Microservices – from Docker to Kubernetes

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docker-compose common beginning

Quick and easy to use.

But not flexible and hard to scale.

```
version: "3.8"
services:
  db:
    image: postgres
    environment:
      - POSTGRES_DB=postgres
      - POSTGRES_USER=postgres
      - POSTGRES_PASSWORD=postgres
  web:
    build: .
    command: python manage.py runserver 0.0.0.0:8000
    volumes:
      - .:/code
    ports:
      - "8000:8000"
    depends_on:
      - db
```

Kubernetes

common production hosting

Solves the prod use case in a great way.

But it's complex and needs a lot of attention during development which is distracting.

Replica sets

Services

Stateful sets

Persistent volumes

Policy Pods

Deployments Ephemeral volumes
Resource limits

Yamls... so many yamls.

K8s is nice but I want to focus on development

Good foundation goes a long way.

Meet Skaffold and Kustomize.





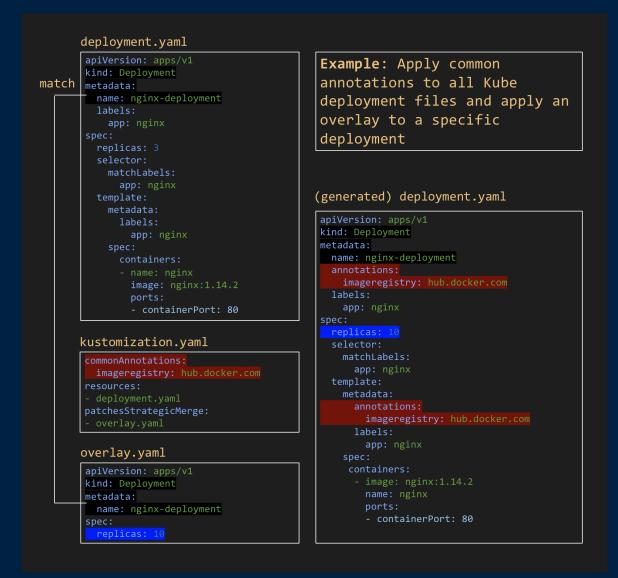


Kustomize

Patch yaml definitions for different use cases

Base config with the standard definition.

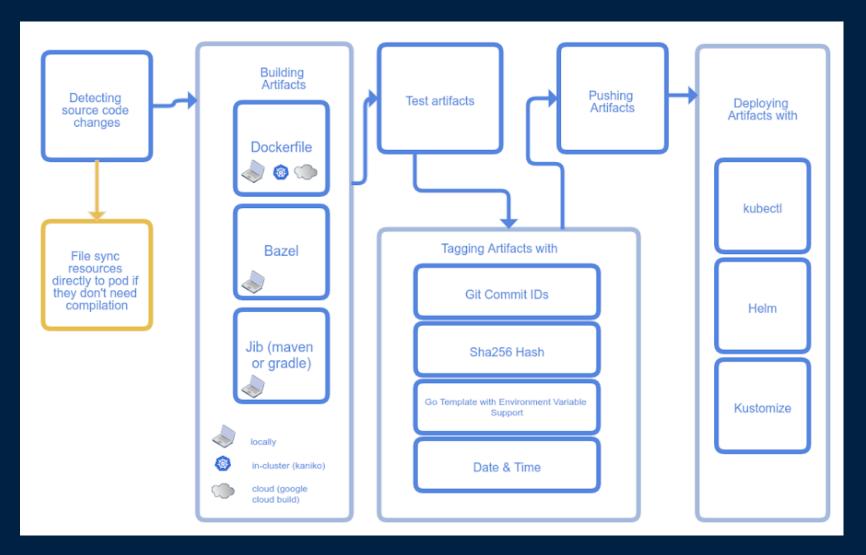
Patch with the specific use case.



Skaffold

Build, test and deploy with ease

Like docker-compose but much more powerful.

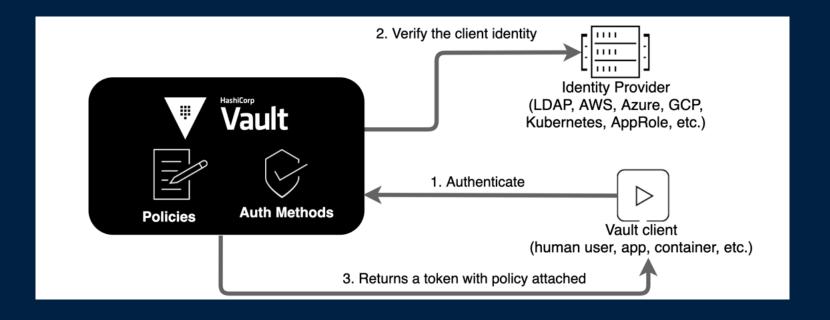




Vault

Not just for secrets..

Vault can contain json files with sensitive information.
Useful for the entire application configuration.



Hands-on session

Before we begin



Develop on both local and remote Kubernetes cluster with hot reload support and debugging capabilities.

Automated configuration using Hashicorp's Vault.

Skaffold is not the only option

The Kubernetes eco system is vast

https://landscape.cncf.io/







Thank You

Please email any questions to kstaykov@vmware.com