

NAME

`ecvt_r`, `fcvt_r`, `qecvt_r`, `qfcvt_r` – convert a floating-point number to a string

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <stdlib.h>
```

```
int ecvt_r(double number, int ndigits, int *decpt,
           int *sign, char *buf, size_t len);
```

```
int fcvt_r(double number, int ndigits, int *decpt,
           int *sign, char *buf, size_t len);
```

```
int qecvt_r(long double number, int ndigits, int *decpt,
            int *sign, char *buf, size_t len);
```

```
int qfcvt_r(long double number, int ndigits, int *decpt,
            int *sign, char *buf, size_t len);
```

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see `feature_test_macros(7)`):

```
ecvt_r(), fcvt_r(), qecvt_r(), qfcvt_r():
```

```
/* Glibc since 2.19: */ _DEFAULT_SOURCE
```

```
|| /* Glibc versions <= 2.19: */ _SVID_SOURCE || _BSD_SOURCE
```

DESCRIPTION

The functions `ecvt_r()`, `fcvt_r()`, `qecvt_r()`, and `qfcvt_r()` are identical to `ecvt(3)`, `fcvt(3)`, `qecvt(3)`, and `qfcvt(3)`, respectively, except that they do not return their result in a static buffer, but instead use the supplied *buf* of size *len*. See `ecvt(3)` and `qecvt(3)`.

RETURN VALUE

These functions return 0 on success, and `-1` otherwise.

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see `attributes(7)`.

| Interface | Attribute | Value |
|--|---------------|---------|
| <code>ecvt_r()</code> , <code>fcvt_r()</code> , <code>qecvt_r()</code> , <code>qfcvt_r()</code> | Thread safety | MT-Safe |

CONFORMING TO

These functions are GNU extensions.

NOTES

These functions are obsolete. Instead, `sprintf(3)` is recommended.

SEE ALSO

`ecvt(3)`, `qecvt(3)`, `sprintf(3)`

COLOPHON

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