# IS5 in R: Stats Starts Here (Chapter 1)

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## Introduction and background

This document is intended to help describe how to undertake analyses introduced as examples in the Fifth Edition of *Intro Stats* (2018) by De Veaux, Velleman, and Bock. More information about the book can be found at http://wps.aw.com/aw\_deveaux\_stats\_series. This file as well as the associated R Markdown reproducible analysis source file used to create it can be found at http://nhorton.people.amherst.edu/is5.

This work leverages initiatives undertaken by Project MOSAIC (http://www.mosaic-web.org), an NSF-funded effort to improve the teaching of statistics, calculus, science and computing in the undergraduate curriculum. In particular, we utilize the mosaic package, which was written to simplify the use of R for introductory statistics courses. A short summary of the R needed to teach introductory statistics can be found in the mosaic package vignettes (http://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/mosaic). A paper describing the mosaic approach was published in the R Journal: https://journal.r-project.org/archive/2017/RJ-2017-024.

## Chapter 1: Stats Starts Here

Section 1.1: What is Statistics?

Section 1.2: Data

Section 1.3: Variables

See table on page 7.

```
library(mosaic)
library(readr)
options(digits = 3)
Tour <-
    read_csv("http://nhorton.people.amherst.edu/is5/data/Tour_de_France_2016.csv")
## Parsed with column specification:</pre>
```

```
## cols(
##
     Year = col integer(),
##
     Winner = col_character(),
     Country = col_character(),
##
##
     Age = col_integer(),
##
     Team = col_character(),
     `Total Time(h.min.sec)` = col_character(),
##
     `Total Time(h)` = col_double(),
##
##
     Average.Speed = col_double(),
##
     Stages = col_integer(),
##
     `Total Distance Ridden` = col_double(),
     `Starting Riders` = col_integer(),
##
     `Finishing Riders` = col_integer()
##
## )
```

```
names(Tour)
    [1] "Year"
                                 "Winner"
                                 "Age"
##
    [3] "Country"
   [5] "Team"
                                 "Total Time(h.min.sec)"
##
   [7] "Total Time(h)"
                                 "Average.Speed"
   [9] "Stages"
##
                                 "Total Distance Ridden"
## [11] "Starting Riders"
                                 "Finishing Riders"
glimpse(Tour)
## Observations: 103
## Variables: 12
## $ Year
                             <int> 1903, 1904, 1905, 1906, 1907, 1908, 19...
## $ Winner
                             <chr> "Maurice Garin", "Henri Cornet", "Loui...
## $ Country
                             <chr> "France", "France", "France", "France"...
                             <int> 32, 20, 24, 27, 24, 25, 22, 21, 27, 24...
## $ Age
                             <chr> "La Fran\u008daise", "Cycles JC", "Peu...
## $ Team
## $ `Total Time(h.min.sec)` <chr> "94.33.00", "96.05.56", "110.26.58", "...
## $ `Total Time(h)`
                             <dbl> 94.5, 96.1, 110.4, 189.6, 158.8, 156.9...
                             <dbl> 25.7, 25.3, 27.1, 24.5, 28.5, 28.7, 28...
## $ Average.Speed
## $ Stages
                             <int> 6, 6, 11, 13, 14, 14, 14, 15, 15, 15, ...
## $ `Total Distance Ridden` <dbl> 2428, 2428, 2994, 4637, 4488, 4488, 44...
## $ `Starting Riders`
                             <int> 60, 88, 60, 82, 93, 112, 150, 110, 84,...
## $ `Finishing Riders`
                             <int> 21, 27, 24, 14, 33, 36, 55, 41, 28, 41...
head(Tour, 3)
## # A tibble: 3 x 12
##
      Year Winner
                               Age Team
                                             `Total Time(h.mi~ `Total Time(h)`
                     Country
     <int> <chr>
                             <int> <chr>
                     <chr>
                                             <chr>>
                                                                          <db1>
                                32 "La Fra~ 94.33.00
## 1 1903 Maurice ~ France
                                                                          94.6
## 2 1904 Henri Co~ France
                                20 Cycles ~ 96.05.56
                                                                          96.1
## 3 1905 Louis Tr~ France
                                24 Peugeot 110.26.58
                                                                          110.
## # ... with 5 more variables: Average. Speed <dbl>, Stages <int>, `Total
      Distance Ridden` <dbl>, `Starting Riders` <int>, `Finishing
## #
      Riders` <int>
tail(Tour, 8) %>%
  select(Winner, Year, Country)
## # A tibble: 8 x 3
##
     Winner
                         Year Country
     <chr>>
                        <int> <chr>
## 1 Contador Alberto
                         2009 Spain
## 2 Andy Schleck
                         2010 Luxembourg
## 3 Cadel Evans
                         2011 Australia
                         2012 Great Britain
## 4 Bradley Wiggins
## 5 Christopher Froome
                         2013 Great Britain
## 6 Vincezo Nibali
                         2014 Italy
## 7 Cristopher Froome
                         2015 Great Britain
## 8 Cristopher Froome
                         2016 Great Britain
```

By default, read\_csv() prints the variable names. These messages can be suppressed using the message=FALSE code chunk option to save space and improve readability.

### Let's find who was the winner in 1998

How many stages did Alberto Contador win in the years when he won the Tour?

```
filter(Tour, Winner == "Contador Alberto") %>%
  select(Winner, Year, Stages)
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
##
    Winner
                       Year Stages
     <chr>
                      <int> <int>
## 1 Contador Alberto 2007
                                21
## 2 Contador Alberto 2009
                                 21
Note that the following command generates the same output.
 filter(Winner == "Contador Alberto") %>%
 select(Winner, Year, Stages)
## # A tibble: 2 x 3
##
    Winner
                       Year Stages
     <chr>
                      <int> <int>
## 1 Contador Alberto 2007
                                 21
```

The pipe operator (%>%) can be used to connect one dataframe or command to another.

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#### What was the slowest average speed of any tour? Fastest?

## 2 Contador Alberto 2009

```
filter(Tour, Average.Speed == min(Average.Speed)) %>%
  select(Year, Average.Speed)
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
##
      Year Average. Speed
##
     <int>
                   <dbl>
## 1 1919
                    24.1
filter(Tour, Average.Speed == max(Average.Speed)) %>%
  select(Year, Average.Speed)
## # A tibble: 1 x 2
##
     Year Average.Speed
##
     <int>
                   <dbl>
## 1 2005
                    41.7
```

How can we summarize the distribution of Average Speeds?

```
favstats(~ Average.Speed, data = Tour)
```

## min Q1 median Q3 max mean sd n missing ## 24.1 29.5 35.4 38.7 41.7 34.1 5.2 103 0