

Alternatives, Clients, MVC

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Lecture #5 out of 8 80 minutes

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Examples and Alternatives

-Client Suffix

What About Performance?

Model-View-Controller (MVC)

Rultor + Takes

-ER Alternatives, Clients, MVC



"When you need a <u>manager</u>, it's often a sign that the <u>managed</u> are just plain old data structures and that the manager is the smart procedure doing the real work."

— Carlo Pescio. Your Coding Conventions Are Hurting You. http://jttu.net/pescio2011your, 4 2011. [Online; accessed 25-09-2024]

-ER Alternatives, Clients, MVC @yegor256

Chapter #1:

Examples and Alternatives

Parser

```
class Parser {
   static int parseInt(String t) {
      // Parse String into Integer
   }
   static float parseFloat(String t) {
      // Parse String into Float
   }
   // And many more methods...
}

int x = Parser.parseInt("42");
```

```
class StringAsInt implements Number {
  private final String txt;
  StringAsInt(String t) { this.txt = t; }
  @Override int intValue() {
    // Parse String into Integer
    // and return the value
  }
}
Number n = new StringAsInt("42");
int x = n.intValue();
```

Reader

```
class Reader {
   static char readChar(InputStream i) {
      // Read the next char from the
      // stream and return it, or NULL
      // if the stream is at the EOF
   }
}
InputStream i = new FileInputStream(..);
char c = Reader.readChar(i);
```

```
1 class Chars
   private final InputStream is;
   Chars(InputStream i)
     this.is = i;
   char next()
     // Read the next char from the
     // stream and throw exception
     // if !exists()
   bool exists()
     // Return TRUE if not EOF
InputStream i = new FileInputStream(..);
12 | Chars chars = new Chars(i);
char c = chars.next();
```

Controller

```
class SimpleController {
   @GET
   @Path("/index")
   HttpResponse index(HttpRequest e) {
     // Build an index page and return
6
   @POST
   @Path("/update")
   HttpResponse update(HttpRequest e) {
      // Save new user information
     // and return HTTP 303
12
13 }
```

```
class IndexPage implements HttpPage
   HttpResponse process(HttpRequest e) {
      // Build an index page and return
5 class UpdatePage implements HttpPage
   HttpResponse process(HttpRequest e) {
     // Save new user information
      // and return HTTP 303
10 new AllPages (
   new IndexPage(),
   new UpdatePage()
13 | );
```

Validator

```
class Validator {
  bool isValid(int age) {
    return age >= 18;
  }
  int a = 23;
  Validator v = new Validator();
  if (!v.isValid(a)) {
    throw new Exception(
        "Age is not valid"
    );
  }
}
```

```
1 interface Age
    int value();
3 class DefaultAge implements Age
    private final int a;
    DefaultAge(int a)
    this.a = a;
    @Override int value()
      return this.a;
9 class ValidAge implements Age {
    private final Age origin;
    ValidAge(Age age)
      this.origin = age;
    @Override int value()
      int v = this.origin.value();
      if (v < 18)
        throw new Exception("Age is not valid");
      return v;
Age a = new ValidAge(new DefaultAge(23));
```

Encoder

```
package java.net;

class URLEncoder {
   static String encode(String s, String enc) {
      // Encode the string "s" using
      // the "enc" encoding and return
      // the encoded string
   }
}

String e = URLEncoder.encode("@foo");
e.equals("%40foo");
```

You may want to read more about this in my blog [Bugayenko, 2015, 2017].

```
class Encoded implements String {
  private final String origin;
  private final String encoding;
  Encoded(String s, String enc) {
    this.origin = s;
    this.enc = encoding;
  }
  @Override String value() {
    // Encode the string "origin" using
    // the "encoding" and return
    // the encoded string
  }
}
String e = new Encoded("@foo");
e.value().equals("%40foo");
```

The right snippet won't work in Java, since String is a final class, not an interface, unfortunately.

Proof: Classes with -ER Suffixes Are More Complex

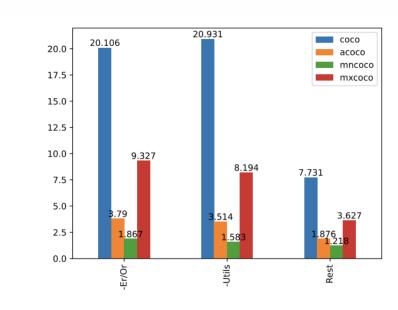


Figure 3. The average values of total CoCo for three groups of Java classes: the classes with "-Er/-Or" and "-Utils" suffixes are at least 2.5 times more complex.

"We took 13,861 Java classes from 212 open source repositories, divided them into three groups ('-Er' classes, '-Utils', and others), and evaluated their complexity. Because average CC and CoCO in the first two groups were almost 3x larger than in the third group, we concluded that functor classes may be considered bad design."

Source: Anna Sukhova, Alexey Akhundov, Efim Verzakov, and Yegor Bugayenko. Java Classes With "-Er" and "-Utils" Suffixes Have Higher Complexity, 2024 Alternatives -Client Performance MVC Takes

12/23

Chapter #2:
-Client Suffix

[AWS]

AWS Java Client

```
class AmazonS3Client {
   createBucket(String name);
   deleteBucket(String name);
   doesBucketExist(String name);
   getBucketAcl(String name)
   getBucketPolicy(String name);
   listBuckets();
   // 160+ more methods here
  }
  client = new AmazonS3Client("us-1");
  client.createBucket("foo");
  client.putObject("foo", "a.txt");
  client.writeObject("foo", "a.txt", "data");
```

```
region = new S3Region("us-1");
bucket = region.createBucket("foo");
object = bucket.putObject("a.txt");
object.write("data");
```

It's here: jcabi/jcabi-s3.

The left snippet is: 1) procedural, 2) hard to test, 3) resembles a utility class, and 4) is hard to extend. The right one is object-oriented.

Alternatives -Client Performance MVC Takes 14/23

Chapter #3:

What About Performance?

[Sticky Safe]

Sticky Parseable Object

```
class StringAsInt implements Number {
                                             | class StickyInt implements Number {
   private final String txt;
                                                private final Number origin;
   StringAsInt(String t) { this.txt = t; }
                                                private int cache = 0;
   @Override int intValue() {
                                                private bool cached = false;
                                                StickyInt(Number n) { origin = n; }
     // Parse String into Integer
                                                @Override int intValue() {
     // and return the value
                                                  if (!cached) {
                                                    cache = origin.intValue();
8
                                                    cached = true;
Number n = new StringAsInt("42");
int x = n.intValue();
                                                  return cache; } }
```

Is it thread-safe though?

[Sticky Safe]

Thread-safe Sticky Parseable Object

```
class StickyInt implements Number {
  private final Number origin;
  private int cache = 0;
  private bool cached = false;
  StickyInt(Number n) { origin = n; }
  @Override int intValue() {
    if (!cached) {
      cache = origin.intValue();
    }
  return cache;
}
```

```
class StickyInt implements Number {
  private final Number origin;
  private final AtomicReference<Integer> cache =
    new AtomicReference<Integer>(null);
  StickyInt(Number n) { origin = n; }
  @Override int intValue() {
    return cache.updateAndGet(
        x -> {
        if (x == null) {
            return origin.intValue();
        }
        return x;
        }
        );
    }
    );
}
```

[Sticky Safe]

The left snippet is not thread-safety, while the right one is.

Alternatives -Client Performance MVC Takes

Chapter #4:

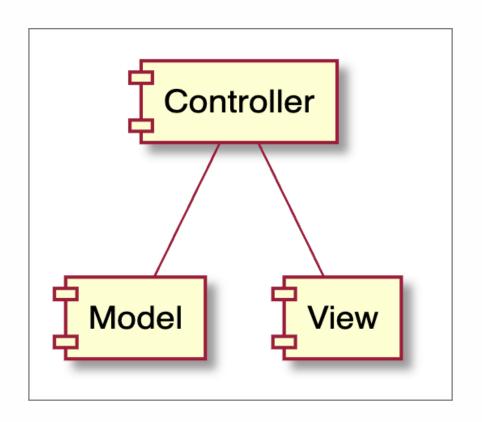
Model-View-Controller (MVC)

18/23

```
[ Controller HTML ]
```

The Controller

```
class Controller {
    @GET
    @Path("/b{id}")
    String index(int id) {
        Book book = em.findById(id);
        View v = new HtmlView("book.html");
        v.set("title", book.getTitle());
        return v.renderHtml();
    }
}
```



This is bad OOP [Bugayenko, 2016].

```
[ Controller HTML ]
```

Book as HTML

```
1 | interface Book
  class Controller {
                                                           String title();
    @GET
                                                       3 class PgBook implements Book
    @Path("/b{id}")
                                                           String title() // loads from PostgreSQL
                                                       5 interface Page
    String index(int id) {
                                                           String html();
       Book book = em.findById(id);
                                                       7 class HtmlBook implements Book, Page
       View v = new HtmlView("book.html");
                                                           String html() // renders in HTML
                                                           String title() // returns origin.title()
       v.set("title", book.getTitle());
                                                       10 class PageOnPath implements Page
      return v.renderHtml();
                                                           private final String path;
                                                           private final Page origin;
                                                           String html() // renders if path matches
10 |}
```

Check yegor256/jpages and yegor256/takes.

Alternatives -Client Performance MVC Takes

Chapter #5:

Rultor + Takes





takes.org

```
private static Take regex(final Talks talks,
   final Pulse pulse, final Toggles toggles) {
   return new TkFork(
       new FkRegex("/robots.txt", ""),
       new FkRegex("/ticks", new TkTicks(pulse)),
       new FkRegex("/status", new TkStatus(pulse)),
        new FkRegex("/s/.*", new TkRedirect()),
       new FkRegex("/sitemap", new TkSitemap(talks)),
        new FkRegex(
           "/xsl/.*",
           new TkWithType(new TkClasspath(), "text/xsl")
       ),
       new FkRegex(
           "/js/.*",
           new TkWithType(new TkClasspath(), "text/javascript")
       ),
       new FkRegex(
           "/css/.*",
           new TkWithType(new TkClasspath(), "text/css")
        new FkRegex("/", new TkHome(talks, toggles)),
        new FkRegex("/b/([/a-zA-Z0-9_\\-\\.]+)", new TkButton()),
        new FkRegex("/t/([0-9]+)-([a-f0-9]+)", new TkDaemon(talks)),
        new FkRegex("/p/([/a-zA-Z0-9_\\-\\.]+)", new TkSiblings(talks)),
        new FkAdminOnly(
           new TkFork(
               new FkRegex("/t/([0-9]+)", new TkTalk(talks)),
               new FkRegex("/t/([0-9]+)/kill", new TkTalkKill(talks)),
               new FkRegex("/t/([0-9]+)/delete", new TkTalkDelete(talks)),
               new FkRegex("/toggles/read-only", new TkToggles(toggles))
   );
```

https://github.com/yegor256/rultor/blob/master/src/main/java/com/rultor/web/TkApp.java

Alternatives -Client Performance MVC Takes 23/23

Bibliography

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