

3116 – Lab Distributed Data Analytics – Group 2

Exercise Sheet 9

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Part 1: Preparing your Hadoop infrastructure

The text details a long tutorial for setting up Hadoop in a personal computing environment. It will be a simulated HDFS. However, I was not able to install Hadoop even after trying many times, due to system conflicts and various errors. Hence for this lab, I am using a VM provided by Cloudera on the Cloudera Hadoop Distribution[3]. I had no choice so for this last resort method.

Part 2: Analysis of airport efficiency with Map Reduce

We can download the dataset as per the instructions, into a csv file. This is a fairly straightforward task, to calculate the average, maximum, and minimum departure delay.

Mapper step:

In the file mapper.py, we read line by line via system standard input. Then we have line operations for some pre-processing. The main point here is to extract the required columns {departure airport} & {departure delay}.

```
import sys
for line in sys.stdin:
    line = line.strip().replace('\n', '').replace(' ', '0') # Remove
    line = line.split(",") # CSV
    if len(line) >= 2:
        dep_airport = line[3] # Only getting the required columns
        dep_delay = line[6]
        string = '%s\t%s' % (dep_airport, dep_delay)
        print(string)
```

Reducer step:

Here we read the output of mapper.py into a python dictionary. This is for the key-value pairs of {departure airport,departure delay}. The we can simply calculate the required values.

```

import sys
dict = {}
#Partitioner...http://rare-chiller-615.appspot.com/mri.html
for line in sys.stdin:
    line = line.strip()
    line = line.split('\t') # Tab separated
    dep_airport = line[0]
    dep_delay = line[1]
    if dep_airport in dict: # Key-value pairs
        dict[dep_airport].append(float(dep_delay))
    else:
        dict[dep_airport] = []
        dict[dep_airport].append(float(dep_delay))
#Reducer
for dep_airport in dict.keys():
    avg_delay = sum(dict[dep_airport])*1.0 / len(dict[dep_airport])
    max_delay = max(dict[dep_airport])
    min_delay = min(dict[dep_airport])
    string = '%s\t%s\t%s\t%s' % (dep_airport, avg_delay,max_delay,min_delay)
    print(string)

```

Sample output:

```

[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ cat flight_data.csv | python mapper.py | python reducer.py
Dep Airport | Avg delay | Max delay | Min delay
JFK      12.8124677336  1301.0  -19.0
GSP      11.9203539823  824.0   -16.0
FNT      9.31550802139   286.0   -13.0
SIT      4.61956521739   390.0   -23.0
MIA      12.4417900404    1072.0  -17.0
BOS      9.02041032149    1545.0  -28.0
OAK      13.7006033183    366.0   -25.0
BGM      9.01724137931    216.0   -15.0
VLD      16.5632183908    366.0   -13.0
LIT      7.83333333333    336.0   -18.0
RDM      18.1452282158    526.0   -21.0
YUM      6.21666666667    329.0   -15.0
DRO      14.4454545455    918.0   -30.0
PAH      -0.586206896552   125.0   -19.0
CPR      4.10294117647    419.0   -25.0
RKS      -1.31578947368    70.0    -17.0
AGS      20.9742268041    1130.0  -11.0
EGE      25.1755485893    1399.0  -23.0
COD      5.6393442623     185.0   -17.0
TLH      24.2666666667    993.0   -9.0
SAN      12.740904777     1335.0  -26.0
PIA      7.94560669456    298.0   -26.0
PIB      4.41509433962    282.0   -15.0
MYR      6.52272727273    267.0   -21.0

```

To get the ranking list that contains top 10 airports by their average Arrival delay, we use the same mapper.py; except here we just take columns 'arrival airport' and 'arrival delay'. Reducer.py is mostly the same as the first part, firstly calculate the average delay using same formula as above.

However now we should 'order by' as per SQL. Since it's a list, we can use python sort. Apply lambda function, to get the top 10 rows – negative count of 10 from the dictionary index.

```

arr_airport = avg_delay.keys()
dict = avg_delay.values()
topten = sorted(range(len(dict)), key=lambda i: dict[i][-10:])
for i in topten:
    print(arr_airport[i], dict[i])

```

Then we get the output as below:

```
[cloudera@quickstart ~]$ cat flight_data.csv | python mapper2.py | python reducer2.py
('ACT', 24.03846153846154)
('CHA', 24.638349514563107)
('GRB', 24.980327868852459)
('LWS', 29.059999999999999)
('LAW', 29.733333333333334)
('ABI', 34.142857142857146)
('BMI', 37.584070796460175)
('GGG', 46.375)
('BPT', 47.857142857142854)
('ELM', 81.769230769230774)
```

References:

1. <http://rare-chiller-615.appspot.com/mr1.html>
2. <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/30043212/mapreduce-python-how-to-sort-reducer-output-for-top-n-list>
3. https://www.cloudera.com/downloads/quickstart_vms/5-13.html).