```
1 import tensorflow as tf
2 from tensorflow.examples.tutorials.mnist import input_data #手写数字相关的数据
包
```

```
1 # 载入数据集
   mnist = input_data.read_data_sets("MNIST_data",one_hot=True)
   {数据集包路径,把标签转化为只有0和1的形式}
  #定义变量,即每个批次的大小
   batch_size = 100 #一次放100章图片进去
6 n_batch = mnist.train.num_examples // batch_size #计算一共有多少个批次; 训练
   集数量(整除)一个批次大小
7
8
   #初始化权值
9
10 def weight_variable(shape):
       initial = tf.truncated_normal(shape, stddev=0.1) #生成一个截断的正态分布
11
12
       return tf.Variable(initial)
13
14
   #初始化偏置
15 def bias_variable(shape):
       initial = tf.constant(0.1, shape=shape)
       return tf.Variable(initial)
17
18
19
   #卷积层
20 def conv2d(x,W):
21
       #x input tensor of shape '[batch, in_height, in_width, in_channels]'
       #w filter / kernel tensor of shape [filter_height, filter_width,
22
   in_channels, out_channels]
       #'strides[0] = strides[3] = 1', strides[1]代表x方向的步长, strides[2]代表y
23
   方向的步长
24
       #padding:A 'string' frome: '"SAME"(补0), "VALID"(不补0)'
25
       return tf.nn.conv2d(x, w, strides=[1,1,1,1], padding='SAME')
26
   #池化层
27
28 def max_pool_2x2(x):
29
       #ksize [1,x,y,1] (窗口大小)
       return tf.nn.max_pool(x,ksize=[1,2,2,1],strides=
    [1,2,2,1],padding='SAME')
31
32
33
   #定义两个placeholder
   x = tf.placeholder(tf.float32,[None,784]) #[行不确定,列为784]: 28*28
   y = tf.placeholder(tf.float32,[None,10]) #数字为0-9,则为10
35
36
37
   #改变x的格式转为4D的向量[batch, in_height, in_width, in_channels]
38
   x_{image} = tf.reshape(x, [-1, 28, 28, 1])
39
40
   #初始化第一个卷积层的权值和偏置
41 | W_conv1 = weight_variable([5,5,1,32]) #5*5的采样窗口,32个卷积核从1个平面抽取特
   b_conv1 = bias_variable([32]) #每个卷积核一个偏置
42
```

```
43
   #把x_image和权值向量进行卷积,再加上偏置值,然后应用于relu激活函数
   h_conv1 = tf.nn.relu(conv2d(x_image, w_conv1) + b_conv1)
45
  h_pool1 = max_pool_2x2(h_conv1) #进行max-pooling
47
48
   #初始化第二个卷积层的权值和偏置
49
   W_conv2 = weight_variable([5,5,32,64]) #5*5的采样窗口,32个卷积核从1个平面抽取
50 b_conv2 = bias_variable([64]) #每个卷积核一个偏置
51
   #把h_pool1和权值向量进行卷积,再加上偏置值,然后应用于relu激活函数
52
53 h_conv2 = tf.nn.relu(conv2d(h_pool1,W_conv2) + b_conv2)
54
  h_pool2 = max_pool_2x2(h_conv2) #进行max-pooling
55
  #28*28的图片第一次卷积后还是28*28,第一次池化后变为14*14
   #第二次卷积后为14*14,第二次池化后变为7*7
57
58
  #经过上面的操作后得到64张7*7的平面
59
60 #初始化第一个全连接层的权值
61 | W_fc1 = weight_variable([7*7*64,1024]) #上一层有7*7*64个神经元,全连接层有1024
62 b_fc1 = bias_variable([1024]) #1024个节点
63
64 #把池化层2的输出扁平化为1维
  h_{pool2_flat} = tf.reshape(h_{pool2,[-1,7*7*64]})
  #求第一个全连接层的输出
67
  h_fc1 = tf.nn.relu(tf.matmul(h_pool2_flat,w_fc1) + b_fc1)
68
69
  #keep_prob用来表示神经元的输出概率
70
   keep_prob = tf.placeholder(tf.float32)
71
  h_fc1_drop = tf.nn.dropout(h_fc1,keep_prob)
72
73
  #初始化第二个全连接层
74
  W_fc2 = weight\_variable([1024,10])
75
  b_fc2 = bias_variable([10])
76
77 #计算输出
78
  prediction = tf.nn.softmax(tf.matmul(h_fc1_drop,W_fc2) + b_fc2)
79
80
81 #定义交叉熵代价函数
   cross_entropy =
   tf.reduce_mean(tf.nn.softmax_cross_entropy_with_logits(labels=y,logits=pred
   iction))
83
  #使用AdamOptimizer进行优化
84 | train_step = tf.train.AdamOptimizer(1e-4).minimize(cross_entropy)
86 #准确数,结果存放在一个布尔型列表中
   correct_prediction = tf.equal(tf.argmax(prediction,1),tf.argmax(y,1))
   较两个参数大小是否相同,同则返回为true,不同则返回为false; argmax():返回张量中最大的值
   所在的位置
88
  #求准确率
89
   accuracy = tf.reduce_mean(tf.cast(correct_prediction,tf.float32))
   #cast(): 将布尔型转换为32位的浮点型; (比方说9个T和1个F,则为9个1,1个0,即准确率为
91
   with tf.Session() as sess:
```

```
sess.run(tf.global_variables_initializer())
 93
 94
         for epoch in range(21):
 95
             for batch in range(n_batch):
 96
                 batch_xs,batch_ys = mnist.train.next_batch(batch_size)
 97
                 sess.run(train_step,feed_dict=
     {x:batch_xs,y:batch_ys,keep_prob:0.7})
98
 99
             acc = sess.run(accuracy,feed_dict=
     {x:mnist.test.images,y:mnist.test.labels,keep_prob:1.0})
100
             print("Iter" + str(epoch) + ",Testing Accuracy" + str(acc))
```

```
Extracting MNIST_data\train-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
Extracting MNIST_data\train-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
Extracting MNIST_data\t10k-images-idx3-ubyte.gz
Extracting MNIST_data\t10k-labels-idx1-ubyte.gz
Iter0,Testing Accuracy0.863
Iter1,Testing Accuracy0.8757
Iter2,Testing Accuracy0.881
Iter3,Testing Accuracy0.8833
```

```
2
 3
    KeyboardInterrupt
                                               Traceback (most recent call last)
 4
 5
    <ipython-input-11-b59272fba4b4> in <module>
 6
         95
                    for batch in range(n_batch):
 7
         96
                        batch_xs,batch_ys = mnist.train.next_batch(batch_size)
 8
    ---> 97
                        sess.run(train_step,feed_dict=
    {x:batch_xs,y:batch_ys,keep_prob:0.7})
9
         98
10
                    acc = sess.run(accuracy,feed_dict=
    {x:mnist.test.images,y:mnist.test.labels,keep_prob:1.0})
```

```
D:\anaconda\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\client\session.py in
1
   run(self, fetches, feed_dict, options, run_metadata)
2
       948
               try:
3
       949
                 result = self._run(None, fetches, feed_dict, options_ptr,
4
   --> 950
                                     run_metadata_ptr)
5
       951
                 if run_metadata:
       952
                   proto_data = tf_session.TF_GetBuffer(run_metadata_ptr)
6
```

```
D:\anaconda\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\client\session.py in
   _run(self, handle, fetches, feed_dict, options, run_metadata)
2
      1171
               if final_fetches or final_targets or (handle and
   feed_dict_tensor):
3
      1172
                 results = self._do_run(handle, final_targets, final_fetches,
4
   -> 1173
                                        feed_dict_tensor, options, run_metadata)
5
      1174
               else:
6
      1175
                 results = []
```

```
D:\anaconda\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\client\session.py in
   _do_run(self, handle, target_list, fetch_list, feed_dict, options,
   run_metadata)
2
      1348
               if handle is None:
3
      1349
                 return self._do_call(_run_fn, feeds, fetches, targets, options,
4
   -> 1350
                                      run_metadata)
5
      1351
              else:
6
      1352
                 return self._do_call(_prun_fn, handle, feeds, fetches)
```

```
D:\anaconda\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\client\session.py in
   _do_call(self, fn, *args)
2
           def _do_call(self, fn, *args):
      1354
3
      1355
             try:
4
  -> 1356
                return fn(*args)
5
      1357
               except errors.OpError as e:
6
      1358
                 message = compat.as_text(e.message)
```

```
1 D:\anaconda\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\client\session.py in
   _run_fn(feed_dict, fetch_list, target_list, options, run_metadata)
2
      1339
                 self._extend_graph()
3
      1340
                 return self._call_tf_sessionrun(
4
  -> 1341
                     options, feed_dict, fetch_list, target_list, run_metadata)
5
     1342
      1343
               def _prun_fn(handle, feed_dict, fetch_list):
6
```

```
1 D:\anaconda\lib\site-packages\tensorflow\python\client\session.py in
  _call_tf_sessionrun(self, options, feed_dict, fetch_list, target_list,
  run_metadata)
2
      1427
               return tf_session.TF_SessionRun_wrapper(
3
      1428
                   self._session, options, feed_dict, fetch_list, target_list,
  -> 1429
                   run_metadata)
4
5
      1430
             def _call_tf_sessionprun(self, handle, feed_dict, fetch_list):
6
      1431
```

```
1 KeyboardInterrupt:
```

1