

## MCQ\_TE-B\_Subject- SoftwareEngineering\_R16\_Block2

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\* Required

### MCQ Section

Q1 \*

|           |                                    |
|-----------|------------------------------------|
| 1.        | COCOMO-II model is an example of : |
| Option A: | Risk Management                    |
| Option B: | Estimation Models                  |
| Option C: | Requirement Analysis               |
| Option D: | software testing                   |

☐ A

☐ B

☐ C

☐ D

Q2 \*

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| 2.        | Empirical Estimations model are constructed on:        |
| Option A: | Expert judgment based on past projects                 |
| Option B: | Regression models derived from historical project data |
| Option C: | Expected value estimation                              |
| Option D: | Trial and error parameter values                       |

- ☐ A
- ☐ B
- ☐ C
- ☐ D

Q3 \*

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| 3.        | Which of the following does not fall under project scheduling? |
| Option A: | Effort validation  |
| Option B: | Market assessment  |
| Option C: | Compartmentalization   |
| Option D: | Time allocation  |

- ☐ A
- ☐ B
- ☐ C
- ☐ D

Q4 \*

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| 4.        | Which of the following software process models couples the iterative nature of prototyping with the controlled and systematic factors of the linear sequential model? |
| Option A: | The Spiral Model.   |
| Option B: | The Waterfall Model.  |
| Option C: | The Incremental Model.  |
| Option D: | The Revolutionary Model   |

☐ A

☐ B

☐ C

☐ D

Q5 \*

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| 5.        | A Person is anyone within the company that has business interest in the product to be built and might be rewarded for the outcome or criticized if the attempt fails. |
| Option A: | Developer   |
| Option B: | Stakeholder   |
| Option C: | Coder   |
| Option D: | Proprietor  |

☐ A

☐ B

☐ C

☐ D



Q6 \*

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| 6.        | A technique for handling the introduction of products with an emphasis on chronic transparency and not overburdening the development team is ----- |
| Option A: | <u>Kanban</u>  |
| Option B: | Scrum  |
| Option C: | Agile  |
| Option D: | Development  |

☐ A

☐ B

☐ C

☐ D

Q7 \*

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| 7.        | Which of the following is a useful measure for measuring the quality of a system? |
| Option A: | integrity, sales, usability, maintainability                                      |
| Option B: | Stakeholders ,integrity, usability, sales   |
| Option C: | correctness, usability, maintainability, integrity                                |
| Option D: | Correctness ,size ,usability ,maintainability                                     |

☐ A

☐ B

☐ C

☐ D



Q8 \*

|           |                                      |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|
| 8.        | The 3 P's in Project management are: |
| Option A: | Process, Performance and Product     |
| Option B: | Process, Product and People          |
| Option C: | Product, Performance and People      |
| Option D: | People, Process and Performance      |

☐ A

☐ B

☐ C

☐ D

Q9 \*

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| 9.        | In LOC Estimation techniques Problem decompositions are based on: |
| Option A: | project schedule  |
| Option B: | process activities  |
| Option C: | product specification   |
| Option D: | software function   |

☐ A

☐ B

☐ C

☐ D

Q10 \*

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| 10.       | SRS is said to be consistent if and only if  |
| Option A: | its structure and style are such that any changes to the requirements can be made easily while retaining the style and structure |
| Option B: | every requirement stated therein is verifiable   |
| Option C: | every requirement stated therein is one that the software shall meet   |
| Option D: | no subset of individual requirements described in it conflict with each other  |

- ☐ A
- ☐ B
- ☐ C
- ☐ D

Q11 \*

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| 11.       | What questions do black-box tests answer?   |
| Option A: | Are all independent paths within a module exercised?                                |
| Option B: | Is the system particularly sensitive to certain input values?                       |
| Option C: | Does the internal structure to ensure their validity are exercised?                 |
| Option D: | Do all loops at their boundaries and within their operational bounds are exercised? |

- ☐ A
- ☐ B
- ☐ C
- ☐ D

Q12 \*

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| 12.       | In the Change control process, the change report is evaluated finally by whom? |
| Option A: | Software Developer   |
| Option B: | Project Manager  |
| Option C: | Software Configuration Manager   |
| Option D: | Change Control authority   |

☐ A

☐ B

☐ C

☐ D

Q13 \*

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| 13.       | Which design concept defines a direct outgrowth of modularity and the concepts of abstraction and information hiding? |
| Option A: | Refinement  |
| Option B: | Architectural Patterns  |
| Option C: | Functional Independence   |
| Option D: | Refactoring   |

☐ A

☐ B

☐ C

☐ D



Q14 \*

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| 14.       | The reverse engineering is concerned with |
| Option A: | Any adaptation of the system              |
| Option B: | Any reconstruction of the system          |
| Option C: | Any maintenance of the system             |
| Option D: | Documentation change of the software      |

- ☐ A
- ☐ B
- ☐ C
- ☐ D

Q15 \*

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| 15.       | Estimate the risk exposure, if the risk probability is given as 70%, 15 components need to be developed from scratch and the average component is 100 LOC with software engineering cost for each LOC is Rs.12. |
| Option A: | Rs.10,500   |
| Option B: | Rs.18,000   |
| Option C: | Rs.8,400  |
| Option D: | Rs.12, 600  |

- ☐ A
- ☐ B
- ☐ C
- ☐ D



Q16 \*

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| 16.       | Which one among the following provides the upper bound on the number of test cases that will be required to guarantee that every statement in the program has been executed at least once |
| Option A: | Cyclomatic Complexity   |
| Option B: | Flowchart and flow graph  |
| Option C: | Boundary value analysis   |
| Option D: | Independent Program Paths   |

- ☐ A
- ☐ B
- ☐ C
- ☐ D

Q17 \*

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| 17.       | Which of the following errors should not be tested when error handling is evaluated?             |
| Option A: | Error description is impossible to understand  |
| Option B: | Error noted does not correspond to error encountered   |
| Option C: | Error condition causes system intervention   |
| Option D: | Error description provide enough information to assist in the location of the cause of the error |

- ☐ A
- ☐ B
- ☐ C
- ☐ D



Q18 \*

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| 18.       | Which of the following is not a SQA plan for a project? |
| Option A: | evaluations to be performed                             |
| Option B: | duration of technical work                              |
| Option C: | audits and reviews to be performed                      |
| Option D: | procedures for error reporting and tracking             |

- ☐ A
- ☐ B
- ☐ C
- ☐ D

Q19 \*

|           |  |
|-----------|--|
| 19.       | Which of the following is not the golden rule for user interface design? |
| Option A: | Place the user in control  |
| Option B: | Reduce the user's memory load  |
| Option C: | Make the interface consistent  |
| Option D: | Risk identification  |

- ☐ A
- ☐ B
- ☐ C
- ☐ D



Q20 \*

|           |   |
|-----------|---|
| 20.       | Independence of a module is measured using the following 2 qualitative criteria : |
| Option A: | Module and modularity   |
| Option B: | <u>Cyclomatic</u> complexity and modularity                                       |
| Option C: | Cohesion and coupling   |
| Option D: | Abstraction and function point  |

☐ A

☐ B

☐ C

☐ D

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