-ER

...

Yegor Bugayenko

Lecture #5 out of 8
90 minutes

Examples and Alternatives

Read and Watch

“When you need a manager, it’s often a sign that the managed are just plain old data structures and that the manager is the smart procedure doing the real work”

— Carlo Pescio
Your Coding Conventions Are Hurting You, 2011

Chapter #1:

Examples and Alternatives

Parser

```
class Parser {
  static int parseInt(String t) {
    // Parse String into Integer
  }
  static float parseFloat(String t) {
    // Parse String into Float
  }
  // And many more methods...
}

int x = Parser.parseInt("42");
```

```
class StringAsInt implements Number {
  private final String txt;
  StringAsInt(String t) { this.txt = t; }
  @Override int intValue() {
    // Parse String into Integer
    // and return the value
  }
}

Number n = new StringAsInt("42");
int x = n.intValue();
```

Reader

```
class Reader {
  static char readChar(InputStream i) {
    // Read the next char from the
    // stream and return it, or NULL
    // if the stream is at the EOF
  }
}

InputStream i = new FileInputStream(..);
char c = Reader.readChar(i);
```

```
class Chars
  private final InputStream is;
  Chars(InputStream i)
    this.is = i;
  char next()
    // Read the next char from the
    // stream and throw exception
    // if !exists()
  bool exists()
    // Return TRUE if not EOF

InputStream i = new FileInputStream(..);
Chars chars = new Chars(i);
char c = chars.next();
```

Controller

```
class SimpleController {
  @GET
  @Path("/index")
  HttpResponse index(HttpRequest e) {
    // Build an index page and return
  }
  @POST
  @Path("/update")
  HttpResponse update(HttpRequest e) {
    // Save new user information
    // and return HTTP 303
  }
}
```

```
class IndexPage implements HttpPage
  HttpResponse process(HttpRequest e) {
    // Build an index page and return
  }
class UpdatePage implements HttpPage
  HttpResponse process(HttpRequest e) {
    // Save new user information
    // and return HTTP 303
  }

new AllPages(
  new IndexPage(),
  new UpdatePage()
);
```

Validator

```
class Validator {
  bool isValid(int age) {
    return age >= 18;
  }
}
int a = 23;
Validator v = new Validator();
if (!v.isValid(a)) {
  throw new Exception(
    "Age is not valid"
  );
}
```

```
interface Age
  int value();
class DefaultAge implements Age
  private final int a;
  DefaultAge(int a)
    this.a = a;
  @Override int value()
    return this.a;
class ValidAge implements Age {
  private final Age origin;
  ValidAge(Age age)
    this.origin = age;
  @Override int value()
    int v = this.origin.value();
    if (v < 18)
      throw new Exception("Age is not valid");
    return v;

Age a = new ValidAge(new DefaultAge(23));
```

Encoder

```
1  package java.net;
2
3  class URLEncoder {
4    static String encode(String s, String enc) {
5      // Encode the string "s" using
6      // the "enc" encoding and return
7      // the encoded string
8    }
9  }
10
11 String e = URLEncoder.encode("@foo");
12 e.equals("%40foo");
```

```
1  class Encoded implements String {
2    private final String origin;
3    private final String encoding;
4    Encoded(String s, String enc) {
5      this.origin = s;
6      this.enc = encoding;
7    }
8    @Override String value() {
9      // Encode the string "origin" using
10     // the "encoding" and return
11     // the encoded string
12   }
13 }
14
15 String e = new Encoded("@foo");
16 e.value().equals("%40foo");
```

The right snippet won't work in Java, since `String` is a final class, not an interface, unfortunately.

Chapter #2:

Read and Watch

Don’t Create Objects That End With -ER by me