

Autonomous Vehicle Simulation (AVS) Laboratory, University of Colorado

Basilisk Technical Memorandum

Document ID: Basilisk-test_unitSpice

TESTING SPICE INTERFACE DATA

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Status: Initial document draft

Scope/Contents

This unit test compares the results of the Spice data within the AVS Basilisk simulation with outside data. Spice generates information on universal time (UTC/GPS...) as well as ephemeris information for the bodies of the Solar System. The time information creates accurate time tags to be used by others on the project, and the planet ephemeris gives the location of the bodies of interest, and therefore their gravitational effects on the spacecraft. In this test, we compare the values given by Spice values to the actual expected values in order to validate the code.

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1 Introduction

Spice interfaces with the AVS Basilisk simulation. This is done through spice_interface.cpp, which loads the proper kernels in External/EphemerisData. Given an epoch, it generates information on universal time (UTC/GPS...) as well as ephemeris information for the bodies of the Solar System. Depending on the kernel loaded, the precision and planets we can locate will vary.

2 test_unitSpice Test Description

This test is located in SimCode/environment/spice/UnitTest/SpiceUnitTest.py. In order to get good coverage of all the outputs of Spice, the test is broken up into several parts:

- 1. <u>Time Increment Check</u> The check goes through the simulation time advancement check. The steps are verified to be consistent.
- 2. <u>GPS Time Check</u> At a specific UTC time, the simulation calculates GPS time. We therefore recalculate the expected GPS time at that date and compare it with the simulation for accuracy.
- 3. <u>Julian Day Check</u> Similarly, we independently calculate the Julian date given the epoch of the simulation, and compare it to the simulation's Julian date.
- 4. <u>Mars Position Check</u> The position for Mars computed by Spice is compared to JPL Horizon's ephemeris for the same epoch and propagation time.
- 5. <u>Earth Position Check</u> The position for Earth computed by Spice is compared to JPL Horizon's ephemeris for the same epoch and propagation time.
- 6. <u>Sun Position Check</u> The position for the Sun computed by Spice is compared to JPL Horizon's ephemeris for the same epoch and propagation time.

3 Test Parameters

• Dates studied

In order to create a complete simulation of the different possible situations, these tests were run on 24 dates. Starting in February 2015, the simulation is run for the 10th and 20th of every other month. The last day tested is therefore, nearly two years later in December of 2016. For each of the days, we needed the truth vectors for the positions of Mars, Earth and the Sun in the J200 reference frame. We present all the parameters in 3, along with the test results.

Error Tolerance

We give ourselves certain levels or tolerance for each of the tests. These are summarized in table 2

Table 2: Error Tolerance

Test	Time Increment	GPS Time	Julian Day	Body Positions
Tolerated Error	1E-6 (s)	1E-4 (s)	1.16E-5 (s)	250 (m)
Digits of Precision	11	9	11	7

The time increment error tolerance is taken at 1 ms generically. The GPS time error is relatively high: this is due to floating point approximations. The Julian Date time error is given by 0.1/(24*3600), which is a 0.1 second error over a day. The Body position error tolerance is set to a quarter kilometer generically.

4 Test Results

4.1 Pass/Fail results

When running py.test, we came to notice that the time checks were failing for two of the days. This is due to the fact that they are Sunday mornings, which is the end of a GPS week. The seconds therefore jump from 604800 to 0. Since we understand the source of this error, and in order to make py.test pass, we skip the time checks of two days. Their other tests passed, and all 22 other dates, being that they are not Sundays, pass the time checks as desired.

Date Time Increment GPS Time Julian Day Mars Position Earth Position Sun Position 02/10/15 Passed Passed Passed Passed Passed Passed 02/20/15 **Passed Passed Passed Passed Passed** Passed 04/10/15 **Passed Passed** Passed **Passed Passed** Passed 04/20/15 **Passed** Passed **Passed** Passed Passed **Passed** 06/10/15 **Passed** Passed **Passed** Passed Passed **Passed** 06/20/15 **Passed** Passed **Passed** Passed Passed **Passed** 08/10/15 **Passed** Passed Passed Passed Passed Passed 08/20/15 **Passed** Passed Passed Passed Passed Passed 10/10/15 Passed Passed Passed Passed Passed Passed 10/20/15 **Passed Passed** Passed **Passed** Passed Passed Passed 12/10/15 **Passed** Passed **Passed** Passed **Passed** 12/20/15 Passed **Failed** Failed **Passed** Passed **Passed** 02/10/16 Passed Passed **Passed** Passed **Passed** Passed 02/20/16 **Passed** Passed **Passed** Passed **Passed** Passed Failed Passed 04/10/16 Failed **Passed Passed** Passed 04/20/16 Passed Passed Passed Passed **Passed Passed** 06/10/16 Passed Passed Passed Passed Passed Passed 06/20/16 Passed Passed Passed Passed Passed Passed 08/10/16 **Passed** Passed **Passed** Passed **Passed** Passed 08/20/16 **Passed** Passed **Passed** Passed **Passed** Passed 10/10/16 **Passed** Passed **Passed** Passed **Passed Passed** 10/20/16 Passed Passed **Passed** Passed **Passed Passed** 12/10/16 Passed Passed **Passed** Passed Passed Passed

Table 3: Test Parameters

4.2 Ephemeris precision

Passed

Passed

12/20/16

From these tests, we can also plot out the precision of the planet ephemeris. This is done in 1. We notice that Mars has the highest error by orders of magnitude. This is expected, and the errors are still

Passed

Passed

Passed

Passed

bounded by 200m, which is well beyond the precision needed. We can also look more closely are the precision for Earth and the Sun, seen in figures 2 and 3 respectively. The Earth and Sun's positions are known very precisely.

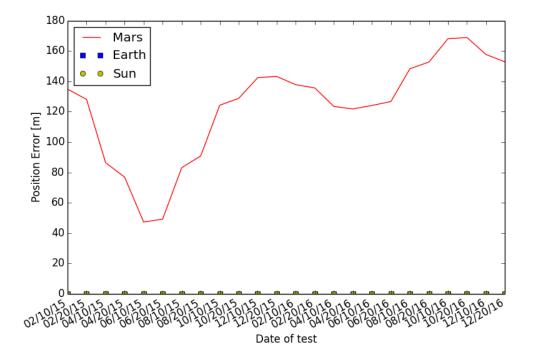


Fig. 1: Ephemeris scaled to Mars error

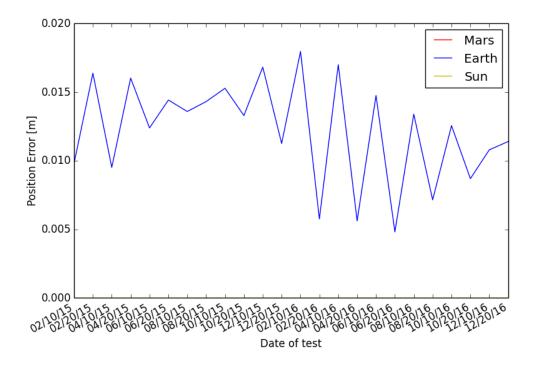


Fig. 2: Ephemeris scaled to Earth error

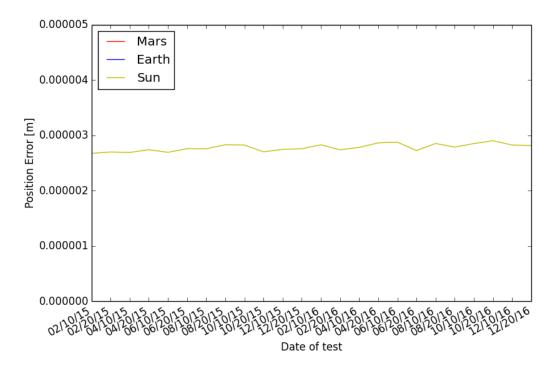


Fig. 3: Ephemeris scaled to Sun error