

Autonomous Vehicle Simulation (AVS) Laboratory, University of Colorado

Basilisk Technical Memorandum

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SPICE DATA INTERFACE MODULE

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Status: Initial Document

Scope/Contents

This unit test compares the results of the Spice data within the AVS Basilisk simulation with outside data. Spice generates information on universal time (UTC/GPS...) as well as ephemeris information for the bodies of the Solar System. The time information creates accurate time tags to be used by others on the project, and the planet ephemeris gives the location of the bodies of interest, and therefore their gravitational effects on the spacecraft. In this test, we compare the values given by Spice values to the actual expected values in order to validate the code.

Rev	Change Description	Ву	Date
1.0	Initial Revision	T. Teil	09/2016
1.1	Validation Revision	T. Teil	07/2017

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1 Model Description

Spice interfaces with the AVS Basilisk simulation. This is done through spice_interface.cpp, which loads the proper kernels in External/EphemerisData. Given an epoch, it generates information on universal time (UTC/GPS...) as well as ephemeris information for the bodies of the Solar System. It writes this out in a spice output message for other modules to use.

1.1 Output message

This module outputs a message called SpicePlanetStateSimMsg. This message is used throughout the sim and contains:

- J2000Current: the time of validity for the planet state
- PositionVector: the true position of the planet for the time
- VelocityVector: the true velocity of the planet for the time
- J20002Pfix: the orientation matrix of planet-fixed relative to inertial
- J20002Pfix_dot: the derivative of the orientation matrix of planet-fixed relative to inertial
- computeOrient: the flag indicating whether the reference should be computed
- PlanetName: the name of the planet for the state

1.2 Citation

More information on Spice can be read by following the following link: The Navigation and Ancillary Information Facility.

2 Model Functions

The spice_interface module contains methods allowing it to perform several tasks:

- Load Various Spice Kernels: Spice interface can load a variety of available kernels.
- **Get GPS Time**: Computes GPS time from the Spice kernel.
- Get Planet Data: Pulls the desired planet's ephemeris from the Spice kernel.
- **Get current time string**: Pull the current time string.
- Write Spice message: This module then writes out the spice ephemeris message

3 Model Assumptions and Limitations

3.1 Assumptions

Spice interface reads extremely precise ephemeris data, which we compare with JPL's Horizons data. Depending on the celestial body, the accuracy may vary. There are no direct assumptions made while using this module. A user must simply make sure to be comparing the write data by assuring the the frames, times, and loaded kernels (mars vs mars barycenter) are the same.

3.2 Limitations

The limitations come directly from the kernels that are available to be loaded. These will limit the planets that can be tracked.

4 Test Description and Success Criteria

4.1 Sub Tests

This test is located in SimCode/environment/spice/_UnitTest/test_unitSpice.py. In order to get good coverage of all the outputs of Spice, the test is broken up into several parts:

- 1. <u>Time Increment Check</u> The check goes through the simulation time advancement check. The steps are verified to be consistent.
- 2. <u>GPS Time Check</u> At a specific UTC time, the simulation calculates GPS time. We therefore recalculate the expected GPS time at that date and compare it with the simulation for accuracy.
- 3. <u>Julian Day Check</u> Similarly, we independently calculate the Julian date given the epoch of the simulation, and compare it to the simulation's Julian date.
- 4. <u>Mars Position Check</u> The position for Mars computed by Spice is compared to JPL Horizon's ephemeris for the same epoch and propagation time.
- 5. <u>Earth Position Check</u> The position for Earth computed by Spice is compared to JPL Horizon's ephemeris for the same epoch and propagation time.
- 6. <u>Sun Position Check</u> The position for the Sun computed by Spice is compared to JPL Horizon's ephemeris for the same epoch and propagation time.

4.2 Test Success Criteria

In order to thoroughly test the spice ephemeris module, the test was parametrized studying multiple dates. Through all of the tests, the error tolerances drive the success criteria, and are explained in the next section.

Dates studied:

In order to create a complete simulation of the different possible situations, these tests were run on 24 dates. Starting in February 2015, the simulation is run for the 10th and 20th of every other month. The last day tested is therefore, nearly two years later in December of 2016. For each of the days, we needed the truth vectors for the positions of Mars, Earth and the Sun in the J200 reference frame. We present all the parameters along with the test results in the following section.

Truth Data:

The truth data was taken from JPL's Horizon's database. It provides highly accurate ephemerides for solar system objects (734640 asteroids, 3477 comets, 178 planetary satellites, 8 planets, the Sun, L1, L2, select spacecraft, and system barycenters).

5 Test Parameters

Error Tolerance:

We give ourselves certain levels or tolerance for each of the tests. These are summarized in table 2.

Test Time Increment GPS Time Julian Day Body Positions
Tolerated Error 1E-6 (s) 1E-4 (s) 1.16E-5 (s) 250 (m)
Digits of Precision 11 9 11 7

Table 2: Error Tolerance

The time increment error tolerance is taken at 1 ms generically. The GPS time error is relatively high: this is due to floating point approximations. The Julian Date time error is given by 0.1/(24*3600), which is a 0.1 second error over a day. The Body position error tolerance is set to a quarter kilometer generically.

5.1 Test Results

5.2 Pass/Fail results

When running pytest, we came to notice that the time checks were failing for two of the days. This is due to the fact that they are Sunday mornings, which is the end of a GPS week. The seconds therefore jump from 604800 to 0. Since we understand the source of this error, and in order to make pytest pass, we skip the time checks of two days. Their other tests passed, and all 22 other dates, being that they are not Sundays, pass the time checks as desired.

5.3 Ephemeris precision

From these tests, we can also plot out the precision of the planet ephemeris. This is done in 1. We notice that Mars has the highest error by orders of magnitude. This is expected, and the errors are still bounded by 200m, which is well beyond the precision needed. We can also look more closely are the precision for Earth and the Sun, seen in figures 2 and 3 respectively. The Earth and Sun's positions are known very precisely.

6 User Guide

In order to have the spice_interface module write out it's ephemeris messages, it must be set up from python. The main steps are listed below:

- SpiceObject = spice_interface.SpiceInterface(): Construct a spice_interface object

Table 3: Test Parameters

Date	Time Increment	GPS Time	Julian Day	Mars Position	Earth Position	Sun Position
02/10/15	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
02/20/15	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
04/10/15	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
04/20/15	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
06/10/15	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
06/20/15	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
08/10/15	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
08/20/15	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
10/10/15	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
10/20/15	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
12/10/15	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
12/20/15	Exp. Fail	Exp. Fail	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
02/10/16	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
02/20/16	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
04/10/16	Exp. Fail	Exp. Fail	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
04/20/16	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
06/10/16	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
06/20/16	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
08/10/16	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
08/20/16	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
10/10/16	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
10/20/16	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
12/10/16	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed
12/20/16	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed	Passed

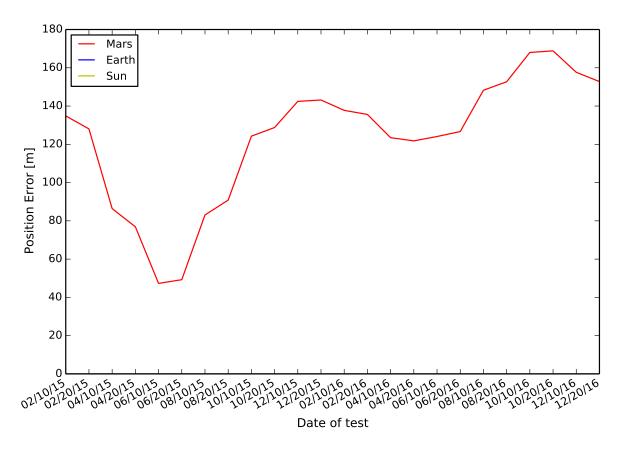


Fig. 1: Ephemeris Error on Mars

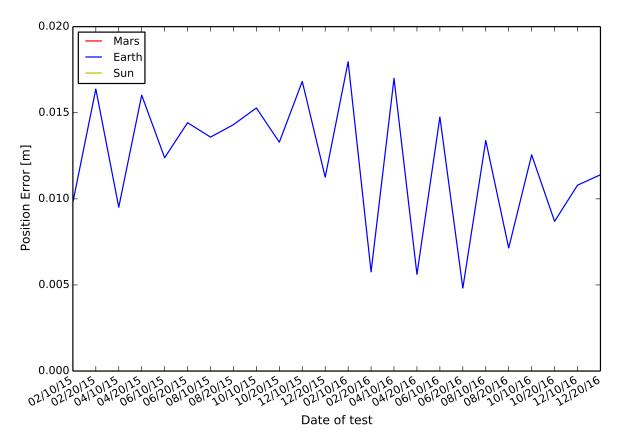


Fig. 2: Ephemeris Error on Earth

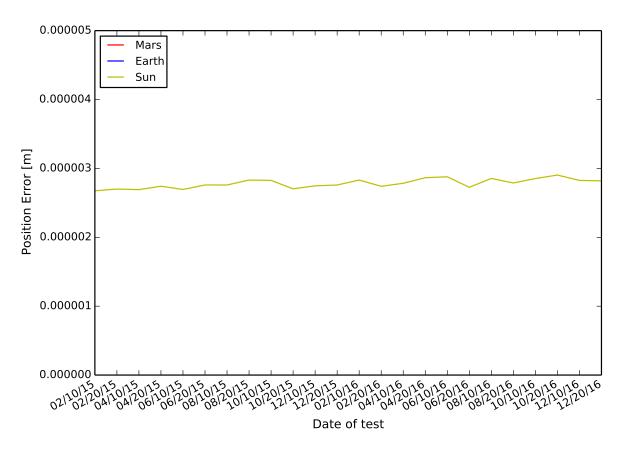


Fig. 3: Ephemeris Error on Sun

- SpiceObject.ModelTag = "SpiceInterfaceData": Define a model tag for the object
- SpiceObject.SPICEDataPath = splitPath[0] + '/External/EphemerisData/': Give the path to the Spice Kernels
- SpiceObject.OutputBufferCount = 10000: Define a buffer count
- SpiceObject.PlanetNames = spice_interface.StringVector(["earth", "mars barycenter", "sun"]): Give the celestial body names that which to be tracked
- SpiceObject.UTCCalInit = "2016 October 20, 00:00:00.0 TDB": Give a start date to the object

The default frame is J2000.