NAME

derb – disassemble a resource bundle

SYNOPSIS

```
derb [ -h, -?, --help ] [ -V, --version ] [ -v, --verbose ] [ -e, --encoding encoding ] [ --bom ] [ -t, --truncate [ size ] ] [ -s, --sourcedir source ] [ -d, --destdir destination ] [ -i, --icudatadir directory ] [ -c, --to-stdout ] bundle ...
```

DESCRIPTION

derb reads the compiled resource *bundle* files passed on the command line and write them back in text form. The resulting text files have a .txt extension while compiled resource bundle source files typically have a .res extension.

It is customary to name the resource bundles by their locale name, i.e. to use a local identifier for the *bundle* filename, e.g. **ja_JP.res** for Japanese (Japan) data, or **root.res** for the root bundle. This is especially important for **derb** since the locale name is not accessible directly from the compiled resource bundle, and to know which locale to ask for when opening the bundle. **derb** will produce a file whose base name is the base name of the compiled resource file itself. If the **—-to-stdout**, **—c** option is used, however, the text will be written on the standard output.

OPTIONS

-h, -?, --help

Print help about usage and exit.

-V, --version

Print the version of **derb** and exit.

-v, --verbose

Display extra informative messages during execution.

-A, --suppressAliases

Don't follow aliases when producing output.

-e, --encoding encoding

Set the encoding used to write output files to *encoding*. The default encoding is the invariant (subset of ASCII or EBCDIC) codepage for the system (see section **INVARIANT CHARACTERS**). The choice of the encoding does not affect the data, just their representation. Characters that cannot be represented in the *encoding* will be represented using \underset uhhhh escape sequences.

--bom Write a byte order mark (BOM) at the beginning of the file.

-l, --locale locale

Set the *locale* for the resource bundle, which is used both in the generated text and as the base name of the output file.

-t, --truncate [size]

Truncate individual resources (strings or binary data) to *size* bytes. The default if *size* is not specified is **80** bytes.

-s, --sourcedir source

Set the source directory to *source*. The default source directory is the current directory. If - is passed for *source*, then the *bundle* will be looked for in its default location, specified by the ICU_DATA environment variable (or defaulting to the location set when ICU was built if ICU_DATA is not set).

-d, --destdir destination

Set the destination directory to *destination*. The default destination directory is specified by the environment variable **ICU_DATA** or is the location set when **ICU** was built if **ICU_DATA** is not set.

-i, --icudatadir directory

Look for any necessary ICU data files in *directory*. For example, when processing collation overrides, the file **ucadata.dat** must be located. The default ICU data directory is specified by the

environment variable ICU_DATA.

-c, --to-stdout

Write the disassembled bundle on standard output instead of into a file.

CAVEATS

When the option —bom is used, the character U+FEFF is written in the destination *encoding* regardless of whether it is a Unicode transformation format (UTF) or not. This option should only be used with an UTF encoding, as byte order marks are not meaningful for other encodings.

INVARIANT CHARACTERS

The **invariant character set** consists of the following set of characters, expressed as a standard POSIX regular expression: **[a-z]|[A-Z]|[0-9]|_| |+|-|*|**/. This is the set which is guaranteed to be available regardless of code page.

ENVIRONMENT

ICU_DATA

Specifies the directory containing ICU data. Defaults to \${prefix}/share/icu/63.2/. Some tools in ICU depend on the presence of the trailing slash. It is thus important to make sure that it is present if ICU DATA is set.

AUTHORS

Vladimir Weinstein Yves Arrouye

VERSION

1.0

COPYRIGHT

Copyright (C) 2002 IBM, Inc. and others.

SEE ALSO

genrb(1)