

PSS - Assignment Sec-A

1. Convert the following no. with the indicated base to decimal.

$$(a) (12121)_3 = (152)_10$$

$$1 \times 3^4 + 2 \times 3^3 + 1 \times 3^2 + 2 \times 3^1 + 1 \times 3^0 \Rightarrow 152$$

$$(b) (4310)_5 = (-580)_10$$

$$4 \times 5^3 + 3 \times 5^2 + 1 \times 5 + 0 \times 5^0 \Rightarrow 580$$

$$(c) (50)_7 = (35)_10$$

$$5 \times 7 + 0 \times 7^0 \Rightarrow 35$$

$$(d) (AC)_{12} = (126)_{10}$$

$$10 \times 12 + 6 \times 12^0 \Rightarrow 126$$

2. Solve following

$$(i) (9ADF \cdot BC)_{16} = (39647 \cdot 734)_{10}$$

$$(9 \times 16^3 + 10 \times 16^2 + 13 \times 16^1 + 15 \times 16^0) \cdot (11 \times (16)^{-1} + 12 \times (16)^{-2})$$

$$(ii) (9ADF \cdot BC)_{16} = (115337 \cdot 274)_{10}$$

$$(39647 \cdot 734)_{10} \Rightarrow (115337 \cdot 274)_{10}$$

$$\underline{(1001101011011111 \cdot 10111100)} \\ (\text{making group of 3 bits})$$

3. Convert $(125.125)_{10}$ into binary, octal, hexadecimal numbers.

$$\text{Binary} \Rightarrow (125.125)_{10} = (1111101.001)_2$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 125 \\ \hline 2 | 62 \quad 1 \\ 2 | 31 \quad 0 \\ 2 | 15 \quad 1 \\ 2 | 7 \quad 1 \\ 2 | 3 \quad 1 \\ \hline 1 \quad 1 \\ 0 \quad 1 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 125 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline 250 \\ - 0 \\ \hline 250 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline 500 \\ - 0 \\ \hline 500 \\ \times 2 \\ \hline 1000 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 1111101.001 \\ \swarrow \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \\ 2 \end{array}$$

$$\text{Octal} \Rightarrow (125.125)_{10} = (175.1)_8$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 125 \\ \hline 8 | 15 \quad 5 \\ 8 | 1 \quad 7 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 125 \\ \times 8 \\ \hline 1000 \end{array}$$

$$\text{hexadecimal} \Rightarrow (125.125)_{10} = (\del{213.2})_{16}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 125 \\ \hline 16 | 7 \quad 13 \\ 16 | 0 \quad 7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 125 \\ \times 16 \\ \hline 2000 \end{array}$$

7D.2

4. find decimal eq^t of following

i) $(111.01)_2 \Rightarrow (7.25)_{10}$

$$(1 \times 2^2 + 1 \times 2 + 1 \times 1) \cdot (0 \times 2^{-1} + 1 \times 2^{-2})$$

ii) $(247.65)_8 \Rightarrow (167.828)_{10}$

$$(2 \times 8^2 + 4 \times 8 + 7 \times 1) \cdot \left(\frac{6}{8} + \frac{5}{64} \right)$$

iii) $(1101.001)_2 \Rightarrow (13.125)_{10}$

$$(1 \times 2^3 + 1 \times 2^2 + 0 + 1) \cdot (0 + 0 + \frac{1}{8})$$

iv) $(A2A.D4)_{16} = (2602.828)_{10}$

$$(10 \times 256 + 2 \times 16 + 10) \cdot \left(\frac{13}{16} + \frac{4}{256} \right)$$

$$\Rightarrow (2602.828)_{10}$$

5. Find $(10110110)_2 - (01101110)_2$

using 2's complement

$$\begin{array}{r} 10110110 \\ - 01101110 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \textcircled{1}$$

$$01101110 \quad \textcircled{2}$$

Take 2's complement of $\textcircled{2}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10010001 \\ + 1 \\ \hline \end{array} \quad \begin{array}{l} (\text{invert all bits}) \\ (\text{add } 1) \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10010010 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{1} + \textcircled{2} \Rightarrow \begin{array}{r} 10110110 \\ + 10010010 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Ans (01001000)

$$\begin{array}{r} & & \text{carry} & \leftarrow \textcircled{1} \\ & & \underline{\text{drop}} & \underline{01001000} \end{array}$$

6. $(0101111)_2 + (1101100)_2 \Rightarrow$

$$\begin{array}{r} & 1 & & \\ & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 & F \\ + & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ \hline & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \end{array}$$

Ans (10011011)