## **NAME**

Cairo - Perl interface to the cairo 2d vector graphics library

## **SYNOPSIS**

```
use Cairo;

my $surface = Cairo::ImageSurface->create ('argb32', 100, 100);
my $cr = Cairo::Context->create ($surface);

$cr->rectangle (10, 10, 40, 40);
$cr->set_source_rgb (0, 0, 0);
$cr->fill;

$cr->rectangle (50, 50, 40, 40);
$cr->set_source_rgb (1, 1, 1);
$cr->fill;

$cr->show_page;

$surface->write_to_png ('output.png');
```

### **ABSTRACT**

Cairo provides Perl bindings for the vector graphics library cairo. It supports multiple output targets, including PNG, PDF and SVG. Cairo produces identical output on all those targets.

# API DOCUMENTATION

This is a listing of the API Cairo provides. For more verbose information, refer to the cairo manual at <a href="http://cairographics.org/manual/">http://cairographics.org/manual/</a>>.

#### **Drawing**

Cairo::Context — The cairo drawing context

Cairo::Context is the main object used when drawing with Cairo. To draw with Cairo, you create a Cairo::Context, set the target surface, and drawing options for the Cairo::Context, create shapes with methods like \$cr->move\_to and \$cr->line\_to, and then draw shapes with \$cr->stroke or \$cr->fill.

Cairo::Context's can be pushed to a stack via \$cr->save. They may then safely be changed, without loosing the current state. Use \$cr->restore to restore to the saved state.

```
$cr = Cairo::Context->create ($surface)
    $surface: Cairo::Surface
$cr->save
$cr->restore
$status = $cr->status
$surface = $cr->get_target
$cr->push_group [1.2]
$cr->push_group_with_content ($content) [1.2]
    $content: Cairo::Content
$pattern = $cr->pop_group [1.2]
$cr->pop_group_to_source [1.2]
$surface = $cr->get group target [1.2]
$cr->set_source_rgb ($red, $green, $blue)
    $red: double
    $green: double
    $blue: double
$cr->set_source_rgba ($red, $green, $blue, $alpha)
```

```
$red: double
    $green: double
    $blue: double
    $alpha: double
$cr->set source ($source)
    $source: Cairo::Pattern
$cr->set_source_surface ($surface, $x, $y)
    $surface: Cairo::Surface
    $x: double
    $y: double
$source = $cr->get_source
$cr->set_antialias ($antialias)
    $antialias: Cairo::Antialias
$antialias = $cr->get_antialias
$cr->set_dash ($offset, ...)
    $offset: double
    ...: list of doubles
$cr->set_fill_rule ($fill_rule)
    $fill_rule: Cairo::FillRule
$fill_rule = $cr->get_fill_rule
$cr->set_line_cap ($line_cap)
    $line_cap: Cairo::LineCap
$line_cap = $cr->get_line_cap
$cr->set_line_join ($line_join)
    $line_join: Cairo::LineJoin
$line_join = $cr->get_line_join
$cr->set_line_width ($width)
    $width: double
$width = $cr->get_line_width
$cr->set_miter_limit ($limit)
    $limit: double
(\$offset, @dashes) = \$cr-\$get\_dash[1.4]
$limit = $cr->get_miter_limit
$cr->set_operator ($op)
    $op: Cairo::Operator
$op = $cr->get_operator
$cr->set_tolerance ($tolerance)
    $tolerance: double
$tolerance = $cr->get_tolerance
$cr->clip
$cr->clip_preserve
(\$x1, \$y1, \$x2, \$y2) = \$cr->clip\_extents [1.4]
bool = cr- (x, y) [1.10]
    $x: double
    $v: double
@rectangles = $cr->copy_clip_rectangle_list [1.4]
$cr->reset_clip
$cr->fill
$cr->fill_preserve
(\$x1, \$y1, \$x2, \$y2) = \$cr-> fill_extents
bool = cr-\sin_fill(x, y)
    $x: double
```

```
$y: double
$cr->mask ($pattern)
    $pattern: Cairo::Pattern
$cr->mask_surface ($surface, $surface_x, $surface_y)
    $surface: Cairo::Surface
    $surface_x: double
    $surface_y: double
$cr->paint
$cr->paint_with_alpha ($alpha)
    $alpha: double
$cr->stroke
$cr->stroke_preserve
(\$x1, \$y1, \$x2, \$y2) = \$cr->stroke_extents
bool = cr-\sin_stroke(x, y)
   $x: double
    $y: double
$cr->copy_page
$cr->show_page
Paths — Creating paths and manipulating path data
  path = [
     { type => "move-to", points => [[1, 2]] },
    { type => "line-to", points => [[3, 4]] },
    { type => "curve-to", points => [[5, 6], [7, 8], [9, 10]] },
     { type => "close-path", points => [] },
  ];
```

Cairo::Path is a data structure for holding a path. This data structure serves as the return value for \$cr->copy\_path and \$cr->copy\_path\_flat as well the input value for \$cr->append\_path.

*Cairo::Path* is represented as an array reference that contains path elements, represented by hash references with two keys: *type* and *points*. The value for *type* can be either of the following:

```
move-to
line-to
curve-to
close-path
```

The value for *points* is an array reference which contains zero or more points. Points are represented as array references that contain two doubles: *x* and *y*. The necessary number of points depends on the *type* of the path element:

```
move-to: 1 point
line_to: 1 point
curve-to: 3 points
close-path: 0 points
```

The semantics and ordering of the coordinate values are consistent with \$cr->move\_to, \$cr->line\_to, \$cr->curve\_to, and \$cr->close\_path.

Note that the paths returned by Cairo are implemented as tied array references which do **not** support adding, removing or shuffling of path segments. For these operations, you need to make a shallow copy first:

```
my @path_clone = @{$path};
# now you can alter @path_clone which ever way you want
```

The points of a single path element can be changed directly, however, without the need for a shallow copy:

```
path \rightarrow [$i] \{points\} = [[3, 4], [5, 6], [7, 8]];
$path = $cr->copy_path
$path = $cr->copy_path_flat
$cr->append_path ($path)
    $path: Cairo::Path
$bool = $cr->has_current_point [1.6]
(\$x, \$y) = \$cr->get\_current\_point
$cr->new_path
$cr->new_sub_path [1.2]
$cr->close_path
(\$x1, \$y1, \$x2, \$y2) = \$cr->path_extents [1.6]
$cr->arc ($xc, $yc, $radius, $angle1, $angle2)
    $xc: double
    $yc: double
    $radius: double
    $angle1: double
    $angle2: double
$cr->arc_negative ($xc, $yc, $radius, $angle1, $angle2)
    $xc: double
    $yc: double
    $radius: double
    $angle1: double
    $angle2: double
$cr->curve_to ($x1, $y1, $x2, $y2, $x3, $y3)
    $x1: double
    $y1: double
    $x2: double
    $y2: double
    $x3: double
    $y3: double
cr->line_to(x, y)
    $x: double
    $y: double
c=\infty (x, y)
    $x: double
    $y: double
$cr->rectangle ($x, $y, $width, $height)
    $x: double
    $y: double
    $width: double
    $height: double
$cr->glyph_path (...)
    ...: list of Cairo::Glyph's
$cr->text_path ($utf8)
    $utf8: string in utf8 encoding
$cr->rel_curve_to ($dx1, $dy1, $dx2, $dy2, $dx3, $dy3)
    $dx1: double
    $dy1: double
    $dx2: double
    $dy2: double
    $dx3: double
    $dy3: double
```

```
$cr->rel_line_to ($dx, $dy)
    $dx: double
    $dy: double
$cr->rel_move_to ($dx, $dy)
    $dx: double
    $dy: double
Patterns — Gradients and filtered sources
$status = $pattern->status
$type = $pattern->get_type [1.2]
$pattern->set_extend ($extend)
    $extend: Cairo::Extend
$extend = $pattern->get_extend
$pattern->set_filter ($filter)
    $filter: Cairo::Filter
$filter = $pattern->get_filter
$pattern->set_matrix ($matrix)
    $matrix: Cairo::Matrix
$matrix = $pattern->get matrix
$pattern = Cairo::SolidPattern->create_rgb ($red, $green, $blue)
    $red: double
    $green: double
    $blue: double
$pattern = Cairo::SolidPattern->create_rgba ($red, $green, $blue, $alpha)
    $red: double
    $green: double
    $blue: double
    $alpha: double
(\$r, \$g, \$b, \$a) = \$pattern->get_rgba [1.4]
$pattern = Cairo::SurfacePattern->create ($surface)
    $surface: Cairo::Surface
$surface = $pattern->get_surface [1.4]
pattern = Cairo::LinearGradient->create ($x0, $y0, $x1, $y1)
    $x0: double
    $y0: double
    $x1: double
    $y1: double
(\$x0, \$y0, \$x1, \$y1) = \$pattern->get_points [1.4]
$pattern = Cairo::RadialGradient->create ($cx0, $cy0, $radius0, $cx1, $cy1, $radius1)
    $cx0: double
    $cy0: double
    $radius0: double
    $cx1: double
    $cy1: double
    $radius1: double
(\$x0, \$y0, \$r0, \$x1, \$y1, \$r1) = \$pattern->get\_circles [1.4]
$pattern->add_color_stop_rgb ($offset, $red, $green, $blue)
    $offset: double
    $red: double
    $green: double
    $blue: double
$pattern->add_color_stop_rgba ($offset, $red, $green, $blue, $alpha)
    $offset: double
```

```
$red: double
    $green: double
    $blue: double
    $alpha: double
@stops = $pattern->get color stops [1.4]
    A color stop is represented as an array reference with five elements: offset, red, green, blue, and alpha.
Regions — Representing a pixel-aligned area
$region = Cairo::Region->create (...) [1.10]
    ...: zero or more Cairo::RectangleInt
status = poin -> status [1.10]
$num = $region->num_rectangles [1.10]
$rect = $region->get_rectangle ($i) [1.10]
    $i: integer
bool = points_empty [1.10]
bool = point(x, y) [1.10]
    $x: integer
    $y: integer
$bool = $region_one->equal ($region_two) [1.10]
    $region_two: Cairo::Region
\Rightarrow (dx, dy) [1.10]
    $dx: integer
    $dy: integer
$status = $dst->intersect ($other) [1.10]
$status = $dst->intersect_rectangle ($rect) [1.10]
status = dst-subtract (sother) [1.10]
$status = $dst->subtract rectangle ($rect) [1.10]
\text{$status} = \text{$dst}-\text{$union} (\text{$other}) [1.10]
$status = $dst->union_rectangle ($rect) [1.10]
status = dst - xor (sother) [1.10]
$status = $dst->xor_rectangle ($rect) [1.10]
    $other: Cairo::Region
    $rect: Cairo::RectangleInt
Transformations — Manipulating the current transformation matrix
$cr->translate ($tx, $ty)
    $tx: double
    $ty: double
$cr->scale ($sx, $sy)
    $sx: double
    $sy: double
$cr->rotate ($angle)
    $angle: double
$cr->transform ($matrix)
    $matrix: Cairo::Matrix
$cr->set_matrix ($matrix)
    $matrix: Cairo::Matrix
$matrix = $cr->get_matrix
cr->identity_matrix
(\$x, \$y) = \$cr->user_to_device (\$x, \$y)
    $x: double
    $y: double
(\$dx, \$dy) = \$cr->user_to_device_distance (\$dx, \$dy)
```

```
$dx: double
    $dy: double
(\$x, \$y) = \$cr->device\_to\_user(\$x, \$y)
    $x: double
    $y: double
(\$dx, \$dy) = \$cr->device\_to\_user\_distance (\$dx, \$dy)
    $dx: double
    $dy: double
Text — Rendering text and sets of glyphs
Glyphs are represented as anonymous hash references with three keys: index, x and y. Example:
  my @glyphs = ({ index => 1, x => 2, y => 3 },
                     { index => 2, x => 3, y => 4 },
                     { index => 3, x => 4, y => 5 });
$cr->select_font_face ($family, $slant, $weight)
    $family: string
    $slant: Cairo::FontSlant
    $weight: Cairo::FontWeight
$cr->set_font_size ($size)
    $size: double
$cr->set font matrix ($matrix)
    $matrix: Cairo::Matrix
$matrix = $cr->get_font_matrix
$cr->set_font_options ($options)
    $options: Cairo::FontOptions
$options = $cr->get_font_options
$cr->set_scaled_font ($scaled_font) [1.2]
    $scaled_font: Cairo::ScaledFont
$scaled_font = $cr->get_scaled_font [1.4]
$cr->show_text ($utf8)
    $utf8: string
$cr->show_glyphs (...)
    ...: list of glyphs
$cr->show_text_glyphs ($utf8, $glyphs, $clusters, $cluster_flags) [1.8]
    $utf8: string
    $glyphs: array ref of glyphs
    $clusters: array ref of clusters
    $cluster_flags: Cairo::TextClusterFlags
$face = $cr->get_font_face
$extents = $cr->font_extents
$cr->set_font_face ($font_face)
    $font_face: Cairo::FontFace
$cr->set_scaled_font ($scaled_font)
    $scaled_font: Cairo::ScaledFont
$extents = $cr->text_extents ($utf8)
    $utf8: string
$extents = $cr->glyph_extents (...)
    ...: list of glyphs
$face = Cairo::ToyFontFace->create ($family, $slant, $weight) [1.8]
    $family: string
    $slant: Cairo::FontSlant
    $weight: Cairo::FontWeight
```

\$family = \$face->get\_family [1.8]

```
$slang = $face->get_slant [1.8]
    $weight = $face->get_weight [1.8]
Fonts
    Cairo::FontFace — Base class for fonts
    $status = $font_face->status
    $type = $font_face->get_type [1.2]
    Scaled Fonts — Caching metrics for a particular font size
    $scaled_font = Cairo::ScaledFont->create ($font_face, $font_matrix, $ctm, $options)
        $font_face: Cairo::FontFace
        $font_matrix: Cairo::Matrix
        $ctm: Cairo::Matrix
        $options: Cairo::FontOptions
    $status = $scaled_font->status
    $extents = $scaled_font->extents
    $extents = $scaled_font->text extents ($utf8) [1.2]
        $utf8: string
    $extents = $scaled_font->glyph_extents (...)
        ...: list of glyphs
    ($status, $glyphs, $clusters, $cluster_flags) = $scaled_font->text_to_glyphs ($x, $y,
    $utf8)[1.8]
        $x: double
        $y: double
        $utf8: string
    $font_face = $scaled_font->get_font_face [1.2]
    $options = $scaled_font->get_font_options [1.2]
    $font_matrix = $scaled_font->get font matrix [1.2]
    $ctm = $scaled_font->get_ctm [1.2]
    $scale_matrix = $scaled_font->get_scale_matrix [1.8]
    $type = $scaled_font->get_type [1.2]
    Font Options — How a font should be rendered
    $font_options = Cairo::FontOptions->create
    $status = $font_options->status
    $font_options->merge ($other)
        $other: Cairo::FontOptions
    $hash = $font_options->hash
    $bools = $font_options->equal ($other)
        $other: Cairo::FontOptions
    $font_options->set_antialias ($antialias)
        $antialias: Cairo::AntiAlias
    $antialias = $font_options->get_antialias
    $font_options->set_subpixel_order ($subpixel_order)
        $subpixel_order: Cairo::SubpixelOrder
    $subpixel_order = $font_options->get_subpixel_order
    $font_options->set_hint_style ($hint_style)
        $hint_style: Cairo::HintStyle
    $hint_style = $font_options->get_hint_style
    $font_options->set_hint_metrics ($hint_metrics)
        $hint_metrics: Cairo::HintMetrics
    $hint_metrics = $font_options->get_hint_metrics
    FreeType Fonts — Font support for FreeType
```

If your cairo library supports it, the FreeType integration allows you to load font faces from font files. You can query for this capability with Cairo::HAS\_FT\_FONT. To actually use this, you'll need the Font::FreeType module.

```
my $face = Cairo::FtFontFace->create ($ft_face, $load_flags=0)
        $ft_face: Font::FreeType::Face
        $load_flags: integer
        This method allows you to create a Cairo::FontFace from a Font::FreeType::Face. To obtain the
        latter, you can for example load it from a file:
          my $file = '/usr/share/fonts/truetype/ttf-bitstream-vera/Vera.ttf';
          my $ft_face = Font::FreeType->new->face ($file);
          my $face = Cairo::FtFontFace->create ($ft_face);
Surfaces
    Cairo::Surface — Base class for surfaces
    $similar = Cairo::Surface->create_similar ($other, $content, $width, $height)
        $other: Cairo::Surface
        $content: Cairo::Content
        $width: integer
        $height: integer
        For hysterical reasons, you can also use the following syntax:
           $similar = $other->create_similar ($content, $width, $height)
    $new = Cairo::Surface->create_for_rectangle ($target, $x, $y, $width, $height) [1.10]
        $target: Cairo::Surface
        $x: double
        $y: double
        $width: double
        $height: double
    $status = $surface->status
    $surface->finish
    $surface->flush
    $font_options = $surface->get_font_options
    $content = $surface->get_content [1.2]
    $surface->mark_dirty
    $surface->mark_dirty_rectangle ($x, $y, $width, $height)
        $x: integer
        $y: integer
        $width: integer
        $height: integer
    $surface->set_device_offset ($x_offset, $y_offset)
        $x_offset: integer
        $y_offset: integer
    ($x_offset, $y_offset) = $surface->get_device_offset [1.2]
    $surface->set_fallback_resolution ($x_pixels_per_inch, $y_pixels_per_inch) [1.2]
        $x_pixels_per_inch: double
        $y_pixels_per_inch: double
    ($x_pixels_per_inch, $y_pixels_per_inch) = $surface->get_fallback_resolution [1.8]
    $type = $surface->get_type [1.2]
    $status = $surface->copy_page [1.6]
        $status: Cairo::Status
    $status = $surface->show_page [1.6]
```

```
$status: Cairo::Status
$boolean = $surface->has_show_text_glyphs [1.8]
Image Surfaces — Rendering to memory buffers
$surface = Cairo::ImageSurface->create ($format, $width, $height)
    $format: Cairo::Format
    $width: integer
    $height: integer
$surface = Cairo::ImageSurface->create_for_data ($data, $format, $width, $height, $stride)
    $data: image data
    $format: Cairo::Format
    $width: integer
    $height: integer
    $stride: integer
$data = $surface->get_data [1.2]
$format = $surface->get format [1.2]
$width = $surface->get_width
$height = $surface->get_height
$stride = $surface->get stride [1.2]
$stride = Cairo::Format::stride_for_width ($format, $width) [1.6]
    $format: Cairo::Format
    $width: integer
PDF Surfaces — Rendering PDF documents
$surface = Cairo::PdfSurface->create ($filename, $width_in_points, $height_in_points)
[1.2]
    $filename: string
    $width_in_points: double
    $height_in_points: double
$surface = Cairo::PdfSurface->create for stream
                                                          ($callback, $callback_data,
$width_in_points, $height_in_points) [1.2]
    $callback: Cairo::WriteFunc
    $callback_data: scalar
    $width_in_points: double
    $height_in_points: double
$surface->set_size ($width_in_points, $height_in_points) [1.2]
    $width_in_points: double
    $height_in_points: double
$surface->restrict_to_version ($version) [1.10]
    $version: Cairo::PdfVersion
@versions = Cairo::PdfSurface::get_versions [1.10]
$string = Cairo::PdfSurface::version_to_string ($version) [1.10]
    $version: Cairo::PdfVersion
PNG Support — Reading and writing PNG images
$surface = Cairo::ImageSurface->create_from_png ($filename)
    $filename: string
Cairo::ReadFunc: $data = sub { my ($callback_data, $length) = @_; }
    $data: binary image data, of length $length
    $callback_data: scalar, user data
    $length: integer, bytes to read
$surface = Cairo::ImageSurface->create_from_png_stream ($callback, $callback_data)
    $callback: Cairo::ReadFunc
```

```
$callback_data: scalar
$status = $surface->write_to_png ($filename)
    $filename: string
Cairo::WriteFunc: sub { my ($callback_data, $data) = @_; }
    $callback_data: scalar, user data
    $data: binary image data, to be written
$status = $surface->write_to_png_stream ($callback, $callback_data)
    $callback: Cairo::WriteFunc
    $callback_data: scalar
PostScript Surfaces — Rendering PostScript documents
$surface = Cairo::PsSurface->create ($filename, $width_in_points, $height_in_points)
[1.2]
    $filename: string
    $width_in_points: double
    $height_in_points: double
                    Cairo::PsSurface->create_for_stream
                                                         ($callback,
$surface =
                                                                       $callback_data,
$width_in_points, $height_in_points) [1.2]
    $callback: Cairo::WriteFunc
    $callback_data: scalar
    $width_in_points: double
    $height_in_points: double
$surface->set_size ($width_in_points, $height_in_points) [1.2]
    $width_in_points: double
    $height_in_points: double
$surface->dsc begin setup [1.2]
$surface->dsc_begin_page_setup [1.2]
$surface->dsc_comment ($comment) [1.2]
    $comment: string
$surface->restrict to level ($level) [1.6]
    $level: Cairo::PsLevel
@levels = Cairo::PsSurface::get_levels [1.6]
$string = Cairo::PsSurface::level_to_string ($level) [1.6]
    $level: Cairo::PsLevel
$surface->set_eps ($eps) [1.6]
    $eps: boolean
ext{seps} = surface - set_eps [1.6]
Recording Surfaces — Records all drawing operations
$surface = Cairo::RecordingSurface->create ($content, $extents) [1.10]
    $content: Cairo::Content
    $extents: Cairo::Rectangle
(\$x0, \$y0, \$width, \$height) = \$surface -> ink_extents [1.10]
SVG Surfaces — Rendering SVG documents
$surface = Cairo::SvgSurface->create ($filename, $width_in_points, $height_in_points)
[1.2]
    $filename: string
    $width_in_points: double
    $height_in_points: double
$surface = Cairo::SvgSurface->create_for_stream
                                                          ($callback, $callback_data,
$width_in_points, $height_in_points) [1.2]
    $callback: Cairo::WriteFunc
```

```
$callback_data: scalar
$width_in_points: double
$height_in_points: double
$surface=>restrict_to_version ($version) [1.2]
$version: Cairo::SvgVersion
@versions = Cairo::SvgSurface::get_versions [1.2]
$string = Cairo::SvgSurface::version_to_string ($version) [1.2]
$version: Cairo::SvgVersion
```

## **Utilities**

*Version Information* — *Run-time and compile-time version checks.* 

```
$version_code = Cairo->lib_version
```

\$version\_string = Cairo->lib\_version\_string

These two functions return the version of libcairo that the program is currently running against.

```
$version_code = Cairo->LIB_VERSION
```

Returns the version of libcairo that Cairo was compiled against.

\$minor: integer \$micro: integer

Encodes the version \$major.\$minor.\$micro as an integer suitable for comparison against Cairo->lib\_version and Cairo->LIB\_VERSION.

## **SEE ALSO**

<a href="http://cairographics.org/documentation">http://cairographics.org/documentation</a>

Lists many available resources including tutorials and examples

<a href="http://cairographics.org/manual/">http://cairographics.org/manual/</a>

Contains the reference manual

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