

# Turbo-Geth: optimising Ethereum clients

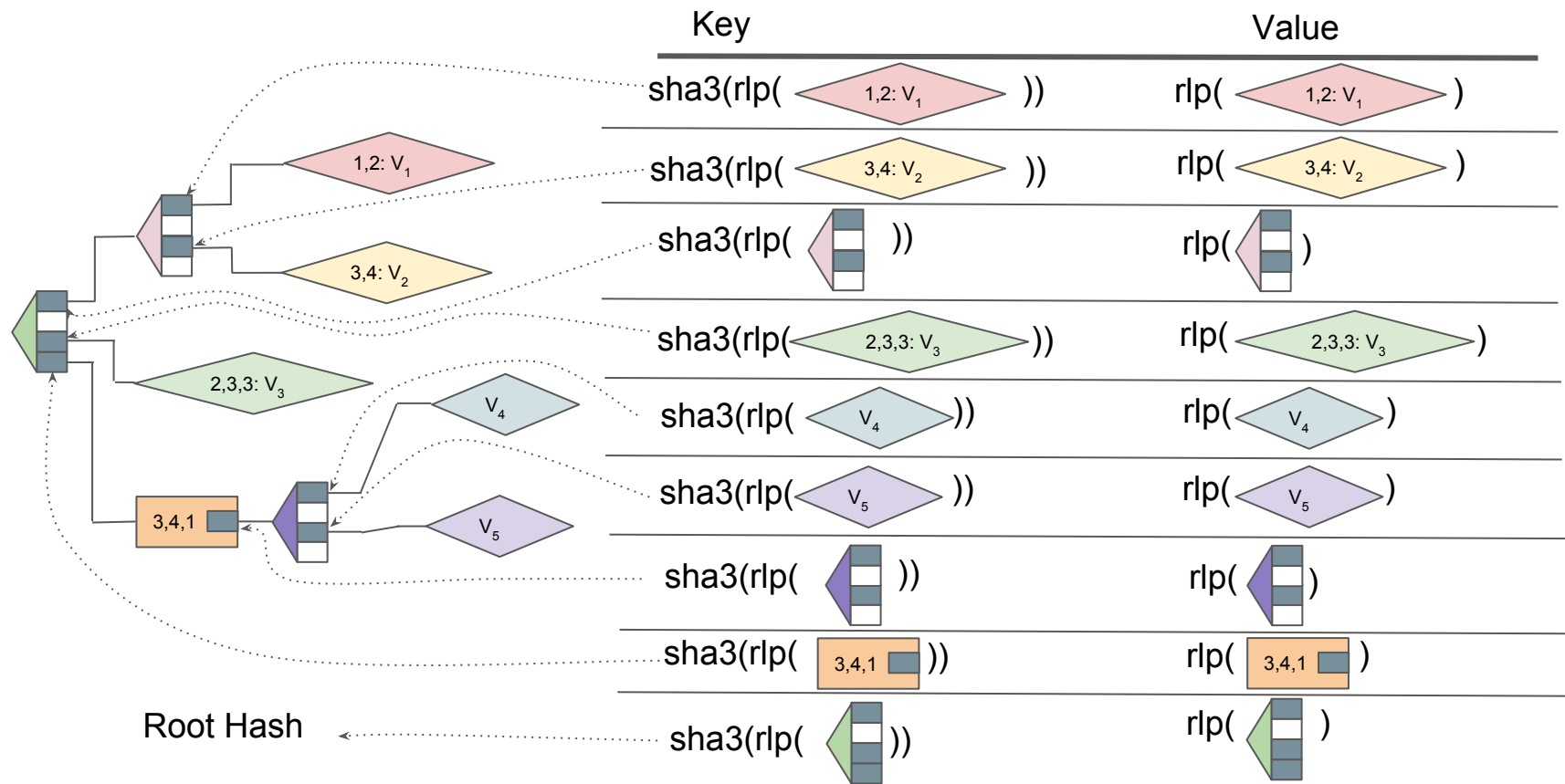
Alexey Akhunov

**Supported by:**

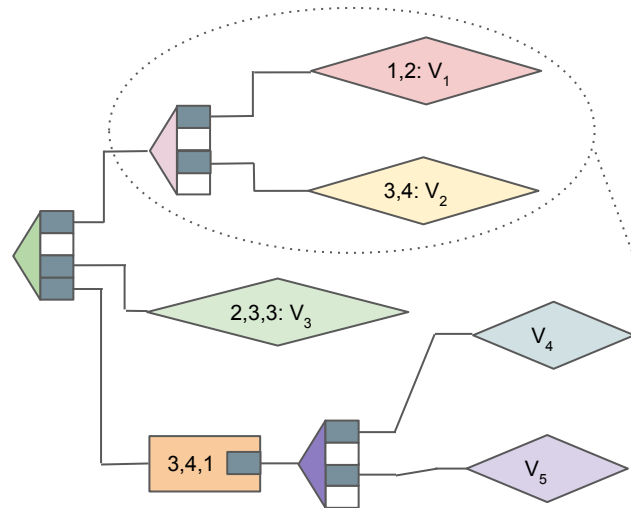


Ledgerwatch

# Persistence of Patricia tree in geth



# Persistence of ~~Patricia tree~~ in turbo-geth



DEPTH DOES NOT MATTER

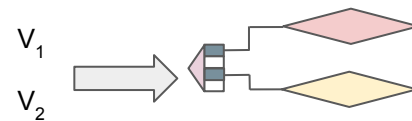
Key	Value
1,1,1,2	V <sub>1</sub>
1,3,3,4	V <sub>2</sub>
3,2,3,3	V <sub>3</sub>
4,3,4,1,1	V <sub>4</sub>
4,3,4,1,3	V <sub>5</sub>

Goes here because it is sorted

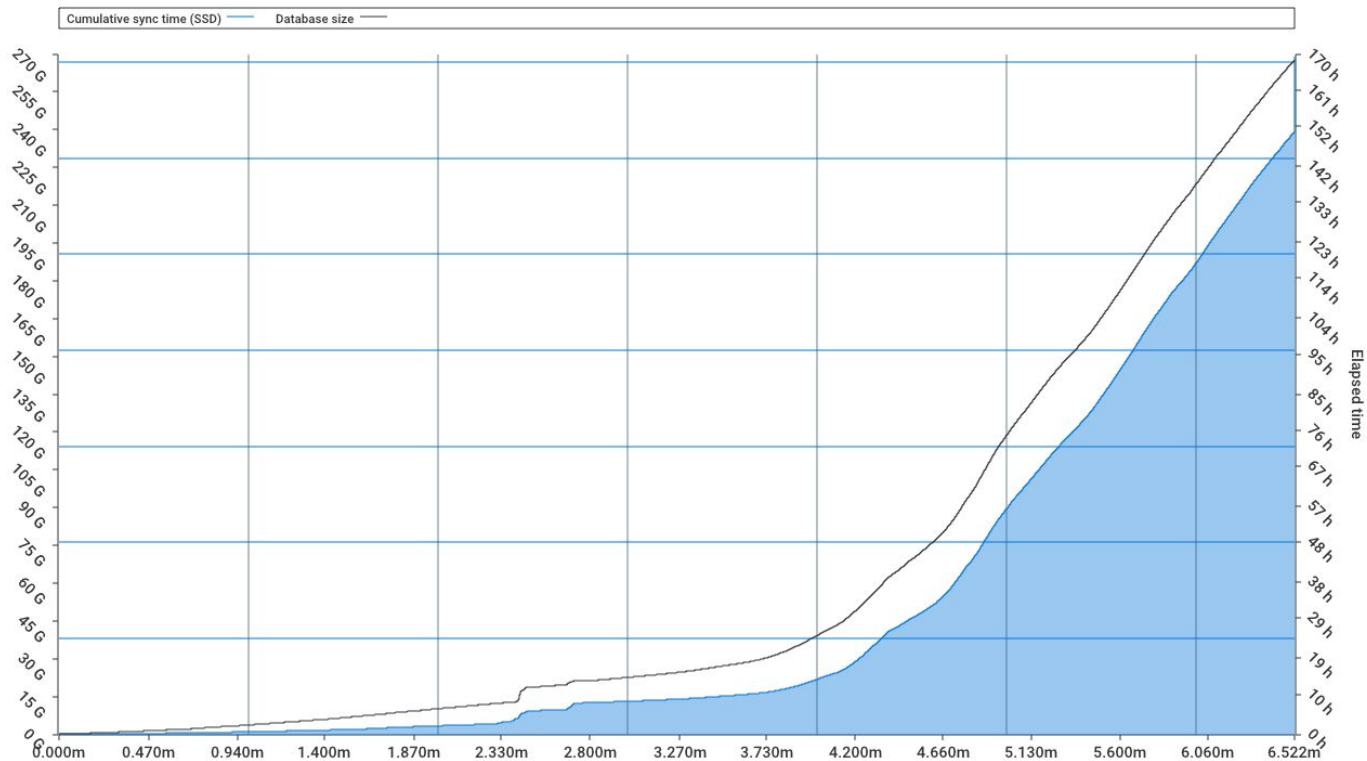
Range query:  
1, \*, \*, \*, >=-blockNr

1,1,1,2

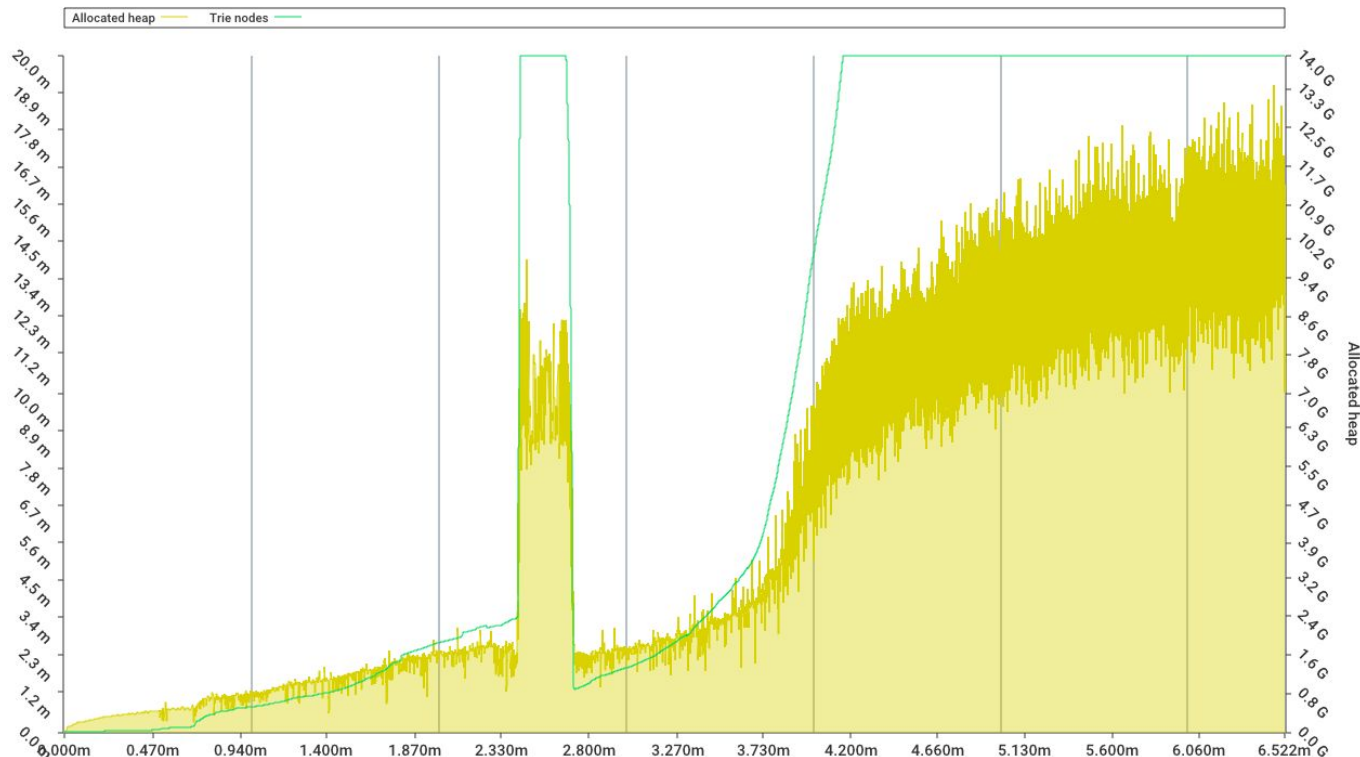
1,3,3,4



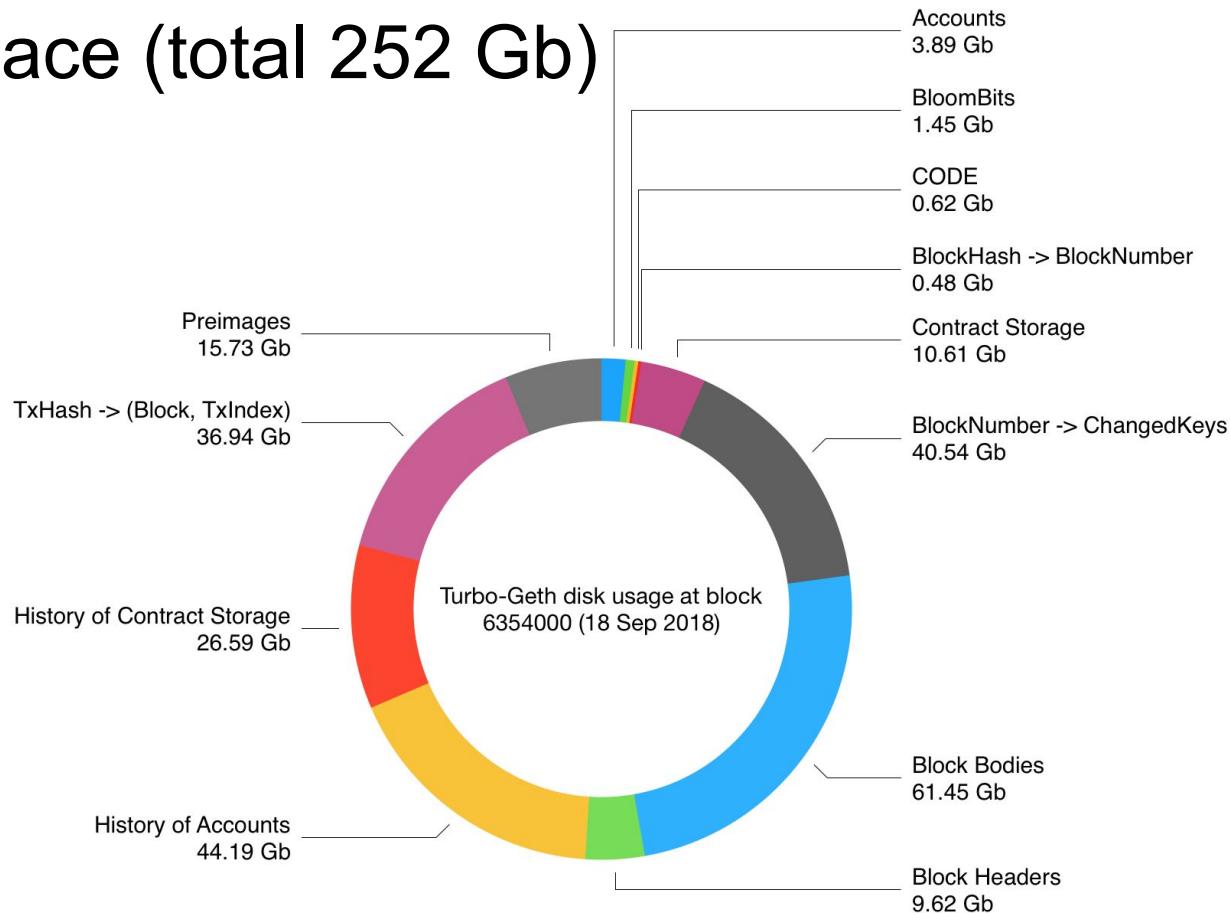
# Sync on i3.4xlarge (122 Gb, 16 vCPUs, NVMe)



# Sync on i3.4xlarge (122 Gb, 16 vCPUs, NVMe)



# Disk space (total 252 Gb)



# JSON RPC performance

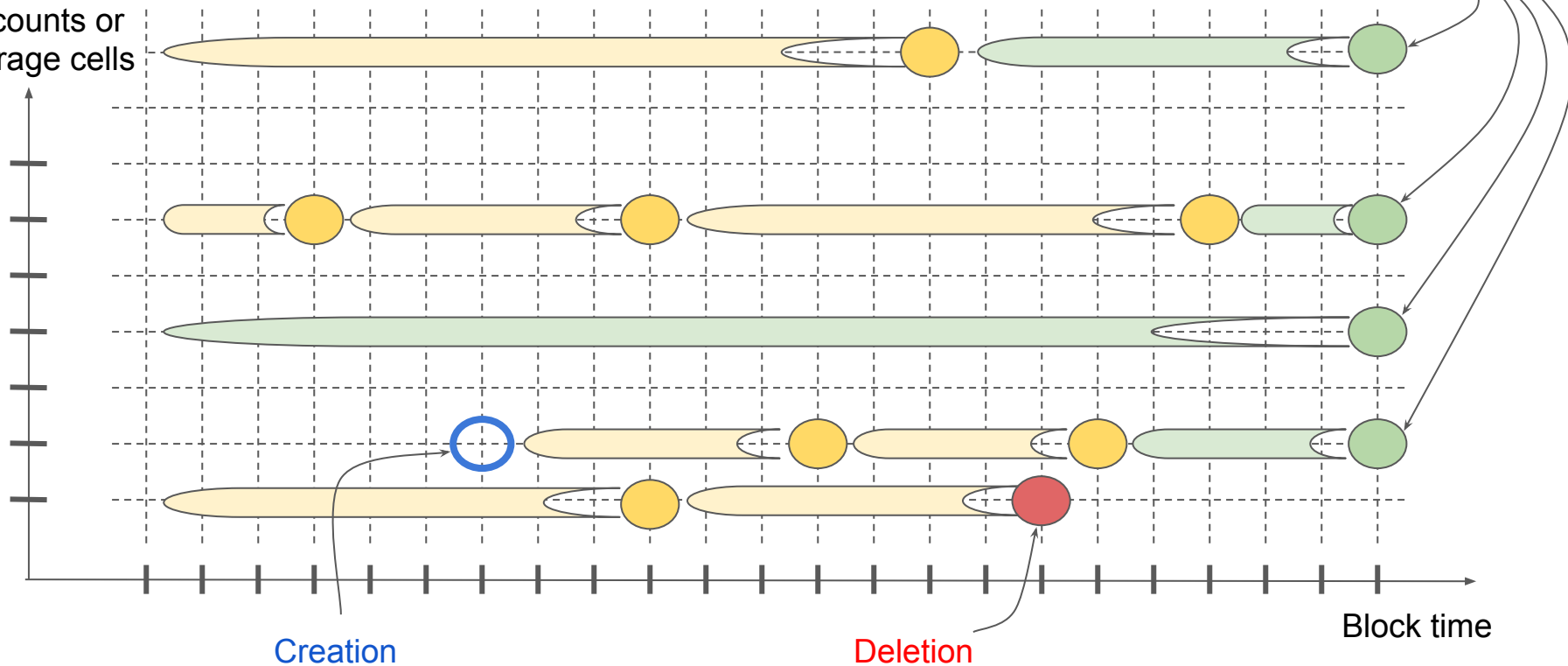
No rigorous benchmarks yet, these are very rough and preliminary numbers. RPC needs a lot more work

Type of RPC call	Difference from geth archive node
debug_traceTransaction	10x faster
debug_storageRangeAt	50x faster
debug_getModifiedAccountsByNumber	10x faster, also includes accounts created and destroyed within the block range
eth_getTransactionReceipt	up to 10x slower
eth_getBalance	5x faster

# Reverse differences for efficient pruning

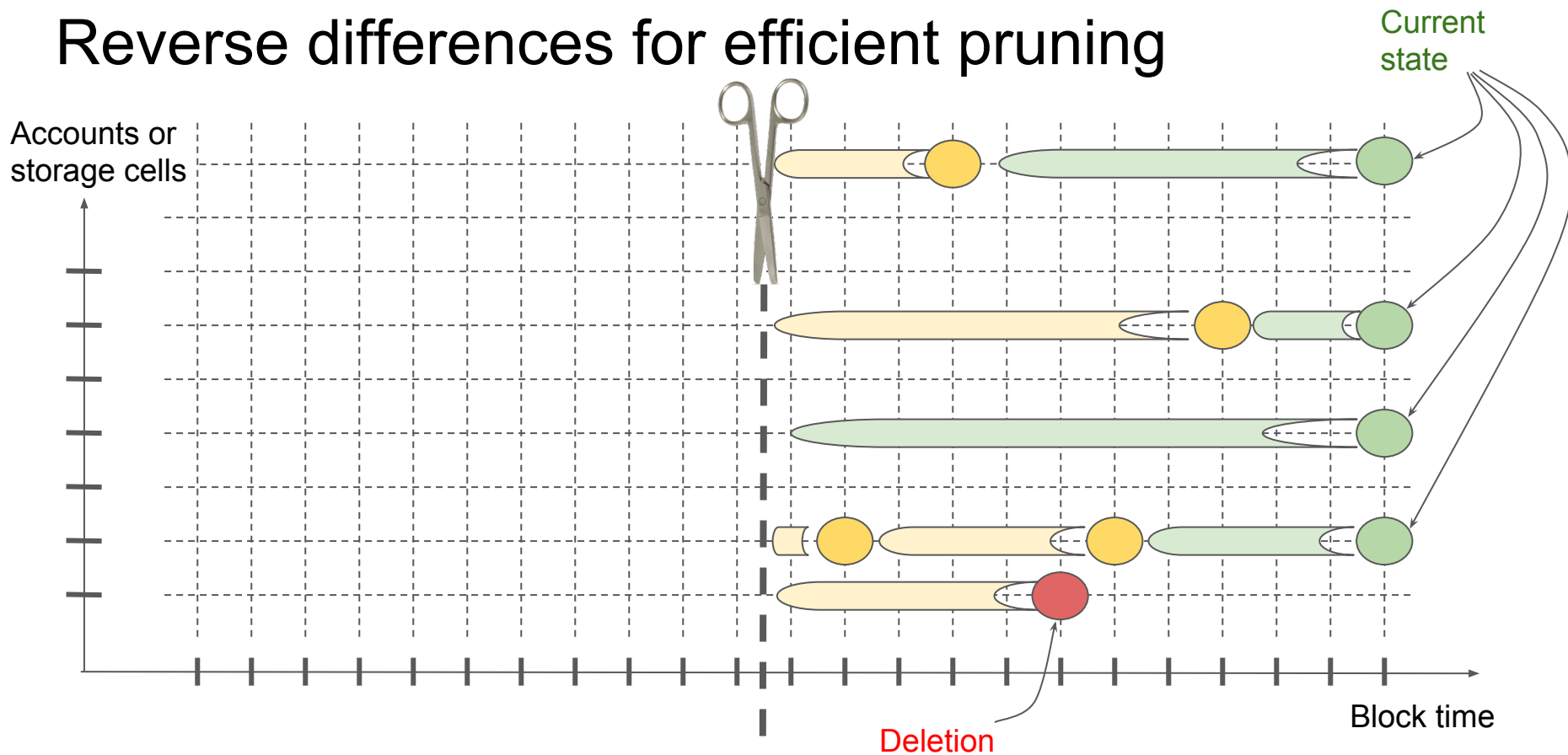
Current  
state

Accounts or  
storage cells





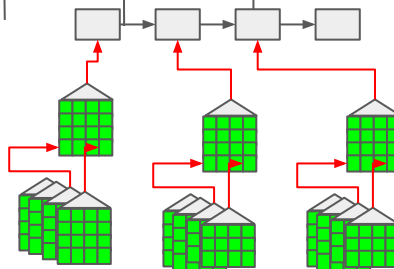
# Reverse differences for efficient pruning



# Light clients?

	eth/63	les/2	
Status	✓	✓	Handshake - negotiate version, network_id, genesis
[Get]Block(Headers Bodies)	✓	✓	Get/Send headers/blocks by number or by hash
[Get]NodeData	✓	✓	Get/Send nodes of the patricia tree by hash
[Get]Receipts	✓	✓	Get/Send receipts by transaction hash
NewBlock[Hashes]	✓		Announce new block/block hash
Announce		✓	Announce new chain head
[Get]Proofs		✓	Get/Send merkle proof for given part of trie and block hash
[Get]ContractCode		✓	Get/Send code of given contract at block hash
SendTx	✓	✓	Add new transaction to the pool and relay
[Get]HelperTreeProofs		✓	Get/Send merkle proof of block hash/bloom filters

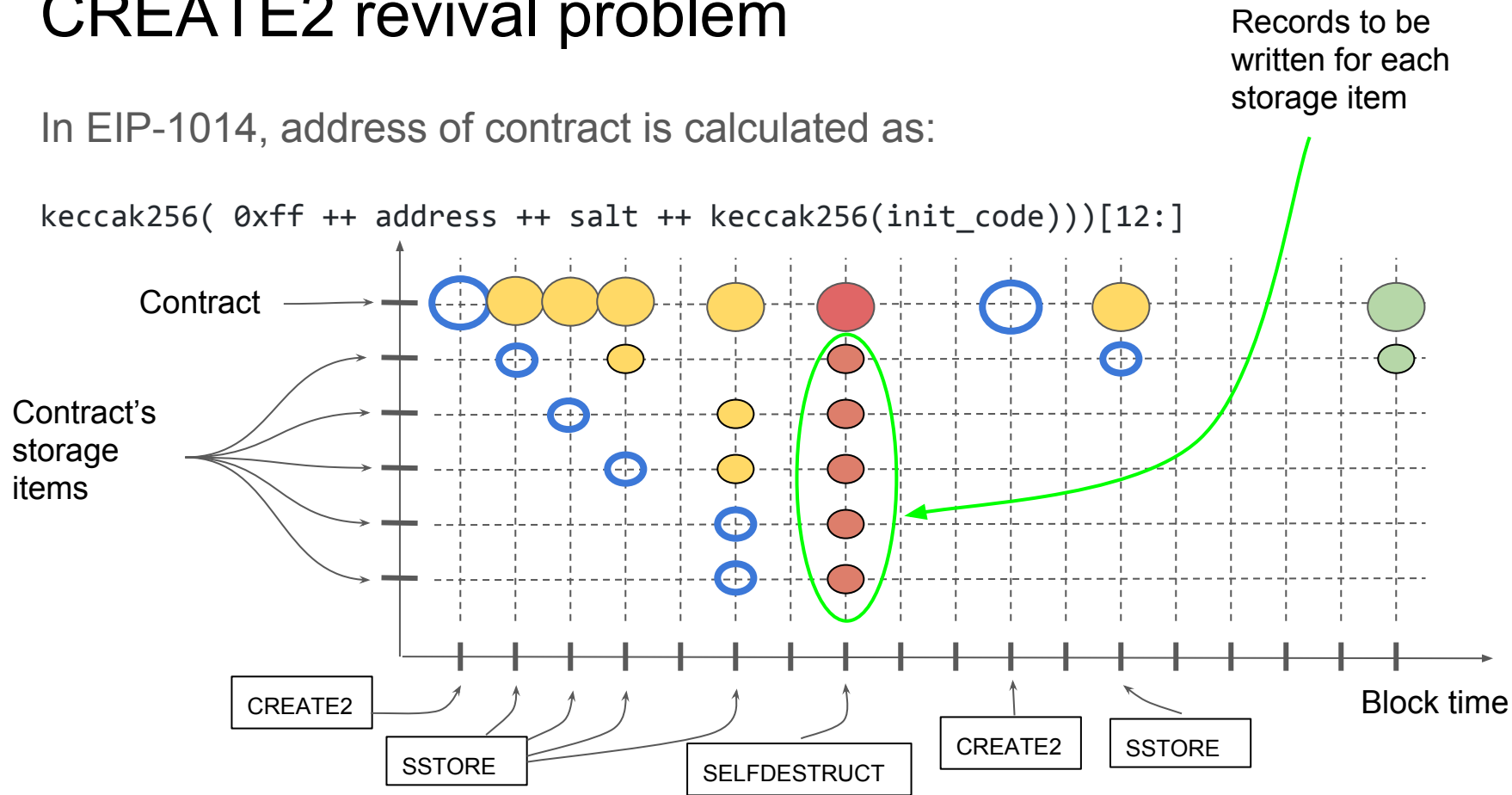
Require “materialised”  
Patricia tree



# CREATE2 revival problem

In EIP-1014, address of contract is calculated as:

```
keccak256( 0xff ++ address ++ salt ++ keccak256(init_code))[12:]
```



# Morus

Codename for **family** of databases for storing of mutating authenticated state. Designed to:

- 1) Compactly store and prune state history
- 2) Allow efficient access to history
- 3) Support various authentication methods: Patricia trees, Sparse Merkle trees, IAVL trees, Weight-Balanced trees
- 4) Help application with state caching



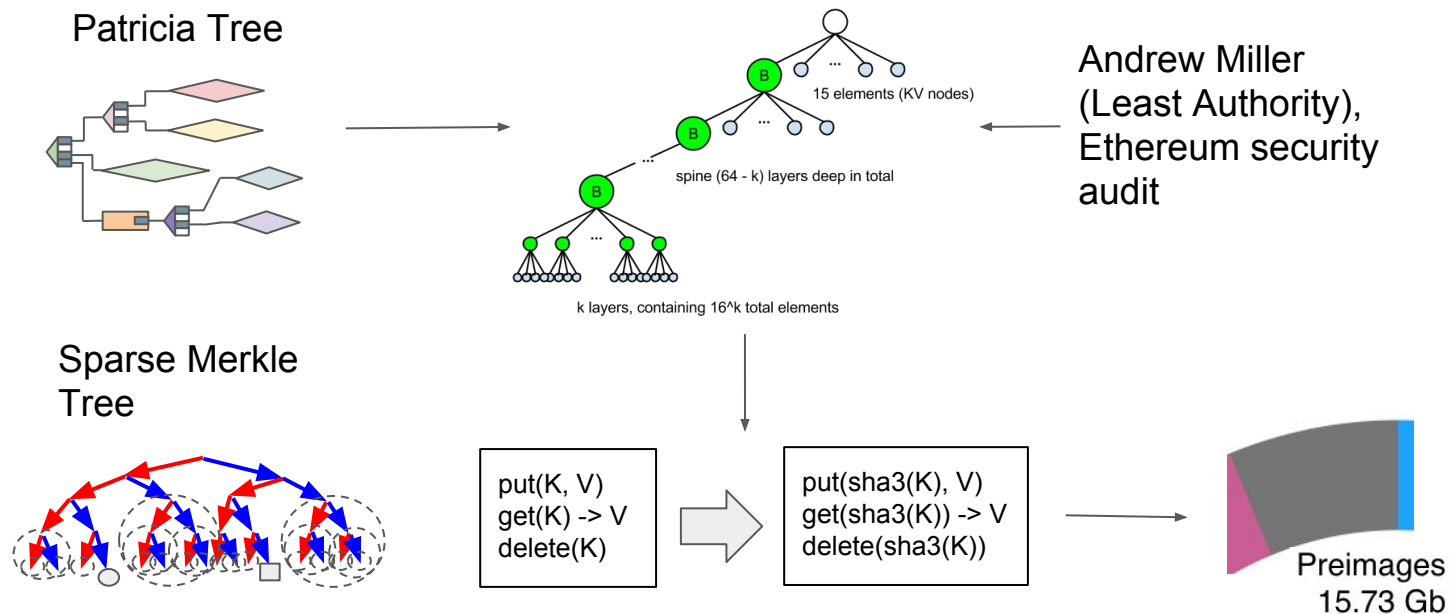
Will allow solving **light client** and **CREATE2 revival** for Turbo-Geth



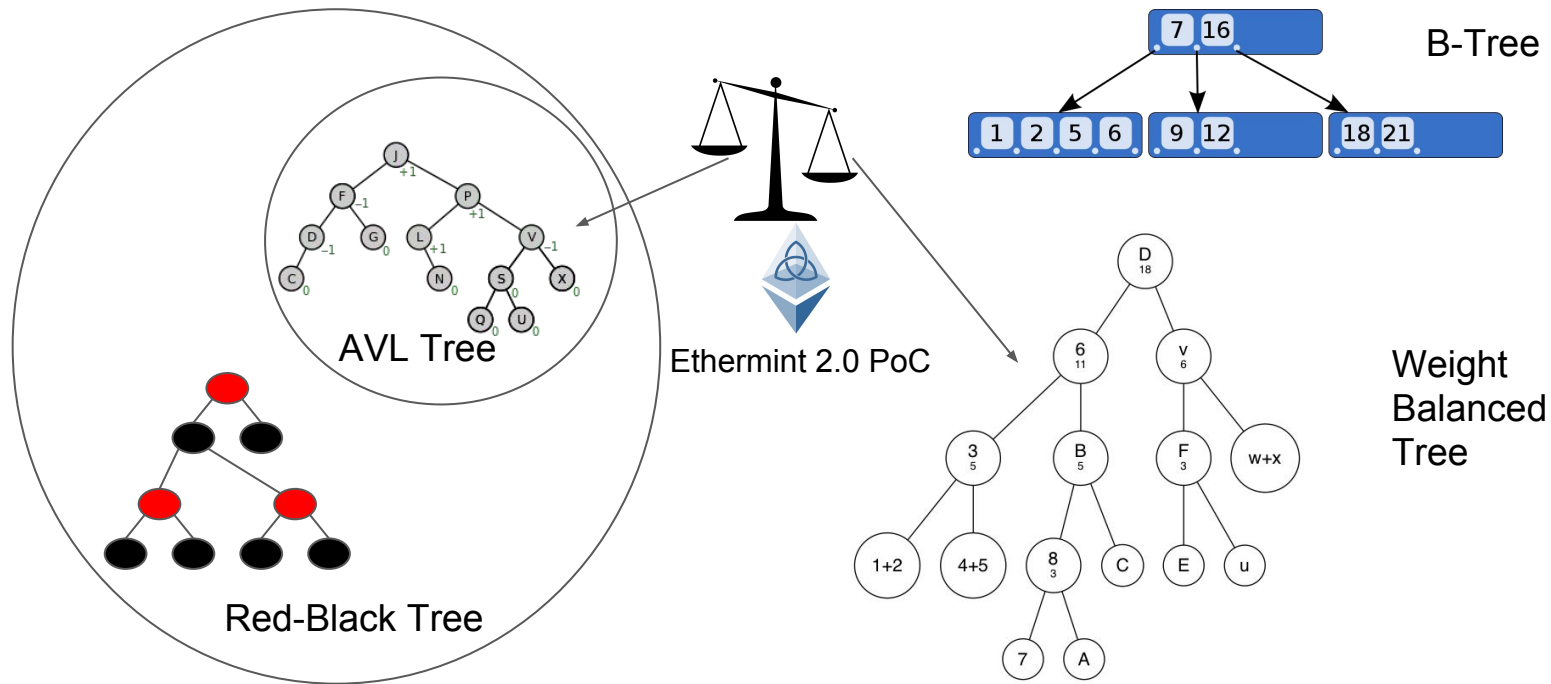
Can become a backend store for **Ethermint**



# Modelling the state - current approaches

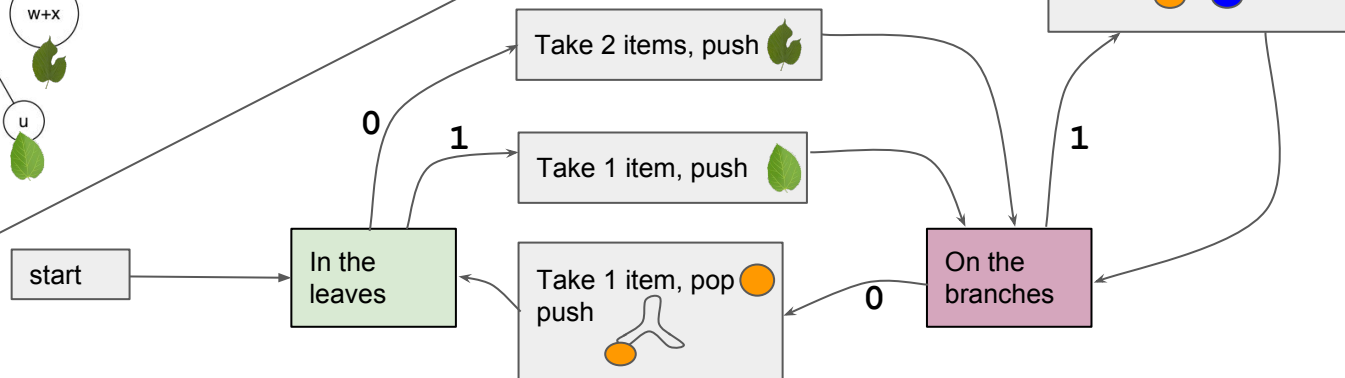
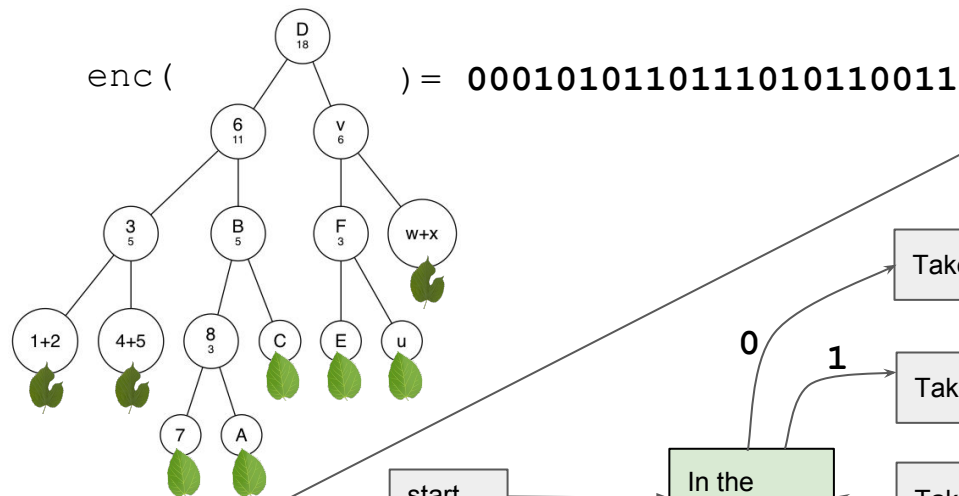


# Modelling the state - self balancing trees



# Encoding structure of a binary tree

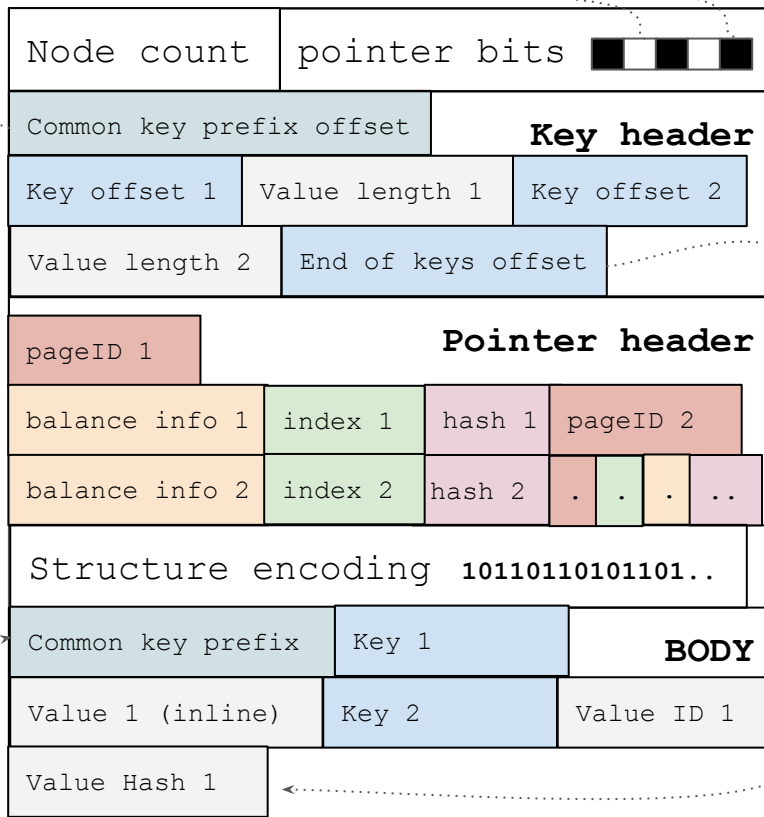
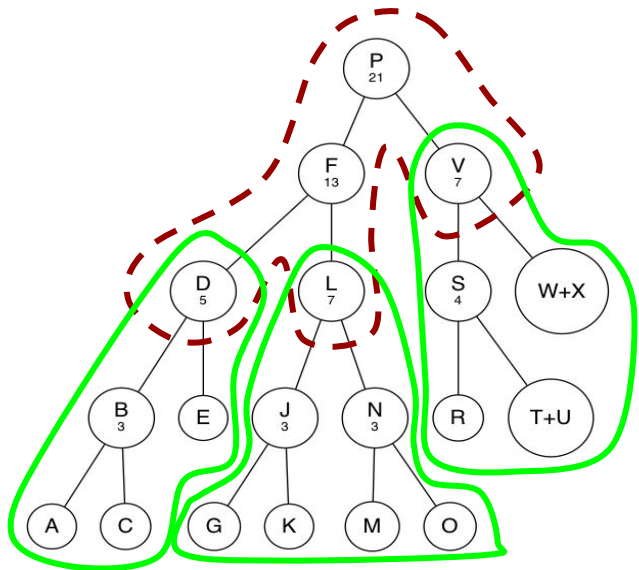
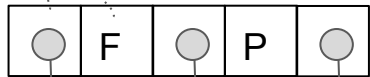
$\text{enc}(\text{leaf}) = 0$      $\text{enc}(\text{leaf}) = 1$      $\text{enc}(\text{branch}) = \text{enc}(\text{orange}) \ 0 \ \text{enc}(\text{blue}) \ 1$



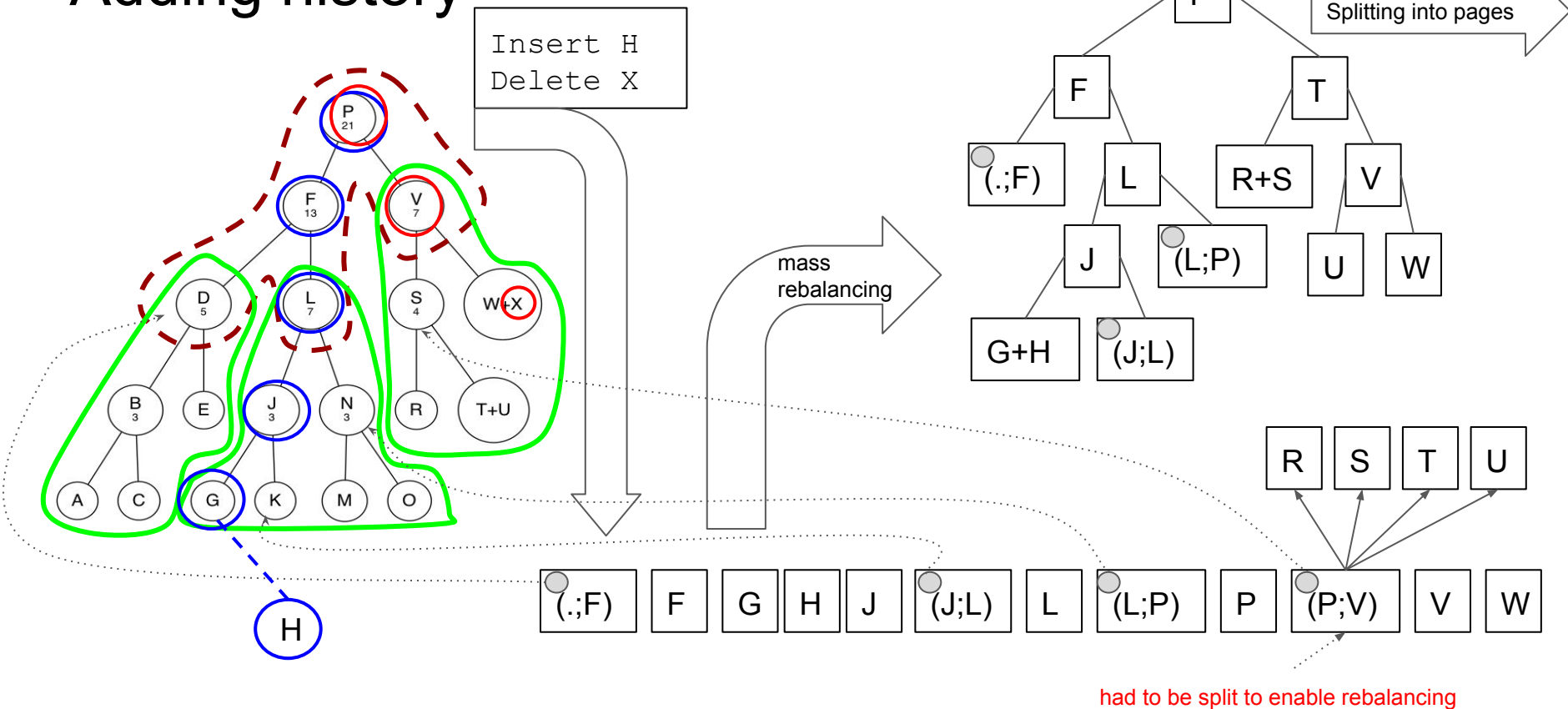




# Splitting binary tree into pages of fixed size



# Adding history



# Trade offs

