NAME

rm - remove files or directories

SYNOPSIS

rm [*OPTION*]... [*FILE*]...

DESCRIPTION

This manual page documents the GNU version of **rm**. **rm** removes each specified file. By default, it does not remove directories.

If the -I or --interactive=once option is given, and there are more than three files or the -r, -R, or --re-cursive are given, then **rm** prompts the user for whether to proceed with the entire operation. If the response is not affirmative, the entire command is aborted.

Otherwise, if a file is unwritable, standard input is a terminal, and the -f or --f or --f or or the -i or --i or --i or --i or emove the file. If the response is not affirmative, the file is skipped.

OPTIONS

Remove (unlink) the FILE(s).

-f, --force

ignore nonexistent files and arguments, never prompt

- -i prompt before every removal
- **−I** prompt once before removing more than three files, or when removing recursively; less intrusive than **−i**, while still giving protection against most mistakes

--interactive[=WHEN]

prompt according to WHEN: never, once (-I), or always (-i); without WHEN, prompt always

--one-file-system

when removing a hierarchy recursively, skip any directory that is on a file system different from that of the corresponding command line argument

--no-preserve-root

do not treat '/' specially

--preserve-root[=all]

do not remove '/' (default); with 'all', reject any command line argument on a separate device from its parent

-r, -R, --recursive

remove directories and their contents recursively

-d, --dir

remove empty directories

-v, --verbose

explain what is being done

--help display this help and exit

--version

output version information and exit

By default, rm does not remove directories. Use the --recursive (-r or -R) option to remove each listed directory, too, along with all of its contents.

To remove a file whose name starts with a '-', for example '-foo', use one of these commands:

```
rm --- -foo
rm ./-foo
```

Note that if you use rm to remove a file, it might be possible to recover some of its contents, given sufficient expertise and/or time. For greater assurance that the contents are truly unrecoverable, consider using shred.

AUTHOR

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REPORTING BUGS

GNU coreutils online help: https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/> Report rm translation bugs to https://translationproject.org/team/>

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SEE ALSO

unlink(1), unlink(2), chattr(1), shred(1)

Full documentation at: https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/rm

or available locally via: info '(coreutils) rm invocation'