

TVC on Page-20 in Perpetual Youth Slide

The standard TVC should be

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} e^{-(\rho+\nu)(t-\tau)} \mu_t a(t|\tau) = 0$$

Due to eq. (13)

$$\frac{\dot{c}(t|\tau)}{c(t|\tau)} = r(t) - \rho$$

Hence

$$c(t|\tau) = c(\tau|\tau) e^{(r(t)-\rho)(t-\tau)}$$

From FOC, we know that

$$\mu_t = \frac{1}{c(t|\tau)} = \frac{1}{c(\tau|\tau)} e^{(\rho-r(t))(t-\tau)}$$

Plug the equation for μ_t back to the TVC

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} e^{-(\rho+\nu)(t-\tau)} \frac{1}{c(\tau|\tau)} e^{(\rho-r(t))(t-\tau)} a(t|\tau) = 0$$

Since $c(\tau|\tau)$ is some constant, so we can take it away. So the TVC becomes

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} e^{-(\rho+\nu)(t-\tau)} e^{(\rho-r(t))(t-\tau)} a(t|\tau) = 0$$

Rearrange the terms

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} e^{[-(\rho+\nu)+(\rho-r(t))](t-\tau)} a(t|\tau) = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} e^{-(r(t)+\nu)(t-\tau)} a(t|\tau) = 0$$

Notice that in this model, r varies along with time, hence the correct way to write $r_t(t-\tau)$ should be $\int_{\tau}^t r_z dz$

Since ν is a parameter, hence $\nu(t-\tau) = \int_{\tau}^t \nu dz$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} e^{-(r(t)+\nu)(t-\tau)} a(t|\tau) = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} e^{-(\int_{\tau}^t r_z dz + \int_{\tau}^t \nu dz)} a(t|\tau) = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} e^{-\int_{\tau}^t (r_z + \nu) dz} a(t|\tau) = 0$$

Hence the TVC is

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} e^{-\int_{\tau}^t (r_z + \nu) dz} a(t|\tau) = \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} D_{t,\tau} a(t|\tau) = 0$$

where $D_{t,\tau} = e^{-\int_{\tau}^t (r_z + \nu) dz}$