

1. Declare a class **Computers** in C++, containing model\_no and model\_name. Write a program to maintain a binary file of computer records. The program should allow the following functions on the file:

- 1) To append record of computer in the file.
- 2) Display the computer details for entered model number. If the model number does not exist then display error message "record not found".
- 3) Display the details of all computers stored in the file.

2. Consider the following portion of a program, which implements passengers Queue for a train. Complete all the definition, to insert a new node, delete and display in the queue with required information:

```
struct NODE
{
    long TicketNo;
    char PName[20]; // Passenger Name
    NODE *NEXT;
}
class TrainQueue
{
    NODE *rear, *front;
public:
    TrainQueue() { rear = NULL, front = NULL ;}
    void Q_Insert( );
    void Q_Delete ( );
    void Q_Display ( );
    ~TrainQueue( );
};
```

3. Write a function in C++ to perform a PUSH , POP & Display operation in a dynamically allocated stack considering the following :

```
struct Node
{
    int X,Y;
    Node *Link;
};
class STACK
{
    Node * Top;
public:
    STACK() { TOP=NULL;}
    void PUSH( );
    void POP( );
    ~STACK( );
};
```

Create a menu to implement the class.

4. Write a function RevText() to read a text file “ Input.txt “ and Print whole sentence in reverse order .

**Example:** If value in text file is: *INDIA IS MY COUNTRY*

Output will be: *YRTNUOC YM SI AIDNI*

5. Write function definition for count( ) in C++ to display the total number of word “The” or “the” present in a text file “FILE.TXT”.

Example:

If the content of the file “FILE.TXT” is as follows:

**The school function is taking place in December. Our school has participated in many inter-school events. The school life is the best.**

The function count() should display the following:

Total number of word “The/the”:3

6. Create the following tables in SQL and write SQL commands for the statements that follows:

**Relation : STAFF**

No	NAME	DOJ	DEPT	GENDER	QUALF
101	Siddharth	12/01/02	Sales	M	MBA
104	Raghav	8/05/88	Finance	M	CA
107	Naman	14/05/88	Research	M	MTECH
114	Nupur	1/02/03	Sales	F	MBA
109	Janvi	18/7/04	Finance	F	CA
105	Rama	14/4/07	Research	M	BTECH

**Relation : SALARY**

ID	BASIC	ALLOWANCE	COMM_PERC
101	15240	5400	3
104	23000	1452	4
107	14870	2451	3
114	21000	3451	14
109	24500	1452	10
105	17000	1250	2

- Display the name of all CA’s along with the total salary.  
(Total Salary=basic+Allowance+(Comm\_Perc\*Basic/100))
- Display the number of staff members departmentwise
- Hike the Allowance of all female staff working in finance sector .
- Display the average basic salary given to the employee in each department
- Arrange the male staff details in ascending order of ID from STAFF table

7. Create the following table in SQL and write SQL commands for the statements that follows:

TABLE: WORKER					
ECODE	NAME	DESIG	PLEVEL	DOJ	DOB
11	Radhe Shyam	Supervisor	P001	13-Sep-2004	23-Aug-1981
12	Chander Nath	Operator	P003	22-Feb-2010	12-Jul-1987
13	Fizza	Operator	P003	14-Jun-2009	14-Oct-1983
15	Ameen Ahmed	Mechanic	P002	21-Aug-2006	13-Mar-1984
18	Sanya	Clerk	P002	19-Dec-2005	09-Jun-1983

TABLE: PAYLEVEL		
PLEVEL	PAY	ALLOWANCE
P001	26000	12000
P002	22000	10000
P003	12000	6000

- (i) Display the names of all Workers in descending order of DOB.
- (ii) Display Name , Desig and total pay of those Workers whose Plevel is either P001 or P002.(Total Pay=Pay+Allowance)
- (iii) Display content of all the Workers whose DOB is between 19-Jan-1984 and 18-Jan-1987.
- (iv) Count the total of allowance along with the PLevels.
- (v) Display ecode,Name and total pay for Operators(Total Pay=Pay+Allowance)

8. Create the following tables FLIGHTS and FARES. Write SQL commands for the statements that follows:

TABLE: FLIGHTS				
FL_NO	STARTING	ENDING	NO_FLIGHTS	NO_STOPS
IC301	Mumbai	Delhi	8	0
UC799	Bangalore	Delhi	2	1
MC101	INDORE	Mumbai	3	0
IC302	Delhi	Mumbai	8	0
AM812	Kanpur	Bangalore	3	1
IC899	Mumbai	Kochi	1	4
AM501	Delhi	Trivandrum	1	5
MU499	Mumbai	Madras	3	3
IC701	Delhi	Ahemdabad	4	0

TABLE: FARES			
FL_NO	AIRLINES	FARE	TAX
IC701	Indian Airlines	6500	10
MU499	Sahara	9400	5
AM501	Jet Airways	13400	8
IC899	Indian Airlines	8300	4
IC302	Indian Airlines	4300	10
UC799	Indian Airlines	10500	10
MC101	Deccan Airlines	3500	4

- (i) Display total number of flights starting from DELHI. .
- (ii) Display Flight details sorted by FL\_NO whose starting or ending point is MUMBAI.
- (iii) Display the Flight number and total fare to be paid for the flights from DELHI to MUMBAI using the tables FLIGHT and FARES, where total fare to be paid = FARE + (TAX \* 20).
- (iv) Display the minimum fare of each Airlines from the table FARES.
- (v) Display airlines, starting and ending whose fare is greater than 10000 .

9. Create the following tables and write SQL commands for the statements that follows:

Table: PRODUCT			
P_ID	ProductName	Manufacturer	Price
TP01	Talcum Powder	LAK	40
FW05	Face Wash	ABC	45
BS01	Bath Soap	ABC	55
SH06	Shampoo	XYZ	120
FW12	Face Wash	XYZ	95
Table: CLIENT			
C_ID	ClientName	City	P_ID
01	Cosmetic Shop	Delhi	FW05
06	Total Health	Mumbai	BS01
12	Live Life	Delhi	SH06
15	Pretty Woman	Delhi	FW12
16	Dreams	Banglore	TP01

- (i) To display the details of those Clients whose City is Delhi.
- (ii) To display the details of Products Whose Price is in the range of 50 to 100(Both values included).
- (iii) To display the ClientName, City from table Client, and ProductName and Price from table Product, with their corresponding matching P\_ID.
- (iv) To increase the Price of all Products by 10.
- (v) To display client ID, client name and product name with its price sorted by client name for XYZ manufacturer.