

# sos4R: New Wrapper Functions for Easier SOS Access

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sos4R: New  
Wrapper  
Functions  
for Easier  
SOS Access

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Benedikt Gräler,  
Daniel Nüst



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## Overview

### Overview

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R is a statistical tool and programming language tailored for data analysis including spatial data.

It allows to **query data** from standard conform **SOS instances** using simple **R function calls** and does not require any knowledge about the Sensor Web. It is easily extendible for new data models and **opens** the huge amount of analysis and visualization **features of the R environment for the Sensor Web**.

<https://52north.github.io/sos4R/>

sos4R includes a collection of convenience functions which wrap the complex SOS interface with its specific terms (e.g. FOI, procedure).

The wrapper function uses more generic terms easily accessible for all users, especially without a strong knowledge of the OGC standards of the Sensor Web Enablement (see “[OGC SWE and SOS](#)” vignette for details).

In a [nutshell](#) , sos4R...

- has had 589 commits made by 9 contributors representing 12,680 lines of code
- is mostly written in R with a well-commented source code
- has a well established, mature codebase maintained by a average size development team with increasing Y-O-Y commits
- took an estimated 13 years of effort (COCOMO model) starting with its first commit in May, 2013 ending with its most recent commit about three weeks ago
- CRAN: <https://cran.r-project.org/package=sos4R>

### Sponsors

- NIWA: National Institute of Water and Atmospheric Research, New Zealand
- MuDak-WRM: Multidisciplinary data acquisition as the key for a globally applicable water resource management, funded by BMBF
- TaMIS: Talsperren-Mess-Informationen-System, funded by BMBF
- ifgi: student contributions, initial version by Daniel Nüst

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The key functions of the convenience API are:

- **SOS()** initializes the connection with an SOS endpoint
- **phenomena()** returns a list of phenomena that the SOS provides. It can also provide details on the recording period and the stations providing this phenomenon
- **sites()** retrieves details on the feature of interests/measurement stations. This can include their locations, observed phenomena and temporal extent of each time series.
- **getData()** fetches the desired time series data from the SOS.

The convenience API wraps and combines the default API reusing the available functions in sos4R.

## Phenomena

```
library("sos4R")

niwaHydro <- SOS(url = "https://climate-sos.niwa.co.nz/",
                 binding = "KVP",
                 useDCPs = FALSE,
                 version = "2.0.0")
```



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(WBAL) "MTN

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The retrieved data can be extended by time intervals and site identifier for which data is available.

```
head(phenomena(sos = niwaHydro, includeTemporalBBox = TRUE))
```

		phenomenon
1		MTHLY_STATS: TOTAL RAINFALL (MTHLY: TOTAL RAIN)
2		MTHLY_STATS: WET DAYS with rainfall 1 mm or more (MTHLY: WET DAYS)
3		MTHLY_STATS: MEAN AIR TEMPERATURE; 0.5* (MAX + MIN) (MTHLY: MEAN TEMP)
4		MTHLY_STATS: MEAN MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE from daily Maxs (MTHLY: MEAN MAX TEMP)
5		MTHLY_STATS: MEAN MINIMUM TEMPERATURE from daily Mins (MTHLY: MEAN MIN TEMP)
6		MTHLY_STATS: MEAN DAILY GRASS-MIN from dly Grass-mins (MTHLY: MEAN GRASS-MIN)
	timeBegin	timeEnd
1	1960-08-01	2019-08-01
2	1960-08-01	2019-08-01
3	1960-08-01	2019-08-01
4	1960-08-01	2019-08-01
5	1960-08-01	2019-08-01
6	1960-08-01	2019-08-01



```
head(phenomena(sos = niwaHydro, includeSiteId = TRUE))
```

```

                                phenomenon
61  MTHLY_STATS: DAYS OF DEFICIT (WBal AWC=150mm) (MTHLY: DAYS OF DEFICIT (WBAL))
126 MTHLY_STATS: DAYS OF DEFICIT (WBal AWC=150mm) (MTHLY: DAYS OF DEFICIT (WBAL))
152 MTHLY_STATS: DAYS OF DEFICIT (WBal AWC=150mm) (MTHLY: DAYS OF DEFICIT (WBAL))
251 MTHLY_STATS: DAYS OF DEFICIT (WBal AWC=150mm) (MTHLY: DAYS OF DEFICIT (WBAL))
293 MTHLY_STATS: DAYS OF DEFICIT (WBal AWC=150mm) (MTHLY: DAYS OF DEFICIT (WBAL))
342 MTHLY_STATS: DAYS OF DEFICIT (WBal AWC=150mm) (MTHLY: DAYS OF DEFICIT (WBAL))
  siteID
61    17244
126   26958
152   25506
251   22719
293   37850
342   38224

```

One can also add both temporal extent and sites.

```
head(phenomena(sos = niwaHydro, includeTemporalBBBox = TRUE, includeSiteId = TRUE))
```

						phenomenon
61	MTHLY_STATS:	DAYS OF DEFICIT	(WBal AWC=150mm)	(MTHLY: DAYS OF DEFICIT	(WBAL))	
126	MTHLY_STATS:	DAYS OF DEFICIT	(WBal AWC=150mm)	(MTHLY: DAYS OF DEFICIT	(WBAL))	
152	MTHLY_STATS:	DAYS OF DEFICIT	(WBal AWC=150mm)	(MTHLY: DAYS OF DEFICIT	(WBAL))	
251	MTHLY_STATS:	DAYS OF DEFICIT	(WBal AWC=150mm)	(MTHLY: DAYS OF DEFICIT	(WBAL))	
293	MTHLY_STATS:	DAYS OF DEFICIT	(WBal AWC=150mm)	(MTHLY: DAYS OF DEFICIT	(WBAL))	
342	MTHLY_STATS:	DAYS OF DEFICIT	(WBal AWC=150mm)	(MTHLY: DAYS OF DEFICIT	(WBAL))	
	siteID	timeBegin	timeEnd			
61	17244	1999-08-01	2019-08-01			
126	26958	2007-08-01	2019-08-01			
152	25506	2004-12-01	2018-06-01			
251	22719	2002-07-01	2018-11-01			
293	37850	2011-11-01	2019-08-01			
342	38224	2010-09-01	2019-08-01			

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## Sites

The function `sites(...)` provides information about sites where observations are made, including metadata about the sites (e.g. location). The returned object is a `SpatialPointsDataFrame`.

```
sites <- sites(sos = niwaHydro)
head(sites)
```

	coordinates	siteID
1	(173.926, -35.183)	1056
2	(172.851, -42.53433)	11234
3	(172.9716, -41.09798)	12429
4	(173.9628, -41.49891)	12430
5	(169.3148, -45.20724)	12431
6	(174.9844, -40.90392)	12442

One can retrieve additional metadata about the phenomena and the time period for which data is available. Including temporal extent implies inclusion of phenomena. In the next chunks the object is coerced to a `data.frame` to get a tabular view.

```
sitesPhen <- sites(sos = niwaHydro, includePhenomena = TRUE)
head(colnames(sitesPhen@data))
```

```
[1] "siteID"
[2] "MTHLY_STATS: DAYS OF DEFICIT (WBal AWC=150mm) (MTHLY: DAYS OF DEFICIT (WBAL))"
[3] "MTHLY_STATS: DAYS OF OCCURRENCE (FOG) (MTHLY: FOG DAYS)"
[4] "MTHLY_STATS: DAYS OF OCCURRENCE (GALE) (MTHLY: GALE DAYS)"
[5] "MTHLY_STATS: DAYS OF OCCURRENCE (GROUND FROST) (MTHLY: GROUND FROST DAYS)"
[6] "MTHLY_STATS: DAYS OF OCCURRENCE (GUSTS over 23 knots) (MTHLY: GUST DAYS 24)"
```

```
colnames(sitesPhen@data)[c(1,3,80)] <- c("ID", "FOG", "RAIN")
```

```
sitesPhen[,c(1,3,80)]
```

	coordinates	ID	FOG	RAIN
1	(173.926, -35.183)	1056	TRUE	TRUE
2	(172.851, -42.53433)	11234	FALSE	TRUE
3	(172.9716, -41.09798)	12429	FALSE	TRUE
4	(173.9628, -41.49891)	12430	FALSE	TRUE
5	(169.3148, -45.20724)	12431	FALSE	TRUE
6	(174.9844, -40.90392)	12442	FALSE	TRUE
7	(168.3305, -46.41727)	12444	FALSE	TRUE
8	(167.275, -45.525)	12482	FALSE	TRUE
9	(166.7612, -77.84935)	12740	FALSE	TRUE
10	(170.5147, -45.90129)	15752	FALSE	TRUE
11	(172.324, -41.805)	16826	FALSE	TRUE
12	(175.735, -37.87683)	17030	FALSE	TRUE
13	(173.2629, -35.13352)	17067	FALSE	TRUE
14	(172.6111, -43.32858)	17244	FALSE	TRUE
15	(171.672, -43.47)	17610	FALSE	TRUE
16	(-176.475, -43.81687)	17840	FALSE	TRUE
17	(170.096, -43.736)	18125	FALSE	TRUE
18	(174.867, -41.407)	18234	FALSE	TRUE
19	(170.1356, -45.51814)	18437	FALSE	TRUE



## List sites IV

20	(175.545, -39.19589)	18464	FALSE	TRUE
21	(174.0727, -41.64724)	18468	FALSE	TRUE
22	(170.1004, -45.12427)	18593	FALSE	TRUE
23	(177.5294, -38.28566)	1905	FALSE	TRUE
24	(174.8638, -37.20637)	2006	FALSE	TRUE
25	(173.0948, -41.31727)	21937	FALSE	TRUE
26	(175.3898, -41.25231)	21938	FALSE	TRUE
27	(175.6092, -40.38195)	21963	FALSE	TRUE
28	(174.7764, -36.96177)	22719	FALSE	TRUE
29	(174.305, -39.33546)	23872	FALSE	TRUE
30	(171.1916, -42.46022)	23934	FALSE	TRUE
31	(172.6077, -43.53074)	24120	FALSE	TRUE
32	(170.1343, -43.36548)	24926	FALSE	TRUE
33	(177.9218, -38.62747)	24976	FALSE	TRUE
34	(173.8532, -35.93145)	25119	FALSE	TRUE
35	(169.267, -43.71882)	25506	FALSE	TRUE
36	(174.7202, -38.62033)	25726	FALSE	TRUE
37	(172.1557, -41.27058)	25777	FALSE	TRUE
38	(171.5628, -42.94152)	25821	FALSE	TRUE
39	(175.3052, -37.77389)	26117	FALSE	TRUE
40	(169.7315, -46.29282)	26163	FALSE	TRUE
41	(176.1103, -40.20812)	26958	FALSE	TRUE
42	(175.4128, -39.41755)	31621	FALSE	TRUE

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```

43 (173.2241, -42.82722) 31832 FALSE TRUE
44 (175.8575, -40.68048) 31851 FALSE TRUE
45 (171.3108, -44.12476) 35704 FALSE TRUE
46 (169.3921, -45.25366) 36592 FALSE TRUE
47 (172.9657, -43.80938) 36593 FALSE TRUE
48   (175.58, -38.517) 37016 FALSE TRUE
49 (167.6825, -45.29644) 37047 FALSE TRUE
50 (177.1629, -38.33334) 37239 FALSE TRUE
51 (168.018, -44.97781) 37382 FALSE TRUE
52 (175.1967, -39.07486) 37850 FALSE TRUE
53 (174.7138, -36.74827) 37852 FALSE TRUE
54 (176.4489, -40.57728) 38057 FALSE TRUE
55 (175.9159, -40.50652) 38224 FALSE TRUE
56 (172.0943, -43.83207) 38866 FALSE TRUE
57 (172.0842, -43.47962) 39063 FALSE TRUE
58 (171.8601, -42.11578)  3925  TRUE TRUE
59 (169.3182, -45.20342) 39564 FALSE TRUE
60 (169.6842, -45.0401)  5535 FALSE TRUE

```

```
sitesTempBB <- sites(sos = niwaHydro,
                     includeTemporalBBox = TRUE, includePhenomena = TRUE)
str(sitesTempBB[1:3,c(1,3,80)]@data)
```

```
'data.frame':  3 obs. of  3 variables:
```

```
$ siteID                                     : chr  "1056" "11234" "12429"
```

```
$ MTHLY_STATS: DAYS OF OCCURRENCE (FOG) (MTHLY: FOG DAYS):List of 3
```

```
..$ MTHLY_STATS: DAYS OF OCCURRENCE (FOG) (MTHLY: FOG DAYS):'data.frame': 1 obs. of  2 variables:
```

```
.. ..$ timeBegin: POSIXct, format: "1981-10-01"
```

```
.. ..$ timeEnd  : POSIXct, format: "1995-11-01"
```

```
..$ MTHLY_STATS: DAYS OF OCCURRENCE (FOG) (MTHLY: FOG DAYS): logi NA
```

```
..$ MTHLY_STATS: DAYS OF OCCURRENCE (FOG) (MTHLY: FOG DAYS): logi NA
```

```
$ MTHLY_STATS: TOTAL RAINFALL (MTHLY: TOTAL RAIN)          :List of 3
```

```
..$ MTHLY_STATS: TOTAL RAINFALL (MTHLY: TOTAL RAIN):'data.frame': 1 obs. of  2 variables:
```

```
.. ..$ timeBegin: POSIXct, format: "1981-10-01"
```

```
.. ..$ timeEnd  : POSIXct, format: "2019-08-01"
```

```
..$ MTHLY_STATS: TOTAL RAINFALL (MTHLY: TOTAL RAIN):'data.frame': 1 obs. of  2 variables:
```

```
.. ..$ timeBegin: POSIXct, format: "1995-06-01"
```

```
.. ..$ timeEnd  : POSIXct, format: "2019-08-01"
```

```
..$ MTHLY_STATS: TOTAL RAINFALL (MTHLY: TOTAL RAIN):'data.frame': 1 obs. of  2 variables:
```

```
.. ..$ timeBegin: POSIXct, format: "1995-04-01"
```

```
.. ..$ timeEnd  : POSIXct, format: "2018-02-01"
```

One can filter sites using phenomena and temporal extent.

```
head(sites(sos = niwaHydro, phenomena = phenomena[3,]))
```

	coordinates	siteID
1	(173.926, -35.183)	1056
2	(172.851, -42.53433)	11234
3	(172.9716, -41.09798)	12429
4	(173.9628, -41.49891)	12430
5	(169.3148, -45.20724)	12431
6	(174.9844, -40.90392)	12442

```
head(sites(sos = niwaHydro,  
  begin = as.POSIXct("1904-01-01"),  
  end = as.POSIXct("1905-12-31")))
```

	coordinates	siteID
1	(173.926, -35.183)	1056
2	(172.851, -42.53433)	11234
3	(172.9716, -41.09798)	12429
4	(173.9628, -41.49891)	12430
5	(169.3148, -45.20724)	12431
6	(174.9844, -40.90392)	12442



The `SpatialPointsDataFrame` allows access to coordinates with coordinate reference system (CRS).

```
library(sp)
coordinates(sites)[1:3,]
```

```
          lon      lat
[1,] 173.9260 -35.18300
[2,] 172.8510 -42.53433
[3,] 172.9717 -41.09798
```

```
sites@proj4string
```

CRS arguments:

```
+init=epsg:4326 +proj=longlat +datum=WGS84 +no_defs +ellps=WGS84
+towgs84=0,0,0
```

```
bbox(sites)
```

```
          min      max
lon -176.47500 177.92180
lat  -77.84935 -35.13352
```

One way of plotting and exploring the sites is:

```
library("mapview")  
mapview(sites[-16,], legend=FALSE, col.regions="#65c6e4")
```



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The function `siteList(...)` is an analogue, but the result is a list rather than a spatial object.

```
siteList <- siteList(sos = niwaHydro)
str(siteList)
```

```
'data.frame':  60 obs. of  1 variable:
 $ siteID: chr  "1056" "11234" "12429" "12430" ...
```

```
head(siteList)
```

```
  siteID
1  1056
2 11234
3 12429
4 12430
5 12431
6 12442
```

getData



The function `getData(...)` retrieves data and returns them in a long form 'data.frame' that is ready-to-use for the `xts` or `spacetime` package.

The returned data can be limited by thematic, spatial, and temporal filters. Thematic filtering (phenomena) support the values of the previous functions as inputs. Spatial filters are either sites, or a bounding box. Temporal filter is a time period during which observations are made.

Without a temporal extent, the used SOS only returns the last measurement.

```
obsData <- getData(sos = niwaHydro,  
                  phenomena = phenomena[18,1],  
                  sites = siteList[1:2,1]  
)  
str(obsData,1)
```

```
'data.frame':  2 obs. of  3 variables:  
 $ siteID                                     : Factor w/ 2 levels "1056","11234": 1 2  
 $ timestamp                                : POSIXct, format: "2019-08-01" "2019-08-01"  
 $ MTHLY_STATS: EXTREME MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE (MTHLY: EXTR MAX TEMP): num  20.3 18.8  
 .. attr(*, "metadata")=Formal class 'WmlMeasurementTimeseriesMetadata' [package "sos4R"] with 1 slot  
 .. attr(*, "defaultPointMetadata")=Formal class 'WmlDefaultTVPMeasurementMetadata' [package "sos4R"] with 2 slots
```

The result `data.frame` includes additional metadata.

```
attributes(obsData[[3]])
```

```
$metadata
```

```
An object of class "WmlMeasurementTimeseriesMetadata"
```

```
Slot "temporalExtent":
```

```
GmlTimePosition [ time: 2019-08-01 ]
```

```
$defaultPointMetadata
```

```
An object of class "WmlDefaultTVPMeasurementMetadata"
```

```
Slot "uom":
```

```
[1] "DEGREE_CELSIUS"
```

```
Slot "interpolationType":
```

```
An object of class "WmlInterpolationType"
```

```
Slot "href":
```

```
[1] "http://www.opengis.net/def/timeseriesType/WaterML/2.0/continuous"
```

```
Slot "title":
```

```
[1] "Instantaneous"
```

Request more data with a temporal extent for all sites.

```
obsData <- getData(sos = niwaHydro,
  phenomena = phenomena[18,1],
  sites = siteList[1,1],
  begin = parsedate::parse_iso_8601("1970-01-01T12:00:00+12:00"),
  end = parsedate::parse_iso_8601(Sys.time()))
```

```
str(obsData, 2)
```

```
'data.frame':  421 obs. of  3 variables:
 $ siteID                                     : Factor w/ 1 level "1056": 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
 $ timestamp                                : POSIXct, format: "1981-10-01" "1981-11-01" ...
 $ MTHLY_STATS: EXTREME MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE (MTHLY: EXTR MAX TEMP): num  20.6 21.9 25 27.8 29.2 24.5 22.9 20.7 18.3 18 ...
 ..- attr(*, "metadata")=Formal class 'WmlMeasurementTimeseriesMetadata' [package "sos4R"] with 1 slot
 ..- attr(*, "defaultPointMetadata")=Formal class 'WmlDefaultTVPMeasurementMetadata' [package "sos4R"] with 2 slots
```

## Plotting and Analytics

Plot received data as time series:

```
library(xts)
```

Loading required package: zoo

Attaching package: 'zoo'

The following objects are masked from 'package:base':

```
as.Date, as.Date.numeric
```

Registered S3 method overwritten by 'xts':

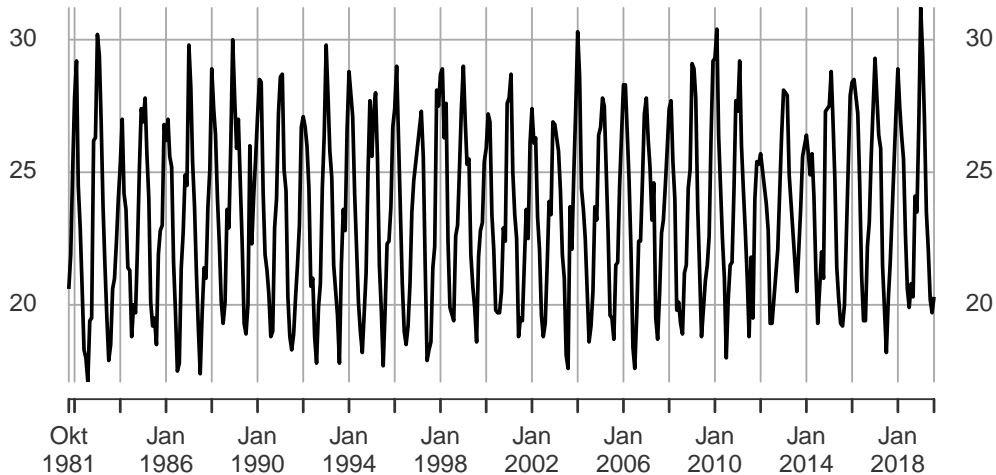
```
method      from
```

```
as.zoo.xts zoo
```

```
ts1056 <- xts(obsData[obsData$siteID == '1056',3],  
              obsData[obsData$siteID == '1056', "timestamp"])  
plot(x = ts1056,  
     main = "Monthly: Extreme max. Temp. (°C)")
```

### Monthly: Extreme max. Temp. (°C)

1981-10-01 / 2019-08-01



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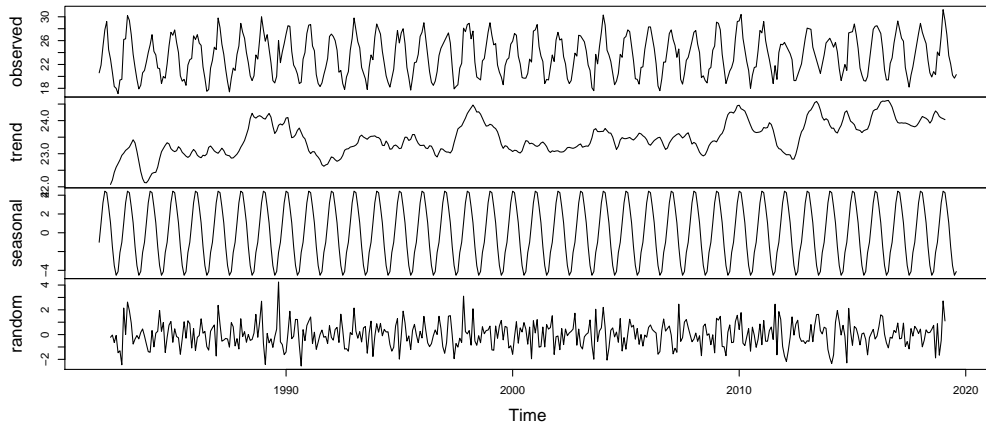
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Conversion of the time series:

```
extTs <- merge(ts1056, as.xts(ts(start = c(1981,10), end = c(2018, 8), frequency = 12)))  
smplTs <- ts(as.numeric(extTs[,1]), c(1981, 10), frequency = 12)  
smplTsFill <- imputeTS::na.interpolation(smplTs)  
decTs <- decompose(smplTsFill)
```

```
plot(decTs)
```

### Decomposition of additive time series



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```
lm(y~x, data.frame(y=as.numeric(decTs$trend), x=1:length(decTs$trend)))
```

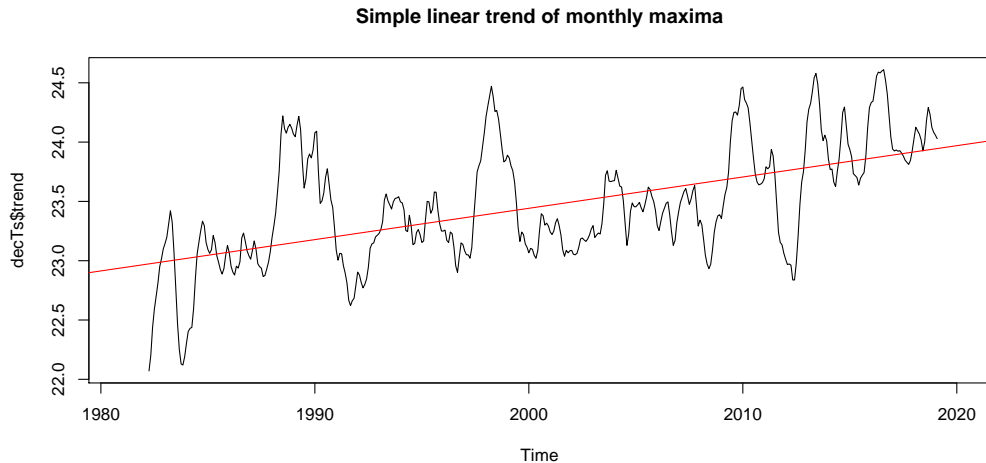
Call:

```
lm(formula = y ~ x, data = data.frame(y = as.numeric(decTs$trend),  
  x = 1:length(decTs$trend)))
```

Coefficients:

(Intercept)	x
22.963303	0.002235

```
plot(decTs$trend,xlim=c(1981, 2020), main="Simple linear trend of monthly maxima")  
abline(22.96-(1981+9/12)*0.0022*12, 0.0022*12, col="red")
```



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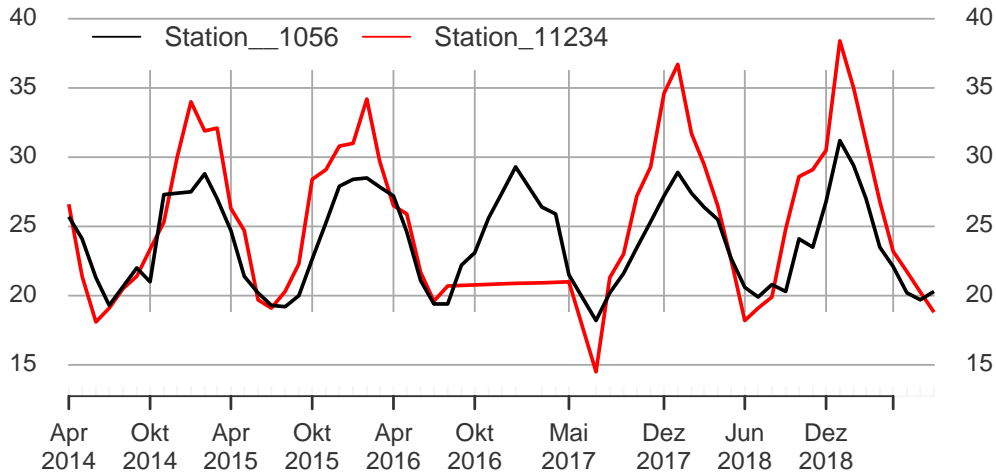
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You can also retrieve data for phenomena from multiple sites.

```
multipleSites <- siteList$siteID[35:38]
obsData <- getData(sos = niwaHydro,
                  phenomena = phenomena[18,1],
                  sites = sites[1:2,]$siteID, # siteList[1:2,1]
                  begin = parsedate::parse_iso_8601(Sys.time()-5.5*365*24*60*60),
                  end = parsedate::parse_iso_8601(Sys.time()))

)

ts1056 <- xts(obsData[obsData$siteID == '1056',3],
              obsData[obsData$siteID == '1056',"timestamp"])
names(ts1056) <- "Station_1056"
ts11234 <- xts(obsData[obsData$siteID == '11234',3],
              obsData[obsData$siteID == '11234',"timestamp"])
names(ts11234) <- "Station_11234"
p <- plot(x = na.fill(merge(ts1056, ts11234), list(NA, "extend", NA)),
          main = "Monthly: Extreme max. Temp. (°C)",
          ylim=c(14,41))
addLegend("topleft", ncol=2, col = c("black", "red"), lty=1)
plot(p)
```

**Monthly: Extreme max. Temp. (°C)** 2014-04-01 / 2019-08-01

sos4R: New  
Wrapper  
Functions  
for Easier  
SOS Access

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Daniel Nüst

52north

[Overview](#)

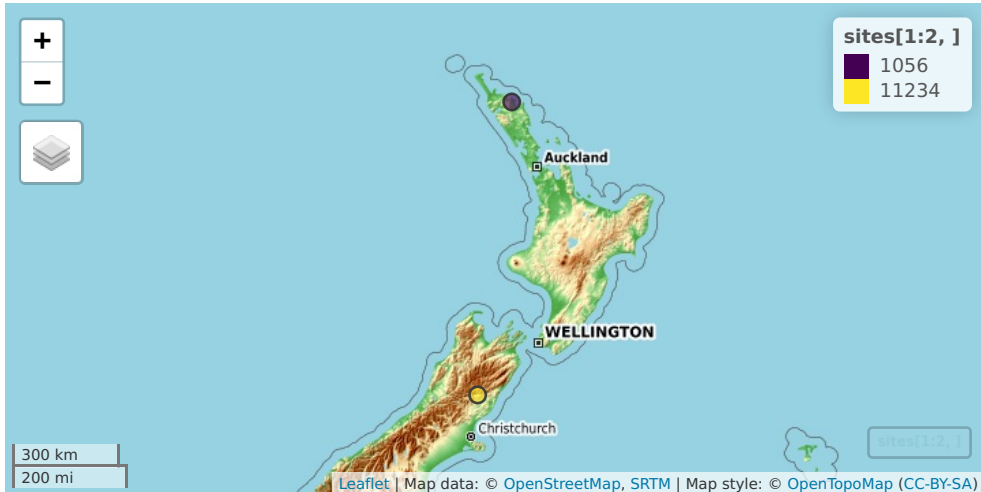
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```
library(sp)  
mapview(sites[1:2,], map.types="OpenTopoMap")
```



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