NAME

cacos, cacosf, cacosl - complex arc cosine

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <complex.h>
```

double complex cacos (double complex z);

float complex cacosf(float complex z);

long double complex cacosl(long double complex z);

Link with -lm.

DESCRIPTION

These functions calculate the complex arc cosine of z. If y = cacos(z), then z = ccos(y). The real part of y is chosen in the interval [0,pi].

One has:

```
cacos(z) = -i * clog(z + i * csqrt(1 - z * z))
```

VERSIONS

These functions first appeared in glibc in version 2.1.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see **attributes**(7).

Interface	Attribute	Value
cacos(), cacosf(), cacosl()	Thread safety	MT-Safe

CONFORMING TO

C99, POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008.

EXAMPLE

```
/* Link with "-lm" */
#include <complex.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <stdio.h>
main(int argc, char *argv[])
    double complex z, c, f;
    double complex i = I;
    if (argc != 3) {
        fprintf(stderr, "Usage: %s <real> <imag>\n", argv[0]);
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    z = atof(argv[1]) + atof(argv[2]) * I;
    c = cacos(z);
    printf("cacos() = %6.3f %6.3f*i\n", creal(c), cimag(c));
    f = -i * clog(z + i * csqrt(1 - z * z));
    printf("formula = %6.3f %6.3f*i\n", creal(f), cimag(f));
```

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```
exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
}
```

SEE ALSO

ccos(3), clog(3), complex(7)

COLOPHON

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