



## RISC-V Processor OVP Model Simulator

### riscvOVPsim User Guide

Imperas Software Ltd  
Imperas Buildings, North Weston  
Thame, Oxfordshire, OX9 2HA, U.K.  
[docs@imperas.com](mailto:docs@imperas.com)



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## Model Release Status

This software and model is released as part of OVP releases and is included in OVPworld packages. Please visit [OVPworld.org](http://OVPworld.org).

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# Chapter 1

## Overview of the riscvOVPsim simulator

This document provides documentation of the riscvOVPsim RISC-V processor model simulator.

### 1.1 Description

riscvOVPsim is an Instruction Accurate RISC-V processor simulator based on the Imperas Open Virtual Platform (OVP) technology with Just-in-Time Code Morphing simulation that executes RISC-V code on a Linux or Windows host computer.

The included RISC-V models are complete and cover the full RISC-V User and Privilege specifications.

The riscvOVPsim simulator is easy to understand and effective to use. It is flexible, accurate, and exceptionally fast, often over 2,000 MIPS. Suitable as a platform target to develop baremetal, OS Ports (Linux or RTOS), drivers and applications.

riscvOVPsim has been developed by Imperas Software. As a member of the RISC-V Foundation community of software and hardware innovators collaboratively driving RISC-V adoption, Imperas has developed the riscvOVPsim simulator to assist RISC-V adopters to become compliant to the RISC-V specifications. The latest RISC-V compliance test suite and framework can be downloaded from [www.github.com/riscv/riscv-compliance](https://www.github.com/riscv/riscv-compliance).

Imperas is revolutionizing the development of embedded software and systems and is the leading independent provider of commercial processor simulators for programmers view models for software development.

Imperas, along with Open Virtual Platforms (OVP), promotes open model availability for a spectrum of processors, IP vendors, CPU architectures, system IP and reference platform models of processors and systems ranging from simple single core bare metal platforms to full heterogeneous multi-core systems booting SMP Linux. Additional information can be found at [www.imperas.com](http://www.imperas.com) and [www.OVPworld.org](http://www.OVPworld.org).

## 1.2 Usage and Purpose

There is no complex installation process or scripts for downloading and installing riscvOVPsim. It is just a matter of downloading and running the executable with appropriate configuration options and cross-compiled RISC-V programs.

riscvOVPsim is configurable to represent exactly the same implementation choices that RISC-V processor implementors choose thus making it an excellent tool for the development of RISC-V application software and verification and compliance test suites.

The simulator can connect to GDB and Eclipse for source code debug and can be run in batch mode for regression testing and use in continuous integration environments. It also has many trace options to assist in program development.

## 1.3 Licensing

The complete OVP RISC-V processor model is included with riscvOVPsim and is made available as open source under the Apache 2.0 license.

riscvOVPsim includes an industrial quality model and simulator of RISC-V processors for use for compliance and test development. It has been developed for personal, academic, or commercial use, and the model is provided as open source under the Apache 2.0 license. The simulator is provided under the under Open Virtual Platforms (OVP) Fixed Platform Kits license that enables download and usage. riscvOVPsim and Imperas RISC-V support is actively maintained and enhanced. To ensure you make use of the current version of riscvOVPsim this initial release will expire. Please download the latest version.

The full license terms are included within the download package and are listed in an appendix of this document.

Imperas provide a version of riscvOVPsim with full commercial maintenance and support, as well as additional multicore configuration options.

## 1.4 Limitations

Problems with installation or download may be reported to [support@imperas.com](mailto:support@imperas.com).

Feedback and bug reports may be submitted to [support@imperas.com](mailto:support@imperas.com).

riscvOVPsim is restricted to only run RISC-V processor model variants in a fixed platform configuration of one processor instance and one memory sub-system. Caches and other processor microarchitecture features are not included in programmer view models. If you need different platform configurations or to extend the platform or models then please contact [Imperas](https://www.ovpworld.org) or visit [www.OVPworld.org](http://www.OVPworld.org).

## 1.5 Verification

Imperas have been developing simulators and processor models for over 10 years and are the leading independent provider of instruction accurate simulators, processor reference models and tools.

Each model is developed with a very controlled and precise methodology where as the model functionality is developed it is carefully stepped through and white box, directed tests are created.

A comprehensive test suite is developed until 100% model line coverage is achieved. Standard publicly available test suites are then used. Complete platforms are then constructed to run full operating systems. All of these tests are incorporated into a continuous integration and regression testing environment to ensure model quality.

The Imperas OVP RISC-V models have been run through the above process and virtual platforms incorporating them are available from Imperas running FreeRTOS, single core Linux, and SMP Linux on a five core RISC-V processor system.

The models have also been run through the full RISC-V.org Foundation's Compliance Suite and all tests pass. (The Imperas RISC-V model is a reference simulator for the RISC-V Compliance Suite.)

## 1.6 References

The current release of riscvOVPsim models:

- RISC-V Instruction Set Manual, Volume I: User-Level ISA (User Architecture Version 20190305-Base-Ratification).
- RISC-V Instruction Set Manual, Volume II: Privileged Architecture (Privileged Architecture Version 20190405-Priv-MSU-Ratification).
- RISC-V Instruction Set Manual, RISC-V base vector extension, version 0.7.1 (draft-20190606).
- RISC-V Instruction Bit Manipulation (B) Extension, Version 0.37 (20-May-2019).

## 1.7 About OVP & Imperas Software

Open Virtual Platforms ([www.OVPworld.org](http://www.OVPworld.org)) was set up in 2008 to provide an open standard approach to creating virtual platforms. OVP provides full definitions of standard APIs to enable the modeling and simulation of digital hardware. There are over 500 OVP models with tools to easily create virtual platforms. With OVP, users create their own models and platforms and can develop software on simulations of hardware. OVPworld.org also provides a full simulation and debug capability that is licensed and usable for non-commercial use.

Most OVP models are available under an Apache 2.0 open source license. For a full list of publicly available OVP processor models, visit here: [www.ovpworld.org/variants](http://www.ovpworld.org/variants). To browse the OVP library of peripheral models, visit here: [www.ovpworld.org/peripherals](http://www.ovpworld.org/peripherals).



For commercial use, [Imperas](#) provide a full suite of simulators, verification / analysis / profiling, debug, and platform / model development tools. Imperas is the leader in heterogeneous multi-core simulation and debug.

Imperas can be contracted to develop new models of processor, peripheral components, or full platforms.

Imperas also provide a RISC-V processor compliance testing service if you need to ensure that your RISC-V RTL is compliant with RISC-V specifications.

Imperas can also provide additional tools and services to assist with RISC-V processor compliance if you need to ensure that your RISC-V RTL is compliant with either the latest or earlier versions of the RISC-V specifications. Please contact Imperas for the latest information.

## Chapter 2

# The riscvOVPsim Fixed Platform Simulator

riscvOVPsim has a built-in fixed platform which comprises one CPU instance of a RISC-V processor model variant and one memory sub-system.

The RISC-V processor model variant is selected by a command line switch and the details of its options can be configured using override commands. See the the section below on using the OVP RISC-V processor model.

The memory fully populates the appropriate address space for the configured processor. It is implemented in the simulator using a sparse memory algorithm and so there are no capacity issues.

## Chapter 3

# Host Platforms

### 3.1 Availability

riscvOVPsim is available on Windows 64 bit, and Linux 64 bit hosts.

### 3.2 Selecting Host

There are two different binary directory trees provided with riscvOVPsim. In the directories will be the appropriate binary files needed for the different hosts.

## Chapter 4

# Running High Speed Simulations

The riscvOVPSim program is a standalone executable that performs the following tasks:

- Sets up the platform with a cpu model and memory
- Configures the behavior of the platform and model by changing run-time command line switches
- Loads application code in .elf format into memory to run on the processor model
- Loads an appropriate semihost library to allow application code to interact with the host computer (for example to display application code 'printf's to the simulation console without the need for a simulated UART)
- Optionally invokes a GDB debugger to enable source code debug
- Runs the simulator which executes the RISC-V cross compiled binary instructions
- Reports performance statistics when simulation is complete

### 4.1 An Introduction and First Simulation

riscvOVPSim is used to simulate application code in bare metal environments by just loading up a cross compiled .elf file and selecting a CPU variant. There are configuration options to select other parameters.

#### 4.1.1 Running using provided scripts and applications

In the main directory, there is an examples directory with several different sub directories, one for each example. If you open one of these directories, you will see several scripts that are either .bat for Windows or .sh for Linux. These can just be executed. In this document we will assume Linux usage:

```
> cat RUN_RV32_Dhrystone.sh
...
${bindir}/riscvOVPSim.exe --variant RV32IMAC \
    --program application/dhrystone.RISCV32.elf
```

The '-variant' selects a specific processor model variant to be simulated. The '-program' specifies which application .elf program to run. To run the simulation:

```
> RUN_RV32_Dhrystone.sh
```

The simulator will run, showing the results of the dhrystone simulation:

```
riscvOVPsim (64-Bit) v20180221.0 Open Virtual Platform simulator from www.IMPERAS.com.
Copyright (c) 2005-2019 Imperas Software Ltd. Contains Imperas Proprietary Information.
Licensed Software, All Rights Reserved.
Visit www.IMPERAS.com for multicore debug, verification and analysis solutions.

riscvOVPsim started: Fri Apr 13 02:40:19 2018

Info (OR_OF) Target riscvOVPsim/cpu has object file read from dhrystone.RISCV32-00-g.elf
Info (OR_PH) Program Headers:
Info (OR_PH) Type          Offset   VirtAddr  PhysAddr  FileSiz   MemSiz    Flags Align
Info (OR_PD) LOAD          0x00000000 0x00010000 0x00010000 0x00017dc0 0x00017dc0 R-E 1000
Info (OR_PD) LOAD          0x00017dc0 0x00028dc0 0x00028dc0 0x000009c0 0x00003228 RW- 1000

Dhrystone Benchmark, Version 2.1 (Language: C)

Program compiled without 'register' attribute

Execution starts, 5000000 runs through Dhrystone

...

Measured time too small to obtain meaningful results
Please increase number of runs

Info
Info -----
Info CPU 'riscvOVPsim/cpu' STATISTICS
Info Type                : riscv (RV32IMAC)
Info Nominal MIPS         : 100
Info Final program counter : 0x100ac
Info Simulated instructions: 6,955,075,157
Info Simulated MIPS       : 1388.9
Info -----
Info
Info -----
Info SIMULATION TIME STATISTICS
Info Simulated time       : 69.55 seconds
Info User time            : 5.01 seconds
Info System time          : 0.00 seconds
Info Elapsed time         : 5.01 seconds
Info Real time ratio      : 13.89x faster
Info -----

riscvOVPsim finished: Fri Apr 13 02:40:24 2018

riscvOVPsim (64-Bit) v20180221.0 Open Virtual Platform simulator from www.IMPERAS.com.
Visit www.IMPERAS.com for multicore debug, verification and analysis solutions.
```

### 4.1.2 Using command line options to show available RISC-V CPU variants

To see the list of processor model variants available in riscvOVPsim:

```
> ./bin/Linux64/riscvOVPsim.exe --showvariants
```

### 4.1.3 Selecting a RISC-V CPU variant

The '-variant' selects a specific processor model variant to be simulated.

```
> ./bin/Linux64/riscvOVPsim.exe --variant RV64IMAC \
    --program application/dhrystone.RISCV64.elf
```

#### 4.1.4 Specifying a RISC-V program .elf file to run

The

```
'--program <app.elf>'
```

specifies which application .elf program to run.

#### 4.1.5 -help and -helpall command line option

There are command line arguments '-help' and '-helpall' that list the options available. For example:

```
> ./bin/Linux64/riscvOVPsim.exe --help
```

See the appendix for details of the help commands.

### 4.2 Reporting performance statistics when simulation is complete

At the end of a simulation run, the simulator will display results and statistics:

```
...
Info
Info -----
Info CPU 'riscvOVPsim/cpu' STATISTICS
Info   Type           : riscv (RV32IMAC)
Info   Nominal MIPS   : 100
Info   Final program counter : 0x100ac
Info   Simulated instructions: 6,955,075,157
Info   Simulated MIPS   : 1388.9
Info -----
Info
Info -----
Info SIMULATION TIME STATISTICS
Info   Simulated time   : 69.55 seconds
Info   User time        : 5.01 seconds
Info   System time      : 0.00 seconds
Info   Elapsed time     : 5.01 seconds
Info   Real time ratio  : 13.89x faster
Info -----

riscvOVPsim finished: Fri Apr 13 02:40:24 2018

riscvOVPsim (64-Bit) v20180221.0 Open Virtual Platform simulator from www.IMPERAS.com.
Visit www.IMPERAS.com for multicore debug, verification and analysis solutions.
```

This shows the fixed platform name (riscvOVPsim), the processor instance (cpu), the variant type (RV32IMAC). The Nominal MIPS is effectively the clock speed that the CPU is clocked at in the platform (this can be overridden). The Simulated MIPS is the number of instructions simulated per second. The Simulated time is the time simulated in the simulation. User, System, and Elapsed time is how long the simulation took if you looked at your watch. The Real time ratio shows how much faster/slower the simulation was compared to real time.

### 4.3 Running the provided examples

The examples directory provides some easy to run examples to show how riscvOVPsim is used. These come with a script to run and configure the simulator and the source and elf files that are needed.



## Chapter 5

# The OVP RISC-V processor model

The OVP RISC-V processor model is written in C and makes calls to the standard OVP VMI API interface.

The source of the OVP RISC-V processor model is available as open source under the Apache 2.0 license where you got this document (see below).

For information on how OVP CPU models are written look at the [OVP Processor Modeling Guide](#) and for information on the VMI API look at [OVP VMI Morph-Time Reference](#) and [OVP VMI Run-Time Reference](#).

The model has been written to contain all the functionality of the standard RISC-V specifications and the functionality of the specification is subset within the model into 'model variants' that are selected at runtime and configure the model. When a model variant is selected, only the defined capabilities of that model variant are available. For example if a floating point instruction is attempted to be executed by a variant that does not implement floating point instructions, then an un-implemented instructed exception is triggered. If an instruction accessed a register that was not present in the selected variant, then again the model would indicated an error, for example trying to use register 31 in an E variant.

### 5.1 The OVP RISC-V processor model source

The full source of the OVP RISC-V processor is provided with this document as a reference. It is the source that is compiled into the model that is being simulated by riscvOVPSim.

If you want to modify the model source and recompile it and use it for simulation, then you need to use either the simulator from OVP or from Imperas as they are simulators that allow this loading of user compiled models. Visit [www.ovpworld.org](http://www.ovpworld.org) or [www.imperas.com](http://www.imperas.com).

### 5.2 The different 'standard' RISC-V ISA features and instruction extensions

The model supports the following architectural features:



- RV32I/64I/128I base ISA
- RV32E base ISA
- extension M (integer multiply/divide instructions)
- extension A (atomic instructions)
- extension B (bit manipulation instructions)
- extension F (single-precision floating point)
- extension D (double-precision floating point)
- extension C (compressed instructions)
- extension N (user-level interrupts)
- extension S (Supervisor mode)
- extension U (User mode)
- extension V (vector instructions)
- 32-bit, 64-bit XLEN

All features and registers in the RISC-V Privilege Specification are implemented and configured as required.

## 5.3 Selecting a specific RISC-V Processor Variant

To see the list of processor model variants available in riscvOVPsim:

```
> ./bin/Linux64/riscvOVPsim.exe --showvariants
```

The '-variant' command selects a specific processor model variant to be simulated.

NOTE: the variant name is case sensitive.

```
> ./bin/Linux64/riscvOVPsim.exe --variant RV64IMAC \
    --program application/dhrystone.RISCV64.elf
```

## 5.4 Available riscvOVPsim RISC-V variants

For each RISC-V variant there is a detailed document that describes the features and limitations of the implementation. It also lists all the registers, ports, modes, exceptions, etc., and importantly, it lists all the configuration parameters that can be set for that variant.

Each variant is unique and has a different document.

### 5.4.1 RV32I

A detailed document of the model variant is available: [RV32I](#)

### **5.4.2 RV32IM**

A detailed document of the model variant is available: [RV32IM](#)

### **5.4.3 RV32IMC**

A detailed document of the model variant is available: [RV32IMC](#)

### **5.4.4 RV32IMAC**

A detailed document of the model variant is available: [RV32IMAC](#)

### **5.4.5 RV32G**

A detailed document of the model variant is available: [RV32G](#)

### **5.4.6 RV32GC**

A detailed document of the model variant is available: [RV32GC](#)

### **5.4.7 RV32GCN**

A detailed document of the model variant is available: [RV32GCN](#)

### **5.4.8 RV32GCV**

A detailed document of the model variant is available: [RV32GCV](#)

### **5.4.9 RV32E**

A detailed document of the model variant is available: [RV32E](#)

### **5.4.10 RV32EC**

A detailed document of the model variant is available: [RV32EC](#)

### **5.4.11 RV64I**

A detailed document of the model variant is available: [RV64I](#)

#### 5.4.12 RV64IM

A detailed document of the model variant is available: [RV64IM](#)

#### 5.4.13 RV64IMC

A detailed document of the model variant is available: [RV64IMC](#)

#### 5.4.14 RV64IMAC

A detailed document of the model variant is available: [RV64IMAC](#)

#### 5.4.15 RV64G

A detailed document of the model variant is available: [RV64G](#)

#### 5.4.16 RV64GC

A detailed document of the model variant is available: [RV64GC](#)

#### 5.4.17 RV64GCN

A detailed document of the model variant is available: [RV64GCN](#)

#### 5.4.18 RV64GCV

A detailed document of the model variant is available: [RV64GCV](#)

### 5.5 Configuring riscvOVPsim to exactly match your processor

The OVP model of the RISC-V specification has many detailed configuration options. These can be set option by option, or, as explained above, the model can be configured by selecting a 'variant'. This is basically a predefined list of settings of many of the different configuration options. To see the details of how a variant configures the model, see the detailed variant documentation as referenced in the previous section.

In many cases, the RISC-V specifications give freedom to the processor implementer to make detailed choices of which parts of the RISC-V specification are implemented and in which way. In a coarse way this might be choosing to not implement hardware floating point, or in a detailed way it might be making a register read only - as allowed in the specifications.

The Imperas OVP RISC-V model can be configured to reflect the specific detailed hardware design decisions that have been chosen.

This detailed configuration of a model is essential when trying to write specification compliance and design tests as the tester needs to know that they are stimulating parts of the specification that should not be in their design and so they need the model to tell them there are errors.

### 5.5.1 Detailed Model Configuration options

To see the list of processor model configuration options available in riscvOVPsim for a variant:

```
> ./bin/Linux64/riscvOVPsim.exe --variant RV32E --showmodeloverrides
```

The complete set of configuration options are listed as an appendix to this document.

NOTE: it is important to set the variant as that selects features and thus what can be configured. Each variant may have different configuration parameters.

### 5.5.2 Configuring the model

An example configuring the model:

```
> ./bin/Linux64/riscvOVPsim.exe --variant RV64GCN \  
  --override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mtvec_is_ro=T \  
  --override riscvOVPsim/cpu/updatePTEA=F \  
  --program app.elf
```

Where `mtvec.is_ro` is a parameter that if set `T` (true) means `mtvec` is read only, and where `updatePTEA` is a parameter that configures the model saying in this case (false) that hardware update of PTEA is not supported.

### 5.5.3 Changing which extensions are enabled in a variant

In the RISC-V architecture the `misa` CSR specifies which extensions are implemented. The reset value for the `misa` register's extensions field may be specified as a configuration option by using the `misa_Extensions` parameter, thus allowing the user to control which extensions are implemented by the simulation model.

In the document for each variant (linked to in the sections above) is a description of which extensions are enabled (in the section titled Extensions) and which extensions are available but not enabled (in the sections titled Available (But Not Enabled) Extensions). The bit locations for each extension may be found there.

For example, to model an RV64IMCD configuration we start with an RV64IMC variant and enable the D extension. First, determine the value of the `misa_Extensions` parameter for this variant:

```
> ./Linux64/bin/riscvOVPsim.exe --variant RV64IMC --showmodeloverrides \  
  | grep misa_Extensions  
  
  --override riscvOVPsim/cpu/misa_Extensions=0x141104 (Uns32)  
    (default=0x141104) (default)  
    Override default value of misa_Extensions
```

Next we determine that bit 3 of the misa CSR corresponds to the D extension by looking in the OVP documentation for the RV64IMC variant (or in the RISC-V Privileged Architecture Specification).

So, to enable the D extension we change misa\_Extensions from 0x141104 to 0x14110c as follows:

```
> ./Linux64/bin/riscvOVPsim.exe --variant RV64IMC \  
    --override riscvOVPsim/cpu/misa_Extensions=0x14110c
```

#### 5.5.4 Configuring options for optional Vector Instructions

The RISC-V vector instructions can be configured with many options. For details of the settings either read the model specific documentation (<http://www.ovpworld.org/procmodeledocs>) or use `-showmodeloverrides` to list them.

### 5.6 Adding user extensions to the OVP RISC-V model

If you want to add new registers or new instructions to the OVP RISC-V model, then there are better ways than modifying the source. Imperas has developed the concept of intercept libraries that can intercept model operation and dynamically modify it - without any of the risks of modifying (maybe incorrectly) the original model source. Imperas has used this very successfully to add user defined custom instructions and registers for different RISC-V customers. For more information contact [info@imperas.com](mailto:info@imperas.com).

## Chapter 6

# Tracing Program Execution

The riscvOVPsim simulator can trace each processor instruction with different levels of detail.

You can use the command line argument `-helpall` to get this listing:

### 6.1 Simulator Trace commands

Flag	Short	Argument	Description
trace	t	[processor]	Trace instructions as they are executed
traceafter		[processor=]integer	Start tracing instructions after this many have executed
tracebuffer		[processor]	Enable the trace buffer
tracechange		[processor]	Trace changed registers
tracecount		[processor=]integer	Trace this number of instructions
tracemode		[processor]	Add the current processor mode to the instruction trace
traceregs		[processor]	Dump registers after each instruction is executed
traceregsafter		[processor]	Dump registers after each instruction is executed
traceregsbefore		[processor]	Dump registers before each instruction is executed
traceshowicount		[processor]	Show instruction count with each instruction

Table 6.1: Trace command arguments

## Chapter 7

# Debugging RISC-V Software with riscvOVPsim

An application program running on the processor can be debugged using a GDB or other compatible debugger by attaching to the running simulator. The debugger can be used standalone or under Eclipse. There are several methods that can be used to accomplish this that will be described in the next sections.

### 7.1 How to debug with standalone GDB

#### 7.1.1 Using gdbconsole

The command line argument `gdbconsole` may be added to the execution of the simulation platform. This will open a port on the simulator and automatically start and connect a compatible GDB to this port.

For example this can be invoked using the command line

```
> riscvOVPsim.exe -program application.elf -gdbconsole
```

#### 7.1.2 Using port and manually attaching a debugger

The command line argument `port` can be used to open a port on the simulation platform to which a compatible GDB (or equivalent) can be manually attached.

Start the simulation and specify a port to open

```
> riscvOVPsim.exe -program application.elf -port 3333
```

Start the GDB, which must be compatible with the processor type to which it is connecting. It is also usual to pass the program to be debugged to the GDB when invoked.

Start the GDB

```
> gdb.exe application.elf
```

At the GDB command line connect to the port that has been opened on the simulation.

```
gdb> target remote localhost:3333
```

You are now able to debug the application.

## 7.2 Debugging with Eclipse CDT

### 7.2.1 Getting Eclipse

Eclipse can be downloaded from [www.eclipse.org](http://www.eclipse.org), selecting the Neon release packages and the link *Eclipse IDE for C/C++ Developers*. Download the package for your host and install.

You will also need to install a suitable Java runtime, try [www.java.com/en/download](http://www.java.com/en/download) and select a Java runtime for your host machine.

### 7.2.2 Configuring Eclipse CDT to connect to an external program

Start Eclipse

Create a new project containing the application to be debugged, ensure that the application is built and up to date.

Select Debug Configurations ...

Select C/C++ Remote Applications->New

Main Tab

- Select Disable Auto Build
- Click 'skip download to target path.'
- If the Automatic Debugging Launcher is selected
  - Select 'Select Other'
  - Click 'Use configuration specific settings'
    - \* Select 'Manual Remote Debugging Launcher'
- Browse or Search project for the application elf file that we want to debug

Debugger Tab

Main

- Change the GDB Debugger to the correct GDB for the processor that is running the application to be debugged

Connection

- Select Type TCP



- Set host name or IP address to localhost (this assume we are running the simulation and the Eclipse on the same machine)
- Set port Number to a fixed port that is available on the host machine and that is used with the *port* argument when the simulation platform is started.

Add a name that indicates the processor and application that this Debug Configuration applies to and click Apply to save.

### 7.2.3 Starting to debug with Eclipse CDT

The simulation platform should be started, and a debug port manually opened using the *port* argument as detailed in a previous section.

If there are multiple processors in the platform, one should be selected using the *debugprocessor* argument, for example -debugprocessor riscvOVPsim/cpu2

```
> riscvOVPsim.exe -program application.elf -port 3333
```

The port number should be selected the same as used in the Eclipse CDT Debug Configuration.

## 7.3 How to debug with OVP eGui

Imperas/OVP have created an Eclipse plugin that interacts with the CDT package to provide debug capabilities beyond those of CDT. eGui can be included into an existing Eclipse/CDT installation as a plugin or installed as part of the Imperas/OVP installation as standalone.

### Getting eGui

This requires that you are registered on the Forum at [www.ovpworld.org](http://www.ovpworld.org)

Once registered you can go to the downloads page and then download and install the following package:

eGui\_Eclipse

### Starting eGui

The command line argument *gdbgui* may be added to the execution of the simulation platform. This will open a port on the simulator and automatically start eGui and connect to this port.

For example, this can be invoked using the command line

```
> riscvOVPsim.exe -program application.elf -gdbgui
```

This will start the eGui Eclipse and connect to the simulation.

## Chapter 8

# RISC-V Verification and Compliance Usage

### 8.1 How to Verify Tests and the Coverage they are Producing

A test will exercise a specific feature of the processor. This may be a specific set of instructions, virtual memory, exceptions or one of many other things. The tests are small and specific with a measurable outcome.

When a test is executed on the virtual platform it can be observed either by using tools or in a debug environment.

#### 8.1.1 Trace Tools

The simulator has the built-in capability to trace instruction execution and changes to register values. This provides a detailed view of the execution of the test.

There are also processor specific trace capability tools that can be loaded. These can provide detailed analysis of the processor execution. These include mode switches, exceptions, access to system registers and others.

The above tools will give full visibility of the execution of the test application allowing, amongst other things, visibility of the behaviour upon internal and external exceptions, illegal instructions, privilege access etc.

In this way we can be sure that the test is performing the actions that we specifically want to see.

Once a tests detailed operation is verified, it can be used to produce a signature which can be used to determine a pass/fail in future runs.

#### 8.1.2 Measuring test coverage

When a suite of tests has been created we want to be sure that they are stimulating all expected aspects of the processor. This can be done by examining the coverage of the processor model.

Tools are provided by Imperas in the M\*SDK tool suite that allow code coverage of the model and instruction usage profiles to be generated.

The processor model code coverage can be used to determine if all instructions and variations of those instructions have been executed. Similarly, it can be used to determine if all exceptions have been stimulated, modes entered etc.

The instruction profile can be used to determine how many times each instruction has been executed within each test of the test suite providing further details of how well an instruction is tested.

### 8.1.3 Configuring RISC-V model for compliance checking

The OVP Fast Processor Model is configured from the base execution model using parameters and overrides. The parameter named `variant` is used to select between the permitted extension and permitted mode combinations of A, B, C, D, E, F, I, M, N, S, U and V.

The RISC-V processor model is configured using overrides to default model parameter values are applied to the processor model instance in the virtual platform, using the `-override` argument. For example:

```
-override riscvOVPsim/cpu/parameter=value
```

A list of all the available configuration parameters for the model can be obtained using the argument `-showmodeloverrides`

These are also described in the RISC-V processor model specific documentation available from the OVP website or in an OVP or Imperas product installation.

### 8.1.4 Fundamental RISC-V Configuration Options

1. What version of Privileged Architecture is implemented? (e.g. 1.10 or 1.11 or 20190405).

```
parameter user_version
```

2. What version of User Architecture is implemented? (e.g. 2.2 or 2.3 or 20190305) .

```
parameter priv_version
```

3. What extensions and modes are supported?

Use `-showvariants` to get a list of the available variants that can be used and then set using `-variant`

### 8.1.5 Machine Mode Control and Status Register (CSR) Constraints

1. Is `misa` CSR writable? If so, which bits are writable, and which fixed?

```
parameter misa_extension_mask
```

2. What is the value of the `mvendorid` CSR?

parameter mvendorid

3. What is the value of the marchid CSR?

parameter marchid

4. What is the value of the mimpid CSR?

parameter mimpid

5. What is the value of the mhartid CSR?

parameter mhartid

6. Is the mtvec CSR writable or fixed?

parameter mtvec\_is\_ro is set to True to make the mtvec read only

7. Does the mtvec CSR have a defined initial value?

parameter mtvec is used to set an initial value

8. Is the time CSR defined, or are accesses to it trapped and emulated?

parameter time\_undefined is set to cause a trap exception if a time instruction is executed

9. Is the cycle CSR defined, or are accesses to it trapped and emulated?

parameter cycle\_undefined is set to cause a trap exception if a cycle instruction is executed

10. Is the instret CSR defined, or are accesses to it trapped and emulated?

parameter instret\_undefined is set to cause a trap exception if a instret instruction is executed

11. On an Illegal Instruction exception, are mtval (and stval, if present) set to 0 or the instruction bit pattern?

parameter tval\_ii\_code is set to True so that the mtval (stval) registers are set to the instruction bit pattern on an illegal instruction

### 8.1.6 Interrupts and Exceptions

1. What is the reset vector address

parameter reset\_address is used to set the reset vector address

2. How many local interrupts are implemented?

parameter local\_int\_num is used to set the number of supplemental local interrupts

3. Is an NMI interrupt implemented?

If the NMI interrupt is implemented a net connection should be made to the nmi signal port on the model. If no connection is made the nmi is disabled.

4. If NMI is implemented, what is the NMI vector address?

parameter nmi\_address is used to set the nmi vector address

### 8.1.7 Physical memory

1. What is the physical address bus size?

The physical address bits for the bus port is set to match the size of the bus connected to the processor so no additional configuration need be applied to the processor model.

2. Are Physical Memory protection (PMP) registers implemented? If so, how many regions are there? (up to 16).

parameter PMP\_registers is used to set the number of implemented PMP address registers

### 8.1.8 Virtual memory

1. If virtual memory is implemented, what address translation modes are implemented? (model supports Sv32, Sv39, Sv48).

parameter Sv\_modes is used to set specify a bit mask indicating the number of Sv modes implemented, for example 1<<8 indicates Sv39

2. Is ASID-managed address translation implemented? If so, how many bits of ASID are implemented?

parameter ASID\_bits is used to specify the number of ASID bits

3. Is update of page table entry A bit performed by hardware or software?

parameter updatePTEA is set to True to indicate support for hardware update of PTE A bit

4. Is update of page table entry D bit performed by hardware or software?

parameter updatePTED is set to True to indicate support for hardware update of PTE D bit

### 8.1.9 Miscellaneous

1. If atomic (A) extension is supported, what is the size in bytes of the lock granule (e.g. 32-byte cache line).

parameter lr\_sc\_grain

2. Is the WFI instruction a true wait or a NOP?

parameter `wfi_is_nop` is set to `True` so that `wfi` is implemented as a `nop` instruction, otherwise halt while waiting for interrupt

3. Does the processor support unaligned memory accesses?

parameter `unaligned` is set to `True` to specify the processor supports unaligned operations.

### 8.1.10 Vector instructions

1. Parameter `ELEN` is used to specify the maximum size of a single vector element in bits (32 or 64). By default, `ELEN` is set to 64.
2. Parameter `VLEN` is used to specify the number of bits in a vector register (a power of two in the range 32 to 2048). By default, `VLEN` is set to 512.
3. Parameter `SLEN` is used to specify the striping distance (a power of two in the range 32 to 2048). By default, `SLEN` is set to 64.
4. Parameter `Zvlsseg` is used to specify whether the `Zvlsseg` extension is implemented. By default, `Zvlsseg` is set to 1.
5. Parameter `Zvamo` is used to specify whether the `Zvamo` extension is implemented. By default, `Zvamo` is set to 1.
6. Parameter `Zvediv` will be used to specify whether the `Zvediv` extension is implemented. This is not currently supported.

## 8.2 Signature File

### 8.2.1 Introduction

A signature file is the contents of a memory region that is output to a file after the execution of an application on a RISC-V processor.

It is used in some of the tests written to validate the RISC-V processor.

By default, the signature file is generated at the end of simulation or when the function `'write_to_host'` is called and it contains the memory contents bounded by the symbols `'signature_begin'` and `'signature_end'`.

The signature file generation is implemented as an Imperas intercept/extension library. It provides both the memory dump and detection of test pass/fail by reading a result register, default `t3`.

### 8.2.2 Configuration

The signature file operation can be configured from the default using the following arguments

- **SignatureFile** : The name of the file created containing the signature
- **SignatureAtEnd** : Write the signature file at the end of simulation. By default the signature file is written on the ‘write\_tohost’ function call.
- **ResultReg** : The register examined to indicate if the test passed or failed. Permitted values 3=gp, 10=a0, 28=t3 (default)

Defining the Start of the memory region containing the signature

- **StartAddress** : The address of the memory
- **StartSymbol** : The symbol, default ‘signature\_start’

Defining the End of the memory region containing signature

- **EndAddress** : The address of the memory
- **EndSymbol** : The symbol, default ‘signature\_end’
- **ByteCount** : The size in bytes

### 8.2.3 Data Format

The signature format, defined by RISC-V.org, consists of 16 bytes per line. This requires that the size of the signature memory is always on a 16-byte boundary and is reduced to the previous boundary if too big. By reducing the size we ensure that only data intended for the signature is included and not additional ‘random’ data.

### 8.2.4 Usage Example

The intercept/extension library is enabled on the virtual platform simulation using the -signedump argument and configured using the override argument on the command line.

#### 8.2.4.1 Basic operation

```
> riscvOVPsim.exe -signedump \  
    -overriderriscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/SignatureFile=<my filename>
```

Changing the memory region to use an alternative symbol

```
> riscvOVPsim.exe -signedump \  
    -override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/SignatureFile=<my filename>  
    -override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/StartSymbol=<symbol of start of memory>  
    -override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/ByteCount=<number of bytes from start>  
    -override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/SignatureAtEnd=T
```

If the program does not call ‘write\_to\_host’ we must also enable the signature to be written when simulation completes, typically this is when ‘exit’ is called.

## 8.3 Custom Instruction

### 8.3.1 Introduction

When running basic tests on the processor without C libraries or hardware to provide character output e.g. a UART; a custom instruction can be used to provide character output in the simulation environment. The custom instruction is added to a test using a MACRO so that the test can be compiled without the custom instruction for execution on hardware or with the custom instruction for execution on the simulator. Note: On hardware there is, therefore, no logging of the test execution and so only a pass/fail result can be obtained. On the simulator the logging can be used to indicate the flow of the test and where it diverges from the expected behavior.

### 8.3.2 Usage Example

The intercept/extension library is enabled on the virtual platform simulation using the -customcontrol argument.

```
> riscvOVPsim.exe -customcontrol
```

If the program executes the custom instruction a character will be displayed at stdout.



## Chapter 9

# Building your own platform and components

Note that an Imperas OVP Fixed Platform is restricted and may only run as provided is and can not be further extended.

However, a platform in OVP is made up from models of processors, memories, and other components such as behavioral peripherals connected using hierarchical bus connections. All components have APIs defined in C and platforms can be created in C/C++ or SystemC that instantiate these components.

You can create models and platforms directly in C/C++ using the standard OVP APIs. To execute and run these models, you need a simulator that implements the OVP APIs. This fixed platform does not support this and you can get access to OVP simulators from Imperas Software and OVPworld.org.

Imperas/OVP provide iGen which is a productivity tool that from a simple iGen input script creates a set of C files in the correct structure, all the main structural parts of the components and provides the placeholders for the behavioral code. For more information on iGen visit this link: [www.imperas.com/iGen](http://www.imperas.com/iGen). To read the iGen user guide, visit this link: [www.ovpworld.org/igen-model-generator-introduction](http://www.ovpworld.org/igen-model-generator-introduction).

### 9.1 Creating Peripheral Models with iGen

A peripheral model template created by iGen as a C file will

1. Construct a model instance
2. Construct bus and net ports for connection to the platform
3. Construct memory mapped registers and memory regions
4. Construct formal parameters which can be set when the peripheral is instantiated in a platform or module and overridden by the simulator to control features of the peripheral model.

The peripheral template will provide empty functions, stubs, that can be filled in by the user to add behavior to the model.

The peripheral template can be compiled and used in simulations to provide the peripheral device programmers view i.e. the register structure and a default behavior.

iGen can also generate a SystemC TLM2 interface for the model. Examples of SystemC TLM2 interfaces for OVP peripherals have been tested with all major SystemC TLM2 simulators.

For more information on iGen and peripherals visit: [www.ovpworld.org/igen-peripheral-generator-user-guide](http://www.ovpworld.org/igen-peripheral-generator-user-guide).

Most peripherals are available as open source and there over 200 listed on the OVPworld website here: [www.ovpworld.org/library](http://www.ovpworld.org/library). You can download and look at the source and modify it to make it your own peripherals, or you can use them directly in your platforms.

## 9.2 Creating Platforms with iGen

OVP platforms are a collection of components connected together into levels of hierarchy in a system to be simulated. This is a program in C/C++ making calls into OVP APIs and normally compiled into an executable or as a shared object/dynamically linked library and loaded by the simulator at run time.

Platforms are created by writing scripts and then using iGen to generate C or SystemC code that calls functions from the OP API.

For more information on iGen and platforms/modules visit:

[www.ovpworld.org/igen-platform-and-module-creation-user-guide](http://www.ovpworld.org/igen-platform-and-module-creation-user-guide).

## 9.3 Creating Processor Models

With the OVP open standard APIs you can write your own processor models in C. Imperas has developed over 200 processor models using this standard modeling approach. Visit [www.ovpworld.org/variants](http://www.ovpworld.org/variants) for more information on the available processor models.

For MIPS there are over 45 different MIPS processor models. See: [www.ovpworld.org/library](http://www.ovpworld.org/library).

For ARM there are over 100 different ARM processor models. See: [www.ovpworld.org/library](http://www.ovpworld.org/library).

For RISC-V there are over 25 different RISC-V models. See: [www.ovpworld.org/library](http://www.ovpworld.org/library).

For most processors model source is available from [www.OVPworld.org](http://www.OVPworld.org) as source under the Apache 2.0 open source license and so you can download the source and modify it if you want to. However modifying the main model source might not be the best approach in terms of maintainable models with extensions, and so Imperas has developed a standard way to extend existing processor models to add instructions and registers without making changes to the source of the main model. See [www.ovpworld.org/creating-instruction-accurate-processor-models-using-the-vmi-api](http://www.ovpworld.org/creating-instruction-accurate-processor-models-using-the-vmi-api) chapter 26 for more information.

## Chapter 10

# Debugging Multi-Core platforms

When you have a single processor instance in a platform the normal software debug approach is to connect up a GDB to the processor and be able to accomplish source code debug. This works well for a single processor and single GDB but problems occur when you have different processor cores in the platform or have complex peripherals as well. A single GDB is not much help and neither is having a different GDB connected to each processor. You the user become the debug scheduler and having to click continue and step in a variety of different windows etc.

It is very difficult to debug a multicore platform with just GDB.

If the platform has more than one core, Imperas has developed an advanced multi-core debugger called Multi-Processor Debug (MPD). An introduction to this is found: [www.imperas.com/MPD](http://www.imperas.com/MPD).

There is a good video introduction of MPD on a platform incorporating a quad core ARM Cortex-A15MPx4 and an Andes RISC-V N25 core here:

[www.imperas.com/mpd-andes-risc-v-n25-running-freertos-and-arm-cortex](http://www.imperas.com/mpd-andes-risc-v-n25-running-freertos-and-arm-cortex).

Another good video shows the SiFive RISC-V U540-MC virtual platform running SMP Linux being debugged with the Imperas Multi-Processor debugger:

[www.imperas.com/sifive-risc-v-u54-mc-booting-smp-linux-being-debugged-with-MPD](http://www.imperas.com/sifive-risc-v-u54-mc-booting-smp-linux-being-debugged-with-MPD).

# Appendices

# Appendix A

## riscvOVPsim Help Commands

To see commonly used command line options:

```
riscvOVPsim.exe --help
```

To see all command line options:

```
riscvOVPsim.exe --helpall
```

To see the list of processor variants:

```
riscvOVPsim.exe --showvariants
```

To run a program:

```
riscvOVPsim.exe --variant <processor variant>  
--program <path to program>
```

To trace instructions please see `-helpall`

### A.1 help

#### A.1.1 control

Flag	Short	Argument	Description
<code>-finishafter</code>	I	<code>[processor=]integer</code>	Finish simulation after this many instructions
<code>-finishtime</code>	F	<code>[module=]seconds</code>	Finish simulation at this time
<code>-showexpiry</code>		<code>[module]</code>	Show how many days before this executable expires and can no longer run

Table A.1: control

### A.1.2 diagnostics

Flag	Short	Argument	Description
-help	h		Print list of flags
-helpall			Print complete list of flags
-showmodeloverrides		[module]	Show all model parameters that can be overridden

Table A.2: diagnostics

### A.1.3 library

Flag	Short	Argument	Description
-showvariants		[processor]	Show processor variants

Table A.3: library

### A.1.4 log

Flag	Short	Argument	Description
-logfile		filename	Output log file
-output	o	filename	Output log file
-version			Print version information

Table A.4: log

### A.1.5 parameters

Flag	Short	Argument	Description
-override	O	name=value	Override a parameter value. Use -showoverrides or -showmodeloverrides for a list
-variant		[processor=]variant	Set a processor variant. Use -showvariants for a list

Table A.5: parameters

### A.1.6 platform

Flag	Short	Argument	Description
-signaturedump			Load the signature dump utility
-signaturedumphelp			Information about the signature dump utility
-customcontrol			Load the custom control utility
-extensionb			Load extension B (Bit Manipulation Operations) preliminary Instruction behavior

Table A.6: platform

### A.1.7 program

Flag	Short	Argument	Description
-argv		arguments	Pass all remaining values to the application main (applies to all processors)
-program		[processor=]filename	Execute this program (on this processor)

Table A.7: program

## A.2 helpall

### A.2.1 control

Flag	Short	Argument	Description
-callcommand		command	Call a command in a plugin. Use -showcommands for a list.
-finishafter	I	[processor=]integer	Finish simulation after this many instructions
-finishtime	F	[module=]seconds	Finish simulation at this time
-nosimulation		[module]	Do not simulate. Simulator will exit after loading the platform
-showexpiry		[module]	Show how many days before this executable expires and can no longer run
-stoponcontrolc		[module]	Simulator will stop on Ctrl-C (SIGINT)

Table A.8: control

### A.2.2 debug

Flag	Short	Argument	Description
-gdbcommandfile		[processor=]filename	GDB will run this startup script
-gdbconsole		[module]	Pop up gdb(s) in console window(s)
-gdbgui		[module]	Start gdb debug in Eclipse (eGui)
-gdbflags		[processor=]flags	Pass additional flags to a gdb
-gdbinit		[processor=]filename	Pass a file to the gdb to execute before the prompt is displayed
-gdbpath		[processor=]filename	Set the gdb path for a processor
-nowait		[module]	Do not wait for RSP connection before simulation
-port		[module=]integer	Open this port number to allow a connection to a GDB using RSP
-symbolfile		[processor=]filename	Read the symbols from this executable

Table A.9: debug

### A.2.3 diagnostics

Flag	Short	Argument	Description
-help	h		Print list of flags
-helpall			Print complete list of flags
-showcommands		[module]	Show commands that can be called with -callcommand
-showmodeloverrides		[module]	Show all model parameters that can be overridden
-showoverrides		[module]	Show all parameters that can be overridden
-showsystemoverrides		[module]	Show all the simulator parameters

Table A.10: diagnostics

### A.2.4 library

Flag	Short	Argument	Description
-showvariants		[processor]	Show processor variants

Table A.11: library

### A.2.5 log

Flag	Short	Argument	Description
-logfile		filename	Output log file
-logflush			Flush data to the log file after each write
-nowarnings	w		Suppress warnings
-output	o	filename	Output log file
-version			Print version information
-werror	W		Treat warnings as errors

Table A.12: log

### A.2.6 parameters

Flag	Short	Argument	Description
-override	O	name=value	Override a parameter value. Use -showoverrides or -showmodeloverrides for a list
-variant		[processor=]variant	Set a processor variant. Use -showvariants for a list

Table A.13: parameters

### A.2.7 platform

Flag	Short	Argument	Description
-customcontrol			Load the custom control utility
-signaturedump			Load the signature dump utility



-signaturedumphelp			Information about the signature dump utility
-extensionb			Load extension B (Bit Manipulation Operations) preliminary Instruction behavior

Table A.14: platform

### A.2.8 program

Flag	Short	Argument	Description
-argv		arguments	Pass all remaining values to the application main (applies to all processors)
-elfusevma		[processor]	Use ELF VMA addresses rather than LMA
-envp		name=value	Pass values (until the next '-') to the application environment list
-loadphysical		[processor]	Use ELF physical addresses
-loadsignextend		[processor]	Sign-extend ELF addresses from 32 to 64 bits
-objfile		[processor=]filename	Load object onto CPU. Set PC to start address
-objfilenoentry		[processor=]filename	Load object onto CPU. Do not set PC to start address
-objfileuseentry	f	[processor=]filename	Load object onto CPU. Set PC to start address
-program		[processor=]filename	Execute this program (on this processor)

Table A.15: program

### A.2.9 trace

Flag	Short	Argument	Description
-trace	t	[processor]	Trace instructions as they are executed
-traceafter		[processor=]integer	Start tracing instructions after this many have executed
-tracebuffer		[processor]	Enable the trace buffer
-tracechange		[processor]	Trace changed registers
-tracecount		[processor=]integer	Trace this number of instructions
-tracemode		[processor]	Add the current processor mode to the instruction trace
-traceregs		[processor]	Dump registers after each instruction is executed
-traceregsafter		[processor]	Dump registers after each instruction is executed
-traceregsbefore		[processor]	Dump registers before each instruction is executed
-traceshowicount		[processor]	Show instruction count with each instruction

Table A.16: trace

# Appendix B

## riscvOVPsim model configuration options

### RV32GC Model Overrides

```
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/variant=RV32GC (Enumeration) (default=RV32I) (override) Selects variant (either a generic UISA or a specific model)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/user_version=2.2 (Enumeration) (default=2.2) (default) Specify required User Architecture version
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/priv_version=1.10 (Enumeration) (default=1.10) (default) Specify required Privileged Architecture version
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/verbose=T (Boolean) (default=T) (default) Specify verbose output messages
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/updatePTEA=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify whether hardware update of PTE A bit is supported
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/updatePTED=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify whether hardware update of PTE D bit is supported
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/unaligned=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify whether the processor supports unaligned memory accesses
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/wfi_is_nop=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify whether WFI should be treated as a NOP (if not, halt while waiting for interrupts)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mtvec_is_ro=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify whether mtvec CSR is read-only
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/tval_ii_code=T (Boolean) (default=T) (default) Specify whether mtval/stval contain faulting instruction bits on illegal instruction exception
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/cycle_undefined=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify that the cycle CSR is undefined (reads to it are emulated by a Machine mode trap)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/time_undefined=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify that the time CSR is undefined (reads to it are emulated by a Machine mode trap)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/instrret_undefined=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify that the instrret CSR is undefined (reads to it are emulated by a Machine mode trap)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/enable_CSR_bus=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Add artifact CSR bus port, allowing CSR registers to be externally implemented
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/ASID_bits=9 (Uns32) (default=9) (default) Specify the number of implemented ASID bits
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/lr_sc_grain=1 (Uns32) (default=1) (default) Specify byte granularity of ll/sc lock region (constrained to a power of two)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/reset_address=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override reset vector address
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/nmi_address=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override NMI vector address
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/PMP_registers=16 (Uns32) (default=16) (default) Specify the number of implemented PMP address registers
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/Sv_modes=3 (Uns32) (default=3) (default) Specify bit mask of implemented Sv modes (e.g. 1<8 is Sv39)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/local_int_num=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Specify number of supplemental local interrupts
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/ndian=none (Endian) (default=none) (default) Model endian
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/misa_MXL=1 (Uns32) (default=1) (default) Override default value of misa.MXL
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/misa_MXL_mask=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Override mask of writable bits in misa.MXL
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/misa_Extensions=0x14112d (Uns32) (default=0x14112d) (default) Override default value of misa.Extensions
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/misa_Extensions_mask=0x102d (Uns32) (default=0x102d) (default) Override mask of writable bits in misa.Extensions
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mvendordir=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override mvendordir register
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/marchid=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override marchid register
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mimpid=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override mimpid register
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mhartid=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override mhartid register
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mtvec=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override mtvec register
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mstatus_FS=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Override default value of mstatus.FS (initial state of floating point unit)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/riscv32Newlib/userargv=0x0 (Pointer) (default=0x0) (default) Pointer to argv structure
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/riscv32Newlib/userenvp=0x0 (Pointer) (default=0x0) (default) Pointer to envp structure
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/riscv32Newlib/initstp=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Stack Pointer initialization
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/ResultReg=28 (Uns32) (default=28) (default) Result Register for RISC.V.org Conformance Test. 3=GP, 10=A0 or 28=T3 (default)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/SignatureFile=(null) (String) (default=(null)) (default) Name of the signature file
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/SignatureAtEnd=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Generate a Signature file at the end of simulation (default to generate on detection of call to write_tohost())
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/StartAddress=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Address of the Start Symbol
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/StartSymbol=begin_signature (String) (default=begin_signature) (default) Name of the Start Symbol
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/EndAddress=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Address of the End Symbol
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/EndSymbol=end_signature (String) (default=end_signature) (default) Name of the End Symbol
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/ByteCount=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Size of region in bytes (must be 16 byte blocks)
```

## RV64GCN Model Overrides

```
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/variant=RV64GCN (Enumeration) (default=RV32I) (override) Selects variant (either a generic UISA or a specific model)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/user_version=2.2 (Enumeration) (default=2.2) (default) Specify required User Architecture version
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/priv_version=1.10 (Enumeration) (default=1.10) (default) Specify required Privileged Architecture version
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/verbose=T (Boolean) (default=T) (default) Specify verbose output messages
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/updatePTEA=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify whether hardware update of PTE A bit is supported
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/updatePTED=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify whether hardware update of PTE D bit is supported
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/unaligned=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify whether the processor supports unaligned memory accesses
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/wfi_is_nop=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify whether WFI should be treated as a NOP (if not, halt while waiting for interrupts)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mtvec_is_ro=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify whether mtvec CSR is read-only
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/tval_ii_code=T (Boolean) (default=T) (default) Specify whether mtval/stval contain faulting instruction bits on illegal instruction exception
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/cycle_undefined=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify that the cycle CSR is undefined (reads to it are emulated by a Machine mode trap)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/time_undefined=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify that the time CSR is undefined (reads to it are emulated by a Machine mode trap)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/instret_undefined=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify that the instret CSR is undefined (reads to it are emulated
  by a Machine mode trap)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/enable_CSR_bus=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Add artifact CSR bus port, allowing CSR registers to be externally implemented
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/ASID_bits=16 (Uns32) (default=16) (default) Specify the number of implemented ASID bits
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/lr_sc_grain=1 (Uns32) (default=1) (default) Specify byte granularity of ll/sc lock region (constrained to a power of two)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/reset_address=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override reset vector address
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mmi_address=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override NMI vector address
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/PMP_registers=16 (Uns32) (default=16) (default) Specify the number of implemented PMP address registers
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/Sv_modes=0x301 (Uns32) (default=0x301) (default) Specify bit mask of implemented Sv modes (e.g. 1<8 is Sv39)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/local_int_num=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Specify number of supplemental local interrupts
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/ndian=none (Endian) (default=none) (default) Model endian
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/misa_MXL=2 (Uns32) (default=2) (default) Override default value of misa.MXL
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/misa_MXL_mask=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Override mask of writable bits in misa.MXL
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/misa_Extensions=0x14312d (Uns32) (default=0x14312d) (default) Override default value of misa.Extensions
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/misa_Extensions_mask=0x302d (Uns32) (default=0x302d) (default) Override mask of writable bits in misa.Extensions
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mvendordid=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override mvendordid register
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/marchid=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override marchid register
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mimpid=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override mimpid register
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mhartid=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override mhartid register
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mtvec=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override mtvec register
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mstatus_FS=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Override default value of mstatus.FS (initial state of floating point unit)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/riscv64Newlib/userargv=0x0 (Pointer) (default=0x0) (default) Pointer to argv structure
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/riscv64Newlib/userenvp=0x0 (Pointer) (default=0x0) (default) Pointer to envp structure
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/riscv64Newlib/initsp=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Stack Pointer initialization
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/ResultReg=28 (Uns32) (default=28) (default) Result Register for RISC-V.org Conformance Test. 3=GP, 10=A0 or 28=T3 (default)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/SignatureFile=null (String) (default=null) (default) Name of the signature file
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/SignatureAtEnd=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Generate a Signature file at the end of simulation
  (default to generate on detection of call to write_tohost())
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/StartAddress=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Address of the Start Symbol
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/StartSymbol=begin_signature (String) (default=begin_signature) (default) Name of the Start Symbol
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/EndAddress=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Address of the End Symbol
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/EndSymbol=end_signature (String) (default=end_signature) (default) Name of the End Symbol
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/ByteCount=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Size of region in bytes (must be 16 byte blocks)
```

## RV64GCN Model Overrides

```
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/variant=RV64GCV (Enumeration) (default=RV32I) (override) Selects variant (either a generic UISA or a specific model)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/user_version=20190305 (Enumeration) (default=20190305) (default) Specify required User Architecture version
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/priv_version=20190405 (Enumeration) (default=20190405) (default) Specify required Privileged Architecture version
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/verbose=T (Boolean) (default=T) (default) Specify verbose output messages
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/updatePTEA=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify whether hardware update of PTE A bit is supported
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/updatePTED=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify whether hardware update of PTE D bit is supported
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/unaligned=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify whether the processor supports unaligned memory accesses
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/unalignedAMO=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify whether the processor supports unaligned memory accesses for AMO instructions
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/wfi_is_nop=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify whether WFI should be treated as a NOP (if not, halt while waiting for interrupts)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mtvec_is_ro=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify whether mtvec CSR is read-only
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/tvec_align=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Specify hardware-enforced alignment of mtvec/stvec/utvec when Vectored interrupt mode enabled
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mtvec_mask=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Specify hardware-enforced mask of writable bits in mtvec register
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/stvec_mask=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Specify hardware-enforced mask of writable bits in stvec register
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/tval_ii_code=T (Boolean) (default=T) (default) Specify whether mtval/stval contain faulting instruction bits on illegal instruction exception
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/cycle_undefined=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify that the cycle CSR is undefined (reads to it are emulated by a Machine mode trap)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/time_undefined=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify that the time CSR is undefined (reads to it are emulated by a Machine mode trap)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/instret_undefined=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify that the instret CSR is undefined (reads to it are
  emulated by a Machine mode trap)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/enable_CSR_bus=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Add artifact CSR bus port, allowing CSR registers to be externally implemented
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/d_requires_f=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) If D and F extensions are separately enabled in the misa CSR,
  whether D is enabled only if F is enabled
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/fs_always_dirty=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) When FPU is enabled, whether mstatus.FS is always 3 (indicating dirty)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/xret_preserves_lr=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Whether an xRET instruction preserves the value of LR
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/ASID_bits=16 (Uns32) (default=16) (default) Specify the number of implemented ASID bits
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/lr_sc_grain=1 (Uns32) (default=1) (default) Specify byte granularity of ll/sc lock region (constrained to a power of two)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/reset_address=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override reset vector address
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mmi_address=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override NMI vector address
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/PMP_grain=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Specify PMP region granularity, G (0 => 4 bytes, 1 => 8 bytes, etc)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/PMP_registers=16 (Uns32) (default=16) (default) Specify the number of implemented PMP address registers
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/Sv_modes=0x301 (Uns32) (default=0x301) (default) Specify bit mask of implemented Sv modes (e.g. 1<8 is Sv39)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/local_int_num=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Specify number of supplemental local interrupts
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/ndian=none (Endian) (default=none) (default) Model endian
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/misa_MXL=2 (Uns32) (default=2) (default) Override default value of misa.MXL
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/misa_MXL_mask=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Override mask of writable bits in misa.MXL
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/misa_Extensions=0x34112d (Uns32) (default=0x34112d) (default) Override default value of misa.Extensions
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/misa_Extensions_mask=0x20112d (Uns32) (default=0x20112d) (default) Override mask of writable bits in misa.Extensions
```

```
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mvendorid=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override mvendorid register
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/marchid=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override marchid register
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mimpid=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override mimpid register
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mhartid=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override mhartid register
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mtvec=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Override mtvec register
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/mstatus_FS=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Override default value of mstatus.FS (initial state of floating point unit)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/ELEN=64 (Uns32) (default=64) (default) Override ELEN (vector extension)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/SLEN=64 (Uns32) (default=64) (default) Override SLEN (vector extension)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/VLEN=0x200 (Uns32) (default=0x200) (default) Override VLEN (vector extension)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/Zvlseg=T (Boolean) (default=T) (default) Specify that Zvlseg is implemented (vector extension)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/Zvamo=T (Boolean) (default=T) (default) Specify that Zvamo is implemented (vector extension)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/Zvediv=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Specify that Zvediv is implemented (vector extension)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/riscv64Newlib/userargv=0x0 (Pointer) (default=0x0) (default) Pointer to argv structure
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/riscv64Newlib/userenvp=0x0 (Pointer) (default=0x0) (default) Pointer to envp structure
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/riscv64Newlib/initsp=0 (Uns64) (default=0) (default) Stack Pointer initialization
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/ResultReg=28 (Uns32) (default=28) (default) Result Register for RISC-V.org Conformance Test. 3=GP, 10=A0 or 28=T3 (default)
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/SignatureFile=(null) (String) (default=(null)) (default) Name of the signature file
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/SignatureAtEnd=F (Boolean) (default=F) (default) Generate a Signature file at the end of simulation
    (default to generate on detection of call to write_tohost())
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/StartAddress=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Address of the Start Symbol
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/StartSymbol=begin_signature (String) (default=begin_signature) (default) Name of the Start Symbol
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/EndAddress=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Address of the End Symbol
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/EndSymbol=end_signature (String) (default=end_signature) (default) Name of the End Symbol
--override riscvOVPsim/cpu/sigdump/ByteCount=0 (Uns32) (default=0) (default) Size of region in bytes (must be 16 byte blocks)
```

## Appendix C

# Compiling RISC-V programs

The Imperas and OVP simulators load programs compiled into .elf format. So to execute RISC-V programs you need to cross compile the C programs or assemble the asm files into .elf files.

To accomplish this you need to download and install compiler tool chains - either GNU GCC or LLVM.

You can use any tool chain that produces an elf file and load this with one of the built-in loaders.

Note: Although not supported by the fixed platform an Imperas or OVP platform can use the OVP APIs to directly load any binary into memory from which it can be simulated.

## Installing GNU GCC tool chains from OVP

As a convenience OVP makes available a pre-built GCC tool chain that is compatible with its simulators and models. This can be obtained here: [www.ovpworld.org/riscv.toolchains](http://www.ovpworld.org/riscv.toolchains).

For instructions on using the cross compilers, please consult: [www.ovpworld.org/installation](http://www.ovpworld.org/installation) chapter 7.

## Appendix D

# Information on Open Virtual Platforms



Imperas and others announced OVP in March 2008 and have since put the OVPSim simulator, full documentation, and examples / demos and processor models on [www.ovpworld.org](http://www.ovpworld.org) site. There are many models of processors from many ISA families: - ARM, MIPS, Synopsys ARC, Renesas v850 / RH850 / RL78 / M16C, openCores OR1K, PowerPC, Altera Nios II, Xilinx MicroBlaze, SiFive, Andes, Microsemi, RISC-V, single core, multicore, manycore, C, C++, SystemC, TLM2 etc.

Imperas and others have put many of the processor and peripheral models into open source and made them available on the OVP site on the [www.ovpworld.org/downloads](http://www.ovpworld.org/downloads) and [www.ovpworld.org/library](http://www.ovpworld.org/library) pages.

## What is OVP?

It is simulation to develop software on: Fast Simulation, Free open source models, Easy to use!

[Imperas Software Ltd](http://www.imperas.com) developed some fantastic virtual platform and modeling technology to enable simulating embedded systems running real application code. These simulations run at speeds of 100s and 100s of MIPS on typical desktop PCs and are completely Instruction Accurate and model the whole system.

	RISC-V RV32G			ARM32			Imagination MIPS32		
Benchmark	Simulated Instructions	Run time	Simulated MIPS	Simulated Instructions	Run time	Simulated MIPS	Simulated Instructions	Run time	Simulated MIPS
linpack	5,942,442,478	3.24s	<b>1834</b>	1,214,194,084	0.81s	<b>1506</b>	1,665,624,452	0.99s	<b>1682</b>
Dhrystone	5,564,075,544	3.75s	<b>1488</b>	4,920,070,302	3.38s	<b>1458</b>	1,560,089,486	0.84s	<b>1857</b>
Whetstone	12,726,977,092	8.46s	<b>1504</b>	1,269,185,283	1.09s	<b>1164</b>	1,894,381,527	0.76s	<b>2493</b>
peakSpeed2	27,000,012,085	3.61s	<b>7500</b>	27,500,007,040	3.95s	<b>6962</b>	5,600,004,984	0.79s	<b>7124</b>
	RISC-V RV64GC			ARM AARCH64			Imagination MIPS64		
Benchmark	Simulated Instructions	Run time	Simulated MIPS	Simulated Instructions	Run time	Simulated MIPS	Simulated Instructions	Run time	Simulated MIPS
linpack	2,423,371,379	1.1s	<b>2203</b>	4,999,878,343	2.76s	<b>1812</b>	1,843,945,304	0.95s	<b>1962</b>
Dhrystone	5,600,060,511	3.43s	<b>1637</b>	2,390,060,024	1.67s	<b>1431</b>	1,794,088,951	1.59s	<b>1130</b>
Whetstone	1,782,196,148	1.11s	<b>1606</b>	1,576,656,496	1.68s	<b>939</b>	1,453,142,044	0.64s	<b>2274</b>
peakSpeed2	28,000,002,559	4.98s	<b>5623</b>	27,500,004,076	4s	<b>6875</b>	28,000,004,416	5.34s	<b>5243</b>
	PowerPC			Renesas v850			Synopsys ARC		
Benchmark	Simulated Instructions	Run time	Simulated MIPS	Simulated Instructions	Run time	Simulated MIPS	Simulated Instructions	Run time	Simulated MIPS
linpack	3,143,920,699	2.02s	<b>1557</b>	5,372,682,210	3.62s	<b>1488</b>	996,212,491	0.86s	<b>1159</b>
Dhrystone	802,066,836	0.55s	<b>1458</b>	12,790,132,941	8.01s	<b>1597</b>	2,470,110,910	2.11s	<b>1171</b>
Whetstone	6,424,865,755	3.94s	<b>1631</b>	10,296,940,591	6.04s	<b>1708</b>	1,214,268,961	0.68s	<b>1774</b>
peakSpeed2	27,500,003,291	6.48s	<b>4246</b>	27,500,009,239	3.89s	<b>7069</b>	28,500,007,430	3.97s	<b>7179</b>
	Altera Nios II			Xilinx MicroBlaze			OpenCores OR1K		
Benchmark	Simulated Instructions	Run time	Simulated MIPS	Simulated Instructions	Run time	Simulated MIPS	Simulated Instructions	Run time	Simulated MIPS
linpack	3,494,897,435	1.93s	<b>1811</b>	10,871,290,698	4.39s	<b>2477</b>	5,027,664,578	3.53s	<b>1426</b>
Dhrystone	3,610,082,777	3.08s	<b>1176</b>	7,620,119,106	4.98s	<b>1530</b>	2,062,114,425	1.02s	<b>2042</b>
Whetstone	5,850,887,389	2.67s	<b>2193</b>	27,108,532,655	10.39s	<b>2609</b>	11,151,873,005	5.2s	<b>2145</b>
peakSpeed2	27,000,014,679	3.71s	<b>7278</b>	16,500,024,223	3.33s	<b>4955</b>	39,000,012,784	7.35s	<b>5308</b>

All measurements on 3.50GHz Intel i7-4770K, Linux FC20, OVPsim 201802210

Imperas decided to open up this technology and OVP is the vehicle to make it public.

OVP has three main components - the OVP APIs that enable a C model to be written, a library of free open source processor and peripheral models, and OVPsim a fast, easy to download and use reference simulator that executes these models.

There is also the iGen Model Building Wizard that is part of the OVP download and makes it easy to create platforms and models.

With OVP you can put together a simulation model of a platform, compile it to an executable, and connect it to your debugger to provide a very efficient fast embedded software development environment.

To read more about OVP visit: [Why?](#), [Virtual Platforms?](#), [Rationale?](#), [Continuous Integration](#), [Partners](#), [Licensing](#), [Downloading](#).

## Appendix E

# Information on Imperas Software tools



For the last 10 years [Imperas Software Limited](#) has been developing simulation technology, models, and tools to assist embedded software developers getting their software written, tested, and debugged.

For information on the Imperas Advanced Multicore Software Development Kit (M\*SDK), the CPU Model Generator (cpuGen), Virtual Platform Simulation Acceleration (QuantumLeap), the Instruction Set Simulator (ISS), Virtual Platform Development and Simulation (C\*DEV, S\*DEV, M\*DEV), or RISC-V solutions (RISC-V) - please visit: [www.imperas.com/products](http://www.imperas.com/products).

To read about how Imperas solutions accelerate Embedded Software Development, how developers use simulation of virtual platforms in their continuous integration environments, and how automotive users adopt simulation for failsafe reliability verification - please visit: [www.imperas.com/solutions](http://www.imperas.com/solutions). There are several case studies: [www.imperas.com/imperas-case-studies](http://www.imperas.com/imperas-case-studies).

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## Appendix F

# Imperas License governing use of riscvOVPsim

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