### **NAME**

ibv\_alloc\_null\_mr - allocate a null memory region (MR)

### **SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <infiniband/verbs.h>
struct ibv_mr *ibv_alloc_null_mr(struct ibv_pd *pd);
```

# **DESCRIPTION**

**ibv\_alloc\_null\_mr()** allocates a null memory region (MR) that is associated with the protection domain pd.

A null MR discards all data written to it, and always returns 0 on read. It has the maximum length and only the lkey is valid, the MR is not exposed as an rkey.

A device should implement the null MR in a way that bypasses PCI transfers, internally discarding or sourcing 0 data. This provides a way to avoid PCI bus transfers by using a scatter/gather list in commands if applications do not intend to access the data, or need data to be 0 filled.

Specifically upon **ibv\_post\_send()** the device skips PCI read cycles and upon **ibv\_post\_recv()** the device skips PCI write cycles which finally improves performance.

 $ibv\_dereg\_mr() \ deregisters \ the \ MR. \ The \ use \ of \ ibv\_rereg\_mr() \ or \ ibv\_bind\_mw() \ with \ this \ MR \ is \ invalid.$ 

### **RETURN VALUE**

ibv\_alloc\_null\_mr() returns a pointer to the allocated MR, or NULL if the request fails.

### **SEE ALSO**

```
ibv_reg_mr(3), ibv_dereg_mr(3),
```

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