

## Dynamic Programming

Step 1: Write down the problem

Step 2: Write down the basic structure of Bellman Equation.

Step 3: What are the state variables ?

Step 4: What are the constraints?

Step 5: Put state variables and BCs into BE.

Step 6: What are the control variables in your BE ?

Step 7: FOC: take derivative of BE w.r.t. control

Step 8: EC: take derivative of BE w.r.t. state

Step 9: Combine FOC + EC  $\Rightarrow$  EE.

Example: HW #3 Q1.

Preference:  $u(C_t, k_{t-1})$

BC:  $C_t + k_{t+1} = W_t + (1-\delta+r_t)k_t$

Step 1:  $\max \sum_{t=0}^{\infty} \beta^t u(C_t, k_{t-1})$

s.t.  $C_t + k_{t+1} = W_t + (1-\delta+r_t)k_t$

Step 2:  $V(\quad) = \max u(\quad) + \beta V(\quad)$

Step 3:  $k_t, k_{t-1} \quad z_t = k_{t-1}$

Step 4:  $V(k, z) = \max u(c, z) + \beta V(k', z')$

s.t.  $C + k' = W + (1-\delta+r)k$  X

Step 5:  $V(k, z) = \max u(W + (1-\delta+r)k - k', z) + \beta V(k', k)$

Step 6:  $k'$  is control variable in this Bellman Equation

### Three Period OLG Model.

- HH Problem

$$\max u(c_t^y) + \beta u(c_{t+1}^m) + \beta^2 u(c_{t+2}^o)$$

$$\text{s.t. } c_t^y = -b_{t+1}^m - s_t$$

$$c_{t+1}^m = w_{t+1} h_{t+1}^m + R_{t+1} b_{t+1}^m - b_{t+2}^o$$

$$c_{t+2}^o = w_{t+2} h_{t+1}^m + R_{t+2} b_{t+2}^o$$

$$h_{t+1}^m = h^y + f(s_t)$$

Bellman equation:  $\overset{\text{variable itself}}{\text{this period objective}} + \overset{\text{variable with prime}}{\text{continuation value}}.$

$$\text{Young: } V^y(\quad) = \max u(\quad) + \beta V^m(\quad)$$

$$\text{Middle: } V^m(\quad) = \max u(\quad) + \beta V^o(\quad)$$

$$\text{Old: } V^o(\quad) = \max u(\quad) + \beta V(\quad)$$

## ① Young

Step 1.

$$u(c_t^y)$$

$$c_t^y = -b_{t+1}^m - s_t$$

$$h_{t+1}^m = h^y + f(s_t)$$

Step 2.  $V^y(\quad) = \max u(\quad) + \beta V^m(\quad)$

Step 3.  $h^y$  is state variable

$$\Rightarrow V^y(h) = \max u(-b' - s) + \beta V^m(\quad ? \quad)$$

## ② Middle-aged

Step 1.

$$u(c_{t+1}^m)$$

$$c_{t+1}^m = w_{t+1} h_{t+1}^m + R_{t+1} b_{t+1}^m - b_{t+2}^0$$

Note: for middle-aged,  $t+1$  is "this period"

$t+2$  is "next period"

Step 2.  $V^m(\quad) = \max u(\quad) + \beta V^0(\quad)$

Step 3.  $h_{t+1}^m, b_{t+1}^m$  are state variables

$$\Rightarrow V^m(h, b) = \max u(wh + Rb - b') + \beta V^0(\quad ? \quad)$$

Since we figured out the state variables for  $V^m$ ,

We can complete  $V^y$

$$V^y(h) = \max u(-b' - s) + \beta V^m(h', b')$$

$$= \max u(-b' - s) + \beta V^m(h + f(s), b')$$

③ Old

Step 1.  $u(c_{t+2}^o)$

$$c_{t+2}^o = R_{t+2} b_{t+2}^o + W_{t+2} h_{t+2} = h_{t+1}^m$$

Note: for old,  $t+2$  is "this period"

Step 2.  $V^o(\quad) = \max u(\quad) + \cancel{\beta V}$  no next period

Step 3.  $b_{t+2}^o, h_{t+2}$  are state variables

$$\Rightarrow V^o(h, b) = u(Rb + wh)$$

Since we figured out the state variables for  $V^o$ ,  
we can complete  $V^m$

$$\begin{aligned} V^m(h, b) &= \max u(wh + Rb - b') + \beta V^o(h', b') \\ &= \max u(wh + Rb - b') + \beta V^o(h, b') \end{aligned}$$

Hence the Bellman Equations are

$$V^y(h) = \max u(-b' - s) + \beta V^m(h + f(s), b')$$

$$V^m(h, b) = \max u(wh + Rb - b') + \beta V^o(h, b')$$

$$V^o(h, b) = u(Rb + wh)$$

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$$\text{Young: } V^h(\underbrace{h}_{\text{State}}) = \max_{\underbrace{(-b'-s)}_{\text{controls}}} u(\underbrace{-b'-s}_{\text{controls}}) + \beta V^m(h + f(s), \underbrace{b'}_{\text{controls}})$$

$$\text{FOC } [b'] : u'(c) = \beta V_b^m(h', b') \quad (1)$$

$$[s] : u'(c) = \beta V_h^m(h', b') \cdot f'(s) \quad (2)$$

$$\text{EC } [h] : V_h^y(h) = \beta V_h^m(h', b') \quad (3)$$

$$\text{Middle-age: } V^m(\underbrace{h}_{\text{State}}, \underbrace{b}_{\text{State}}) = \max_{\underbrace{(wh + Rb - b')}_{\text{controls}}} u(\underbrace{wh + Rb - b'}_{\text{controls}}) + \beta V^o(\underbrace{h}_{\text{State}}, \underbrace{b'}_{\text{State}})$$

$$\text{FOC } [b'] : u'(c) = \beta V_b^o(h', b') \quad (4)$$

$$\text{EC } [h] : V_h^m(h, b) = u'(c) \cdot w + \beta V_h^o(h', b') \quad (5)$$

$$[b] : V_b^m(h, b) = u'(c) \cdot R \quad (6)$$

$$\text{Old: } V^o(\underbrace{h}_{\text{State}}, \underbrace{b}_{\text{State}}) = u(Rb + wh)$$

$$\text{EC } [h] : V_h^o(h, b) = w \cdot u'(c) \quad (7)$$

$$[b] : V_b^o(h, b) = R \cdot u'(c) \quad (8)$$

$$(1) + (6) : u'(c) = \beta R' u'(c') > \text{Standard EE.}$$

$$(4) + (8) : u'(c) = \beta R' u'(c')$$

$$(2) + (5) + (7) :$$

$$u'(c) = \beta \{ u'(c') \cdot w' + \beta w'' \cdot u'(c'') \} \cdot f'(s)$$

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- Firm Problem

$$\max h_t^m L_t^m + h_{t-1}^m L_t^0 - W_t (h_t^m L_t^m + h_{t-1}^m L_t^0)$$

- A-D setup

$$C_t^y = -b_{t+1}^m - S_t$$

$$C_{t+1}^m = W_{t+1} h_{t+1}^m + R_{t+1} b_{t+1}^m - b_{t+2}^0$$

$$C_{t+2}^0 = W_{t+2} h_{t+1}^m + R_{t+2} b_{t+2}^0$$

$$h_{t+1}^m = h^y + f(S_t)$$

No bond !

Have price !