

## HW #1 Due Feb. 2

**Discrete Grading Policy.** 5 points for each: 2 points for trying, 3 points if partial answer, 5 point if correct.

2. Verify Equation (2-11) for similarity transformations, namely

$$B = \left( R_1^0 \right)^{-1} A R_1^0 .$$

(If  $A$  is the matrix representation of a given linear transformation in  $o_0x_0y_0z_0$  and  $B$  is the representation of the same linear transformation in  $o_1x_1y_1z_1$  then  $A$  and  $B$  are related as (2-11))

(Alternative interpretation)

Given a point  $p$ , with  $p^0$  and  $p^1$  denoting its position in  $o_0x_0y_0z_0$  and  $o_1x_1y_1z_1$ , respectively.

The frame  $o_0x_0y_0z_0$  and  $o_1x_1y_1z_1$  can be related by rotation matrix  $R_1^0$ . If  $A$  is the matrix representation of a linear transformation for  $p$  in  $o_0x_0y_0z_0$ , and  $B$  is the matrix representation of the same linear transformation for  $p$  in  $o_1x_1y_1z_1$ . Show that

$$B = \left( R_1^0 \right)^{-1} A R_1^0 .$$