#### **NAME**

xedit - simple text editor for X

#### **SYNTAX**

```
xedit [ -toolkitoption . . . ] [ filename . . . ]
```

# **DESCRIPTION**

*Xedit* provides a window consisting of the following four areas:

Commands Section A set of commands that allow you to exit *xedit*, save the file, or load a new

file into the edit window.

Message Window Displays *xedit* messages. In addition, this window can be also used as a

scratch pad.

Filename Display Displays the name of the file currently being edited, and whether this file is

Read-Write or Read Only.

Edit Window Displays the text of the file that you are editing or creating.

#### **OPTIONS**

*Xedit* accepts all of the standard X Toolkit command line options (see X(7)). The order of the command line options is not important.

filename

Specifies the file(s) that are to be loaded during start-up. This is the file which will be edited. If a file is not specified, *xedit* lets you load files or create new files after it has started up.

#### **EDITING**

The Athena Text widget is used for the three sections of this application that allow text input. The characters typed will go to the Text widget that has the input focus, or the Text widget that the pointer cursor is currently over.

The following keystroke combinations are defined:

Ctrl-aBeginning Of LineMeta-bBackward WordCtrl-bBackward CharacterMeta-fForward Word

Ctrl-d Delete Next Character

Meta-i Insert File
Ctrl-e End Of Line

Meta-k Kill To End Of Paragraph
Ctrl-f Forward Character
Meta-q Form Paragraph
Ctrl-g Keyboard Reset
Meta-v Previous Page

Delete Previous Character Ctrl-h Insert Current Selection Meta-y Newline And Indent Ctrl-j Meta-z Scroll One Line Down Ctrl-k Kill To End Of Line Meta-d Delete Next Word Redraw Display Ctrl-l Kill Word Meta-D Ctrl-m Newline

Meta-h Delete Previous Word

Ctrl-n Next Line

Meta-H Backward Kill Word

Ctrl-o Newline And Backup
Meta-< Beginning Of File
Ctrl-p Previous Line
Meta-> End Of File

Ctrl-rSearch/Replace BackwardMeta-]Forward ParagraphCtrl-sSearch/Replace ForwardMeta-[Backward ParagraphCtrl-tTranspose CharactersCtrl-u [number]Multiply by 4 or numberMeta-DeleteDelete Previous Word

Ctrl-v Next Page

Meta-Shift Delete Kill Previous Word Ctrl-w Kill Selection

Meta-Backspace Delete Previous Word

Ctrl-y Unkill

Meta-Shift Backspace Kill Previous Word
Ctrl-z Scroll One Line Up
Meta-z Scroll One Line Down

Ctrl-\_ Undo

Escape Line Edit Mode

In addition, the pointer may be used to cut and paste text:

Button 1 Down
Button 1 Motion
Button 1 Up
Start Selection
Adjust Selection
End Selection (cut)

Button 2 Down Insert Current Selection (paste)

Button 3 Down Extend Current Selection

Button 3 Motion Adjust Selection
Button 3 Up End Selection (cut)

# LINE EDIT MODE

Line edit mode enables several shortcut commands for searching and replacing text in a xedit buffer. Line edit mode commands have the format:

[line-number[,line-number]]command[parameters]

Line number may be specified as:

. The current text line.

\$ The last line of the file.

number The literal line number.

- or ^ The previous line. Equivalent to -1.

-number or ^number

The current line minus number.

+ The next line. Equivalent to +1.

+number

The current line plus *number*.

- , or % From the first to the last line. Equivalent to 1,\$.
- ; From the current to the last line. Equivalent to .,\$.

Command may be specified as:

s Substitute text in the specified lines.

/re/ Search forward for the regular expression pattern re.

?re? Search backward for the regular expression pattern *re*.

Parameters may be specified as:

/re/ Works as a parameter to i or as a command.

/re/text/ Search forward for re and substitute by text.

Options may follow or be parameters, known values are:

- i Case insensitive search.
- g Global match when replacing text. Unless specified, only the nth, that defaults to 1, match will be replaced.
- c *Confirm* before replacing text.

number Replace only the occurrence referenced by *number*.

Commands accept some variations, examples:

/pattern/i

i/pattern/

i/pattern

Search forward for pattern.

,sc/pattern/text

,sc/pattern/text/

,s/pattern/text/c

Search the entire buffer and ask confirmation to replace pattern with text.

,s/pattern/text/number

Replace the match *number* in the text line. If not specified, defaults to the first occurrence.

When searching for text, type  $\langle Return \rangle$  to go to the next match. When interactively replacing text, type y or Y to accept the change, and n or N to ignore it and go to the next match.

# **COMMANDS**

Quits the current editing session. If any changes have not been saved, *xedit* displays a warning message, allowing the user to save them.

Save If file backups are enabled (see RESOURCES, below) *xedit* stores a copy of the original, unedited file in prefix>file<suffix>, then overwrites the file with the contents of the edit window. The filename is retrieved from the Text widget directly to the right of the Load button.

Load Loads the file named in the text widget immediately to the right of the this button and displays it in the Edit window.

#### **RESOURCES**

For *xedit* the available resources are:

## tagsName (Class TagsName)

Specifies the name of the tags file to search when loading a new file. Default value is tags.

#### loadTags (Class LoadTags)

Boolean value to enable or disabling searching for tags files. Default is *True*.

# enableBackups (Class EnableBackups)

Specifies that, when edits made to an existing file are saved, *xedit* is to copy the original version of that file to prefix>file<suffix> before it saves the changes. The default value for this resource is "on," stating that backups should be created.

## backupNamePrefix (Class BackupNamePrefix)

Specifies a string that is to be prepended to the backup filename. The default is that no string shall be prepended.

## backupNameSuffix (Class BackupNameSuffix)

Specifies a string that is to be appended to the backup filename. The default is to use "" as the suffix.

## positionFormat (Class Format)

Specifies a format string used to display the cursor position. This string uses printf(3) like notation, where %1 prints the line number, %c prints the column number, %p prints the insert position offset, and \$s prints the current file size. It is also allowed to specify field sizes, with the notation \$-?[0-9]+. The default format string is "L%1", which shows the character "L" followed by the line number.

## hints (Class Hints)

Specifies a list of strings, separated by new lines, that will be displayed in the bc\_label window.

#### hintsInterval (Class Interval)

Specifies the interval in seconds, which the hint string in the bc label window will be changed.

### changedBitmap (Class Bitmap)

Specifies the name of the Bitmap that will be displayed in the fileMenu, when the file being edited is changed.

## autoReplace (Class Replace)

This resource is useful to automatically correct common misspelling errors, but can also be used to create simple macros. The format is {non-blanks}{blanks}[{string}]. Fields are separated by newlines. Example of use:

nto not\n\

/macro some long string with \\\n newlines \\\n

Will automatically replace the word *nto* by *not*, and */macro* by *some long string with newlines* when you type that words.

## ispell.dictionaries (Class ispell.Dictionary)

Specifies a list of dictionary names, separated by spaces, available to the ispell program. The default value is "american americamed+ english".

## ispell.dictionary (Class ispell.Dictionary)

Specifies the default dictionary to use.

#### ispell\*<DICTIONARY>.wordChars (Class ispell\*Chars)

Specifies a set of characters that can be part of a legal word. The *<DICTIONARY>* field is one of the dictionaries specified in the *dictionaries* resource.

# ispell.ispellCommand (Class ispell.CommandLine)

The path to the ispell program, and possibly, additional arguments. You don't need to specify the "-w" option, neither the "-a" option. Refer to the *ispell*(1) manpage for more information on ispell options.

## ispell.formatting (Class ispell.TextFormat)

Specifies which text formatting to use while spell checking the file. The available formats are *text* and *html*.

# $ispell*text.skipLines \ (Class\ ispell*text.Skip)$

Lines starting with one of the characters in this string will not be spell checked. This resource is only used in *text* mode.

## ispell.terseMode (Class ispell.Terse)

When enabled, runs ispell in terse mode, not asking user interaction for words generated through compound formation (when using the ispell "-C" option), or words generated through affix removal. The default value is False.

#### ispell.lookCommand (Class ispell.CommandLine)

The path to the program to search for alternate words, and possibly, additional arguments. The default program used is /usr/bin/egrep.

# ispell.wordsFile (Class ispell.Words)

The path to the file[s] to search for alternate words. The default file is /usr/share/dict/words.

## ispell.guessLabel (Class ispell.Status)

String displayed in the ispell status bar when ispell returns a guess list of one or more words. The default value is *Guess*.

## ispell.missLabel (Class ispell.Status)

String displayed in the ispell status bar when ispell returns a list of one or more words to match a misspelled one. The default value is *Miss*.

## ispell.rootLabel (Class ispell.Status)

String displayed in the ispell status bar when the word is not in the dictionary, but it can be formed through a root one. The default value is *Root*:, and is followed by a space and the root word.

## ispell.noneLabel (Class ispell.Status)

String displayed in the ispell status bar when there is no near misses. The default value is None.

## ispell.compoundLabel (Class ispell.Status)

String displayed in the ispell status bar when the word being checked is formed by concatenation of two words. The default value is *Compound*.

# ispell.okLabel (Class ispell.Status)

String displayed in the ispell status bar when the checked word is in the dictionary. This string is only displayed when using the *check* button in the xedit ispell interface. The default value is *Ok*.

#### ispell.eofLabel (Class ispell.Status)

The string displayed in the ispell status bar when the end of the file is reached. The default value is *End Of File*.

# ispell.repeatLabel (Class ispell.Status)

The string displayed in the ispell status bar when two identical words are found together in the file. The default value is *Repeat*.

### ispell.lookLabel (Class ispell.Status)

The string displayed in the ispell status bar after displaying the results of the *Look* command. If no results are found, the value of the *ispell.noneLabel* resource is shown.

## ispell.workingLabel (Class ispell.Status)

The string displayed in the ispell status bar while xedit is communicating with ispell. The default value is ....

## **WIDGETS**

In order to specify resources, it is useful to know the hierarchy of the widgets which compose *xedit*. In the notation below, indentation indicates hierarchical structure. The widget class name is given first, followed

by the widget instance name.

```
Xedit xedit
```

Paned paned

Paned buttons

Command quit
Command save
Command load

Text filename

Label bc\_label
Text messageWindow
Label labelWindow
Text editWindow

# **ENVIRONMENT**

DISPLAY to get the default host and display number.

XENVIRONMENT to get the name of a resource file that overrides the global resources stored in the

RESOURCE\_MANAGER property.

# **FILES**

/etc/X11/app-defaults/Xedit

specifies required resources

## **SEE ALSO**

X(7), xrdb(1), Athena Widget Set

## RESTRICTIONS

Xedit is not a replacement to Emacs.

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