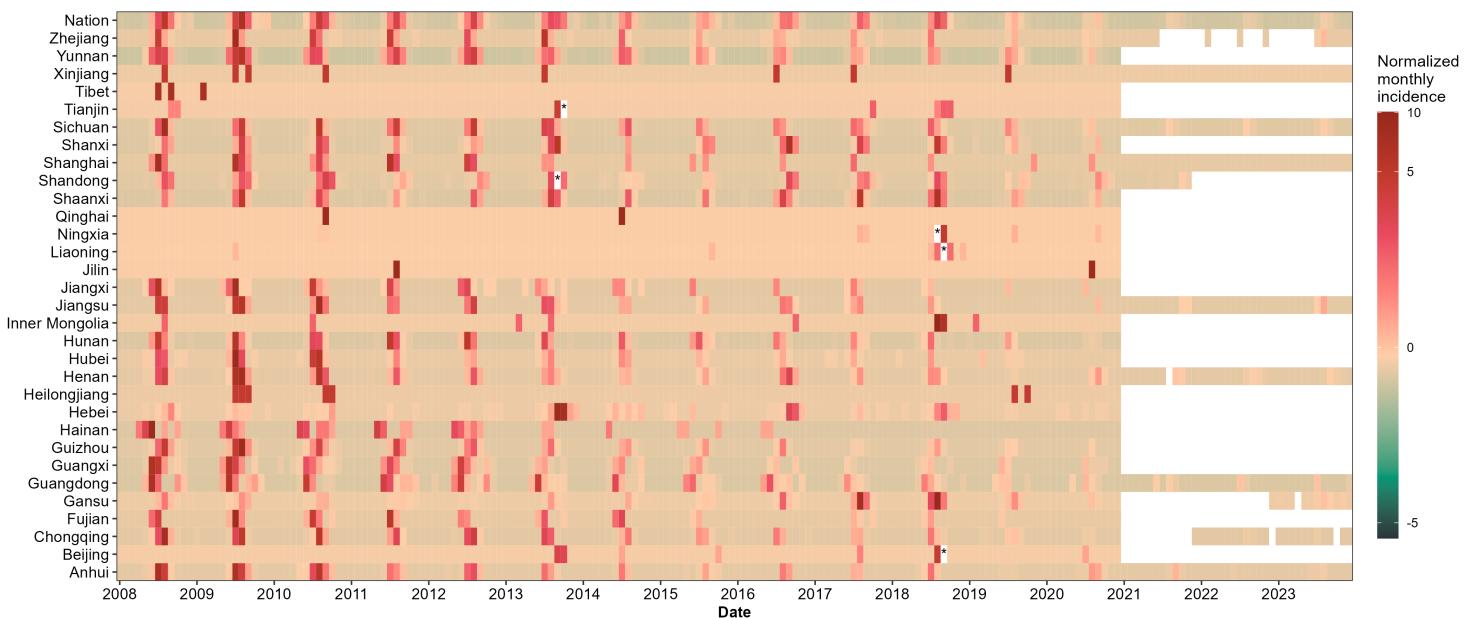
**Supplementary Fig. 47. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of typhus in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence > 10.

A



B



**Supplementary Fig. 48. Temporal variation in the monthly incidence of Japanese encephalitis (JE) in China from January 2008 to December 2023.**

(A) The spatial distribution of cases in China; (B) Temporal variation in the monthly incidence between different provinces. The heatmap represents normalized monthly incidence data for each province, with color intensity corresponding to the normalized monthly incidence. \* Normalized monthly incidence > 10.