### **NAME**

telldir - return current location in directory stream

# **SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <dirent.h>
```

```
long telldir(DIR *dirp);
```

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see **feature\_test\_macros**(7)):

#### telldir():

```
_XOPEN_SOURCE
```

```
/* Glibc since 2.19: */ _DEFAULT_SOURCE
```

| /\* Glibc versions <= 2.19: \*/ BSD\_SOURCE | \_SVID\_SOURCE

# **DESCRIPTION**

The **telldir**() function returns the current location associated with the directory stream *dirp*.

# **RETURN VALUE**

On success, the **telldir**() function returns the current location in the directory stream. On error, -1 is returned, and *errno* is set appropriately.

# **ERRORS**

#### **EBADF**

Invalid directory stream descriptor dirp.

# **ATTRIBUTES**

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see **attributes**(7).

Interface	Attribute	Value
telldir()	Thread safety	MT-Safe

# **CONFORMING TO**

POSIX.1-2001, POSIX.1-2008, 4.3BSD.

#### **NOTES**

In glibc up to version 2.1.1, the return type of **telldir**() was *off\_t*. POSIX.1-2001 specifies *long*, and this is the type used since glibc 2.1.2.

In early filesystems, the value returned by  $\mathbf{telldir}()$  was a simple file offset within a directory. Modern filesystems use tree or hash structures, rather than flat tables, to represent directories. On such filesystems, the value returned by  $\mathbf{telldir}()$  (and used internally by  $\mathbf{readdir}(3)$ ) is a "cookie" that is used by the implementation to derive a position within a directory. Application programs should treat this strictly as an opaque value, making *no* assumptions about its contents.

# **SEE ALSO**

```
closedir(3), opendir(3), readdir(3), rewinddir(3), scandir(3), seekdir(3)
```

# **COLOPHON**

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