

NAME

Net::DBus::Object – Implement objects to export to the bus

SYNOPSIS

```
# Connecting an object to the bus, under a service
package main;

use Net::DBus;

# Attach to the bus
my $bus = Net::DBus->find;

# Acquire a service 'org.demo.Hello'
my $service = $bus->export_service("org.demo.Hello");

# Export our object within the service
my $object = Demo::HelloWorld->new($service);

....rest of program...

# Define a new package for the object we're going
# to export
package Demo::HelloWorld;

# Specify the main interface provided by our object
use Net::DBus::Exporter qw(org.example.demo.Greeter);

# We're going to be a DBus object
use base qw(Net::DBus::Object);

# Export a 'Greeting' signal taking a stringl string parameter
dbus_signal("Greeting", ["string"]);

# Export 'Hello' as a method accepting a single string
# parameter, and returning a single string value
dbus_method("Hello", ["string"], ["string"]);

sub new {
    my $class = shift;
    my $service = shift;
    my $self = $class->SUPER::new($service, "/org/demo/HelloWorld");

    bless $self, $class;

    return $self;
}

sub Hello {
    my $self = shift;
    my $name = shift;

    $self->emit_signal("Greeting", "Hello $name");
    return "Said hello to $name";
}
```

```

# Export 'Goodbye' as a method accepting a single string
# parameter, and returning a single string, but put it
# in the 'org.exaple.demo.Farewell' interface

dbus_method("Goodbye", ["string"], ["string"], "org.example.demo.Farewell");

sub Goodbye {
    my $self = shift;
    my $name = shift;

    $self->emit_signal("Greeting", "Goodbye $name");
    return "Said goodbye to $name";
}

```

DESCRIPTION

This is the base for implementing objects which are directly exported to the bus. The methods implemented in a subclass are mapped to methods on the bus. By using this class, an application is directly tying the RPC functionality into its object model. Applications may thus prefer to use the `Net::DBus::ProxyObject` class which allows the RPC functionality to be maintained separately from the core object model, by proxying RPC method calls.

METHODS

```
my $object = Net::DBus::Object->new($service, $path)
```

This creates a new DBus object with a path of `$path` registered within the service `$service`. The `$path` parameter should be a string complying with the usual DBus requirements for object paths, while the `$service` parameter should be an instance of `Net::DBus::Service`. The latter is typically obtained by calling the `export_service` method on the `Net::DBus` object.

```
my $object = Net::DBus::Object->new($parentobj, $subpath)
```

This creates a new DBus child object with a path of `$subpath` relative to its parent `$parentobj`. The `$subpath` parameter should be a string complying with the usual DBus requirements for object paths, while the `$parentobj` parameter should be an instance of `Net::DBus::BaseObject` or a subclass.

AUTHOR

Daniel P. Berrange

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SEE ALSO

`Net::DBus`, `Net::DBus::Service`, `Net::DBus::BaseObject`, `Net::DBus::ProxyObject`, `Net::DBus::Exporter`, `Net::DBus::RemoteObject`