NAME
   seq − print a sequence of numbers

SYNOPSIS
   seq [*OPTION*]... *LAST*
   seq [*OPTION*]... *FIRST LAST*
   seq [*OPTION*]... *FIRST INCREMENT LAST*

DESCRIPTION
   Print numbers from FIRST to LAST, in steps of INCREMENT.

   Mandatory arguments to long options are mandatory for short options too.

   −f, **−−format**=*FORMAT*
        use printf style floating−point FORMAT

   −s, **−−separator**=*STRING*
        use STRING to separate numbers (default: \n)

   −w, **−−equal−width**
        equalize width by padding with leading zeroes

   −−help   display this help and exit

   −−version
        output version information and exit

   If FIRST or INCREMENT is omitted, it defaults to 1. That is, an omitted INCREMENT defaults to 1 even
   when LAST is smaller than FIRST. The sequence of numbers ends when the sum of the current number
   and INCREMENT would become greater than LAST. FIRST, INCREMENT, and LAST are interpreted as
   floating point values. INCREMENT is usually positive if FIRST is smaller than LAST, and INCREMENT
   is usually negative if FIRST is greater than LAST. INCREMENT must not be 0; none of FIRST, INCRE-
   MENT and LAST may be NaN. FORMAT must be suitable for printing one argument of type 'double'; it
   defaults to %.PRECf if FIRST, INCREMENT, and LAST are all fixed point decimal numbers with maxi-
   mum precision PREC, and to %g otherwise.

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REPORTING BUGS
   GNU coreutils online help: <https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/>
   Report seq translation bugs to <https://translationproject.org/team/>

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   permitted by law.

SEE ALSO
   Full documentation at: <https://www.gnu.org/software/coreutils/seq>
   or available locally via: info '(coreutils) seq invocation'