(Sub Code: 083 Paper Code 91/1 Delni) A Complete guide for CBSE students

General Instructions:

- The answers given in the marking scheme are SUGGESTIVE, Examiners are requested to award marks for all alternative correct Solutions/Answers conveying the similar meaning
- All programming questions have to be answered with respect to C++ Language / Python only
- In C++ / Python, ignore case sensitivity for identifiers (Variable / Functions / Structures / Class Names)
- In Python indentation is mandatory, however, number of spaces used for indenting may vary
- In SQL related questions both ways of text/character entries should be acceptable for Example: "AMAR" and 'amar' both are acceptable.
- In SQL related questions all date entries should be acceptable for Example: 'YYYY-MM-DD', 'YY-MM-DD', 'DD-Mon-YY', "DD/MM/YY", 'DD/MM/YY', "MM/DD/YY", 'MM/DD/YY' and {MM/DD/YY} are correct.
- In SQL related questions semicolon should be ignored for terminating the SQL statements
- In SQL related questions, ignore case sensitivity.

1	(a)	Out of the following, find those identifiers, which cannot be used for nami					
		_Cost, Price*Qty, float, Switch, Address One, Delete, Number12, do					
	Ans	Price*Qty float Address One do (½ Mark for each correct name) Note: Deduct ½ Mark for each wrong name written					
	(b)	Jayapriya has started learning C++ and has typed the following program. When she compiled the following code written by her, she discovered that she needs to include some header files to successfully compile and execute it. Write the names of those header files, which are required to be included in the code.	1				

```
void main()
      {
       float A, Number, Outcome;
       cin>>A>>Number;
       Outcome=pow(A, Number);
       cout<<Outcome<<endl;</pre>
      }
Ans
         • iostream.h OR iomanip.h
            math.h
      (1/2 Mark for writing each correct header file)
      Note:
         Ignore any other header files, if mentioned.
          complex.h is acceptable in place of math.h
      Rewrite the following C++ code after removing any/all syntactical errors with
                                                                              2
(c)
      each correction underlined.
      Note: Assume all required header files are already being included in the program.
      \#define Equation(p,q) = p+2*q
      void main()
       float A=3.2;B=4.1;
       C=Equation(A,B);
       cout<<'Output='<<C<<endl;</pre>
      }
Ans
      #define Equation(p,q) p+2*q
      void main()
       float A=3.2 , B=4.1;
       float C=Equation(A,B);
       cout<<<u>"Output="</u><<C<<endl;</pre>
      }
     (1/2 Mark for each correction)
     OR
     (1 mark for identifying the errors, without suggesting corrections)
```

```
(d)
       Find and write the output of the following C++ program code:
                                                                               2
       Note: Assume all required header files are already included in the
       program.
       typedef char STRING[80];
       void MIXITNOW(STRING S)
         int Size=strlen(S);
         for (int I=0;I<Size-1;I+=2)</pre>
           char WS=S[I];
           S[I]=S[I+1];
           S[I+1]=WS;
         }
         for (I=1;I<Size;I+=2)</pre>
           if (S[I] \ge 'M' \&\& S[I] \le 'U')
              S[I]='@';
        }
       void main()
         STRING Word="CRACKAJACK";
        MIXITNOW (Word);
         cout<<Word<<endl;</pre>
        }
Ans
      RCCAAKAJKC
     (2 Marks for correct output)
     (1/2 Mark for each of two correct consecutive alphabets not exceeding
     1½ marks )
      Find and write the output of the following C++ program code:
                                                                               3
(e)
      Note: Assume all required header files are already being included in the program.
      class Stock
       long int ID;
```

```
float Rate; int Date;
     public:
        Stock() {ID=1001; Rate=200; Date=1;}
       void RegCode(long int I,float R)
          ID=I; Rate=R;
       void Change(int New,int DT)
          Rate+=New; Date=DT;
       void Show()
          cout<<"Date :"<<Date<<endl;</pre>
          cout<<ID<<"#"<<Rate<<endl;
        }
     };
     void main()
       Stock A,B,C;
       A. RegCode (1024, 150);
       B.RegCode (2015, 300);
       B.Change (100,29);
       C.Change (-20, 20);
       A.Show();
       B.Show();
       C.Show();
     }
Ans
     Date:1
     1024#150
     Date:29
     2015#400
     Date:20
     1001#180
     (1/2 Mark for each correct line of output)
     Note:
     • Deduct only ½ Mark for not writing any or all 'Date' OR ':' OR '#'
        symbol(s)
     • Deduct ½ Mark for not considering any or all endl(s) at proper
```

	place(s)					
(f)	Look at the following C++ code and find the possible output(s) from the options (i) to (iv) following it. Also, write the maximum and the minimum values that can be assigned to the variable CHANGER. Note: • Assume all the required header files are already being included in the code. • The function random(n) generates an integer between 0 and n-1					
	<pre>void main() { randomize(); int CHANGER; CHANGER=random(3); char CITY[][25]={"DELHI","MUMBAI","KOLKATA" ,"CHENNAI"}; for(int I=0;I<=CHANGER;I++) { for(int J=0;J<=I;J++) cout<<city[j]; cout<<endl;="" pre="" }<=""></city[j];></pre>					
) (i)	(ii)				
	DELHI	DELHI				
	DELHIMUMABAI	DELHIMUMABAI				
	DELHIMUMABAIKOLKATA	DELHIMUMABAIKOLKATA DELHIMUMABAIKOLKATACHENNAI				
	(iii)	(iv)				
	MUMABAI	KOLKATA				
	MUMABAIKOLKATA	KOLKATACHENNAI				
	MUMABAIKOLKATACHENNAI					
Ans	(i) DELHI					
	DUTILIT					
	DELHIMUMBAI					

```
Minimum Value of CHANGER = 0
          Maximum Value of CHANGER = 2
          (1 Mark for mentioning correct option)
          Note: No Mark to be awarded for writing any one additional option
          with (i).
          (1/2 Mark each for Minimum and Maximum Value of CHANGER)
2.
    (a)
           Differentiate between Constructor and Destructor functions giving suitable
          example using a class in C++. When does each of them execute?
    Ans
           PART 1:
           Constructor
                                              Destructor
           A constructor function has same name A destructor function has same name
           as the class
                                              as the class preceded by ~ symbol
           Example:
           class Exam
             int Eno; float Marks;
          public:
              Exam()
                                                   //Constructor
                  Eno=1; Marks = 100;
                  cout<<"Constructor executed..."<<endl;</pre>
              }
             void Show()
                 cout<<Eno<<"#"<<Marks<<endl;</pre>
             }
                                              //Destructor
             ~Exam()
                  cout<<"Exam Over"<<endl;</pre>
             }
           };
           void main()
              Exam E; //Executes constructor
              E.Show();
```

```
//Executes Destructor
      }
      OR
      Any other suitable example demonstrating difference between
      Constructor and Destructor functions.
      PART 2:
      Execution of Constructor and Destructor:
      Constructor
                                        Destructor
       A constructor executes by itself at
                                         A destructor executes by itself
       the time of object creation
                                         when the scope of an object
                                         ends
      PART 1:
      (1 Mark for correct example of constructor and destructor function)
      OR
      (½ Mark each for correct definition of constructor and destructor
      function)
      PART 2:
      (1 Mark for constructor and Destructor execution with/without
      example)
(b)
      Observe the following C++ code and answer the questions (i) and (ii). Assume all
      necessary files are included:
      class FICTION
        long FCode;
        char FTitle[20];
        float FPrice;
     public:
                                               //Member Function 1
        FICTION()
          cout<<"Bought"<<endl;</pre>
          FCode=100;strcpy(FTitle,"Noname");FPrice=50;
        }
        FICTION(int C, char T[], float P) //Member Function 2
        {
          FCode=C;
          strcpy(FTitle,T);
```

```
FPrice=P;
        void Increase(float P)
                                               //Member Function 3
          FPrice+=P;
        void Show()
                                               //Member Function 4
          cout<<FCode<<":"<<FTitle<<":"<<FPrice<<endl;
       ~FICTION()
                                              //Member Function 5
          cout<<"Fiction removed!"<<end1;</pre>
        }
      };
                                                    //Line 1
      void main()
                                                    //Line 2
       FICTION F1, F2 (101, "Dare", 75);
                                                   //Line 3
       for (int I=0;I<4;I++)
                                                   //Line 4
                                                   //Line 5
         F1.Increase(20); F2.Increase(15); //Line 6
                                                   //Line 7
         F1.Show(); F2.Show();
                                                    //Line 8
       }
                                                    //Line 9
      }
(i)
      Which specific concept of object oriented programming out of the following is
                                                                            1
      illustrated by Member Function 1 and Member Function 2 combined together?

    Data Encapsulation

    Data Hiding

    Polymorphism

    Inheritance

Ans
     Polymorphism
      (1Mark for mentioning the correct concept name)
     How many times the message "Fiction removed!" will be displayed after
                                                                            1
(ii)
     executing the above C++ code? Out of Line 1 to Line 9, which line is responsible to
     display the message "Fiction removed!"?
```

```
Ans
     2 times
     Line 9
     ( ½ Mark for writing correct number of times)
     ( ½ Mark for writing correct line number)
     Write the definition of a class METROPOLIS in C++ with following description:
                                                                       4
(c)
     Private Members
     - Mcode
                //Data member for Code (an integer)
     - MName //Data member for Name (a string)
     - MPop
                //Data member for Population (a long int)
               //Data member for Area Coverage (a float)
     - Area
     - PopDens //Data member for Population Density (a float)
     - CalDen() //A member function to calculate -----
                //Density as PopDens/Area
     Public Members
     - Enter() //A function to allow user to enter values of
                //Mcode,MName,MPop,Area and call CalDen()
                //function
     - ViewALL()//A function to display all the data members
                //also display a message "Highly Populated Area"
                //if the Density is more than 12000
Ans
     class METROPOLIS
       int Mcode;
       char MName[20];
       long int MPop;
       float Area;
       float PopDens;
       void CalDen();
     public:
       void Enter();
       void ViewALL();
     void METROPOLIS::Enter()
        cin>>Mcode;
        gets(MName); //OR cin>>MName;
       cin>>MPop;
        cin>>Area;
        CalDen();
```

```
}
     void METROPOLIS::ViewALL()
       cout<<Mcode<<MName<<MPop<<Area<<PopDens; //Ignore endl
       if(PopDens>12000)
          }
     void METROPOLIS::CalDen()
       PopDens= PopDens/Area; //OR PopDens = MPop/Area
     (½ Mark for correct syntax for class header)
     (1/2 Mark for correctly ending the class declaration with a semicolon)
     (1/2 Mark for correct declaration of data members)
     (1/2 Mark for correct definition of CalDen() function)
     (1 Mark for correct definition of Enter() with proper invocation of
     CalDen() function)
     (1 Mark for correct definition of ViewALL())
     NOTE:
     • Deduct ½ Mark if CalDen() is not invoked properly inside Enter()
        function

    Marks not to be deducted if any or all the member functions are

         defined inside the class

    Marks not to be deducted if Density is declared as an extra data

         member and calculated as Density=PopDens/Area inside
        CalDen() function

    Marks not to be deducted if Density is declared as an extra data

                  and checked as if (Density>12000) in lieu of
         if (PopDens>12000) inside ViewALL() function
(d)
     Answer the questions (i) to (iv) based on the following:
                                                                       4
     class PRODUCT
     {
      int Code;
      char Item[20];
     protected:
      float Qty;
     public:
       PRODUCT();
```

```
void GetIn(); void Show();
      };
      class WHOLESALER
        int WCode;
      protected:
        char Manager[20];
      public:
        WHOLESALER();
        void Enter();
        void Display();
      };
      class SHOWROOM : public PRODUCT, private WHOLESALER
        char Name[20],City[20];
      public:
        SHOWROOM();
        void Input();
        void View();
      };
  (i) Which type of Inheritance out of the following is illustrated in the above example?

    Single Level Inheritance

    Multi Level Inheritance

    Multiple Inheritance

Ans
     Multiple Inheritance
     (1 Mark for writing correct option)
  (ii) Write the names of all the data members, which are directly accessible from the
     member functions of class SHOWROOM.
      Name, City, Manager, Qty
Ans
      (1 Mark for correct answer)
     Note:
     No marks to be awarded for any partial answer
 (iii) Write the names of all the member functions, which are directly accessible by an
     object of class SHOWROOM.
Ans
     Input(), View(), GetIn(), Show()
```

		(1 Mark for correct answer)			
Note: No marks to be awarded for any partial answer Ignore constructor functions					
	(iv)	What will be the order of execution o SHOWROOM is declared?	f the constructors, when an object of class		
	Ans	(i) PRODUCT() (ii) WHOLESALER() (iii) SHOWROOM() (1 Mark for writing correct order, Note: • No Marks to be awarded for an expression of the constructor/class			
3	(a)	Pay(float Pay[], int N) in C++, which should y having N elements, as per the following	2		
		Existing Value of Pay	Pay to be changed to		
		If less than 100000	Add 25% in the existing value		
		If >=100000 and <20000	Add 20% in the existing value		
		If >=200000	Add 15% in the existing value		
	Ans	<pre>void FixPay(float Pay[], if for (int i=0;i<n;i++) (pay[i]="" *="" else="" if="" if(pay[i]<100000)="" pay[i]="" pay[i]+="0.25">=100000 Pay[i]+= 0.2 * Pay[i] else if(Pay[i]>=200000 Pay[i]+= 0.15 * Pay[i] } OR Any other correct equivalent functions</n;i++)></pre>	i];) && Pay[i]<20000) l;) i];		
		(½ Mark for correctly writing the	loop)		

```
( ½ Mark for checking at least one or all of the conditions correctly)
     (1 Mark for correct increment of Pays for all conditions)
     OR
     ( ½ Mark for incrementing only one of the pays correctly)
      Note:
         • Marks not to be deducted for writing second condition check for
           the range as >=100000 \&\& < 200000 instead of >=100000 \&\&
           <20000
        • Marks not to be deducted for incrementing Salary as
        Pay[i] += Pay[i] *20/100; OR Pay[i] += 20/100*Pay[i];
        and likewise for all increments
     T[20][50] is a two dimensional array, which is stored in the memory along the row
(b)
     with each of its element occupying 4 bytes, find the address of the element
     T[15][5], if the element T[10][8] is stored at the memory location 52000.
Ans
    Loc(T[I][J])
           =BaseAddress + W [( I - LBR)*C + (J - LBC)]
      W=size of each element = 4 bytes,
     R=Number of Rows=20, C=Number of Columns=50)
     Assuming LBR = LBC = 0
     LOC(T[10][8])
          52000 = BaseAddress + W[I*C + J]
          52000 = BaseAddress + 4[10*50 + 8]
          52000 = BaseAddress + 4[500 + 8]
          52000 = BaseAddress + 4 \times 508
          BaseAddress = 52000 - 2032
                        = 49968
      LOC(T[15][5]) = BaseAddress + W[I*C + J]
                     = 49968 + 4[15*50 + 5]
                     = 49968 + 4[750 + 5]
                     = 49968 + 4 \times 755
                     = 49968 + 3020
                    = 52988
      OR
     Loc(T[I][J])
           =ReferenceAddress + W [( I - LR) *C + (J - LC)]
      (where
```

```
W=size of each element = 4 bytes,
      R=Number of Rows=20, C=Number of Columns=50)
      ReferenceAddress= Address of given cell T[10][8]=52000
      LR = Row value of given cell = 10
      LC = Column value of given cell = 8
      LOC(T[15][5]) = LOC(T[10][8]) + 4[(15 - 10)*50 + (5 - 8)]
      LOC(T[15][5]) = 52000 + 4[5*50 + (-3)]
                      = 52000 + 4[250 -3]
                      = 52000 + 4 \times 247
                      = 52000 + 988
                = 52988
     (1 Mark for writing correct formula (for Row major) OR substituting
     formula with correct values)
     (1Mark for correct calculation)
     (1 Mark for final correct address)
     Write the definition of a member function INSERT() for a class QUEUE in C++, to
(c)
     insert an ITEM in a dynamically allocated Queue of items considering the following
     code is already written as a part of the program.
     struct ITEM
      int INO; char INAME[20];
      ITEM *Link;
     };
     class QUEUE
      ITEM *R,*F;
     public:
      QUEUE() {R=NULL;F=NULL;}
      void INSERT();
      void DELETE();
     ~QUEUE();
     };
Ans
     void QUEUE::INSERT()
```

```
ITEM *T = new ITEM;
        cin>>T->INO;
                              //OR cin>> T->INAME;
        gets(T->INAME);
        T->Link = NULL;
        if (R==NULL)
           F=T;
                    R=T;
        }
        else
          R->Link=T;
                            R=T;
      }
      (1 Mark for creating a new node)
      ( ½ Mark for entering data for the new node)
      ( 1/2 Mark for assigning NULL to link of the new node)
      ( \frac{1}{2} Mark for assigning Front to the first node as F = T)
      ( ½ Mark for linking the last node to the new node as R->Link =T)
      (1 Mark for assigning Rear to the new node as R = T)
      Write definition for a function SHOWMID(int P[][5],int R,int C) in C++ to display the
(d)
      elements of middle row and middle column from a two dimensional array P having
      R number of rows and C number of columns.
      For example, if the content of array is as follows:
               115
                       112
                              116
                                     101
                                            125
               103
                       101
                              121
                                     102
                                            101
                       109
                              109
              185
                                     160
                                            172
      The function should display the following as output:
      103 101 121 102 101
      116 121 109
ANS
     void SHOWMID(int P[][5],int R,int C)
        for (int J=0; J<C; J++)
            cout<<P[R/2][J]<< " ";
        cout<<endl;
        for (int I=0;I<R;I++)</pre>
```

```
cout<<P[I][C/2]<< " ";
     }
     OR
     void SHOWMID(int P[][5],int R,int C)
     {
        if(R%2!=0)
          for (int J=0; J<C; J++)
             cout<<P[R/2][J]<< " ";
        }
        else
          cout<<"No Middle Row";</pre>
        cout<<endl;</pre>
        if(C%2!=0)
          for (int I=0;I<R;I++)</pre>
           cout<<P[I][C/2]<< " ";
        }
        else
          cout<<"No Middle Column";</pre>
     }
     OR
     Any other correct equivalent function definition
     ( ½ Mark for correct loop for displaying middle row elements)
     (1 Mark for correct statement to display middle row elements)
     ( ½ Mark for correct loop for displaying middle column elements)
     (1 Mark for correct statement to display middle column elements)
     Convert the following Infix expression to its equivalent Postfix expression, showing
(e)
     the stack contents for each step of conversion.
     A/(B+C)*D-E
Ans
      A/(B+C)*D-E
      = (((A / (B+C)) * D) - E)
       Element
                       Stack of Operators
                                                 Postfix Expression
```

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	T	
(
(
A		A
/	/	A
(/	A
В	/	AB
+	/+	AB
С	/+	ABC
)	/	ABC+
)		ABC+/
*	*	ABC+/
D	*	ABC+/D
)		ABC+/D*
_	_	ABC+/D*
E	_	ABC+/D*E
)		ABC+/D*E-

= ABC+/D*E-

OR

A/(B+C)*D-E

= (A / (B+C) * D - E)

Element	Stack of Operators	Postfix Expression
((
A	(A
/	(/	A
((/(A
В	(/(AB
+	(/(+	AB
С	(/(+	ABC
)	(/	ABC+
*	(*	ABC+/
D	(*	ABC+/D
_	(-	ABC+/D*
E	(-	ABC+/D*E
)		ABC+/D*E-

= ABC+/D*E-

```
OR
           Any other method for converting the given infix expression to its
           equivalent postfix expression showing stack contents.
          (1/2 Mark for correctly converting till each operator)
          OR
          (1 Mark to be given for writing correct answer without showing the
          stack content on each step)
          Write function definition for WORD4CHAR() in C++ to read the content of a text
                                                                                   2
    (a)
4.
          file FUN.TXT, and display all those words, which has four characters in it.
          Example:
          If the content of the file fun. TXT is as follows:
          When I was a small child, I used to play in the garden
           with my grand mom. Those days were amazingly funful
           and I remember all the moments of that time
          The function WORD4CHAR() should display the following:
          When used play with days were that time
     Ans
           void WORD4CHAR()
              ifstream Fil;
              Fil.open("FUN.TXT");
              char W[20];
              Fil>>W;
              while(!Fil.eof()) //OR while(Fil)
                 if (strlen(W)) == 4 ) //Ignore words ending with '.'
                   cout<<W<< " ";
                 Fil>>W;
              Fil.close(); //Ignore
           }
           OR
           Any other correct function definition
           (1/2 Mark for opening FUN.TXT correctly)
           (1/2 Mark for reading each word (using any method) from the file)
```

```
(1/2 Mark for checking length of the extracted word to be of 4 letters)
      (1/2 Mark for displaying the 4 letter extracted word correctly)
(b)
      Write a definition for function BUMPER() in C++ to read each object of a binary
                                                                              3
      file GIFTS.DAT, find and display details of those gifts, which has remarks as "ON
      DISCOUNT". Assume that the file GIFTS.DAT is created with the help of objects of
      class GIFTS, which is defined below:
      class GIFTS
       int ID; char Gift[20], Remarks[20]; float Price;
      public:
       void Takeonstock()
          cin>>ID;gets(Gift);gets(Remarks);cin>>Price;
       }
       void See()
          cout<<ID<<":"<<Gift<<":"<<Price<<"":"<<Remarks<<endl;
       }
       char *GetRemarks() {return Remarks;}
      };
Ans
      void BUMPER()
      {
        GIFTS G;
        ifstream fin;
        fin.open("GIFTS.DAT", ios::binary);
         while(fin.read((char*)&G, sizeof(G)))
           if(strcmp(G.GetRemarks(),"ON DISCOUNT")==0)
              G. See ();
         fin.close(); //Ignore
      }
      OR
      Any other correct function definition
      (1Mark for opening GIFTS .DAT correctly)
      (1/2 Mark for reading records from GIFTS.DAT)
      (1/2 Mark for comparing Remarks with ON DISCOUNT (ignore case sensitive
      checking))
      (1 Mark for displaying record)
```

```
(c)
          Find the output of the following C++ code considering that the binary file MEM.DAT
          exists on the hard disk with a data of 1000 members.
          class MEMBER
            int Mcode;char MName[20];
          public:
            void Register();void Display();
           };
          void main()
            fstream MFile;
           MFile.open("MEM.DAT",ios::binary|ios::in);
            MEMBER M;
           MFile.read((char*)&M, sizeof(M));
            cout<<"Rec:"<<MFile.tellq()/sizeof(M)<<endl;</pre>
           MFile.read((char*)&M, sizeof(M));
           MFile.read((char*)&M, sizeof(M));
            cout<<"Rec:"<<MFile.tellq()/sizeof(M)<<endl;</pre>
           MFile.close();
     Ans
          Rec:1
          Rec:3
          (1/2 Mark for each correct value of MFile.tellg()/sizeof(M) as 1 and 3
          respectively)
SECTION B - (Only for candidates, who opted for Python)
          Out of the following, find those identifiers, which can not be used for naming
    (a)
          Variable or Functions in a Python program:
           Cost, Price*Qty, float, Switch,
          Address One, Delete, Number12, do
    Ans
          Price*Qty, float, Address One, do
          (1/2 Mark for each correct name)
          Note:
          Deduct 1/2 Mark for each wrong name written
    (b)
          Name the Python Library modules which need to be imported to invoke the
          following functions
          (i) load()
          (ii) pow()
```

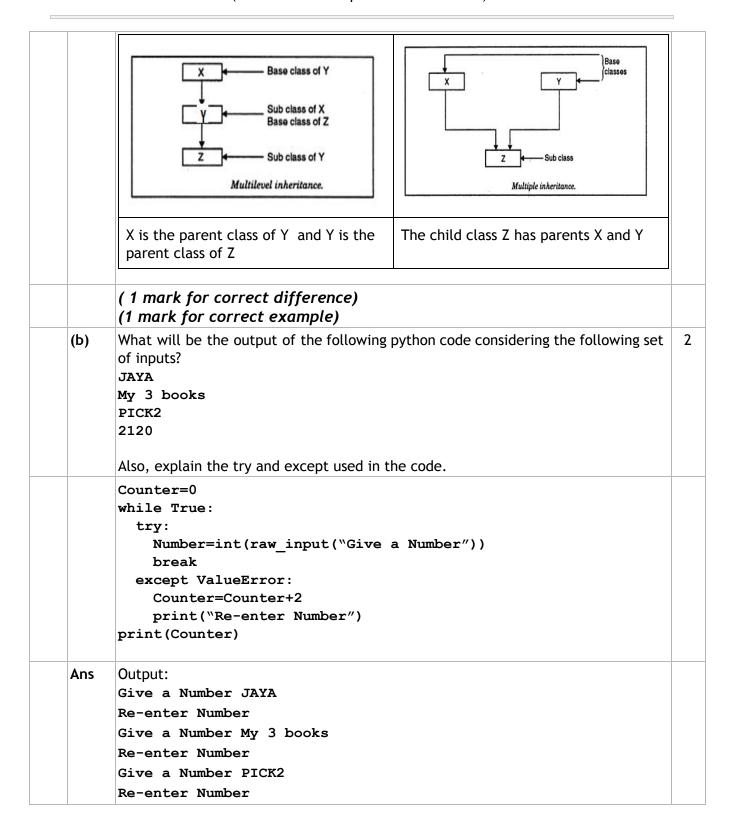
Ans	(i) pickle(ii) math									
(½ Mark for writing each correct Library modules)										
	Note: Ignore any other Library modules, if mentioned.									
(c)	Rewrite the following code in python after removing all syntax error(s). Underline each correction done in the code. for Name in [Amar, Shveta, Parag] IF Name[0]='S': print(Name)									
Ans	<pre>for Name in ["Amar", "Shveta", if Name[0] == 'S': print(Name)</pre>	<u>"Parag"] :</u> // ` ` can be used								
	(½ Mark for each correction) OR (1 mark for identifying the errors,	without suggesting corrections)								
(d)	Find and write the output of the follow	of the following python code:								
	<pre>Numbers=[9,18,27,36] for Num in Numbers: for N in range(1, Num%8): print(N,"#",end="") print()</pre>									
Ans										
Alla	1# () 1# (1 #) 2# (1 #) 2# (1 #) 3# (2 #) (3 #)	() (1 #) (1 # 2 #) (1 # 2 # 3 #) 1# 1#2# 1#2# 1#2#3#								
	(2 marks for correct output) OR (½ mark for each correct value wi	th '#' not exceeding 2 Marks)								

```
(2 mark for mentioning the syntax error in line
      print(N,"#",end=<mark>""</mark>))
                                                                                 3
(e)
      Find and write the output of the following python code:
         def init (self, N=100, Nt="CBSE"): #constructor
             self.Nno=N
             self.NName=Nt
         def Allocate(self, N,Nt):
             self.Nno= self.Bno + N
             self.NName= Nt + self.NName
         def Show(self):
             print(self.Nno,"#",self.NName)
      s=Notes()
      t=Notes (200)
      u=Notes(300,"Made Easy")
      s.Show()
      t.Show()
      u.Show()
      s.Allocate(4, "Made ")
      t.Allocate(10,"Easy ")
      u.Allocate(25, "Made Easy")
      s.Show()
      t.Show()
      u.Show()
Ans
       Python 2.7 output
                                        Other Versions output
       100 # CBSE
                                        (100, '#', 'CBSE')
       200 # CBSE
                                        (200, '#', 'CBSE')
       300 # Made Easy
                                        (300, '#', 'Made Easy')
                                        (104, '#', 'Made CBSE')
       104 # Made CBSE
                                        (210, '#', 'Easy CBSE')
       210 # Easy CBSE
                                        (325, '#', 'Made EasyMade Easy')
       325 # Made EasyMade Easy
       (1/2 Mark for each correct line of output)
       Note:

    Deduct ½ Mark for not writing any or all '#' symbol(s)

       • Deduct ½ Mark for not considering any or all line breaks at proper
        place(s)
      What are the possible outcome(s) executed from the following code? Also specify
                                                                                2
(f)
      the maximum and minimum values that can be assigned to variable PICKER.
```

		<pre>import random PICK=random.randint(0,3) CITY=["DELHI","MUMBAI","CHE for I in CITY: for J in range(1,PICK):</pre>	ENNAI","KOLKATA"];				
		<pre>print(I,end="") print()</pre>					
		(i)	(ii)				
		DELHIDELHI	DELHI				
		MUMBAIMUMBAI	DELHIMUMBAI				
		CHENNAI CHENNAI KOLKATAKOLKATA	DELHIMUMBAICHENNAI				
		(iii)	(iv)				
		DELHI	DELHI				
		MUMBAI	MUMBAIMUMBAI				
		CHENNAI	KOLKATAKOLKATA				
		KOLKATA					
	Ans	Option (i) and (iii) are possible					
		OR					
		Option (i) only					
		PICK maxval=3 minval=0					
		(1 Mark for mentioning correct Note: No marks to be awarded	• ' ' '				
		(½ Mark each for Minimum and	Maximum Value of PICK)				
2	(a)	What is the difference between Muexamples to illustrate both.	ultilevel and Multiple inheritance? Give suitable	2			
	Ans						
		Multilevel inheritance	Multiple inheritance				



```
Give a Number 2120
      Explanation: The code inside try makes sure that the valid number is entered by
      the user. When any input other than an integer is entered, a value error is thrown
      and it prompts the user to enter another value.
      (½ mark for correct output for text entry)
      (\frac{1}{2} mark for correct output for number entry)
      (1 mark for correct explanation of try and except)
                                                                             4
(c)
      Write a class CITY in Python with following specifications
      Instance Attributes
      - Code
               # Numeric value
                # String value
      - Name
      - Pop
               # Numeric value for Population

    KM

                 # Numeric value
      - Density # Numeric value for Population Density
      Methods:
      - CalDen() # Method to calculate Density as Pop/KM
      - Record() # Method to allow user to enter values
                    Code, Name, Pop, KM and call CalDen() method
                 # Method to display all the members also display
      - See()
                   a message "Highly Populated Area"
                   if the Density is more than 12000.
Ans
      class CITY:
         def init (self):
           self.Code = 0
           self.Name = ""
           self.Pop = 0
           self.KM = 0
           self.Density=0
        def CalDen(self):
           self.Density = self.Pop / self.KM
        def Record(self):
           self.Code = input("Enter Code")
           self.Name = raw input("Enter Name")
           self.Pop = input("Enter population")
           self.KM = input("Enter KM")
           CalDen(self)
                                           // or self.CalDen()
        def See(self):
```

		-
	print Code, Name, Pop, KM, Density	
	if self.Density > 12000:	
	print("Highly Populated Area")	
	# OR print("Highly populated Area")	_
	Note: Accept selfCode to indicate private members	
	(½ Mark for correct syntax for class header)	
	(1 Mark for correct declaration of instance attributes)	
	(1/2 Mark for correct definition of CalDen() function)	
	(1 Mark for correct definition of Record() with proper invocation of	
	CalDen() function)	
	(1 Mark for correct definition of See())	
	NOTE:	
	Deduct ½ Mark if CalDen() is not invoked properly inside Record()	
	function	
(d)	How do we implement abstract method in python? Give an example for the same.	
Ans	Abstract method: An unimplemented method is called an abstract method. When	
	an abstract method is declared in a base class, the derived class has to either	
	define the method or raise "NotImplementedError"	
	class Shape(object):	
	<pre>def findArea(self):</pre>	
	pass	
	class Square(Shape):	
	<pre>definit(self,side):</pre>	
	self.side = side	
	<pre>def findArea(self):</pre>	
	return self.side * self.side	
	(1 mark for correct explanation)	
	(1 mark for correct example)	
	Note: We can use @abstractmethod to enable parent class method to	
	be executed.	
(e)	What is the significance of super() method? Give an example for the same.	
Ans	super() function is used to call base class methods which has been extended in	
	derived class.	
	EX:	
	class GradStudent(Student):	

	<pre>definit(self): super(GradStudent, self)init() self.subject = "" self.working = " def readGrad (self):</pre>										
		(1 mark fo		•	•						
3.	(a)	What will be the status of the following list after the First, Second and Third pass of the insertion sort method used for arranging the following elements in descending order? 22, 24, -64, 34, 80, 43 Note: Show the status of all the elements after each pass very clearly underlining the changes.									
	Ans		22	24	-64	34	80	43			
		Pass 1	24	22	-64	34	80	43			
		Pass 2	24	22	-64	34	80	43			
		Pass 3	34	24	22	-64	80	43			
		(1 mark for each correct pass)									
	(b)	For a given list of values in descending order, write a method in python to search for a value with the help of Binary Search method. The method should return position of the value and should return -1 if the value not present in the list.									
	Ans	def binar high = low =0 while mid midv if m lo elif hi	low < hicker low = (low + ral = num ridval > r midval < m	ns,x): gh: high)//2 s[mid] k:							
		(½ mark f	or assignr	•	_	,					

```
( ½ mark for calculation of Mid)
      ( ½ mark for changing high/ub and low/lb)
      Write Insert(Place) and Delete(Place) methods in python to add Place and Remove
(c)
      Place considering them to act as Insert and Delete operations of the data structure
      Queue.
Ans
      class queue:
         place = [ ]
         def insert(self):
            a = raw_input("Enter place")
            queue.place.append(a)
         def delete(self):
            if (queue.place == [ ] ):
              print "Queue empty"
            else:
              print "Deleted element is", queue.place[0]
               queue.place.delete()
      OR
      class queue:
         place = [ ]
         def insert(self):
            a = raw_input("Enter place")
            queue.place.append(a)
         def delete(self):
            if (queue.place == [ ] ):
              print("Queue empty")
            else:
              print("Deleted element is", queue.place[0])
              queue.place.delete()
      ( ½ mark insert header)
      ( ½ mark for accepting a value from user)
      ( ½ mark for adding value in list)
      ( ½ mark for delete header)
      ( ½ mark for checking empty list condition)
      ( ½ mark for displaying "Empty Message")
      Write a method in python to find and display the prime numbers between 2 to N.
(d)
                                                                                 3
      Pass N as argument to the method.
      def prime(N):
Ans
         for a in range(2,N):
          for I in range(2,a):
              if N\%i ==0:
                 break
```

		print a	a					
		OR						
		def prime(N):					
			n range(2,N):					
			in range(2,a):					
			n%i ==0: reak					
		else:	Cur					
		prin	t a					
		(½ mark fu	unction header) ½ mark for Divisibility check.					
		(½ mark fi	rst loop) 01 mark for Displaying view.					
		(½ mark fo	or second loop)					
	(e)	Evaluate the following postfix notation of expression. Show status of stack af every operation.						
			4,10,-,+,5,-					
	Ans	TI.						
		Element	Stack					
		22	22					
		11	22, 11					
		/						
		14	2, 14					
		10	2, 14, 10					
		_	2, 4					
		+	6					
		5	6, 5					
		_	1					
		Final Result	= 1					
		1,	evaluation till each operator)					
		OR	only writing the Final answer without showing stack status)					
1	(2)	, ,	only writing the Final answer without showing stack status)	1				
4	(a)		ement in Python to perform the following operations: en a text file "BOOK.TXT" in read mode	'				
			en a text file "BOOK.TXT" in write mode					
	Ans	·	("BOOK_TXT",'r')					
		t2 = open(("BOOK_TXT", 'w')					

	(½ Mark for each correct statement)	
(b)	Write a method in python to write multiple line of text contents into a text file myfile.txt line.	
Ans	<pre>def writel(): f = open("myfile.txt",'w') while True: line = raw_input("Enter line") f.write(line) choice = raw_input("Are there more lines") if choice == 'N': break; f.close()</pre>	
	Note: Using writelines() is also correct	
	(½ Mark for opening file in appropriate mode) (½ Mark for end of file check and loop) (½ Mark for taking input from user) (½ Mark for writing the line into the file)	
(c)	Consider the following definition of class Staff, write a method in python to search and display the content in a pickled file staff.dat, where Staffcode is matching with 'S0105'. class Staff: definit(self,S,SNM): self.Staffcode=S self.Name=SNM def Show(self): print(self.Staffcode," - ",self.Name)	
Ans	<pre>def search(): f = open("staff.dat", 'rb') try: while True: e = pickle.load(f) if e.Staffcode == 'S0105': e.Show() except EOFError: pass f.close()</pre>	
	(½ Mark for correct function header) (½ Mark for opening the file staff.dat correctly) (½ Mark for correct file check and loop)	

		(1/2 MC	(½ Mark for correct load()) (½ Mark for correct checking of Staffcode) (½ Mark for displaying the record)					
SE	CTION	C - (I	For all the candida	ates)				
5	(a)	(a) Observe the following STUDENTS and EVENTS tables carefully and write the nar of the RDBMS operation which will be used to produce the output as shown in LI ? Also, find the Degree and Cardinality of the LIST.						
			STUDENTS		E'	VENTS		
		NO	NAME	E	VENTCODE	EVENTNAME	-	
		1	Tara Mani		001	Programming	-	
		2	Jaya Sarkar		002	IT Quiz	-	
		3	Tarini Trikha			1 -	-	
				LIST				
		NO	NAME	EVENTCOL	DE EVENTN	AME		
		1	Tara Mani	1001	Program	ming		
		1	Tara Mani	1002	IT Quiz			
		2	Jaya Sarkar	1001	Program	ming		
		2	Jaya Sarkar	1002	IT Quiz			
		3	Tarini Trikha	1001	Program	ming		
		3	Tarini Trikha	1002	IT Quiz			
	Ans	Degr Card (1 Ma	esian Product ee = 4 inality = 6 ark for writing the coare ark for writing corre	ect value of degr	ree)	ration)		
	(b)	Write SQL queries for (i) to (iv) and find outputs for SQL queries (v) to (vii which are based on the tables						
		Table	e: VEHICLE					
		CODI	E VTYPE	PERKM				
		101	VOLVO BUS	160				

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102	AC DELUXE BUS	150
103	ORDINARY BUS	90
105 SUV		40
104 CAR		20
Makas		

Note:

- PERKM is Freight Charges per kilometer
- VTYPE is Vehicle Type

Table: TRAVEL

NO	NAME	TDATE	KM	CODE	NOP
101	Janish Kin	2015-11-13	200	101	32
103	Vedika Sahai	2016-04-21	100	103	45
105	Tarun Ram	2016-03-23	350	102	42
102	John Fen	2016-02-13	90	102	40
107	Ahmed Khan	2015-01-10	75	104	2
104	Raveena	2016-05-28	80	105	4
106	Kripal Anya	2016-02-06	200	101	25

Note:

- NO is Traveller Number
- KM is Kilometer travelled
- NOP is number of travellers travelled in vehicle
- TDATE is Travel Date
- (i) To display NO, NAME, TDATE from the table TRAVEL in descending order of NO.

Ans

SELECT NO, NAME, TDATE FROM TRAVEL ORDER BY NO DESC;

(1/2 Mark for SELECT NO, NAME, TDATE FROM TRAVEL)

(1/2 Mark for ORDER BY NO DESC)

(ii) To display the NAME of all the travellers from the table TRAVEL who are traveling by vehicle with code 101 or 102.

Ans

SELECT NAME FROM TRAVEL

WHERE CODE='101' OR CODE='102';

OR

SELECT NAME FROM TRAVEL

WHERE CODE=101 OR CODE=102;

```
OR
     SELECT NAME FROM TRAVEL
     WHERE CODE IN ('101','102');
     OR
     SELECT NAME FROM TRAVEL
     WHERE CODE IN (101,102);
     (1/2 Mark for correct SELECT)
     (1/2 Mark for correct WHERE )
 (iii) To display the NO and NAME of those travellers from the table TRAVEL who
     travelled between '2015-12-31' and '2015-04-01'.
Ans
      SELECT NO, NAME from TRAVEL
     WHERE TDATE >= '2015-04-01' AND TDATE <= '2015-12-31';
     OR
      SELECT NO, NAME from TRAVEL
     WHERE TDATE BETWEEN '2015-04-01' AND '2015-12-31';
     OR
      SELECT NO, NAME from TRAVEL
     WHERE TDATE <= '2015-12-31' AND TDATE >= '2015-04-01';
     OR
      SELECT NO, NAME from TRAVEL
     WHERE TDATE BETWEEN '2015-12-31' AND '2015-04-01';
     (1/2 Mark for correct SELECT)
     (1/2 Mark for correct WHERE )
 (iv) To display all the details from table TRAVEL for the travellers, who have
     travelled distance more than 100 KM in ascending order of NOP.
Ans
      SELECT * FROM TRAVEL
     WHERE KM > 100 ORDER BY NOP;
     (1/2 Mark for correct SELECT)
     (1/2 Mark for correct WHERE )
  (v) SELECT COUNT (*), CODE FROM TRAVEL
     GROUP BY CODE HAVING COUNT(*)>1;
Ans
       COUNT(*)
                     CODE
       2
                      101
       2
                      102
      (1/2 Mark for correct output)
```

	(vi)	SELECT DISTINCT CODE FROM TRAVEL;	
	Ans	DISTINCT CODE 101 102 103 104 105 (½ Mark for correct output) Note: Ignore the order	
	(vii)	SELECT A.CODE, NAME, VTYPE FROM TRAVEL A, VEHICLE B WHERE A.CODE=B.CODE AND KM<90;	
	Ans	CODE NAME VTYPE 104 Ahmed Khan CAR 105 Raveena SUV (1/2 Mark for correct output)	
	(viii)	SELECT NAME, KM*PERKM FROM TRAVEL A, VEHICLE B WHERE A.CODE=B.CODE AND A.CODE='105';	
	Ans	NAME KM*PERKM Raveena 3200 (½ Mark for correct output)	
6	a.	Verify the following using Boolean Laws. A' + B' .C = A' .B' .C' + A' .B.C' + A' .B.C + A' .B' .C+ A.B' .C	2
	Ans	LHS A' + B'.C = A'.(B + B').(C + C') + (A + A').B'.C = A'.B.C + A'.B.C' + A'.B'.C + A'.B'.C' + A.B'.C + A'.B'.C = A'.B.C + A'.B.C' + A'.B'.C + A'.B'.C' + A.B'.C = A'.B'.C' + A'.B.C' + A'.B.C + A'.B'.C + A.B'.C = RHS OR RHS = A'.B'.C' + A'.B.C' + A'.B.C + A'.B'.C + A.B'.C = A'.B'.C + A'.B'.C' + A'.B.C + A'.B.C + A'.B'.C = A'.B'.C + A'.B'.C' + A'.B.C + A'.B.C' + A.B'.C = A'.B'.C + A'.B'.C' + A'.B.C + A'.B.C' + A.B'.C = A'.B'.C+C') + A'.B.(C+C') + A.B'.C = A'.B'.C + A'.B + A.B'.C = A'.B'.C + A'.B + A.B'.C	

	OR	A) . (A' ' .C = 1 or corre	LHS ct Verif ding LHS		
b.	Write the B	Boolean I	Expression	on for the resul	t of the Logic Circuit as shown below:
	W DO)— }_1)–	
Ans	OR (½ Mark e	. (U + 1 for cori	พ) . (V rectly v	+ W') vriting the fu	
C.	following tr			pression for a	Boolean function F, represented by the
	P		R	F(P,Q,R)	
	0	Q 0	0	0	
	0	0	1	1	
	0	1	0	1	
	0	1	1	0	
	1	0	0	0	
	1	0	1	0	
	1	1	0	1	
	1	1	1	1	

		Note: Deduct ½ mark if wrong variable names are used	
	d.	Reduce the following Boolean Expression to its simplest form using K-Map:	
		F(X,Y,Z,W) = (2,6,7,8,9,10,11,13,14,15)	
	Ans		
		x'y' x'y x y x y' OR z'w' z'w z w z w'	
		Z'W' 0 4 12 1 8 X'Y' 0 1 3 1 2	
		Z'W 1 5 1 13 1 9 X'Y 4 5 1 7 1 6	
		Z W 3 1 7 1 15 1 11 X Y 12 1 13 1 15 1 14	
		Z W' 1 2 1 6 1 14 1 10 X Y' 1 8 1 9 1 11 1 10	
		F(X,Y,Z,W) = XY' + ZW' + XW + YZ	
		(½ Mark for drawing K-Map with correct variable names) (½ Mark each for 4 groupings)	
		(½ Mark for writing final expression in reduced/minimal form)	
		(½ Mark for writing final expression in reduced/minimal form)	
		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
7	(a)	(½ Mark for writing final expression in reduced/minimal form) Note: Deduct ½ mark if wrong variable names are written in the	
7	(a)	(½ Mark for writing final expression in reduced/minimal form) Note: Deduct ½ mark if wrong variable names are written in the expression Give two examples of PAN and LAN type of networks.	
7		(½ Mark for writing final expression in reduced/minimal form) Note: Deduct ½ mark if wrong variable names are written in the expression Give two examples of PAN and LAN type of networks. PAN Examples LAN Examples	
7		(½ Mark for writing final expression in reduced/minimal form) Note: Deduct ½ mark if wrong variable names are written in the expression Give two examples of PAN and LAN type of networks.	
7		(1/2 Mark for writing final expression in reduced/minimal form) Note: Deduct 1/2 mark if wrong variable names are written in the expression Give two examples of PAN and LAN type of networks. PAN Examples Connecting two cell phones to Connecting computers in a school	
7		(1/2 Mark for writing final expression in reduced/minimal form) Note: Deduct 1/2 mark if wrong variable names are written in the expression Give two examples of PAN and LAN type of networks. PAN Examples Connecting two cell phones to transfer data Connecting smartphone to a smart connecting computers in an office watch Note: Any one example of each	
7		(1/2 Mark for writing final expression in reduced/minimal form) Note: Deduct 1/2 mark if wrong variable names are written in the expression Give two examples of PAN and LAN type of networks. PAN Examples Connecting two cell phones to transfer data Connecting smartphone to a smart connecting computers in an office watch	
7		(1/2 Mark for writing final expression in reduced/minimal form) Note: Deduct 1/2 mark if wrong variable names are written in the expression Give two examples of PAN and LAN type of networks. PAN Examples Connecting two cell phones to transfer data Connecting smartphone to a smart connecting computers in an office watch Note: Any one example of each OR	

Ans	Protocol: HTTP OR TCP/IP Browser: Chrome OR Internet Explo OR any other correct Browser Name	rer OR Firefox OR OPERA OR SAFARI			
	(½ Mark for any one correct protocol name) (½ Mark for any one correct browser name)				
(c)	Write two advantages of 4G over 3G Moterms of speed and services?	obile Telecommunication Technologies in			
Ans	4G	3G			
	Speed approximately 100 mbps	Speed approximately 2 mbps			
	LTE True mobile broadband	Data services with multimedia			
	services (½ Mark for each correct advantage)	ge)			
		ge)			
(d)	Write two characteristics of Web 2.0.				
Ans	 Makes web more interactive through Supports easy online information exists Interoperability on the internet Video sharing possible in the websitor OR Any two of the above or any other two 	xchange tes			
	(½ Mark each for any two correct cha	racteristics)			
(e)	What is the basic difference between Tro	ojan Horse and Computer Worm?			
Ans			İ		
	Trojan Horse	Computer Worm			
	It is a "Malware" computer program	It is a self-replicating computer			
	presented as useful or harmless in	program. It uses a network to send			
	order to induce the user to install and	copies of itself to other nodes			
	run them.	(computers on the network) and it			
	may do so without any user intervention.				

	OR Any other correct difference be	tween Trojan Horse and Computer Worm	
	Computer Worm) OR (½ Mark for writing correct OR	ct difference between Trojan Horse and explanation of Trojan Horse) explanation of Computer Worm)	
(f)	Categories the following under (i) VB Sript (ii) ASP (iii) JSP (iv) Java Script	Client side and Server Side script category?	
Ans	Client Side Scripts	Server Side Scripts	
	VB Script	ASP	
	Java Script	JSP	
	(1 Mark for correct answer) OR (½ Mark for any two correct c	lient/server side script names)	
(g)	Uplifting Skills Hub India is a knowledge and skill community which has an aim to uplift the standard of knowledge and skills in the society. It is planning to setup its training centers in multiple towns and villages pan India with its head offices in the nearest cities. They have created a model of their network with a city, a town and 3 villages as follows. As a network consultant, you have to suggest the best network related solutions for their issues/problems raised in (i) to (iv), keeping in mind the distances between various locations and other given parameters.		

	A_CITY B_HL Head Office	LAGE 3	VILLAGE 2 N LAGE 1	
	Shortest distances between	various location	s:	
	VILLAGE 1 to B_TOWN		2 KM	
	VILLAGE 2 to B_TOWN		1.0 KM	
	VILLAGE 3 to B_TOWN		1.5 KM	
	VILLAGE 1 to VILLAGE 2		3.5 KM	
	VILLAGE 1 to VILLAGE 3		4.5 KM	
	VILLAGE 2 to VILLAGE 3 A_CITY Head Office to B_HUB		2.5 KM 25 Km	
	A_CITT Head Office to b_Hob		ZJ KIII	
	Number of Computers instal	led at various lo	cations are as follows:	
	B_TOWN	120		
	VILLAGE 1	15		
	VILLAGE 2	10		
	VILLAGE 3	15		
	A_CITY OFFICE	6		
	given as training cen	ter to this organ	centers, in which one room has been ization to install computers. Ipport from the government and top IT	
(i)			he SERVER in the B_HUB (out of the 4 nectivity. Justify your answer.	1
Ans	B_TOWN. Since it has the other locations.	maximum numb	er of computers and is closest to all	

	(½ Mark for writing correct location name) (½ Mark for writing any one correct justification)	
(ii)	Suggest the best wired medium and draw the cable layout (location to location) to efficiently connect various locations within the B_HUB.	1
Ans	Best Wired Medium : Optical Fibre	
	B_HUB VILLAGE 3 VILLAGE 2 VILLAGE 1 (1/2 Mark for writing the correct best wired medium name) (1/2 Mark for drawing the correct cable layout)	
(iii)	Which hardware device will you suggest to connect all the computers within each location of B_HUB?	1
Ans	Switch OR Hub (1 Mark for writing any one of the above answers)	
(iv)	Which service/protocol will be most helpful to conduct live interactions of Experts from Head Office and people at all locations of B_HUB?	1
Ans	Videoconferencing OR VoIP OR any other correct service/protocol (1 Mark for writing any one of the above answers)	