

# CSE 4309 - Assignments - Assignment 1

## List of assignment due dates.

The assignment should be submitted via [Canvas](#). Submit a file called assignment1.zip, containing the following files:

- answers.pdf, for your answers to the written tasks. Only PDF files will be accepted. All text should be typed, and if any figures are present they should be computer-generated. Scans of handwritten answers will NOT be accepted.
- file\_stats.py, containing your code for Task 9.
- nth\_smallest.py, containing your code for Task 10.

The above naming conventions are mandatory, non-adherence to these specifications can incur a penalty of up to 20 points.

Your name and UTA ID number should appear on the top line of your answers.pdf document.

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### Task 1 (5 points)

```
def factorial(n):
    result = 1
    for i in range(2, (n+1)):
        result = result * i;

    return result
```

Consider the factorial function above, implemented in Python. What is the time complexity of this function, in  $\Theta$  notation, with respect to  $n$ ?

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### Task 2 (10 points)

Re-implement, in Python, the factorial function of Task 1 so that it uses a recursive function call instead of using any loops (like while loops and for loops). Do not call any built-in or library functions for computing the factorial. You do NOT need to do any error-checking (like checking if the input argument is negative). For this task, please include your code in the answers.pdf file, do NOT submit a separate code file.

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### Task 3 (10 points)

```
def foo(n):
    result = 0
    for i in range(1, n+1):
        for j in range(1, i+1):
            result = result + 1
    return result
```

Consider the foo function above, implemented in Python. What is the time complexity of this function, in  $\Theta$  notation?

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**Task 4 (5 points)**

Consider matrices A and B defined as:

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} e \\ f \end{bmatrix}$$

What is the result of matrix multiplication  $A \cdot B$ ? Specify the values at all positions of the result matrix.

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**Task 5 (10 points)**

Consider function  $f(x) = 3x^2 + 5x - 7$ .

**Part a:** What is the first derivative  $f'(x)$ ? Provide a specific formula as a function of  $x$ .

**Part b:** What is  $f'(5)$ ? Your answer should be a real number.

**Part c:** What is the second derivative  $f''(x)$ ? Provide a specific formula as a function of  $x$ .

**Part d:** What is  $f''(5)$ ? Your answer should be a real number.

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**Task 6 (15 points)**

In this task, we denote by  $P(x)$  the probability of event  $x$ . A and B are two events that are independent of each other.  $P(A) = 0.3$  and  $P(B) = 0.6$ .

Compute the following quantities:

- $P(A \text{ and } B)$ .
  - $P(A \text{ or } B)$ .
  - $P(\text{not}(A))$ .
  - $P(A | B)$  (i.e., the conditional probability of A given B).
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**Task 7 (15 points)**

Color	Price \$20 to \$40	Price \$50 to \$70	Price \$80 to \$100
red	40	70	35
green	15	50	30
blue	60	20	80

The above table shows, for a certain hat store, the number of hats in their inventory, for each combination of color and price. For example, the inventory contains 40 red hats at a price between \$20 and \$40. Using that table:

**Part a:** Determine  $P(\text{price} < \$75)$ , i.e., the probability that a hat costs less than \$75.

**Part b:** Determine  $P(\text{price} < \$75 \mid \text{color}=\text{green})$ , i.e., the conditional probability that the price of a hat is under \$75, given that the color of that hat is green.

**Part c:** Determine  $P(\text{price} < 75, \text{color}=\text{green})$ , i.e., the joint probability that the price of a hat is under 75 and the color of that hat is green.

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## Task 8 (10 points)

Two hens lay a combined total of two eggs in two days. If this rate of egg production per hen per day continues, how many eggs do ten hens lay in ten days?

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## Task 9 (10 points)

Write a python function `(avg, stdev) = file_stats(pathname)` that:

- Takes as input argument the pathname of a file stored locally on the computer. Your function can assume that the file is a text file, that contains exactly one floating point number in each line. An example of such a file is [numbers1.txt](#).
- Returns the average and standard deviation of the numbers contained in the file. For standard deviation, please use the formula that divides by  $n-1$  (when we have  $n$  numbers in our dataset). You can assume that the dataset will contain at least two numbers.

Please place your python code in a file called `file_stats.py`, and include that file in your `assignment1.zip` package.

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## Task 10 (10 points)

Write a python function `result = nth_smallest(data, top, bottom, left, right, n)` with these specs:

- The first argument, `data`, is a two-dimensional numpy array.
- The function returns the  $n$ -th smallest value in the subarray of `data` that goes from row `top` up to (and including) row `bottom`, and from column `left` up to (and including) column `right`.

For example, consider this code:

```
import numpy as np
```

```
def nth_smallest(data, top, bottom, left, right, n):
    # your code goes here
```

```
a = np.array([[0.8147, 0.0975, 0.1576, 0.1419, 0.6557, 0.7577],
              [0.9058, 0.2785, 0.9706, 0.4212, 0.4212, 0.7431],
              [0.127 , 0.5469, 0.9572, 0.9157, 0.8491, 0.3922],
              [0.9134, 0.9575, 0.4854, 0.7922, 0.934 , 0.6555],
              [0.6324, 0.9649, 0.8003, 0.9595, 0.6787, 0.1712]])
```

```
print(nth_smallest(a, 1, 2, 3, 4, 1))
print(nth_smallest(a, 1, 2, 3, 4, 2))
print(nth_smallest(a, 1, 2, 3, 4, 3))
print(nth_smallest(a, 1, 2, 3, 4, 4))
```

If you implement the `nth_smallest` function correctly, the above code should print:

0.4212

0.4212

0.8491

0.9157

Please place your python code in a file called `nth_smallest.py`, and include that file in your `assignment1.zip` package.

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