

• We have:

- ① P_i is the Power transmitted by transmitter i .
- ② S_i is the signal power at receiver i .
- ③ G_{ij} is the Path gain from transmitter j to receiver i .
- ④ SINR is the signal to interference plus noise ratio.

$$\rightarrow S_L = G_{LL} P_L$$

$$\rightarrow q_L = \sigma + \sum_{j \neq L} G_{Lj} P_j, \quad \sigma > 0$$

$$\rightarrow \text{SINR}(S_L) = \frac{S_L}{q_L} = \frac{S_L}{\sigma + \sum_{j \neq L} G_{Lj} P_j}, \quad S_L \gg \gamma$$

$$\rightarrow S_L(t) = \frac{S_L(t)}{q_L(t)} = \alpha \gamma, \quad \alpha > 1$$

$$\rightarrow P_i(t+1) = P_i(t) * \frac{\alpha \gamma}{S_L(t)}, \quad \alpha \gamma = S_L(t+1)$$

Solution

$$P_i(t+1) = \frac{\alpha \gamma P_i(t) [\sigma + \sum_{j \neq i} G_{ij} P_j(t)]}{G_{ii} P_i(t)} = \alpha \gamma * \frac{\sigma + \sum_{j \neq i} G_{ij} P_j}{G_{ii}}$$

$P_1(t+1)$	0	$\frac{\alpha \gamma G_{12}}{G_{11}}$	$\frac{\alpha \gamma G_{13}}{G_{11}}$	\dots	$\frac{\alpha \gamma G_{1n}}{G_{11}}$	$P_1(t)$	$\frac{\alpha \gamma \sigma}{G_{11}}$
$P_2(t+1)$	$\frac{\alpha \gamma G_{21}}{G_{22}}$	0	$\frac{\alpha \gamma G_{23}}{G_{22}}$	\dots	$\frac{\alpha \gamma G_{2n}}{G_{22}}$	$P_2(t)$	$\frac{\alpha \gamma \sigma}{G_{22}}$
\vdots	\vdots	\vdots	\vdots	\vdots	\vdots	\vdots	\vdots
$P_n(t+1)$	$\frac{\alpha \gamma G_{n1}}{G_{nn}}$	$\frac{\alpha \gamma G_{n2}}{G_{nn}}$	$\frac{\alpha \gamma G_{n3}}{G_{nn}}$	\dots	0	$P_n(t)$	$\frac{\alpha \gamma \sigma}{G_{nn}}$