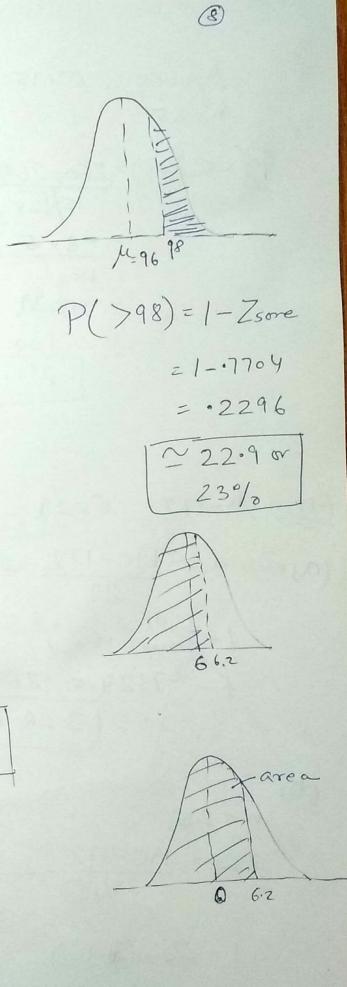
Central Limit Theorem 1 Mpop = 96 6 pop = 16 n= 35 $Z_{\text{sore}} = \frac{98 - 96}{16/\sqrt{35}}$ 2 2 √35 ~ .74 168 = .7704 $\frac{2}{2}$ $\mu = 6$, 6 = 1(a) 6.2-6 = .2Zsue (.2) = .5793 (p) N=100 Zsore = 6.2-6 = .2xto = .9777

~ 97.7%



$$\frac{3}{N=268}, 6=15$$

$$N=25$$

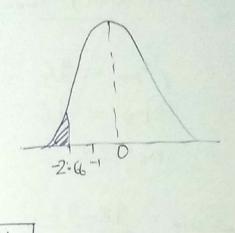
$$P(x < 260) = 260 - 268$$

$$15/\sqrt{25}$$

$$= -8x = -2.66$$

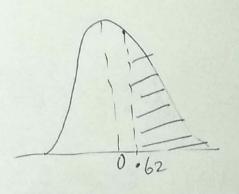
$$153$$

$$= .0039 ~ 7.39^{\circ}/0$$



(4)
$$M=172$$
 $6=29$

(a) $Z_{scme} = \frac{190-172}{29} = .62$
 $1-Z_{scme}(.62)$
 $1-.7324 = .2676$
 26.7%



(b)

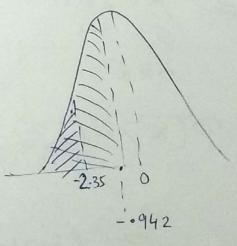
$$N = 25$$

 $Zsone = \frac{190 - 172}{29/\sqrt{125}} = \frac{18 \times 5}{29}$
 $= 3.10$
 $1 - Zsce(3.10)$
 $1 - .9990 = .001$
 $C .19/0$

$$\frac{4750 - 4300}{725/\sqrt{25}} = \frac{450 \times 5}{725}$$

$$= 3.10$$

$$Z_{score} = \frac{3.5 - 4}{1.5 / 150} = \frac{-0.5 \times 7.071}{1.5} = -2.35$$



(b)
$$P(x>54) =$$

$$\frac{Z_{\text{sore}} = \frac{54-50}{16/\sqrt{64}} = \frac{478}{462} = 2}{1-2}$$

$$1-2 = (2) - 1 - 9777$$

$$M = 23.1$$
 $6 = 3.1$
 $N = 6$

$$P(x>27) = \frac{27-23.1}{3.1/\sqrt{6}} = 1.25 \times \sqrt{6}$$

& M=21:50 6 = 2.22 N= 8 checks P(20< x < 23) = Zsae(23) = 23-21.50 = 1.818 = 1.911 = .9719 Zsone(20) = 20 - 21.50 = -1.50 = -1.911 = .0281.9719-.0281= .9438 ~ 94.3% 9 = M= 75 6 = 5 (a) P(X > 83) = Zsore = 83-75 = 1.6 1-Zson (1.6) z 1-.9452 z .6548 2 5.48% Zsere = 83-75 = 8x55 = 3.577 5/5 5 1-Zsae (3.577) = 1-09998 2 .0005 2.02%