#### **NAME**

```
__fbufsize, __flbf, __fpending, __fpurge, __freadable, __freading, __fsetlocking, __fwritable, __fwriting, flushlbf – interfaces to stdio FILE structure
```

### **SYNOPSIS**

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdio_ext.h>
size_t __fbufsize(FILE *stream);
size_t __fpending(FILE *stream);
int __flbf(FILE *stream);
int __freadable(FILE *stream);
int __fwritable(FILE *stream);
int __freading(FILE *stream);
int __fwriting(FILE *stream);
int __fsetlocking(FILE *stream, int type);
void __flushlbf(void);
void __fpurge(FILE *stream);
```

#### DESCRIPTION

Solaris introduced routines to allow portable access to the internals of the *FILE* structure, and glibc also implemented these.

The \_\_fbufsize() function returns the size of the buffer currently used by the given stream.

The **\_\_fpending**() function returns the number of bytes in the output buffer. For wide-oriented streams the unit is wide characters. This function is undefined on buffers in reading mode, or opened read-only.

The \_\_flbf() function returns a nonzero value if the stream is line-buffered, and zero otherwise.

The \_\_freadable() function returns a nonzero value if the stream allows reading, and zero otherwise.

The **\_\_fwritable**() function returns a nonzero value if the stream allows writing, and zero otherwise.

The **\_\_freading**() function returns a nonzero value if the stream is read-only, or if the last operation on the stream was a read operation, and zero otherwise.

The **\_\_fwriting**() function returns a nonzero value if the stream is write-only (or append-only), or if the last operation on the stream was a write operation, and zero otherwise.

The \_\_fsetlocking() function can be used to select the desired type of locking on the stream. It returns the current type. The *type* argument can take the following three values:

### FSETLOCKING\_INTERNAL

Perform implicit locking around every operation on the given stream (except for the \*\_unlocked ones). This is the default.

### FSETLOCKING\_BYCALLER

The caller will take care of the locking (possibly using **flockfile**(3) in case there is more than one thread), and the stdio routines will not do locking until the state is reset to **FSETLOCKING\_IN-TERNAL**.

#### FSETLOCKING\_QUERY

Don't change the type of locking. (Only return it.)

The **\_flushlbf**() function flushes all line-buffered streams. (Presumably so that output to a terminal is forced out, say before reading keyboard input.)

The **\_\_fpurge**() function discards the contents of the stream's buffer.

### **ATTRIBUTES**

For an explanation of the terms used in this section, see **attributes**(7).

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Interface	Attribute	Value
fbufsize(),fpending(),	Thread safety	MT-Safe race:stream
fpurge(),fsetlocking()		
flbf(),freadable(),	Thread safety	MT-Safe
freading(),fwritable(),		
fwriting(), _flushlbf()		

# **SEE ALSO**

 $\boldsymbol{flockfile}(3), \boldsymbol{fpurge}(3)$ 

## **COLOPHON**

This page is part of release 5.02 of the Linux *man-pages* project. A description of the project, information about reporting bugs, and the latest version of this page, can be found at https://www.kernel.org/doc/man-pages/.

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