Setters

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Lecture #1 out of 8 90 minutes

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Mutability

Problems

ORM

Read and Watch

Chapter #1:

Mutability

Which object is immutable?

```
class Book {
  private String title;
  Book(String t) { title = t; }

  void setTitle(String t) {
    this.title = t;
  }

  String getTitle() {
    return this.title;
  }

  Book b = new Book("Object Thinking");
  b.setTitle("It");
```

```
class Book {
  private final String title;
  Book(String t) { title = t; }
  void withTitle(String t) {
    return new Book(t);
  }
  String getTitle() {
    return this.title;
  }
}
Book b1 = new Book("Object Thinking");
Book b2 = b1.withTitle("It");
```

There are four gradients of immutability

- I. Constant
- II. Not a Constant
- III. Represented Mutability
- VI. Encapsulated Mutability

Gradient I: Constant

```
class Book {
  private final String t;
  Book(String t) { this.t = t; }
  String title() {
    return this.t;
  }
}
```

```
Book b = new Book("Object Thinking");
String t1 = b.title();
String t2 = b.title()
```

Gradient II: Not a Constant

```
class Book {
  private final String t;
  Book(String t) { this.t = t; }
  String title() {
    return String.format(
        "%s / %s", title, new Date()
    );
  }
}
```

```
Book b = new Book("Object Thinking");
String t1 = b.title();
String t2 = b.title()
```

Gradient III: Represented Mutability

```
1 class Book {
    private final Path path;
    Book(Path p) { this.path = p; }
    Book rename(String title) {
      Files.write(
        this.path,
        title.getBytes(),
        StandardOpenOption.CREATE
      );
      return this;
10
11
    String title() {
      return new String(
13
        Files.readAllBytes(this.path)
14
      );
15
16
17 }
```

```
Book b = new Book("Object Thinking");
String t1 = b.title();
b.rename("Elegant Objects");
String t2 = b.title()
```

Gradient VI: Encapsulated Mutability

```
class Book {
  private final StringBuffer buffer;
  Book rename(String t) {
    this.buffer.setLength(0);
    this.buffer.append(t);
    return this;
  }
  String title() {
    return this.buffer.toString();
  }
}
```

```
Book b = new Book("Object Thinking");
It is the book to be seen a book to be se
```

Mutability Problems ORM Read and Watch

Chapter #2:
Problems

[Side-effects Concurrency Coupling Identity]

Side effects

With a side effect:

```
public String post(Request request) {
   request.setMethod("POST");
   return request.fetch();
}

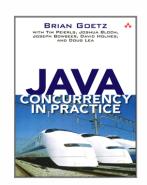
Request r = new Request("http://...");
   r.setMethod("GET");
String first = this.post(r);
String second = r.fetch();
```

Without a side effect:

[Side-effects Concurrency Coupling Identity]

Thread (un-)safety

```
class Books {
  private int c = 0;
  void add() {
   this.c = this.s + 1;
  }
}
```



Goetz et al. explained the advantages of immutable objects in more details in their very famous book "Java Concurrency in Practice" (highly recommended!)

```
ExecutorService e =
   Executors.newCachedThreadPool();
final Books books = new Books();
 for (int i = 0; i < 1000; i++) {
   e.execute(
     new Thread(
        () -> {
          books.add();
10
12
 // What is the value of "books.c"?
```

[Side-effects Concurrency Coupling Identity]

Temporal Coupling

```
Request r = new Request("http://...");
r.method("POST");
String first = r.fetch();
r.body("text=hello");
String second = r.fetch();

String second = r.fetch();

String second = r.fetch();
```

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[Side-effects Concurrency Coupling Identity]

Identity Mutability

```
Date first = new Date(1L);
Date second = new Date(1L);
first.setTime(2L);
assert first.equals(second); // false
```

```
Map<Date, String> map = new HashMap<>();
Date date = new Date();
map.put(date, "hello, world!");
date.setTime(12345L);
sassert map.containsKey(date); // false
```

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@yegor256 Setters: ...

Java Persistence API

```
EntityManager em = getEntityManager();
em.getTransaction().begin();
Movie movie = new Movie();
movie.setId(1L);
movie.setName("The Godfather");
movie.setYear(1972);
em.persist(movie);
em.getTransaction().commit();
```

[JPA SQL-speaking]

SQL speaking objects

```
interface Movie {
  int id();
  String title();
  String author();
}
```

```
1 final class PgMovie implements Movie
    private final Source dbase;
    private final int number;
    public PgMovie(DataSource data, int id)
      this.dbase = data;
      this.number = id;
    public String title()
      return new JdbcSession(this.dbase)
         .sql("SELECT title FROM movie WHERE id = ?")
        .set(this.number)
10
         .select(new SingleOutcome<String>(String.class));
11
    public String author()
      return new JdbcSession(this.dbase)
13
         .sql("SELECT name FROM movie JOIN author ON
14

    author.id = movie.author WHERE movie.id = ?")
        .set(this.number)
15
         .select(new SingleOutcome<String>(String.class));
16
```

Chapter #4:

Read and Watch

Objects Should Be Immutable by me

Gradients of Immutability by me

Immutable Objects Are Not Dumb by me

How an Immutable Object Can Have State and Behavior? by me

How Immutability Helps by me

ORM Is an Offensive Anti-Pattern by me