약 ai2-education-fiep-turma-4 / git-katas (Public)

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Git Kata: Basic Branching

Setup:

1. Run source setup.sh (or .\setup.ps1 in PowerShell)

The task

You again live in your own branch, this time we will be doing a bit of juggling with branches, to show how lightweight branches are in git. Hint: git checkout will make you switch from one branch to another.

- 1. Use git branch to see the two branches that are relevant for this exercise
- 2. What branch are you on?
- 3. Use git branch mybranch to create a new branch called mybranch

- 4. Use git branch again to see the new branch created.
- 5. Use git checkout mybranch to switch to your new branch.
- 6. How does the output from git status change when you switch between the *master* and the new branch that you have created?
- 7. How does the workspace change when you change between the two branches?
- 9. Make sure you are on your muhranch branch before you continue

∷ README.md

- 10. Add the file and commit with this change.
- 11. Use git log --oneline --graph to see your branch pointing to the new commit.
- 12. Switch back to the branch called *master*.
- 13. Use git log --oneline --graph and notice how the commit you made on the *mybranch* branch is missing on the *master* branch.
- 14. Make a new file called file2.txt and commit that file.
- 15. Use git log --oneline --graph --all to see your branch pointing to the new commit, and that the two branches now have different commits on them.
- 16. Switch to your branch *mybranch*.
- 17. What happened to your working directory? Can you see your file2.txt?
- 18. Use git diff mybranch master to see the difference between the two branches.

Useful commands

- git checkout
- git checkout -b
- git log --oneline --graph
- git branch
- git diff