NAME

```
getservent_r, getservbyname_r, getservbyport_r - get service entry (reentrant)
```

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <netdb.h>
```

Feature Test Macro Requirements for glibc (see **feature test macros**(7)):

size_t buflen, struct servent **result);

```
getservent_r(), getservbyname_r(), getservbyport_r():
    Since glibc 2.19:
    _DEFAULT_SOURCE
    Glibc 2.19 and earlier:
    _BSD_SOURCE || _SVID_SOURCE
```

DESCRIPTION

The **getservent_r**(), **getservbyname_r**(), and **getservbyport_r**() functions are the reentrant equivalents of, respectively, **getservent**(3), **getservbyname**(3), and **getservbyport**(3). They differ in the way that the *servent* structure is returned, and in the function calling signature and return value. This manual page describes just the differences from the nonreentrant functions.

Instead of returning a pointer to a statically allocated *servent* structure as the function result, these functions copy the structure into the location pointed to by *result_buf*.

The *buf* array is used to store the string fields pointed to by the returned *servent* structure. (The nonreentrant functions allocate these strings in static storage.) The size of this array is specified in *buflen*. If *buf* is too small, the call fails with the error **ERANGE**, and the caller must try again with a larger buffer. (A buffer of length 1024 bytes should be sufficient for most applications.)

If the function call successfully obtains a service record, then *result is set pointing to result_buf; otherwise, *result is set to NULL.

RETURN VALUE

On success, these functions return 0. On error, they return one of the positive error numbers listed in errors.

On error, record not found (**getservbyname_r**(), **getservbyport_r**()), or end of input (**getservent_r**()) *result* is set to NULL.

ERRORS

ENOENT

(**getservent_r**()) No more records in database.

ERANGE

buf is too small. Try again with a larger buffer (and increased buflen).

ATTRIBUTES

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see **attributes**(7).

Interface	Attribute	Value
getservent_r(), get-	Thread safety	MT-Safe locale
servbyname_r(), get-		
servbyport_r()		

CONFORMING TO

These functions are GNU extensions. Functions with similar names exist on some other systems, though typically with different calling signatures.

EXAMPLE

The program below uses **getservbyport_r**() to retrieve the service record for the port and protocol named in its first command-line argument. If a third (integer) command-line argument is supplied, it is used as the initial value for *buflen*; if **getservbyport_r**() fails with the error **ERANGE**, the program retries with larger buffer sizes. The following shell session shows a couple of sample runs:

```
$ ./a.out 7 tcp 1
ERANGE! Retrying with larger buffer
getservbyport_r() returned: 0 (success) (buflen=87)
s_name=echo; s_proto=tcp; s_port=7; aliases=
$ ./a.out 77777 tcp
getservbyport_r() returned: 0 (success) (buflen=1024)
Call failed/record not found
```

Program source

```
#define _GNU_SOURCE
#include <ctype.h>
#include <netdb.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <stdio.h>
#include <errno.h>
#include <string.h>
#define MAX_BUF 10000
int.
main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int buflen, erange_cnt, port, s;
    struct servent result_buf;
    struct servent *result;
    char buf[MAX_BUF];
    char *protop;
    char **p;
    if (argc < 3) {
        printf("Usage: %s port-num proto-name [buflen]\n", argv[0]);
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    port = htons(atoi(argv[1]));
    protop = (strcmp(argv[2], "null") == 0 | |
              strcmp(argv[2], "NULL") == 0) ? NULL : argv[2];
    buflen = 1024;
    if (argc > 3)
        buflen = atoi(argv[3]);
    if (buflen > MAX_BUF) {
        printf("Exceeded buffer limit (%d)\n", MAX_BUF);
        exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
```

```
}
erange\_cnt = 0;
do {
    s = getservbyport_r(port, protop, &result_buf,
                 buf, buflen, &result);
    if (s == ERANGE) {
        if (erange_cnt == 0)
            printf("ERANGE! Retrying with larger buffer\n");
        erange_cnt++;
        /* Increment a byte at a time so we can see exactly
           what size buffer was required */
        buflen++;
        if (buflen > MAX_BUF) {
            printf("Exceeded buffer limit (%d)\n", MAX_BUF);
            exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
    }
} while (s == ERANGE);
printf("getservbyport_r() returned: %s (buflen=%d)\n",
        (s == 0) ? "0 (success)" : (s == ENOENT) ? "ENOENT" :
        strerror(s), buflen);
if (s != 0 | result == NULL) {
   printf("Call failed/record not found\n");
   exit(EXIT_FAILURE);
}
printf("s_name=%s; s_proto=%s; s_port=%d; aliases=",
            result_buf.s_name, result_buf.s_proto,
            ntohs(result_buf.s_port));
for (p = result_buf.s_aliases; *p != NULL; p++)
   printf("%s ", *p);
printf("\n");
exit(EXIT_SUCCESS);
```

SEE ALSO

getservent(3), services(5)

COLOPHON

}

This page is part of release 5.02 of the Linux *man-pages* project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.