

RENT A CAR SERVICE MODEL – OUTPUT ANALYSIS

Output of the system that will be analyzed:

- The average waiting time in both queues (Output – 1).
- Average service times for both services (Output – 2).
- Average time spent in the system (Output – 3).
- The average time between arrivals (Output – 4).

ORIGINAL MODEL

OUTPUT 1 - Average waiting time for both queue:

SEED VALUES	OUTPUT VALUES
1	0.17
4	0.17
7	0.15
10	0.39
13	0.23

Figure-1: The average waiting time in the queue of customers who have reservation

Replication Number: 5

Mean Value: 0.222

Standard Deviation: 0.098 $s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n - 1}}$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum(0.17 - 0.222)^2 + (0.17 - 0.222)^2 + (0.15 - 0.222)^2 + (0.39 - 0.222)^2 + (0.23 - 0.222)^2}{4}} = 0.098$$

1) 95% Confidence Interval: $\bar{Y} \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} S / \sqrt{n}$

$$1 - \alpha = 0.05, \alpha/2 = 0.025, t_{0.025, 4} = 2.776$$

$$0.222 \pm 2.776 \frac{0.098}{\sqrt{5}} = 0.222 \pm 0.122 \quad 95\% \text{ CI} = [0.100, 0.344]$$

2) Total Number of Replications Needed to Estimate Mean Output: $R \geq \left(\frac{Z_{0.05} S_0}{\epsilon} \right)^2$

Confidence Interval: 90%, $1 - \alpha = 0.1$, $\alpha/2 = 0.05$, $Z_{0.05} = 1.64$

$$R \geq \left(\frac{1.64 \times 0.098}{0.1} \right)^2 = R \geq 2.58$$

That means, at least 3 replicant is needed.

3) **95% Prediction Interval:** $Y \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-1} S \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n}}$

$t_{0.025, 4} = 2.776$

$0.222 \pm 2.776 \times 0.098 \sqrt{1 + 1/5} = 0.222 \pm 0.298$ 95% Prediction Interval = [-0.076, 0.520]

SEED VALUES	OUTPUT VALUES
1	2.25
4	1.98
7	1.75
10	2.43
13	2.77

Figure-2: The average waiting time in the queue of customers who have no reservation

Replication Number: 5

Mean Value: 2.236

Standard Deviation: 0.395 $s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n - 1}}$

$\sqrt{\frac{\sum (2.25 - 2.236)^2 + (1.98 - 2.236)^2 + (1.75 - 2.236)^2 + (2.43 - 2.236)^2 + (2.77 - 2.236)^2}{4}} = 0.395$

1) **95% Confidence Interval:** $\bar{Y} \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} S / \sqrt{n}$

$1 - \alpha = 0.05$, $\alpha/2 = 0.025$, $t_{0.025, 4} = 2.776$

$2.236 \pm 2.776 \frac{0.395}{\sqrt{5}} = 2.236 \pm 0.490$ 95% CI = [1.746, 2.726]

2) **Total Number of Replications Needed to Estimate Mean Output:** $R \geq \left(\frac{Z_{0.05} S_0}{\epsilon} \right)^2$

Confidence Interval: 90%, $1 - \alpha = 0.1$, $\alpha/2 = 0.05$, $Z_{0.05} = 1.64$

$R \geq \left(\frac{1.64 \times 0.395}{0.1} \right)^2 = R \geq 41.96$

That means, at least 42 replicant is needed.

3) **95% Prediction Interval:** $Y \pm t_{\frac{\alpha}{2}, n-1} S \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n}}$

$t_{0.025, 4} = 2.776$

$2.236 \pm 2.776 \times 0.395 \sqrt{1 + 1/5} = 2.236 \pm 1.201$ 95% Prediction Interval = [1.035, 3.437]

OUTPUT 2 - Average service times for both services:

SEED VALUES	OUTPUT VALUES
1	4.24
4	4.05
7	4.48
10	4.51
13	4.55

Figure-3: Average service time of service that is for customers who have reservation

Replication Number: 5

Mean Value: 4.366

Standard Deviation: 0.214 $s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}}$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum(4.24-4.366)^2 + (4.05-4.366)^2 + (4.48-4.366)^2 + (4.51-4.366)^2 + (4.55-4.366)^2}{4}} = 0.214$$

1) 95% Confidence Interval: $\bar{Y} \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} S / \sqrt{n}$

$$1-\alpha = 0.05, \alpha/2 = 0.025, t_{0.025, 4} = 2.776$$

$$4.366 \pm 2.776 \frac{0.214}{\sqrt{5}} = 4.366 \pm 0.266 \quad 95\% \text{ CI} = [4.100, 4.632]$$

2) Total Number of Replications Needed to Estimate Mean Output: $R \geq \left(\frac{Z_{0.05} S_0}{\epsilon} \right)^2$

Confidence Interval: 90%, $1-\alpha = 0.1$, $\alpha/2 = 0.05$, $Z_{0.05} = 1.64$

$$R \geq \left(\frac{1.64 \times 0.214}{0.1} \right)^2 = R \geq 12.32$$

That means, at least 13 replicant is needed.

3) 95% Prediction Interval: $Y \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} S \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n}}$

$$t_{0.025, 4} = 2.776$$

$$4.366 \pm 2.776 \times 0.214 \sqrt{1 + 1/5} = 4.366 \pm 0.650 \quad 95\% \text{ Prediction Interval} = [3.938, 5.016]$$

SEED VALUES	OUTPUT VALUES
1	6.63
4	6.38
7	6.38
10	6.46
13	6.64

Figure-4: Average service time of service that is for customers who have no reservation

Replication Number: 5

Mean Value: 6.498

Standard Deviation: 0.129 $s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n - 1}}$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum (6.63 - 6.498)^2 + (6.38 - 6.498)^2 + (6.38 - 6.498)^2 + (6.46 - 6.498)^2 + (6.64 - 6.498)^2}{4}} = 0.129$$

1) **95% Confidence Interval:** $\bar{Y} \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} S / \sqrt{n}$

$$1 - \alpha = 0.05, \alpha/2 = 0.025, t_{0.025, 4} = 2.776$$

$$6.498 \pm 2.776 \frac{0.129}{\sqrt{5}} = 6.498 \pm 0.160 \quad 95\% \text{ CI} = [6.338, 6.658]$$

2) **Total Number of Replications Needed to Estimate Mean Output:** $R \geq \left(\frac{Z_{0.05} S_0}{\epsilon} \right)^2$

Confidence Interval: 90%, $1 - \alpha = 0.1$, $\alpha/2 = 0.05$, $Z_{0.05} = 1.64$

$$R \geq \left(\frac{1.64 \times 0.129}{0.1} \right)^2 = R \geq 4.47$$

That means, at least 5 replicant is needed.

3) **95% Prediction Interval:** $Y \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} S \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n}}$

$$t_{0.025, 4} = 2.776$$

$$6.498 \pm 2.776 \times 0.129 \sqrt{1 + 1/5} = 6.498 \pm 0.392 \quad 95\% \text{ Prediction Interval} = [6.106, 6.890]$$

OUTPUT 3 - Average time spent in the system:

SEED VALUES	OUTPUT VALUES
1	5.16
4	4.71
7	5.06
10	5.17
13	4.69

Figure-5: The average time spent in the system

Replication Number: 5

Mean Value: 4.958

Standard Deviation: 0.239 $s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n - 1}}$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum (5.16 - 4.958)^2 + (4.71 - 4.958)^2 + (5.06 - 4.958)^2 + (5.17 - 4.958)^2 + (4.69 - 4.958)^2}{4}} = 0.239$$

1) 95% Confidence Interval: $\bar{Y} \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} S / \sqrt{n}$

$$1 - \alpha = 0.05, \alpha/2 = 0.025, t_{0.025, 4} = 2.776$$

$$4.958 \pm 2.776 \frac{0.239}{\sqrt{5}} = 4.958 \pm 0.297 \quad 95\% \text{ CI} = [4.661, 5.255]$$

2) Total Number of Replications Needed to Estimate Mean Output: $R \geq \left(\frac{Z_{0.05} S_0}{\epsilon} \right)^2$

Confidence Interval: 90%, $1 - \alpha = 0.1$, $\alpha/2 = 0.05$, $Z_{0.05} = 1.64$

$$R \geq \left(\frac{1.64 \times 0.239}{0.1} \right)^2 = R \geq 15.36$$

That means, at least 16 replicant is needed.

3) 95% Prediction Interval: $Y \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} S \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n}}$

$$t_{0.025, 4} = 2.776$$

$$4.958 \pm 2.776 \times 0.239 \sqrt{1 + 1/5} = 4.958 \pm 0.727 \quad 95\% \text{ Prediction Interval} = [4.231, 5.685]$$

OUTPUT 4 - Average time between arrivals:

SEED VALUES	OUTPUT VALUES
1	5.82
4	5.63
7	6.16
10	5.88
13	5.84

Figure-6: The average time between arrivals

Replication Number: 5

Mean Value: 5.866

Standard Deviation: 0.190
$$s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n - 1}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum (5.82 - 5.866)^2 + (5.63 - 5.866)^2 + (6.16 - 5.866)^2 + (5.88 - 5.866)^2 + (5.84 - 5.866)^2}{4}} = 0.190$$

1) **95% Confidence Interval:** $\bar{Y} \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} S / \sqrt{n}$

$$1 - \alpha = 0.05, \alpha/2 = 0.025, t_{0.025, 4} = 2.776$$

$$5.866 \pm 2.776 \frac{0.190}{\sqrt{5}} = 5.866 \pm 0.236 \quad 95\% \text{ CI} = [5.630, 6.102]$$

2) **Total Number of Replications Needed to Estimate Mean Output:** $R \geq \left(\frac{Z_{0.05} S_0}{\epsilon} \right)^2$

Confidence Interval: 90%, $1 - \alpha = 0.1$, $\alpha/2 = 0.05$, $Z_{0.05} = 1.64$

$$R \geq \left(\frac{1.64 \times 0.190}{0.1} \right)^2 = R \geq 9.70$$

That means, at least 10 replicant is needed.

3) **95% Prediction Interval:** $Y \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} S \sqrt{1 + \frac{1}{n}}$

$$t_{0.025, 4} = 2.776$$

$$5.866 \pm 2.776 \times 0.190 \sqrt{1 + 1/5} = 5.866 \pm 0.578 \quad 95\% \text{ Prediction Interval} = [5.288, 6.444]$$

ALTERNATIVE MODEL

OUTPUT 1 - Average waiting time for both queue:

SEED VALUES	OUTPUT VALUES
1	0.20
4	0.17
7	0.14
10	0.03
13	0.24

Figure-7: The average waiting time in the queue of customers who have reservation

Replication Number: 5

Mean Value: 0.156

Standard Deviation: 0.079 $s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n - 1}}$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum(0.20 - 0.156)^2 + (0.17 - 0.156)^2 + (0.14 - 0.156)^2 + (0.03 - 0.156)^2 + (0.24 - 0.156)^2}{4}} = 0.079$$

1) **95% Confidence Interval:** $\bar{Y} \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} S / \sqrt{n}$

$$1 - \alpha = 0.05, \alpha/2 = 0.025, t_{0.025, 4} = 2.776$$

$$0.156 \pm 2.776 \frac{0.079}{\sqrt{5}} = 0.156 \pm 0.098 \quad 95\% \text{ CI} = [0.058, 0.254]$$

2) **Total Number of Replications Needed to Estimate Mean Output:** $R \geq \left(\frac{Z_{0.05} S_0}{\epsilon} \right)^2$

Confidence Interval: 90%, $1 - \alpha = 0.1$, $\alpha/2 = 0.05$, $Z_{0.05} = 1.64$

$$R \geq \left(\frac{1.64 \times 0.079}{0.1} \right)^2 = R \geq 1.68$$

That means, at least 2 replicant is needed.

3) **Additional Replications Needed to Reduce the Half-width of the Confidence Interval by 10% for the Differences of the Estimated Values:** $R \geq \left(\frac{Z_{0.1} S_0}{\epsilon} \right)^2$

Confidence Interval: 80%, $1 - \alpha = 0.2$, $\alpha/2 = 0.1$, $Z_{0.1} = 1.28$

$$R \geq \left(\frac{1.28 \times 0.079}{0.1} \right)^2 = R \geq 1.02$$

That means, at least 2 replicant is needed.

SEED VALUES	OUTPUT VALUES
1	81.68
4	117.12
7	114.63
10	111.72
13	136.19

Figure-8: The average waiting time in the queue of customers who have no reservation

Replication Number: 5

Mean Value: 112.268

Standard Deviation: 19.60 $s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n - 1}}$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum(81.68 - 112.268)^2 + (117.12 - 112.268)^2 + (114.63 - 112.268)^2 + (111.72 - 112.268)^2 + (136.19 - 112.268)^2}{4}} = 19.60$$

1) **95% Confidence Interval:** $\bar{Y} \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} S / \sqrt{n}$

$$1 - \alpha = 0.05, \alpha/2 = 0.025, t_{0.025, 4} = 2.776$$

$$112.268 \pm 2.776 \frac{19.60}{\sqrt{5}} = 112.268 \pm 24.332 \quad 95\% \text{ CI} = [87.936, 136.600]$$

2) **Total Number of Replications Needed to Estimate Mean Output:** $R \geq \left(\frac{Z_{0.05} S_0}{\epsilon} \right)^2$

Confidence Interval: 90%, $1 - \alpha = 0.1$, $\alpha/2 = 0.05$, $Z_{0.05} = 1.64$

$$R \geq \left(\frac{1.64 \times 19.60}{0.1} \right)^2 = R \geq 103323.67$$

That means, at least 103324 replicant is needed.

3) **Additional Replications Needed to Reduce the Half-width of the Confidence Interval by 10% for the Differences of the Estimated Values:** $R \geq \left(\frac{Z_{0.1} S_0}{\epsilon} \right)^2$

Confidence Interval: 80%, $1 - \alpha = 0.2$, $\alpha/2 = 0.1$, $Z_{0.1} = 1.28$

$$R \geq \left(\frac{1.28 \times 19.60}{0.1} \right)^2 = R \geq 62940.77$$

That means, at least 62941 replicant is needed.

OUTPUT 2 - Average service times for both services:

SEED VALUES	OUTPUT VALUES
1	4.61
4	4.63
7	4.53
10	4.50
13	4.39

Figure-9: Average service time of service that is for customers who have reservation

Replication Number: 5

Mean Value: 4.532

Standard Deviation: 0.096 $s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}}$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum(4.61-4.532)^2 + (4.63-4.532)^2 + (4.53-4.532)^2 + (4.50-4.532)^2 + (4.39-4.532)^2}{4}} = 0.096$$

1) 95% Confidence Interval: $\bar{Y} \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} S / \sqrt{n}$

$$1-\alpha = 0.05, \alpha/2 = 0.025, t_{0.025, 4} = 2.776$$

$$4.532 \pm 2.776 \frac{0.096}{\sqrt{5}} = 4.532 \pm 0.120 \quad 95\% \text{ CI} = [4.412, 4.652]$$

2) Total Number of Replications Needed to Estimate Mean Output: $R \geq \left(\frac{Z_{0.05} S_0}{\epsilon} \right)^2$

Confidence Interval: 90%, $1-\alpha = 0.1$, $\alpha/2 = 0.05$, $Z_{0.05} = 1.64$

$$R \geq \left(\frac{1.64 \times 0.096}{0.1} \right)^2 = R \geq 2.48$$

That means, at least 3 replicant is needed.

3) Additional Replications Needed to Reduce the Half-width of the Confidence Interval by 10% for the Differences of the Estimated Values: $R \geq \left(\frac{Z_{0.1} S_0}{\epsilon} \right)^2$

Confidence Interval: 80%, $1-\alpha = 0.2$, $\alpha/2 = 0.1$, $Z_{0.1} = 1.28$

$$R \geq \left(\frac{1.28 \times 0.096}{0.1} \right)^2 = R \geq 1.50$$

That means, at least 2 replicant is needed.

SEED VALUES	OUTPUT VALUES
1	7.33
4	7.43
7	7.38
10	7.44
13	7.39

Figure-10: Average service time of service that is for customers who have no reservation

Replication Number: 5

Mean Value: 7.394

Standard Deviation: 0.044 $s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n - 1}}$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum(7.33-7.394)^2 + (7.43-7.394)^2 + (7.38-7.394)^2 + (7.44-7.394)^2 + (7.39-7.394)^2}{4}} = 0.044$$

1) 95% Confidence Interval: $\bar{Y} \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} S / \sqrt{n}$

$$1-\alpha = 0.05, \alpha/2 = 0.025, t_{0.025, 4} = 2.776$$

$$7.394 \pm 2.776 \frac{0.044}{\sqrt{5}} = 7.394 \pm 0.055 \quad 95\% \text{ CI} = [7.339, 7.449]$$

2) Total Number of Replications Needed to Estimate Mean Output: $R \geq \left(\frac{Z_{0.05} S_0}{\epsilon} \right)^2$

Confidence Interval: 90%, $1-\alpha = 0.1$, $\alpha/2 = 0.05$, $Z_{0.05} = 1.64$

$$R \geq \left(\frac{1.64 \times 0.044}{0.1} \right)^2 = R \geq 0.52$$

That means, at least 1 replicant is needed.

3) Additional Replications Needed to Reduce the Half-width of the Confidence Interval by 10% for the Differences of the Estimated Values: $R \geq \left(\frac{Z_{0.1} S_0}{\epsilon} \right)^2$

Confidence Interval: 80%, $1-\alpha = 0.2$, $\alpha/2 = 0.1$, $Z_{0.1} = 1.28$

$$R \geq \left(\frac{1.28 \times 0.044}{0.1} \right)^2 = R \geq 0.31$$

That means, at least 1 replicant is needed.

OUTPUT 3 - Average time spent in the system:

SEED VALUES	OUTPUT VALUES
1	16.09
4	26.44
7	23.11
10	16.68
13	22.70

Figure-11: The average time spent in the system

Replication Number: 5

Mean Value: 21.004

Standard Deviation: 4.464 $s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n-1}}$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum(16.09-21.004)^2 + (26.44-21.004)^2 + (23.11-21.004)^2 + (16.68-21.004)^2 + (22.70-21.004)^2}{4}} = 4.464$$

1) **95% Confidence Interval:** $\bar{Y} \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} S / \sqrt{n}$

$1-\alpha = 0.05$, $\alpha/2 = 0.025$, $t_{0.025, 4} = 2.776$

$$21.004 \pm 2.776 \frac{4.464}{\sqrt{5}} = 21.004 \pm 5.542 \quad 95\% \text{ CI} = [15.462, 26.546]$$

2) **Total Number of Replications Needed to Estimate Mean Output:** $R \geq \left(\frac{Z_{0.05} S_0}{\epsilon} \right)^2$

Confidence Interval: 90%, $1-\alpha = 0.1$, $\alpha/2 = 0.05$, $Z_{0.05} = 1.64$

$$R \geq \left(\frac{1.64 \times 4.464}{0.1} \right)^2 = R \geq 5359.64$$

That means, at least 5360 replicant is needed.

3) **Additional Replications Needed to Reduce the Half-width of the Confidence Interval by 10% for the Differences of the Estimated Values:** $R \geq \left(\frac{Z_{0.1} S_0}{\epsilon} \right)^2$

Confidence Interval: 80%, $1-\alpha = 0.2$, $\alpha/2 = 0.1$, $Z_{0.1} = 1.28$

$$R \geq \left(\frac{1.28 \times 4.464}{0.1} \right)^2 = R \geq 3264.88$$

That means, at least 3265 replicant is needed.

OUTPUT 4 - Average time between arrivals:

SEED VALUES	OUTPUT VALUES
1	4.97
4	4.68
7	4.95
10	5.11
13	4.88

Figure-12: The average time between arrivals

Replication Number: 5

Mean Value: 4.918

Standard Deviation: 0.157 $s = \sqrt{\frac{\sum(x_i - \bar{x})^2}{n - 1}}$

$$\sqrt{\frac{\sum(4.97 - 4.918)^2 + (4.68 - 4.918)^2 + (4.95 - 4.918)^2 + (5.11 - 4.918)^2 + (4.88 - 4.918)^2}{4}} = 0.157$$

1) **95% Confidence Interval:** $\bar{Y} \pm t_{\alpha/2, n-1} S / \sqrt{n}$

$$1 - \alpha = 0.05, \alpha/2 = 0.025, t_{0.025, 4} = 2.776$$

$$4.918 \pm 2.776 \frac{0.157}{\sqrt{5}} = 4.918 \pm 0.195 \quad 95\% \text{ CI} = [4.723, 5.113]$$

2) **Total Number of Replications Needed to Estimate Mean Output:** $R \geq \left(\frac{Z_{0.05} S_0}{\epsilon} \right)^2$

Confidence Interval: 90%, $1 - \alpha = 0.1$, $\alpha/2 = 0.05$, $Z_{0.05} = 1.64$

$$R \geq \left(\frac{1.64 \times 0.157}{0.1} \right)^2 = R \geq 6.62$$

That means, at least 7 replicant is needed.

3) **Additional Replications Needed to Reduce the Half-width of the Confidence Interval by 10% for the Differences of the Estimated Values:** $R \geq \left(\frac{Z_{0.1} S_0}{\epsilon} \right)^2$

Confidence Interval: 80%, $1 - \alpha = 0.2$, $\alpha/2 = 0.1$, $Z_{0.1} = 1.28$

$$R \geq \left(\frac{1.28 \times 0.157}{0.1} \right)^2 = R \geq 4.04$$

That means, at least 5 replicant is needed.

Comparison:

<u>Outputs</u>	<u>Original Model</u>	<u>Alternative Model</u>
Output – 1 (Reservation)	[0.100, 0.344]	[0.058, 0.254]
Output – 1 (No Reservation)	[1.746, 2.726]	[87.936, 136.600]
Output - 2 (Reservation)	[4.100, 4.632]	[4.412, 4.652]
Output – 2 (No Reservation)	[6.338, 6.658]	[7.339, 7.449]
Output 3	[4.661, 5.255]	[15.462, 26.546]
Output 4	[5.630, 6.102]	[4.723, 5.113]

Figure-13: 95% Confidence Interval Comparison

All outputs are different from point of view of 95% confidence interval for the two systems. Average waiting time in no reservation queue (Output – 1) and average time spent system (Output – 2) are the main difference between original and alternative models because there are more non-reserved customers in the alternative system and service time of non-reserved service is in the alternative model slower than original model. So, interarrival times, probability of non-reserved customer arrival and service time of no reservation service make alternative model inefficient. In conclusion, importance of reservation in the real systems can be seen with these two models.

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