# MiniFrame

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# September 24, 2018

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## Introduction

MiniFrame is a C library providing a framework to implement the MiniMax algorithm.

The user can define the system to which the MiniMax algorithm is apply by implementing the set of functions in files miniframe-model.h, miniframe-inline-model.c and miniframe-model.c.

It supports one or several actor(s) and uses a time limit to control MiniMax expansion. MiniFrame uses time prediction to maximise the number of steps computed inside the time limit and minimize the risk of overcoming this time limit.

The user can choose if MiniFrame should try to reuse previously computed worlds or recompute several times the same world if it's reachable through several transitions. If it reuses previously computed worlds MiniFrame provide the percentage of reused worlds at each step. MiniFrame also provide the time unused and the number of computed worlds at each step to allow the user to estimate performances.

A basic example is given to illustrate how to use MiniFrame, as well as the implementation for the game of Oware.

The example of the game of Oware also contains an implementation of how to combine MiniFrame with ELORank, GenAlg and NeuraNet to train a NeuraNet later used as the evaluation function of the MiniFrame.

It uses the PBErr, PBMath and GSet libraries.

## 1 Interface

### 1.1 miniframe.h

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <time.h>
#include "pberr.h"
#include "pbmath.h"
#include "gset.h"
// ====== Define =======
// Default time for expansion, in millisecond
#define MF_DEFAULTTIMEEXPANSION 100
// time_ms = clock() / MF_MILLISECTOCLOCKS
#define MF_MILLISECTOCLOCKS (CLOCKS_PER_SEC * 0.001)
// ====== Interface with the model implementation ========
#include "miniframe-model.h"
// ======= Data structure =========
typedef struct MFWorld MFWorld;
typedef struct MFTransition {
  // User defined transition
  MFModelTransition _transition;
  // Reference to the world to which this action is applied
  MFWorld* _fromWorld;
  // Reference to the reached world through this action
  // if null it means this action has not been computed
  MFWorld* _toWorld;
  // Array of forecasted POV value of this transition for each actor
  float _values[MF_NBMAXACTOR];
} MFTransition;
typedef struct MFWorld {
  // User defined status of the world
  MFModelStatus _status;
  // Set of transitions reaching this world
  GSet _sources;
  // Array of value of this world from the pov of each actor
  float _values[MF_NBMAXACTOR];
  // Array to memorize the transitions from this world instance
  MFTransition _transitions[MF_NBMAXTRANSITION];
  // Number of transitions from this world
  int _nbTransition;
} MFWorld;
typedef struct MiniFrame {
  // Nb of steps
  unsigned int _nbStep;
  // Current world instance
  MFWorld* _curWorld;
  // All the computed world instances, ordered by their value from the
  // pov of the preempting player at the previous step
  GSet _worlds;
  // Time limit for expansion, in millisecond
  float _maxTimeExpansion;
  // Time unused during expansion, in millisecond
  float _timeUnusedExpansion;
  // Percent of the total available time available to search for worlds
  // to expand in MFExpand(), in ]0.0, 1.0], init to 1.0
  float _timeSearchWorld;
```

```
// Nb of worlds expanded during last call to MFExpand
  int _nbWorldExpanded;
  // Nb of worlds unexpanded during last call to MFExpand
  int _nbWorldUnexpanded;
  // Nb of removed world;
  int _nbRemovedWorld;
  // Flag to activate the reuse of previously computed same world
  bool _reuseWorld;
  // Percentage (in [0.0, 1.0]) of world reused during the last
  // MFExpand()
  float _percWorldReused;
  // Time used at end of expansion (per remaining world)
  float _timeEndExpansion;
  // The clock considered has start during expansion
  clock_t _startExpandClock;
} MiniFrame;
// ========= Functions declaration =========
// Create a new MiniFrame the initial world 'initStatus'
// The current world is initialized with a copy of 'initStatus'
// Return the new MiniFrame
MiniFrame* MiniFrameCreate(const MFModelStatus* const initStatus);
// Create a new MFWorld with a copy of the MFModelStatus 'status'
// Return the new MFWorld
MFWorld* MFWorldCreate(const MFModelStatus* const status);
// Create a new static MFTransition for the MFWorld 'world' with the
// MFModelTransition 'transition'
// Return the new MFTransition
MFTransition MFTransitionCreateStatic(const MFWorld* const world,
  const MFModelTransition* const transition);
// Free memory used by the MiniFrame 'that'
void MiniFrameFree(MiniFrame** that);
// Free memory used by the MFWorld 'that'
void MFWorldFree(MFWorld** that);
// Free memory used by properties of the MFTransition 'that'
void MFTransitionFreeStatic(MFTransition* that);
// Get the current MFWorld of the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
const MFWorld* MFCurWorld(const MiniFrame* const that);
// Get the GSet of computed MFWorlds of the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
const GSet* MFWorlds(const MiniFrame* const that);
// Return the number of computed worlds in the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
int MFGetNbComputedWorld(const MiniFrame* const that);
```

```
// Return true if the expansion algorithm looks in previously
// computed worlds for same world to reuse, else false
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
bool MFIsWorldReusable(const MiniFrame* const that);
// Set the falg controlling if the expansion algorithm looks in
// previously computed worlds for same world to reuse to 'reuse'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
void MFSetWorldReusable(MiniFrame* const that, const bool reuse);
// Add the MFWorld 'world' to the computed MFWorlds of the
// MiniFrame 'that', ordered by the world's value from the pov of
// actor 'iActor'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
void MFAddWorld(MiniFrame* const that, \
 const MFWorld* const world, const int iActor);
// Get the time limit for expansion of the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
float MFGetMaxTimeExpansion(const MiniFrame* const that);
// Get the time unused during last expansion of the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
float MFGetTimeUnusedExpansion(const MiniFrame* const that);
// Get the time used to search world to expand during next expansion
// of the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
float MFGetTimeSearchWorld(const MiniFrame* const that);
// Get the nb of world expanded during the last expansion
// of the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
int MFGetNbWorldExpanded(const MiniFrame* const that);
// Get the nb of world unexpanded during the last expansion
// of the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
int MFGetNbWorldUnexpanded(const MiniFrame* const that);
// Get the nb of removed world during the last call to SetCurWorld
// of the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
int MFGetNbWorldRemoved(const MiniFrame* const that);
```

```
// Get the time used at end of expansion of the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
float MFGetTimeEndExpansion(const MiniFrame* const that);
// Get the percentage of resued world of the MiniFrame 'that' during
// the last MFEpxand()
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
float MFGetPercWordReused(const MiniFrame* const that);
// Get the clock considered has start during expansion
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
clock_t MFGetStartExpandClock(const MiniFrame* const that);
// Set the clock considered has start during expansion to 'c'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
void MFSetStartExpandClock(MiniFrame* const that, clock_t c);
// Set the time limit for expansion of the MiniFrame 'that' to
// 'timeLimit', in millisecond
// The time is measured with the function clock(), see "man clock"
// for details
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
void MFSetMaxTimeExpansion(MiniFrame* const that, \
  const float timeLimit);
// Return the MFModelStatus of the MFWorld 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
const MFModelStatus* MFWorldStatus(const MFWorld* const that);
// Expand the MiniFrame 'that' until it reaches its time limit or can't
// expand anymore
void MFExpand(MiniFrame* that);
// Return the value of the MFWorld 'that' from the point of view of the
// actor 'iActor'.
float MFWorldGetForecastValue(const MFWorld* const that, const int iActor);
// Get the number of transition for the MFWorld 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
int MFWorldGetNbTrans(const MFWorld* const that);
// Get the MFWorld which the MFTransition 'that' is leading to
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
const MFWorld* MFTransitionToWorld(const MFTransition* const that);
```

```
// Set the MFWorld to which the MFTransition 'that' is leading to
// 'world'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
void MFTransitionSetToWorld(MFTransition* const that,
 MFWorld* const world);
// Get the MFWorld which the MFTransition 'that' is coming from
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
const MFWorld* MFTransitionFromWorld(const MFTransition* const that);
// Return true if the MFTransition 'that' is expandable, i.e. its
// 'toWorld' is null, else return false
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
bool MFTransitionIsExpandable(const MFTransition* const that);
// Get the 'iTrans' MFTransition of the MFWorld 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
const MFTransition* MFWorldTransition(const MFWorld* const that,
 const int iTrans);
// Get the set of MFTransition reaching the MFWorld 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
const GSet* MFWorldSources(const MFWorld* const that);
// Return the array of values of the MFWorld 'that' for each actor
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
const float* MFWorldValues(const MFWorld* const that);
// Compute the MFModelStatus resulting from the 'iTrans' MFTransition
// of the MFWorld 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
MFModelStatus MFWorldComputeTransition(const MFWorld* const that,
  const int iTrans);
// Get the forecast value of the MFWorld 'that' for the actor 'iActor'
float MFWorldGetForecastValue(const MFWorld* const that, int iActor);
// Set the value of the MFTransition 'that' for the actor 'iActor' to
// 'val'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
void MFTransitionSetValue(MFTransition* const that, const int iActor,
  const float val);
// Return the forecasted POV value of the MFTransition 'that' for the
// actor 'iActor'.
#if BUILDMODE != 0
```

```
inline
#endif
float MFTransitionGetForecastValue(const MFTransition* const that,
  const int iActor);
// Return the egocentric value of the MFWorld 'that' for the
// actor 'iActor'.
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
float MFWorldGetValue(const MFWorld* const that, const int iActor);
// Get the best MFModelTransition for the 'iActor'-th actor in the
// current MFWorld of the MiniFrame 'that'
// Return an undefined MFTransition if the curernt world has no
// transition
const MFModelTransition* MFGetBestTransition(
  const MiniFrame* const that, const int iActor);
// Print the MFWorld 'that' on the stream 'stream'
void MFWorldPrint(const MFWorld* const that, FILE* const stream);
// Print the MFTransition 'that' on the stream 'stream'
void MFTransitionPrint(const MFTransition* const that,
 FILE* const stream);
// Print the MFWorld 'that' and its MFTransition on the stream 'stream'
void MFWorldTransPrintln(const MFWorld* const that,
 FILE* const stream);
// Set the current world of the MiniFrame 'that' to match the
// MFModelStatus 'status'
// If the world is in computed worlds reuse it, else create a new one
void MFSetCurWorld(MiniFrame* const that,
  const MFModelStatus* const world);
// Print the best forecasted story from the MFWorld 'that' for the
// actor 'iActor' on the stream 'stream'
void MFWorldPrintBestStoryln(const MFWorld* const that, const int iActor,
 FILE* const stream);
// Set the values of the MFWorld 'that' to 'values'
void MFWorldSetValues(MFWorld* const that, const float* const values);
// ========= Inliner =========
#if BUILDMODE != 0
#include "miniframe-inline.c"
#endif
#endif
```

### 2 Code

### 2.1 miniframe.c

```
// ======= MINIFRAME.C =========
```

```
// ======== Include =========
#include "miniframe.h"
#if BUILDMODE == 0
#include "miniframe-inline.c"
#endif
// ====== Functions declaration =========
// Get the set of worlds to be expanded (having at least one transition
// whose _toWorld is null) for the MiniFrame 'that'
// Stop searching for world if clock() >= clockLimit
// Will return at least one world even if clockLimit == current clock
// The MiniFrame must have at least one world in its set of computed
// worlds
// Force the current world to the end of the returned set to ensure
// it will be the first to be expanded
GSet MFGetWorldsToExpand(MiniFrame* const that,
  const clock_t clockLimit);
// Return true if the MFWorld 'that' has at least one transition to be
// expanded
bool MFWorldIsExpandable(const MFWorld* const that);
// Search in computed worlds of the MiniFrame 'that' if there is
// one with same status as the MFModelStatus 'status'
// If there is one return it, if not return null
MFWorld* MFSearchWorld(const MiniFrame* const that,
  const MFModelStatus* const status);
// Set the MFWorld 'toWorld' has the result of the 'iTrans' transition
// of the world 'that'
// Update the value of the transition
void MFWorldSetTransitionToWorld(
 MFWorld* const that, const int iTrans, MFWorld* const toWorld);
// Update backward the forecast values for each transitions
// leading to the MFWorld 'world' in the MiniFrame 'that'
void MFUpdateForecastValues(MiniFrame* const that,
  const MFWorld* const world, float delayPenalty, GSet* const setWorld);
// Update the values of the MFTransition 'that' for each actor with
// the forecasted values 'values' of the ToWorld for each actor
// Update only if the new value is higher than the current one
// Return true if at least one value has been updated, else false
bool MFTransitionUpdateValues(MFTransition* const that,
  const float* const values);
// Pop a MFTransition from the sources of the MFWorld 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
MFTransition* MFWorldPopSource(MFWorld* const that);
// Remove the MFTransition 'source' from the sources of the
// MFWorld 'that'
void MFWorldRemoveSource(MFWorld* const that,
  const MFTransition* const source);
// Get the best MFModelTransition for the 'iActor'-th actor in the
// MFWorld 'that'
```

```
// Return NULL if the world has no transition
const MFModelTransition* MFWorldBestTransition(
  const MFWorld* const that, const int iActor);
// Free the memory used by the disposable worlds in the computed worlds
// of the MinFrame 'that'
void MFFreeDisposableWorld(MiniFrame* const that);
// ======= Functions implementation ==========
// Create a new MiniFrame the initial world 'initStatus'
// The current world is initialized with a copy of 'initStatus'
// Return the new MiniFrame
MiniFrame* MiniFrameCreate(const MFModelStatus* const initStatus) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (initStatus == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'initStatus' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  // Allocate memory
  MiniFrame *that = PBErrMalloc(MiniFrameErr, sizeof(MiniFrame));
  // Set properties
  that->_nbStep = 0;
  MFSetMaxTimeExpansion(that, MF_DEFAULTTIMEEXPANSION);
  that->_curWorld = MFWorldCreate(initStatus);
  that->_worlds = GSetCreateStatic();
  MFAddWorld(that, MFCurWorld(that), MFModelStatusGetSente(initStatus));
  that->_timeSearchWorld = MF_DEFAULTTIMEEXPANSION;
  that->_nbWorldExpanded = 0;
  that->_nbWorldUnexpanded = 0;
  that->_nbRemovedWorld = 0;
  that->_timeUnusedExpansion = 0.0;
  that->_reuseWorld = false;
  that->_percWorldReused = 0.0;
  that->_startExpandClock = 0;
  // Estimate the time used at end of expansion which is the time
  // used to flush a gset
  GSet set = GSetCreateStatic();
  int nb = 100;
  float timeFlush = 0.0;
  do {
    for (int i = nb; i--;)
      GSetPush(&set, NULL);
    clock_t timeStart = clock();
    GSetFlush(&set);
    clock_t timeEnd = clock();
    timeFlush = ((double)(timeEnd - timeStart)) / MF_MILLISECTOCLOCKS;
  } while (timeFlush < 0.0);</pre>
  that->_timeEndExpansion = timeFlush / (float)nb;
  // Return the new MiniFrame
  return that;
// Create a new MFWorld with a copy of the MFModelStatus 'status'
// Return the new MFWorld
{\tt MFWorld*\ MFWorldCreate(const\ MFModelStatus*\ const\ status)\ \{}
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (status == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'status' is null");
```

```
PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
#endif
  // Allocate memory
  MFWorld *that = PBErrMalloc(MiniFrameErr, sizeof(MFWorld));
  // Set the status
  MFModelStatusCopy(status, &(that->_status));
  // Initialise the set of transitions reaching this world
  that->_sources = GSetCreateStatic();
  // Set the values
  float values[MF_NBMAXACTOR] = {0.0};
  MFModelStatusGetValues(status, values);
  MFWorldSetValues(that, values);
  // Set the possible transitions from this world
  MFModelTransition transitions[MF_NBMAXTRANSITION];
  MFModelStatusGetTrans(status, transitions, &(that->_nbTransition));
  for (int iTrans = that->_nbTransition; iTrans--;)
    that->_transitions[iTrans] =
      MFTransitionCreateStatic(that, transitions + iTrans);
  // Return the new MFWorld
  return that;
// Create a new static MFTransition for the MFWorld 'world' with the
// MFModelTransition 'transition'
// Return the new MFTransition
MFTransition MFTransitionCreateStatic(const MFWorld* const world,
  const MFModelTransition* const transition) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (world == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'world' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
#endif
  \ensuremath{//} Declare a variable to memorize the new action
  MFTransition that;
  // Set properties
  that._transition = *transition;
  that._fromWorld = (MFWorld*)world;
  that._toWorld = NULL;
  for (int iActor = MF_NBMAXACTOR; iActor--;)
    that._values[iActor] = 0.0;
  // Return the new MFTransition
 return that;
}
// Free memory used by the MiniFrame 'that'
void MiniFrameFree(MiniFrame** that) {
  // Check argument
  if (that == NULL || *that == NULL) return;
  // Free memory
  while(GSetNbElem(&((*that)->_worlds)) > 0) {
    MFWorld* world = GSetPop(&((*that)->_worlds));
    MFWorldFree(&world);
  }
  free(*that);
  *that = NULL;
// Free memory used by the MFWorld 'that'
void MFWorldFree(MFWorld** that) {
```

```
// Check argument
  if (that == NULL || *that == NULL) return;
  // Free memory
  GSetFlush(&((*that)->_sources));
  MFModelStatusFreeStatic(&((*that)->_status));
  for (int iAct = (*that)->_nbTransition; iAct--;) {
    if ((*that)->_transitions[iAct]._toWorld != NULL)
      MFTransitionFreeStatic((*that)->_transitions + iAct);
  free(*that);
  *that = NULL;
// Free memory used by properties of the MFTransition 'that'
{\tt void} \ {\tt MFTransitionFreeStatic(MFTransition*\ that)}\ \{
  // Check argument
  if (that == NULL) return;
  // Free memory
  MFModelTransitionFreeStatic(&(that->_transition));
// Expand the MiniFrame 'that' until it reaches its time limit or can't
// expand anymore
void MFExpand(MiniFrame* that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  // Declare a variable to memorize the time at beginning of the whole
  // expansion process
  clock_t clockStart = MFGetStartExpandClock(that);
  // Declare a variable to memorize the maximum time used for one
  // step of expansion
  double maxTimeOneStep = 0.0;
  // Create the set of world instances to be expanded, ordered by
  // world's value from the point of view of the preempting actor
  // for each world
  // The time available for this step is limited to avoid spending
  // time to search for worlds to expand and finally not having time
  // to compute them
  clock t clockLimit = clockStart +
    that->_timeSearchWorld * MF_MILLISECTOCLOCKS;
  GSet worldsToExpand = MFGetWorldsToExpand(that, clockLimit);
  // Memorize the number of worlds to expand
  int nbWorldToExpand = GSetNbElem(&worldsToExpand);
  // Declare a variable to memorize the time spend expanding
  double timeUsed =
    ((double)(clock() - clockStart)) / MF_MILLISECTOCLOCKS;
  // Declare a variable to memorize the number of reused worlds
  int nbReusedWorld = 0;
  // Declare a variable to memorie the number of worlds to expand added
  // to the original set
  int nbWorldToExpandPost = 0;
  // Loop until we have time for one more step of expansion or there
  // is no world to expand
  // Take care of clock() wrapping around
  while (timeUsed >= 0.0 &&
    timeUsed + maxTimeOneStep +
    MFGetTimeEndExpansion(that) * GSetNbElem(&worldsToExpand) <
```

```
MFGetMaxTimeExpansion(that) &&
GSetNbElem(&worldsToExpand) > 0) {
// Declare a variable to memorize the time at the beginning of one
// step of expansion
clock_t clockStartLoop = clock();
// Drop the world to expand with highest value
MFWorld* worldToExpand = GSetDrop(&worldsToExpand);
// Get the sente for this world
int sente = MFModelStatusGetSente(MFWorldStatus(worldToExpand));
// For each transitions from the expanded world and until we have
// time available
// Take care of clock() wrapping around
for (int iTrans = 0; iTrans < MFWorldGetNbTrans(worldToExpand) &&
 timeUsed >= 0.0 \&\&
 timeUsed + maxTimeOneStep +
 MFGetTimeEndExpansion(that) * GSetNbElem(&worldsToExpand) <</pre>
 MFGetMaxTimeExpansion(that);
 ++iTrans) {
  // If this transition has not been computed
  const MFTransition* const trans =
   MFWorldTransition(worldToExpand, iTrans);
  if (MFTransitionIsExpandable(trans)) {
    // Expand through this transition
   MFModelStatus status =
     MFWorldComputeTransition(worldToExpand, iTrans);
    // If the resulting status has not already been computed
    MFWorld* sameWorld = MFSearchWorld(that, &status);
    if (sameWorld == NULL) {
      // Create a MFWorld for the new status
     MFWorld* expandedWorld = MFWorldCreate(&status);
      // Add the world to the set of computed world
     MFAddWorld(that, expandedWorld, sente);
      // Set the expanded world as the result of the transition
     MFWorldSetTransitionToWorld(
        worldToExpand, iTrans, expandedWorld);
      // If it's not an end status world
      if (!MFModelStatusIsEnd(MFWorldStatus(expandedWorld))) {
        // Add the world to the set of worlds to expand
        ++nbWorldToExpand;
        float value = MFWorldGetValue(expandedWorld, sente);
        GSetAddSort(&worldsToExpand, expandedWorld, value);
        ++nbWorldToExpandPost;
   } else {
      // Increment the number of reused world
      ++nbReusedWorld;
      // Set the already computed one as the result of the
     MFWorldSetTransitionToWorld(worldToExpand, iTrans, sameWorld);
 // Update the total time used from beginning of expansion
 timeUsed =
    ((double)(clock() - clockStart)) / MF_MILLISECTOCLOCKS;
// Update backward the forecast values for each transitions
// leading to the expanded world according to its new transitions
GSet setWorld = GSetCreateStatic();
MFUpdateForecastValues(that, worldToExpand,
 PBMATH_EPSILON, &setWorld);
GSetFlush(&setWorld);
// Declare a variable to memorize the time at the end of one
```

```
// step of expansion
    clock_t clockEndLoop = clock();
    // Calculate the time for this step
    double timeOneStep =
      ((double)(clockEndLoop - clockStartLoop)) / MF_MILLISECTOCLOCKS;
    // Update max time used by one step
    if (maxTimeOneStep < timeOneStep)</pre>
     maxTimeOneStep = timeOneStep;
    // Update the total time used from beginning of expansion
    timeUsed =
      ((double)(clockEndLoop - clockStart)) / MF_MILLISECTOCLOCKS;
  // Memorize the remaining number of worlds to expand
  int nbRemainingWorldToExpand =
   MAX(0, GSetNbElem(&worldsToExpand) - nbWorldToExpandPost);
  // Update the total time used from beginning of expansion
  timeUsed = ((double)(clock() - clockStart)) / MF_MILLISECTOCLOCKS;
  // Update the percentage of time allocated to searching for worlds
  // to expand
  // If there was worlds to expand
  if (nbWorldToExpand > 0) {
    // If we could expand all the worlds
    if (nbRemainingWorldToExpand == 0) {
      that->_timeSearchWorld *=
        MFGetMaxTimeExpansion(that) / timeUsed;
      if (that->_timeSearchWorld > MFGetMaxTimeExpansion(that))
        that->_timeSearchWorld = MFGetMaxTimeExpansion(that);
    // Else, we had not enough time to expand all the worlds
    } else {
      that->_timeSearchWorld *=
        (float)nbRemainingWorldToExpand / (float)nbWorldToExpand;
  } else {
    that->_timeSearchWorld =
      MAX(0, MFGetMaxTimeExpansion(that) - timeUsed);
  // Empty the list of worlds to expand
  GSetFlush(&worldsToExpand);
  // Update the total time used from beginning of expansion
  timeUsed = ((double)(clock() - clockStart)) / MF_MILLISECTOCLOCKS;
  // Take care of clock() wrapping around
  if (timeUsed < 0.0)
    timeUsed = MFGetMaxTimeExpansion(that);
  // Telemetry for debugging
  that->_timeUnusedExpansion = MFGetMaxTimeExpansion(that) - timeUsed;
  that->_nbWorldExpanded =
    nbWorldToExpand - nbRemainingWorldToExpand + nbReusedWorld;
  that->_nbWorldUnexpanded = nbRemainingWorldToExpand;
  if (that->_nbWorldExpanded > 0)
    that->_percWorldReused =
      (float)nbReusedWorld / (float)(that->_nbWorldExpanded);
  else
    that->_percWorldReused = 0.0;
// Get the set of worlds to be expanded (having at least one transition
// whose _toWorld is null) for the MiniFrame 'that'
// Stop searching for world if clock() >= clockLimit
// Will return at least one world even if clockLimit == current clock
// The MiniFrame must have at least one world in its set of computed
// worlds
// Force the current world to the end of the returned set to ensure
```

```
// it will be the first to be expanded
GSet MFGetWorldsToExpand(MiniFrame* const that,
  const clock_t clockLimit) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (GSetNbElem(MFWorlds(that)) == 0) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeInvalidArg;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "The MiniFrame has no computed world");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  // Free the disposabe worlds
  MFFreeDisposableWorld(that);
  // Declare the set to memorize worlds to expand
  GSet set = GSetCreateStatic();
  // Loop through the computed worlds
  GSetIterForward iter = GSetIterForwardCreateStatic(MFWorlds(that));
  do {
   MFWorld* world = GSetIterGet(&iter);
    // If this world has transition to expand
    if (world != MFCurWorld(that) && MFWorldIsExpandable(world)) {
      // Add this world to the result set ordered by the value
      int sente = MFModelStatusGetSente(MFWorldStatus(world));
      float value = MFWorldGetForecastValue(world, sente);
      GSetAddSort(&set, world, value);
  } while (GSetIterStep(&iter) && clock() < clockLimit);</pre>
  // Add the current world
  if (MFWorldIsExpandable(MFCurWorld(that))) {
    GSetAppend(&set, MFCurWorld(that));
  \ensuremath{//} Return the set of worlds to expand
  return set;
// Return true if the MFWorld 'that' has at least one transition to be
// expanded
bool MFWorldIsExpandable(const MFWorld* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
#endif
  // Declare a variable to memorize the result
  bool isExpandable = false;
  // If the world is not at the end of the game/simutation
  if (!MFModelStatusIsEnd(MFWorldStatus(that))) {
    // Loop on transitions
    for (int iTrans = that->_nbTransition; iTrans-- && !isExpandable;) {
      // If this transition has not been computed
      if (MFTransitionIsExpandable(
        MFWorldTransition(that, iTrans)))
        isExpandable = true;
    }
  // Return the result
```

```
return isExpandable;
}
// Search in computed worlds of the MiniFrame 'that' if there is
// one with same status as the MFModelStatus 'status'
// If there is one return it, if not return null
MFWorld* MFSearchWorld(const MiniFrame* const that,
  const MFModelStatus* const status) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (status == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'status' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  // Declare a variable to memorize the returned world
  MFWorld* sameWorld = NULL;
  // If the reuse of worlds is activated
  if (MFIsWorldReusable(that)) {
    // Loop on computed worlds
    GSetIterForward iter = GSetIterForwardCreateStatic(MFWorlds(that));
      MFWorld* world = GSetIterGet(&iter);
      // If this world is the same as the searched one
      if (MFModelStatusIsSame(status, MFWorldStatus(world))) {
        sameWorld = world;
    } while (sameWorld == NULL && GSetIterStep(&iter));
  // Return the found world
 return sameWorld;
// Set the MFWorld 'toWorld' has the result of the 'iTrans' transition
// of the MFWorld 'that'
// Update the value of the transition
void MFWorldSetTransitionToWorld(
  MFWorld* const that, const int iTrans, MFWorld* const toWorld) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (iTrans < 0 || iTrans >= that->_nbTransition) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeInvalidArg;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'iTrans' is invalid (0<=%d<%d)",
      iTrans, that->_nbTransition);
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (toWorld == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'toWorld' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  // Declare a variable to memorize the transition
```

```
MFTransition* trans = that->_transitions + iTrans;
  // Set the transition result
  trans->_toWorld = toWorld;
  // Add the transition to the sources to the result's world
 GSetAppend(&(toWorld->_sources), trans);
  // Update the forecast value of this transition for each actor
 for (int iActor = MF_NBMAXACTOR; iActor--;)
   MFTransitionSetValue(trans, iActor,
     MFWorldGetValue(toWorld, iActor));
// Get the forecast value of the MFWorld 'that' for the actor 'iActor'
float MFWorldGetForecastValue(const MFWorld* const that, int iActor) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
 if (that == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 if (iActor < 0 || iActor >= MF_NBMAXACTOR) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeInvalidArg;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->\_msg, "'iActor' is invalid (0<=\%d<\%d)",
     iActor, MF_NBMAXACTOR);
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
 // Declare a variable to memorize the highest value among transitions
 float valBestTrans = 0.0:
  // Declare a variable to memorize the transition with highest value
 const MFTransition* bestTrans = NULL;
  // Get the sente of the world
  int sente = MFModelStatusGetSente(MFWorldStatus(that));
 if (sente == -1)
    sente = iActor;
  // Loop on transitions
 for (int iTrans = MFWorldGetNbTrans(that); iTrans--;) {
    // Declare a variable to memorize the transition
    const MFTransition* const trans =
     MFWorldTransition(that, iTrans);
    // If this transitions has been expanded
    if (!MFTransitionIsExpandable(trans)) {
      // Get the value of the transition from the point of view of
      // the sente
     float val = MFTransitionGetForecastValue(trans, sente);
      // If it's not the first considered transition
      if (bestTrans != NULL) {
        // If the value is better
        if (valBestTrans < val) {</pre>
          valBestTrans = val;
          bestTrans = trans;
      // Else it's the first considered transition
     } else {
        // Init the best value with the value of this transition
        valBestTrans = val;
        // Init the best transition
        bestTrans = trans;
   }
  // Return the value for this world
 // If there are expanded transitions
```

```
if (bestTrans != NULL) {
    // Return the value of the best transition from the point of view
    // of the requested actor
    return MFTransitionGetForecastValue(bestTrans, iActor);
  // Else this world has no transitions
  } else {
    // Return the value of this world from the point of view of the
    // requested actor
    return MFWorldGetValue(that, iActor);
}
// Get the best MFModelTransition for the 'iActor'-th actor in the
// current MFWorld of the MiniFrame 'that'
// Return NULL if the current world has no transition
const MFModelTransition* MFGetBestTransition(
 const MiniFrame* const that, const int iActor) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
  if (iActor < 0 || iActor >= MF_NBMAXACTOR) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeInvalidArg;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'iActor' is invalid (0<=%d<%d)",</pre>
      iActor, MF_NBMAXACTOR);
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  // Return the best transition
  return MFWorldBestTransition(MFCurWorld(that), iActor);
// Get the best MFModelTransition for the 'iActor'-th actor in the
// MFWorld 'that'
// Return NULL if the world has no transition
const MFModelTransition* MFWorldBestTransition(
  const MFWorld* const that, const int iActor) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (iActor < 0 || iActor >= MF_NBMAXACTOR) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeInvalidArg;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->\_msg, "'iActor' is invalid (0<=\%d<\%d)",
      iActor, MF_NBMAXACTOR);
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  // Declare a variable to memorize the highest value among transitions
  float valBestTrans = 0.0;
  \ensuremath{//} Declare a variable to memorize the best transition
  const MFTransition* bestTrans = NULL;
  // Loop on transitions
  for (int iTrans = MFWorldGetNbTrans(that); iTrans--;) {
    // Declare a variable to memorize the transition
    const MFTransition* const trans = MFWorldTransition(that, iTrans);
    // If this transitions has been expanded
    if (!MFTransitionIsExpandable(trans)) {
```

```
// If it's not the first considered transition
     if (bestTrans != NULL) {
        // Get the value of the transition from the point of view of
        // the requested actor
       float val = MFTransitionGetForecastValue(trans, iActor);
        // Add some random perturbation to avoid always picking
        // the same transitions between those with equal values
        val += rnd() * PBMATH_EPSILON;
        // If the value is better
       if (valBestTrans < val) {</pre>
         // Update the best value and best transition
          valBestTrans = val;
         bestTrans = trans;
      // Else it's the first considered transition
     } else {
       // Init the best value with the value of this transition
        valBestTrans = MFTransitionGetForecastValue(trans, iActor);
        // Add some random perturbation to avoid always picking
        // the same transitions between those with equal values
        valBestTrans += rnd() * PBMATH_EPSILON;
        // Init the best transition
       bestTrans = trans;
     }
   }
 7
 // If the bestTrans is null here it means that none of the transitions
 // for the current world were expanded yet
 // By default choose a random one
 if (bestTrans == NULL && MFWorldGetNbTrans(that) > 0) {
   bestTrans = MFWorldTransition(that,
      (int)floor(MIN(rnd(), 0.9999) * (float)MFWorldGetNbTrans(that)));
 // Return the best transition
 return (const MFModelTransition*)bestTrans;
// Update backward the forecast values for each transitions
// leading to the MFWorld 'world' in the MiniFrame 'that'
// Use a penalty growing with each recursive call to
// MFUpdateForecastValues to give priority to fastest convergence to
// best solution and avoid infinite loop due to reuse of computed worlds
void MFUpdateForecastValues(MiniFrame* const that,
 const MFWorld* const world, float delayPenalty, GSet* const setWorld) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
 if (that == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
   sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 if (world == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
   sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'world' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 }
#endif
 // Avoid infinite loop
 if (GSetFirstElem(setWorld, world) == NULL)
   GSetAppend(setWorld, world);
 else
   return:
 // If the world has ancestors
```

```
if (GSetNbElem(MFWorldSources(world)) > 0) {
   // For each transition to the world
   GSetIterForward iter =
     GSetIterForwardCreateStatic(MFWorldSources(world));
   do {
     // Get the transition
     MFTransition* const trans = GSetIterGet(&iter);
     // Declare a variable to memorize if the transition's value
     // has changed
     bool updated = false;
     // For each actor
     for (int iActor = MF_NBMAXACTOR; iActor--;) {
        // Get the value of the world for this actor
       float val = MFWorldGetForecastValue(world, iActor) -
         delayPenalty;
        // If the value is higher than the current transition's value
       // for this actor
        if (MFTransitionGetForecastValue(trans, iActor) < val) {</pre>
          // Update the transition's value for this actor
          trans->_values[iActor] = val;
          // Memorize that the transition has been modified
         updated = true;
       }
     }
      // If the transition has been modified, continue recursively
     if (updated) {
       MFUpdateForecastValues(that, MFTransitionFromWorld(trans),
         delayPenalty + PBMATH_EPSILON, setWorld);
   } while(GSetIterStep(&iter));
 }
// Update the values of the MFTransition 'that' for each actor with
// the forecasted values 'values' of the ToWorld for each actor
// Update only if the new value is higher than the current one
// Return true if at least one value has been updated, else false
bool MFTransitionUpdateValues(MFTransition* const that,
 const float* const values) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
 if (that == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
   sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 if (values == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
   sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'values' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
 // Declare a variable to memorize the returned flag
 bool updated = false;
#if MF_NBMAXACTOR == 1
 if (fabs(that->_values[0] - values[0]) > PBMATH_EPSILON) {
   updated = true;
   that->_values[0] = values[0];
#else
 #if MF_SIMULTANEOUS_PLAY
   // For each actor
   for (int iAct = MF_NBMAXACTOR; iAct--;) {
```

```
if (fabs(that->_values[iAct] - values[iAct]) > PBMATH_EPSILON) {
        updated = true;
        that->_values[iAct] = values[iAct];
   }
 #else
    // Get the sente for the source world of this transition
     MFModelStatusGetSente(MFWorldStatus(MFTransitionFromWorld(that)));
    if (fabs(that->_values[sente] - values[sente]) > PBMATH_EPSILON) {
     updated = true;
     that->_values[sente] = values[sente];
 #endif
#endif
 // Return the flag
 return updated;
// Print the MFWorld 'that' on the stream 'stream'
void MFWorldPrint(const MFWorld* const that, FILE* const stream) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
 if (that == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 if (stream == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'stream' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
 fprintf(stream, "(");
 MFModelStatusPrint(MFWorldStatus(that), stream);
 fprintf(stream, ") values[");
 for (int iActor = 0; iActor < MF_NBMAXACTOR; ++iActor) {</pre>
   fprintf(stream, "%f", MFWorldGetValue(that, iActor));
    if (iActor < MF_NBMAXACTOR - 1)
     fprintf(stream, ",");
 fprintf(stream, "]");
 fprintf(stream, " forecast[");
 for (int iActor = 0; iActor < MF_NBMAXACTOR; ++iActor) {</pre>
   fprintf(stream, "%f", MFWorldGetForecastValue(that, iActor));
    if (iActor < MF_NBMAXACTOR - 1)</pre>
     fprintf(stream, ",");
 fprintf(stream, "]");
// Print the MFTransition 'that' on the stream 'stream'
void MFTransitionPrint(const MFTransition* const that,
 FILE* const stream) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
 if (that == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 if (stream == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
```

```
sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'stream' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  fprintf(stream, "transition from (");
  MFModelStatusPrint(
   MFWorldStatus(MFTransitionFromWorld(that)), stream);
  fprintf(stream, ") to (");
  if (MFTransitionToWorld(that) != NULL)
    MFModelStatusPrint(
      MFWorldStatus(MFTransitionToWorld(that)), stream);
    fprintf(stream, "<null>");
  fprintf(stream, ") through (");
  MFModelTransitionPrint((MFModelTransition*)that, stream);
  fprintf(stream, ") values[");
  for (int iActor = 0; iActor < MF_NBMAXACTOR; ++iActor) {</pre>
    fprintf(stream, "%f", that->_values[iActor]);
    if (iActor < MF_NBMAXACTOR - 1)</pre>
      fprintf(stream, ",");
 fprintf(stream, "]");
// Print the MFWorld 'that' and its MFTransition on the stream 'stream'
void MFWorldTransPrintln(const MFWorld* const that,
  FILE* const stream) {
  #if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (stream == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'stream' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  MFWorldPrint(that, stream);
  printf("\n");
  for (int iTrans = 0; iTrans < MFWorldGetNbTrans(that); ++iTrans) {</pre>
    fprintf(stream, " ");
    MFTransitionPrint(MFWorldTransition(that, iTrans), stream);
    fprintf(stream, "\n");
 }
}
// Set the current world of the MiniFrame 'that' to match the
// MFModelStatus 'status'
// If the world is in computed worlds reuse it, else create a new one
void MFSetCurWorld(MiniFrame* const that,
  const MFModelStatus* const status) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (status == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'status' is null");
```

```
PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
#endif
  // Declare a flag to memorize if we have found the world \,
  bool flagFound = false;
  // Declare a flag to manage the deletion of element in the set of
  // computed worlds
  bool moved = false;
  //Declare a variable to memorize the number of removed world
  int nbRemovedWorld = 0;
  // Loop on computed worlds
  GSetIterForward iter = GSetIterForwardCreateStatic(MFWorlds(that));
  do {
    MFWorld* world = GSetIterGet(&iter);
    moved = false;
    // If this is the current world
    if (MFModelStatusIsSame(MFWorldStatus(world), status)) {
      // Ensure that the status is exactly the same by copying the
      // MFModelStatus struct, in case MFModelStatusIsSame refers only
      \ensuremath{//} to a subset of properties of the MFModelStatus
      memcpy(world, status, sizeof(MFModelStatus));
      // Update the curWorld in MiniFrame
      that->_curWorld = world;
      flagFound = true;
  } while (moved || GSetIterStep(&iter));
  // Update the number of removed world
  that->_nbRemovedWorld = nbRemovedWorld;
  // If we haven't found the searched status
  if (!flagFound) {
    // Create a new MFWorld with the current status
    MFWorld* world = MFWorldCreate(status);
    // Get the sente for the previous world
    int sente = MFModelStatusGetSente(MFWorldStatus(MFCurWorld(that)));
    // Add it to the computed worlds
    MFAddWorld(that, world, sente):
    // Update the current world
    that->_curWorld = world;
 }
}
// Free the memory used by the disposable worlds in the computed worlds
// of the MinFrame 'that'
void MFFreeDisposableWorld(MiniFrame* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  // Declare a flag to memorize if we have found a disposable world
  bool flag = false;
  // Declare a flag to manage the deletion of element in the set of
  // computed worlds
  bool moved = false;
  //Declare a variable to memorize the number of removed world
  int nbRemovedWorld = 0;
  // Loop until we haven't found any disposable world
  do {
    // Reset the flag to memorize if we have found disposable world
    flag = false;
```

```
// Loop on computed worlds
    GSetIterForward iter = GSetIterForwardCreateStatic(MFWorlds(that));
     MFWorld* world = GSetIterGet(&iter);
     moved = false;
      // If it's a disposable world
      if (that->_curWorld != world &&
        (GSetNbElem(MFWorldSources(world)) == 0 ||
        MFModelStatusIsDisposable(MFWorldStatus(world),
       MFWorldStatus(MFCurWorld(that)), MFGetNbComputedWorld(that)))) {
        // Remove this world from its sources
        while (GSetNbElem(MFWorldSources(world)) > 0) {
          MFTransition* transSource = MFWorldPopSource(world);
          MFTransitionSetToWorld(transSource, NULL);
       }
        // Remove this world from the sources of its next worlds
       for (int iTrans = MFWorldGetNbTrans(world); iTrans--;) {
          const MFTransition* trans = MFWorldTransition(world, iTrans);
          MFWorld* toWorld = (MFWorld*)MFTransitionToWorld(trans);
          if (toWorld != NULL)
            MFWorldRemoveSource(toWorld, trans);
        // Remove this world from the computed worlds
        moved = GSetIterRemoveElem(&iter);
        // Free memory
       MFWorldFree(&world);
        // Increment the number of removed world
        ++nbRemovedWorld;
        // Memorize we have found a disposable world
       flag = true;
    } while (moved || GSetIterStep(&iter));
  } while (flag == true);
  // Update the number of removed world
 that->_nbRemovedWorld = nbRemovedWorld;
// Remove the MFTransition 'source' from the sources of the
// MFWorld 'that'
void MFWorldRemoveSource(MFWorld* const that,
 const MFTransition* const source) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
 if (that == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (source == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'source' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  // Loop on transitions
 if (GSetNbElem(MFWorldSources(that)) > 0) {
    bool moved = false;
    GSetIterForward iter =
     GSetIterForwardCreateStatic(MFWorldSources(that));
     moved = false;
     MFTransition* trans = GSetIterGet(&iter);
      if (trans == source) {
```

```
moved = GSetIterRemoveElem(&iter);
   } while (moved || GSetIterStep(&iter));
// Pop a MFTransition from the sources of the MFWorld 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
MFTransition* MFWorldPopSource(MFWorld* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
#endif
 return GSetPop(&(that->_sources));
}
// Print the best forecasted story from the MFWorld 'that' for the
// actor 'iActor' on the stream 'stream'
void MFWorldPrintBestStoryln(const MFWorld* const that, const int iActor,
 FILE* const stream) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (iActor < 0 || iActor >= MF_NBMAXACTOR) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeInvalidArg;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->\_msg, "'iActor' is invalid (0<=\%d<\%d)",
      iActor, MF_NBMAXACTOR);
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (stream == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'stream' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
#endif
  // Declare a variable to memorize the current displayed world
  const MFWorld* curWorld = that;
  // Declare a GSet to manage infinite loop
  GSet setWorld = GSetCreateStatic();
  // Loop until the end of the forecast
  while (curWorld != NULL) {
    // Display the current world
    //MFWorldPrint(curWorld, stream);
    //fprintf(stream, "\n");
    MFWorldTransPrintln(curWorld, stream);
    // Add the world to the set of visited worlds
    GSetAppend(&setWorld, curWorld);
    // If we are not at an end status
    if (!MFModelStatusIsEnd(MFWorldStatus(curWorld))) {
      // Get the sente for the current world
      int sente = MFModelStatusGetSente(MFWorldStatus(curWorld));
      // If it's a simultaneous game
      if (sente == -1)
```

```
sente = iActor;
      // Get the best transition from this world
      const MFModelTransition* bestTrans =
        MFWorldBestTransition(curWorld, sente);
      // If there is no transition
      if (bestTrans == NULL) {
        // Stop the story here
        curWorld = NULL;
      // Else, there is a best transition
      } else {
        // Print the best transition
        fprintf(stream, "--> ");
        MFTransitionPrint((const MFTransition*)bestTrans, stream);
        fprintf(stream, "\n");
        \ensuremath{//} Move to the world resulting from the best transition
        curWorld = MFTransitionToWorld((const MFTransition*)bestTrans);
    } else {
      fprintf(stream, "--> reached a end status\n");
      curWorld = NULL;
    }
    // If we reach a world already visited
    if (curWorld != NULL && GSetFirstElem(&setWorld, curWorld) != NULL) {
      MFWorldPrint(curWorld, stream);
      fprintf(stream, "\n");
fprintf(stream, "--> infinite loop in best story, quit\n");
      curWorld = NULL;
   }
  }
  // Free memory
  GSetFlush(&setWorld);
// Set the values of the MFWorld 'that' to 'values'
void MFWorldSetValues(MFWorld* const that, const float* const values) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (values == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'values' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
#endif
  for (int iActor = MF_NBMAXACTOR; iActor--;) {
    that->_values[iActor] = 0.0;
    for (int jActor = MF_NBMAXACTOR; jActor--;) {
      if (iActor == jActor)
        that->_values[iActor] += values[jActor];
        that->_values[iActor] -= values[jActor];
    }
 }
}
```

### 2.2 miniframe-inline.c

```
// ====== MINIFRAME_INLINE.C ========
// ======= Functions implementation =========
// Get the time limit for expansion of the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
float MFGetMaxTimeExpansion(const MiniFrame* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
 return that->_maxTimeExpansion;
// Get the time unused during last expansion of the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
float MFGetTimeUnusedExpansion(const MiniFrame* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
 return that->_timeUnusedExpansion;
// Get the time used to search world to expand during next expansion
// of the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
float MFGetTimeSearchWorld(const MiniFrame* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
 return that->_timeSearchWorld;
// Get the nb of world expanded during the last expansion
// of the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
int MFGetNbWorldExpanded(const MiniFrame* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
```

```
PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
#endif
 return that->_nbWorldExpanded;
// Get the nb of world unexpanded during the last expansion
// of the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
int MFGetNbWorldUnexpanded(const MiniFrame* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
#endif
 return that->_nbWorldUnexpanded;
}
// Get the time used at end of expansion of the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
float MFGetTimeEndExpansion(const MiniFrame* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 }
#endif
 return that->_timeEndExpansion;
// Get the clock considered has start during expansion
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
clock_t MFGetStartExpandClock(const MiniFrame* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
 if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
 return that->_startExpandClock;
// Set the clock considered has start during expansion to 'c'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
void MFSetStartExpandClock(MiniFrame* const that, clock_t c) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
```

```
}
#endif
 that->_startExpandClock = c;
// Set the time limit for expansion of the MiniFrame 'that' to
// 'timeLimit', in millisecond
// The time is measured with the function clock(), see "man clock"
// for details
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
void MFSetMaxTimeExpansion(MiniFrame* const that, const float timeLimit) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  that->_maxTimeExpansion = timeLimit;
// Get the current MFWorld of the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
const MFWorld* MFCurWorld(const MiniFrame* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
 if (that == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  7
#endif
return that->_curWorld;
}
// Get the GSet of computed MFWorlds of the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
const GSet* MFWorlds(const MiniFrame* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 }
#endif
 return &(that->_worlds);
// Add the MFWorld 'world' to the computed MFWorlds of the
// \mbox{MiniFrame} 'that', ordered by the world's value from the pov of
// actor 'iActor'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
void MFAddWorld(MiniFrame* const that, \
 const MFWorld* const world, const int iActor) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
```

```
if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (world == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'world' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (iActor < -1 || iActor >= MF_NBMAXACTOR) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeInvalidArg;
sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'iActor' is invalid (-1<=%d<%d)",</pre>
      iActor, MF_NBMAXACTOR);
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  GSetAddSort(&(that->_worlds), world,
    MFWorldGetForecastValue(world, iActor));
// Return the MFModelStatus of the MFWorld 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
const MFModelStatus* MFWorldStatus(const MFWorld* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  return (const MFModelStatus*)that;
// Get the number of transition for the MFWorld 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
int MFWorldGetNbTrans(const MFWorld* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
#endif
 return that->_nbTransition;
// Get the percentage of resued world of the MiniFrame 'that' during
// the last MFEpxand()
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
float MFGetPercWordReused(const MiniFrame* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
```

```
}
#endif
 return that->_percWorldReused;
// Return true if the MFTransition 'that' is expandable, i.e. its
// 'toWorld' is null, else return false
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
bool MFTransitionIsExpandable(const MFTransition* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
 return (that->_toWorld == NULL ? true : false);
// Get the 'iTrans' MFTransition of the MFWorld 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
const MFTransition* MFWorldTransition(const MFWorld* const that,
  const int iTrans) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (iTrans <0 || iTrans >= that->_nbTransition) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeInvalidArg;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'iTrans' is invalid (0<=%d<%d)",
      iTrans, that->_nbTransition);
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 }
#endif
 return that->_transitions + iTrans;
// Compute the MFModelStatus resulting from the 'iTrans' MFTransition
// of the MFWorld 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
MFModelStatus MFWorldComputeTransition(const MFWorld* const that,
  const int iTrans) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (iTrans <0 || iTrans >= that->_nbTransition) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeInvalidArg;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'iTrans' is invalid (0<=%d<%d)",</pre>
      iTrans, that->_nbTransition);
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
```

```
#endif
  // Return the resulting MFModelStatus
  return MFModelStatusStep((const MFModelStatus* const)that,
    (const MFModelTransition* const)MFWorldTransition(that, iTrans));
// Return true if the expansion algorithm looks in previously
// computed worlds for same world to reuse, else false
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
bool MFIsWorldReusable(const MiniFrame* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
#endif
 return that->_reuseWorld;
}
// Set the falg controlling if the expansion algorithm looks in
// previously computed worlds for same world to reuse to 'reuse'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
void MFSetWorldReusable(MiniFrame* const that, const bool reuse) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  7
#endif
 that->_reuseWorld = reuse;
// Get the MFWorld which the MFTransition 'that' is leading to
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
const MFWorld* MFTransitionToWorld(const MFTransition* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 }
#endif
 return that->_toWorld;
// Set the MFWorld to which the MFTransition 'that' is leading to
// 'world'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
void MFTransitionSetToWorld(MFTransition* const that,
 MFWorld* const world) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
```

```
MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
         sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
         PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
    }
#endif
    that->_toWorld = world;
// Get the MFWorld which the MFTransition 'that' is coming from
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
\verb|const MFWorld* MFTransitionFromWorld(const MFTransition* const that)| \{ | (Const MFTransition* const that) | (Const M
#if BUILDMODE == 0
    if (that == NULL) {
         MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
         sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
         PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
    return that->_fromWorld;
// Set the value of the MFTransition 'that' for the actor 'iActor' to
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
void MFTransitionSetValue(MFTransition* const that, const int iActor,
    const float val) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
    if (that == NULL) {
         MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
         sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
         PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
    if (iActor < 0 || iActor >= MF_NBMAXACTOR) {
         MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeInvalidArg;
         sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'iActor' is invalid (0<=%d<%d)",
              iActor, MF_NBMAXACTOR);
        PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
    7
#endif
    that->_values[iActor] = val;
// Return the number of computed worlds in the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
int MFGetNbComputedWorld(const MiniFrame* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
    if (that == NULL) {
         MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
         sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
         PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
    return GSetNbElem(&(that->_worlds));
// Get the nb of removed world during the last call to SetCurWorld
```

```
// of the MiniFrame 'that'
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
int MFGetNbWorldRemoved(const MiniFrame* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  return that->_nbRemovedWorld;
// Return the forecasted POV value of the MFTransition 'that' for the
// actor 'iActor'.
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
float MFTransitionGetForecastValue(const MFTransition* const that,
  const int iActor) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (iActor < 0 || iActor >= MF_NBMAXACTOR) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeInvalidArg;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->\_msg, "'iActor' is invalid (0<=\%d<\%d)", \  \  \, \  \  \, \  \, \  \, \}
      iActor, MF_NBMAXACTOR);
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  return that->_values[iActor];
// Return the egocentric value of the MFWorld 'that' for the
// actor 'iActor'.
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
float MFWorldGetValue(const MFWorld* const that, const int iActor) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (iActor < 0 || iActor >= MF_NBMAXACTOR) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeInvalidArg;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'iActor' is invalid (0<=%d<%d)", \</pre>
      iActor, MF_NBMAXACTOR);
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  return that->_values[iActor];
// Get the set of MFTransition reaching the MFWorld 'that'
```

```
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
const GSet* MFWorldSources(const MFWorld* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
 return &(that->_sources);
// Return the array of values of the MFWorld 'that' for each actor
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
const float* MFWorldValues(const MFWorld* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
 return that->_values;
```

## 3 Makefile

```
# Build mode
# 0: development (max safety, no optimisation)
# 1: release (min safety, optimisation)
# 2: fast and furious (no safety, optimisation)
BUILD_MODE?=1
all: main
# Makefile definitions
MAKEFILE_INC=../PBMake/Makefile.inc
include $(MAKEFILE_INC)
\mbox{\tt\#} Path to the model implementation
MF_MODEL_PATH=$(ROOT_DIR)/MiniFrame/Examples/BasicExample
# Rules to make the executable
repo=miniframe
$($(repo)_EXENAME): \
createLinkToModelHeader \
miniframe-model.o \
$($(repo)_EXENAME).o \
$($(repo)_EXE_DEP) \
$($(repo)_DEP)
$(COMPILER) 'echo "$($(repo)_EXE_DEP) $($(repo)_EXENAME).o" | tr ', ', '\n', | sort -u' $(MF_MODEL_PATH)/miniframe-mode
$($(repo)_EXENAME).o: \
$(MF_MODEL_PATH)/miniframe-model.h \
$($(repo)_DIR)/$($(repo)_EXENAME).c \
```

```
$($(repo)_INC_H_EXE) \
$($(repo)_EXE_DEP)
$(COMPILER) $(BUILD_ARG) $($(repo)_BUILD_ARG) 'echo "$($(repo)_INC_DIR)" | tr ' ' '\n' | sort -u' -c $($(repo)_DIR)/*
createLinkToModelHeader:
ln -s -f $(MF_MODEL_PATH)/miniframe-model.h $($(repo)_DIR)/miniframe-model.h; ln -s -f $(MF_MODEL_PATH)/miniframe-inf
miniframe-model.o: \
$(MF_MODEL_PATH)/miniframe-model.h \
$(MF_MODEL_PATH)/miniframe-model.c \
Makefile
$(COMPILER) $(BUILD_ARG) -c $(MF_MODEL_PATH)/miniframe-model.c
```

## 4 Unit tests

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include "pberr.h"
#include "pbmath.h"
#include "miniframe.h"
#define RANDOMSEED 0
void UnitTestMFTransitionCreateFree() {
  MFWorld world;
  MFModelTransition trans = {._move = 1};
  MFTransition act = MFTransitionCreateStatic(&world, &trans);
  if (act._fromWorld != &world ||
    act._toWorld != NULL ||
    memcmp(&(act._transition), &(trans),
      sizeof(MFModelTransition)) != 0) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFTransitionCreateStatic failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  for (int iActor = MF_NBMAXACTOR; iActor--;)
    if (ISEQUALF(act._values[iActor], 0.0) == false) {
      MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
      sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFTransitionCreateStatic failed");
      PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  MFTransitionFreeStatic(&act);
 printf("UnitTestMFTransitionCreateFree OK\n");
void UnitTestMFTransitionIsExpandable() {
  MFWorld world;
  MFModelTransition trans = {._move = 1};
  MFTransition act = MFTransitionCreateStatic(&world, &trans);
  if (!MFTransitionIsExpandable(&act)) {
```

```
MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFTransitionIsExpandable failed");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  act._toWorld = &world;
  if (MFTransitionIsExpandable(&act)) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFTransitionIsExpandable failed");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  MFTransitionFreeStatic(&act);
 printf("UnitTestMFTransitionIsExpandable \ OK\n");\\
void UnitTestMFTransitionGetSet() {
  MFWorld worldFrom;
  MFWorld worldTo;
  MFModelTransition trans = {._move = 1};
  MFTransition act = MFTransitionCreateStatic(&worldFrom, &trans);
  act._toWorld = &worldTo;
  if (MFTransitionToWorld(&act) != &worldTo) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFTransitionToWorld failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (MFTransitionFromWorld(&act) != &worldFrom) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFTransitionFromWorld failed");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  MFTransitionSetValue(&act, 0, 1.0);
  if (ISEQUALF(act._values[0], 1.0) == false) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFTransitionSetValue failed");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (ISEQUALF(MFTransitionGetForecastValue(&act, 0), 1.0) == false) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFTransitionGetValue failed");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  MFWorld worldB;
  MFTransitionSetToWorld(&act, &worldB);
  if (MFTransitionToWorld(&act) != &worldB) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFTransitionSetToWorld failed");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  MFTransitionFreeStatic(&act);
 printf("UnitTestMFTransitionGetSet OK\n");
}
void UnitTestMFTransition() {
  UnitTestMFTransitionCreateFree();
  UnitTestMFTransitionIsExpandable();
  UnitTestMFTransitionGetSet();
 printf("UnitTestMFTransition OK\n");
void UnitTestMFWorldCreateFree() {
```

```
MFModelStatus modelWorld = {._step = 0, ._pos = 0, ._tgt = 1};
  MFWorld* world = MFWorldCreate(&modelWorld);
  if (world == NULL ||
    GSetNbElem(&(world->_sources)) != 0 ||
    world->_nbTransition != 3) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFWorldCreate failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 float val[MF_NBMAXACTOR] = {0.0};
  val[0] = -1.0;
  for (int iActor = MF_NBMAXACTOR; iActor--;)
    if (ISEQUALF(world->_values[iActor], val[iActor]) == false) {
     MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
      sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFWorldCreate failed");
     PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
   }
  MFWorldFree(&world);
  if (world != NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFWorldFree failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 printf("UnitTestMFWorldCreateFree OK\n");
void UnitTestMFWorldGetSet() {
 MFModelStatus modelWorld = {._step = 0, ._pos = 0, ._tgt = 1};
 MFWorld* world = MFWorldCreate(&modelWorld);
  if (MFWorldStatus(world) != &(world->_status)) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFWorldStatus failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (MFWorldGetNbTrans(world) != 3) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFWorldGetNbTrans failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 if (MFWorldSources(world) != &(world->_sources)) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFWorldSources failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 if (MFWorldValues(world) != world->_values) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFWorldValues failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 if (MFWorldTransition(world, 0) != world->_transitions ||
    MFWorldTransition(world, 1) != world->_transitions + 1 ||
    MFWorldTransition(world, 2) != world->_transitions + 2) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFWorldTransition failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  world->_values[0] = 1.0;
  if (ISEQUALF(MFWorldGetValue(world, 0), 1.0) == false) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFWorldGetValue failed");
```

```
PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 MFWorldFree(&world);
 printf("UnitTestMFWorldGetSet OK\n");
void UnitTestMFWorldComputeTransition() {
 MFModelStatus modelWorld = {._step = 0, ._pos = 0, ._tgt = 1};
 MFWorld* world = MFWorldCreate(&modelWorld);
 MFModelStatus statusB = {._step = 1, ._pos = 0, ._tgt = 1};
 MFModelStatus statusC = {._step = 1, ._pos = 1, ._tgt = 1};
 MFModelStatus status = MFWorldComputeTransition(world, 0);
  if (memcmp(&status, &statusA, sizeof(MFModelStatus)) != 0) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFWorldComputeTransition failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 }
  status = MFWorldComputeTransition(world, 1);
  if (memcmp(&status, &statusB, sizeof(MFModelStatus)) != 0) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFWorldComputeTransition failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 status = MFWorldComputeTransition(world, 2);
  if (memcmp(&status, &statusC, sizeof(MFModelStatus)) != 0) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFWorldComputeTransition failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 MFWorldFree(&world);
 printf("UnitTestMFWorldComputeTransition\ OK\n");\\
void UnitTestMFWorld() {
 UnitTestMFWorldCreateFree():
 UnitTestMFWorldGetSet();
 UnitTestMFWorldComputeTransition();
 printf("UnitTestMFWorld OK\n");
void UnitTestMiniFrameCreateFree() {
  MFModelStatus initStatus = {._step = 0, ._pos = 0, ._tgt = 1};
 MiniFrame* mf = MiniFrameCreate(&initStatus);
  if (mf == NULL ||
    mf->_nbStep != 0 ||
    ISEQUALF(mf->_maxTimeExpansion, MF_DEFAULTTIMEEXPANSION) == false ||
    MFModelStatusIsSame(&initStatus, &(MFCurWorld(mf)->_status)) == false ||
    MFCurWorld(mf) != GSetGet(MFWorlds(mf), 0) ||
    GSetNbElem(MFWorlds(mf)) != 1 ||
    ISEQUALF(mf->_timeUnusedExpansion, 0.0) == false ||
    ISEQUALF(mf->_percWorldReused, 0.0) == false ||
    mf->_nbWorldExpanded != 0 ||
   mf->_nbWorldUnexpanded != 0 ||
    mf->_nbRemovedWorld != 0 ||
   mf->_timeEndExpansion <= 0.0 ||
   mf->_reuseWorld != false) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MiniFrameCreate failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
```

```
MiniFrameFree(&mf);
 if (mf != NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
   sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MiniFrameFree failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 printf("UnitTestMiniFrameCreateFree OK\n");
void UnitTestMiniFrameGetSet() {
 MFModelStatus initWorld = {._step = 0, ._pos = 0, ._tgt = 1};
 MiniFrame* mf = MiniFrameCreate(&initWorld);
 if (ISEQUALF(MFGetMaxTimeExpansion(mf),
   mf->_maxTimeExpansion) == false) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
   sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFGetMaxTimeExpansion failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 if (MFGetNbComputedWorld(mf) != 1) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
   sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFGetNbComputedWorld failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 float t = MF_DEFAULTTIMEEXPANSION + 1.0;
 MFSetMaxTimeExpansion(mf, t);
 if (ISEQUALF(MFGetMaxTimeExpansion(mf), t) == false) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
   sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFSetMaxTimeExpansion failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 if (ISEQUALF(MFGetTimeEndExpansion(mf),
   mf->_timeEndExpansion) == false) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
   sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFGetTimeEndExpansion failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 if (MFCurWorld(mf) != mf->_curWorld) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
   sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFCurWorld failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 if (MFWorlds(mf) != &(mf->_worlds)) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
   sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFWorlds failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 if (MFIsWorldReusable(mf) != mf->_reuseWorld) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
   sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFIsWorldReusable failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 bool reuse = !MFIsWorldReusable(mf);
 MFSetWorldReusable(mf, reuse);
 if (MFIsWorldReusable(mf) != reuse) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
   sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFSetWorldReusable failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 mf->_percWorldReused = 1.0;
 if (ISEQUALF(MFGetPercWordReused(mf), 1.0) == false) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
```

```
sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFGetPercWordReused failed");
 PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
MFModelStatus modelWorld = {._step = 0, ._pos = 0, ._tgt = 1};
MFWorld* world = MFWorldCreate(&modelWorld);
MFAddWorld(mf, world, 0);
if (GSetNbElem(MFWorlds(mf)) != 2 ||
  MFModelStatusIsSame(MFWorldStatus(world),
    (MFModelStatus*)GSetGet(MFWorlds(mf), 1)) == false) {
  MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
  sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFAddWorld failed");
 PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
mf->_nbWorldExpanded = 1;
if (MFGetNbWorldExpanded(mf) != mf->_nbWorldExpanded) {
  MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
  sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFGetNbWorldExpanded failed");
 PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
mf->_nbWorldUnexpanded = 1;
if (MFGetNbWorldUnexpanded(mf) != mf->_nbWorldUnexpanded) {
  MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
  sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFGetNbWorldUnexpanded failed");
  PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
mf->_timeSearchWorld = 2.0;
if (ISEQUALF(MFGetTimeSearchWorld(mf),
  mf->_timeSearchWorld) == false) {
  MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
  sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFGetTimeSearchWorld failed");
 PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
mf->_timeUnusedExpansion = 3.0;
if (ISEQUALF(MFGetTimeUnusedExpansion(mf),
 mf->_timeUnusedExpansion) == false) {
  MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
  sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFGetTimeUnusedExpansion failed");
 PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
mf->_percWorldReused = 4.0;
if (ISEQUALF(MFGetPercWordReused(mf),
  mf->_percWorldReused) == false) {
  MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
  sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFGetPercWordReused failed");
 PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
clock_t now = clock();
MFSetStartExpandClock(mf, now);
if (mf->_startExpandClock != now) {
  MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
  sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFGetStartExpandClock failed");
 PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
}
if (MFGetStartExpandClock(mf) != now) {
  MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
  sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFGetStartExpandClock failed");
 PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
MiniFrameFree(&mf);
printf("UnitTestMiniFrameGetSet OK\n");
```

```
void UnitTestMiniFrameExpandSetCurWorld() {
  MFModelStatus initWorld = {._step = 0, ._pos = 0, ._tgt = 2};
  MiniFrame* mf = MiniFrameCreate(&initWorld);
  MFSetStartExpandClock(mf, clock());
  MFSetWorldReusable(mf, true);
  MFExpand(mf);
  printf("Time unused by MFExpand: %f\n", MFGetTimeUnusedExpansion(mf));
  printf("Time search world to expand: %f\n", MFGetTimeSearchWorld(mf));
  printf("Nb world expanded: %d\n", MFGetNbWorldExpanded(mf));
  printf("Nb world unexpanded: %d\n", MFGetNbWorldUnexpanded(mf));
  printf("Nb world removed: %d\n", MFGetNbWorldRemoved(mf));
  printf("Perc world reused: %f\n", MFGetPercWordReused(mf));
  printf("Computed worlds:\n");
  GSetIterForward iter = GSetIterForwardCreateStatic(MFWorlds(mf));
  do {
    MFWorld* world = GSetIterGet(&iter);
    MFWorldTransPrintln(world, stdout);
  } while (GSetIterStep(&iter));
  if (mf->_timeUnusedExpansion < 0.0 ||
    MFGetNbWorldExpanded(mf) != 15 ||
    MFGetNbWorldUnexpanded(mf) != 0 ||
    MFGetNbWorldRemoved(mf) != 0 ||
    ISEQUALF(MFGetPercWordReused(mf), 0.666667) == false ||
     \begin{tabular}{ll} ISEQUALF (MFGetTimeSearchWorld(mf), 100.0) == false) & \{ \\ \end{tabular} 
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFExpand failed");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  const MFModelTransition* bestTrans = MFGetBestTransition(mf, 0);
  printf("Best action: %d\n", bestTrans->_move);
  if (bestTrans->_move != 1) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFGetBestTransition failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (ISEQUALF(MFWorldGetForecastValue(MFCurWorld(mf), 0), 0.0) == false) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFWorldGetPOVValue failed");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (ISEQUALF(
    \label{eq:mfworld} {\tt MFWorldGetForecastValue(MFCurWorld(mf), 0), -0.00001) == false) } \{
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFWorldGetForecastValue failed");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr):
  MFModelStatus nextWorld = {._pos = -1, ._tgt = 2};
  MFSetCurWorld(mf, &nextWorld);
  if (MFCurWorld(mf) != GSetGet(MFWorlds(mf), 2) ||
    MFGetNbComputedWorld(mf) != 6) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeUnitTestFailed;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "MFSetCurWorld failed");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  MiniFrameFree(&mf);
 printf("UnitTestMiniFrameExpandSetCurWorld OK\n");
void UnitTestMiniFrameFullExample() {
  // Initial world
  MFModelStatus curWorld = {._step = 0, ._pos = 0, ._tgt = 2};
  // Create the MiniFrame
```

```
MiniFrame* mf = MiniFrameCreate(&curWorld);
  // Set reusable worlds
  MFSetWorldReusable(mf, true);
  // Loop until end of game
  int tgt[7] = \{2,2,-1,-1,-1,-1,-1\};
  while (!MFModelStatusIsEnd(&curWorld)) {
    // Set the start clock
    MFSetStartExpandClock(mf, clock());
    // Correct the current world in the MiniFrame
    MFSetCurWorld(mf, &curWorld);
    // Expand
    MFExpand(mf);
    // Get best transition
    const MFModelTransition* bestTrans = MFGetBestTransition(mf, 0);
    if (bestTrans != NULL) {
      // Step with best transition
      curWorld = MFModelStatusStep(&curWorld, bestTrans);
    // Apply external forces to the world
    curWorld._tgt = tgt[curWorld._step];
    // Display the current world
    printf("mf(");
    MFModelStatusPrint(MFWorldStatus(MFCurWorld(mf)), stdout);
    printf(") real(");
    MFModelStatusPrint(&curWorld, stdout);
    printf(")\n");
    /*MFWorldTransPrintln(MFCurWorld(mf), stdout);
    printf("--- start of best story ---\n");
    MFWorldPrintBestStoryln(MFCurWorld(mf), 0, stdout);
    printf("--- end of best story ---\n");
   printf("\n");*/
  MiniFrameFree(&mf);
 printf("UnitTestMiniFrameFullExample OK\n");
void UnitTestMiniFrame() {
  UnitTestMiniFrameCreateFree();
  UnitTestMiniFrameGetSet();
  UnitTestMiniFrameExpandSetCurWorld();
  UnitTestMiniFrameFullExample();
 printf("UnitTestMiniFrame OK\n");
void UnitTestAll() {
  UnitTestMFTransition();
  UnitTestMFWorld();
  UnitTestMiniFrame();
 printf("UnitTestAll OK\n");
int main() {
  UnitTestAll();
  // Return success code
 return 0;
```

## 5 Unit tests output

```
UnitTestMFTransitionCreateFree OK
UnitTestMFTransitionIsExpandable OK
UnitTestMFTransitionGetSet OK
UnitTestMFTransition OK
UnitTestMFWorldCreateFree OK
UnitTestMFWorldGetSet OK
UnitTestMFWorldComputeTransition OK
UnitTestMFWorld OK
UnitTestMiniFrameCreateFree OK
UnitTestMiniFrameGetSet OK
Time unused by MFExpand: 99.977997
Time search world to expand: 100.000000
Nb world expanded: 15
Nb world unexpanded: 0
Nb world removed: 0
Perc world reused: 0.666667
Computed worlds:
(step:3 pos:-3 tgt:2) values[-5.000000] forecast[-0.000070]
  transition from (step:3 pos:-3 tgt:2) to (step:3 pos:-3 tgt:2) through (move:-1) values[-0.000080]
  transition from (step:3 pos:-3 tgt:2) to (step:3 pos:-3 tgt:2) through (move:0) values[-0.000080]
  transition from (step:3 pos:-3 tgt:2) to (step:2 pos:-2 tgt:2) through (move:1) values[-0.000070]
(step:2 pos:-2 tgt:2) values[-4.000000] forecast[-0.000050]
  transition from (step:2 pos:-2 tgt:2) to (step:3 pos:-3 tgt:2) through (move:-1) values[-4.000010]
  transition from (step:2 pos:-2 tgt:2) to (step:2 pos:-2 tgt:2) through (move:0) values[-0.000060]
  transition from (step:2 pos:-2 tgt:2) to (step:1 pos:-1 tgt:2) through (move:1) values[-0.000050]
(step:1 pos:-1 tgt:2) values[-3.000000] forecast[-0.000030]
  transition from (step:1 pos:-1 tgt:2) to (step:2 pos:-2 tgt:2) through (move:-1) values[-0.000070]
  transition from (step:1 pos:-1 tgt:2) to (step:1 pos:-1 tgt:2) through (move:0) values[-0.000040]
  transition from (step:1 pos:-1 tgt:2) to (step:0 pos:0 tgt:2) through (move:1) values[-0.000030]
(step:0 pos:0 tgt:2) values[-2.000000] forecast[-0.000010]
  transition from (step:0 pos:0 tgt:2) to (step:1 pos:-1 tgt:2) through (move:-1) values[-0.000050]
  transition from (step:0 pos:0 tgt:2) to (step:0 pos:0 tgt:2) through (move:0) values[-0.000030]
  transition from (step:0 pos:0 tgt:2) to (step:1 pos:1 tgt:2) through (move:1) values[-0.000010]
(step:1 pos:1 tgt:2) values[-1.000000] forecast[0.000000]
  transition from (step:1 pos:1 tgt:2) to (step:0 pos:0 tgt:2) through (move:-1) values[-0.000030]
  transition from (step:1 pos:1 tgt:2) to (step:1 pos:1 tgt:2) through (move:0) values[-0.000010]
  transition from (step:1 pos:1 tgt:2) to (step:2 pos:2 tgt:2) through (move:1) values[0.000000]
(step:2 pos:2 tgt:2) values[0.000000] forecast[0.000000]
Best action: 1
{\tt UnitTestMiniFrameExpandSetCurWorld\ OK}
mf(step:0 pos:0 tgt:2) real(step:1 pos:1 tgt:2)
mf(step:1 pos:1 tgt:2) real(step:2 pos:2 tgt:-1)
mf(step:2 pos:2 tgt:-1) real(step:3 pos:1 tgt:-1)
mf(step:3 pos:1 tgt:-1) real(step:4 pos:0 tgt:-1)
mf(step:4 pos:0 tgt:-1) real(step:5 pos:-1 tgt:-1)
UnitTestMiniFrameFullExample OK
UnitTestMiniFrame OK
UnitTestAll OK
```

# 6 Examples

## 6.1 Basic example

#### 6.1.1 miniframe-model.h

```
// ====== MINIFRAME_MODEL.H =======
```

```
// As an example the code below implements a world where one actor
// moves along a discrete axis by step of one unit to reach a fixed
// target position
// Status of the world is defined by the current actor position and
// the target position
// Available actions are -1, 0, +1 (next position = current position
// + action) if the actor hasn't reached the target, else no actions
// The position of the actor is bounded to -5, 5
// The value of the world is given by -abs(position-target)
// ======== Include ========
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <time.h>
#include "/home/bayashi/GitHub/PBErr/pberr.h"
// ====== Define ========
// True if all actors act simultaneously, else false. As no effect if
// MF_NBMAXACTOR equals 1
#define MF_SIMULTANEOUS_PLAY false
// Max number of actors in the world
// must be at least one
#define MF_NBMAXACTOR 1
// Max number of transitions possible from any given status
// must be at least one
#define MF_NBMAXTRANSITION 3
// ====== Data structure =========
// Structure describing the transition from one instance of
// MFModelStatus to another
typedef struct MFModelTransition {
 int _move;
} MFModelTransition;
// Structure describing the status of the world at one instant
typedef struct MFModelStatus {
  int _step;
  int _pos;
  int _tgt;
} MFModelStatus;
// ======= Functions declaration ==========
// Copy the properties of the MFModelStatus 'that' into the
// MFModelStatus 'tho'
// Dynamically allocated properties must be cloned
void MFModelStatusCopy(const MFModelStatus* const that,
 MFModelStatus* const tho);
// Free memory used by the properties of the MFModelStatus 'that'
// The memory used by the MFModelStatus itself is managed by MiniFrame
void MFModelStatusFreeStatic(MFModelStatus* that);
// Free memory used by the properties of the MFModelTransition 'that'
// The memory used by the MFModelTransition itself is managed by
```

```
// MiniFrame
void MFModelTransitionFreeStatic(MFModelTransition* that);
// Return true if 'that' and 'tho' are to be considered as the same
// by MiniFrame when trying to reuse previously computed status,
// else false
bool MFModelStatusIsSame(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  const MFModelStatus* const tho);
// Return the index of the actor who has preemption in the MFModelStatus
// If no actor has preemption (all the actor act simultaneously)
// return -1
int MFModelStatusGetSente(const MFModelStatus* const that);
// Return true if the actor 'iActor' is active given the MFModelStatus
bool MFModelStatusIsActorActive(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  const int iActor);
// Get the possible transitions from the MFModelStatus 'that' and
// memorize them in the array of MFModelTransition 'transitions', and
// memorize the number of transitions in 'nbTrans'
// 'transitions' as MF_NBMAXTRANSITION size, got MFModelTransition are
// expected in transitions[0~(nbTrans-1)]
void MFModelStatusGetTrans(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  MFModelTransition* const transitions, int* const nbTrans);
// Get the values of the MFModelStatus 'that' from the point of view
// of each actor and memorize them in the array of float 'values'
// 'values' as MF_NBMAXACTOR size, all values are set to 0.0 before
// calling this function
void MFModelStatusGetValues(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  float* const values);
// Return the MFModelStatus resulting from applying the
// MFModelTransition 'trans' to the MFModelStatus 'that'
MFModelStatus MFModelStatusStep(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  const MFModelTransition* const trans);
// Print the MFModelStatus 'that' on the stream 'stream'
void MFModelStatusPrint(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  FILE* const stream);
// Print the MFModelTransition 'that' on the stream 'stream'
void MFModelTransitionPrint(const MFModelTransition* const that,
  FILE* const stream);
// Return true if the MFStatus 'that' is disposable (its memory can be
// freed) given the current status 'curStatus' and the number of
// world instances in memory, else false
// As many as possible should be kept in memory, especially if worlds
// are reusable, but its up to the user to decide which and when whould
// be discarded to fit the physical memory available
// Having too many world instances in memory also slow down the
// exploration of worlds during expansion
bool MFModelStatusIsDisposable(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  const MFModelStatus* const curStatus, const int nbStatus);
// Return true if the MFModelStatus 'that' is the end of the
// game/simulation, else false
bool MFModelStatusIsEnd(const MFModelStatus* const that);
```

```
// Init the board
void MFModelStatusInit(MFModelStatus* const that);
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
void toto();
// ====== Inliner ========
#if BUILDMODE != 0
#include "miniframe-inline-model.c"
#endif
6.1.2
        miniframe-model.c
// ======= MINIFRAME_MODEL.C ========
// As an example the code below implements a world where one actor
// moves along a discrete axis by step of one unit to reach a fixed
// target position
// Status of the world is defined by the current actor position and
// the target position
// Available actions are -1, 0, +1 (next position = current position
// + action) if the actor hasn't reached the target, else no actions
// The position of the actor is bounded to -5, 5
// The value of the world is given by -abs(position-target)
// ======== Include ========
#include "miniframe-model.h"
#if BUILDMODE == 0
#include "miniframe-inline-model.c"
#endif
// ====== Functions implementation =========
// Copy the properties of the MFModelStatus 'that' into the
// MFModelStatus 'tho'
// Dynamically allocated properties must be cloned
void MFModelStatusCopy(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  MFModelStatus* const tho) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (tho == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'tho' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
#endif
  (void)memcpy(tho, that, sizeof(MFModelStatus));
// Free memory used by the properties of the MFModelStatus 'that'
// The memory used by the MFModelStatus itself is managed by MiniFrame
```

void MFModelStatusFreeStatic(MFModelStatus\* that) {

```
(void)that;
// Free memory used by the properties of the MFModelTransition 'that'
// The memory used by the MFModelTransition itself is managed by
// MiniFrame
void MFModelTransitionFreeStatic(MFModelTransition* that) {
  (void)that;
}
// Return true if 'that' and 'tho' are to be considered as the same
// by MiniFrame when trying to reuse previously computed status,
// else false
bool MFModelStatusIsSame(const MFModelStatus* const that,
 const MFModelStatus* const tho) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
  if (tho == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'tho' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  if (that->_pos == tho->_pos &&
    that->_tgt == tho->_tgt)
    return true;
  else
    return false;
// Return the index of the actor who has preemption in the MFModelStatus
// If no actor has preemption (all the actor act simultaneously)
// return -1
int MFModelStatusGetSente(const MFModelStatus* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  (void)that;
 return 0;
// Return true if the actor 'iActor' is active given the MFModelStatus
bool MFModelStatusIsActorActive(const MFModelStatus* const that, const int iActor) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (iActor < 0 || iActor >= MF_NBMAXACTOR) {
```

```
MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeInvalidArg;
    iActor, MF_NBMAXACTOR);
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
#endif
  (void)that;(void)iActor;
 return true;
// Get the possible transitions from the MFModelStatus 'that' and
// memorize them in the array of MFModelTransition 'transitions', and
// memorize the number of transitions in 'nbTrans'
// 'transitions' as MF_NBMAXTRANSITION size, got MFModelTransition are
// expected in transitions[0~(nbTrans-1)]
void MFModelStatusGetTrans(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  MFModelTransition* const transitions, int* const nbTrans) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (transitions == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'transitions' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (nbTrans == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'nbTrans' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  7
#endif
  if (that->_pos == that->_tgt) {
   *nbTrans = 0;
  } else {
    *nbTrans = 3;
    transitions[0]._move = -1;
    transitions[1]._move = 0;
    transitions[2]._move = 1;
// Get the values of the MFModelStatus 'that' from the point of view
// of each actor and memorize them in the array of float 'values'
// 'values' as MF_NBMAXACTOR size, all values are set to 0.0 before
// calling this function
void MFModelStatusGetValues(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  float* const values) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
   MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (values == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'values' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
```

```
#endif
 values[0] = -1.0 * fabs(that->_tgt - that->_pos);
// Return the MFModelStatus resulting from applying the
// MFModelTransition 'trans' to the MFModelStatus 'that'
MFModelStatus MFModelStatusStep(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  const MFModelTransition* const trans) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (trans == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'trans' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  // Declare a variable to memorize the resulting status
  MFModelStatus status;
  // Apply the transition
  status._step = that->_step + 1;
  status._tgt = that->_tgt;
  status._pos = that->_pos + trans->_move;
  int limit = 3;
  if (status._pos < -limit) status._pos = -limit;</pre>
  if (status._pos > limit) status._pos = limit;
  // Return the status
 return status;
// Print the MFModelStatus 'that' on the stream 'stream'
void MFModelStatusPrint(const MFModelStatus* const that,
 FILE* const stream) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (stream == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'stream' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  fprintf(stream, "step:%d pos:%d tgt:%d", that->_step,
    that->_pos, that->_tgt);
// Print the MFModelTransition 'that' on the stream 'stream'
void MFModelTransitionPrint(const MFModelTransition* const that,
 FILE* const stream) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (stream == NULL) {
```

```
MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'stream' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 }
#endif
  fprintf(stream, "move:%d", that->_move);
// Return true if the MFStatus 'that' is disposable (its memory can be
// freed) given the current status 'curStatus' and the number of
// world instances in memory, else false
// As many as possible should be kept in memory, especially if worlds
// are reusable, but its up to the user to decide which and when whould
// be discarded to fit the physical memory available
// Having too many world instances in memory also slow down the
// exploration of worlds during expansion
bool MFModelStatusIsDisposable(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  \verb|const MFModelStatus*| const curStatus, const int nbStatus| \{ \\
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (curStatus == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'curStatus' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  7
#endif
  if (nbStatus > 0) {
    if (abs(that->_pos - curStatus->_pos) > 2)
     return true;
    else
     return false;
  } else {
    return false;
}
// Return true if the MFModelStatus 'that' is the end of the
// game/simulation, else false
bool MFModelStatusIsEnd(const MFModelStatus* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  if (that->_step >= 6 || that->_pos == that->_tgt) {
   return true:
  } else {
    return false;
}
```

#### 6.1.3 miniframe-inline-model.c

```
// ====== MINIFRAME-INLINE-MODEL.C ========
```

## 6.2 Oware

### 6.2.1 miniframe-model.h

```
// ======= MINIFRAME_MODEL.H ========
// ========= Include =========
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <math.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <stdbool.h>
#include <time.h>
#include "/home/bayashi/GitHub/PBErr/pberr.h"
#include "/home/bayashi/GitHub/NeuraNet/neuranet.h"
// ====== Define ========
// Current implementation doesn't allow more than 2 players
// due to undefined end condition
#define NBPLAYER 2
#define NBHOLEPLAYER 6
#define NBHOLE (NBHOLEPLAYER * NBPLAYER)
#define NBINITSTONEPERHOLE 4
#define NBSTONE (NBHOLE * NBINITSTONEPERHOLE)
#define NBMAXTURN 200
#define MF_MODEL_NN_NBINPUT NBHOLE
#define MF_MODEL_NN_NBOUTPUT 10
#define MF_MODEL_NN_NBHIDDEN 1
#define MF_MODEL_NN_NBBASES 100
#define MF_MODEL_NN_NBLINKS 100
// True if all actors act simultaneously, else false. As no effect if
// MF_NBMAXACTOR equals 1
#define MF_SIMULTANEOUS_PLAY false
// Max number of actors in the world
// must be at least one
#define MF_NBMAXACTOR NBPLAYER
// Max number of transitions possible from any given status
// must be at least one
#define MF_NBMAXTRANSITION NBHOLEPLAYER
// ====== Data structure =========
// Structure describing the transition from one instance of
// MFModelStatus to another
typedef struct MFModelTransition {
  // Index of the hole from where stones are moved by the current player
  int _iHole;
```

```
} MFModelTransition;
// Structure describing the status of the world at one instant
typedef struct MFModelStatus {
  int _nbTurn;
  int _nbStone[NBHOLE];
  int _score[NBPLAYER];
  // Flag for special end condition
  char _end;
  // Index of the player who has the sente
  int _curPlayer;
  // NeuraNet for each player
  NeuraNet* _nn[NBPLAYER];
} MFModelStatus;
// ======== Functions declaration ==========
// Copy the properties of the MFModelStatus 'that' into the
// MFModelStatus 'tho'
// Dynamically allocated properties must be cloned
void MFModelStatusCopy(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  MFModelStatus* const tho);
// Free memory used by the properties of the MFModelStatus 'that'
// The memory used by the MFModelStatus itself is managed by MiniFrame
void MFModelStatusFreeStatic(MFModelStatus* that);
// Free memory used by the properties of the MFModelTransition 'that'
// The memory used by the MFModelTransition itself is managed by
void MFModelTransitionFreeStatic(MFModelTransition* that);
// Return true if 'that' and 'tho' are to be considered as the same
// by MiniFrame when trying to reuse previously computed status,
bool MFModelStatusIsSame(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  const MFModelStatus* const tho);
// Return the index of the actor who has preemption in the MFModelStatus
// 'that'
// If no actor has preemption (all the actor act simultaneously)
// return -1
int MFModelStatusGetSente(const MFModelStatus* const that);
// Return true if the actor 'iActor' is active given the MFModelStatus
bool MFModelStatusIsActorActive(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  const int iActor);
// Get the possible transitions from the MFModelStatus 'that' and
// memorize them in the array of MFModelTransition 'transitions', and
// memorize the number of transitions in 'nbTrans'
// 'transitions' as MF_NBMAXTRANSITION size, got MFModelTransition are
// expected in transitions[0~(nbTrans-1)]
void MFModelStatusGetTrans(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  MFModelTransition* const transitions, int* const nbTrans);
// Get the values of the MFModelStatus 'that' from the point of view
// of each actor and memorize them in the array of float 'values'
// 'values' as MF_NBMAXACTOR size, all values are set to 0.0 before
// calling this function
void MFModelStatusGetValues(const MFModelStatus* const that,
```

```
float* const values);
// Return the MFModelStatus resulting from applying the
// MFModelTransition 'trans' to the MFModelStatus 'that'
MFModelStatus MFModelStatusStep(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  const MFModelTransition* const trans);
// Print the MFModelStatus 'that' on the stream 'stream'
void MFModelStatusPrint(const MFModelStatus* const that,
 FILE* const stream);
// Print the MFModelTransition 'that' on the stream 'stream'
void MFModelTransitionPrint(const MFModelTransition* const that,
  FILE* const stream);
// Return true if the MFStatus 'that' is disposable (its memory can be
// freed) given the current status 'curStatus' and the number of
// world instances in memory, else false
// As many as possible should be kept in memory, especially if worlds
// are reusable, but its up to the user to decide which and when whould
// be discarded to fit the physical memory available
// Having too many world instances in memory also slow down the
// exploration of worlds during expansion
bool MFModelStatusIsDisposable(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  const MFModelStatus* const curStatus, const int nbStatus);
// Return true if the MFModelStatus 'that' is the end of the
// game/simulation, else false
bool MFModelStatusIsEnd(const MFModelStatus* const that);
// Init the board
void MFModelStatusInit(MFModelStatus* const that);
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
void toto();
// ========= Inliner =========
#if BUILDMODE != 0
#include "miniframe-inline-model.c"
#endif
6.2.2
         miniframe-model.c
// ======= MINIFRAME_MODEL.C =========
// ========= Include =========
#include "miniframe-model.h"
#if BUILDMODE == 0
#include "miniframe-inline-model.c"
#endif
// ====== Functions implementation =========
// Copy the properties of the MFModelStatus 'that' into the
// MFModelStatus 'tho'
// Dynamically allocated properties must be cloned
void MFModelStatusCopy(const MFModelStatus* const that,
```

```
MFModelStatus* const tho) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (tho == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'tho' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  (void)memcpy(tho, that, sizeof(MFModelStatus));
}
// Free memory used by the properties of the MFModelStatus 'that'
// The memory used by the MFModelStatus itself is managed by MiniFrame
void MFModelStatusFreeStatic(MFModelStatus* that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  (void)that;
// Free memory used by the properties of the MFModelTransition 'that'
// The memory used by the MFModelTransition itself is managed by
// MiniFrame
void MFModelTransitionFreeStatic(MFModelTransition* that) {
  (void)that;
// Return true if 'that' and 'tho' are to be considered as the same
// by MiniFrame when trying to reuse previously computed status,
// else false
bool MFModelStatusIsSame(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  const MFModelStatus* const tho) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (tho == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'tho' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
#endif
  bool ret = true;
  if (that->_curPlayer != tho->_curPlayer ||
    that->_end != tho->_end)
    ret = false:
  for (int iPlayer = NBPLAYER; iPlayer-- && ret;)
    if (that->_score[iPlayer] != tho->_score[iPlayer])
      ret = false;
  for (int iHole = NBHOLE; iHole-- && ret;)
```

```
if (that->_nbStone[iHole] != tho->_nbStone[iHole])
      ret = false;
 return ret;
// Return the index of the actor who has preemption in the MFModelStatus
// If no actor has preemption (all the actor act simultaneously)
// return -1
int MFModelStatusGetSente(const MFModelStatus* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
 return that->_curPlayer;
// Return true if the actor 'iActor' is active given the MFModelStatus
// 'that'
bool MFModelStatusIsActorActive(const MFModelStatus* const that, const int iActor) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (iActor < 0 || iActor >= MF_NBMAXACTOR) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeInvalidArg;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->\_msg, "'iActor' is invalid (0<=\%d<\%d)", \  \  \, \  \  \, \  \  \, \}
      iActor, MF_NBMAXACTOR);
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  (void)that;(void)iActor;
  // Incorrect if NBPLAYER > 2
  return true;
// Get the possible transitions from the MFModelStatus 'that' and
// memorize them in the array of MFModelTransition 'transitions', and
// memorize the number of transitions in 'nbTrans'
// 'transitions' as MF_NBMAXTRANSITION size, got MFModelTransition are
// expected in transitions[0~(nbTrans-1)]
void MFModelStatusGetTrans(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  MFModelTransition* const transitions, int* const nbTrans) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (transitions == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'transitions' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (nbTrans == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'nbTrans' is null");
```

```
PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
#endif
  *nbTrans = 0:
  for (int iHole = that->_curPlayer * NBHOLEPLAYER;
    iHole < (that->_curPlayer + 1) * NBHOLEPLAYER;
     ++iHole) {
     if (that->_nbStone[iHole] > 0) {
      transitions[*nbTrans]._iHole = iHole;
      ++(*nbTrans);
    }
}
 // Get the values of the MFModelStatus 'that' from the point of view
 // of each actor and memorize them in the array of float 'values'
 // 'values' as MF_NBMAXACTOR size, all values are set to 0.0 before
 // calling this function
 void MFModelStatusGetValues(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  float* const values) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
     sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (values == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
     sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'values' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
#endif
  VecFloat* input = VecFloatCreate(MF_MODEL_NN_NBINPUT);
  VecFloat* output = VecFloatCreate(MF_MODEL_NN_NBOUTPUT);
   for (int iPlayer = NBPLAYER; iPlayer--;) {
    if (that->_nn[iPlayer] == NULL) {
      values[iPlayer] = that->_score[iPlayer];
     } else {
      for (int iHole = NBHOLE; iHole--;) {
         int jHole = iHole + iPlayer * NBHOLEPLAYER;
         if (jHole >= NBHOLE)
           jHole -= NBHOLE;
         VecSet(input, iHole, that->_nbStone[jHole]);
      NNEval(that->_nn[iPlayer], input, output);
      float valMax = VecGetMaxVal(output);
      values[iPlayer] = MAX(valMax, that->_score[iPlayer]);
     if (values[iPlayer] * 2 > NBSTONE)
      values[iPlayer] = NBSTONE;
  VecFree(&input):
  VecFree(&output);
 // Return the MFModelStatus resulting from applying the
 // MFModelTransition 'trans' to the MFModelStatus 'that'
MFModelStatus MFModelStatusStep(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  const MFModelTransition* const trans) {
 #if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
     MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
```

```
sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (trans == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'trans' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
#endif
  // Declare a variable to memorize the resulting status
  MFModelStatus status;
  // Apply the transition
  MFModelStatusCopy(that, &status);
  int nbStone = status._nbStone[trans->_iHole];
  // Remove stones from starting hole
  status._nbStone[trans->_iHole] = 0;
  // Distribute stones
  int jHole = trans->_iHole;
  while (nbStone > 0) {
    ++jHole;
    if (jHole == NBHOLE) jHole = 0;
    // Jump over starting hole
    if (jHole == trans->_iHole) ++jHole;
    if (jHole == NBHOLE) jHole = 0;
    ++(status._nbStone[jHole]);
    --nbStone;
  // Check for captured stones
  char flagCaptured = 0;
  while ((jHole < status._curPlayer * NBHOLEPLAYER ||
    jHole >= (status._curPlayer + 1) * NBHOLEPLAYER) &&
    (status._nbStone[jHole] == 2 ||
    status._nbStone[jHole] == 3)) {
    status._score[status._curPlayer] += status._nbStone[jHole];
    status._nbStone[jHole] = 0;
    flagCaptured = 1;
    --jHole;
  // Check for special end conditions
  // First, check that the opponent is not starving
  int nbStoneOpp = 0;
  for (int iHole = 0; iHole < NBHOLE; ++iHole) {</pre>
    if (iHole < status._curPlayer * NBHOLEPLAYER ||
      iHole >= (status._curPlayer + 1) * NBHOLEPLAYER)
      nbStoneOpp += status._nbStone[iHole];
  // If the opponent is starving
  if (nbStoneOpp == 0) {
    if (flagCaptured == 1) {
      // If there has been captured stones, it means the current
      \ensuremath{//} player has starved the opponent. The current player looses.
      status._end = 1;
      status._score[status._curPlayer] = 0.0;
    } else {
      // If there was no captured stones, it means the opponent
      // starved itself. The current player catches all his own stones.
      status._end = 1;
      for (int iHole = 0; iHole < NBHOLE; ++iHole) {</pre>
        if (iHole >= status._curPlayer * NBHOLEPLAYER &&
          iHole < (status._curPlayer + 1) * NBHOLEPLAYER)</pre>
          status._score[status._curPlayer] +=
```

```
status._nbStone[iHole];
     }
   }
  }
  // Step the current player
  ++(status._curPlayer);
  if (status._curPlayer == NBPLAYER)
    status._curPlayer = 0;
  // Increment the nb of turn
  ++(status._nbTurn);
  // Return the status
 return status;
// Print the MFModelStatus 'that' on the stream 'stream'
void MFModelStatusPrint(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  FILE* const stream) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (stream == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'stream' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  fprintf(stream, "#%d: ", that->_nbTurn);
  for (int iHole = 0; iHole < NBHOLE; ++iHole)</pre>
  fprintf(stream, "%d ", that->_nbStone[iHole]);
fprintf(stream, " score: ");
  for (int iPlayer = 0; iPlayer < NBPLAYER; ++iPlayer) {</pre>
    if (iPlayer == MFModelStatusGetSente(that))
      fprintf(stream, "^");
    fprintf(stream, "%d", that->_score[iPlayer]);
    if (iPlayer < NBPLAYER - 1)
      fprintf(stream, ":");
}
// Print the MFModelTransition 'that' on the stream 'stream'
void MFModelTransitionPrint(const MFModelTransition* const that,
  FILE* const stream) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
  if (stream == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'stream' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
 7
#endif
 fprintf(stream, "move:%d", that->_iHole);
```

```
// Return true if the MFStatus 'that' is disposable (its memory can be
// freed) given the current status 'curStatus' and the number of
// world instances in memory, else false
\ensuremath{//} As many as possible should be kept in memory, especially if worlds
// are reusable, but its up to the user to decide which and when whould
// be discarded to fit the physical memory available
// Having too many world instances in memory also slow down the
// exploration of worlds during expansion
bool MFModelStatusIsDisposable(const MFModelStatus* const that,
  const MFModelStatus* const curStatus, const int nbStatus) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  if (curStatus == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'curStatus' is null");
   PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
  }
#endif
  (void)nbStatus;
  int nbRemainStoneCurStatus = 0;
  for (int iHole = NBHOLE; iHole--;)
   nbRemainStoneCurStatus += curStatus->_nbStone[iHole];
  int nbRemainStone = 0;
  for (int iHole = NBHOLE; iHole--;)
   nbRemainStone += that->_nbStone[iHole];
  if (nbRemainStone > nbRemainStoneCurStatus)
    return true;
  else
    return false;
}
// Return true if the MFModelStatus 'that' is the end of the
// game/simulation, else false
bool MFModelStatusIsEnd(const MFModelStatus* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  /*if (that->_score[0] > 0 || that->_score[1] > 0)
   return true;
  else
    return false; */
  if (that->_end == 1 ||
    that->_nbTurn == NBMAXTURN)
    return true;
  bool ret = false;
  for (int iPlayer = NBPLAYER; iPlayer--;) {
    // Incorrect if NBPLAYER > 2
    if (that->_score[iPlayer] * 2 > NBSTONE)
      ret = true;
  // For the case NBPLAYER > 2
  /*if (ret == false) {
```

```
int nbRemainStone = 0;
    for (int iHole = NBHOLE; iHole-- && ret == false;)
     nbRemainStone += that->_nbStone[iHole];
    if (nbRemainStone == 0)
     ret = true;
 return ret;
// Init the board
void MFModelStatusInit(MFModelStatus* const that) {
#if BUILDMODE == 0
  if (that == NULL) {
    MiniFrameErr->_type = PBErrTypeNullPointer;
    sprintf(MiniFrameErr->_msg, "'that' is null");
    PBErrCatch(MiniFrameErr);
#endif
  that->_end = 0;
  for (int iPlayer = NBPLAYER; iPlayer--;) {
    that->_score[iPlayer] = 0;
   that->_nn[iPlayer] = NULL;
  for (int iHole = NBHOLE; iHole--;)
    that->_nbStone[iHole] = NBINITSTONEPERHOLE;
  that->_curPlayer = 0;
  that->_nbTurn = 0;
         miniframe-inline-model.c
// ====== MINIFRAME-INLINE-MODEL.C =======
// ====== Functions implementation =========
#if BUILDMODE != 0
inline
#endif
void toto() {
6.2.4 main.c
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <string.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <sys/time.h>
#include "pberr.h"
#include "pbmath.h"
#include "genalg.h"
#include "elorank.h"
#include "neuranet.h"
#include "miniframe.h"
```

#define RANDOMSEED 0

```
void RunDemo(float expansionTime, bool useNN) {
  // Initial world
 MFModelStatus curWorld:
 MFModelStatusInit(&curWorld);
  // Display the current world
 MFModelStatusPrint(&curWorld, stdout);
 printf("\n");
  // Create the MiniFrame
 MiniFrame* mf = MiniFrameCreate(&curWorld);
  // If we use a NeuraNet as evaluation for player #0
  if (useNN) {
    // Try to load the NeuraNet from ./bestnn.txt
   FILE* stream = fopen("./bestnn.txt", "r");
    if (stream != NULL) {
      if (!NNLoad(curWorld._nn, stream)) {
       printf("Couldn't reload the NeuraNet from ./bestnn.txt\n");
       printf("\mbox{Will use the default evaluation function$\n"$);}
     fclose(stream);
    } else {
     printf("Couldn't reload the NeuraNet from ./bestnn.txt\n");
     printf("Will use the default evaluation function\n");
  // Set the expansion time
  MFSetMaxTimeExpansion(mf, expansionTime);
  // Set reusable worlds
 MFSetWorldReusable(mf, true);
  // Flag to end the game
  bool flagEnd = false;
  // Loop until end of game
  while (!MFModelStatusIsEnd(&curWorld) && !flagEnd) {
    printf("----\n");
    // Set the start clock
    MFSetStartExpandClock(mf, clock());
    // Correct the current world in the MiniFrame
    MFSetCurWorld(mf, &curWorld);
   // Expand
    MFExpand(mf);
    //MFWorldTransPrintln(MFCurWorld(mf), stdout);
    /*printf("--- start of best story ---\n");
    MFWorldPrintBestStoryln(MFCurWorld(mf),
     curWorld._curPlayer, stdout);
    printf("--- end of best story ---\n");*/
    // Display info about exansion
    printf("exp: %d ", MFGetNbWorldExpanded(mf));
    printf("unexp: %d ", MFGetNbWorldUnexpanded(mf));
    printf("comp: %d ", MFGetNbComputedWorld(mf));
    printf("removed: %d ", MFGetNbWorldRemoved(mf));
    printf("reused: %f ", MFGetPercWordReused(mf));
    printf("unused: %fms\n", MFGetTimeUnusedExpansion(mf));
    if (MFGetTimeUnusedExpansion(mf) < 0.0) {</pre>
     flagEnd = true;
     curWorld._score[curWorld._curPlayer] = -1;
    } else {
      // Get best transition
      const MFModelTransition* bestTrans =
       MFGetBestTransition(mf, MFModelStatusGetSente(&curWorld));
      if (bestTrans != NULL) {
        // Display the transition's information
        printf("sente: %d ", curWorld._curPlayer);
```

```
MFModelTransitionPrint(bestTrans, stdout);
       printf(" forecast: %f",
         MFTransitionGetForecastValue((MFTransition*)bestTrans,
         curWorld._curPlayer));
        printf("\n");
        // Step with best transition
       curWorld = MFModelStatusStep(&curWorld, bestTrans);
     } else {
       flagEnd = true;
     // Apply external forces to the world
     // curWorld. = ... ;
   // Display the current world
   MFModelStatusPrint(&curWorld, stdout);
   printf("\n");
   fflush(stdout);
 // Free memory
 for (int iPlayer = NBPLAYER; iPlayer--;) {
   if (curWorld._nn[iPlayer] != NULL)
     NeuraNetFree(curWorld._nn + iPlayer);
 MiniFrameFree(&mf);
void TrainOneGame(float expansionTime, GenAlgAdn** adns, GSet* result) {
 // Initial world
 MFModelStatus curWorld;
 MFModelStatusInit(&curWorld);
 // Create the MiniFrame
 MiniFrame* mf = MiniFrameCreate(&curWorld);
 // Set the NeuraNet for each actor
 for (int iActor = 0; iActor < NBPLAYER; ++iActor) {</pre>
   if (adns[iActor] != (void*)1) {
     NeuraNet* neuraNet = NeuraNetCreate(MF_MODEL_NN_NBINPUT,
       MF_MODEL_NN_NBOUTPUT, MF_MODEL_NN_NBHIDDEN,
       MF_MODEL_NN_NBBASES, MF_MODEL_NN_NBLINKS);
     NNSetBases(neuraNet, GAAdnAdnF(adns[iActor]));
     NNSetLinks(neuraNet, GAAdnAdnI(adns[iActor]));
     curWorld._nn[iActor] = neuraNet;
   } else {
     curWorld._nn[iActor] = NULL;
 // Set the expansion time
 MFSetMaxTimeExpansion(mf, expansionTime);
 // Set reusable worlds
 MFSetWorldReusable(mf, true);
 // Flag to end the game
 bool flagEnd = false;
 // Loop until end of game
 while (!MFModelStatusIsEnd(&curWorld) && !flagEnd) {
   // Set the start clock
   MFSetStartExpandClock(mf, clock());
   // Correct the current world in the MiniFrame
   MFSetCurWorld(mf, &curWorld);
   // Expand
   MFExpand(mf);
   if (MFGetTimeUnusedExpansion(mf) < 0.0) {</pre>
     flagEnd = true;
     curWorld._score[curWorld._curPlayer] = -1;
```

```
} else {
      // Get best transition
      const MFModelTransition* bestTrans =
       MFGetBestTransition(mf, MFModelStatusGetSente(&curWorld));
      if (bestTrans != NULL) {
        // Step with best transition
        curWorld = MFModelStatusStep(&curWorld, bestTrans);
      } else {
        flagEnd = true;
   }
  }
  // Update result
  GSetFlush(result);
  for (int iActor = 0; iActor < NBPLAYER; ++iActor)
    GSetAddSort(result, adns[iActor], curWorld._score[iActor]);
  // Free memory
  for (int iPlayer = NBPLAYER; iPlayer--;) {
    if (curWorld._nn[iPlayer] != NULL)
      NeuraNetFree(curWorld._nn + iPlayer);
 MiniFrameFree(&mf);
}
void Train(int nbEpoch, int sizePool, int nbElite, int nbGameEpoch,
  float expansionTime) {
  // Display parameters
  printf("Will train with following parameters:\n");
  printf("nbEpoch: %d\n", nbEpoch);
  printf("sizePool: %d\n", sizePool);
  printf("nbElite: %d\n", nbElite);
  printf("nbGameEpoch: %d\n", nbGameEpoch);
  printf("expansionTime: %fms\n", expansionTime);
  // Create a NeuraNet
  NeuraNet* neuraNet = NeuraNetCreate(MF_MODEL_NN_NBINPUT,
    MF_MODEL_NN_NBOUTPUT, MF_MODEL_NN_NBHIDDEN,
    MF_MODEL_NN_NBBASES, MF_MODEL_NN_NBLINKS);
  // Create the GenAlg
  GenAlg* genAlg = GenAlgCreate(sizePool, nbElite,
    NNGetGAAdnFloatLength(neuraNet), NNGetGAAdnIntLength(neuraNet));
  NNSetGABoundsBases(neuraNet, genAlg);
  NNSetGABoundsLinks(neuraNet, genAlg);
  GASetTypeNeuraNet(genAlg, MF_MODEL_NN_NBINPUT,
    MF_MODEL_NN_NBHIDDEN, MF_MODEL_NN_NBOUTPUT);
  GAInit(genAlg);
  // Reload the GenAlg if possible
  FILE* stream = fopen("./bestga.txt", "r");
  if (stream != NULL) {
    printf("Reload the previous GenAlg from ./bestga.txt\n");
    if (GALoad(&genAlg, stream)) {
      printf("Couldn't reload the GenAlg\n");
      exit(1);
   }
  // Declare a stream to save results
  FILE* streamRes = fopen("./res.txt", "w");
  if (streamRes == NULL) {
    printf("Couldn't open ./res.txt\n");
    exit(1);
  // Declare a GSet to memorize the result
  GSet result = GSetCreateStatic();
```

```
// Declare a variable to memorize the current epoch
int iEpoch = 0;
// Loop on epochs
while (iEpoch < nbEpoch) {
 // Create the ELORank
 ELORank* eloRank = ELORankCreate();
 for (int iAdn = 0; iAdn < sizePool; ++iAdn)</pre>
   ELORankAdd(eloRank, GSetGet(GAAdns(genAlg), iAdn));
 ELORankAdd(eloRank, (GenAlgAdn*)GABestAdn(genAlg));
 ELORankAdd(eloRank, (void*)1);
 // Declare a variable to memorize the current game
 int iGame = 0;
 // Loop on games
 while (iGame < nbGameEpoch) {</pre>
   fprintf(stderr, "Epoch %05d/%05d Game %03d/%03d
      iEpoch + 1, nbEpoch, iGame + 1, nbGameEpoch);
   fflush(stderr);
    // Select randomly two adns
   GenAlgAdn* adns[NBPLAYER] = {NULL};
   int iAdn = (int)round(rnd() * (float)(sizePool) - 1.0);
    if (rnd() < 0.5) {
     adns[0] = (void*)1;
      if (iAdn == -1)
        adns[1] = (GenAlgAdn*)GABestAdn(genAlg);
        adns[1] = GSetGet(GAAdns(genAlg), iAdn);
   } else {
      adns[1] = (void*)1;
      if (iAdn == -1)
       adns[0] = (GenAlgAdn*)GABestAdn(genAlg);
      else
        adns[0] = GSetGet(GAAdns(genAlg), iAdn);
    // Play the game
   TrainOneGame(expansionTime, adns, &result);
   // Update the ELORank with the result
   ELORankUpdate(eloRank, &result);
   // Increment the current game
   ++iGame;
 }
 fprintf(stderr, "\n");
 fflush(stderr);
 // Update the values of each adn in the GenAlg with their ELORank
 for (int iAdn = 0; iAdn < sizePool; ++iAdn) {</pre>
   GenAlgAdn* adn = GSetGet(GAAdns(genAlg), iAdn);
   float elo = ELORankGetELO(eloRank, adn);
   GASetAdnValue(genAlg, adn, elo);
 // Update the value of the best adn too
 GenAlgAdn* bestAdn = (GenAlgAdn*)GABestAdn(genAlg);
 bestAdn->_val = ELORankGetELO(eloRank, bestAdn);
 // Step the GenAlg
 GAStep(genAlg);
 // Display the elo of the best and the reference
 float eloRef = ELORankGetELO(eloRank, (void*)1);
 float eloBest = GAAdnGetVal(bestAdn);
 printf("best: %f(age %ld) ref: %f(rank %d)\n", eloBest,
   GAAdnGetAge(bestAdn), eloRef, ELORankGetRank(eloRank, (void*)1));
 fflush(stdout);
 // Save the result
 fprintf(streamRes, "%ld %f %f %d\n", GAGetCurEpoch(genAlg), eloBest,
   eloRef, ELORankGetRank(eloRank, (void*)1));
```

```
fflush(streamRes);
   // Save the best NeuraNet to ./bestnn.txt
   NNSetBases(neuraNet, GAAdnAdnF(bestAdn));
   NNSetLinks(neuraNet, GAAdnAdnI(bestAdn));
   stream = fopen("./bestnn.txt", "w");
   if (stream == NULL) {
     printf("Couldn't open ./bestnn.txt");
      exit(1);
   if (!NNSave(neuraNet, stream, true)) {
     printf("Couldn't open ./bestnn.txt");
     exit(1);
   fclose(stream);
   // Save the GenAlg to ./bestga.txt
   stream = fopen("./bestga.txt", "w");
   if (stream == NULL) {
     printf("Couldn't open ./bestga.txt");
     exit(1);
   if (!GASave(genAlg, stream, true)) {
     printf("Couldn't save ./bestga.txt");
     exit(1);
   fclose(stream);
   // Increment the current epoch
   ++iEpoch;
   // Free memory
   ELORankFree(&eloRank);
 // Free memory
 fclose(streamRes);
 GSetFlush(&result);
 GenAlgFree(&genAlg);
 NeuraNetFree(&neuraNet);
int main(int argc, char** argv) {
 // Init the random generator
 srandom(time(NULL));
 // Declare a variable to memorize the mode
 // 0: demo (default)
 // 1: train mode
 // 2: demo with trained NeuraNet as player #0
 int mode = 0:
 // Declare a variable to memorize the expansion time (in millisec)
 float expansionTime = 100.0;
 // Declare a variable to memorize the number of epoch for training
 int nbEpoch = 50;
 // Declare variables to memorize the size of pool, number of elites,
 // number of game per epoch for training
 int nbElite = 5:
 int sizePool = 20;
 int nbGameEpoch = 200;
 // Process argument
 for (int iArg = 0; iArg < argc; ++iArg) {</pre>
   if (strcmp(argv[iArg], "-help") == 0) {
     printf("main [-demo] [-demoNN] [-train] [-nbEpoch <nbEpoch>] ");
     printf("[-nbElite <nbElite>] [-sizePool <sizePool>] ");
     printf("[-nbGameEpoch <nbGameEpoch>] [-expTime <expansionTime>]\n");
     exit(0);
   } else if (strcmp(argv[iArg], "-demo") == 0) {
```

```
} else if (strcmp(argv[iArg], "-nbElite") == 0 && iArg < argc - 1) {
      ++iArg;
      nbElite = atoi(argv[iArg]);
    } else if (strcmp(argv[iArg], "-sizePool") == 0 && iArg < argc - 1) {
      sizePool = atoi(argv[iArg]);
    } else if (strcmp(argv[iArg], "-nbGameEpoch") == 0 && iArg < argc - 1) {
     nbGameEpoch = atoi(argv[iArg]);
    } else if (strcmp(argv[iArg], "-expTime") == 0 && iArg < argc - 1) {
      expansionTime = atof(argv[iArg]);
   }
  if (mode == 0) {
    RunDemo(expansionTime, false);
  } else if (mode == 1) {
   Train(nbEpoch, sizePool, nbElite, nbGameEpoch, expansionTime);
  } else if (mode == 2) {
   RunDemo(expansionTime, true);
  // Return success code
 return 0;
6.2.5
         Makefile
# Build mode
\# 0: development (max safety, no optimisation)
# 1: release (min safety, optimisation)
# 2: fast and furious (no safety, optimisation)
BUILD_MODE?=1
all: main
# Makefile definitions
MAKEFILE_INC=../../PBMake/Makefile.inc
include $(MAKEFILE_INC)
# Path to the model implementation
MF_MODEL_PATH=$(ROOT_DIR)/MiniFrame/Examples/Oware
# Include directories
MODEL_INC_DIR=-I$(ROOT_DIR)/PBErr -I$(ROOT_DIR)/GenAlg -I$(ROOT_DIR)/NeuraNet -I$(ROOT_DIR)/PBMath -I$(ROOT_DIR)/PBJ
# Rules to make the executable
createLinkToModelHeader \
main.o \
miniframe-model.o \
```

mode = 0;

mode = 1;

mode = 2;

} else if (strcmp(argv[iArg], "-train") == 0) {

} else if (strcmp(argv[iArg], "-demoNN") == 0) {

nbEpoch = atoi(argv[iArg]);

} else if (strcmp(argv[iArg], "-nbEpoch") == 0 && iArg < argc - 1) {

```
neuranet.o \
genalg.o \
elorank.o \
$(miniframe_EXE_DEP) \
$(miniframe_DEP)
$(COMPILER) 'echo "$(miniframe_EXE_DEP) main.o" | tr ' ' '\n' | sort -u' miniframe-model.o neuranet.o genalg.o elorate
main.o: \
main.c \
$(miniframe_INC_H_EXE) \
$(miniframe_EXE_DEP)
$(COMPILER) $(BUILD_ARG) $(MODEL_INC_DIR) $(miniframe_BUILD_ARG) 'echo "$(miniframe_INC_DIR)" | tr ' ' '\n' | sort -t
createLinkToModelHeader:
ln -s -f $(MF_MODEL_PATH)/miniframe-model.h $(miniframe_DIR)/miniframe-model.h; ln -s -f $(MF_MODEL_PATH)/miniframe-
miniframe-model.o: miniframe-model.h miniframe-model.c Makefile
$(COMPILER) $(BUILD_ARG) $(MODEL_INC_DIR) -c miniframe-model.c
```

### 6.2.6 Example

exampleGame.txt:

```
#0: 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
score: 0:0 1:0
exp: 580 comp: 2969 unused: 0.536000ms
move:2
#1: 4 4 0 5 5 5 5 4 4 4 4 4
score: 0:0 1:0
exp: 215 comp: 4062 unused: 0.541000ms
move:11
#2: 5 5 1 6 5 5 5 4 4 4 4 0
score: 0:0 1:0
exp: 162 comp: 4885 unused: 0.762000ms
move:3
#3: 5 5 1 0 6 6 6 5 5 5 4 0
score: 0:0 1:0
exp: 131 comp: 5568 unused: 0.838000ms
move:9
#4: 6 6 0 0 6 6 6 5 5 0 5 1
score: 0:0 1:2
exp: 116 comp: 6170 unused: 1.026000ms
move:5
#5: 6 6 0 0 6 0 7 6 6 1 6 0
score: 0:2 1:2
exp: 534 comp: 2810 unused: 0.498000ms
move:9
#6: 6 6 0 0 6 0 7 6 6 0 7 0
score: 0:2 1:2
exp: 216 comp: 3877 unused: 0.557000ms
#7: 6 0 1 1 7 1 8 7 6 0 7 0
```

```
score: 0:2 1:2
exp: 161 comp: 4701 unused: 0.916000ms
move:10
#8: 7 1 2 2 8 0 8 7 6 0 0 1
score: 0:2 1:4
exp: 141 comp: 5336 unused: 0.701000ms
move:1
#9: 7 0 3 2 8 0 8 7 6 0 0 1
score: 0:2 1:4
exp: 448 comp: 3056 unused: 0.325000ms
move:8
#10: 8 1 4 2 8 0 8 7 0 1 1 2
score: 0:2 1:4
exp: 234 comp: 4200 unused: 0.514000ms
#11: 8 0 5 2 8 0 8 7 0 1 1 2
score: 0:2 1:4
exp: 180 comp: 5089 unused: 0.750000ms
move:10
#12: 8 0 5 2 8 0 8 7 0 1 0 3
score: 0:2 1:4
exp: 144 comp: 5830 unused: 0.696000ms
move:0
#13: 0 1 6 3 9 1 9 8 1 1 0 3
score: 0:2 1:4
exp: 134 comp: 6481 unused: 0.835000ms
move:6
#14: 1 2 7 4 9 1 0 9 2 2 1 4
score: 0:2 1:4
exp: 121 comp: 7066 unused: 0.919000ms
move:2
#15: 1 2 0 5 10 2 1 10 0 0 1 4
score: 0:8 1:4
exp: 123 comp: 7443 unused: 1.284000ms
move:7
#16: 2 3 1 6 11 0 1 0 1 1 2 5
score: 0:8 1:7
exp: 619 comp: 2985 unused: 0.462000ms
move:3
#17: 2 3 1 0 12 1 2 1 0 0 2 5
score: 0:12 1:7
exp: 254 comp: 4095 unused: 0.653000ms
move:10
#18: 0 3 1 0 12 1 2 1 0 0 0 6
score: 0:12 1:10
exp: 631 comp: 2820 unused: 0.337000ms
#19: 0 3 1 0 12 0 0 1 0 0 0 6
score: 0:15 1:10
```

```
exp: 254 comp: 3860 unused: 0.553000ms
move:7
#20: 0 3 1 0 12 0 0 0 1 0 0 6
score: 0:15 1:10
exp: 549 comp: 2981 unused: 0.492000ms
move:4
#21: 1 4 2 1 0 2 1 1 2 1 1 7
score: 0:15 1:10
exp: 288 comp: 4097 unused: 0.761000ms
move:8
#22: 1 4 2 1 0 2 1 1 0 2 2 7
score: 0:15 1:10
exp: 203 comp: 4957 unused: 0.663000ms
move:5
#23: 1 4 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 7
score: 0:19 1:10
exp: 177 comp: 5688 unused: 0.793000ms
move:10
#24: 0 4 2 1 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 8
score: 0:19 1:12
exp: 535 comp: 3137 unused: 0.411000ms
#25: 0 0 3 2 1 1 0 0 0 2 0 8
score: 0:19 1:12
exp: 286 comp: 4213 unused: 0.454000ms
move:9
#26: 0 0 3 2 1 1 0 0 0 0 1 9
score: 0:19 1:12
exp: 231 comp: 5065 unused: 0.754000ms
move:5
#27: 0 0 3 2 1 0 1 0 0 0 1 9
score: 0:19 1:12
exp: 201 comp: 5778 unused: 0.716000ms
move:11
#28: 1 1 4 3 2 1 2 1 1 0 1 0
score: 0:19 1:12
exp: 150 comp: 6395 unused: 1.125000ms
move:2
#29: 1 1 0 4 3 2 0 1 1 0 1 0
score: 0:22 1:12
exp: 148 comp: 6962 unused: 1.460000ms
move:7
#30: 1 1 0 4 3 2 0 0 2 0 1 0
score: 0:22 1:12
exp: 782 comp: 2977 unused: 0.257000ms
move:5
#31: 1 1 0 4 3 0 1 1 2 0 1 0
score: 0:22 1:12
exp: 376 comp: 4101 unused: 0.492000ms
```

move:7

```
#32: 1 1 0 4 3 0 1 0 3 0 1 0
score: 0:22 1:12
exp: 254 comp: 4947 unused: 0.656000ms
move:1
#33: 1 0 1 4 3 0 1 0 3 0 1 0
score: 0:22 1:12
exp: 227 comp: 5659 unused: 0.571000ms
move:6
#34: 1 0 1 4 3 0 0 1 3 0 1 0
score: 0:22 1:12
exp: 172 comp: 6268 unused: 0.976000ms
move:4
#35: 1 0 1 4 0 1 1 0 3 0 1 0
score: 0:24 1:12
exp: 169 comp: 6823 unused: 1.288000ms
move:6
#36: 1 0 1 4 0 1 0 1 3 0 1 0
score: 0:24 1:12
exp: 314 comp: 4234 unused: 0.660000ms
move:3
#37: 1 0 1 0 1 2 1 0 3 0 1 0
score: 0:26 1:12
    training.txt:
Will train with following parameters:
nbEpoch: 50
sizePool: 20
nbElite: 5
nbGameEpoch: 200
expansionTime: 2.000000ms
best: 120.417091(age 1) ref: 251.298920(rank 0)
best: 126.949699(age 2) ref: 208.588943(rank 0)
best: 121.463272(age 3) ref: 180.945572(rank 0)
best: 121.662270(age 1) ref: 167.931305(rank 0)
best: 122.127792(age 1) ref: 125.228226(rank 0)
best: 125.083443(age 5) ref: 110.817543(rank 5)
best: 122.884216(age 1) ref: 56.163311(rank 21)
best: 120.986580(age 1) ref: 108.345879(rank 6)
best: 123.595573(age 2) ref: 82.497162(rank 19)
best: 124.167244(age 1) ref: 91.981819(rank 16)
best: 131.830643(age 3) ref: 92.422714(rank 14)
best: 134.587082(age 1) ref: 149.749222(rank 0)
best: 133.031982(age 1) ref: 127.427460(rank 3)
best: 124.408447(age 1) ref: 94.664764(rank 13)
best: 123.583351(age 1) ref: 102.120491(rank 9)
best: 159.672287(age 4) ref: 107.883110(rank 5)
best: 122.039383(age 2) ref: 6.062497(rank 21)
best: 136.506149(age 1) ref: 142.931503(rank 0)
best: 139.866013(age 1) ref: 145.552612(rank 0)
best: 128.643188(age 1) ref: 37.651939(rank 21)
best: 134.533051(age 2) ref: 70.593521(rank 21)
best: 141.005707(age 1) ref: 95.067329(rank 13)
```

best: 141.107712(age 1) ref: 91.935562(rank 14) best: 134.654648(age 1) ref: 53.047249(rank 21) best: 123.924225(age 3) ref: 90.068542(rank 13)

```
best: 133.117203(age 1) ref: 46.733540(rank 21)
best: 138.342682(age 1) ref: 51.652561(rank 21)
best: 134.257767(age 1) ref: 93.011673(rank 15)
best: 124.583183(age 1) ref: 137.593567(rank 0)
best: 126.209862(age 1) ref: 58.792870(rank 20)
best: 127.779671(age 5) ref: 63.566689(rank 20)
best: 136.838821(age 2) ref: 69.106697(rank 19)
best: 135.042068(age 1) ref: 28.577848(rank 21)
best: 136.526001(age 1) ref: 31.946077(rank 21)
best: 135.456879(age 1) ref: 1.913236(rank 21)
best: 128.464447(age 2) ref: 6.649512(rank 21)
best: 132.927795(age 2) ref: 91.257301(rank 13)
best: 131.627792(age 1) ref: 67.046654(rank 19)
best: 134.413086(age 1) ref: 33.573147(rank 21)
best: 126.493713(age 1) ref: -40.643250(rank 21)
best: 130.123001(age 1) ref: 25.293533(rank 21)
best: 129.107712(age 1) ref: 90.981995(rank 15)
best: 119.573822(age 1) ref: 31.657942(rank 21)
best: 124.540649(age 1) ref: 40.744953(rank 21)
best: 121.462143(age 1) ref: 70.453056(rank 21)
best: 134.688614(age 1) ref: 62.997639(rank 21)
best: 125.048256(age 2) ref: 88.078819(rank 17)
best: 129.156647(age 1) ref: 67.976677(rank 20)
best: 128.311661(age 1) ref: -36.399536(rank 21)
best: 135.987976(age 2) ref: 23.489340(rank 21)
```

ELO rank of the best NeuraNet (blue) as evaluation function and ELO rank of the standard (red) evaluation function, and rank of the standard evaluation function against a pool of 21 NeuraNet:

