

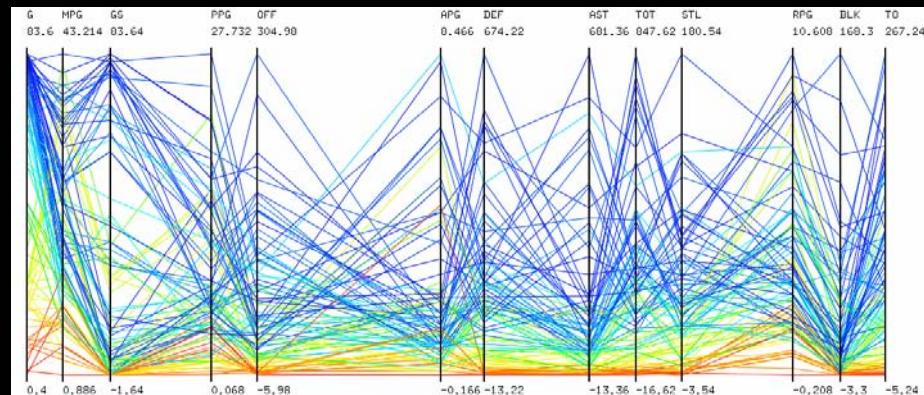
# Multi-Dimensional Data Visualization (Parallel Coordinates)

袁晓如

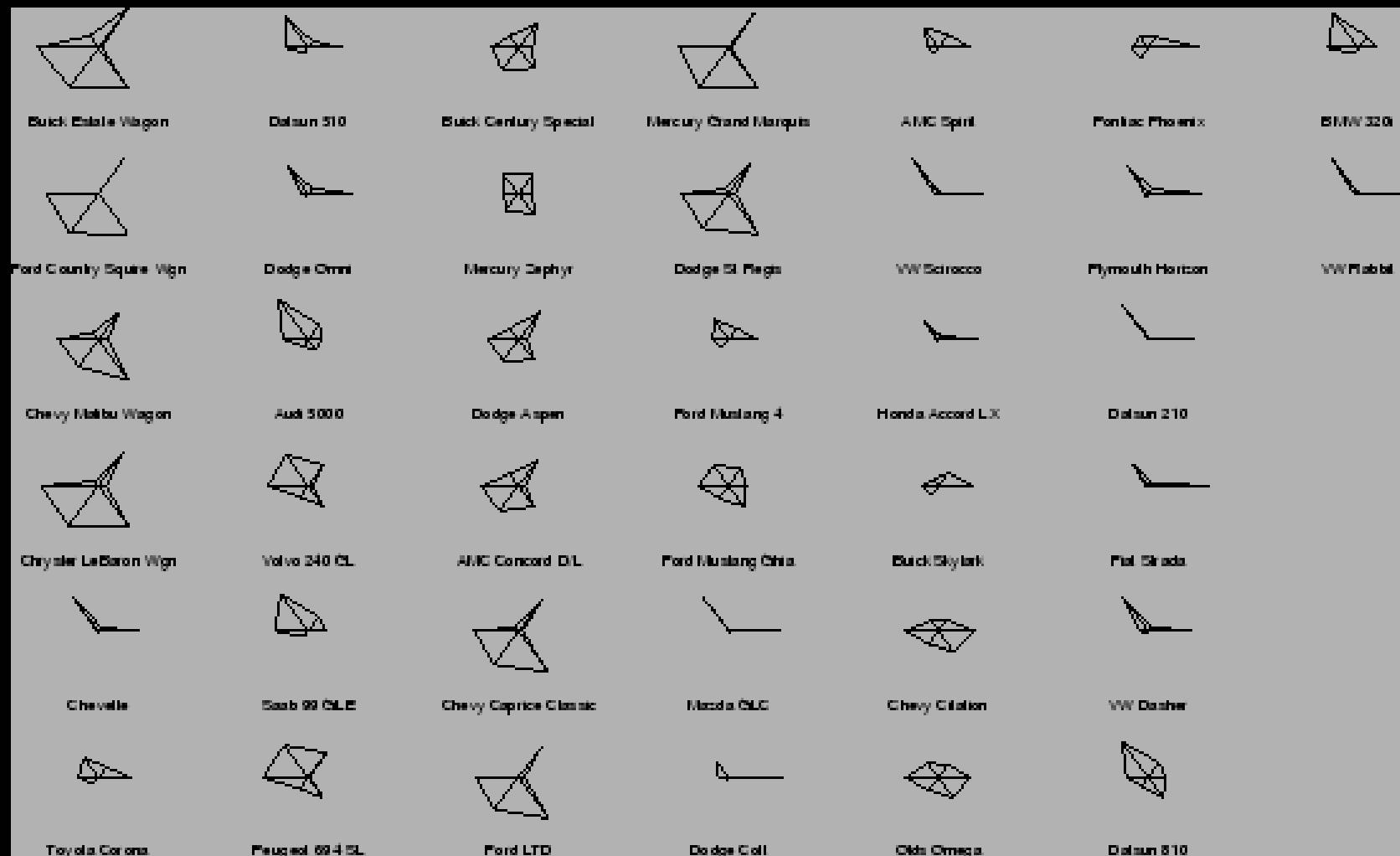
北京大学  
2009年12月25日

# Parallel Coordinates History

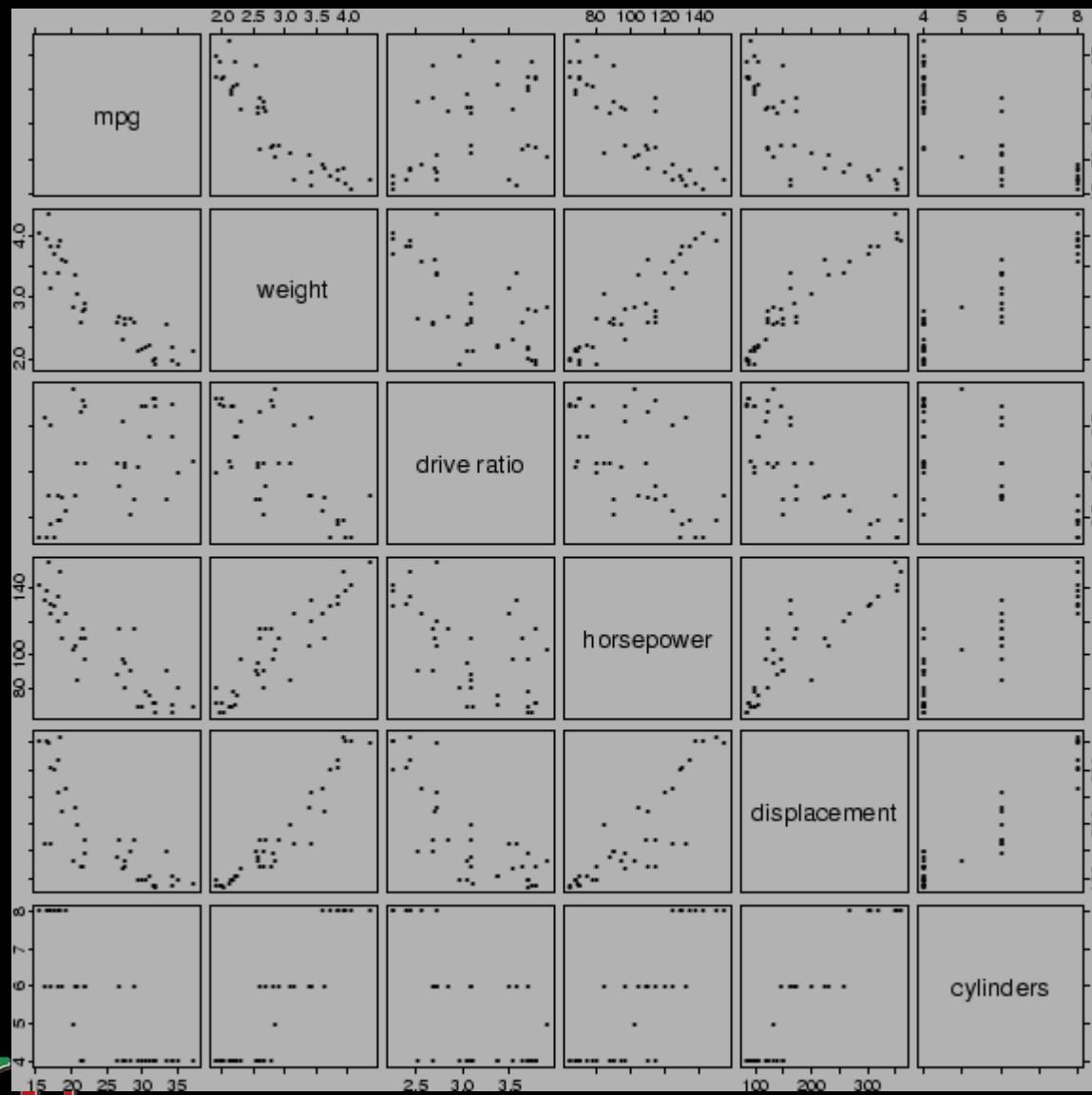
- Invented by Inselberg (1985) for computational geometry  
<http://www.math.tau.ac.il/~aiisreal/>
- Introduced by Wegman (1990) for hyper-dimensional data analysis
- Reveal data relationships, anomalies, structures & trends
- Widely used in the statistics, data analysis and visualization domain



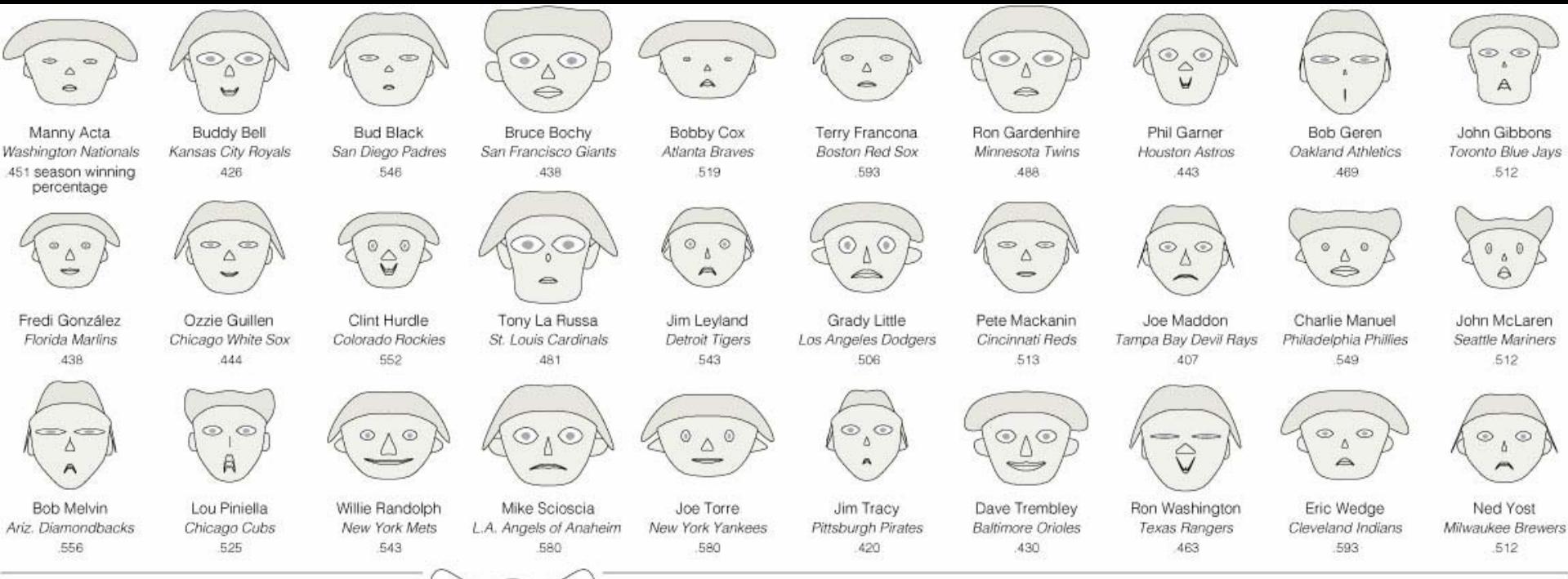
# Star Glyphs



# Scatterplot Matrix

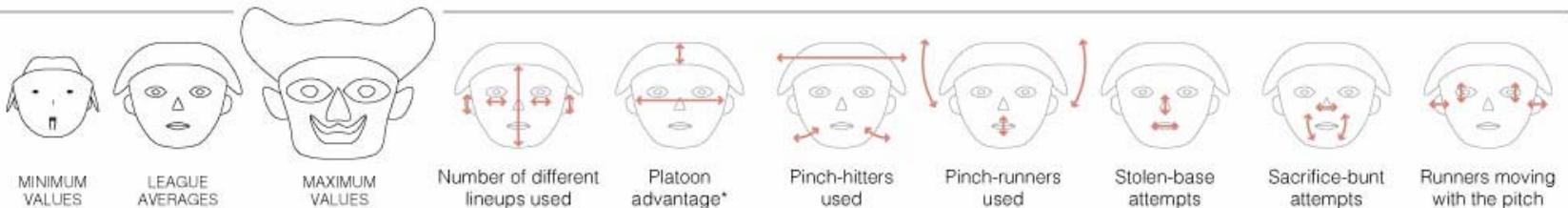


# Chernoff Faces



## SMILE IF YOU BUNT

Steve C. Wang, an associate professor of statistics at Swarthmore College, charted baseball managers from the 2007 season as Chernoff faces, a method of using the heights, widths and angles of facial features to represent different sets of numbers.

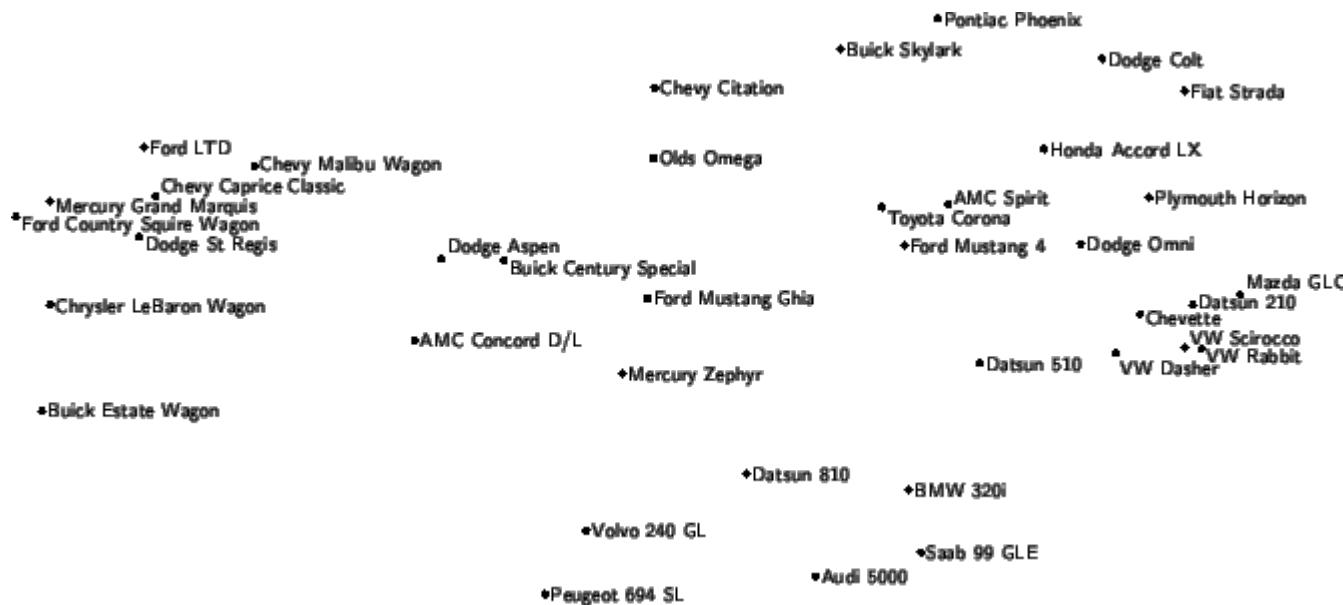


\*Percentage of players who had the advantage of batting against an opposite-handed pitcher at the start of the game.

Note: Because different rules cause National League managers to use more pinch-hitters, for example, each manager's rates are compared with his league's average.

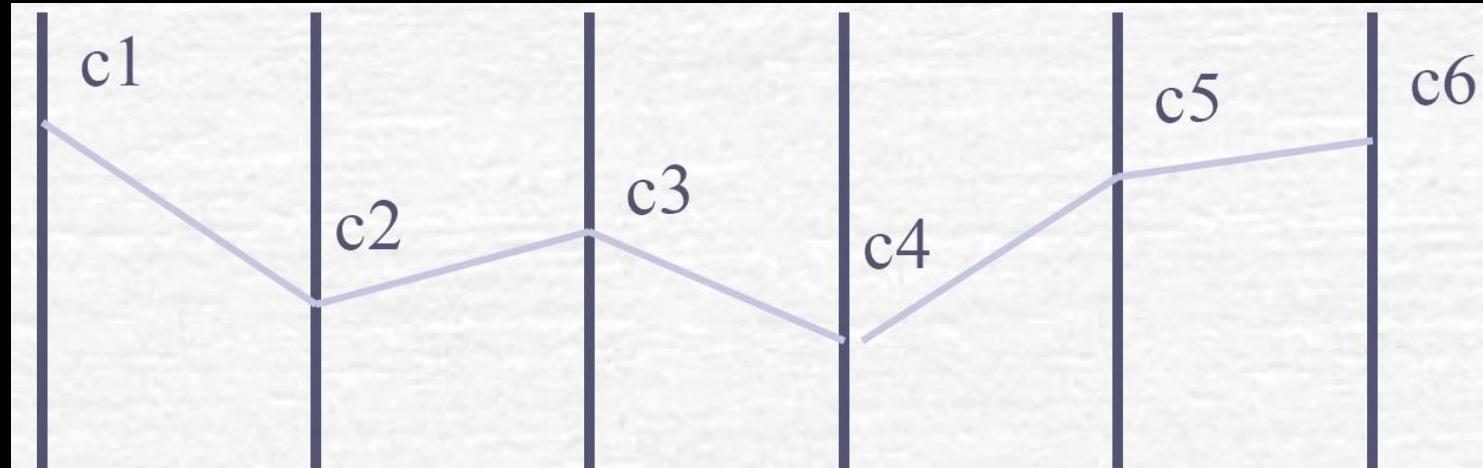
JONATHAN CORUM/  
THE NEW YORK TIMES

# Multidimensional Scaling

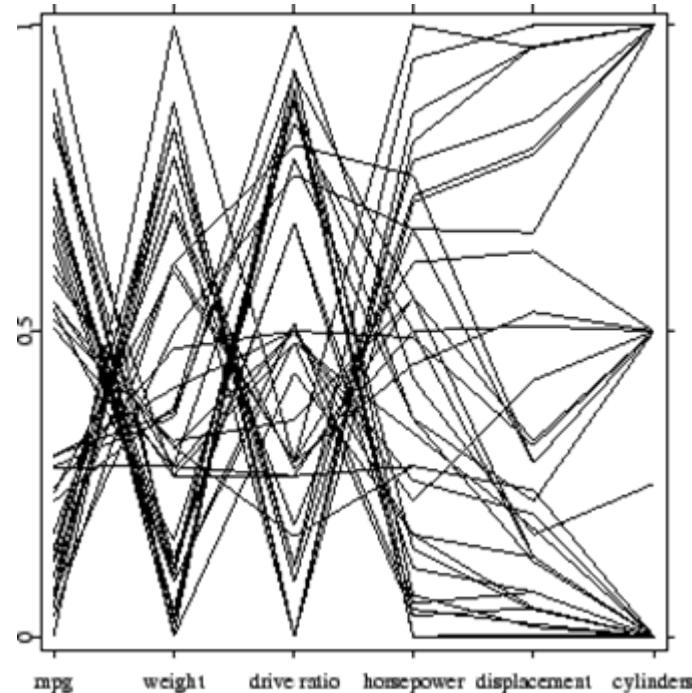


# Parallel Coordinates Basics

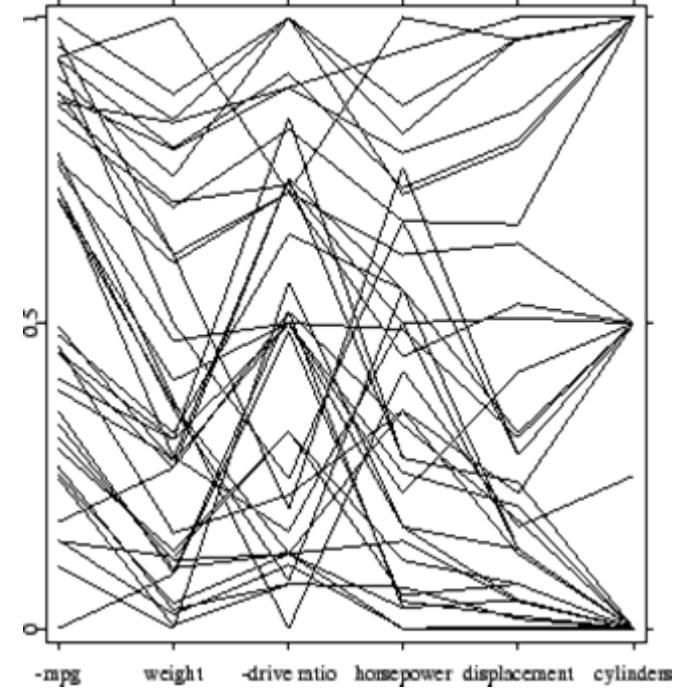
- To represent N dimensional data
  - Set N vertical axes in parallel
  - Put data to intersects on corresponding axes
  - Connect intersects



# Reorder Parallel Coordinates

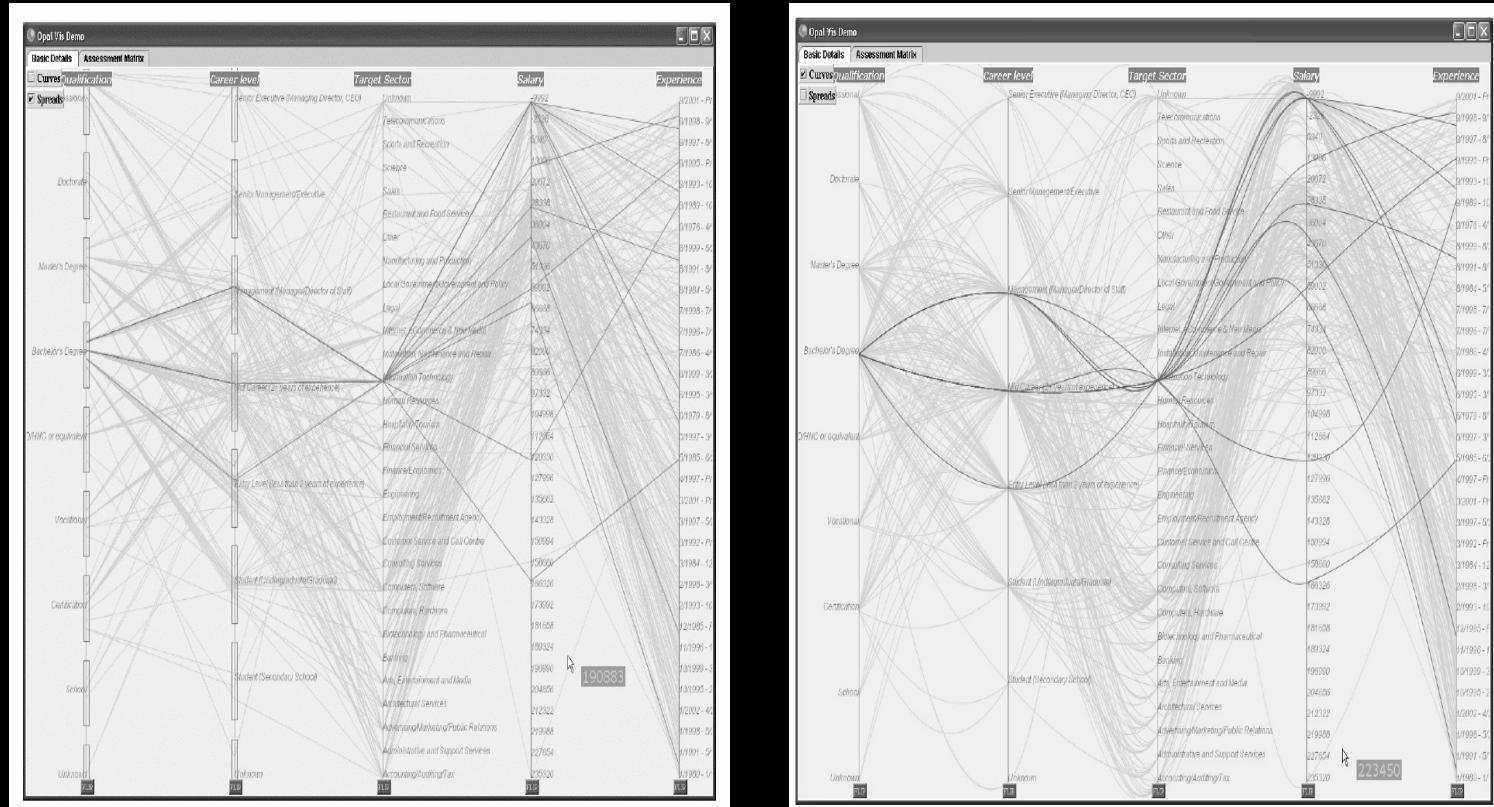


Original



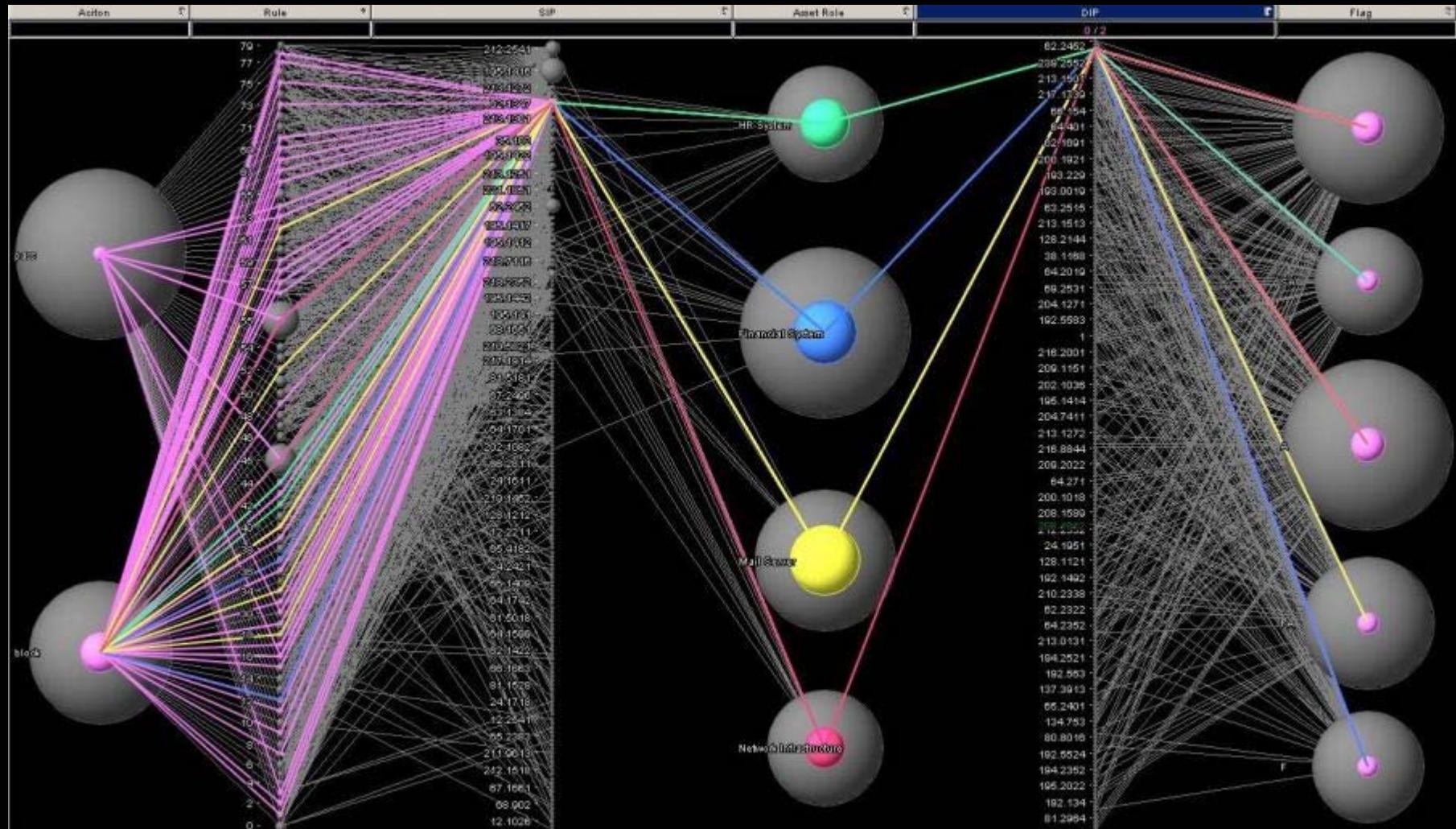
Reordered

# Curved Parallel Coordinates

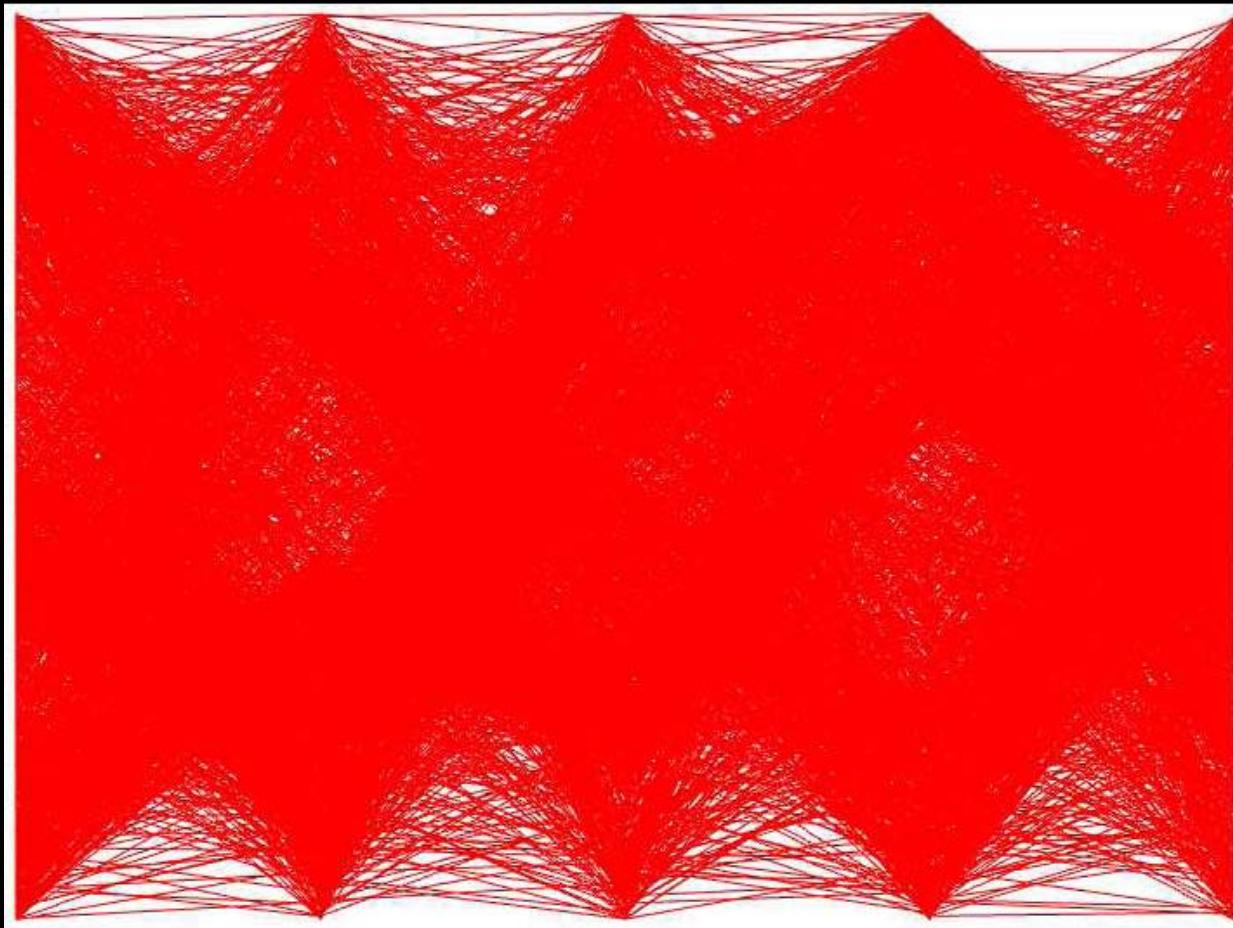


More fluently visibility but drawing curves takes more time and processing

# Parallel Coordinate View of a Firewall Log File

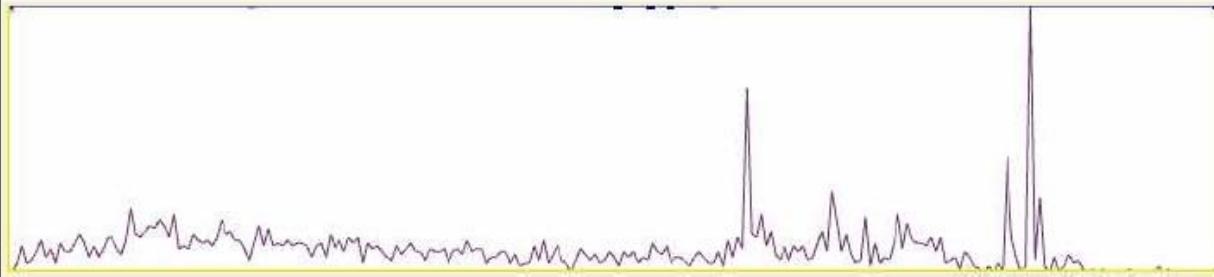
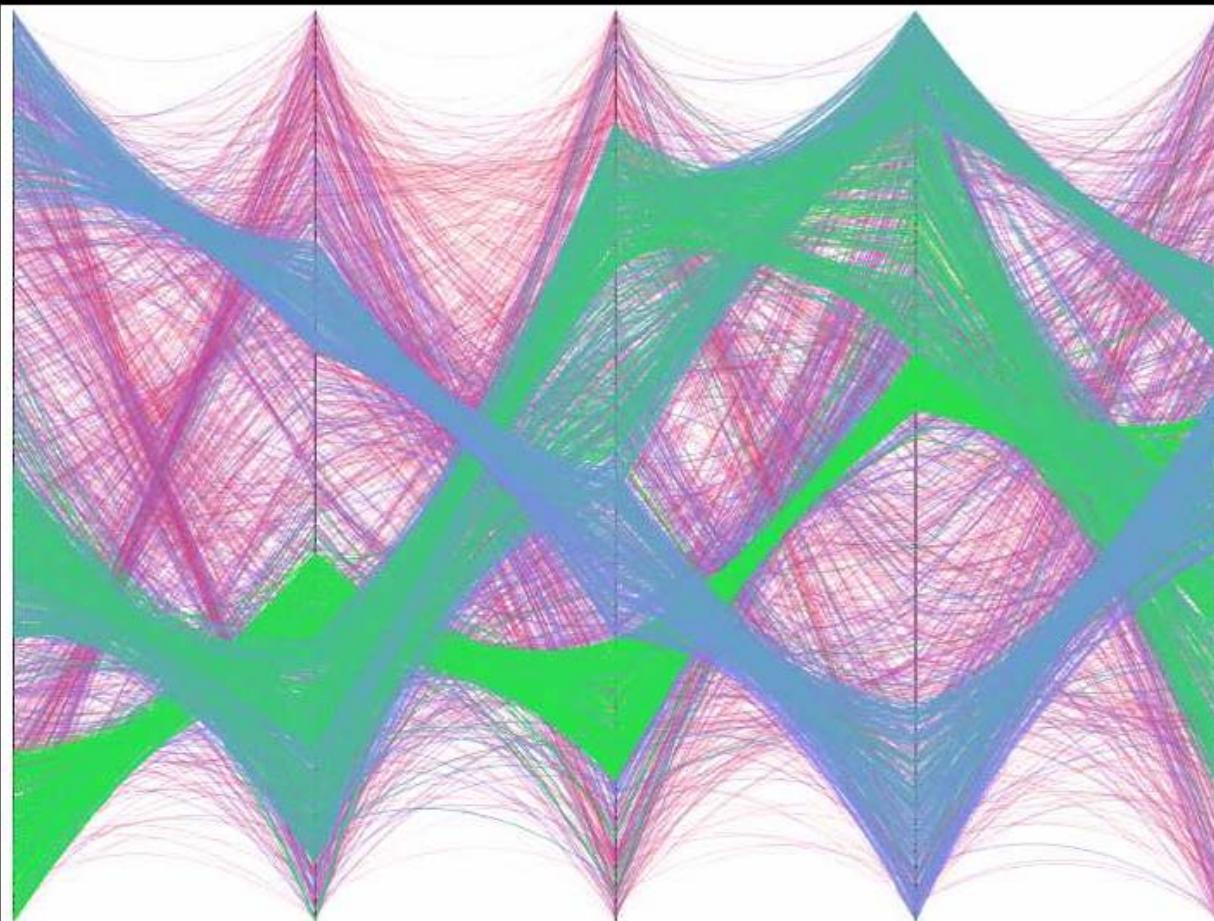


# Visual Clustering in Parallel Coordinates



[EuroVis 2008]

# Visual Clustering in Parallel Coordinates

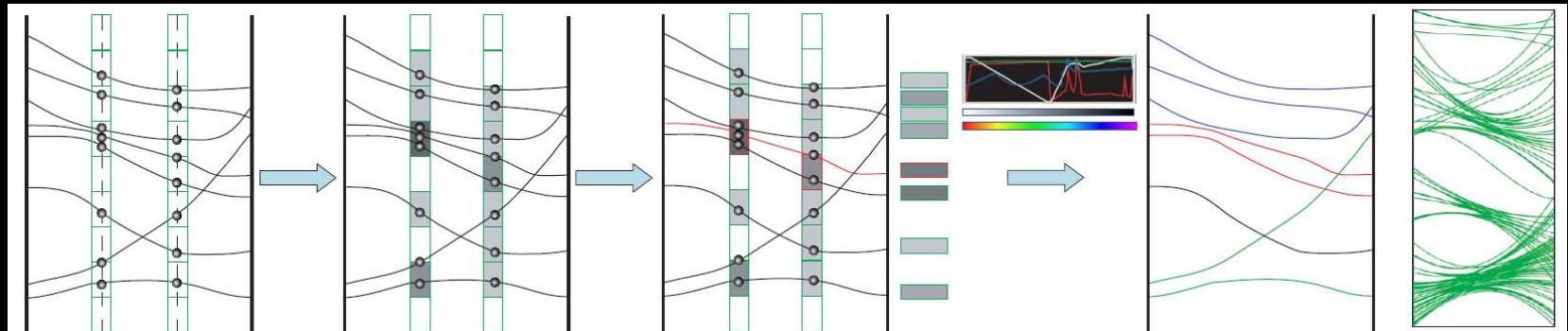
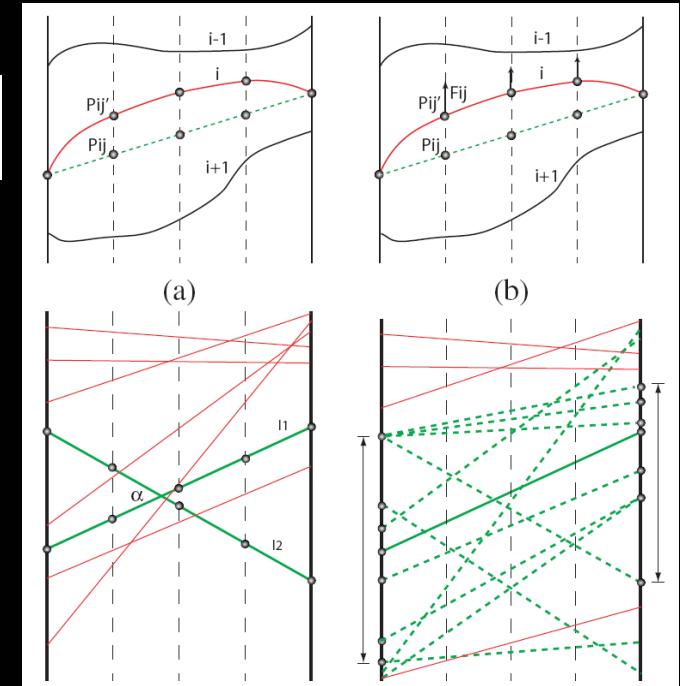


# Modeling visual interaction between lines

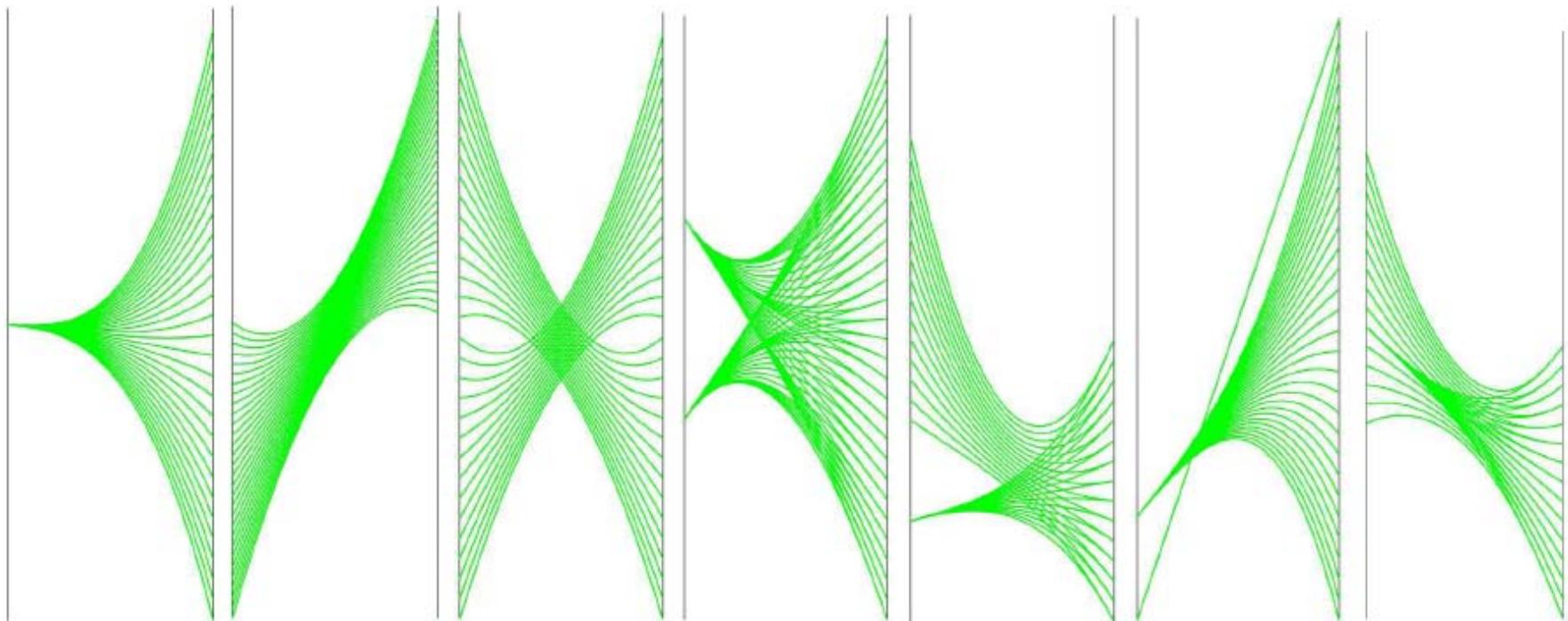
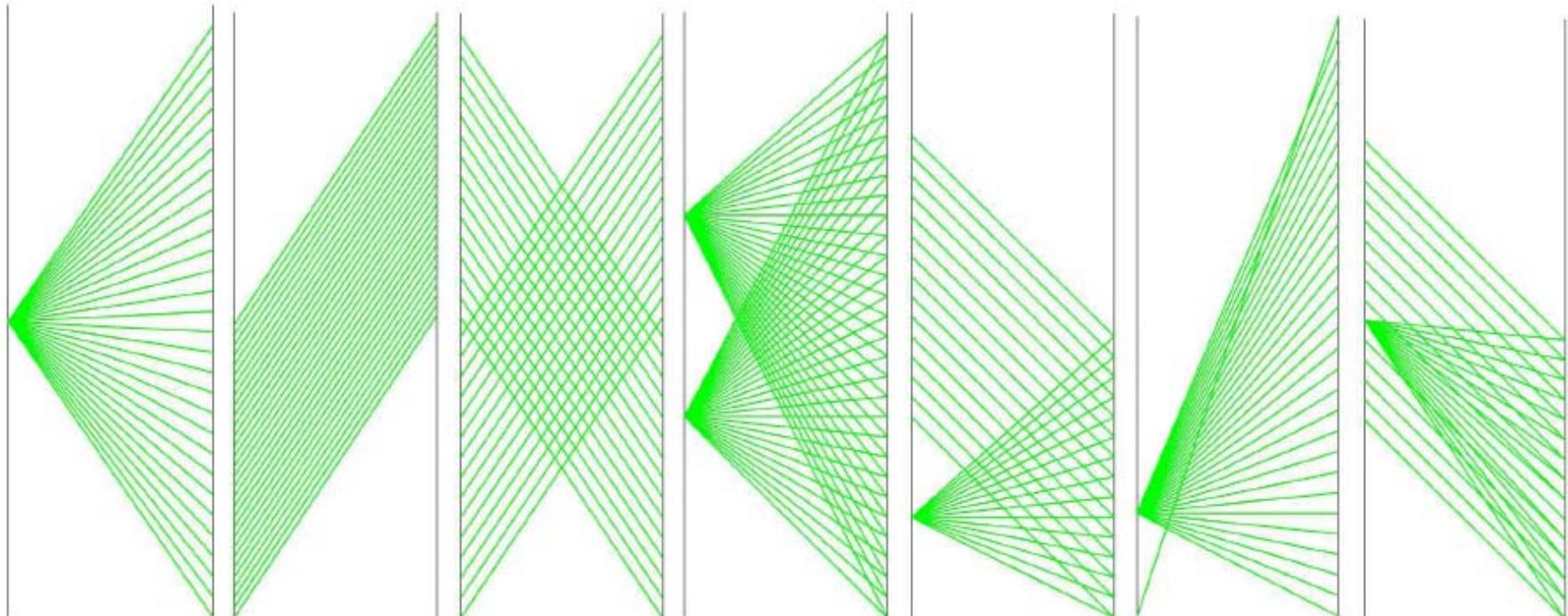
$$\mathbf{E} = \alpha_c \mathbf{E}_{curvature} + (1 - \alpha_c) \mathbf{E}_{gravitation}$$

$$\mathbf{E}_{curvature} = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m |P'_{ij} - P_{ij}|$$

$$\mathbf{E}_{gravitation} = \sum_{i=1}^n \sum_{j=1}^m -F_{ij} \cdot (P'_{ij} - P_{ij}) + E_{ij}$$



V



Cylinders

Horsepower

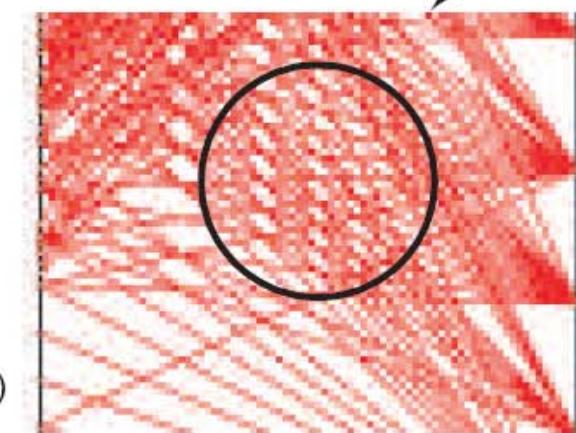
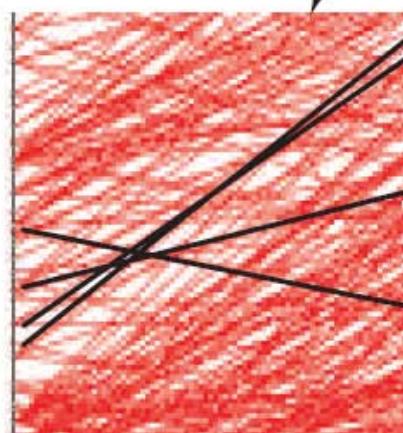
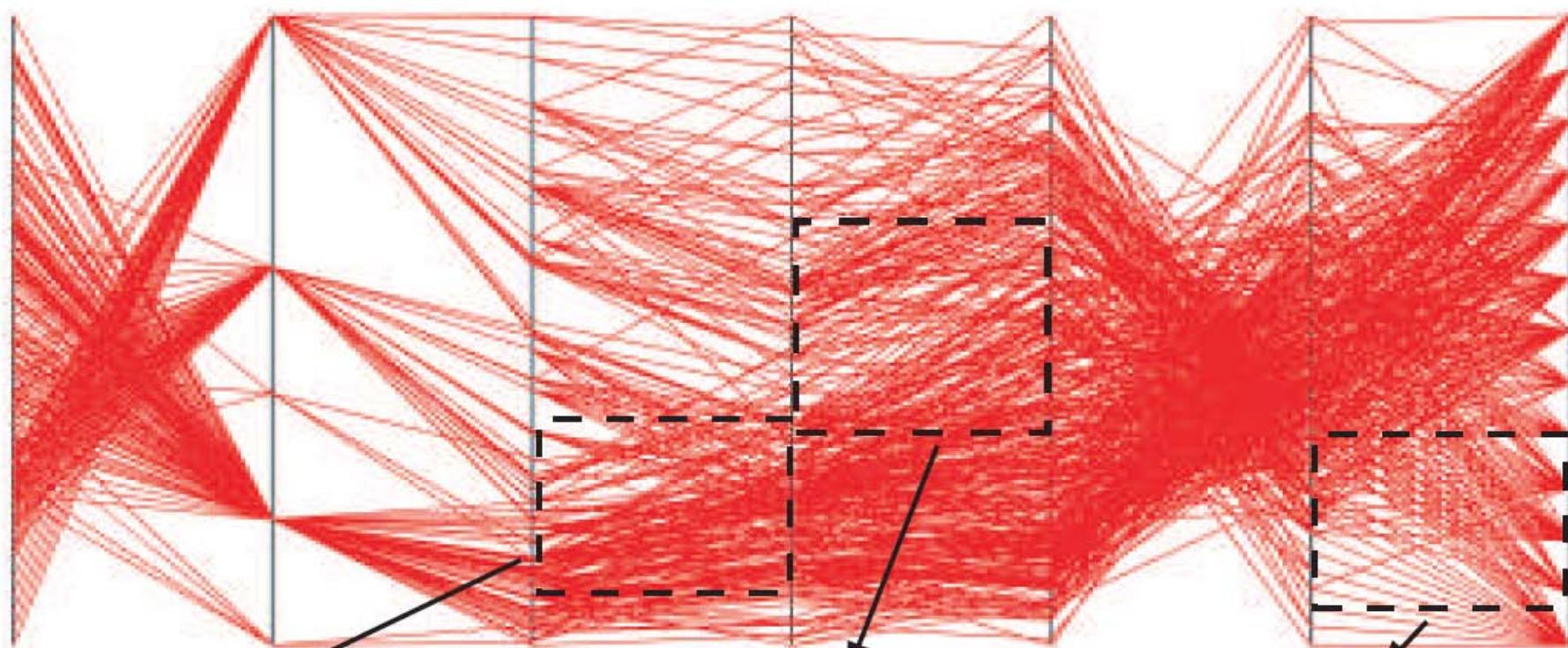
Acceleration

MPG

Displacement

Weight

Year



(c')

Cylinders

Horsepower

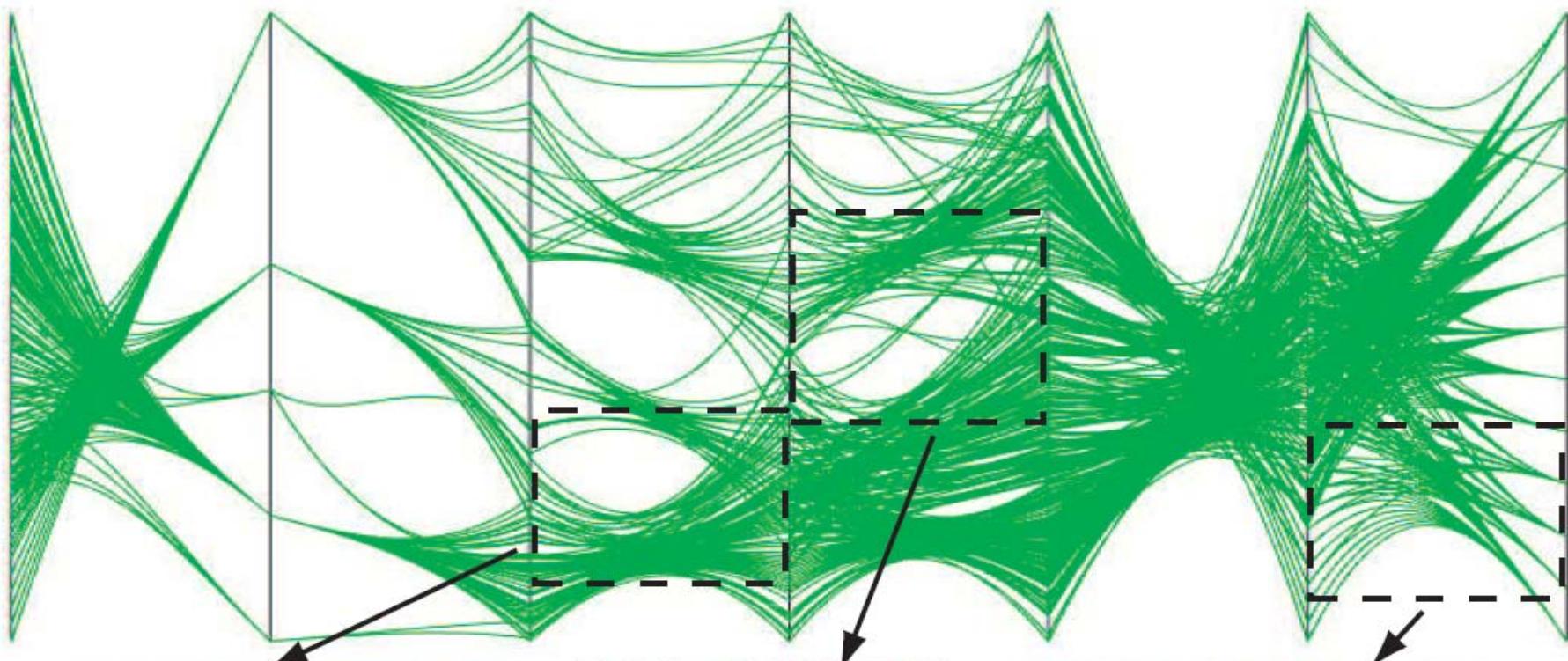
Acceleration

MPG

Displacement

Weight

Year



(a')

(b')

(c')

Cylinders

Horsepower

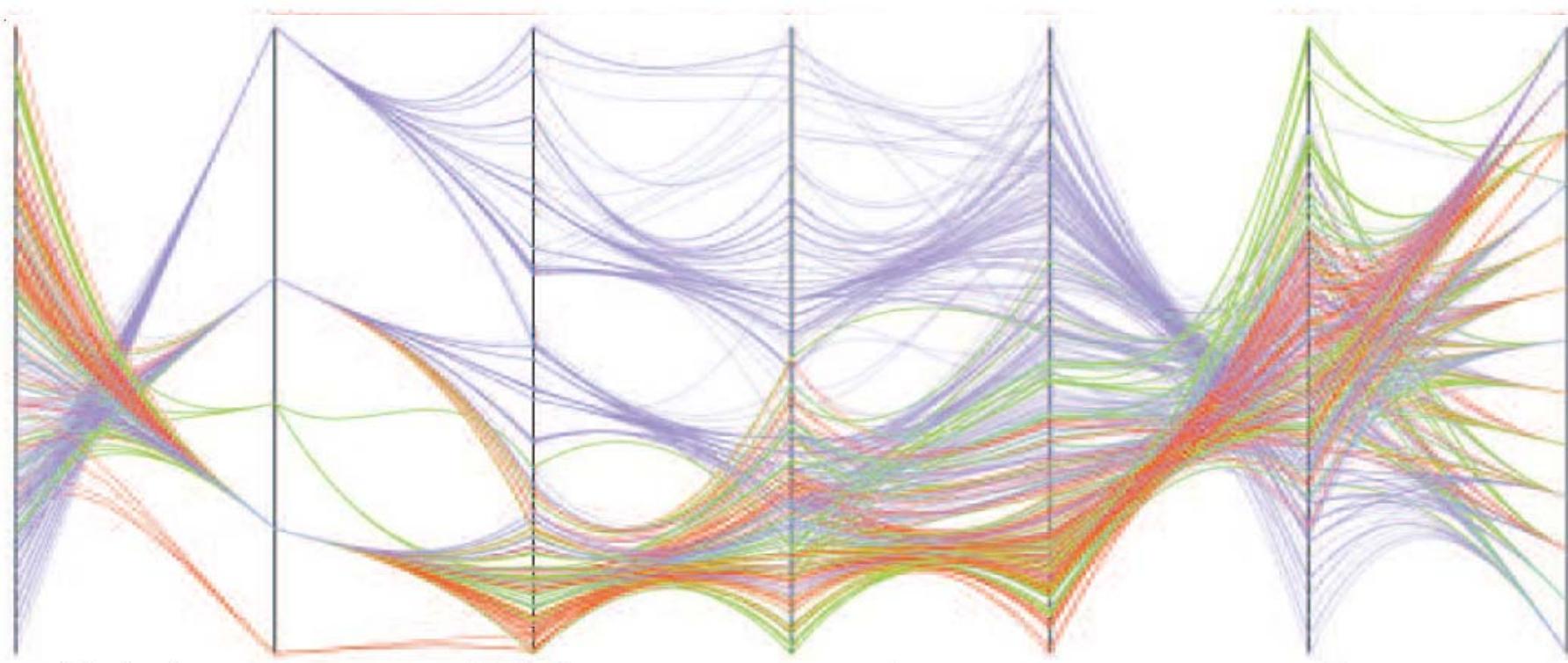
Acceleration

MPG

Displacement

Weight

Year



Cylinders

Horsepower

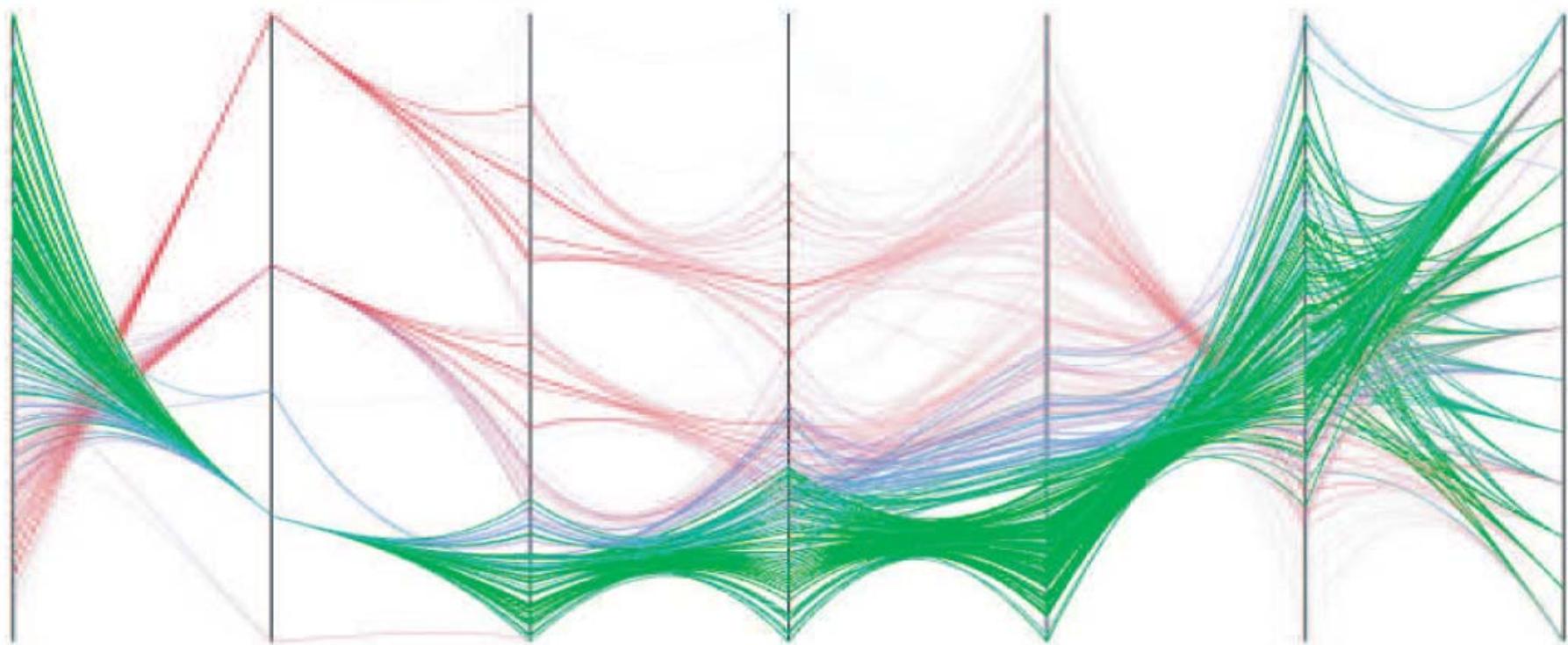
Acceleration

MPG

Displacement

Weight

Year

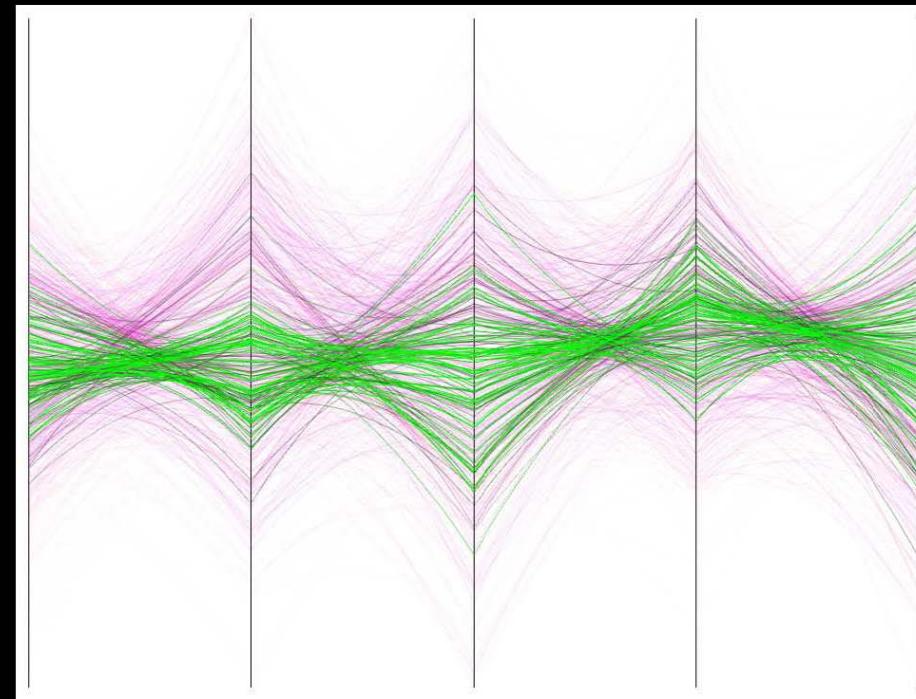
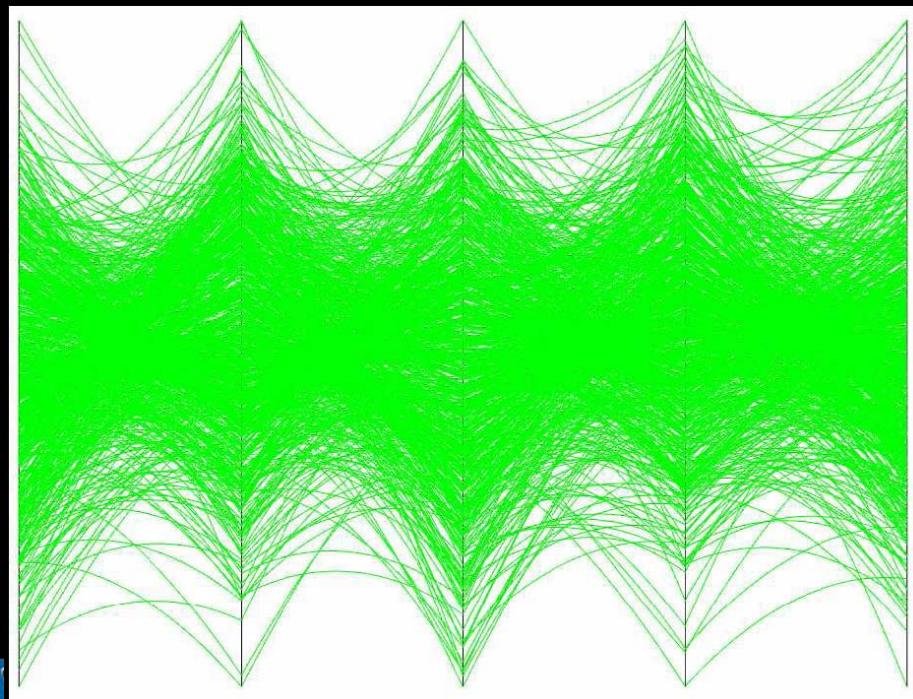
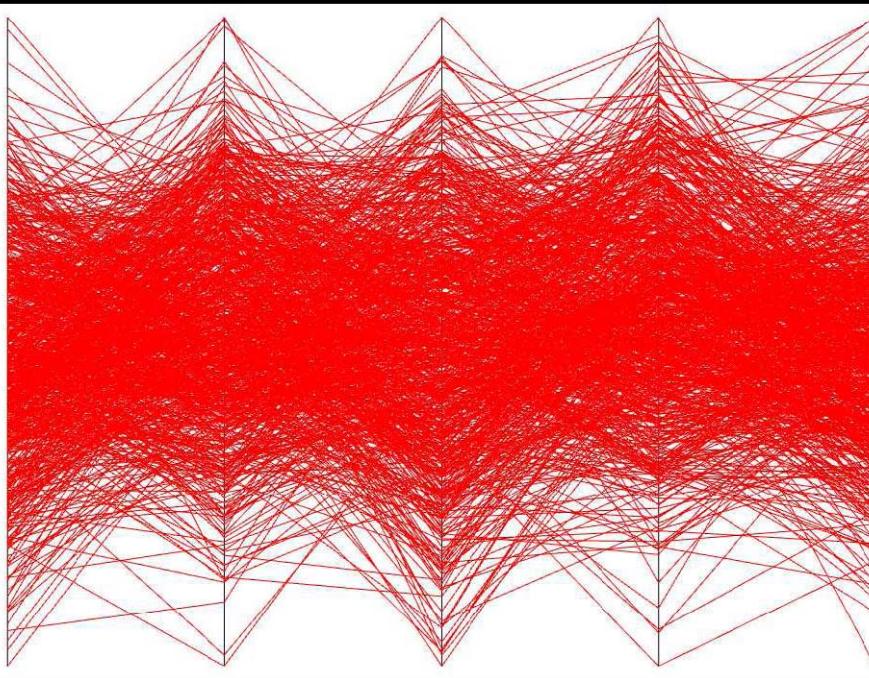


Origin:

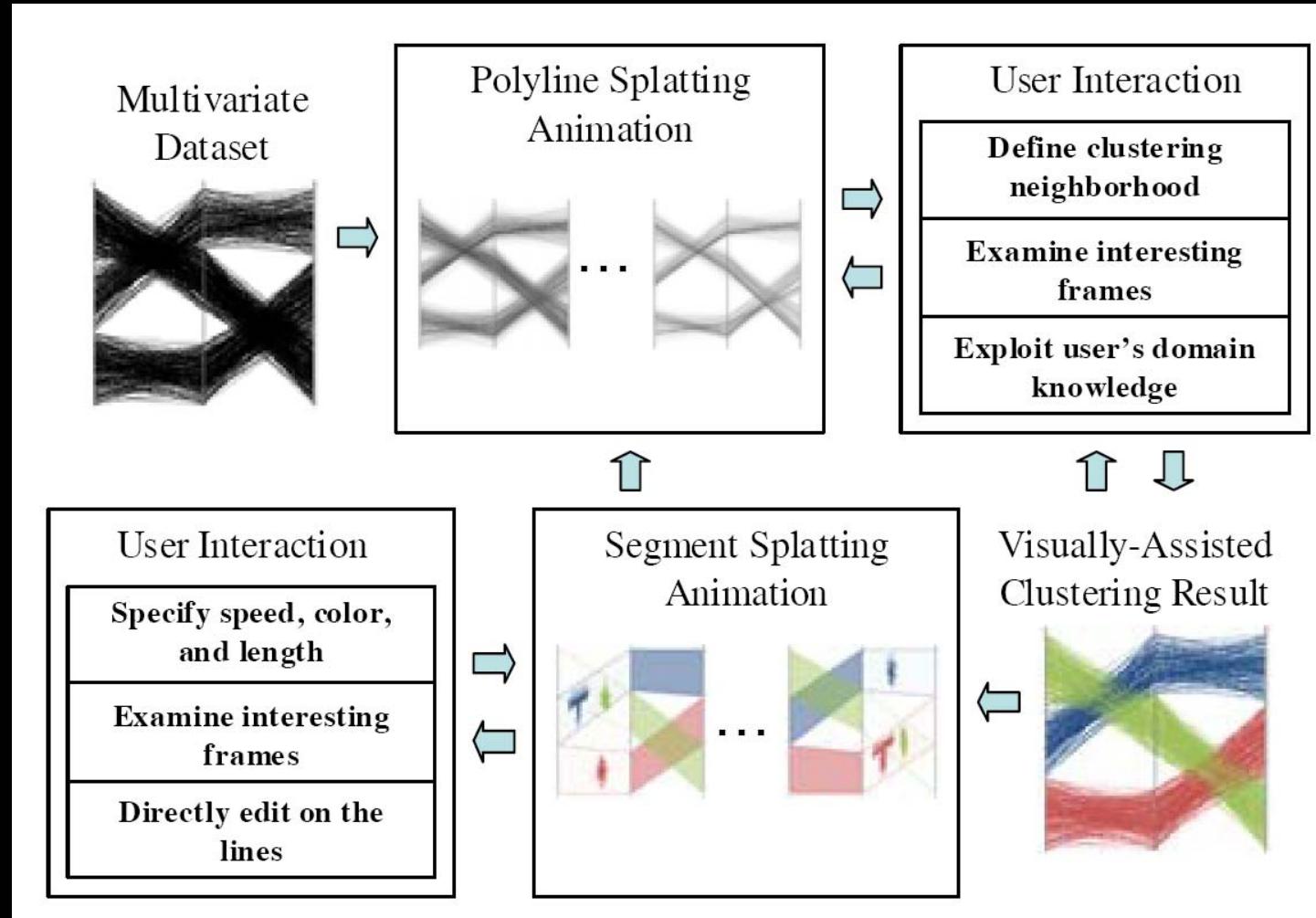
USA

Japan

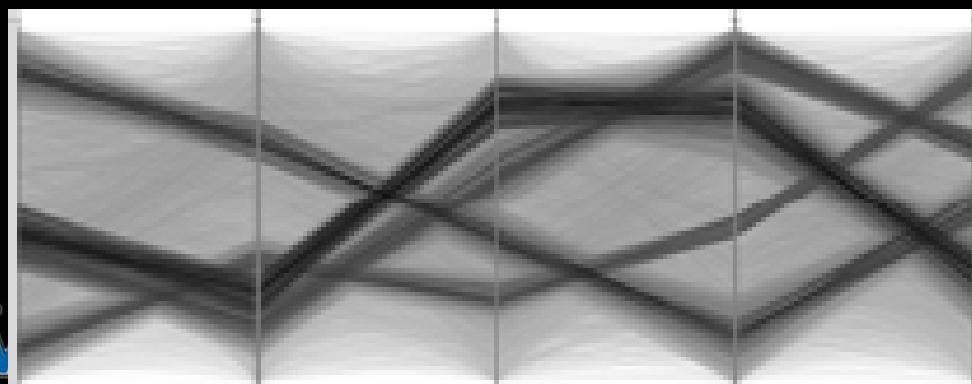
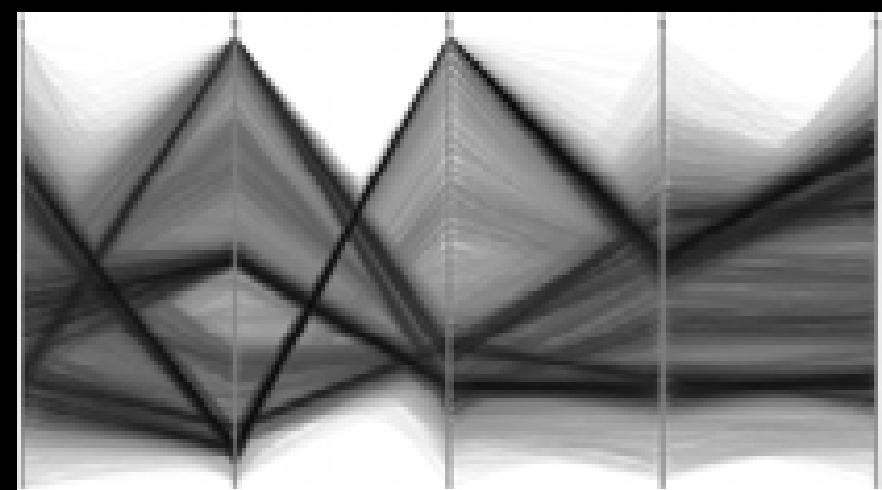
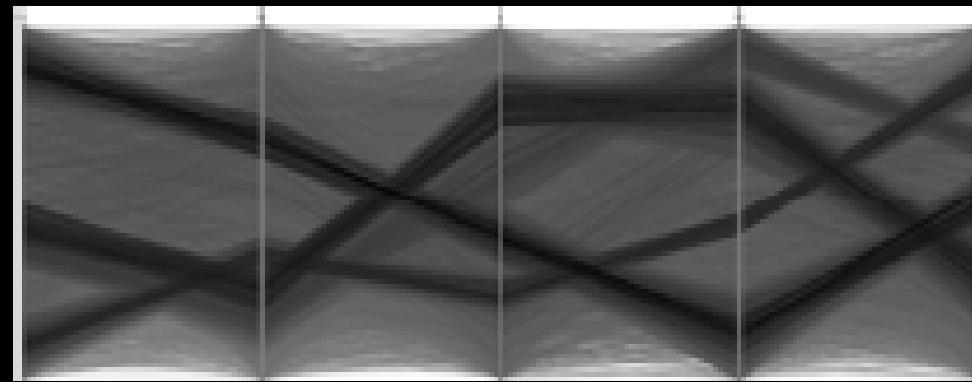
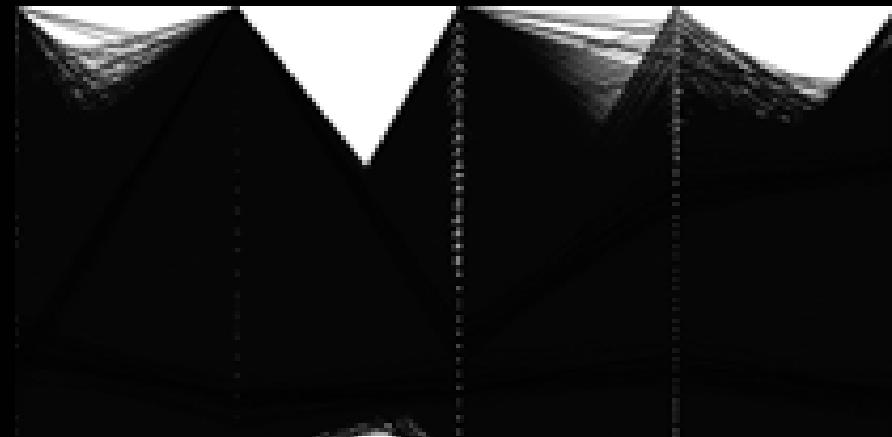
Europe



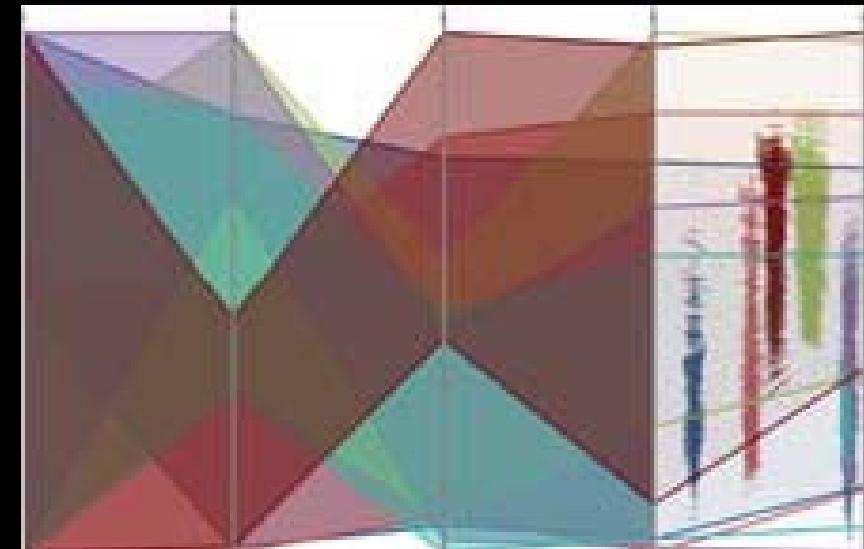
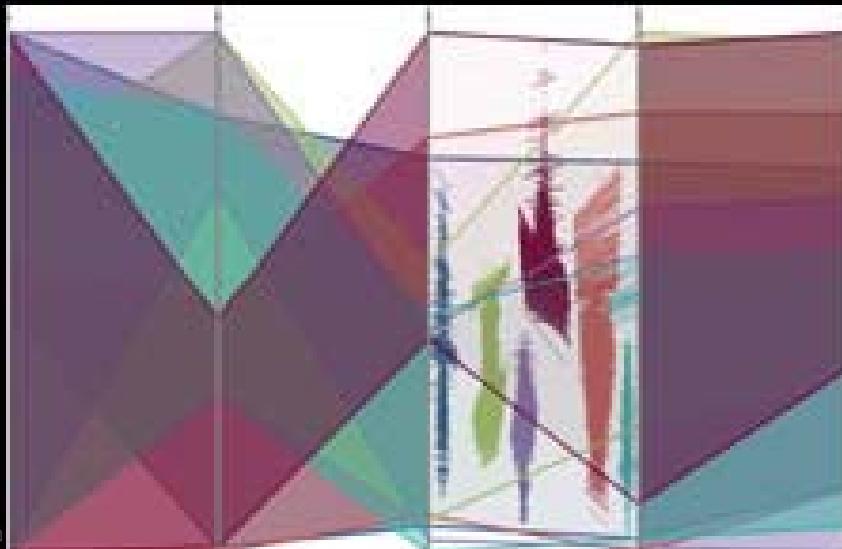
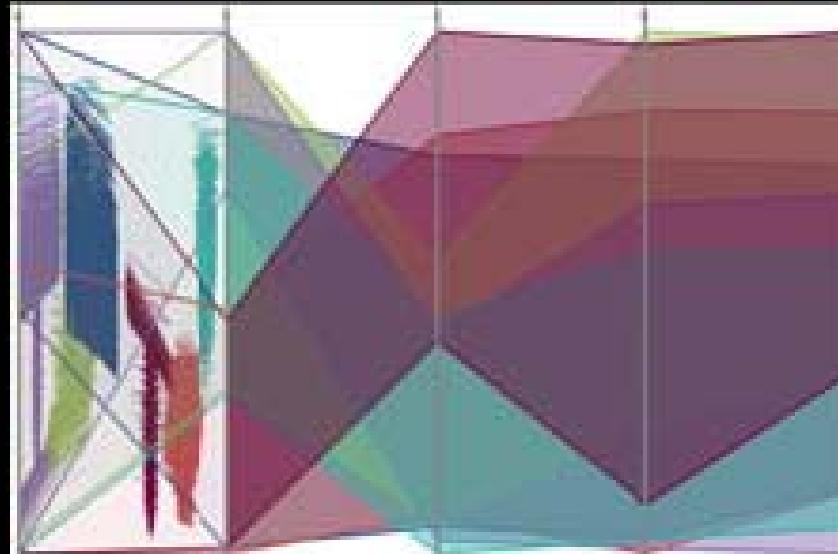
# Splatting the Lines in Parallel Coordinates



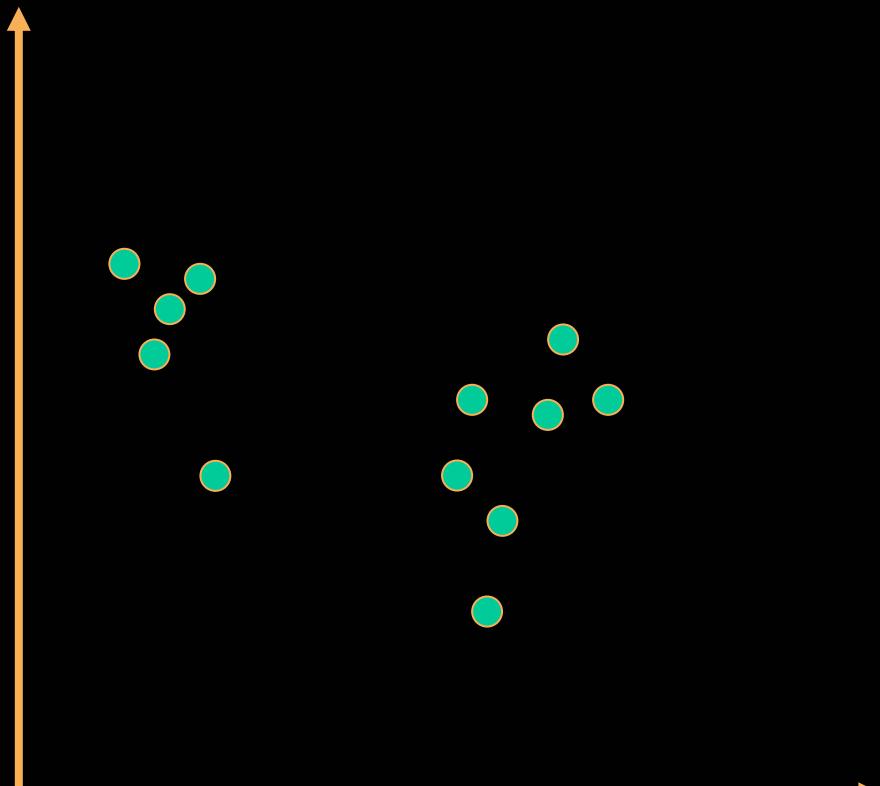
# Polyline Splatter



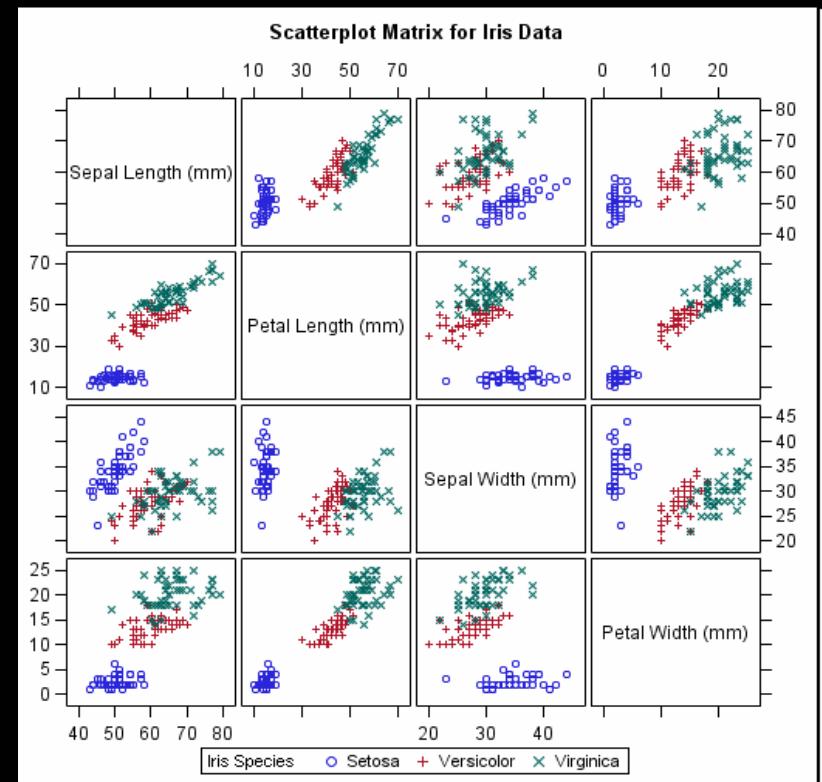
# Segment Splatter



# Scatter Plots



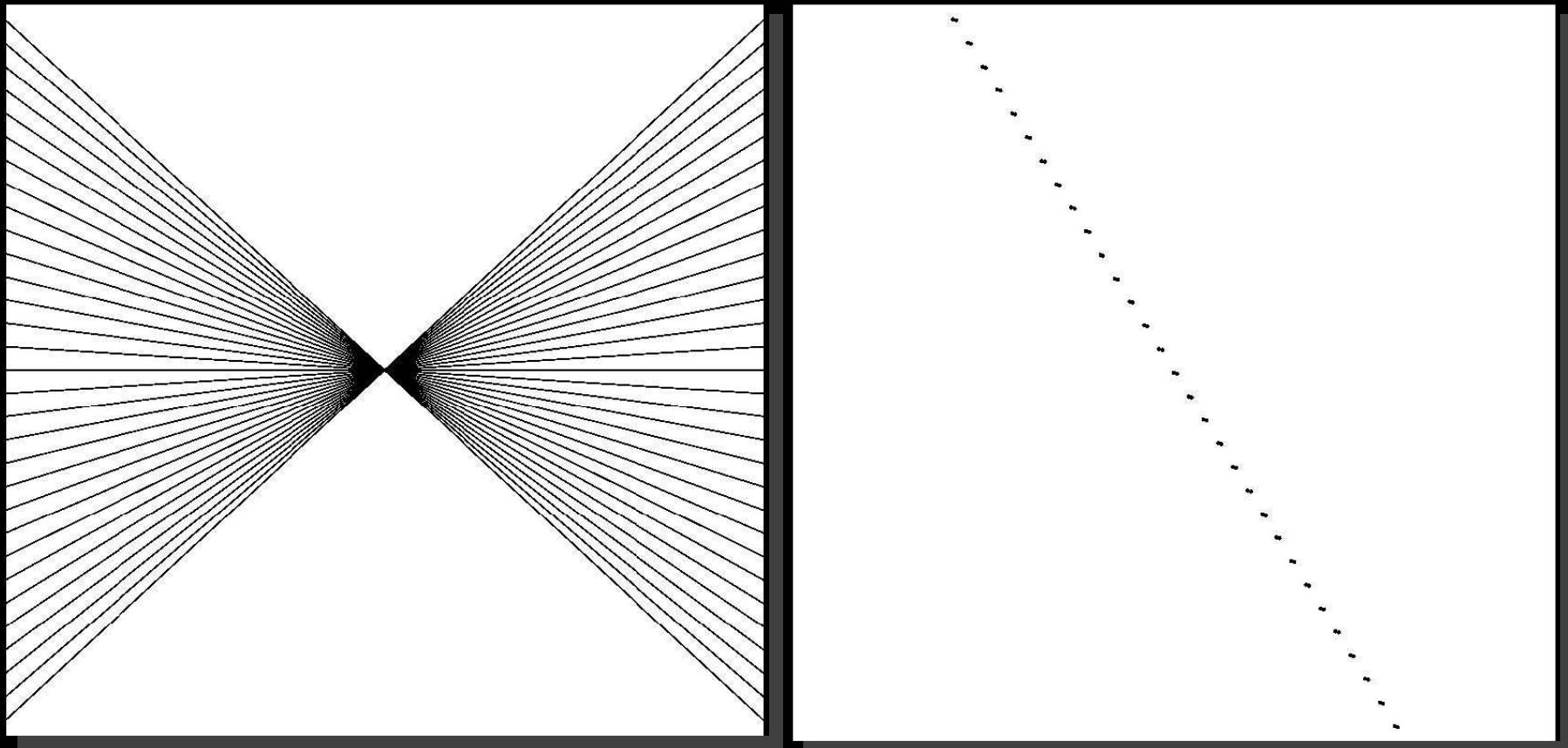
Scatter Plot



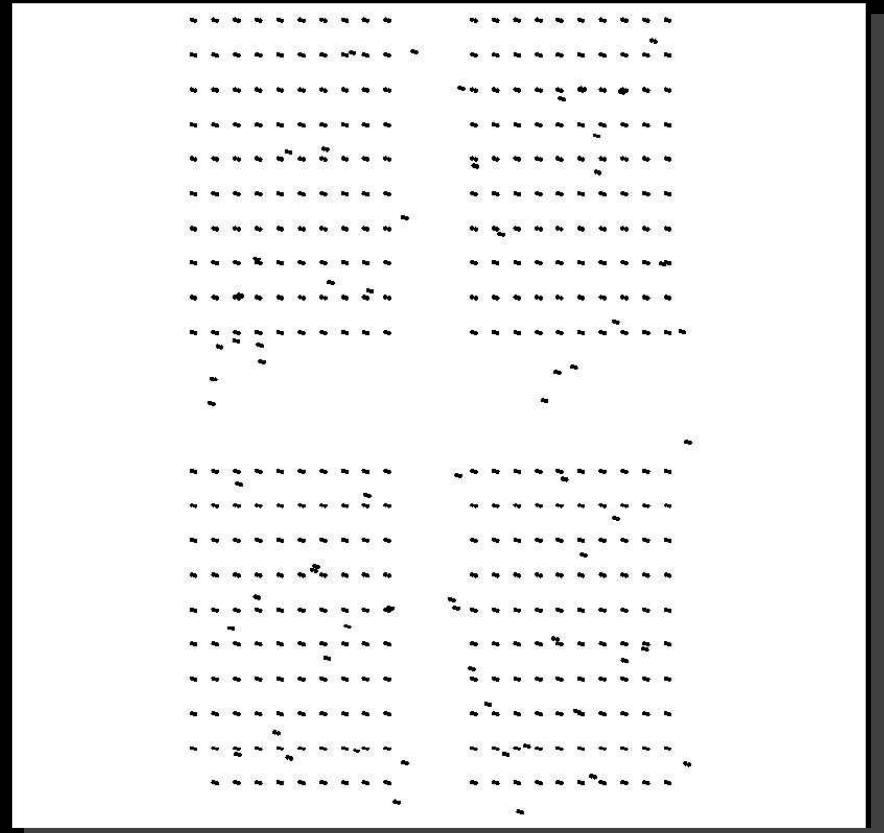
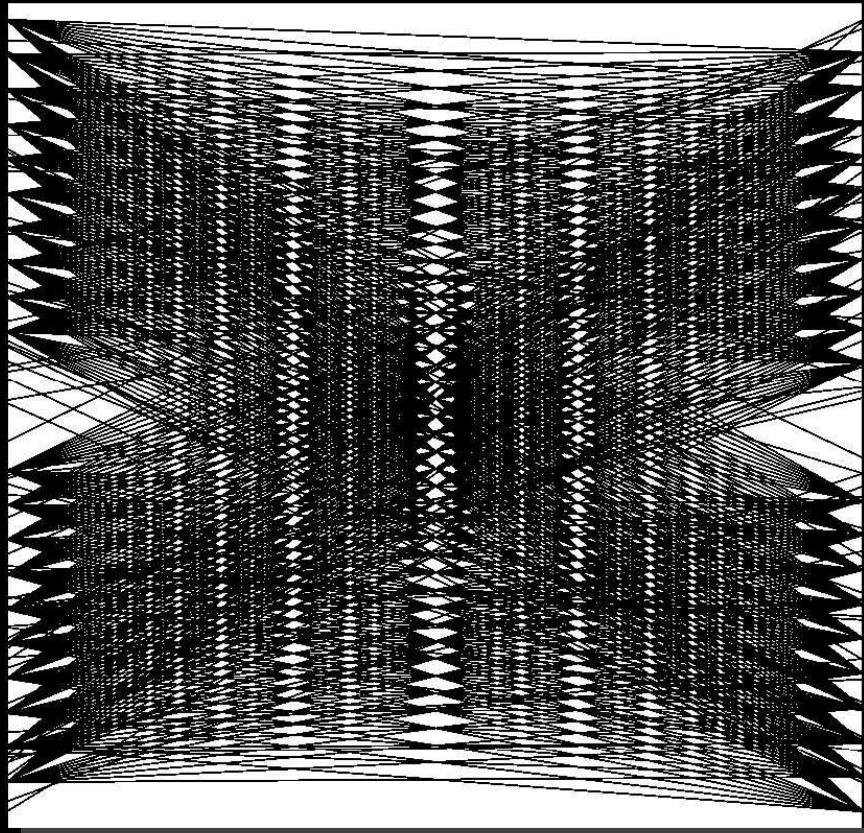
Scatter Plot Matrix

From sas.com

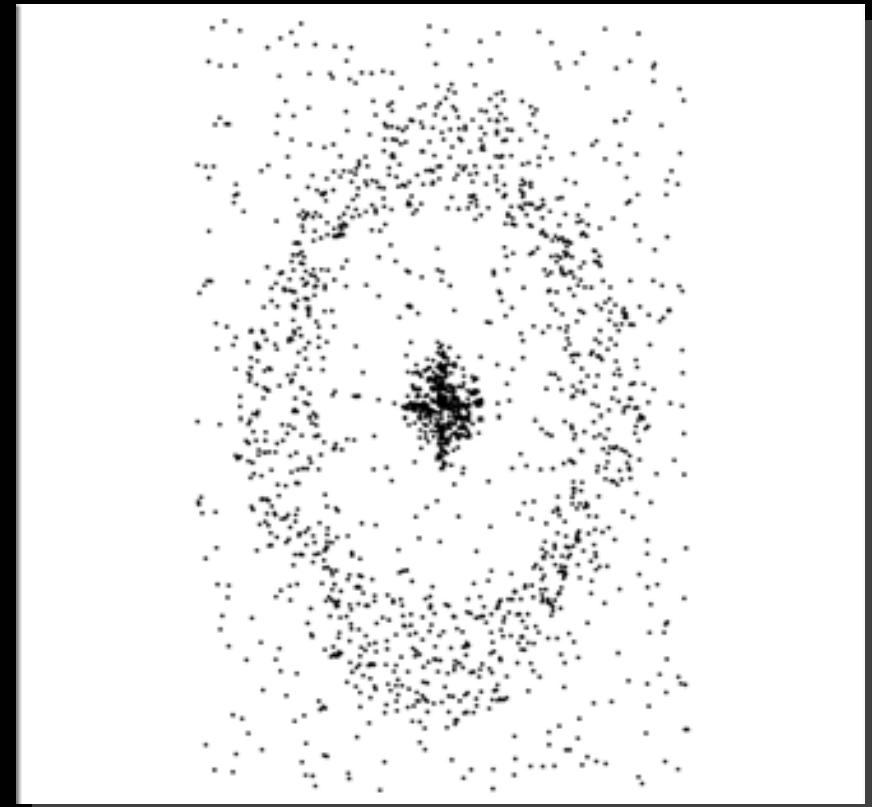
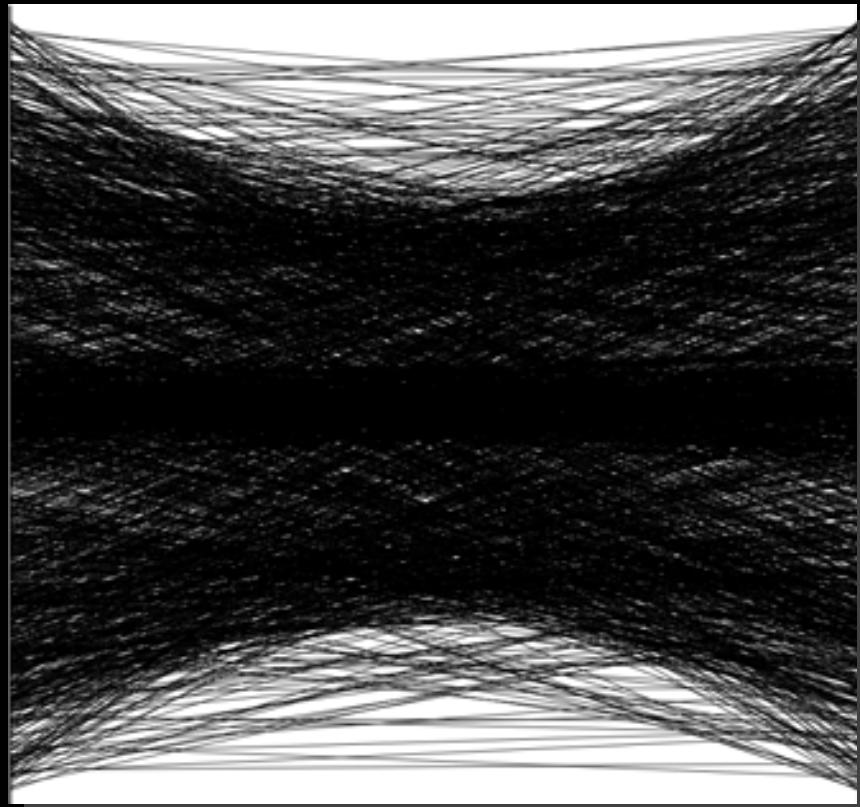
# Line vs. Point Representation



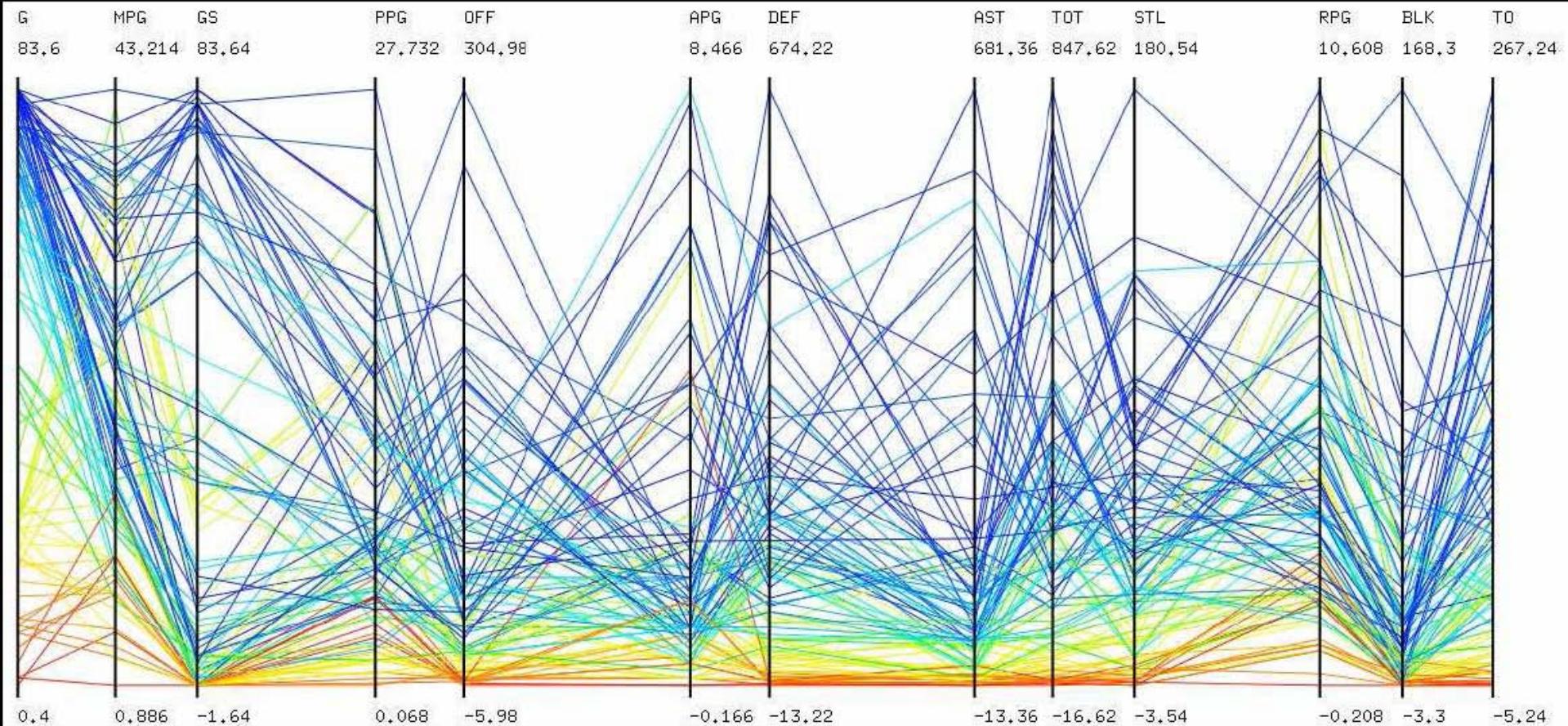
# Line vs. Point Representation



# Line vs. Point Representation

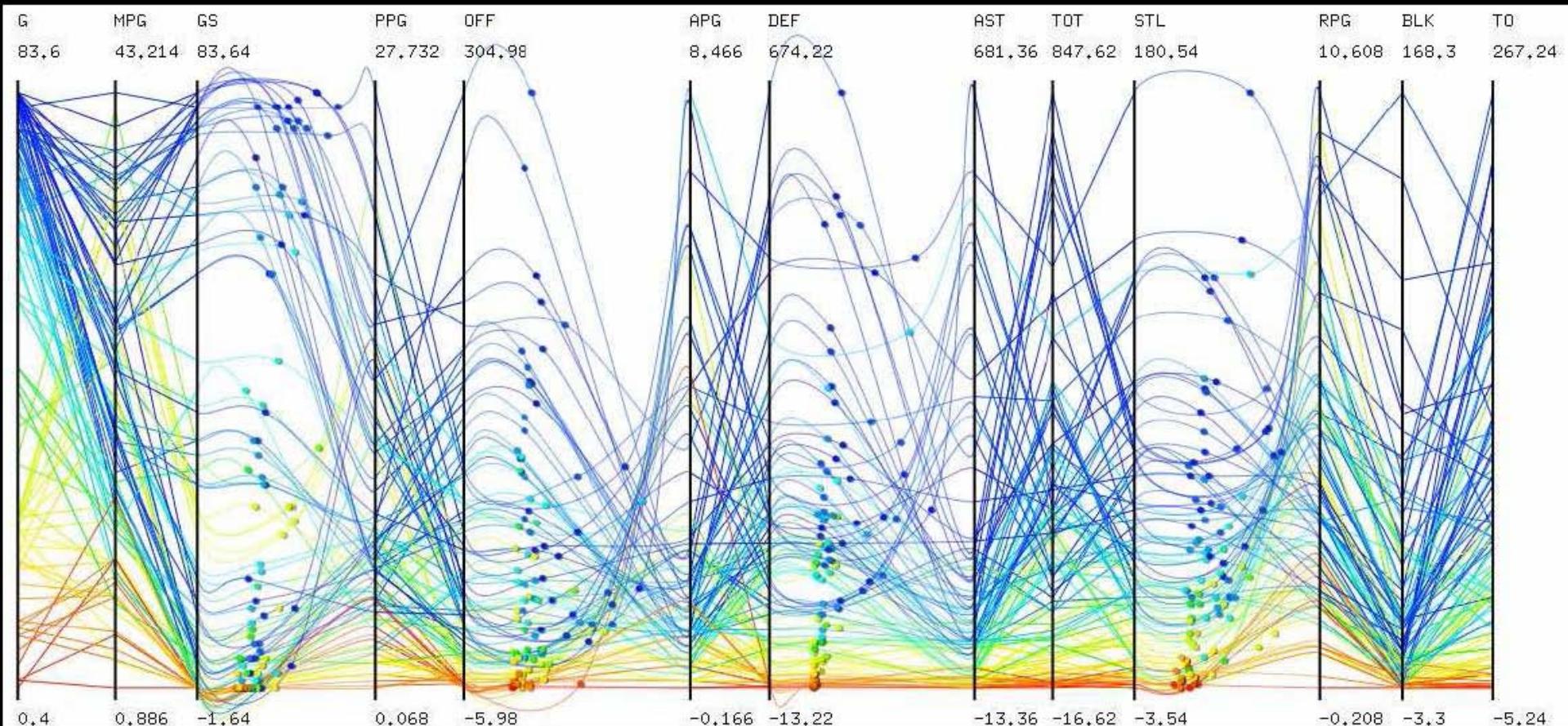


# Data Exploration with PC

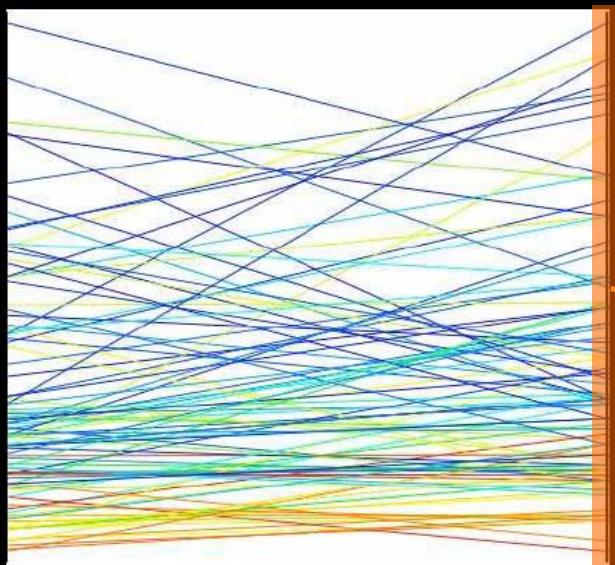


7 variables and 392 data items.

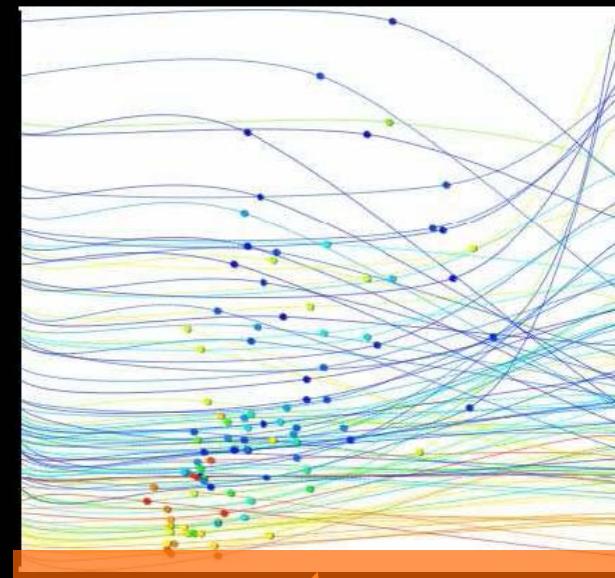
# Data Exploration with SPPC



# SPPC – Converting Lines into Points

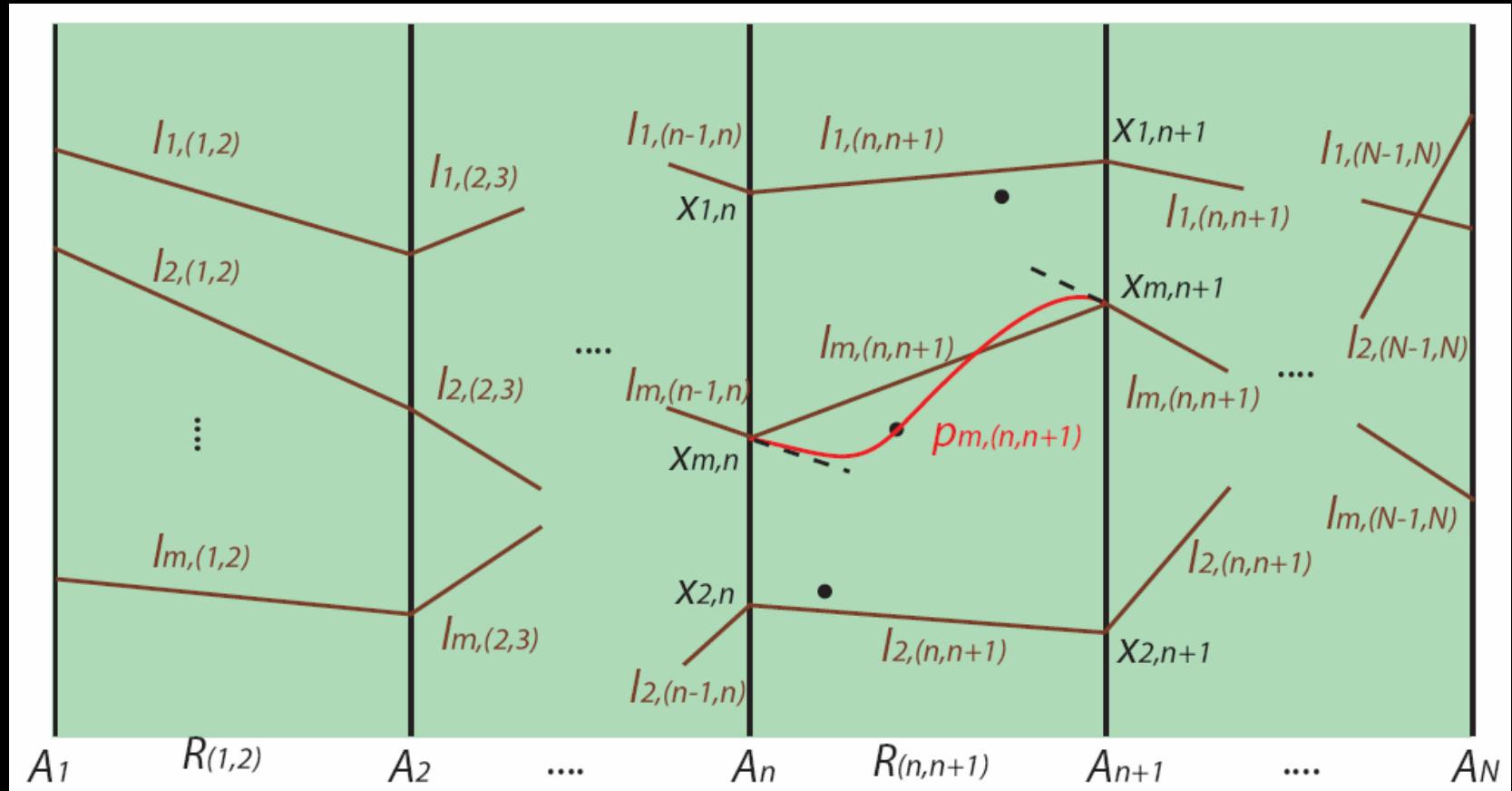


Parallel Coordinates

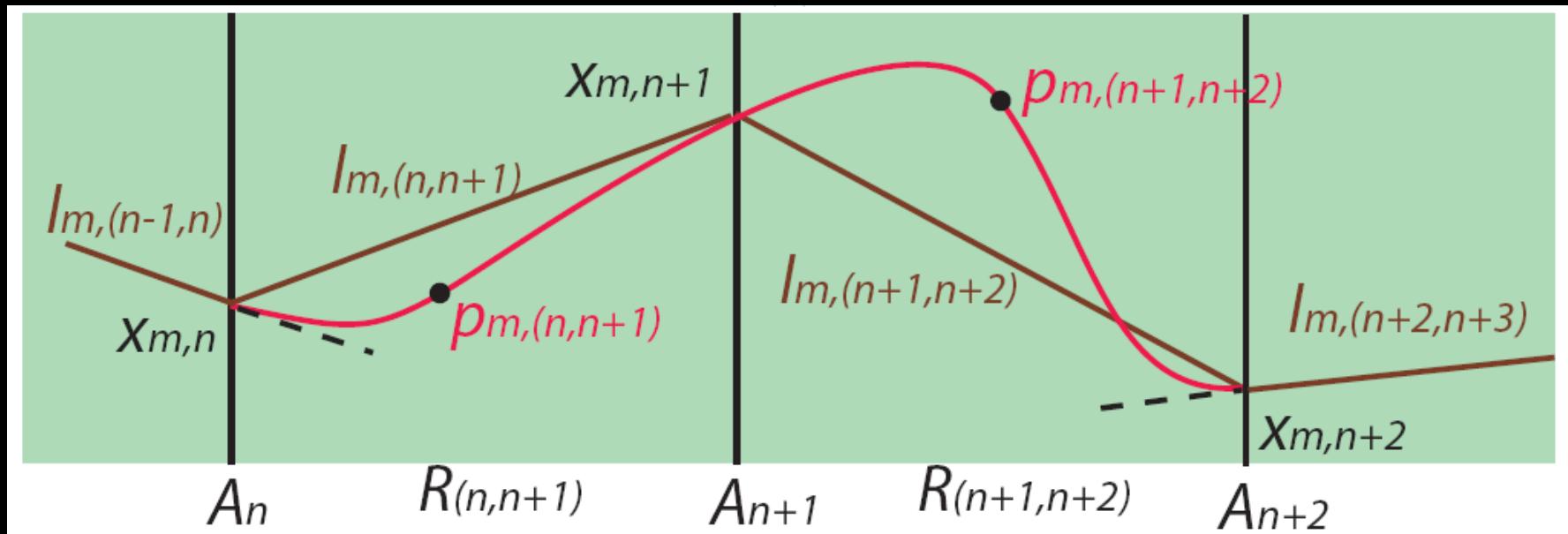


Scatter Plot

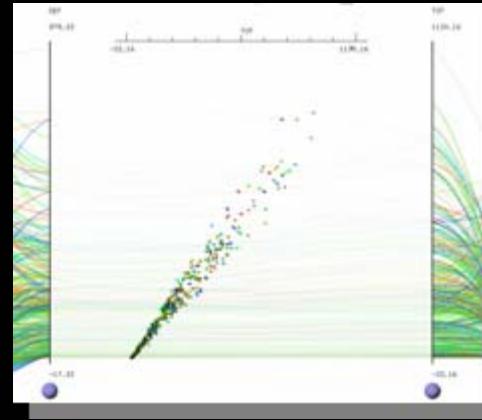
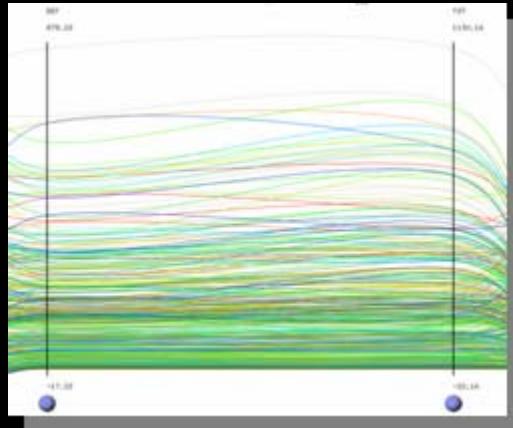
# Scattering Points in Parallel Coordinates - SPPC



# Scattering Points in Parallel Coordinates - SPPC

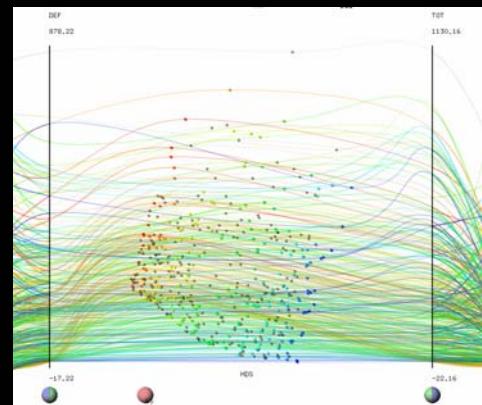


# Extension in point distribution - DMS



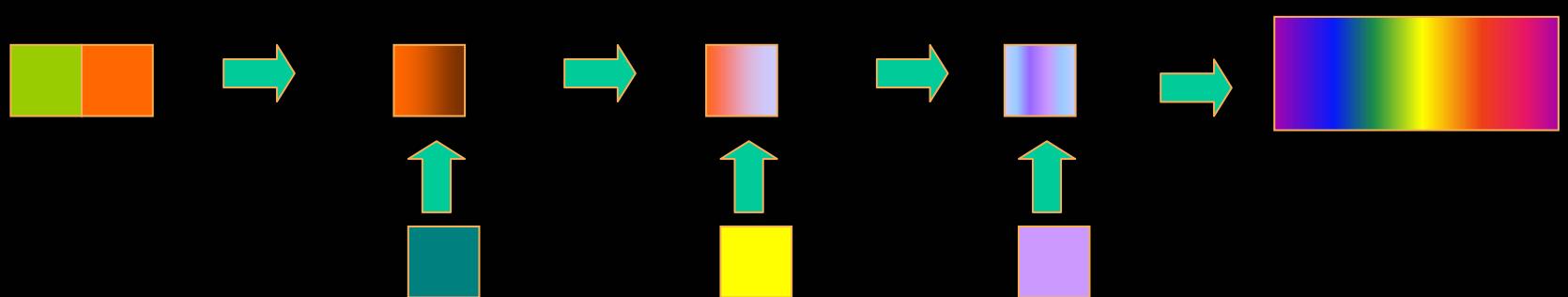
Scatter Plots

Parallel Coordinates



MDS

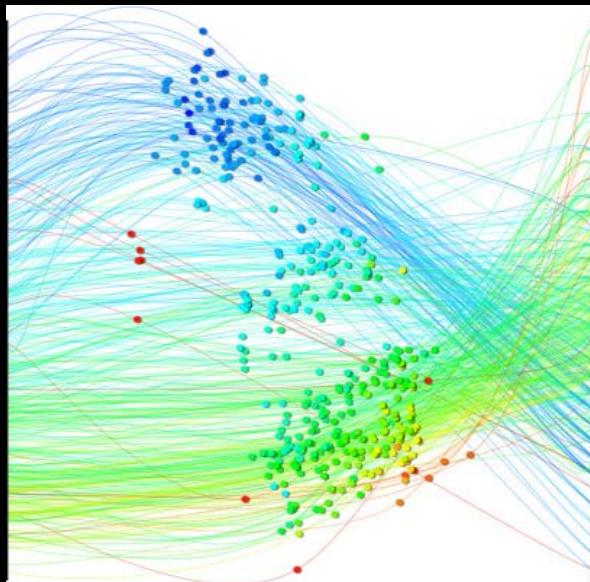
# Dimensional Incremental Multidimensional Scaling (DIMDS)



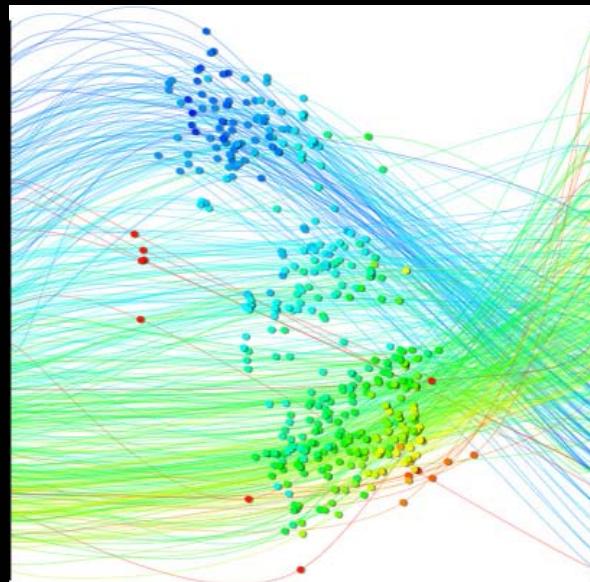
# DIMDS Performance

Data	Dimensions	Data Size	CPU MDS	CPU DIMDS	GPU DIMDS	CPU DIMDS+	GPU DIMDS+
Car	8	406	5671ms	719ms (7.88)	503ms (11.3)	110ms (51.6)	92ms (61.6)
AAUP	14	1161	64312ms	1671ms (38.5)	862ms (74.6)	828ms (77.7)	593ms (108.5)
DNA	21378	68	1485ms	1453ms (1.02)	1043ms (1.42)	32ms (46.3)	81ms (18.3)

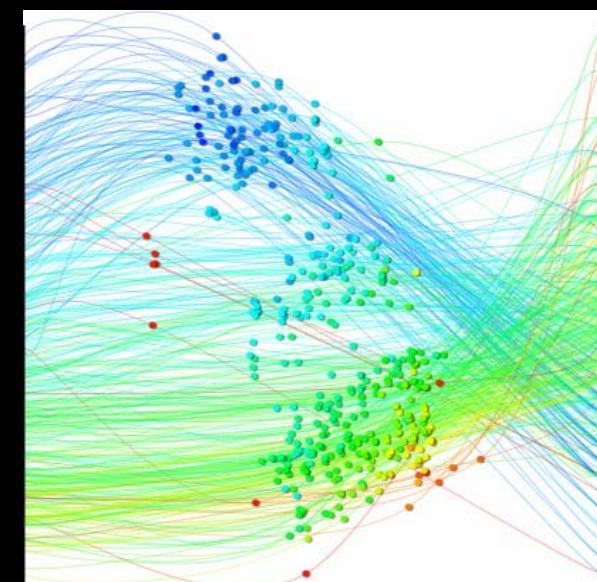
# DIMDS Order



MDS

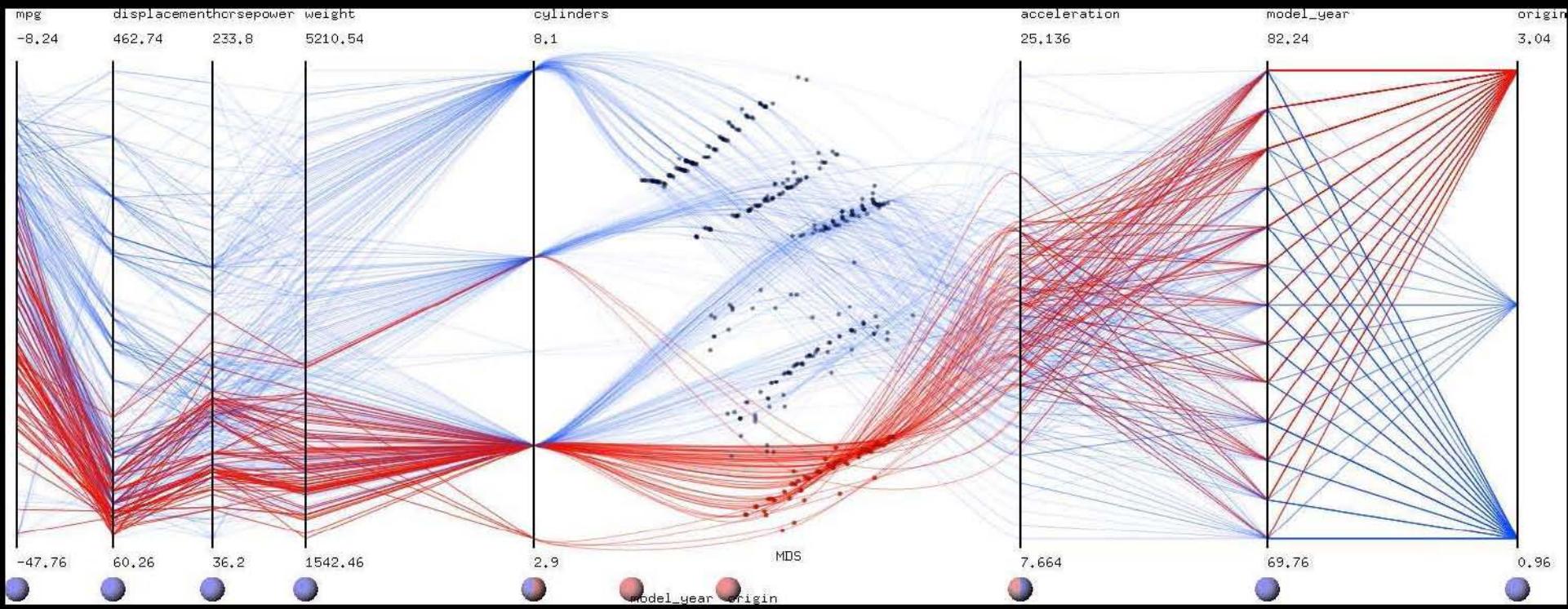


DIMDS - order 1



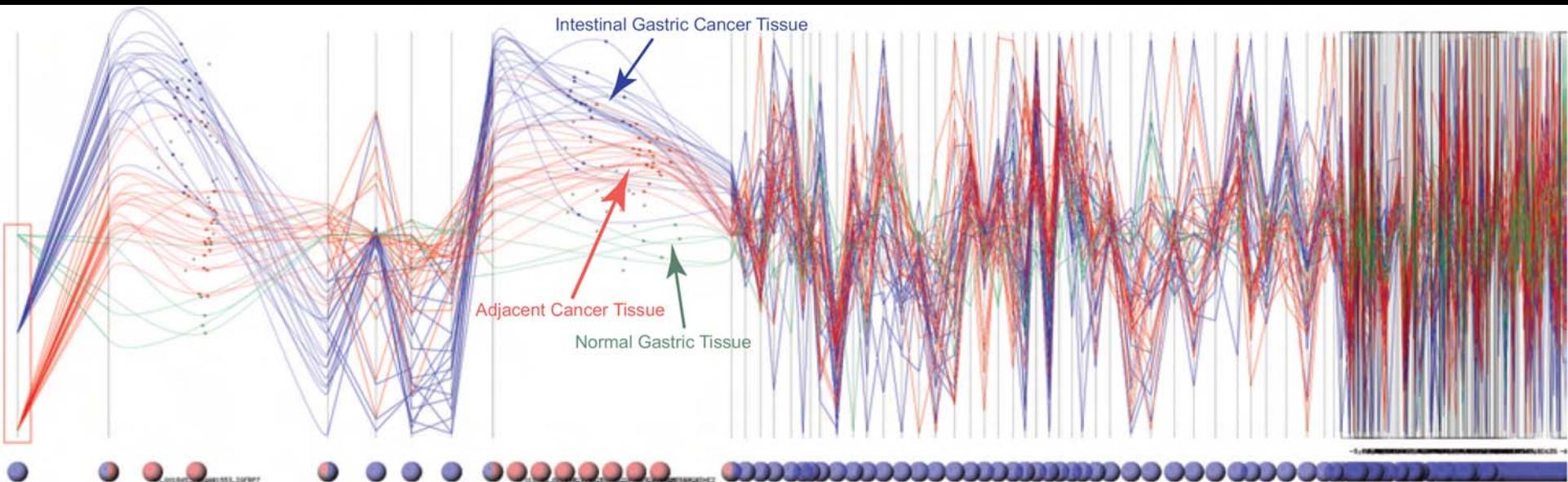
DIMDS - order 2

# Data Exploration with SPPC

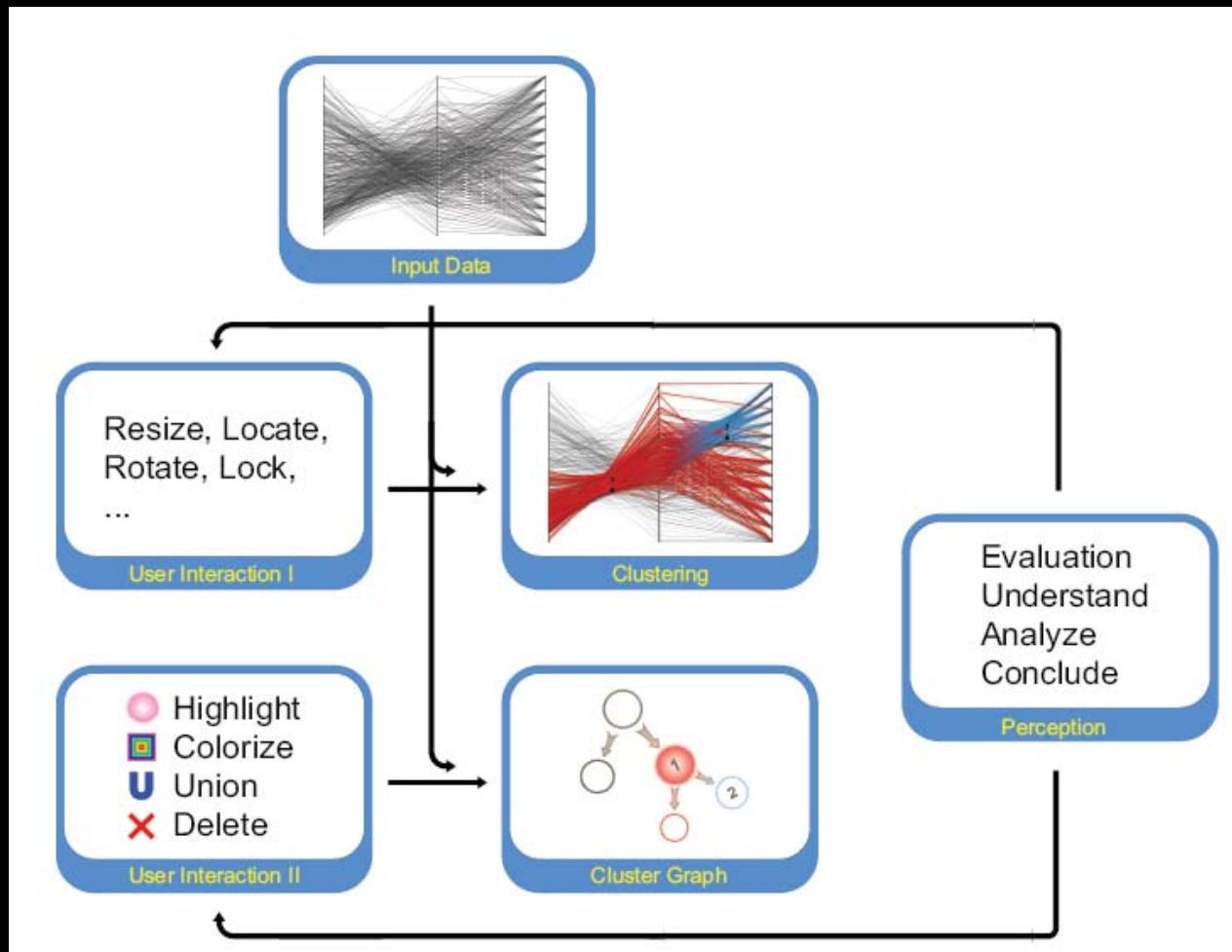


# Application – Intestinal Gastric Cancer

- DNA Microarray data

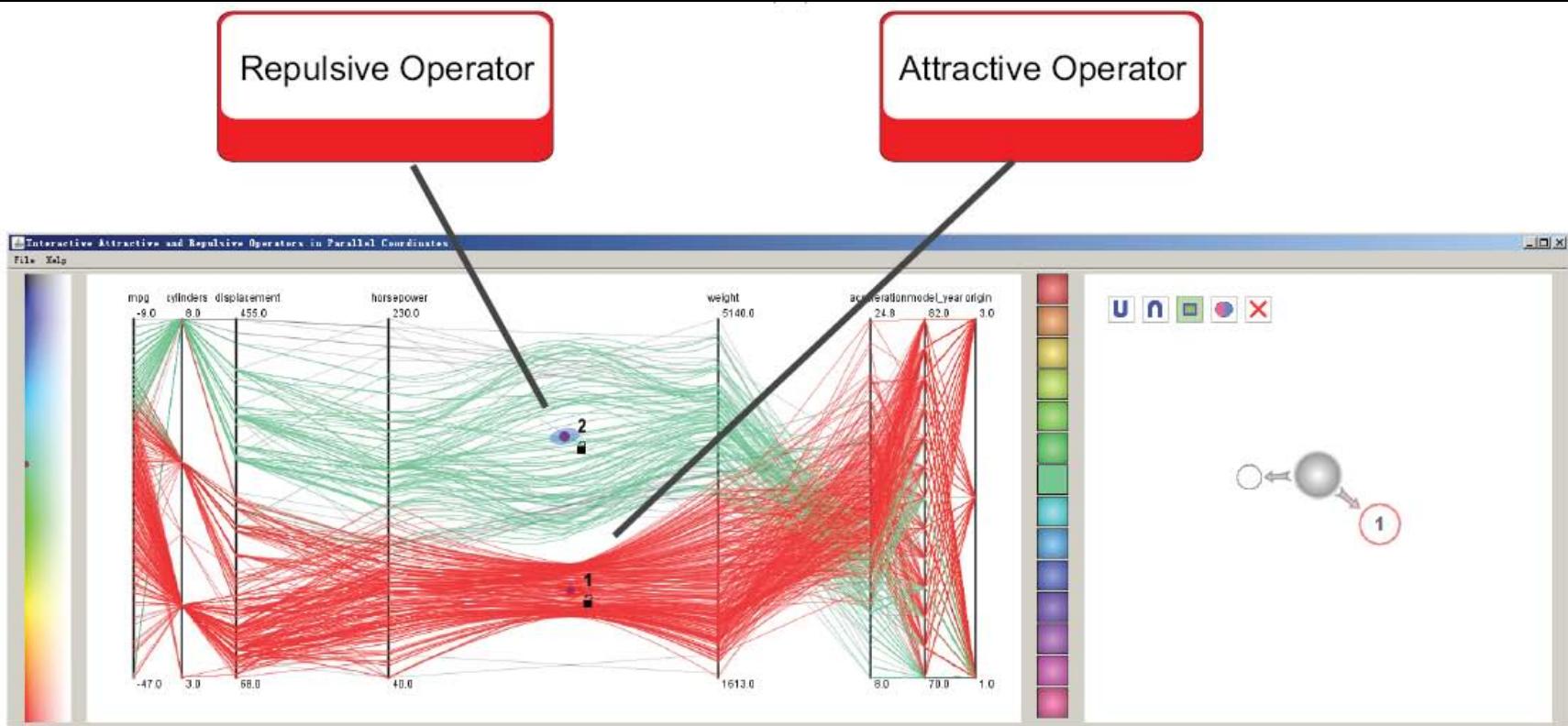


# Interactive Local Clustering Operations

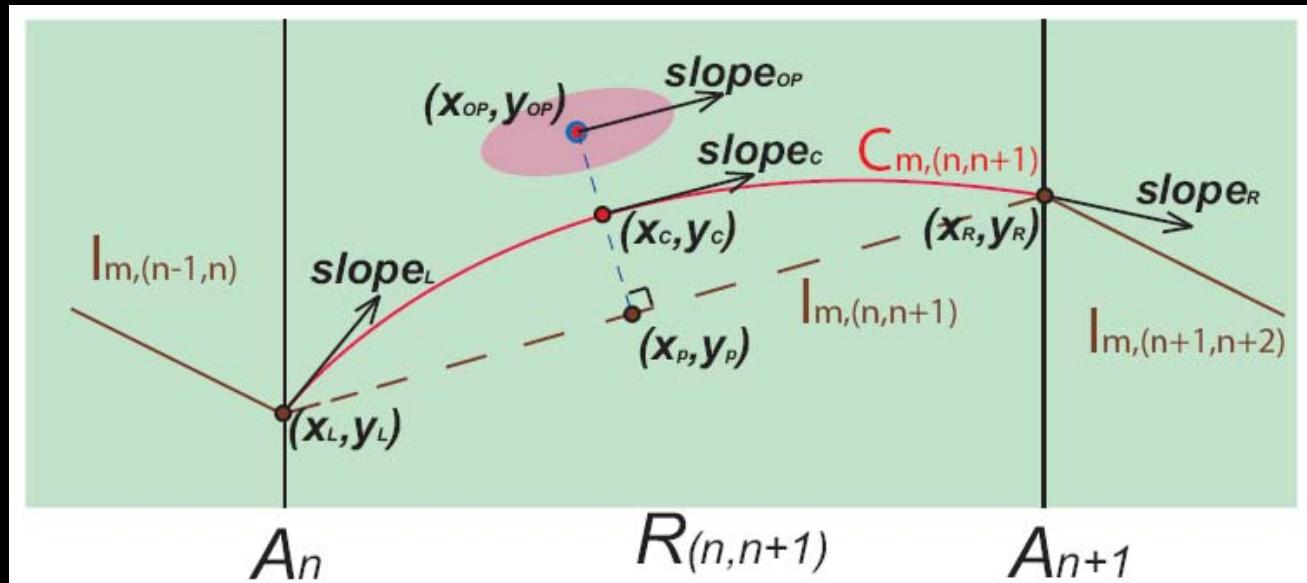


[PacificVis 2010]

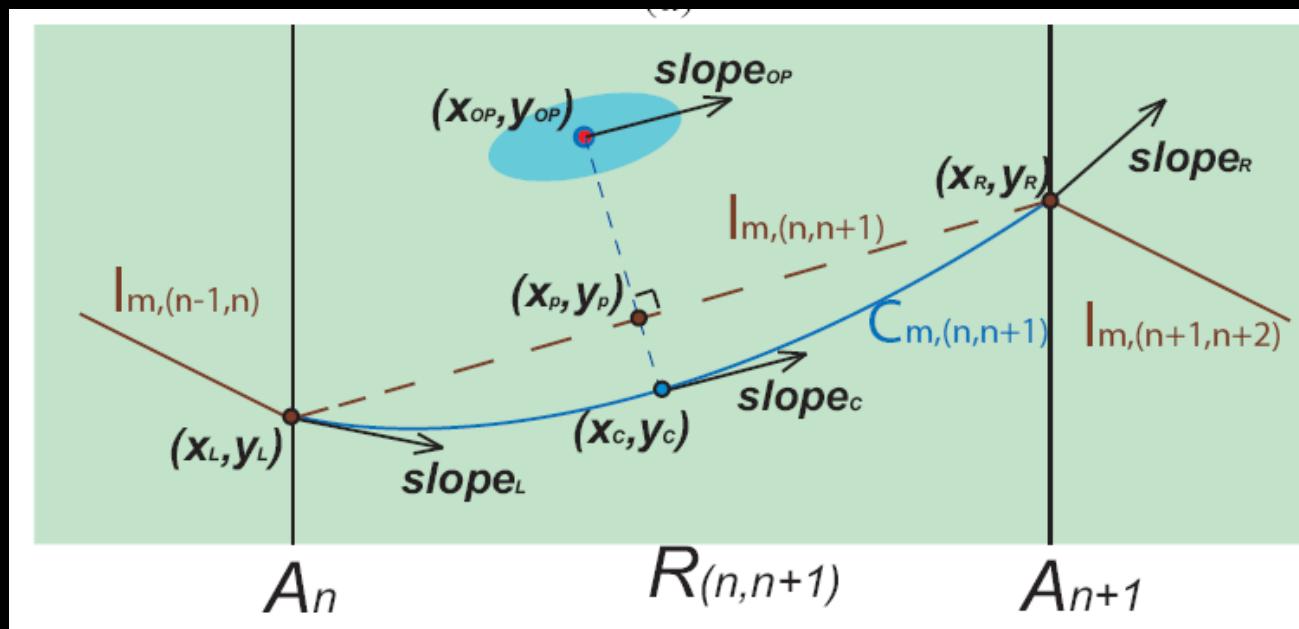
# Interactive Local Clustering Operations



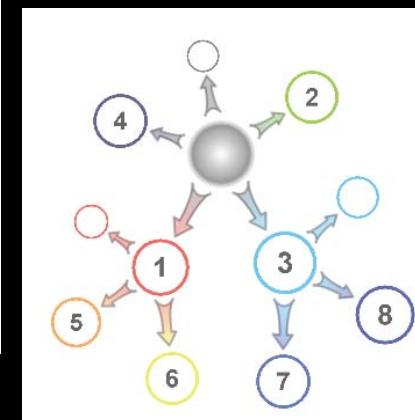
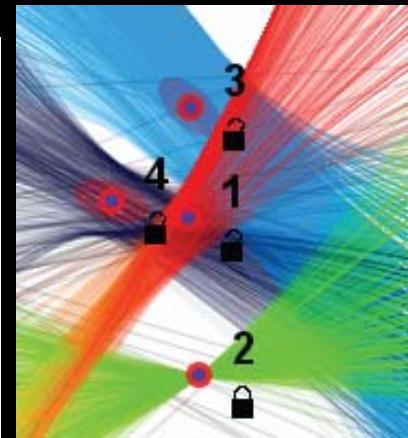
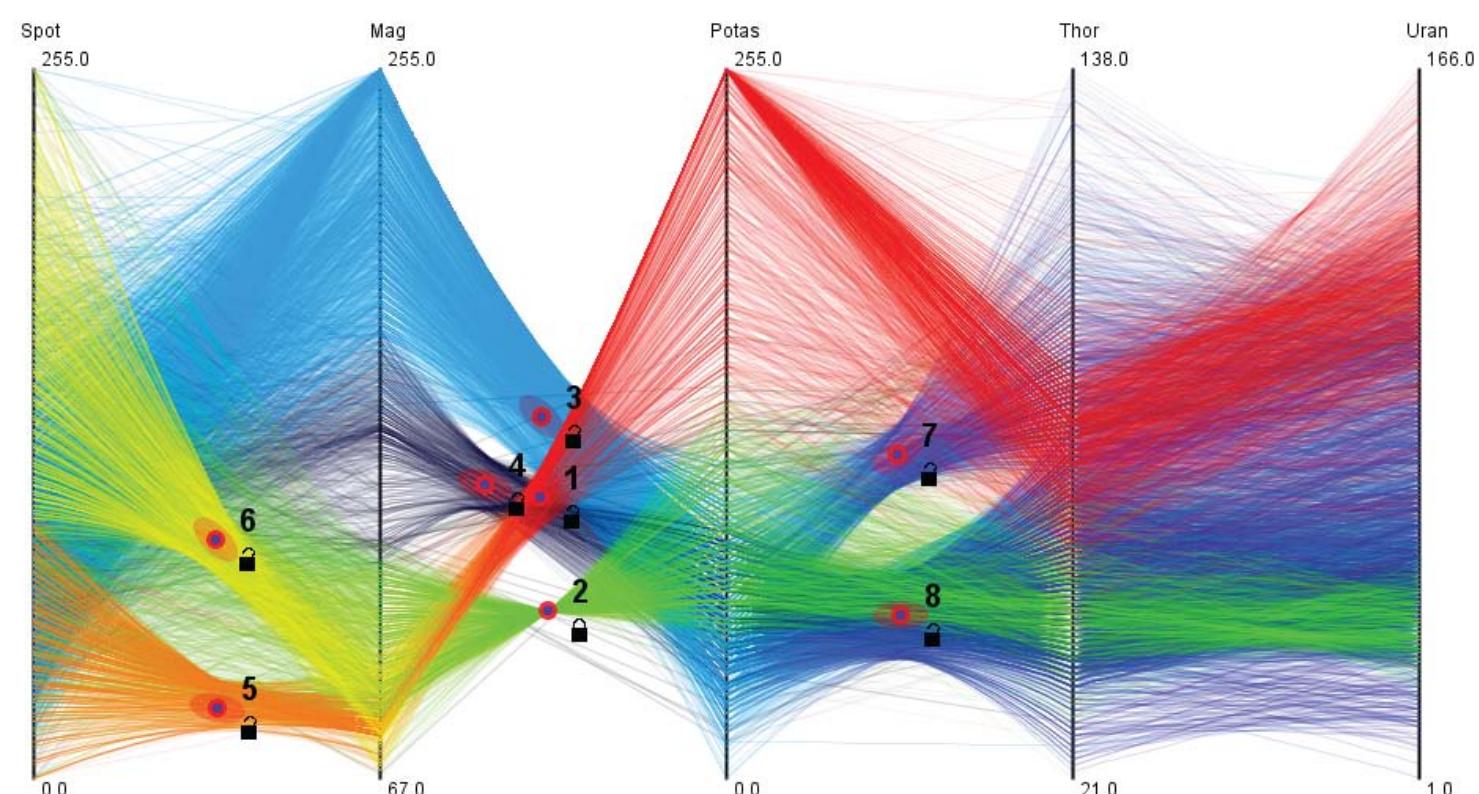
# Local Clustering Operations



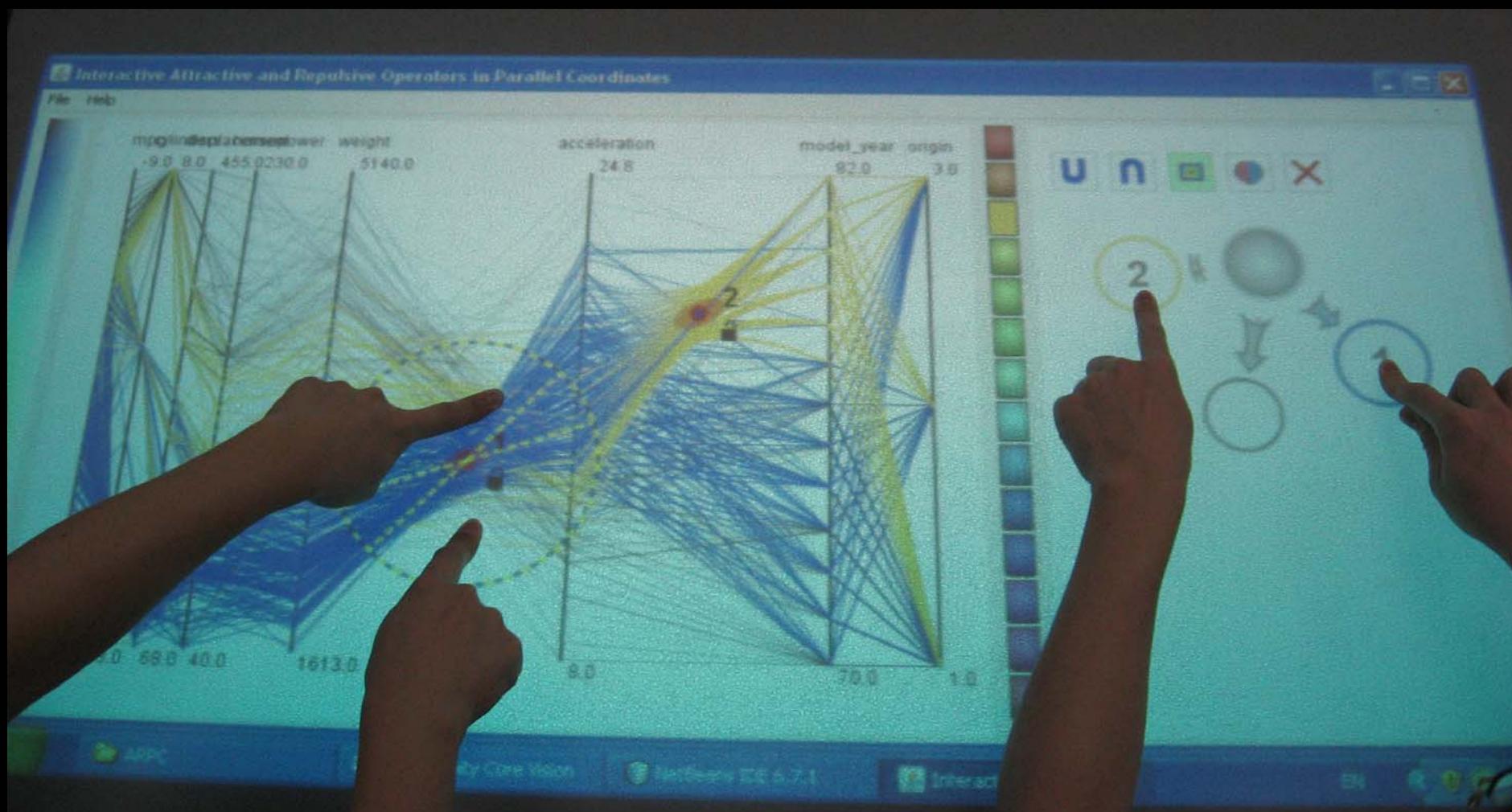
# Local Clustering Operations



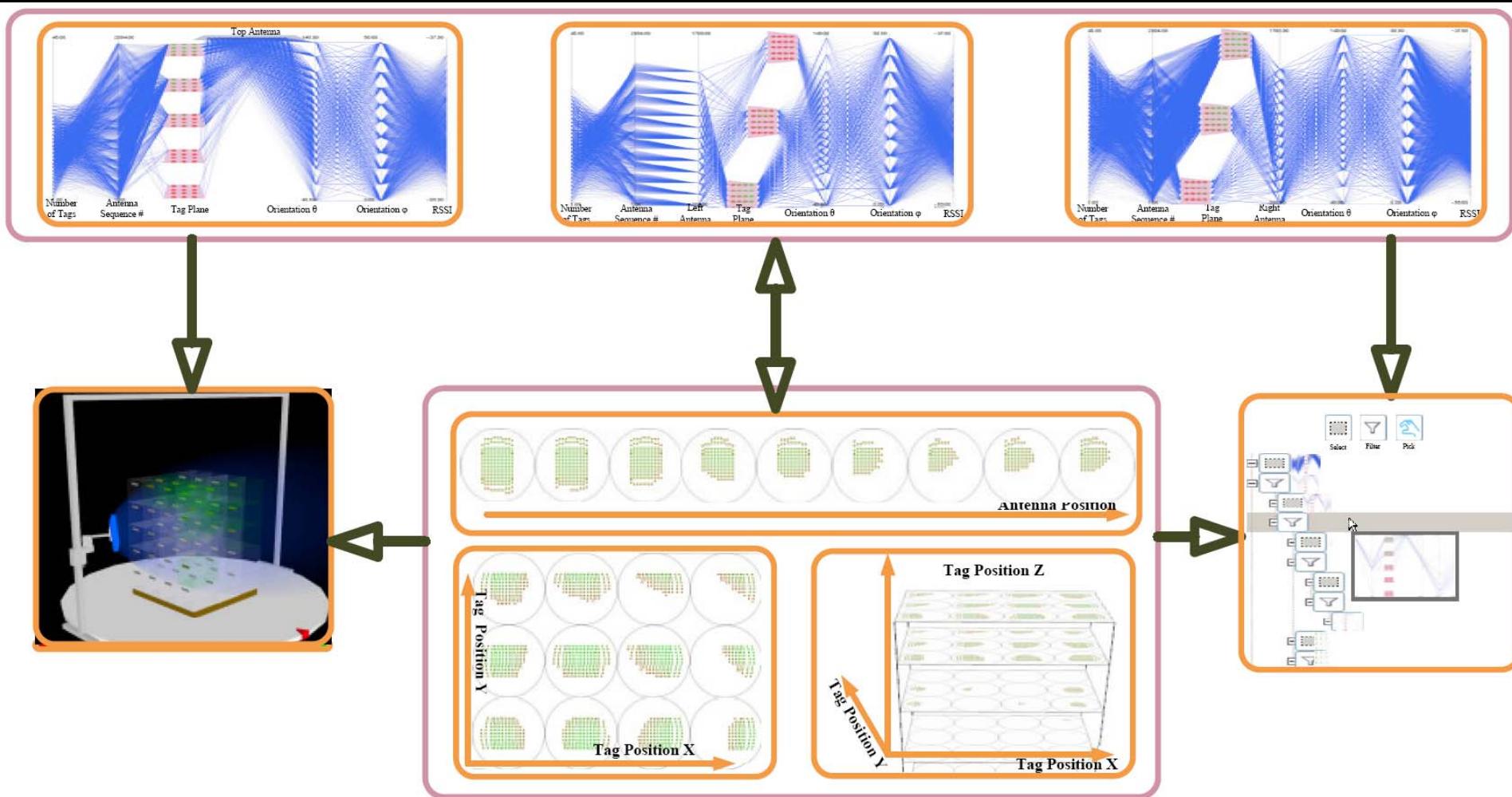
# Interactive Local Clustering Operations



# Interactive Local Clustering Operations



# Parallel Coordinates Application in RFID



# Demo

- Video
- PC application (NBA data)
- Software download  
<http://vis.pku.edu.cn/software/>

# Visualization Research at Peking University



<http://vis.pku.edu.cn>  
<http://vis.pku.edu.cn/wiki>

Email: [xiaoru.yuan@pku.edu.cn](mailto:xiaoru.yuan@pku.edu.cn)