NAME

epoll_ctl - control interface for an epoll file descriptor

SYNOPSIS

```
#include <sys/epoll.h>
```

int epoll ctl(int epfd, int op, int fd, struct epoll event *event);

DESCRIPTION

This system call is used to add, modify, or remove entries in the interest list of the **epoll**(7) instance referred to by the file descriptor epfd. It requests that the operation op be performed for the target file descriptor, fd.

Valid values for the op argument are:

EPOLL CTL ADD

Add fd to the interest list and associate the settings specified in *event* with the internal file linked to fd.

EPOLL_CTL_MOD

Change the settings associated with fd in the interest list to the new settings specified in event.

EPOLL_CTL_DEL

Remove (deregister) the target file descriptor *fd* from the interest list. The *event* argument is ignored and can be NULL (but see BUGS below).

The *event* argument describes the object linked to the file descriptor *fd*. The *struct epoll_event* is defined as:

```
typedef union epoll_data {
   void    *ptr;
   int    fd;
   uint32_t   u32;
   uint64_t   u64;
} epoll_data_t;

struct epoll_event {
   uint32_t   events;    /* Epoll events */
   epoll_data_t data;   /* User data variable */
};
```

The *events* member is a bit mask composed by ORing together zero or more of the following available event types:

EPOLLIN

The associated file is available for **read**(2) operations.

EPOLLOUT

The associated file is available for **write**(2) operations.

EPOLLRDHUP (since Linux 2.6.17)

Stream socket peer closed connection, or shut down writing half of connection. (This flag is especially useful for writing simple code to detect peer shutdown when using Edge Triggered monitoring.)

EPOLLPRI

There is an exceptional condition on the file descriptor. See the discussion of **POLLPRI** in **poll**(2).

EPOLLERR

Error condition happened on the associated file descriptor. This event is also reported for the write end of a pipe when the read end has been closed. **epoll_wait**(2) will always report for this event; it is not necessary to set it in *events*.

EPOLLHUP

Hang up happened on the associated file descriptor. **epoll_wait**(2) will always wait for this event; it is not necessary to set it in *events*.

Note that when reading from a channel such as a pipe or a stream socket, this event merely indicates that the peer closed its end of the channel. Subsequent reads from the channel will return 0 (end of file) only after all outstanding data in the channel has been consumed.

EPOLLET

Sets the Edge Triggered behavior for the associated file descriptor. The default behavior for **epoll** is Level Triggered. See **epoll**(7) for more detailed information about Edge and Level Triggered event distribution architectures.

EPOLLONESHOT (since Linux 2.6.2)

Sets the one-shot behavior for the associated file descriptor. This means that after an event is pulled out with **epoll_wait**(2) the associated file descriptor is internally disabled and no other events will be reported by the **epoll** interface. The user must call **epoll_ctl**() with **EPOLL_CTL_MOD** to rearm the file descriptor with a new event mask.

EPOLLWAKEUP (since Linux 3.5)

If **EPOLLONESHOT** and **EPOLLET** are clear and the process has the **CAP_BLOCK_SUS-PEND** capability, ensure that the system does not enter "suspend" or "hibernate" while this event is pending or being processed. The event is considered as being "processed" from the time when it is returned by a call to **epoll_wait**(2) until the next call to **epoll_wait**(2) on the same **epoll**(7) file descriptor, the closure of that file descriptor, the removal of the event file descriptor with **EPOLL_CTL_DEL**, or the clearing of **EPOLLWAKEUP** for the event file descriptor with **EPOLL_CTL_MOD**. See also BUGS.

EPOLLEXCLUSIVE (since Linux 4.5)

Sets an exclusive wakeup mode for the epoll file descriptor that is being attached to the target file descriptor, fd. When a wakeup event occurs and multiple epoll file descriptors are attached to the same target file using **EPOLLEXCLUSIVE**, one or more of the epoll file descriptors will receive an event with **epoll_wait**(2). The default in this scenario (when **EPOLLEXCLUSIVE** is not set) is for all epoll file descriptors to receive an event. **EPOLLEXCLUSIVE** is thus useful for avoiding thundering herd problems in certain scenarios.

If the same file descriptor is in multiple epoll instances, some with the **EPOLLEXCLUSIVE** flag, and others without, then events will be provided to all epoll instances that did not specify **EPOLLEXCLUSIVE**, and at least one of the epoll instances that did specify **EPOLLEXCLUSIVE**.

The following values may be specified in conjunction with **EPOLLEXCLUSIVE**: **EPOLLIN**, **EPOLLOUT**, **EPOLLWAKEUP**, and **EPOLLET**. **EPOLLHUP** and **EPOLLERR** can also be specified, but this is not required: as usual, these events are always reported if they occur, regardless of whether they are specified in *events*. Attempts to specify other values in *events* yield the error **EINVAL**.

EPOLLEXCLUSIVE may be used only in an **EPOLL_CTL_ADD** operation; attempts to employ it with **EPOLL_CTL_MOD** yield an error. If **EPOLLEXCLUSIVE** has been set using **epoll_ctl()**, then a subsequent **EPOLL_CTL_MOD** on the same *epfd*, *fd* pair yields an error. A call to **epoll_ctl()** that specifies **EPOLLEXCLUSIVE** in *events* and specifies the target file descriptor *fd* as an epoll instance will likewise fail. The error in all of these cases is **EINVAL**.

RETURN VALUE

When successful, **epoll_ctl()** returns zero. When an error occurs, **epoll_ctl()** returns –1 and *errno* is set appropriately.

ERRORS

EBADF

epfd or fd is not a valid file descriptor.

EEXIST

op was **EPOLL_CTL_ADD**, and the supplied file descriptor fd is already registered with this epoll instance.

EINVAL

epfd is not an **epoll** file descriptor, or fd is the same as epfd, or the requested operation op is not supported by this interface.

EINVAL

An invalid event type was specified along with **EPOLLEXCLUSIVE** in *events*.

EINVAL

op was EPOLL_CTL_MOD and events included EPOLLEXCLUSIVE.

EINVAL

op was **EPOLL_CTL_MOD** and the **EPOLLEXCLUSIVE** flag has previously been applied to this *epfd*, *fd* pair.

EINVAL

EPOLLEXCLUSIVE was specified in *event* and *fd* refers to an epoll instance.

ELOOP

fd refers to an epoll instance and this **EPOLL_CTL_ADD** operation would result in a circular loop of epoll instances monitoring one another.

ENOENT

op was **EPOLL_CTL_MOD** or **EPOLL_CTL_DEL**, and fd is not registered with this epoll instance.

ENOMEM

There was insufficient memory to handle the requested op control operation.

ENOSPC

The limit imposed by /proc/sys/fs/epoll/max_user_watches was encountered while trying to register (EPOLL_CTL_ADD) a new file descriptor on an epoll instance. See epoll(7) for further details.

EPERM

The target file fd does not support **epoll**. This error can occur if fd refers to, for example, a regular file or a directory.

VERSIONS

epoll_ctl() was added to the kernel in version 2.6.

CONFORMING TO

epoll_ctl() is Linux-specific. Library support is provided in glibc starting with version 2.3.2.

NOTES

The **epoll** interface supports all file descriptors that support **poll**(2).

BUGS

In kernel versions before 2.6.9, the **EPOLL_CTL_DEL** operation required a non-null pointer in *event*, even though this argument is ignored. Since Linux 2.6.9, *event* can be specified as NULL when using **EPOLL_CTL_DEL**. Applications that need to be portable to kernels before 2.6.9 should specify a non-null pointer in *event*.

If **EPOLLWAKEUP** is specified in *flags*, but the caller does not have the **CAP_BLOCK_SUSPEND** capability, then the **EPOLLWAKEUP** flag is *silently ignored*. This unfortunate behavior is necessary because no validity checks were performed on the *flags* argument in the original implementation, and the addition of the **EPOLLWAKEUP** with a check that caused the call to fail if the caller did not have the **CAP_BLOCK_SUSPEND** capability caused a breakage in at least one existing user-space application that

happened to randomly (and uselessly) specify this bit. A robust application should therefore double check that it has the **CAP_BLOCK_SUSPEND** capability if attempting to use the **EPOLLWAKEUP** flag.

SEE ALSO

 $\boldsymbol{epoll_create}(2), \, \boldsymbol{epoll_wait}(2), \, \boldsymbol{poll}(2), \, \boldsymbol{epoll}(7)$

COLOPHON

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