

NAME

sane-pixma – SANE backend for Canon Multi-Function Printers and CanoScan Scanners

DESCRIPTION

The **sane-pixma** library implements a SANE (Scanner Access Now Easy) backend that provides access to Canon PIXMA / i-SENSYS / imageCLASS / imageRUNNER multi-function devices (All-in-one printers) and the Canon CanoScan Flatbed/TPU scanners. The backend implements both the USB interface and network interface (using Canon's BJNP and MFNP protocols). The network interface supports scanners over IPv4 as well as IPv6 (MFNP over IPv6 is untested).

Currently, the following models work with this backend:

PIXMA MG2100, MG2200, MG2400, MG2500, MG2900, MG3100, MG3200
 PIXMA MG3500, MG3600, MG4200, MG5100, MG5200, MG5300, MG5400
 PIXMA MG5500, MG5600, MG5700, MG6100, MG6200, MG6300, MG6400
 PIXMA MG7100, MG7500, MG7700, MG8200
 PIXMA MP140, MP150, MP160, MP170, MP180, MP190
 PIXMA MP210, MP220, MP230, MP240, MP250, MP260, MP270, MP280
 PIXMA MP360, MP370, MP390
 PIXMA MP450, MP460, MP470, MP480, MP490
 PIXMA MP500, MP510, MP520, MP530, MP540, MP550, MP560
 PIXMA MP600, MP600R, MP610, MP620, MP630, MP640
 PIXMA MP700, MP710, MP730, PIXMA MP750 (no grayscale)
 PIXMA MP800, MP800R, MP810, MP830
 PIXMA MP960, MP970, MP980, MP990
 PIXMA MX300, MX310, MX330, MX340, MX350, MX360, MX370
 PIXMA MX410, MX420, MX470, MX510, MX520, MX530, MX700, MX720
 PIXMA MX850, MX860, MX870, MX882, MX885, MX890, MX920, MX7600
 PIXUS MP10
 imageCLASS MF3110, MF3240, MF4010, MF4018
 imageCLASS MF4120, MF4122, MF4140, MF4150
 imageCLASS MF4270, MF4350d, MF4370dn, MF4380dn
 imageCLASS MF4410, MF4430, MF4570dw, MF4660, MF4690
 imageCLASS MF5730, MF5770, MF6550, MPC200, D420, D480, D530
 i-SENSYS MF230, MF240, MF3010, MF4320d, MF4330d, MF4500, MF4700
 i-SENSYS MF4800, MF6100, MF8200C, MF8300
 imageRUNNER 1020/1024/1025
 CanoScan 8800F, 9000F, 9000F Mark II
 MAXIFY MB5000 (ADF is not working)

The following models are not well tested and/or the scanner sometimes hangs and must be switched off and on.

PIXMA MP760, MP770, MP780, MP790

The following models may use the same Pixma protocol as those listed above, but have not yet been reported to work (or not). They are declared in the backend so that they get recognized and activated. Feedback in the sane-devel mailing list welcome.

PIXMA E400, E460, E470, E480, E500, E510, E560, E600, E610
 PIXMA MG3000, MG4100, MG6500, MG6600, MG6800, MG6900, MG8100
 PIXMA MP375R, MP493, MP495, MP740
 PIXMA MX320, MX390, MX430, MX450, MX490, MX710
 PIXMA G3000
 PIXMA TS9000, TS800, TS6000, TS5000
 PIXUS MP5
 imageCLASS MF810/820, MF5630, MF5650, MF5750, MF8030, MF8170c
 imageCLASS MPC190
 imageRUNNER 1133

i-SENSYS MF210, MF220, MF5880dn, MF5900, MF6680dn, MF8500C
MAXIFY MB2000, MB2300, MB5300

The backend supports:

- * resolutions of 75, 150, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800, and 9600 DPI (some maybe buggy),
- * color and grayscale mode, as well as lineart on certain models,
- * a custom gamma table,
- * Automatic Document Feeder, Simplex and Duplex.
- * Transparency Unit, 24 or 48 bits depth. Infrared channel on certain models.

The device name for USB devices is in the form `pixma:xxxxyyyy_zzzzz` where x, y and z are vendor ID, product ID and serial number respectively.

Example: `pixma:04A91709_123456` is a MP150.

Device names for BJNP/MFNP devices is in the form `pixma:aaaa_bbbbb` where aaaa is the scanners model and bbbb is the hostname or ip-adress.

Example: `pixma:MF4800_192.168.1.45` is a MF4800 Series multi-function peripheral.

This backend, based on cloning original Canon drivers protocols, is in a production stage. Designed has been carried out without any applicable manufacturer documentation, probably never available. However, we have tested it as well as we could, but it may not work in all situations. You will find an up-to-date status at the project homepage. (See below). Users feedback is essential to help improve features and performances.

OPTIONS

Besides "well-known" options (e.g. resolution, mode etc.) pixma backend also provides the following options, i.e. the options might change in the future.

The button status can be polled i.e. with '`scanimage -A`'.

Button scan is disabled on MAC OS X due to darwin libusb not handling timeouts in usb interrupt reads, but may work when using the network protocol.

adf-wait

This option enables and sets the time in seconds waiting for a document inserted into the **Automatic Document Feeder**. The maximum allowed waiting time is 3600 sec (= 1 hour).

button-controlled

This option can be used by applications (like `scanadf(1)` and `scanimage(1)`) in batch mode, for example when you want to scan many photos or multiple-page documents. If it is enabled (i.e. is set to true or yes), the backend waits before every scan until the user presses the "SCAN" button (for MP150) or the color-scan button (for other models). Just put the first page in the scanner, press the button, then the next page, press the button and so on. When you finished, press the gray-scan button. (For MP150 you have to stop the frontend by pressing Ctrl-C for example.)

button-update (deprecated)

(write only) In the past this option was required to be set to force reading of the button status for *button-1* and *button-2*. The **sane-pixma** no longer requires this option to be used: if no fresh data is available, it will be now requested automatically from the scanner. This option is left for backward compatibility reasons.

button-1 button-2

(read only) These options will return the value of the respective buttons. value 0 means that the button was not pressed, 1 is returned when the button was pressed. Some scanners with more than two buttons send the button number as target.

original

(read only) Returns the value of the type or size of original to be scanned if the scanner provides that data. Known values of type: 1 = document, 2 = foto, 5 = film. Known values of size: 1 = A4, 2 = Letter, 8 = 10x15, 9 = 13x18, b = auto. Not all scanners can provide this data.

target (read only) Returns the value of the target of the scan operation if the scanner provides that data. The values depend on the scanner type. Known values: 1 = save to disk, 2 = save to pdf, 3 = send to email, 4 = send to application or 1 = JPEG, 2 = TIFF, 3 = PDF, 4 = Compact PDF. For some scanners this value is equivalent to the number of the pressed button. Not all scanners can provide this data.

scan-resolution

(read only) Returns the resolution of the scan operation if the scanner provides that data. Known values: 1 = 75 dpi, 2 = 150 dpi, 3 = 300 dpi, 4 = 600 dpi. Not all scanners can provide this data.

FILES

@LIBDIR@/libsane-pixma.a

The static library implementing this backend.

@LIBDIR@/libsane-pixma.so

The shared library implementing this backend (present on systems that support dynamic loading).

@CONFIGDIR@/pixma.conf

The backend configuration file (see also description of **SANE_CONFIG_DIR** below). The file contains an optional list of networked scanners. Normally only scanners that cannot be auto-detected because they are on a different subnet shall be listed here. If your OS does not allow enumeration of interfaces (i.e. it does not support the `getifaddrs()` function) you also may need to add your scanner here as well.

Scanners shall be listed in the configuration file as follows:

```
<method>://<host>[:port][/timeout=<value>]
```

where method indicates the protocol used (bjnp is used for inkjet multi-functionals and mfnf is used for laser multi-functionals).

host is the hostname or IP address of the scanner, e.g. `bjnp://10.0.1.4` for IPv4, `bjnp://[2001:888:118e:18e2:21e:8fff:fe36:b64a]` for a literal IPv6-address or `bjnp://myscanner.my-domain.org` for a hostname.

The port number is optional and is normally implied by the method. Port 8610 is the standard port for mfnf, 8612 for bjnp.

A scanner specific timeout value for the network protocol can be set using the `bjnp-timeout` parameter. The value is in ms.

Define scanners each on a new line.

More globally applicable timeouts can be set using the `bjnp-timeout` parameter as follows:

```
bjnp-timeout=<value>
```

A timeout defined using `bjnp-timeout` will apply to the following scanner definitions in the file. If required the `bjnp-timeout` setting can be defined multiple times, where each setting will apply only to the scanners that follow the setting. The last setting is used for the auto discovered scanners. If not explicitly set, the default 1000ms setting will apply.

Setting timeouts should only be required in exceptional cases.

USB SUPPORT

USB scanners will be auto-detected and require no configuration.

NETWORKING SUPPORT

The pixma backend supports network scanners using the so called Canon BJNP protocol and MFNP protocol. Both IPv4 and IPv6 are supported, but IPv6 is as yet untested with MFNP. Please report your results on the mailing list.

Configuration is normally not required. The pixma backend will auto-detect your scanner if it is within the same subnet as your computer if your OS does support this.

If your scanner can not be auto-detected, you can add it to the pixma configuration file (see above).

FIREWALLING FOR NETWORKED SCANNERS

The sane pixma backend communicates with port 8610 for MFNP or port 8612 for BJNP on the scanner. So you will have to allow outgoing traffic TO port 8610 or 8612 on the common subnet for scanning.

Scanner detection is slightly more complicated. The pixma backend sends a broadcast on all direct connected subnets it can find (provided your OS allows for enumeration of all network interfaces). The broadcast is sent FROM port 8612 TO port 8610 or 8612 on the broadcast address of each interface. The outgoing packets will be allowed by the rule described above.

Responses from the scanner are sent back to the computer TO port 8612. Connection tracking however does not see a match as the response does not come from the broadcast address but from the scanners own address. For automatic detection of your scanner, you will therefore have to allow incoming packets TO port 8612 on your computer. This applies to both MFNP and BJNP.

So in short: open the firewall for all traffic from your computer to port 8610 (for MFNP) or 8612 (for BJNP) AND to port 8612 (for both BJNP and MFNP) to your computer.

With the firewall rules above there is no need to add the scanner to the pixma.conf file, unless the scanner is on a network that is not directly connected to your computer.

ENVIRONMENT

SANE_DEBUG_PIXMA

If the library was compiled with debug support enabled, this environment variable controls the debug level for this backend itself. Higher value increases the verbosity and includes the information printed at the lower levels.

- 0 print nothing (default)
- 1 print error and warning messages (recommended)
- 2 print informational messages
- 3 print debug-level messages
- 4 print verbose debug-level messages
- 11 dump USB traffic
- 21 full dump USB traffic

SANE_DEBUG_BJNP

If the library was compiled with debug support enabled, this environment variable controls the debug level for the **BJNP and MFNP** network protocols for this backend. Higher value increases the verbosity and includes the information printed at the lower levels.

- 0 print nothing (default)
- 1 Print error and warning messages (recommended)
- 2 Print high level function tracing information
- 3 Print more detailed protocol tracing information
- 4 Print protocol headers
- 5 Print full protocol contents

PIXMA_EXPERIMENT

Setting to a non-zero value will enable the support for experimental models. You should also set SANE_DEBUG_PIXMA to 11.

SANE_CONFIG_DIR

This environment variable specifies the list of directories that may contain the configuration file. Under UNIX, the directories are separated by a colon (':'), under OS/2, they are separated by a semi-colon(';'). If this variable is not set, the configuration file is searched in two default directories: first, the current working directory (".") and then in @CONFIGDIR@. If the value of the environment variable ends with the directory separator character, then the default directories are searched after the explicitly specified directories. For example, setting **SANE_CONFIG_DIR** to "/tmp/config:" would result in directories "tmp/config", ".", and "@CONFIGDIR@" being searched (in this order).

SEE ALSO

sane(7), **sane-dll(5)**, <http://home.arcor.de/wittawat/pixma/>, <http://mp610.blogspot.com/>

In case of trouble with a recent Pixma model, try the latest code for the pixma backend, available in the Sane git repository at:

<http://git.debian.org/?p=sane/sane-backends.git>

You can also post into the Sane-devel mailing list for support.

AUTHORS

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We would like to thank all testers and helpers. Without them we could not be able to write subdrivers for models we don't have. See also the project homepage.