# Lim Kang Yee – Project Portfolio for treasurerPro (tP)

# 1. Introduction

This project portfolio briefly introduces the project, treasurerPro and outlines my contributions to the project and showcases the key features I implemented.

#### 1.1. About the Team

My team of 5 members consists of 4 year 2 Computer Science Undergraduate students, including me, and another year 4 Computer Engineering Undergraduate student.

## 1.2. About the Project

This project is part of the module 'Software Engineering Project CS2103T' where we were tasked to develop a basic command line interface desktop application by morphing or enhancing an existing AddressBook desktop application. Our team decided to incorporate and morph the AddressBook application as part of our all-in-one application which enables treasurers or members of Co-Curricular Activities (CCA) Clubs and Societies to manage their club finances, reimbursements, inventory and member's contact details easily. The duration of our project was 13 weeks.

# 1.3. Key to the Icons and Formatting Used in the Document



This symbol indicates extra information or definition.

Model: Text with this font indicates a component, class or object in the architecture of the application.

command: Text with this blue font indicates a command that can be inputted by the user.

#### 1.4. Introduction of treasurerPro

This desktop application consists of 6 tabs, a command box for users to input their commands and a response box for Leo, our lion mascot. Each tab serves a different purpose that helps treasurers and members better manage their club or society's finances.

The home tab keeps track of individual transactions. The members tab keep track of all contact details of members. The reimbursement tab keeps track of reimbursement records for members that have spent money for the club activities. The inventory tab keeps track of items for sale. The cashier tab is a convenient way for the club to do cashiering duties which helps to directly input sales into the system. The overview tab allows treasurers to plan the club's finances. This is what

our application looks like when it is first opened. (graphical user interface for treasurerPro):

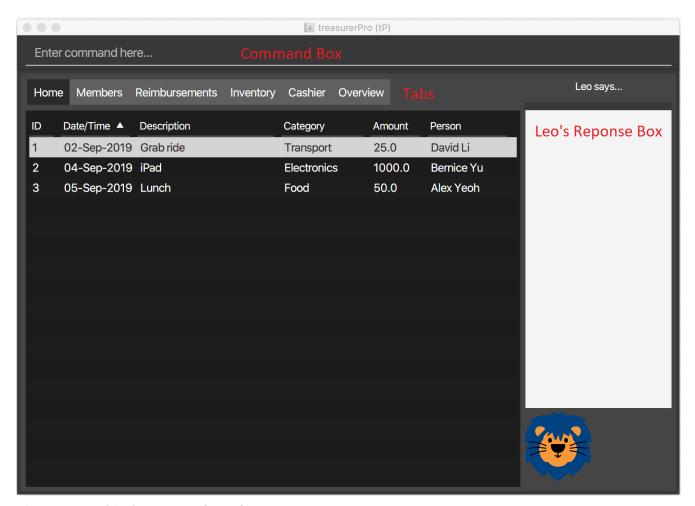


Figure 1. Graphical User Interface of treasurerPro

# 2. Summary of Contributions

My role was to design and write the code for the features of the Home Tab. The following sections shows a summary of these features, as well as the relevant documentation I have added to the user and developer guides in relation to these features.

#### **Enhancements**

- Deleting Transactions of a Specific Member
  - What it does: The Delete Command allows all transactions linked to the specified member in the command to be deleted at once.
  - Justification: This feature allows the user to clear all transaction records linked to a specific member if the member has left the CCA since a member's details can only be deleted in the Members Tab if the member does not have existing transaction records.
  - Highlights: This feature is a faster way to delete transactions of a specific member, especially
    if the member has many transaction records. This works well with the deletion of member
    feature in Members Tab.
- Sorting Transactions in a Specific Order
  - · What it does: Each transaction records consists of a date, description, category, amount of

money and person accountable for the transaction. Thus, the Sort Command helps to sort the transactions by the alphabetical order of the person's name, by the date (from oldest to most recent) or amount (from smallest to largest).

- Justification: It is useful for users to keep track of transactions and view the transaction records according to different priority.
- Highlights: This command can be extended easily to allow for sorting of transactions in the reverse order or with other different orders.

#### **Code Contributed**

Please click these links to view the code I have contributed for Home Tab: Functional Code , Test Code

#### **Other Contributions**

- Community
  - Reviewed Pull Requests (With Non-trivial Review Comments): (PR #98)
  - Added Detailed Explanation of Added Code in Pull Requests to Help Understanding By Other Members: (PR #42), (PR #201)
  - Helped to Debug Code in Other Member's Package: (PR #126)
- Integration
  - Integrated Transaction Tab with Reimbursement Tab: (PR #49)
  - Integrated the Original AddressBook into the Members Tab in Graphical User Interface: (PR #42)
  - Integrated the Edit and Delete Command of AddressBook with the Logic of Transaction Tab: (PR #49), (PR #85)
- Documentation
  - Added Implementation Details for Home Tab, Model Component and Storage Component to the Developer Guide: (PR #154), (PR #199)
  - Added to User Stories and the Guide to Use the Home Tab to the User Guide: (PR#22), (PR #197)

# 3. Contributions to the User Guide

The following section shows my additions to the treasurerPro User Guide for the Home Tab features which showcases my ability to write documentation to guide non-technical end-users on how to use treasurerPro.

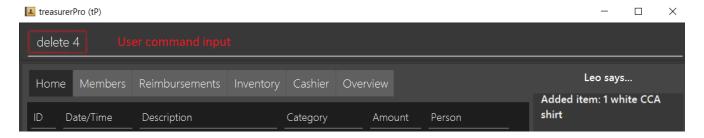
### 3.1. Current Enhancement

{Start of First Extract from User Guide}

#### 5.1.2 To Delete Transaction(s) in the Home Tab

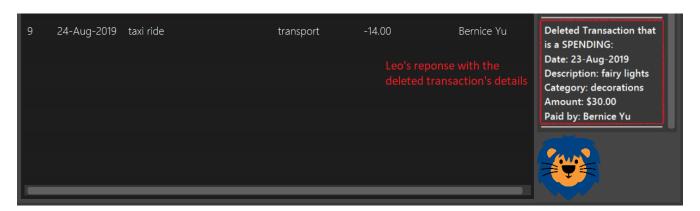
This command allows you to delete either all transactions of a person or a single transaction of a specific ID from the table.

- Command: delete ID or delete p/PERSON
- Examples
  - Delete by ID: delete 1
  - Delete by Person: delete p/Alex Yeoh
- Steps for Deleting by ID
  - 1. Type the command with the ID of the transaction to be deleted as shown in the screenshot below:

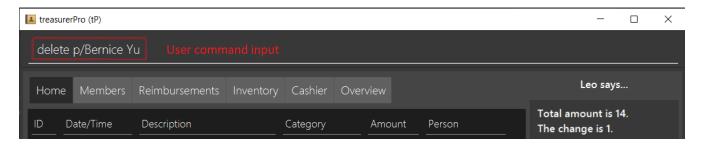


#### 2. Hit Enter.

Leo will respond with a success message and the transaction will be removed from the table as shown below:



- Steps for Deleting by Person
  - 1. Type the command with the person's name to delete all transactions related to that person, as shown in the screenshot below:



#### 2. Hit Enter.

Leo will respond with the success message and the transaction(s) will be removed from the table as

shown below:



For both delete commands, if the transaction(s) deleted was part of a pending reimbursement record, it will also be removed from that reimbursement record. On the other hand, if the person entered is not part of our database as shown in the Members Tab, Leo will respond with a message to inform you. If the person does not have any transactions, Leo will also respond with a message to inform you.

{End of First Extract}

{Start of Second Extract from User Guide}

#### 5.1.4 To Sort Transactions in the Home Tab

This command sorts the table of transactions into the specified order for viewing and carrying out of subsequent commands.

- To sort
  - By date (from oldest to most recent): sort date
  - By name (from alphabetical order of name): sort name
  - By amount (from smallest to largest in amount): sort amount
  - Undo sort: sort reset



The undo sort command allows you to view the table of transactions in the order originally shown when the application was initially opened.

- Steps:
  - 1. Type the any one of the above command in blue font into the command box.
  - 2. Hit Enter. The table will now be sorted in the specified order for you.

{End of Second Extract}

# 4. Contributions to the Developer Guide

The following section shows my contribution to the treasurerPro Developer Guide for the Home Tab features which showcases my ability to write documentation of technical concepts and the technical-depth of my contributions to the project.

#### 4.1. Current enhancement

{Start of Extract from Developer Guide}

#### 3.1.2 Delete Feature

This section explains the implementation of the Delete Command in Home Tab. This feature allows for 2 types of deletion, by the index shown in the table or by the person's name. Inputting the person's name will cause all transactions linked to that person to be deleted. The following activity diagram shows the steps needed to delete a new transaction:

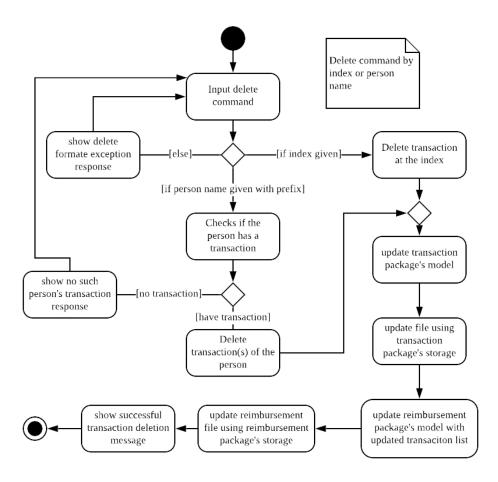


Figure 16. Activity Diagram of Delete Command in Home Tab (transaction package)

The above activity diagram assumes the index to be within the bounds of the table but if it is not, a response will be shown about the incorrect input. Also, as shown above, responses will be shown to indicate if an input is incorrect or when a successful deletion is done.

The following sequence diagram shows how the delete by name command works which is referenced in 2.3. Logic component: Figure 5:

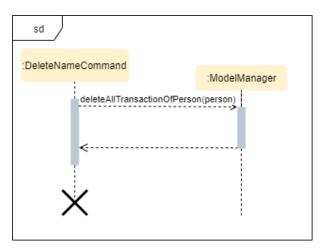


Figure 17. Sequence Diagram of Delete Command in Home Tab (transaction package)

In addition, the ModelManager#resetPredicate() method is not called in the DeleteNameCommand. If the prior input is a Find Command and the list at the start of the activity diagram shows a filtered list by the Find Command's keywords, the table in the UI will continue to show the filtered list at the end of the current Delete Command. To view the full transaction list, the user would be required to enter the Back Command where BackCommand calls ModelManager#resetPredicate() which sets the predicate to evaluate all Transaction objects to the boolean true. The sequence diagram for the BackCommand is shown in the following section 3.1.3 BackCommand

After this, the list of transactions and reimbursement tab is updated as shown in 3.1.1. Add Command feature: Figure 13 and 3.1.1. Add Command feature: Figure 14 respectively. The delete by index implementation would be similar but does not require interaction with the Model from the AddressBook in the person package.

#### 3.1.3 Back Command Feature

This section explains the implementation of the Back Command feature in Home Tab. The BackCommand is not initialised by a specific command parser as shown in as shown in 2.3. Logic component: Figure 5 but initialised by the TransactionTabParser instead. The following detailed sequence diagram shows how the back command works:

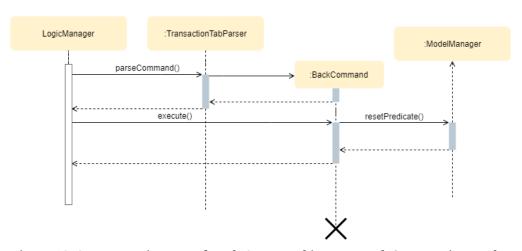


Figure 18. Sequence Diagram of Back Command in Home Tab (transaction package)

#### 3.1.4 Sort Command Feature

This section explains the implementation of the Sort Command feature in Home Tab. The

SortCommand allows for 3 types of sort, by name in alphabetical order, by amount (from least to most) and by date (from oldest to most recent).

The following sequence diagram shows how the sort command works which is referenced in 2.3. Logic component: Figure 5:

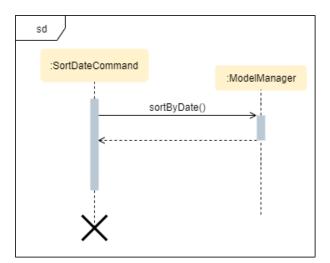


Figure 19. Sequence Diagram of Sort Command in Home Tab (transaction package)

When a user inputs the sort command, it is only checked that it is one of the 3 types or it will show a response about the incorrect user input. When it is successfully sorted, there will also be a response message shown.

Similar to the Delete Command, the ModelManager#resetPredicate() method is not called. If the UI table is showing a filtered list of transactions, the Back Command has to be entered to call that method from BackCommand to reset the predicate.

#### 3.1.5 Overall Design Considerations

This section's table explains the design considerations for some implementations in the Home Tab.

Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Conclusion and Explanation
ModelManager contains 2	ModelManager contains only the	Alternative 1 was implemented.
variables that point to a	shown TransactionList that can	Alternative 1 allows the data
TransactionList object in	be sorted and reads from the	file to be exported in the
original order and a	data file to get the	desired order anytime while
TransactionList object for	TransactionList object in	treasurerPro is running while
viewing that can be sorted such	original order when sort reset	alternative 2 meant that the
that when sort reset is called,	is called.	data file would be updated only
the TransactionList for viewing		when treasurerPro is exited.
can be set to be equals to the		The implementation is shown
original one.		below the table in Figure 20.

Alternative 1	Alternative 2	Conclusion and Explanation
The Members Tab's Model interface is passed as parameters into Transaction Tab's Logic to give Logic access to all public methods of ModelManager.	A new interface is made to allow the only used method of Members Tab's ModelManager to be accessed in Transaction Tab's Logic.	Alternative 2 was implemented. The new interface acts as a facade for ModelManager which prevent unwanted modifications to AddressBook. The interface implemented is GetPersonByNameOnlyModel as shown below the table in Figure 21.
An ArrayList is used to store Transaction objects in TransactionList.	A LinkedList is used to store Transaction objects in TransactionList.	Alternative 1 was implemented. An ArrayList has better performance for the set and get methods than a LinkedList which would be used frequently in ModelManager.

```
public class ModelManager implements Model {
    private final Logger logger = LogsCenter.getLogger(getClass());
    private final TransactionList transactionList;
    private TransactionList filteredList;
```

Figure 20. Code Snippet of ModelManager class with 2 TransactionList objects

```
*/**
  * Acts as a facade that allows only some methods from the Model Manager.

  */
public interface GetPersonByNameOnlyModel {

    /**
         * Retrieves the person with the same name from the Address Book.
         * @param name Specified name
         * @return Person of specified name

         */
         Person getPersonByName(String name);
}
```

Figure 21. Code Snippet of GetPersonByNameOnly facade class for ModelManager from Members Tab

{End of Extract}