NAME

gfix -- miscelenous Firebird database maintenance

SYNOPSIS

gfix command [option...] database

DESCRIPTION

gfix is a program that allows the Firebird administrator or database owner to perform various maintenance tasks.

COMMANDS

-ac

-activate_shadow

Activate database shadow file.

- -b number
- -buffers number

Set database buffer size, in pages.

- -co number all
- -commit number all

Commit a limbo transaction with a given number or all limbo transactions.

-h number

-housekeeping number

Set the housekeeping interval. When the difference between the oldest interesting transaction and the current transaction exceeds *number*, an automatic garbage collection (sweep) process is started to make possible increasing of the oldest interesting transaction number.

When *number* is 0, there is no automatic sweep and OIT advancement should be arranged by other means, e.g. **gfix** –**sweep** via **cron** (1).

-icu

Fix the database to be usable with the available ICU version.

Some collations in Firebird are bound the the version of the ICU library. When such a collation needs to be used in an environment with a different version of ICU, an error occurs. **gfix –icu** is the remedy.

-k

-kill_shadow

Kill unavailable database shadow files.

-l

-list

List limbo transactions.

-pr

-prompt

Prompt for commit/rollback for each transaction in limbo.

-me

-mend

Prepare corrupt database for backup.

-mo access

-mode access

Set database access mode. Possibla values are read_only and read_write.

-nol

-nolinger

Temporary remove linger setting of the database.

Similar to the following SQL statement:

```
alter database drop linger;
    but the next attachment to the database will restore the linger setting.
    See sql.extensions/README.linger.
-o [mode]
-online [mode]
    Brings the database online. The reverse of -shut.
    mode can be:
    normal
         This is the default. Brings the database fully online, all normal connections are permitted.
    multi
         Permits multiple connections from SYSDBA and the database owner.
    single
         Permins only one connection from SYSDBA or the database owner.
_v
-validate
    Perform database validation.
    Validation options:
    -fu
    -full
         Full validation. Record fragments are verified.
    -i
    -ignore
         Ignore record checksum errors.
    -n
    -no_update
         Peform read-only validation.
-r number all
-rollback number all
    Rollback given limbo transaction or all limbo transactions.
-sq number
-sql_dialect number
    Change the SQL dialect of the database.
-sw
-sweep
    Perform immediate garbage collection on the database.
-sh [mode] option timeout
-shutdown [mode] option timeout
    Shuts the database down. mode is either of
         Multiple connections from SYSDBA and the database owner are allowed. Ordinary osers are
         denied any requests to the database. This is the default mode.
    single
         Only a single connection from SYSDBA or the database owner is allowed.
```

full No connections to the database are allowed.

-ca

-cache

Ignored. Equivalent to -multi.

option is either of

-at

-attach

Prevents new attachments (connections). Active connections continue to work.

-tra

-transaction

Prevents new transactions. Open transactions continue to work.

-fo

-force_shutdown

Force immediate database shutdown. All running statements, transactions and connections are aborted.

-tw

-two_phase

Perform two-phase recovery of limbo transactions.

-II mode

-use mode

Set the page allocation preference. When *mode* is reserve a certain amount of the page is kept aside for record versions. When *mode* is full database pages are used fully without such reservarions.

Corresponds to the $-use_all$ option of gbak(1).

-w mode

-write mode

Sets the synchronous writes flag. sync sets the synchronous mode flag (also known as forced writes). async clears the flag.

When the flag is on, all writes to the database are synchronised via a call to the operating system to ensure that the data has reached stable storage.

OPTIONS

-fe file

-fetch_password file

Read password from file.

-pas string

-password string

Password for the connection.

-ro string

-role string

Use supplied SQL role for the connection.

–user string

Use supplied user name for the connection.

-z Prints the **gfix** version number before anything else.

ENVIRONMENT

ISC_USER

Default value for the -user option.

ISC_ROLE

Default value for the -role option.

ISC_PASSWORD

Default value for the -password option.

SEE ALSO

fbstat (1).

Additional documentation about Firebird can be found on the Firebird Project website, http://www.firebirdsql.org.

AUTHOR

This manual page was written by Damyan Ivanov dmn@debian.org for the Debian project. Permission is granted to use this document, with or without modifications, provided that this notice is retained. If we meet some day, and you think this stuff is worth it, you can buy me a beer in return.