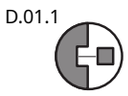
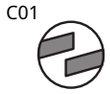
A - Nodes of the Extended Matrix reference sheet

EM 1.4

Node	Description	Examples ref. sheet
	white rectangle = US (or US) stands for Stratigraphic Unit (or Context). A specialization is the -SU or negative stratigraphic unit that describes a gap on a SU.	B1
	white ellipse = US series. A series of US objects like a group of *pilae* from a thermal bath can be considered as a whole. This seriation node acts like a proxy for the entire group.	B3
	dotted white rectangle = TSU Transformation Stratigraphic Unit. Long time process of alteration or degradation of a surface of a phyical object.	
	black rhombus = continuity node describes the end of life of a US/ USV.	
	white round rectangle = USD Documentary Stratigraphic Unit (or Context). It is no more visible/accessible or does not exist anymore but surely existed by means of a documentary wisdom.	
USV nodes		
	black parallelogram = USV/s or structural Virtual Stratigraphic Unit is a reconstruction hypothesis made starting from an *in situ* fragmented SU. It acts as a restoration of a -SU so that its presence is physically "proved".	B1
	black hexagon = USV/n or non-structural Virtual Stratigraphic Unit A reconstruction hypothesis made starting from "sources" like comparisons, general rules etc... It is not connected to a -SU and, as a result, it is not physically "proved".	B2
	white octagon = Special Find. It refers to a not *in situ* element (fragmented or intact) that needs to be repositioned. It is a real object so that you know several properties (color, material, etc ..) *except* the original position.	B5
	black octagon = Virtual Special Find. It represents an hypothetical reconstruction of a fragmented Special Find (*not in situ* element).	B5
	black ellipse = USV series. A series of USVn objects like a colonnade or a sequence of acroterion can be considered as a whole. This seriation node acts like a proxy for the entire group.	B3
validation nodes		
	**extractor icon = extractor** node capable of extracting specific information from a source and passing it to a property.	C1
	**combiner icon = combiner** node capable of combining information provided by two extraction nodes and passing the resulting value to a property.	C2
	grey rounded square = property. A property node validates a USV it is connected to. Examples of properties are "material", "dimension", "placement", etc..	C1
	document icon = source. A source node feeds a property of a USV it is connected to (throught an extractor node). A source can be an image, a text, a reference, a 3D model etc.. More documents need a combiner node.	C1