Weighted Support Vector Machine Formulation tx2155@columbia.edu

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The original formulation of unweighted SVM with linear kernel is as follows Valdimir and Vapnik (1995):

$$\begin{aligned} \min_{\omega,\xi} & & \frac{1}{2} \|\omega\|^2 + C \sum_{i=1}^n (\xi_i + \xi_i^*) \\ \text{s.t.} & & y_i - \langle \omega, x_i \rangle - \omega_0 \leq \varepsilon + \xi_i, \\ & & \langle \omega, x_i \rangle + \omega_0 - y_i \leq \varepsilon + \xi_i^*, \\ & & \xi_i, \xi_i^* \geq 0. \end{aligned}$$

The constant C > 0 determines the trade-off between the flatness of f and the amount up to which deviations larger than ε are tolerated. This corresponds to dealing with a so called ε -insensitive loss function $|\xi|_{\varepsilon}$ described by

$$|\xi|_{\varepsilon} = \begin{cases} 0, & \text{if } |\xi| \leq \varepsilon \\ |\xi| - \varepsilon, & o/w. \end{cases}$$

The corresponding weighted SVM with W_i as individual weights:

$$\begin{split} \min_{\omega,\xi} & \quad \frac{1}{2} \|\omega\|^2 + C \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{\mathbf{W}_i(\xi_i + \xi_i^*)}{\mathbf{W}_i(\xi_i + \xi_i^*)} \\ \text{s.t.} & \quad y_i - \langle \omega, x_i \rangle - \omega_0 \leq \varepsilon + \xi_i, \\ & \quad \langle \omega, x_i \rangle + \omega_0 - y_i \leq \varepsilon + \xi_i^*, \\ & \quad \xi_i, \xi_i^* \geq 0. \end{split}$$

Other kinds of weighted SVMs (with different kernels) have the similar formuation.

Available kernels:

kernel	formula	parameters
linear	$\mathbf{u}^{T}\mathbf{v}$	(none)
polynomial	$(\gamma \mathbf{u}^{\top} \mathbf{v} + c_0)^d$	γ, d, c_0
radial basis fct.	$ \exp\{-\gamma \mathbf{u} - \mathbf{v} ^2\} $	γ
sigmoid	$\tanh\{\gamma \mathbf{u}^{\top} \mathbf{v} + c_0\}$	γ, c_0

References

 $\rm V$ Valdimir and N Vapnik. The nature of statistical learning theory. 1995.