Benefits of SlicerAutoscoperM Hierarchical 3D Registration Module over Traditional Research Methods

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Agenda

- 1. Introduction
- 2. Challenges with Traditional Workflow
- 3. Benefits of SlicerAutoscoperM Hierarchical 3D Registration Module
- 4. Examples in the Human Biomechanics Laboratory (University of Western Ontario, Canada)
- 5. Why is 3DH Module important for research?



1. Introduction



1. About Me



- Current candidate for MESc in Biomedical Engineering at Western University (Canada)
- International exchange at Brown University Health
- Supported by the Canadian MSK Rehab Research Network







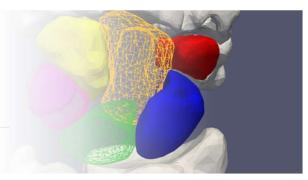


1. Lab Resources





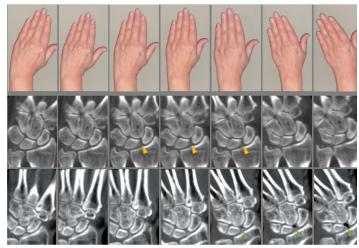
HUMAN BIOMECHANICS LABORATORY





1. Background of 4DCT

- 4DCT adds another dimension (time) to traditional CT scans
- Analyze motion in real time



4DCT Calcium Pyrophosphate Deposition Disease [1]



4DCT Thoracic Malignancies at The University of Texas [2]



1. Topic Background

Carpometacarpal Osteoarthritis (CMC OA) is a degenerative joint condition

Affects 15% of adults over 30 years and 66% of women older

than 55 [3]



Osteophytes in CMC Joint Radiograph [4]

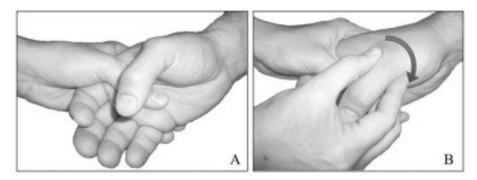


Joint Subluxation [5]



1. Motivation

- Mechanical progression of CMC OA
- Screw-home mechanism
- Kinematic analysis



Screw-home Mechanism [5]



Advanced CMC OA [6]



2. Challenges with Traditional Workflow

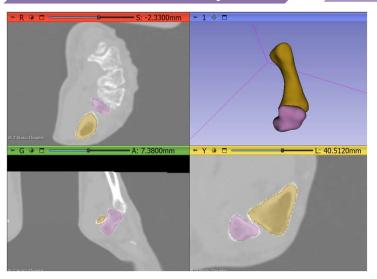


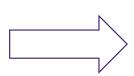
Old Workflow:

Manual Segmentation (24 frames + static)

Registration (Python or Slicer)

Helical Axes Calculation









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Static Trapezium

Frame 4 Trapezium

Initial Surface Registration

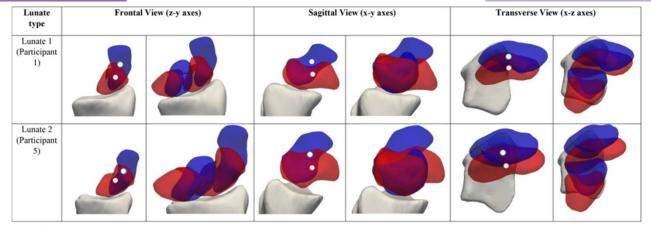


Old Workflow:

Manual Segmentation (24 frames + static)

Registration (Python or Slicer)

Helical Axes 3 Calculation



Scaphoid translation comparison between individuals with type one and type two lunates [7]



Difficult to identify bones due to morphed geometry

Increased **artifact** in 4DCT scans

Repeatability concerns

Time consuming (manual segmentation)



3. Benefits of SlicerAutoscoperM Hierarchical 3D Registration Module







Study includes 3 motions and n=30 participants

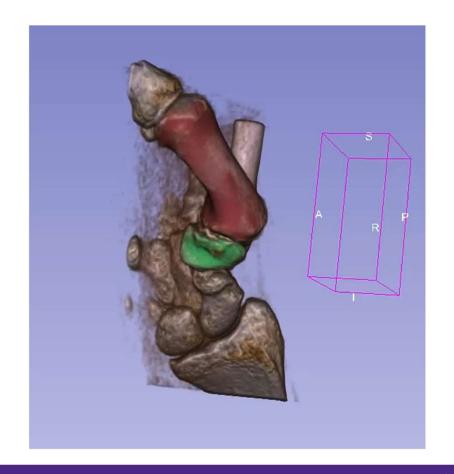
	Old Method	SlicerAutoscoperM Module
Segmentation Time n=1	(0.5 hours*25 frames) (24+static) 12.5 hours	(static models) 0.5 hours
Segmentation Time n=30	(12.5 hours*3 motions*30 participants) 1,125 hours	(0.5 hours* 30 participants) 15 hours
Registration Time	(0.1 hour* 24 frames *3 motions* 30 participants) 216 hours	(0.3 hours per motion *3 motions * 30 participants) 27 hours
Total Analysis: (Registration + Segmentation)	(1,125 + 216) 1,341 hours	(15+27) 42 hours

Over 54 days saved with the SlicerAutoscoperM Hierarchical 3D Registration Module!

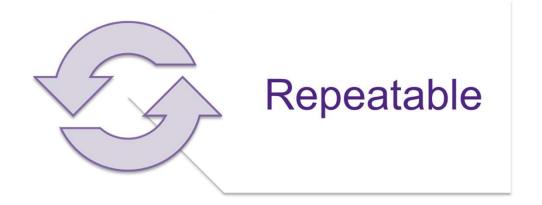




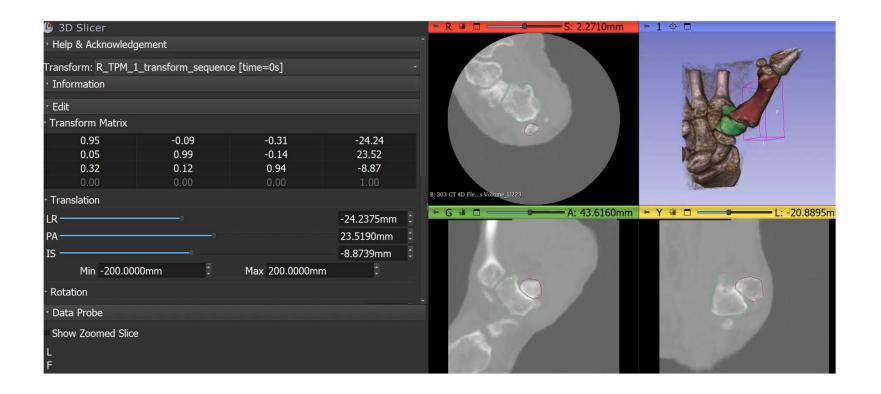


















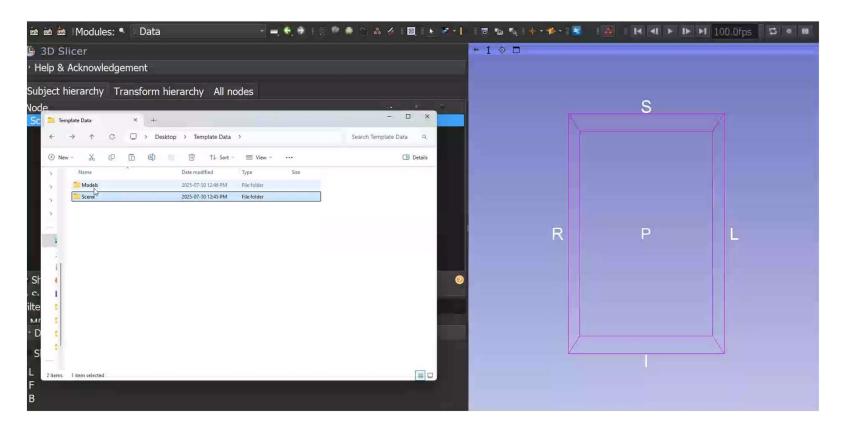
- Infinite possibilities of additional features
- Online resources and support
- Easily accessible for all researchers
- Continuous updates and system improvements



4. Example Case



4. Initial Set Up





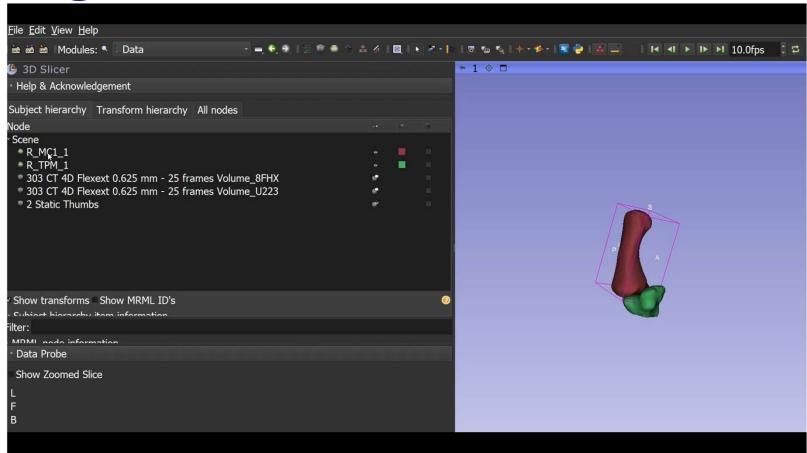
4. Lessons Learned

- Load DICOM files through Slicer and then export them (save) in a specific location
 - Ensure you have **proper file formats** (for my workflow):
 - Static CT- .nrrd
 - 4DCT- .seq.nrrd and .nrrd

SlicerAutoscoperM Supported File Formats



4. Registration



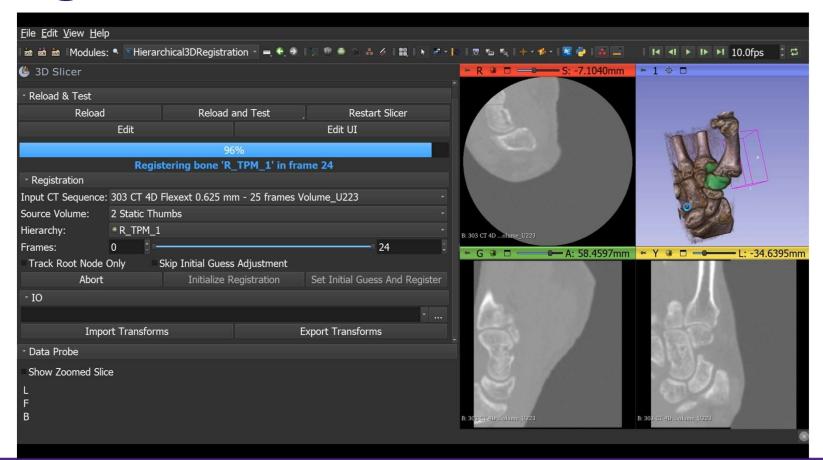


4. Lessons Learned

- Ensure that the source volume is your static CT
- Utilize all planes of view when registering
- If one frame does not register properly, abort registration and try again



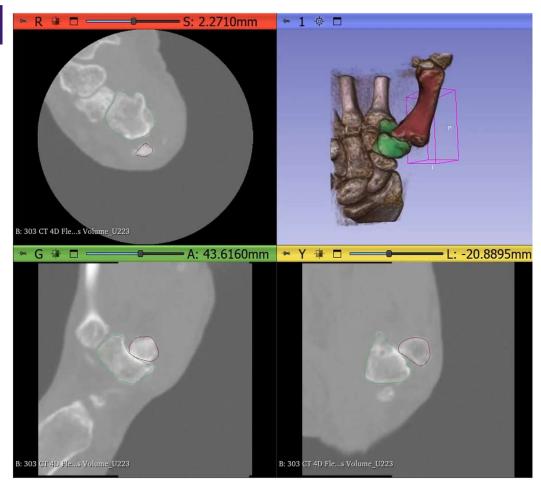
4. Registration





4. Lessons Learned

When exporting transforms,
 select a directory first





5. Why is 3DH Module important for research?



5. Impact



Handles challenging OA morphology

Accelerates speed of analysis for large datasets (hours not days)

Enables **standardized**, reproducible results

Facilitates the integration of future Slicer developments



5. Lessons Learned

File Structure

Ensure proper format

Registration

Use all planes of view

Exporting transforms

Must include a directory for exporting transforms



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References

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