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Exceptions in Ada

- Ada puts a high emphasis on the program specification
- Some aspects of the specification can be statically checked (compiler errors) some other aspects are dynamically checked (run-time errors)

- Run-time errors lead to an exception being raised
- Additional checks can be written by the developer

Exception can be explicitly raised by the specification

Caveat

- Exceptions should be reserved to indicate exceptional behavior (after all that's why they're called exceptions)
- Exceptions are expensive to raise and propagate
- Exceptions lead to code that is difficult to analyze statically
- Too many exceptions complicate program debugging
- It is reasonable to expect that a correct program should not raise exceptions

The most common exception: Constraint_Error

- Constraint_Error is raised as soon as a constraint in the program is violated
 - Scalar type range, array index range, discriminant value, dereference of null pointer...

```
type My_Array is array (Integer range 1 .. 10) of Integer;

V : My_Array;
begin

V (11) = 0; -- exception raised at run-time
```

- This ensures that errors are found as soon as possible, and that code is protected from certain classes of invalid values
- In obvious cases, the compiler will warn of exceptions that will be raised unconditionally at run-time

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Protecting a piece of code against Exception

 Exceptions can be caught by a handler at the end of a block of statements

• Several exceptions can be handled by the same handler

Exception handlers only protect the sequence of statements



 Exceptions that may occur in a declarative part can only be caught by the calling frame or the enclosing frame

P (0);

```
procedure P (V : Integer) is
   X : Integer := 1 / V;
begin
   null;
exception
   when others =>
       Put_Line ("Something went wrong");
end P;
```

Nothing gets printed, call fails

```
procedure P (V : Integer) is
begin
    My_Block:
    declare
        X : Integer := 1 / V;
    begin
        null;
    end My_Block;
exception
    when others =>
        Put_Line ("Something went wrong");
end P;
```

Prints "Something went wrong" Call terminates normally

Exception Propagation

 When not caught by a given frame, the exception is propagated

 The enclosing frame or caller has a chance to catch an exception, or to propagate it. If the exception is not handled somewhere, the program terminates.

```
begin
   P (0);
exception
   when others =>
        Put_Line ("Call to P went wrong");
end;
```

Prints "Call to P went wrong" Sequence continues normally

```
procedure P (V : Integer) is
   X : Integer := 1 / V;
begin
   null;
exception
  when others =>
      Put_Line ("Something went wrong");
end P;
```

Nothing gets printed, call fails

Exception Declaration and Raise

- Ada exceptions are a specific kind of entity
 - associated with a scope and obey visibility rules
 - declared like a constant

```
My_Exception : exception;
```

- The runtime environment can raise predefined exceptions
 - Constraint Error, Program Error, Storage Error, ...
- Exceptions can be explicitly re-raised in a handler

```
exception
  when others =>
    raise;
end;
```

Exception message

- An exception can be raised explicitly, optionally associated with a message
 - Ada doesn't provide support for arbitrary object propagation

```
raise My_Exception;
raise My_Exception with "My message";
```

 The exception message can be retrieved through an exception occurrence, using the services provided by Ada. Exceptions

```
with Ada.Exceptions; use Ada.Exceptions;
[...]
exception
   when E : others =>
        Put_Line (Exception_Message (E));
end;
```





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What's the output? (1/10)

```
with Ada.Text_IO; use Ada.Text_IO;

procedure P is
    type Positive is range 0 .. 10;
    V : Positive := 10;

begin
    V := V + 1;
    Put_Line (Positive'Image (V));
end P;
```

What's the output? (1/10)

```
with Ada.Text_IO; use Ada.Text_IO;

procedure P is
   type Positive is range 0 .. 10;
   V : Positive := 10;

begin
   V := V + 1;
   Put_Line (Positive'Image (V));
end P;
```

Nothing, program stops on an exception.

What's the output? (2/10)

```
with Ada.Text_IO; use Ada.Text_IO;

procedure P is
    type Positive is range 0 .. 10;
    V : Positive := 10;

begin
    V := V + 1;
    Put_Line (Positive'Image (V));

exception
    when Constraint_Error =>
        Put_Line ("CE");
end P;
```

What's the output? (2/10)

```
with Ada.Text_IO; use Ada.Text_IO;

procedure P is
    type Positive is range 0 .. 10;
    V : Positive := 10;

begin
    V := V + 1;
    Put_Line (Positive'Image (V));

exception
    when Constraint_Error =>
        Put_Line ("CE");
end P;
```

CE, the exception Constraint_Error is caught

8

What's the output? (3/10)

```
with Ada. Text IO; use Ada. Text IO;
procedure E is
begin
   My_Block:
   declare
      A : Positive;
   begin
      A := -5;
   exception
      when Constraint Error =>
         Put Line ("caught it");
   end My_Block;
exception
   when others =>
      Put Line ("last chance handler");
end E;
```

What's the output? (3/10)

```
with Ada. Text IO; use Ada. Text IO;
procedure E is
begin
   My Block:
   declare
      A : Positive;
   begin
      A := -5;
   exception
      when Constraint Error =>
         Put Line ("caught it");
   end My Block;
exception
   when others =>
      Put Line ("last chance handler");
end E;
```

"caught it", since the exception happens in the body of My_Block

What's the output? (4/10)

```
with Ada. Text IO; use Ada. Text IO;
procedure E is
begin
   My Block:
   declare
      A : Positive;
  begin
      A := -5;
   exception
      when Constraint Error =>
         Put Line ("caught it");
         raise;
   end My_Block;
exception
   when others =>
      Put Line ("last chance handler");
end E;
```

What's the output? (4/10)

```
with Ada. Text IO; use Ada. Text IO;
procedure E is
begin
   My Block:
   declare
      A : Positive;
   begin
      A := -5;
   exception
      when Constraint Error =>
         Put Line ("caught it");
         raise;
   end My Block;
exception
   when others =>
      Put Line ("last chance handler");
end E;
```

"caught it" and "last chance handler"

What's the output? (5/10)

```
with Ada. Text IO; use Ada. Text IO;
procedure E is
begin
   My Block:
   declare
      A : Positive := -1;
   begin
      A := -5;
   exception
      when Constraint Error =>
         Put Line ("caught it");
   end My Block;
exception
   when others =>
      Put Line ("last chance handler");
end E;
```

What's the output? (5/10)

```
with Ada. Text IO; use Ada. Text IO;
procedure E is
begin
   My Block:
   declare
      A : Positive := -1
   begin
      A := -5;
   exception
      when Constraint Error =>
         Put Line ("caught it");
   end My Block;
exception
   when others =>
      Put Line ("last chance handler");
end E;
```

"last chance handler" will be printed out from the handler declared in E as the exception occurs in the declarative section of My_Block and not the body.

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What's the output? (6/10)

```
declare
   A, B : Integer;
begin
   A := 0;
   B := 5;

if ((A /= 0) and ((B / A) = 0)) then
        Put_Line ("A");
else
        Put_Line ("Division By Zero");
end if;

exception
   when others =>
        Put_Line ("Exception!");
end;
```

What's the output? (6/10)

```
declare
    A, B : Integer;
begin
    A := 0;
    B := 5;

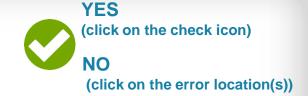
    if ((A /= 0) and ((B / A) = 0)) then
        Put_Line ("A");
    else
        Put_Line ("Division By Zero");
    end if;

exception
    when others =>
        Put_Line ("Exception!");
end;
```

"Exception!", the right operand of the and is always evaluated



Is this correct? (7/10)



```
package P is
    procedure Call;
end P;
```

```
package body P is

My_Exception : exception;

procedure Call is
begin
    raise My_Exception;
end Call;

end P;
```

```
with P; use P;

procedure Main is
begin
    Call;
exception
    when My_Exception =>
        Put_Line ("EXC");
end Main;
```

Is this correct? (7/10)



```
package P is
    procedure Call;
end P;
```

```
package body P is

My_Exception : exception;

procedure Call is
begin
    raise My_Exception;
end Call;

end P;
```

```
with P; use P;

procedure Main is
begin
    Call;
exception
when My_Exception =>
    Put_Line ("EXC");
end Main;
```

My_Exception is not visible here, declared in the body of P. Could be handled in a "when others".

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Is this correct? (8/10)



```
package P is
    procedure Call;
end P;
```

```
package body P is

My_Exception : exception;

procedure Call is
begin
    raise My_Exception;
end Call;

end P;
```

Is this correct? (8/10)



```
with P; use P;
procedure Main is
   C : Integer := 0;
begin
   while C < 10 loop
      Nested Block:
      begin
         Call;
         C := C + 1;
      exception
         when others =>
            null;
      end Nested Block;
   end loop;
end Main;
```

Infinite loop here, as the exception jumps over the incrementing

```
package P is
    procedure Call;
end P;
```

```
package body P is

My_Exception : exception;

procedure Call is
begin
    raise My_Exception;
end Call;

end P;
```

Is this correct? (9/10)



```
package P is
   type A Type is array (Integer range <>) of Integer;
   function Safe Get (Arr : A Type ; V : Integer) return Integer;
end P;
```

```
with Ada. Text IO; use Ada. Text IO;
package body P is
   function Safe Get (Arr : A Type ; V : Integer) return Integer is
   begin
      return Arr (V);
   exception
      when Constraint Error =>
         Put Line ("Wrong Index");
   end Safe Get;
end P;
```

Is this correct? (9/10)



```
package P is
   type A Type is array (Integer range <>) of Integer;
   function Safe Get (Arr : A Type ; V : Integer) return Integer;
end P;
```

```
with Ada. Text IO; use Ada. Text IO;
package body P is
   function Safe Get (Arr : A Type ; V : Integer) return Integer is
  begin
      return Arr (V);
   exception
      when Constraint Error =>
         Put Line ("Wrong Index");
   end Safe Get;
end P;
```

This exception handler is finishing a function, but has no return statement

Is this correct? (10/10)



```
with Ada. Text IO; use Ada. Text IO;
procedure Main is
   type R is record
      F : Positive := -1;
   end record;
   V : R := (F => 1);
begin
   Put Line (Positive'Image (V.F));
end Main;
```

Is this correct? (10/10)





```
with Ada.Text_IO; use Ada.Text_IO;

procedure Main is

   type R is record
       F : Positive := -1;
   end record;

   V : R := (F => 1);

begin
    Put_Line (Positive'Image (V.F));
end Main;
```

The explicit initialisation overrides the default invalid value, this is OK





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