



**Autonomous Vehicle Simulation (AVS) Laboratory,  
University of Colorado**

**Basilisk Technical Memorandum**

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**SUNLINE EPHEMERIS HEADING**

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<b>Status:</b> Initial Document
<b>Scope/Contents</b>
Module to compute an ephemeris-based sunline heading

Rev	Change Description	By	Date
1.0	Initial Version	J. Martin	20181203

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## 1 Model Description

The sunline ephemeris module is responsible for calculating a sunline heading based exclusively on ephemeris data. This provides a estimate for the sun heading without relying of filtering results from the course sun sensors.

### 1.1 Equations

The math is straightforward; subtract the position of the sun from the position of the spacecraft, and divide it by its norm, to compute the sun heading in the inertial frame  $\hat{\mathbf{r}}_{h_N}$ .

$${}^{\mathcal{N}}\hat{\mathbf{r}}_{S/B} = \frac{\vec{\mathbf{r}}_{sun} - \vec{\mathbf{r}}_{sc}}{|\vec{\mathbf{r}}_{sun} - \vec{\mathbf{r}}_{sc}|} \quad (1)$$

Rotate the unit vector into the body frame by multiplying it by the appropriate direction cosine matrix defined by the spacecraft's attitude properties,  $\vec{\sigma}$ .

$${}^{\mathcal{N}}\hat{\mathbf{r}}_{S/B} = [BN(\vec{\sigma})] * {}^{\mathcal{N}}\hat{\mathbf{r}}_{S/B} \quad (2)$$

## 2 Module Functions

- **Calculates Sunline Heading Vector in Body Frame**
- **Outputs NavAttIntMsg:** This module sends out a NavAttIntMsg to be used for initial attitude determination.

## 3 Module Assumptions and Limitations

This module is exclusively based on ephemeris data. Should the ephemeris data be incorrect, so too will the sunline heading.

## 4 Test Description and Success Criteria

The unit test configures the sun to sit at the origin, and a spacecraft to be located along each of the coordinate axes, with an orientation 90 degree rotate about the z-axis. The body-frame sun-heading is then computed to confirm that the vectors produced from the module do reflect the unit vector in the body frame pointing to the sun.

## 5 Test Parameters

The sun was placed at  $[0, 0, 0]$  and the spacecraft is tested at each of the unit coordinate axes  $[1, 0, 0]$ ,  $[0, 1, 0]$ ,  $[-1, 0, 0]$ , etc.

The unit test verify that the module output guidance message vectors match expected values.

**Table 2:** Error tolerance for each test.

Output Value Tested	Tolerated Error
estVector	1e-12

## 6 Test Results

All of the tests passed:

**Table 3:** Test results

Check	Pass/Fail
1	PASSED
2	PASSED
3	PASSED
4	PASSED
5	PASSED
6	PASSED

## 7 User Guide

The messages must be set as such:

- `sunlineEphemConfig.scPositionInMsgName = "simple_trans_nav_output"`
- `sunlineEphemConfig.scAttitudeInMsgName = "simple_att_nav_output"`
- `sunlineEphemConfig.sunPositionInMsgName = "sun_position_output"`
- `sunlineEphemConfig.navStateOutMsgName = "sunline_ephem_output"`