Transcriptomics Final Report

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Introduction

The data set we used is called 'RNA-seq of granulocytes derived from control and AK2 depleted human HSPCs', and was obtained from the NCBI GEO databse (GSE179320). The data contains 18 total samples which contains two factors cell and condition. There are two levels of the condition, (AAVS1 CRISPR and AK2 CRISPR) and three levels of cell (Promyelocyte, Myelocyte, Neutrophil) and three replicates of all cells.

The study focuses on Reticular Dysgenesis (RD) which is a very rare but most severe form of severe combined immunodeficiency (SCID). Reticular Dysgenesis is caused by mutations in a protein coding gene known as Adenylate Kinase 2 (AK2). AK2 is found in the mitchondria and responsible for catalyzing phosphate groups between ATP, ADP and AMP. Overall, this gene is known to be important to maintaining energy within a cell and participant in ATP metabolic pathways. RD is generally characterized by lower levels of neutrophils and lympocytes. In this study, AK2 CRISPR knock out and AAVS1 CRISPR, a safe harbor control, conditions are treated to Hematopoietic stem and progenitor cells at different maturation stages. RNA was extracted from HSPCs using a Qiagen RNeasy Plus Micro kit and the libraries were sequenced on Illumina NovaSeq.

The goal of our project is to utilize various transcriptome analysis tools and create visuals to make concise interpretations on a dataset. By using these tools we hope to get a better understanding of why AK2 is depleted and how that affects myelopoiesis and its metabolic pathway.

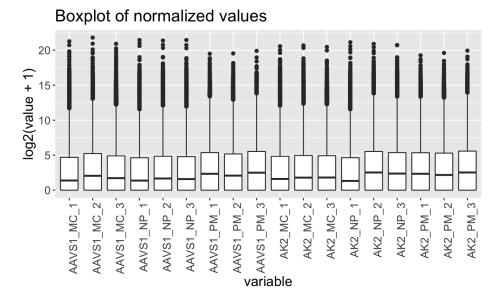
Methods

The workflow that we generated is as follows. We first loaded the dataset into R for manipulation using the getGEO() command. After counting the raw counts, we normalized the dataset and created a boxplot to confirm the dataset was properly normalized across all cell types and conditions. Using the DESeqDataSet-FromMatrix() command storing our count matrix alongside our defined expdesign. We used a rowSum >= 10 to prefilter out the counts below 10 to help not skew the analysis. We ran our count matrix through DESeq() command and identified the coef vectors for each factor then using the results() we find the interaction term. Then we filter the genes based on padj <0.05 and log2foldchange for >1 or <-1 for significance. Using the commdand order to sort the values in descending order in the padj column. From this we were able to identify the 3 samples that were mosly highly signifigant gene. Next, we plotted the first 3 samples and created a boxplot of each sample. We created a volcano plot to visually see what is differentially expressed up regulated vs. downregualted. Using ggplot2 we created a differential PCA plot using diffexpivalues df. Determine the best k value for our dataset calculating for the average sil value and then plotting those values. Using cluster() library we were able to cluster with cuttree with a k=9. Created a silhouette plot based off our differential expression cluster silhouette. We then created a heat map using k=9 rows. Then we created a Hierarchical clustering plots comparing our expdesign against cell, condition and interaction to see how they all cluster. Using libraries clusterProfiler and org.Hs.eg.db. we created our GO term analysis and created go terms per cluster group to get a better idea

Results

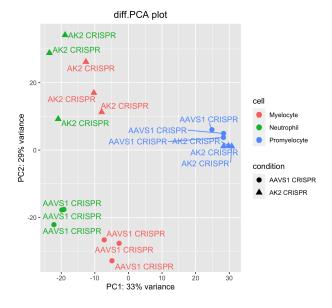
We looked at our normalized boxplot values to confirm that our dataset was normalized correctly.

knitr::include_graphics("/Users/lindsayreisman/Desktop/normalizedboxplot.png")



From the differential PCA plot, it is important to note the disparity between the AK2 CRISPR and the AAVS1 CRISPR in both Myelocytes and Neutrophil. For the Promyelocytes, it is hard to differentiate the difference between the AAVS1 and AK2 CRISPR.

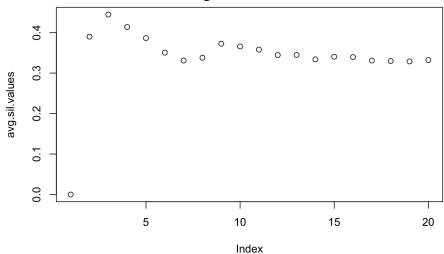
knitr::include_graphics("/Users/lindsayreisman/diffexpvalues.PCA.png")



From the average Silhouette model, we can make an assumption as to what our k should be. From our presentation, and conversation with Professor, we decided to target our k = 9.

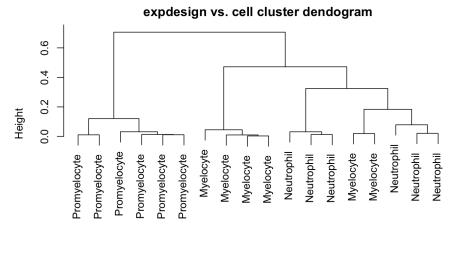
knitr::include_graphics("/Users/lindsayreisman/Downloads/Average Silhouette.png")

Average Silhouette Values



From the cluster dendrogram, we can tell that interesting part is to to see how closely the related the myelocytes and the neutrophil are. Which is interesting because we can see the differences from the above PCA. The promyeloblast is the lowest maturation stage, and this leads us to think that maybe the Promyelocyte is not as affected by the AK2 knock-out than the Neutrophil or the Myelocyte. Some samples of the same samples DO NOT cluster together

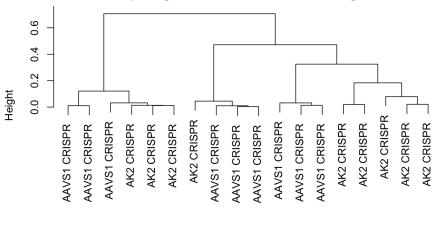
knitr::include_graphics("/Users/lindsayreisman/Downloads/Archive/final.proj.int copy/expdesignvs.cell.
png")



diff.dist hclust (*, "average")

knitr::include_graphics("/Users/lindsayreisman/Downloads/Archive/final.proj.int copy/
expdesignvscondition.png

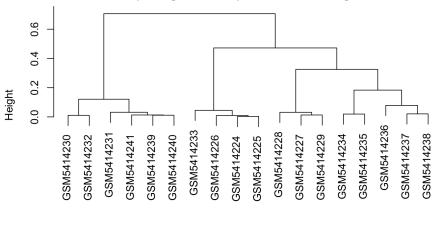
expdesign vs. condition cluster dendogram



diff.dist hclust (*, "average")

knitr::include_graphics("/Users/lindsayreisman/Downloads/Archive/final.proj.int copy/expdesignvssample.
png")

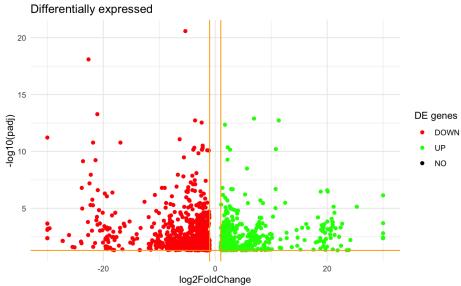
expdesign vs. sample cluster dendogram



diff.dist hclust (*, "average")

So here we see which genes are differentially expressed using a volcano plot.

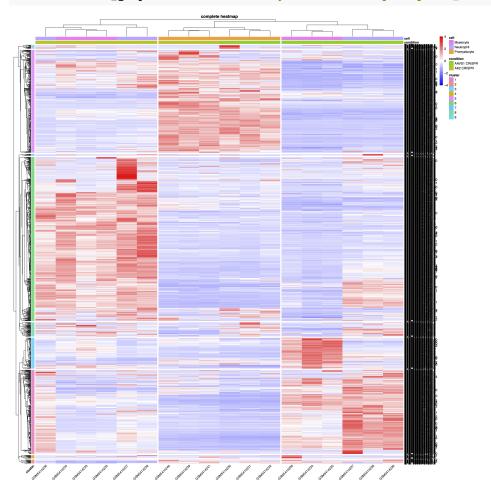
knitr::include_graphics("/Users/lindsayreisman/Downloads/Archive/final.proj.int copy/volcano.png")



Here we see the complete

heatmap of our 9 clusters. You can see how large the cluster groups 1,6,5. Again, most of the higher expression is seen under the AK2 condition of Neutrophils and Myleocytes for cluster 5.

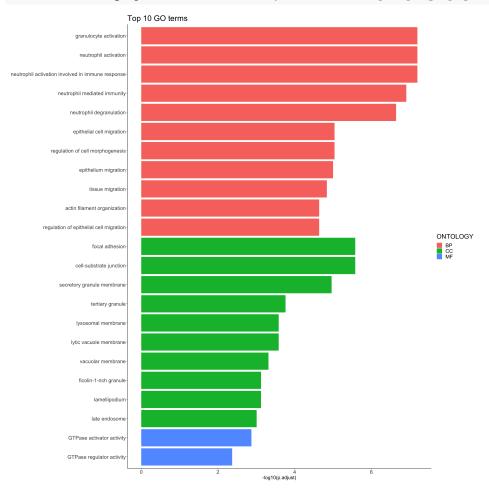
knitr::include_graphics("/Users/lindsayreisman/Desktop/complete_heatmap.int.png")



From the GO terms, we see that the biological process is more prevalent than the cellular component and

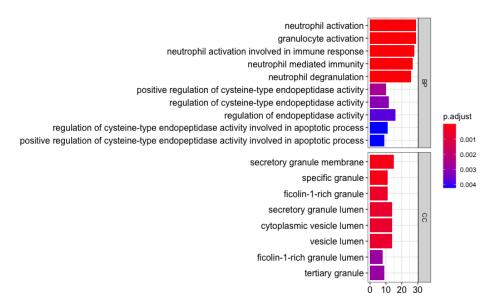
molecular function. Within the biological process, there are a lot of enrichment in neutrophil activation and immune response activation.

knitr::include_graphics("/Users/lindsayreisman/Desktop/top10go.png")



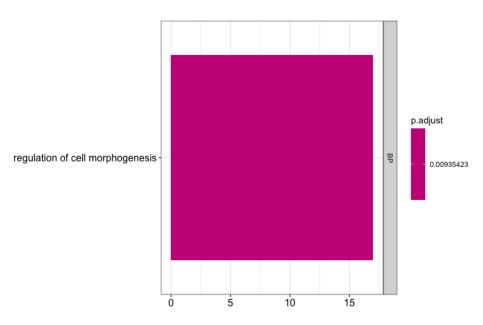
 ${\tt Group1}$ bar ${\tt GO}$ enrichment confirm activity/activation in the immune repsonse.

knitr::include_graphics("/Users/lindsayreisman/Downloads/final.proj.int only/grp1.GO.bar.png")



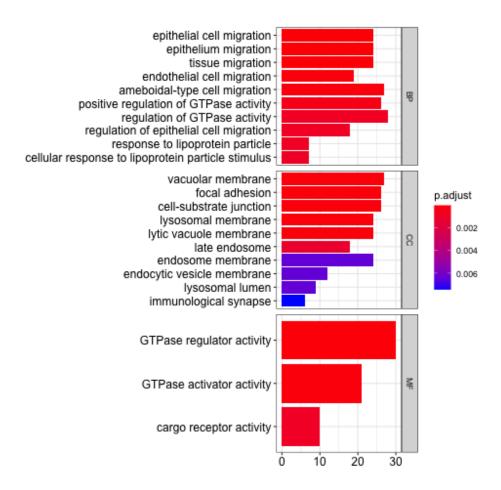
group 5 Go enrichment barplot which shows enrichment in the regulation of morpogenesis which contributes to the developmental process of a cell. Due to the cellular energy being depleted, it causes the developmental process to go haywire.

knitr::include_graphics("/Users/lindsayreisman/Downloads/final.proj.int only/grp5.GO.bar.png")



group 6Go enrichment barplot shows that there is a lot of cell migration activity to the epliltheilum and other tissues as a result of the lack of oxygen and energy derived from the cells.

knitr::include_graphics("/Users/lindsayreisman/Downloads/final.proj.int only/grp6.GO.bar.png")



Conclusion

From our interpretations, we have concluded that higher expression of transcripts under AK2 condition is responsible for over activation the immune activation and response. The two cells that are most affected by this knockout gene is Neutrophils and Myleocytes. The immune response is seen to show more expression which we believe is due to the body trying to overcompensate due to the lower levels of lympocytes and Neutrophils. Unfortunately, this overcompensation can also lead to overproduction of certain phospholipid pathways and metabolic processes which we saw enriched in the earlier graphs which can cause the cell to undergo oxidative stress and eventually lead to apoptosis. Also with AK2 knockout, is suppresses the transfer of phosphate groups, which causes not enough energy for the cell to perform its natural duties.

Appendix

```
# Load dataset into R
#
# library(GEOquery)
#
# gse <- getGEO("GSE179320")
# data <- gse$GSE179320_series_matrix.txt.gz
# data@experimentData
# data$data_processing
# data$geo_accession
# data$`cell type:ch1`</pre>
```

```
# data$`treatment:ch1`
# expdesign = data.frame(sample=data$qeo_accession,
                                                     condition=factor(data$`treatment:ch1`),
#
                                                     cell=factor(data$`cell type:ch1`))
# rownames(expdesign) <- data$geo_accession</pre>
#
# library(reshape2)
# library(qqplot2)
# library(org.Hs.eg.db)
# list_of_files <- list.files(path = ".", recursive = TRUE,
                                                                pattern = " \setminus 1.tsv\$",
#
                                                                full.names = TRUE)
# tablist <- lapply(list_of_files, function(x) read.table(x, header=T))
# sub.tablist \leftarrow lapply(tablist, function(x) x[,c(1,4)])
# raw.count = do.call("cbind", sub.tablist)
# rownames(raw.count) <- raw.count$target_id</pre>
# raw.count <- raw.count[!duplicated(as.list(raw.count))]</pre>
# raw.count$target_id <- NULL</pre>
# names(raw.count) <- c("AAVS1_MC_1","AAVS1_MC_2","AAVS1_MC_3","AAVS1_NP_1",
                                                      "AAVS1_NP_2", "AAVS1_NP_3", "AAVS1_PM_1", "AAVS1_PM_2",
#
                                                      "AAVS1_PM_3", "AK2_MC_1", "AK2_MC_2", "AK2_MC_3",
#
                                                        "AK2_NP_1", "AK2_NP_2", "AK2_NP_3", "AK2_PM_1",
#
                                                              "AK2 PM 2", "AK2 PM 3")
# Create a boxplot to confirm we normalized the dataset
# raw.count.drop.zero <- raw.count[rowSums(raw.count[])>0,]
# raw.count.drop.zero$transcript_id <- rownames(raw.count.drop.zero)
# raw.count.drop.zero.melt = melt(raw.count.drop.zero)
# ggplot(raw.count.drop.zero.melt, aes(x=variable, y=log2(value + 1))) +
#geom_boxplot() +
        theme(text=element\_text(size=15), axis.text.x=element\_text(angle=90, hjust=1)) + text(size=15), axis.text.x=element\_text(angle=90, hjust=1)) + text(angle=90, hjust=1)) + text(a
#
        qqtitle("Boxplot of normalized values")
# tab <- read.table("mart_export.txt", sep='\t', header=T)
# idx <- match(rownames(raw.count), tab$Transcript.stable.ID.version)
# meta.table <- tab[idx,]</pre>
# meta.table$Gene.name <- NULL</pre>
#
# xxd <- toTable(org.Hs.eqSYMBOL)</pre>
# yyd <- toTable(org.Hs.egENSEMBL2EG)</pre>
# ann <- merge(xxd,yyd, by="gene_id")
\# meta.table\$ensembl_id = meta.table\$Gene.stable.ID
# meta.table$Gene.stable.ID <- NULL</pre>
#
# meta.table.merge <- merge(ann, meta.table, by="ensembl_id")</pre>
# raw.count.meta.table.drop.dup <-</pre>
#drop duplicated gene_id
```

```
#meta.table.merge[!duplicated(meta.table.merge$gene_id),]
#
#
#
# library(DESeq2)
# library(ggplot2)
# library(ggrepel)
# set base level in each factor for interaction
# expdesign$condition <- relevel(expdesign$condition, "AAVS1 CRISPR")
# expdesign$cell <- relevel(expdesign$cell, "Myelocyte")</pre>
#
# run DESeq2 using DESeqDataSetFromMatrix() command.
# cds <- DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(countData =</pre>
                                      round(raw.count[rowSums(raw.count[])>0,]),
#
                                    colData = expdesign,
#
                                    design = ~ cell + condition + cell:condition)
#
# prefilter counts below 10
# keep <- rowSums(counts(cds)) >= 10
# cds <- cds[keep, ]</pre>
# dim(cds)
# cds <- DESeq(cds)</pre>
# resultsNames(cds)
# check design matrix
# mod_mat <- model.matrix(design(cds), colData(cds))</pre>
# coef vectors for each factor
# pro_AAVS1 <- colMeans(mod_mat[cds$cell ==</pre>
# "Promyelocyte" & cds$condition == "AAVS1 CRISPR", ]) -->
# pro_AK2 <- colMeans(mod_mat[cds$cell ==</pre>
# "Promyelocyte" & cds$condition == "AK2 CRISPR", ]) -->
# neu_AAVS1 <- colMeans(mod_mat[cds$cell == "Neutrophil" & cds$condition ==
                "AAVS1 CRISPR", ]) -->
# neu_AK2 <- colMeans(mod_mat[cds$cell == "Neutrophil" & cds$condition ==
                "AK2 CRISPR", ]) -->
#
# results of cds with interaction term
# res.int <- results(cds,name = "cellPromyelocyte.conditionAK2.CRISPR")</pre>
# summary(res.int)
#
#
# sum(res.int$padj < 0.05 & abs(res.int$log2FoldChange) > 1, na.rm=T)
# resSigind = res.int[ which(res.int$padj < 0.05 & res.int$log2FoldChange > 1), ]
# resSigrep = res.int[ which(res.int$padj < 0.05 & res.int$log2FoldChange < -1), ]
```

```
# resSig = rbind(resSigind, resSigrep)
#
# diffexpqenes = rownames(resSig)
#
# normvalues <- counts(cds, normalized=T)</pre>
# find the diffexpvalues
# idx2 <- match(diffexpgenes,rownames(normvalues))</pre>
# diffexpvalues <- normvalues[idx2,]</pre>
# head(resSig)
# dim(diffexpvalues)
# resSig$Transcript.stable.ID.version = rownames(resSig)
# resSig.merged.ann <- merge(as.data.frame(resSig),</pre>
# diffexpvalues.matched.meta.table.drop.na,by='Transcript.stable.ID.version')
# resSig.merged.ann$diffexpressed <- "NO"</pre>
# resSiq.merged.ann$diffexpressed[resSiq.merged.ann$log2FoldChange > 1 &
# resSig.merged.ann$pvalue < 0.05] <- "UP"</pre>
# resSig.merged.ann$diffexpressed[resSig.merged.ann$log2FoldChange < -1 &
# resSig.merged.ann$pvalue < 0.05] <- "DOWN"</pre>
# mycolors <- c("red", "green", "black")</pre>
# names(mycolors) <- c("DOWN", "UP", "NO")</pre>
# resSig.merged.ann$delabel <- NA</pre>
# resSig.merged.ann$delabel[resSig$diffexpressed != "NO"] <-</pre>
\# resSig.merged.ann\$symbol.x[resSig\$diffexpressed != "NO"]
# ordered.resSiq.merged.ann <- resSiq.merged.ann[order(resSiq.merged.ann$padj),]
# ordered.filter.resSiq.merqed.ann <- ordered.resSiq.merqed.ann %>%
# filter(abs(log2FoldChange) > 1) %>% mutate(top20_symbol = "")
# ordered.filter.resSiq.merged.ann$top20_symbol[1:20] <- #as.character
# (ordered.filter.resSig.merged.ann$delabel[1:20])
# library(ggrepel)
# options(ggrepel.max.overlaps = Inf)
# qqplot(data=ordered.filter.resSiq.merqed.ann, aes(x=loq2FoldChange,
# y=-log10(padj), col=diffexpressed)) +
# geom_point() +
# theme minimal() +
# geom_vline(xintercept=c(-1, 1), col="orange") +
  geom_hline(yintercept=-log10(0.05), col="orange") +
# scale_color_manual(values = mycolors) +
  labs(col = "DE genes") +
#
  qqtitle("Differentially expressed")
#
   geom_text_repel(aes(label=top20_symbol))
```

```
# Find the genes with the most significance
# resSig[order(resSig$padj), ]
# library(reshape2)
# norm melt = melt(normvalues)
# gene2draw.ENST00000620254.5 = subset(norm_melt, Var1=="ENST00000620254.5")
# library(ggplot2)
# Look at the 3 most significant
# qene2draw.ENST00000380554.5 = subset(norm_melt, Var1=="ENST00000380554.5")
# ggplot(gene2draw.ENST00000380554.5) +
  qeom\_bar(mappinq = aes(x=Var2, y=value), stat="identity")+
#
  theme(text=element_text(size=15), axis.text.x=element_text(anqle=90, hjust=1)) +
  qqtitle("ENST00000380554.5")
#
#
# gene2draw.ENST00000505239.1 = subset(norm_melt, Var1=="ENST00000505239.1")
# ggplot(gene2draw.ENST00000505239.1) +
  geom_bar(mapping = aes(x=Var2, y=value), stat="identity") +
   theme(text=element_text(size=15), axis.text.x=element_text(angle=90, hjust=1)) +
#
   qqtitle("ENST00000505239.1")
#
# qene2draw.ENST00000605244.5 = subset(norm melt, Var1=="ENST00000605244.5")
# qqplot(qene2draw.ENST00000605244.5) +
  geom_bar(mapping = aes(x=Var2, y=value), stat="identity") +
  theme(text=element\_text(size=15), axis.text.x=element\_text(angle=90, hjust=1)) \ +
#
#
   ggtitle("ENST00000605244.5")
#
#
# match transcript id
# idx3 <- match(rownames(diffexpvalues),</pre>
# meta.table.merge$Transcript.stable.ID.version)
# subset those matched in differpuales
# diffexpvalues.matched.meta.table <- meta.table.merge[idx3,]</pre>
# #drop row with na
\# diffexpuls.matched.meta.table.drop.na <- diffexpuls.matched.
# meta.table[!is.na(diffexpvalues.matched.meta.table$gene_id),]
#
# diffexpualues PCA
\# diffexpualues.prcomp \leftarrow prcomp(t(diffexpualues), scale=TRUE, center=TRUE)
# check variances of PC
# plot(diffexpvalues.prcomp)
\# diffexpvalues.coords2draw \leftarrow cbind(as.data.frame(diffexpvalues.prcomp$x),
# expdesign)
# vars_transformed <- apply(diffexpvalues.prcomp$x, 2, var)</pre>
```

```
# or diffexpvalues.prcomp$sdev^2
# percent.var <- vars transformed/sum(vars transformed)</pre>
# library(ggrepel)
# ggplot(diffexpvalues.coords2draw, aes(x = PC1, y= PC2,
                           col=cell, shape=condition)) +
#
  qeom point(size=3) +
# xlab(paste0("PC1: ",round(100*percent.var[1]),"% variance")) +
  ylab(paste0("PC2: ",round(100*percent.var[2]),"% variance")) +
#
  geom_text_repel(aes(label=condition)) +
#
#
  labs(title="diff.PCA plot") +
#
  theme(plot.title = element_text(hjust = 0.5)) +
#
   coord_fixed()
#
#
# diffexpvalues.drop.zero.count <- diffexpvalues[rowSums(diffexpvalues[])>0,]
# t.diffexpvalues.drop.zero.count <- t(diffexpvalues.drop.zero.count)</pre>
# calculate distance and clustering
# diffexpvalues.cor <- cor(t.diffexpvalues.drop.zero.count)
# diffexpvalues.dist <- as.dist(1-diffexpvalues.cor)</pre>
# diffexp.clust <- hclust(diffexpvalues.dist, method='average')</pre>
# check width distr to determine best k value
# library(cluster)
# avq.sil.values=numeric()
# avg.sil.values[1]=0
# for (i in 2:20) {
  temp.clusters = cutree(diffexp.clust, k=i)
  silhouette(temp.clusters, dist=diffexpvalues.dist)-> temp.cluster.sil
#
   avg.sil.values[i]=mean(temp.cluster.sil[,"sil_width"])
# }
# plot average sil values
# plot(avg.sil.values,main="Average Silhouette Values")
# diffexp.clust.groups <- cutree(diffexp.clust,k=9)</pre>
\# diffexp.clust.groups.df <- data.frame(cluster = diffexp.clust.groups)
# diffexp.clust.groups.df$cluster
# diffexp.clust.groups.df <- data.frame(cluster = as.character
# (diffexp.clust.groups.df$cluster))
# rownames(diffexp.clust.groups.df) <- diffexpgenes</pre>
# table(diffexp.clust.groups)
# library(cluster)
\# \ diffexp.clust.sil = silhouette(diffexp.clust.groups, \ diffexpvalues.dist)
```

```
# plot(diffexp.clust.sil,main="silhouette plot", col="blue", border=NA)
#
# group1names = names(which(diffexp.clust.groups==1))
# summary(group1names)
# group2names = names(which(diffexp.clust.groups==2))
# summary(group2names)
# group3names = names(which(diffexp.clust.groups==3))
# summary(qroup3names)
# group4names = names(which(diffexp.clust.groups==4))
# summary(qroup4names)
# group5names = names(which(diffexp.clust.groups==5))
# summary(qroup5names)
# group6names = names(which(diffexp.clust.groups==6))
# summary(qroup6names)
# group7names = names(which(diffexp.clust.groups==7))
# summary(group7names)
# group8names = names(which(diffexp.clust.groups==8))
# summary(group8names)
# group9names = names(which(diffexp.clust.groups==9))
# summary(group9names)
#
# library(pheatmap)
# my_sample_col <- expdesign</pre>
# my_sample_col$sample = NULL
# rownames(my_sample_col) <- colnames(diffexpualues)</pre>
# my_sample_col
# create a complete heatmap using cutree_rows=9
# heatmap <- pheatmap(diffexpvalues.drop.zero.count, cluster_rows=diffexp.clust,
#scale = "row", cutree_rows = 9, cutree_cols = 3,
# annotation_col=my_sample_col, annotation_row=diffexp.clust.groups.df,
# main="complete heatmap",
# color = colorRampPalette(c("blue", "white", "red"))(50), angle_col = 45)
# save_pheatmap_pdf <- function(x, filename, width=20, height=20) {</pre>
\# stopifnot(!missing(x))
# stopifnot(!missing(filename))
# pdf(filename, width=width, height=height)
  grid::grid.newpage()
#
   grid::grid.draw(x$qtable)
  dev.off()
# }
# save_pheatmap_pdf(heatmap, "complete_heatmap.int.pdf")
#
# Hierachical clustering
# diff.cor <- cor(diffexpvalues[rowSums(diffexpvalues[])>0,])
# diff.dist <- as.dist(1-diff.cor)</pre>
```

```
# diff.clust <- hclust(diff.dist, method='average')</pre>
# expdesign vs. cell plot
# diff.clust$labels <- expdesign$cell</pre>
# ## samples cluster together according to cell type
# plot(diff.clust,main="expdesign vs. cell cluster dendogram")
#
# expdesign vs. condition plot
# diff.clust$labels <- expdesign$condition
## some samples according to condition DONOT cluster together
# plot(diff.clust,main="expdesign vs. condition cluster dendogram")
# expdesign vs. sample plot
# diff.clust$labels <- expdesign$sample
# plot(diff.clust, main="expdesign vs. sample cluster dendogram")
# using clusterprofiler to do GO analysis
# library(clusterProfiler)
# library(org.Hs.eg.db)
# ego <- enrichGO(gene</pre>
                             =diffexpvalues.matched.meta.table.drop.na$gene_id,
#
                               = raw.count.meta.table.drop.dup$gene_id,
                  universe
#
                  OrqDb
                               = org.Hs.eg.db,
#
                  ont
                                = "ALL",
#
                  pAdjustMethod = "BH",
#
                  pvalueCutoff = 0.01,
#
          readable
                        = TRUE)
# go.res <- as.data.frame(ego@result)</pre>
# plot top 10 GO
# qqplot(qo.res.top.10, aes(x=Description, y=-loq10(p.adjust), fill=ONTOLOGY))+
  qeom_bar(stat="identity") +
# coord flip()+
# scale_x_discrete(limits=rev(go.res.top.10$Description))+
  theme_classic()+
# gqtitle("Top 10 GO terms")+
  theme(
#
          text = element_text(size=20),
#
          axis.title.y=element_blank(),
#
          axis.title.x=element_text(size=15)
#
          )
#
# For group 1:
# heatmap for group1
# grp1.heatmap = pheatmap(diffexpvalues.drop.
#
                   zero.count[names(which(diffexp.clust.groups==1)),],
# scale = "row", annotation_col=my_sample_col,
# annotation_row=diffexp.clust.groups.df,
# clustering distance rows = "correlation", main="qrp1 heatmap",
\# color = colorRampPalette(c("blue", "white", "red"))(50), angle_col = 45)
```

```
# save_pheatmap_pdf <- function(x, filename, width=20, height=20) {</pre>
  stopifnot(!missing(x))
# stopifnot(!missing(filename))
# pdf(filename, width=width, height=height)
  grid::grid.newpage()
   grid::grid.draw(x$gtable)
  dev.off()
# }
# save_pheatmap_pdf(qrp1.heatmap, "qrp1.heatmap.pdf")
#
# cluster1genes = diffexpvalues[diffexp.clust.groups==1, ]
\# cluster1match.diffexpvalues.matched.meta.table.drop.na <-na.omit(diffexpvalues.
# matched.meta.table.drop.na[match(rownames(cluster1genes),
# diffexpualues.matched.meta.table.drop.na$Transcript.stable.ID.version),])
# GO terms for group1:
# ego.grp1 <- enrichGO(gene = cluster1match.diffexpvalues.</pre>
                                     matched.meta.table.drop.na$gene_id,
                              = raw.count.meta.table.drop.dup$gene_id,
#
                  universe
#
                  OraDb
                               = orq.Hs.eq.db,
#
                  ont
                               = "ALL",
#
                  pAdjustMethod = "BH",
#
                  pvalueCutoff = 0.01,
         readable
                        = TRUE)
# go.res.grp1 <- as.data.frame(ego.grp1@result)</pre>
# barplot(ego.grp1, split="ONTOLOGY", showCategory = 10) +
# facet_grid(ONTOLOGY~., scale="free")
# For group 2:
# heatmap for group2
# grp2.heatmap = pheatmap(diffexpvalues.drop.zero.count[names(which(diffexp.
# clust.groups==2)),],
# scale = "row", annotation_col=my_sample_col,
# annotation_row=diffexp.clust.groups.df,
# clustering distance rows = "correlation", main="qrp2 heatmap",
\# color = colorRampPalette(c("blue", "white", "red"))(50), angle_col = 45)
#
# save_pheatmap_pdf <- function(x, filename, width=20, height=20) {</pre>
# stopifnot(!missing(x))
  stopifnot(!missing(filename))
# pdf(filename, width=width, height=height)
  grid::grid.newpage()
#
   grid::grid.draw(x$qtable)
#
   dev.off()
# }
# save_pheatmap_pdf(grp2.heatmap, "grp2.heatmap.pdf")
#
#
```

```
# cluster2genes = diffexpvalues[diffexp.clust.groups==2, ]
# cluster2match.diffexpvalues.matched.meta.table.drop.na <- #na.omit
# (diffexpvalues.matched.meta.table.drop.na[match(rownames(cluster2qenes),
# diffexpualues.matched.meta.table.drop.na$Transcript.stable.ID.version),])
# GO terms for group2:
# ego.grp2 <- enrichGO(gene</pre>
                                                                  = cluster2match.diffexpvalues.matched.meta.
                                                                          table.drop.na$qene id,
#
                                                                  = raw.count.meta.table.drop.dup$gene id,
                                      universe
#
                                      OrqDb
                                                                   = org.Hs.eq.db,
#
                                                                   = "ALL",
                                      ont
#
                                      pAdjustMethod = "BH",
#
                                      pvalueCutoff = 0.01,
                                                   = TRUE)
#
                     readable
# go.res.grp2 <- as.data.frame(ego.grp2@result)</pre>
 \begin{tabular}{ll} \# \ barplot(ego.grp2, \ split="ONTOLOGY", showCategory = 10) + facet\_grid(ONTOLOGY", showCategory = 10) + facet\_grid(ONTOLOGY = 10) + facet\_g
# scale="free")
#
#
#
# cluster3genes = diffexpvalues[diffexp.clust.groups==3, ]
\# cluster \Im match. diffex pvalues. matched. meta. table. drop. na < -na. omit (diffex pvalues.
                                                 matched.meta.table.drop.na[match(rownames(cluster3genes),
# differpulues.matched.meta.table.drop.na$Transcript.stable.ID.version),])
# GO terms for group3:
# ego.grp3 <- enrichGO(gene</pre>
                                                                 = cluster3match.diffexpvalues.matched.
                                                         meta.table.drop.na$gene_id,
#
                                                                = raw.count.meta.table.drop.dup$gene_id,
                                      universe
#
                                      OrqDb
                                                                   = orq.Hs.eq.db,
#
                                                                    = "ALL",
                                       ont
#
                                      pAdjustMethod = "BH",
#
                                      pvalueCutoff = 0.01,
                                                   = TRUE)
                     readable
# go.res.grp3 <- as.data.frame(ego.grp3@result)</pre>
# barplot(ego.grp3, split="ONTOLOGY", showCategory = 10) + facet_grid(ONTOLOGY~.,
# scale="free")
#
#
# cluster4genes = diffexpvalues[diffexp.clust.groups==4, ]
\# cluster4match.diffexpvalues.matched.meta.table.drop.na <-na.omit(diffexpvalues.
                                              matched.meta.table.drop.na[match(rownames(cluster4genes),
# diffexpualues.matched.meta.table.drop.na$Transcript.stable.ID.version),])
# GO terms for group4:
# ego.grp4 <- enrichGO(gene</pre>
                                                                 = cluster4match.diffexpvalues.
#
                                                                  matched.meta.table.drop.na$qene_id,
#
                                                                 = raw.count.meta.table.drop.dup$gene_id,
                                      universe
#
                                                                    = org.Hs.eg.db,
                                       OrgDb
```

```
= "ALL",
#
                  pAdjustMethod = "BH",
#
                  pvalueCutoff = 0.01,
#
                       = TRUE)
          readable
# go.res.grp4 <- as.data.frame(ego.grp4@result)</pre>
# create barplot
# barplot(ego.grp4, split="ONTOLOGY", showCategory = 10) +
# facet_grid(ONTOLOGY~., scale="free")
#
#
# cluster5genes = diffexpvalues[diffexp.clust.groups==5, ]
# cluster5match.diffexpvalues.matched.meta.table.drop.na <- na.omit
# (diffexpvalues.matched.meta.table.drop.na[match(rownames(cluster5qenes),
# diffexpualues.matched.meta.table.drop.na$Transcript.stable.ID.version),])
# GO terms for group5:
                               = cluster5match.diffexpvalues.matched.
# ego.grp5 <- enrichGO(gene</pre>
                                     meta.table.drop.na$gene_id,
#
                               = raw.count.meta.table.drop.dup$gene id,
                  universe
#
                  OraDb
                                = orq.Hs.eq.db,
#
                                = "ALL",
                  ont
#
                  pAdjustMethod = "BH",
#
                  pvalueCutoff = 0.01,
#
         readable
                       = TRUE)
# go.res.grp5 <- as.data.frame(ego.grp5@result)</pre>
# create barplot
# barplot(ego.grp5, split="ONTOLOGY", showCategory = 10) + facet_grid(ONTOLOGY~.,
#scale="free")
# cluster6genes = diffexpvalues[diffexp.clust.groups==6, ]
# cluster6match.diffexpvalues.matched.meta.table.drop.na <-na.omit(diffexpvalues.
# matched.meta.table.drop.na[match(rownames(cluster6genes),
# diffexpualues.matched.meta.table.drop.na$Transcript.stable.ID.version),])
# GO terms for group6:
# ego.grp6 <- enrichGO(gene</pre>
                                = cluster6match.diffexpvalues.matched.meta.table
#
                                   .drop.na$gene_id,
#
                               = raw.count.meta.table.drop.dup$gene_id,
                  universe
#
                  OrqDb
                               = orq.Hs.eq.db,
#
                                = "ALL",
                  ont
#
                  pAdjustMethod = "BH",
#
                 pvalueCutoff = 0.01,
                        = TRUE)
         readable
# go.res.grp6 <- as.data.frame(ego.grp6@result)</pre>
#
# create barplot
# barplot(ego.grp6, tile("group6 GO plot)",split="ONTOLOGY",showCategory = 10)
# + facet_grid(ONTOLOGY~., scale="free"))
```

```
# cluster7genes = diffexpvalues[diffexp.clust.groups==7, ]
# cluster7match.diffexpvalues.matched.meta.table.drop.na <- na.omit
# (diffexpvalues.matched.meta.table.drop.na[match(rownames(cluster7genes),
# diffexpualues.matched.meta.table.drop.na$Transcript.stable.ID.version),])
# GO terms for group6:
# ego.grp7 <- enrichGO(gene
                                = cluster7match.diffexpvalues.matched.meta.
                                     table.drop.na$qene id,
#
                               = raw.count.meta.table.drop.dup$qene_id,
                  universe
#
                  OrqDb
                               = orq.Hs.eq.db,
#
                  ont
                               = "ALL",
#
                  pAdjustMethod = "BH",
#
                  pvalueCutoff = 0.01,
                       = TRUE)
#
          readable
# go.res.grp7 <- as.data.frame(ego.grp7@result)</pre>
# create barplot
# barplot(eqo.grp7, split="ONTOLOGY", showCategory = 10) + facet_grid(ONTOLOGY~.,
# scale="free")
#
#
#
# cluster8genes = diffexpvalues[diffexp.clust.groups==8, ]
# cluster8match.diffexpvalues.matched.meta.table.drop.na <-na.omit(diffexpvalues.
# matched.meta.table.drop.na[match(rownames(cluster8genes),
# diffexpualues.matched.meta.table.drop.na$Transcript.stable.ID.version),])
# GO terms for group8:
# ego.grp8 <- enrichGO(gene</pre>
                                = cluster8match.diffexpvalues.matched.meta.
                                     table.drop.na$qene_id,
#
                               = raw.count.meta.table.drop.dup$qene_id,
                  universe
#
                  OrqDb
                               = orq.Hs.eq.db,
#
                                = "ALL",
#
                  pAdjustMethod = "BH",
#
                  pvalueCutoff = 0.01,
#
         readable
                       = TRUE)
# go.res.grp8 <- as.data.frame(ego.grp8@result)</pre>
# create barplot
# barplot(ego.grp8, split="ONTOLOGY", showCategory = 10
# facet_grid(ONTOLOGY~., scale="free")
#
# cluster9qenes = diffexpvalues[diffexp.clust.groups==9, ]
\# cluster9match.diffexpvalues.matched.meta.table.drop.na <- na.omit(diffexpvalues.
# matched.meta.table.drop.na[match(rownames(cluster9qenes),
# diffexpualues.matched.meta.table.drop.na$Transcript.stable.ID.version),])
# GO terms for group9:
# eqo.qrp9 <- enrichGO(qene</pre>
                                = cluster9match.diffexpvalues.matched.
                                  meta.table.drop.na$gene_id,
```

```
= raw.count.meta.table.drop.dup$gene_id,
#
                   universe
#
                   OrqDb
                                  = orq.Hs.eq.db,
#
                                  = "ALL",
                   ont
#
                   pAdjustMethod = "BH",
#
                   pvalueCutoff
                                  = 0.01,
#
                         = TRUE)
#
 go.res.grp9 <- as.data.frame(ego.grp9@result)</pre>
#
# barplot(ego.grp9, split="ONTOLOGY", showCategory = 10) +
# facet_grid(ONTOLOGY~., scale="free")
```

References

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