NAME
>   lsb_release − print distribution-specific information

SYNOPSIS
>   **lsb_release** *[options]*

DESCRIPTION
>   The **lsb_release** command provides certain LSB (Linux Standard Base) and distribution-specific information.
>
>   If no options are given, the −*v* option is assumed.

OPTIONS
>   The program follows the usual GNU command line syntax, with long options starting with two dashes ('−−'). A summary of options are included below.
>
>   **−v, −−version**
>>   Show the version of the LSB against which your current installation is compliant. The version is expressed as a colon separated list of LSB module descriptions.
>
>   **−i, −−id**
>>   Display the distributor's ID.
>
>   **−d, −−description**
>>   Display a description of the currently installed distribution.
>
>   **−r, −−release**
>>   Display the release number of the currently installed distribution.
>
>   **−c, −−codename**
>>   Display the code name of the currently installed distribution.
>
>   **−a, −−all**
>>   Display all of the above information.
>
>   **−s, −−short**
>>   Use the short output format for any information displayed. This format omits the leading header(s).
>
>   **−h, −−help**
>>   Show summary of options.

NOTES
>   This is a reimplementation of the **lsb_release** command provided by the Free Standards Group. Any bugs are solely the responsibility of the author below.
>
>   Detection of systems using a mix of packages from various distributions or releases is something of a black art; the current heuristic tends to assume that the installation is of the earliest distribution which is still being used by **apt** but that heuristic is subject to error.

SEE ALSO
>   lsb(8)

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