

# Yuexi Wang

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## EDUCATION

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<b>University of Chicago Booth School of Business</b> Ph.D. student in Econometrics and Statistics	<i>2018-Present</i>
<b>University of Chicago</b> M.S. in Statistics	<i>2016-2018</i>
<b>Zhejiang University</b> , Hangzhou, China B.S. in Mathematics and Applied Mathematics (with honors)	<i>2012-2016</i>

## RESEARCH INTERESTS

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Bayesian Inference, Machine Learning, High-dimensional Inference, Bayesian Nonparametrics

## RESEARCH WORK

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- [Approximate Bayesian Computation via Classification](#)  
**Wang, Y.**, Kaji, T. and Rockova, V. (2021)
- [Variable Selection with ABC Bayesian Forests](#)  
Liu, Y., Rockova, V., and **Wang, Y.** (2021)  
Journal of the Royal Statistical Association: Series B (Statistical Methodology), 83(3), 453-481.
- [Uncertainty Quantification for Sparse Deep Learning](#)  
**Wang, Y.** and Rockova, V. (2020)  
International Conference on Artificial Intelligence and Statistics, pages 298–308. PMLR.
- [Scalable Data Augmentation for Deep Learning](#)  
**Wang, Y.**, Polson, N. G., and Sokolov, V. O. (2019)
- [Sparse Regularization in Marketing and Economics](#)  
Feng, G., Polson, N., **Wang, Y.**, and Xu, J. (2018)

## PRESENTATIONS

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- 2022: Booth E&S Student Seminar  
2021: ISBA (June, contributed), Sparsity in Neural Networks (July), JSM (August, contributed)  
2020: AISTATS (August)

## REFeree ACTIVITIES

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Statistical Science, ICML 2022, Bayesian Analysis, NeurIPS 2021, Statistics and Probability Letters

## AWARDS

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<a href="#">Arnold Zellner Doctoral Prize</a> , The University of Chicago Booth School of Business.	<i>2021</i>
Ph.D. Program Fellowship, The University of Chicago Booth School of Business.	<i>2018 - Present</i>
Winner of Citadel's Chicago Datathon.	<i>May 2017</i>
Overseas Research Fellowship, Zhejiang University	<i>2015 - 2016</i>

## TEACHING ASSISTANTSHIPS

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Big Data (MBA elective)	<i>2019 - 2022</i>
Business Statistics (MBA elective)	<i>2019 - 2021</i>

## SOFTWARE

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[alphanorm](#). R package for alpha-norm regularization linear model.

ABCforest. R package for variable selection with ABC forest, available upon request.

## SKILLS

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R, Python, Matlab, C.

Also experience with big data processing (Scala, Hadoop, Spark, Hive sql).

## REFERENCES

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### Nicholas G. Polson

Robert Law, Jr. Professor of Econometrics  
and Statistics

University of Chicago

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[nicholas.polson@chicagobooth.edu](mailto:nicholas.polson@chicagobooth.edu)

### Veronika Ročková

Associate Professor of Econometrics and Statistics  
and James S. Kemper Foundation Faculty Scholar

University of Chicago

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### Ruey S. Tsay

H.G.B. Alexander Professor of Econometrics  
and Statistics

University of Chicago

Booth School of Business

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## EXPERIENCE

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Data Scientist Intern, Google Research.

*June 2021 - Aug 2021*

Data Science Intern, Conversant Media.

*June 2020 - Sep 2020*

Research Assistant, Research Computing Center, University of Chicago.

*Jan 2017 - Aug 2017*

Research Assistant, Channing Division of Network Medicine, Harvard Medical School.

*Oct 2015 - June 2016*

## SELECTED COURSEWORK

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### Statistics

High Dimensional Statistics 1 & 2, Bayesian Nonparametrics, Bayesian Statistics, Topics in Selective Inference, Advanced Statistical Inference 2, Fundamentals of Deep Learning, Time Dependent Data.

### Economics

Price Theory 2 & 3, Theory of Income 1, Applied & Advanced Econometrics, Advanced Industrial Organization 1, Topics Information Economics.

### Marketing

Foundations of Advanced Quantitative Marketing, Advanced Quantitative Marketing, Applied Bayesian Econometrics

**Approximate Bayesian Computation via Classification***working paper (2021)*

Approximate Bayesian Computation (ABC) enables statistical inference in complex models whose likelihoods are difficult to calculate but easy to simulate from. ABC constructs a kernel-type approximation to the posterior distribution through an accept/reject mechanism which compares summary statistics of real and simulated data. To obviate the need for summary statistics, we directly compare empirical distributions with a Kullback-Leibler (KL) divergence estimator obtained via classification. In particular, we blend flexible machine learning classifiers within ABC to automate fake/real data comparisons. We consider the traditional accept/reject kernel as well as an exponential weighting scheme which does not require the ABC acceptance threshold. Our theoretical results show that the rate at which our ABC posterior distributions concentrate around the true parameter depends on the estimation error of the classifier. We derive limiting posterior shape results and find that, with a properly scaled exponential kernel, asymptotic normality holds. We demonstrate the usefulness of our approach on simulated examples as well as real data in the context of stock volatility estimation.

**Variable Selection with ABC Bayesian Forests***JRSS-B (2021)*

Few problems in statistics are as perplexing as variable selection in the presence of very many redundant covariates. The variable selection problem is most familiar in parametric environments such as the linear model or additive variants thereof. In this work, we abandon the linear model framework, which can be quite detrimental when the covariates impact the outcome in a non-linear way, and turn to tree-based methods for variable selection. Such variable screening is traditionally done by pruning down large trees or by ranking variables based on some importance measure. Despite heavily used in practice, these ad-hoc selection rules are not yet well understood from a theoretical point of view. In this work, we devise a Bayesian tree-based probabilistic method and show that it is consistent for variable selection when the regression surface is a smooth mix of  $p > n$  covariates. These results are the first model selection consistency results for Bayesian forest priors. Probabilistic assessment of variable importance is made feasible by a spike-and-slab wrapper around sum-of-trees priors. Sampling from posterior distributions over trees is inherently very difficult. As an alternative to MCMC, we propose ABC Bayesian Forests, a new ABC sampling method based on data-splitting that achieves higher ABC acceptance rate. We show that the method is robust and successful at finding variables with high marginal inclusion probabilities. Our ABC algorithm provides a new avenue towards approximating the median probability model in non-parametric setups where the marginal likelihood is intractable.