

Reflection


Classpath, Casting, Annotations

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Lecture #7 out of 8

90 minutes

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Type Casting
Classpath Scanning
Annotations
Discrimination by Type
Read and Watch

Chapter #1:

Type Casting

Iterable → Collection

```
1 import java.lang.Collection;
2 import java.lang.Iterable;
3
4 int sizeOf(Iterable items) {
5     int size = 0;
6     if (items instanceof Collection) {
7         size = ((Collection) items).size();
8     } else {
9         for (Object item : items) {
10             ++size;
11         }
12     }
13     return size;
14 }
```

Method overloading:

```
1 int sizeOf(Iterable items) {
2     int size = 0;
3     for (Object item : items) {
4         ++size;
5     }
6     return size;
7 }
8
9 int sizeOf(Collection items) {
10     return items.size();
11 }
```

Pattern Matching in Java 16

Java 11:

```
1 int sizeOf(Iterable items) {  
2     int size = 0;  
3     if (items instanceof Collection) {  
4         size = ((Collection) items).size();  
5     } else {  
6         for (Object item : items) {  
7             ++size;  
8         }  
9     }  
10    return size;  
11 }
```

Java 16:

```
1 int sizeOf(Iterable items) {  
2     int size = 0;  
3     if (items instanceof Collection c) {  
4         size = c.size();  
5     } else {  
6         for (Object item : items) {  
7             ++size;  
8         }  
9     }  
10    return size;  
11 }
```

Chapter #2:

Classpath Scanning

Finding Java classes

```
1 interface Foo {}
2
3 class Bar implements Foo {}
4
5 Reflections rts =
6     new Reflections("");
7 Set<Class<?>> types = rts.get(
8     SubTypes.of(Foo.class).asClass()
9 );
```

```
1 public @interface Foo {}
2
3 @Foo
4 class Bar {}
5
6 Reflections rts =
7     new Reflections("");
8 Set<Class<?>> types = rts.get(
9     SubTypes.of(
10         TypesAnnotated.with(Foo.class)
11     ).asClass()
12 );
```

The library is called Reflections.

Chapter #3:

Annotations

I lieu of static methods

```
1 interface Pub
2     String isbn();
3
4 class Book implements Pub
5     @Override public String isbn()
6         /* ... */
7     public static String category()
8         return "book";
9
10 class Journal implements Pub
11     @Override public String isbn()
12         /* ... */
13     public static String category()
14         return "journal";
```

```
1 interface Pub
2     String isbn();
3
4 @Target(ElementType.CLASS)
5 @Retention(RetentionPolicy.SOURCE)
6 public @interface Category
7     String value();
8
9 @Category("book")
10 class Book implements Pub
11     @Override public String isbn()
12         /* ... */
13
14 @Category("journal")
15 class Journal implements Pub
16     @Override public String isbn()
17         /* ... */
```

Locating methods

```
1 @Target(ElementType.METHOD)
2 @Retention(RetentionPolicy.SOURCE)
3 public @interface Path
4     String url;
5
6 class BookController
7     @Path("/book-title")
8     String title()
9         // Build HTML page and return it
```

```
1 String dispatch(String url) {
2     c = new BooksController();
3     b = BooksController.class;
4     for (Method m : b.getDeclaredMethods()) {
5         if (m.isAnnotationPresent(Path.class)) {
6             Annotation a = m.getAnnotation(Path.class);
7             if (a.url().equals(url)) {
8                 return m.invoke(c);
9             }
10        }
11    }
12    return "404 Page not found";
13 }
```

Dependency Injection Container

```
1 interface Shipment
2     int cost();
3
4 class Cart
5     @Inject private Shipment shmt;
6     private Book book;
7     void setBook(Book b)
8         this.book = b;
9     int cost()
10         return this.book.price() + this.shmt.cost();
11
12 container = new Container();
13 c = container.make(Cart.class);
14 c.setBook(new Book("1984"));
15 x = c.cost();
```

```
1 class Container {
2     private HashMap<Class, Object> cache =
3         new ConcurrentHashMap<>();
4     T make(Class<T> type) {
5         // 1. Find @Inject-annotated "shmt" field;
6         // 2. Make an instance of "Shipment";
7         // 3. Store it in the "cache";
8         // 4. Make an instance of "Cart";
9         // 5. Store "cart" in the "cache";
10        // 6. Assign "shipment" to "cart.shmt";
11        // 7. Return "cart".
12    }
13 }
```

How do you think, at the step no.2, what class will be instantiated?

Dependency Injection *without* a Container

```
1 interface Shipment
2     int cost();
3
4 class Cart
5     @Inject private Shipment shmt;
6     private Book book;
7     void setBook(Book b)
8         this.book = b;
9     int cost()
10         return this.book.price() + this.shmt.cost();
11
12 container = new Container();
13 c = container.make(Cart.class);
14 c.setBook(new Book("1984"));
15 x = c.cost();
```

```
1 interface Shipment
2     int cost();
3
4 class Cart
5     private final Shipment shmt;
6     private final Book book;
7     Cart(Shipment s, Book b)
8         this.shmt = s;
9         this.book = b;
10    int cost()
11        return this.book.price() + this.shmt.cost();
12
13 c = new Cart(new MyShipment(), new Book("1984"));
14 x = c.cost();
```

Chapter #4:

Discrimination by Type

Polymorphism vs. Casting

```
1 interface Figure
2     void rotate(int d);
3
4 class Circle implements Figure
5     void rotate(int d) //...
6     int radius() //...
7
8 class Square implements Figure
9     void rotate(int d) //...
10    int side() //...
```

```
1 // This is polymorphism:
2 int surface(Figure f)
3     return f.surface()
4
5 // This is type casting:
6 int surface(Figure f)
7     if (f instanceof Circle c) {
8         return c.radius()
9     } else if (f instanceof Square s) {
10        return s.side() * s.side();
11    } else {
12        throw new Exception("oops");
13    }
```

Chapter #5:

Read and Watch

Dependency Injection Containers are Code Polluters by me (2014)

Class Casting Is a Discriminating Anti-Pattern by me (2015)

Java Annotations Are a Big Mistake by me (2016)

Reflection Means Hidden Coupling by me (2022)

Java Annotations Are a Bad Idea, at JDK.io conference (2017)

Strong Typing without Types by me (2020)