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INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Solve the Test On Plain Paper .
- 2. Finish the test In 1:30 Hr.
- 3. After completing the test Post your answer sheet for Evaluation to the following Address -

PRADEEP SHARAM

House No. - 1322

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ALL INDIA TEST SERIES



Some basic concept

2 - Marks Each

- 1. How are 0.50 mol Na₂CO₃ and 0.50 M Na 2CO₃ different?
- 2. Define (a) Law of Multiple proportion (b) Avogadro Hypothesis.
- 3. A solution f H₂SO₄ consist of 24.5 g of H₂SO₄ in 500 cc of solution. Find its Molarity?
- 4. Which is more concentrated 1M or 1 m at room temperature & why?
- 5. Mole fraction of NaOH in an ag solution is 0.4. Find out Molality of solution?

3 - Marks Each

- 6. Calculate the number of atoms in each of the following (i) 52 moles of Ar (ii) 52 u of He (iii) 52 g of He.
- 7. A compound contain C = 41.37 %, H = 5.75 %, N = 16.09 %, V.D. = 43.3. Calculate Molecular formula.
- 8. Dinitrogen and dihydrogen react with each other to produce ammonia according to the following chemical equation:

$$N_2(g) + H_2(g) \rightarrow 2NH_3(g)$$

- (i) Calculate the mass of ammonia produced if $2.00 \times 10^3 g$ dinitrogen reacts with 1.00 ×10³ g of dihydrogen.
- (ii) Will any of the two reactants remain unreacted?
- (iii) If yes, which one and what would be its mass?
- 9.A sample of drinking water was found to be severely contaminated with chloroform, CHCl₃, supposed to be carcinogenic in nature. The level of contamination was 15ppm (by mass).
 - (i) Express this in percent by mass. (ii) Determine the molality of chloroform
- 10. 20 g of $CaCO_3$ & 20 g HCl reacts to give $CaCl_2$, CO_2 & H_2O . Find (a)L.R. (b) E.R. (c) Maximum amount of CO2 formed?

Or

Calcium carbonate reacts with aqueous HCl to give CaCl₂ and CO2 according t the reaction, $CaCO_3$ (s) + 2 HCl (aq) \rightarrow $CaCl_2$ (aq) + CO_2 (q) + $H_2O(1)$

What mass of CaCO₃ is required to react completely with 25 mL of 0.75 M HCl?