Databases

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Database Structure

Primary, secondary keys, relational databases

Spreadsheet

- Simple form of a database
- Columns (fields) contain specific info
 - Name, address, date, number
- Rows (records) represent individual entries
 - Individual person, specific DNA sequence
- Each record has unique identifier
 - Primary key unambiguously identifies record
 - Duplicates of primary key not allowed

Election data/Primary Key

| cand | cand/yea | rCandidate | Year | Party | EV | Pop Vote |
|-------|----------|------------------|---------|-------------|-----|------------|
| wjcl | 1992dl | William J. Clint | on 1992 | Democrat | 370 | 44,908,233 |
| ghwbl | 1992r1 | George H. W. Bus | h 1992 | Republican | 168 | 39,102,282 |
| hrpl | 1992il | H. Ross Perot | 1996 | Indep. | 0 | 19,741,048 |
| wjcl | 1996d1 | William J. Clint | on 1996 | Democrat | 379 | 47,401,185 |
| rdl | 199611 | Robert Dole | 1996 | Republican | 159 | 39,197,469 |
| hrpl | 1996rf1 | H. Ross Perot | 1996 | Reform | 0 | 8,085,294 |
| gwb1 | 2000rl | George W. Bush | 2000 | Republican | 271 | 50,456,169 |
| agl | 2000d1 | Al Gore | 2000 | Democrat | 266 | 50,996,116 |
| rnl | 2000g1 | Ralph Nader | 2000 | Green | 0 | 2,695,696 |
| gwb1 | 2004r1 | George W. Bush | 2004 | Republican | 286 | 62,040,606 |
| jfk2 | 2004d1 | John F. Kerry | 2004 | Democrat | 252 | 59,028,109 |
| rnl | 2004i1 | Ralph Nader | 2004 | Independent | 0 | 411,304 |
| bho1 | 2008d1 | Barack Obama | 2008 | Democrat | 365 | 69,456,897 |
| jsm1 | 2008r1 | John McCain | 2008 | Republican | 173 | 59,934,814 |
| bho1 | 2012d1 | Barack Obama | 2012 | Democrat | 332 | 65,917,119 |
| wmrl | 2012r1 | Willard Mitt Rom | | Republican | 206 | 60,932,078 |
| gj1 | 201211 | Gary Johnson | 2012 | Libertarian | 0 | 1,275,886 |
| 151 | 2012g1 | Jill Stein | 2012 | Green | 0 | 469,015 |

- · What is the primary key in this database?
- How does <u>cand/year</u> differ from <u>cand</u> in uniqueness?



Oversimplified IMDB

• Primary Key = Movie ID

| Movie Title | Year | Movie ID |
|----------------------|------|-----------------|
| American Gangster | 2007 | tt0765429 |
| 3:10 to Yuma | 2007 | tt0381849 |
| A Good Year | 2006 | tt0401445 |
| Cinderella Man | 2005 | tt0352248 |
| Master and Commander | 2003 | tt0311113 |
| A Beautiful Mind | 2001 | tt0268978 |
| Gladiator | 2000 | tt0172495 |
| Gladiator | 1992 | tt0104346 |

Connected Databases

| Movie Title | Year | Movie ID |
|--------------------|------|-----------------|
| A Beautiful Mind | 2001 | tt0268978 |

| Movie ID | Title | Year | Actor | Actor ID |
|-----------|------------------|------|---------------------|-----------|
| tt0268978 | A Beautiful Mind | 2001 | Russell Crowe | nm0000128 |
| tt0268978 | A Beautiful Mind | 2001 | Ed Harris | nm0000438 |
| tt0268978 | A Beautiful Mind | 2001 | Jennifer Connelly | nm0000124 |
| tt0268978 | A Beautiful Mind | 2001 | Adam Goldberg | nm0004965 |
| tt0268978 | A Beautiful Mind | 2001 | Paul Bettany | nm0079273 |
| tt0268978 | A Beautiful Mind | 2001 | Christopher Plummer | nm0001626 |

| Actor ID | Actor Name | Date of Birth | Country of Birth | Movie Title | Year | Movie ID |
|-----------|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|------|-----------|
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | The Nice Guys | 2016 | tt3799694 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Fathers & Daughters | 2015 | tt2582502 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | The Water Diviner | 2014 | tt3007512 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Noah | 2014 | tt1959490 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Winter's Tale | 2014 | tt1837709 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Man of Steel | 2013 | tt0770828 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Broken City | 2013 | tt1235522 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Les Misérables | 2012 | tt1707386 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | The Man with the Iron Fists | 2012 | tt1258972 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Republic of Doyle | 2012 | tt1297754 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | The Next Three Days | 2010 | tt1458175 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Robin Hood | 2010 | tt0955308 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | State of Play | 2009 | tt0473705 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Tenderness | 2009 | tt0494864 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Body of Lies | 2008 | tt0758774 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | American Gangster | 2007 | tt0765429 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | 3:10 to Yuma | 2007 | tt0381849 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | A Good Year | 2006 | tt0401445 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Cinderella Man | 2005 | tt0352248 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Master and Commander | 2003 | tt0311113 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | A Beautiful Mind | 2001 | tt0268978 |
| nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Gladiator | 2000 | tt0172495 |

Connected Databases

| Movie Title | Year | Movie ID |
|--------------------|------|-----------------|
| A Beautiful Mind | 2001 | (tt0268978) |
| | | Primary Ke |

| Secondary No | | | | | | |
|--------------|------------------|------|---------------------|-----------|--|--|
| Movie ID | Title | Year | Actor | Actor ID | | |
| tt0268978 | A Beautiful Mind | 2001 | Russell Crowe | nm0000128 | | |
| tt0268978 | A Beautiful Mind | 2001 | Ed Harris | nm0000438 | | |
| tt0268978 | A Beautiful Mind | 2001 | Jennifer Connelly | nm0000124 | | |
| tt0268978 | A Beautiful Mind | 2001 | Adam Goldberg | nm0004965 | | |
| tt0268978 | A Beautiful Mind | 2001 | Paul Bettany | nm0079273 | | |
| tt0268978 | A Beautiful Mind | 2001 | Christopher Plummer | nm0001626 | | |

| | Actor ID | Actor Name | Date of Birth | Country of Birth | Movie Title | Year | Movie ID |
|----------|-----------|---------------|---------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------|------|-----------------|
| \ | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | The Nice Guys | 2016 | tt3799694 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Fathers & Daughters | 2015 | tt2582502 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | The Water Diviner | 2014 | tt3007512 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Noah | 2014 | tt1959490 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Winter's Tale | 2014 | tt1837709 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Man of Steel | 2013 | tt0770828 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Broken City | 2013 | tt1235522 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Les Misérables | 2012 | tt1707386 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | The Man with the Iron Fists | 2012 | tt1258972 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Republic of Doyle | 2012 | tt1297754 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | The Next Three Days | 2010 | tt1458175 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Robin Hood | 2010 | tt0955308 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | State of Play | 2009 | tt0473705 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Tenderness | 2009 | tt0494864 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Body of Lies | 2008 | tt0758774 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | American Gangster | 2007 | tt0765429 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | 3:10 to Yuma | 2007 | tt0381849 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | A Good Year | 2006 | tt0401445 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Cinderella Man | 2005 | tt0352248 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Master and Commander | 2003 | tt0311113 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | A Beautiful Mind | 2001 | tt0268978 |
| | nm0000128 | Russell Crowe | April 7, 1964 | New Zealand | Gladiator | 2000 | tt0172495 |

Relational Database

- Avoid too many fields
- Databases link to other database
 - Each database called 'relation'
- Secondary key in one database can serve as primary key in another database
- Internet: large relational database
 - Made up of webpages (records)
 - URLs represent primary keys in smaller databases
 - other websites

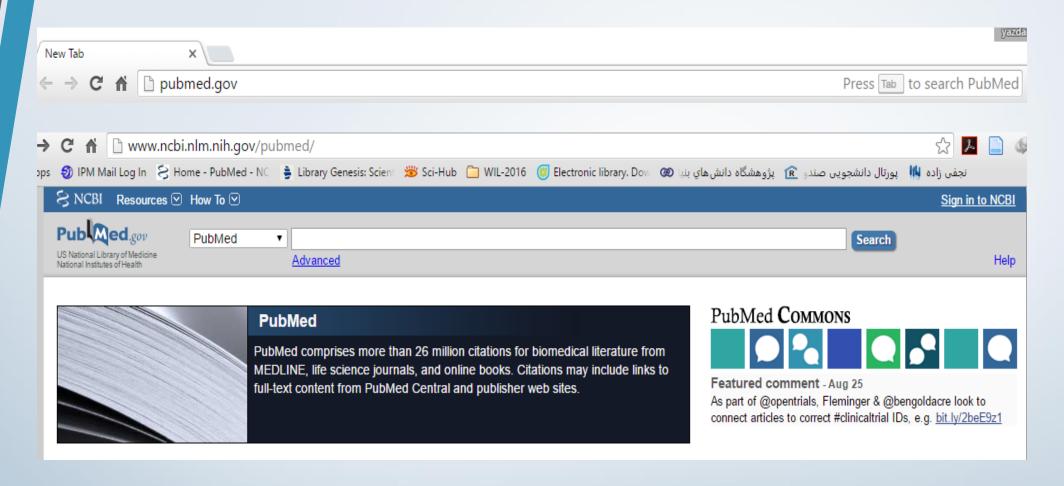
Summary

- Recognize primary keys
 - Most unique identifier for a record
 - Usually series of numbers/letters
- Relational databases link related databases
 - IMDB: movie DB and actor DB
 - NCBI: nucleotide DB and protein DB

PubMed

NCBI

- National Center for Biotechnology Education
 - http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov
- Large government relational database at National Institutes of Health
- Includes scientific journals, DNA sequences, protein sequences, protein structures

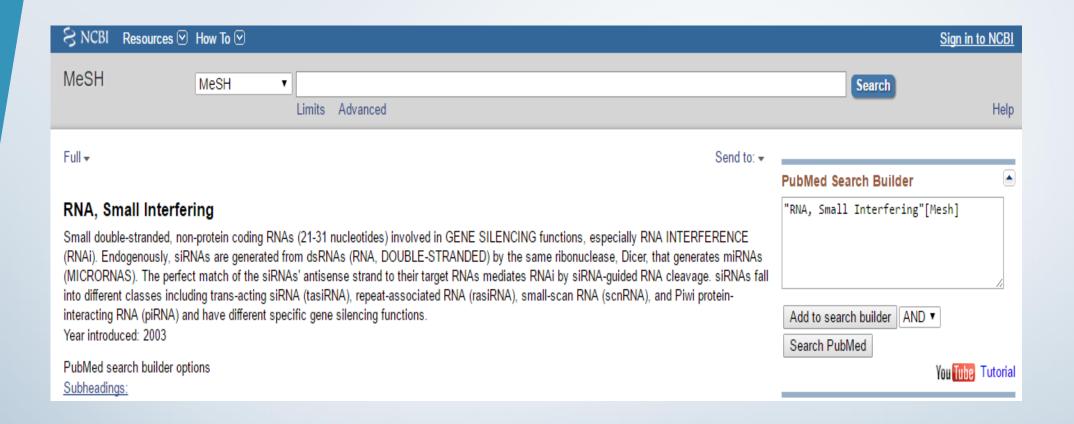


- Kauffman
- Kauffman S
- Kauffman SA

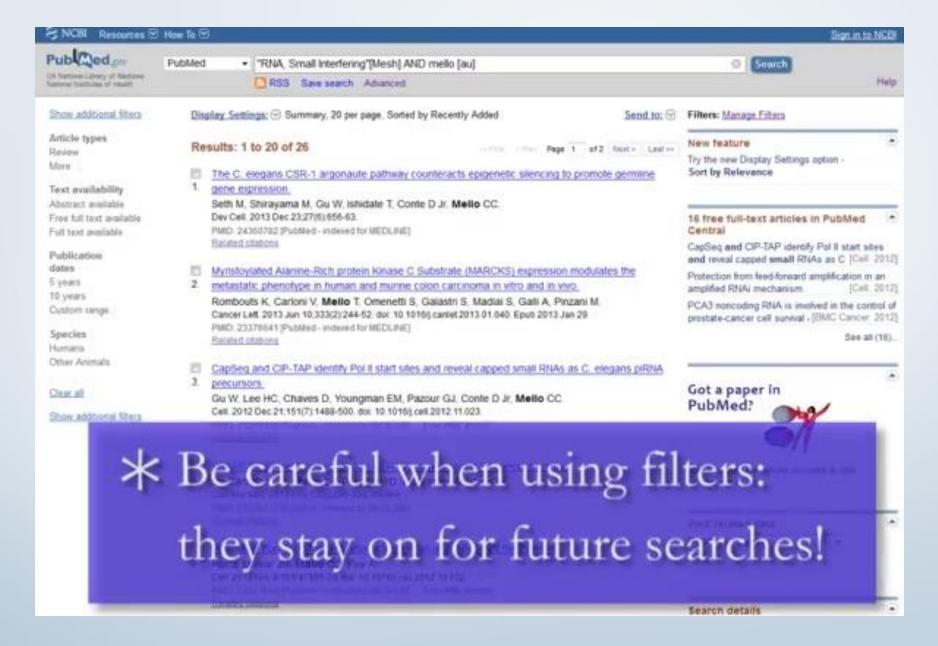
Searching PubMed:

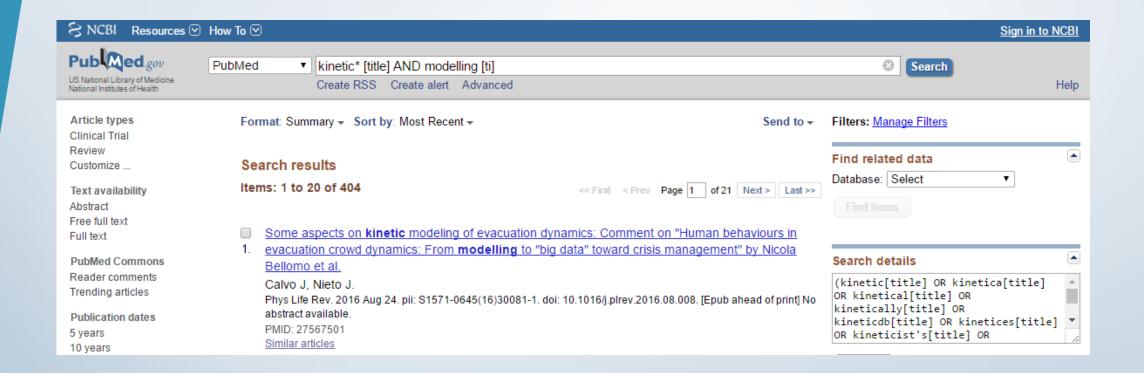
- Kauffman
- Kauffman [author]
- Kauffman [au]
- kauffman AND origin [title]





- RNAi
- RNAi AND mello [au]
- "RNA, Small Interfering"[Mesh] mello [au]





• kinetic* [title] AND modelling [ti]



- "last 10 days" [edat] AND nature [journal]
- "last 10 days" [edat] AND nature [journal] AND DNA
- "last 10 days" [edat] AND science [journal] AND DNA

PubMed, MEDLINE, and PMC

PubMed citations come from

- 1) MEDLINE indexed journals,
- 2) journals/manuscripts deposited in PMC,
- 3) NCBI Bookshelf.

Both MEDLINE and other PubMed citations may have links to full-text articles or manuscripts in PMC, NCBI Bookshelf, and publishers' Web sites.

If you limit your PubMed search to MeSH controlled vocabulary or the MEDLINE subset, you will see only MEDLINE citations in your results.

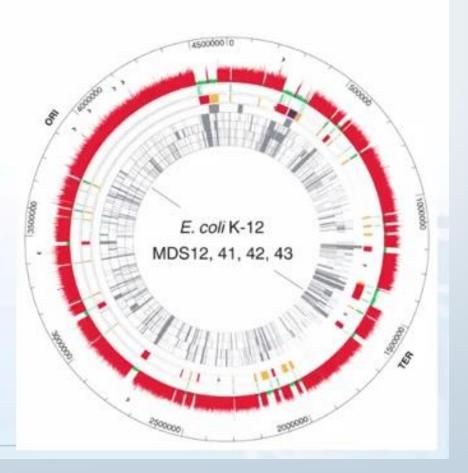
Genome

Typical Prokaryotic Genome

- ✓ Prokaryotes are microscopic organisms
- ✓ They have a circular genome
- ✓ Its length is a few million bp (0.6 10 Mb)
- ✓ Prokaryotes have about 1 gene per Kb
- ✓70 % of their genome is coding for proteins
- ✓ Their genes do not overlap

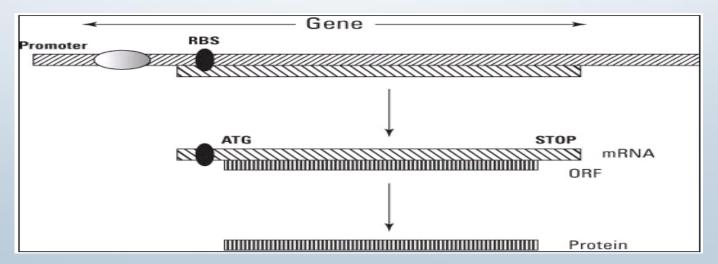
E. coli Genome

- Note position 0 at top of circle
 - Base pairs numbered in clockwise fashion
 - Position 0 represents origin of replication
- + strand genes run clockwise
- (complementary) strand genes run counterclockwise



Typical Prokaryotic Protein-Coding Gene

- The gene has an uninterrupted sequence
- Prokaryotic mRNA contains
 - The Ribosome Binding Site (RBS)
 - The Open Reading Frame (ORF) in one piece
 - In operons, the RNA can contain several ORFs

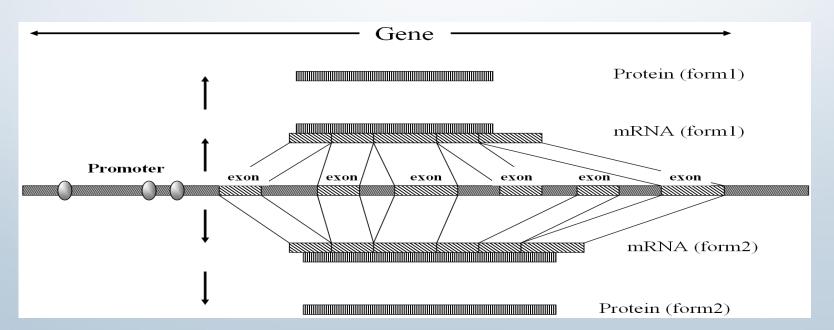


Typical Eukaryotic Genome

- Eukaryotes can be small (yeast) or big (whales)
- Genomes are made of linear pieces of DNA called chromosomes
- One chromosome: 10 to 700 Mb
- The Human Genome
 - Contains 22+1 chromosomes
 - Is 3 Gb long
- One gene every 100 Kb (human)
- 5 % of the genome is coding for proteins

Typical Eukaryotic Protein-Coding Gene

- The coding sequences are made of coding exons separated by introns
- Introns are spliced out and exons glued together to make the ORF
- One gene can code for several alternative proteins: alternative splicing



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Prokaryotes vs. Eukaryotes

Prokaryotes

- Genome=one large circular chromosome + a few small circular chromosomes (plasmides)
- 0.5 to 8 Mb / chromosome
- Genes in one piece
- 70% of the genome is coding
- 1 gene / Kb

Eukaryotes

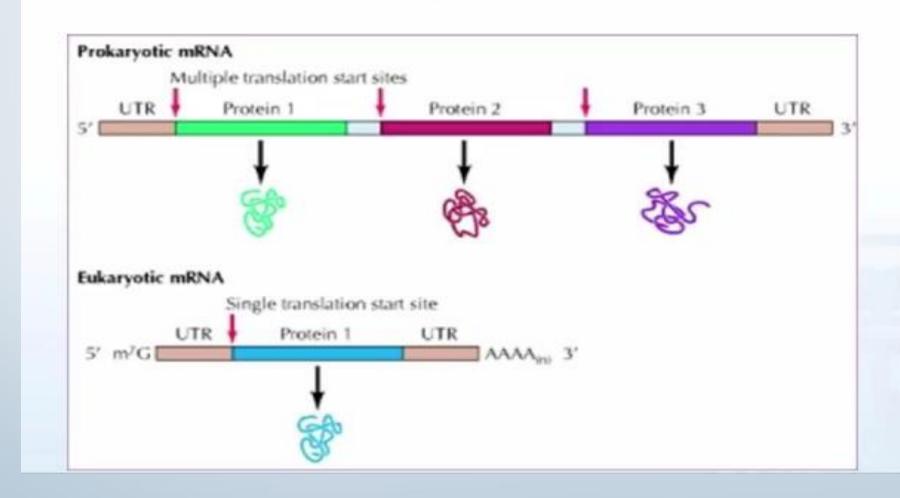
- Genome= many large linear chromosomes
- 10 to 700 Mb / chromosome
- Genes split
- 5% of the genome is coding
- 1 gene/ 100 Kb (Human)

Some Definitions

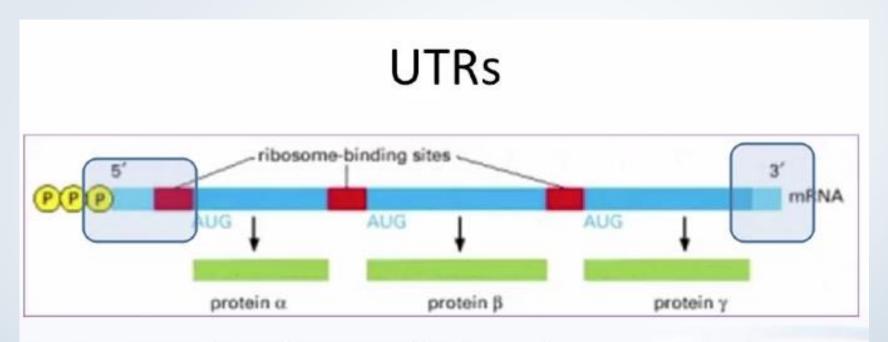
Polycistronic mRNA

- Eukaryotic transcripts usually have only one coding region
 - One mRNA makes one protein
 - · Actually many molecules of same single protein
- Prokaryotic transcripts often have more than one coding region
 - One mRNA make multiple proteins
 - · Actually many molecules of each protein

Comparison



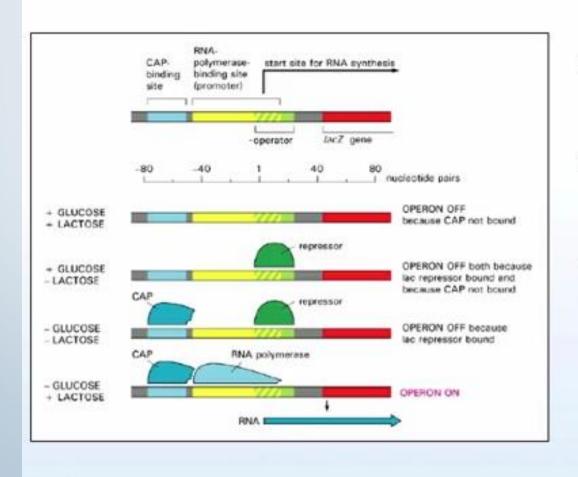
Some Definitions



- Untranslated region before first start codon
 - 5' UTR
- Another after last stop codon
 - 3' UTR

Some Definitions

Lac operon



- Glucose preferred energy source
- Lactose used in absence of glucose
- +1 = transcription start site
 - -40 = 40 bases "upstream"
 - +80 = 80 bases "downstream"

DNA Databases

Most Important DNA Databases

- GenBank (NCBI): http://www.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/genbank/
- EMBL-EBI (Ensembl): http://www.ebi.ac.uk/services
- DNA Data Bank of Japan (DDBJ): http://www.ddbj.nig.ac.jp/





ISDC International Nucleotide Sequence Database Collaboration

ABOUT INSDC

POLICY

ADVISORS

DOCUMENTS







International Nucleotide Sequence Database Collaboration

The International Nucleotide Sequence Database Collaboration (INSDC) is a long-standing foundational initiative that
operates between <u>DDBJ</u>, <u>EMBL-EBI</u> and <u>NCBI</u>. INSDC covers the spectrum of data raw reads, though alignments and
assemblies to functional annotation, enriched with contextual information relating to samples and experimental
configurations.

| Data type | DDBJ | EMBL-EBI | NCBI |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|
| Next generation reads | Sequence Read Archive | | Sequence Read Archive |
| Capillary reads | Trace Archive | European Nucleotide | Trace Archive |
| Annotated sequences | DDBJ | Archive (ENA) | <u>GenBank</u> |
| Samples | <u>BioSample</u> | , | <u>BioSample</u> |
| Studies | <u>BioProject</u> | | <u>BioProject</u> |

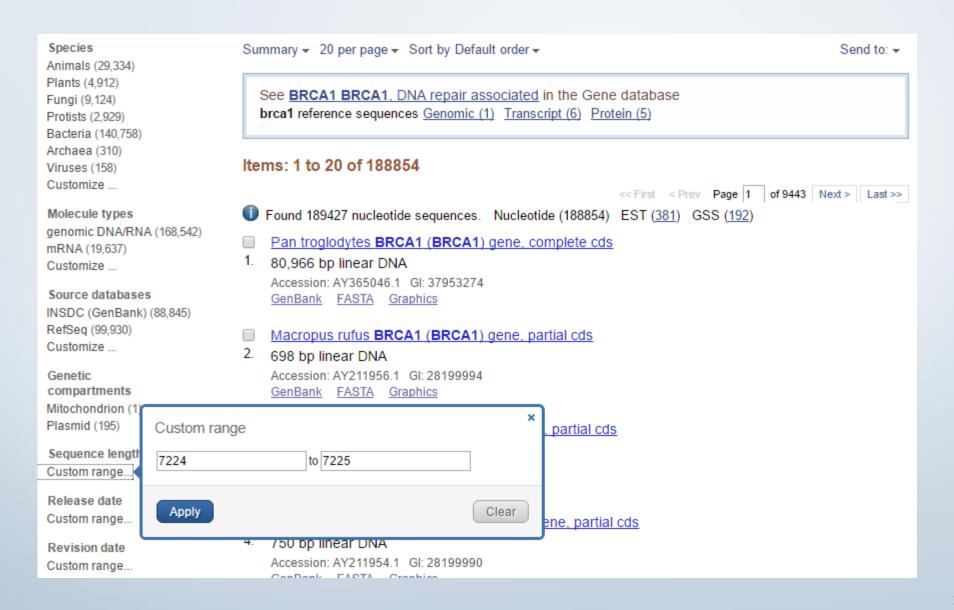
Looking for DNA Sequences

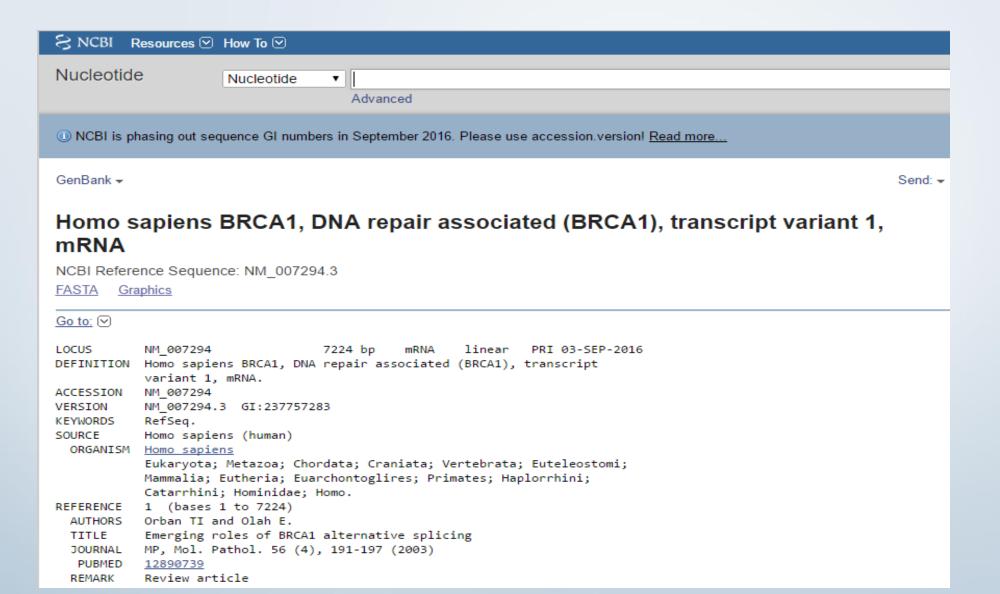
GenBank (NCBI)

GenBank

- Housed by the National Center for Biotechnologies (NCBI)
- GenBank is the memory of biological science
- Contains EVERY DNA sequence ever published
- GenBank is the original information source for most biological databases
- GenBank is more complicated to use than gene-centric databases

NCBI Nucleotide Search Example: *BRCA1*





```
PPP1R53; PSCP; RNF53"
                /note="upstream in-frame stop codon"
                214..312
exon
                /gene="BRCA1"
                /gene synonym="BRCAI; BRCC1; BROVCA1; FANCS; IRIS; PNCA4;
                PPP1R53; PSCP; RNF53"
                /inference="alignment:Splign:1.39.8"
CDS
                233..5824
                /gene="BRCA1"
                /gene synonym="BRCAI; BRCC1; BROVCA1; FANCS; IRIS; PNCA4;
                PPP1R53; PSCP; RNF53"
                /note="isoform 1 is encoded by transcript variant 1;
                BRCA1/BRCA2-containing complex, subunit 1; RING finger
                protein 53; breast cancer type 1 susceptibility protein;
                breast and ovarian cancer susceptibility protein 1;
                protein phosphatase 1, regulatory subunit 53; Fanconi
                anemia, complementation group S; early onset breast cancer
                1; breast cancer 1, early onset"
                /codon start=1
                /product="breast cancer type 1 susceptibility protein
                isoform 1"
                /protein id="NP 009225.1"
                /db xref="GI:6552299"
                /db xref="CCDS:CCDS11453.1"
                /db xref="GeneID:672"
                /db xref="HGNC:HGNC:1100"
                /db xref="HPRD:00218"
                /db xref="MIM:113705"
                /translation="MDLSALRVEEVONVINAMOKILECPICLELIKEPVSTKCDHIFC
```

Assembling CDSs from a GenBank Entry

• The gene, mRNA, and CDS sections tell you which segments of which entry must be joined to reconstruct the gene, the mRNA, or the CDS

```
order (AF018429.1:<1..1735,1..1177, AF018431.1:1..45,
gene
                AF018432.1:658..732, AF018432.1:884..954,
                AF018432.1:1391..>1447)
                /gene="DUT"
                join(AF018429.1:<282..561, AF018429.1:1034..1172,
mRNA
                560..651, AFO18431.1:1..45, AFO18432.1:658..732,
                AF018432.1:884..954, AF018432.1:1391..>1447)
                /gene="DUT"
                /product="dUTPase"
                /note="alternatively spliced; encodes mitochondrial form
                of the protein"
CDS
                join(AF018429.1:282..561, AF018429.1:1034..1172, 560..651,
                AF018431.1:1..45, AF018432.1:658..732, AF018432.1:884..954,
                AF018432.1:1391..1447)
```

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FASTA ▼

Format

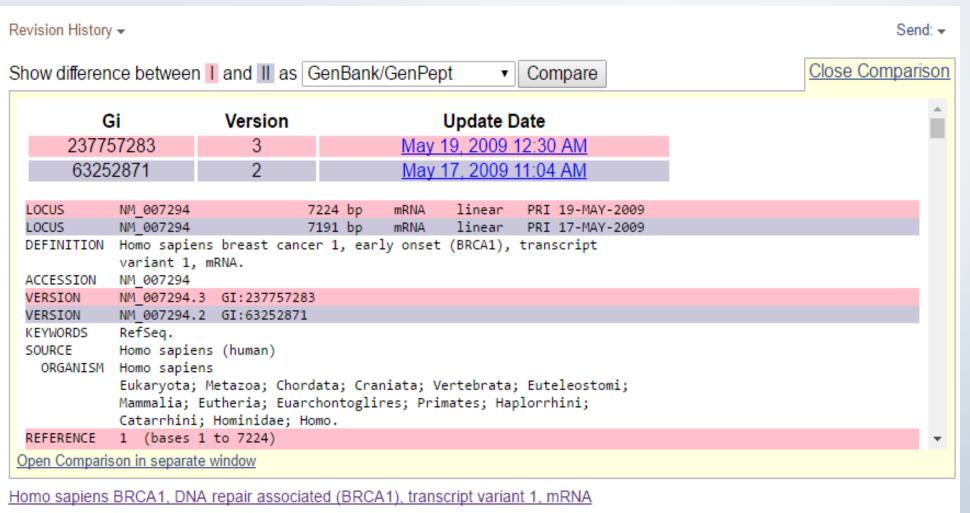
- Summary
- GenBank
- GenBank (full)
- FASTA
- FASTA (text)
- Graphics
- O ASN.1
- Revision History
- Accession List
- GI List

BRCA1, DNA repair associated (BRCA1), transcript variant 1,

nce: NM_007294.3

007294.3| Homo sapiens BRCA1, DNA repair associated (BRCA1), mRNA

Accession NM 007294 was first seen at NCBI on Dec 9, 1999 05:10 PM



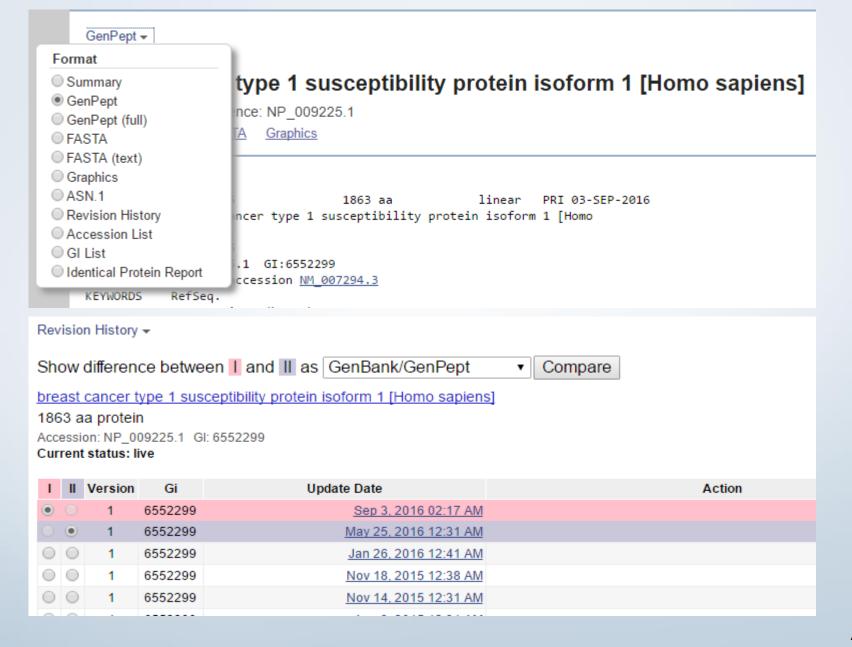
7,224 bp linear mRNA



GenPept ▼ Send to: ▼ Change region shown breast cancer type 1 susceptibility protein isoform 1 [Homo sapiens] **Customize view** NCBI Reference Sequence: NP_009225.1 Identical Proteins FASTA Graphics Analyze this sequence Go to: 🗸 Run BLAST LOCUS NP 009225 1863 aa linear PRI 03-SEP-2016 Identify Conserved Domains DEFINITION breast cancer type 1 susceptibility protein isoform 1 [Homo Highlight Sequence Features sapiens]. NP 009225 ACCESSION Find in this Sequence NP 009225.1 GI:6552299 VERSION DBSOURCE REFSEQ: accession NM 007294.3 RefSeq. KEYWORDS Protein 3D Structure Homo sapiens (human) SOURCE Structure Of Brca1 Brct ORGANISM Homo sapiens Eukaryota; Metazoa; Chordata; Craniata; Vertebrata; Euteleostomi; Domains In Complex With Mammalia; Eutheria; Euarchontoglires; Primates; Haplorrhini; Abraxas Single Catarrhini; Hominidae; Homo. PDB: 4Y2G REFERENCE 1 (residues 1 to 1863) Source: Homo sapiens AUTHORS Orban TI and Olah E. Method: X-Ray Diffraction Emerging roles of BRCA1 alternative splicing TITLE Resolution: 2.5 Å JOURNAL MP, Mol. Pathol. 56 (4), 191-197 (2003) See all 27 structures... PUBMED 12890739 Review article REMARK REFERENCE 2 (residues 1 to 1863) AUTHORS Orban TI and Olah E. Articles about the BRCA1 gene Expression profiles of BRCA1 splice variants in asynchronous and in Incidence of BRCA1 somatic mutations and G1/S synchronized tumon coll lines

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H-X(2-3)-(N/C/H)-X2-C-X(4-48)C-X2-C; probably involved in...; cd00162"
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     1261 lslknslndc snqvilakas qehhlseetk csaslfssqc seledltant ntqdpfligs
                                                                                                             binds two atoms of zinc; defined by the 'cross-brace'
     1321 skamrhases agvælsdkel vsddeergtg leennaeeas masnlgeaas gcesetsvse
                                                                                                             motif C-X2-C-X(9-39)-C-X(1-3)-
     1381 dcsglssqsd ilttqqrdtm qhnliklqqe maeleavleq hgsqpsnsyp siisdssale
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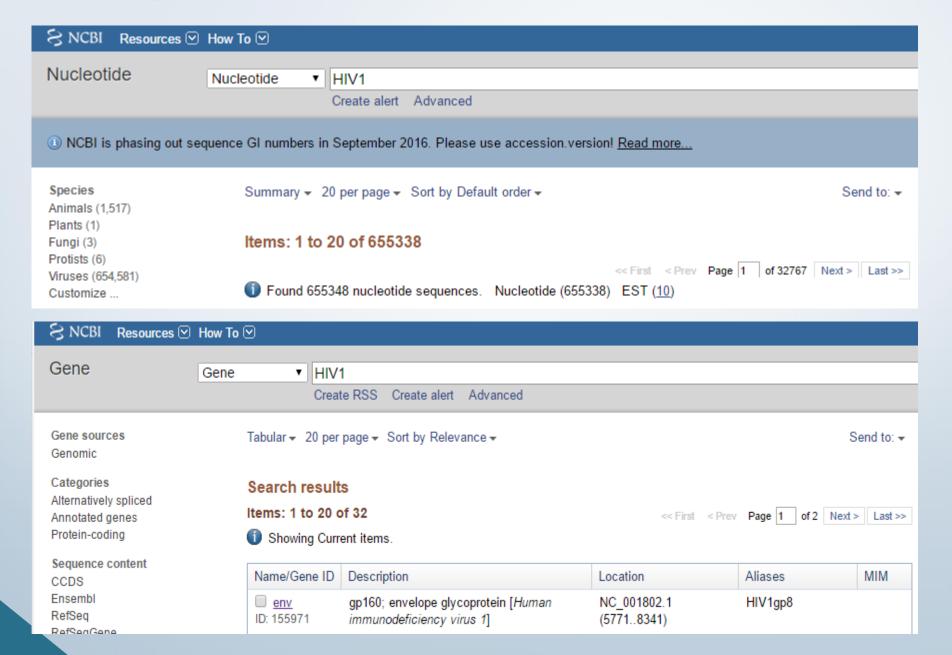
Looking for DNA Sequences

ENTREZ Gene

Using Gene-centric Databases: Entrez Gene

- Entrez Gene can be accessed from the NCBI
- In GenBank, each entry is one sequence from one publication
- In Entrez Gene, each entry is one gene
- Entrez Gene is built with GenBank data

Comparison (Nucleotide vs Gene Search)



Looking for DNA Sequences

EMBL-EBI (ENSEMBL)



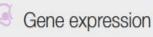
Databases and tools

EMBL-EBI offers a comprehensive range of freely available, up-to-date molecular databases. You can work locally by downloading our data and software, or use our web services to access our resources programmatically. You can read more about our services in the journal Nucleic Acids Research.

Our services are made possible by scientists all over the world sharing their data. This increases the impact of individual research projects, and allows science to progress more rapidly. To submit your data to the public archives, visit our Data Submission Wizard.



genes, genomes & variation



RNA, protein & metabolite expression

Proteins

sequences, families & motifs

Structures

Molecular & cellular structures



Systems

reactions, interactions & pathways



Chemical biology

chemogenomics & metabolomics





e.g. BRCA2 or rat 5:62797383-63627669 or rs699 or coronary heart disease

Browse a Genome

Ensembl is a genome browser for vertebrate genomes that supports research in comparative genomics, evolution, sequence variation and transcriptional regulation. Ensembl annotate genes, computes multiple alignments, predicts regulatory function and collects disease data. Ensembl tools include BLAST, BLAT, BioMart and the Variant Effect Predictor (VEP) for all supported species.

Popular genomes



Human GRCh38.p7



Human ຝ⁄̄ GRCh37



Mouse GRCm38.p4



Zebrafish GRCz10



All genomes

-- Select a species -- ▼

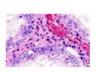
Still using Human GRCh37?



Variant Effect Predictor



Gene expression in different tissues



Find SNPs and other variants for my gene



Retrieve gene sequence

GCCTGACTTCCGGGTGG: GGGCTTGTGGGGGGAGC GGGCTCTGCTGCGCCT AGGGGACAGATTTGTGA CACCTCTGGAGGGGTTI CCCAGTCCAGCGTGGCG

Compare genes across species



Use my own data in Ensembl

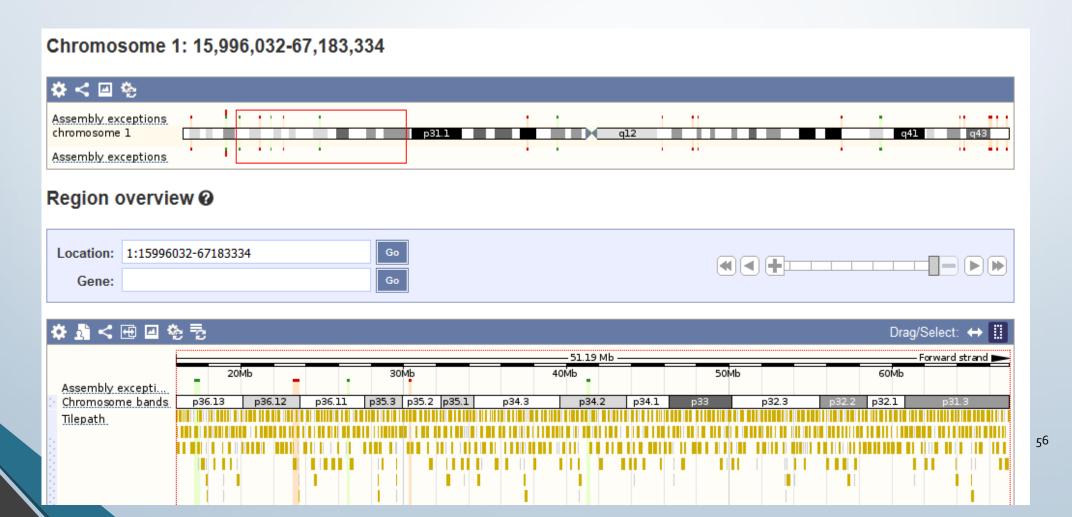
ENCODE data in Ensembl

ENSEMBL

- ENSEMBL is a database of eukaryotic genomes
 - Annotated entries
 - Wide range of examples: human, mouse, dog, and so on
- ENSEMBL annotation is mostly automated
- ENSEMBL contains tools to
 - Browse the complete genome
 - Search the complete genome with BLAST
 - Visualize the position of a gene
 - Visualize all experimental information on this gene (transcripts)

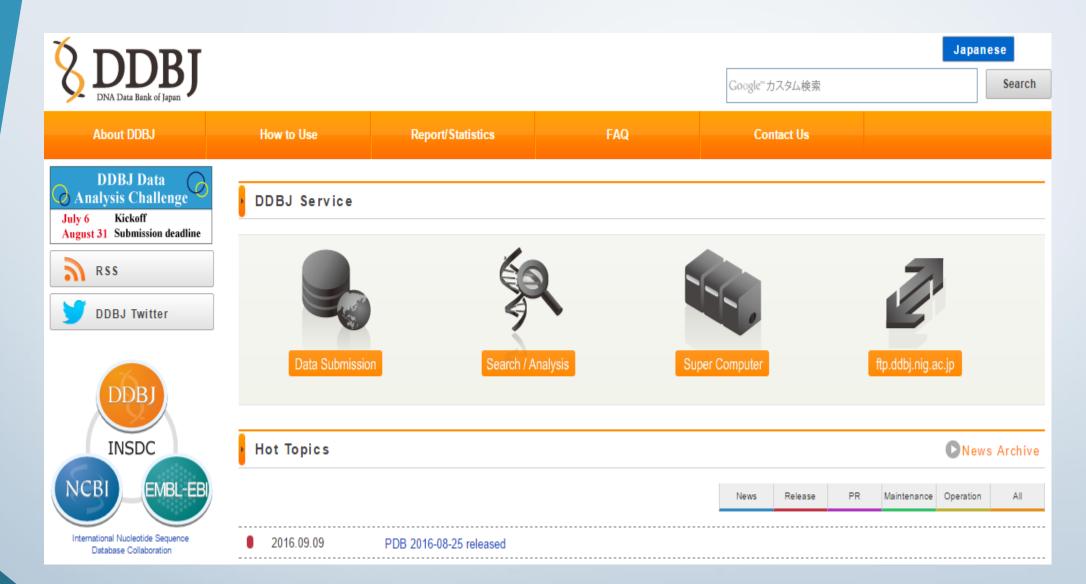
Visualizing Human Chromosomes

- By pointing on a chromosome region you can zoom inside the chromosome
- All genes are cross-indexed with databases so you can find all related experimental information



Looking for DNA Sequences

DDBJ



Search and Analysis

Database Search

getentry

Data retrieval by accession numbers, etc.

ARSA

All-round Retrieval of Sequence and Annotation

TXSearch

Retrieval of unified taxonomy database

BLAST

Homology Search

VecScreen

Vector Search to screen contamination in nucleic acid sequences.

DRA Search

Search metadata by keywords and retrieve data

Phylogenetics

ClustalW

Multiple alignment and Tree-making

WABI (Web API for Biology)

Next Generation Sequence Analysis

DDBJ Read Annotation Pipeline

High-throughput data analysis of next generation sequence data (Login ID is r

Genome Analyses

MiGAP

Mechanical annotation tool for microbial genomes(Login ID is required.)

MiGAP-OLD (Result before Feb. 2012. Read-only)

To login, DBCLS OpenID is required.

Links for DBCLS* Search Tools

AOE

Statistics and trends of gene expression data

CRISPRdirect

Designing CRISPR/Cas9 guide RNA with reduced off-target sites

DBCLS SRA

Statistics and trends of SRA data

Gendoo

Functional profiling of gene and disease features for omics analysis

Going Further

- University of California at Santa Cruz: http://genome.ucsc.edu/
- The DoE Joint Genome Institute: http://jgi.doe.gov/

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