

Spring Boot web application with JDBC (Part 2)

Overview

This part adds functionality to insert new products into the database via a web form. The application lifecycle is as follows:

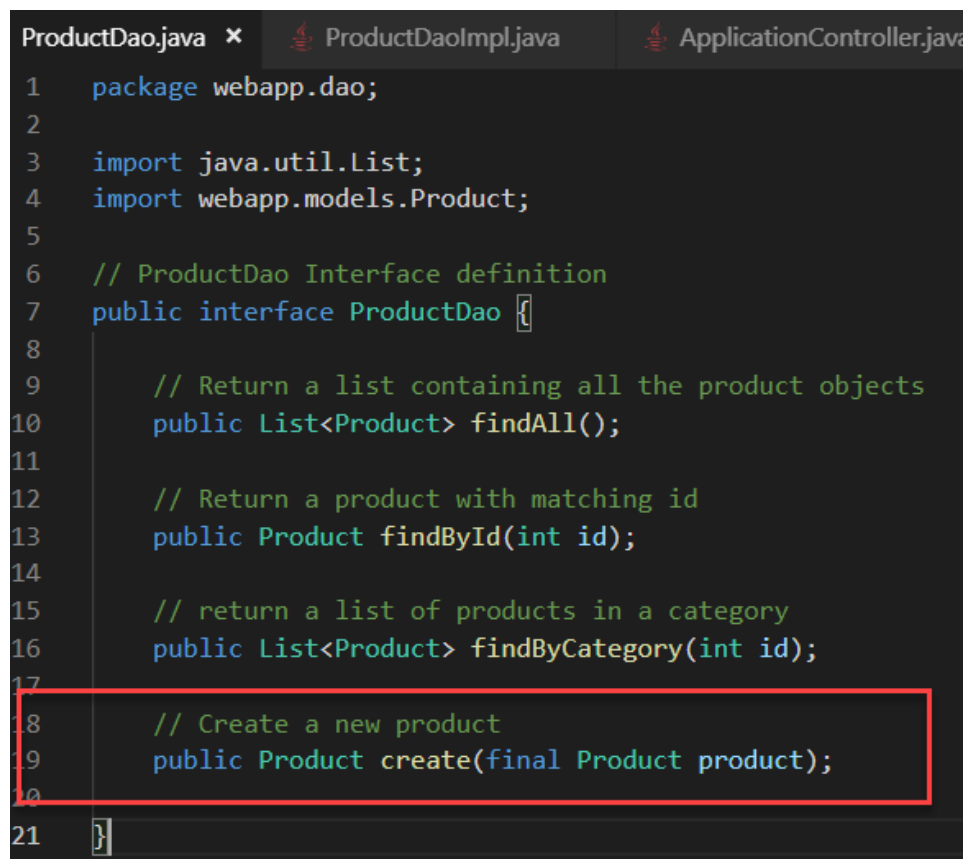
1. Display the form (**/newProduct**)
2. Fill in form values and **submit**
3. Insert new product into database.

1. Add DAO method

Add a method to **ProductDao** and its implementation to perform the insert

First **ProductDao** (the interface)

The create method accepts a product parameter (which will be empty) and returns a new product after it has been created.



```
ProductDao.java x ProductDaoImpl.java ApplicationController.java
1 package webapp.dao;
2
3 import java.util.List;
4 import webapp.models.Product;
5
6 // ProductDao Interface definition
7 public interface ProductDao {
8
9     // Return a list containing all the product objects
10    public List<Product> findAll();
11
12    // Return a product with matching id
13    public Product findById(int id);
14
15    // return a list of products in a category
16    public List<Product> findByCategory(int id);
17
18    // Create a new product
19    public Product create(final Product product);
20
21 }
```

The product implementation, **ProductDaoImpl.java**

The SQL statement required for insert

```
// SQL statements for selecting products|
private final String SELECT_SQL = "SELECT * FROM dbo.Product";
private final String SELECT_SQL_BY_ID = "SELECT * FROM dbo.Product WHERE ProductId = ?";
private final String SELECT_SQL_BY_CAT_ID = "SELECT * FROM dbo.Product WHERE CategoryId = ?";
private final String INSERT_SQL = "INSERT INTO Product(ProductName,CategoryId,ProductDescription,ProductStock,ProductPrice) values(?,?,?,?,?)";
```

Copy this text:

```
private final String INSERT_SQL = "INSERT INTO
Product(ProductName,CategoryId,ProductDescription,ProductStock,ProductPrice) values(?,?,?,?,?)";
```

The **create** method which will fill in the values and execute the query (see code comments)

```
// Create a new product
public Product create(final Product product) {

    // A new Primary key (identity) value will be generated by the database on insert
    // This value is retrieved using KeyHolder
    KeyHolder holder = new GeneratedKeyHolder();
    jdbcTemplate.update(new PreparedStatementCreator() {
        @Override
        // Prepared statement replaces ? parameters with values
        // Create the statement and connect
        public PreparedStatement createPreparedStatement(Connection connection) throws SQLException {
            PreparedStatement ps = connection.prepareStatement(INSERT_SQL, Statement.RETURN_GENERATED_KEYS);
            // Set each parameter by index (of ? in SQL) and value
            ps.setString(1, product.getProductName());
            ps.setInt(2, product.getCategoryId());
            ps.setString(3, product.getProductDescription());
            ps.setInt(4, product.getProductStock());
            ps.setDouble(5, product.getProductPrice());

            // return the completed statement
            return ps;
        }
    }, holder);

    // Get the new id and assign it to the new product object
    int newProductId = holder.getKey().intValue();
    product.setProductId(newProductId);

    // Return the newly created product
    return product;
}
```

2. A Controller Method to load the add Product page

This method will load a view named **newProduct**. The view requires an empty Product object and also a list of categories for the form:

```
// The about page will be accessed using /newProduct from the browser
@RequestMapping(value = "/newProduct", method = RequestMethod.GET)
public String newProduct(Model model) {

    // add empty Product to the model
    model.addAttribute("product", new Product());

    // Get a list of categories and add to the model
    List<Category> categories = categoryData.findAll();
    model.addAttribute("categories", categories);

    // Return the view
    return "newProduct";
}
```

3. The add product form

Here's the form part (see below for the full html for the **newProduct** page).

This is an HTML form – contained in a **<form>** element. The Thymeleaf **th:** syntax is used to link the form fields to the **product** object which was passed as a parameter. It is also styled using Bootstrap 4 (using **class=...**)

1. The form properties
 - a. **th:object** associates the form with **product**
 - b. **th:action** defines where the form will be submitted (the controller will look after this)
 - c. Method defines that the form will be sent via HTTP POST (parameters in request body)
 - d. Needs-validation will check required fields in browser before submitting.
2. Each form field consists of a **label** and an input wrapped in a Bootstrap div (**form-group**)
 - a. **th:field** associates the product field and type defines the data input type expected
3. The HTML **<select>** element provides a list of options. In this case, categories. It is also assigned to the product object **CategoryId**
4. The submit button sends the values entered to the address defined by the form **action** attribute.

```
24 <!-- Column 2 - Product List -->
25 <div class="col-sm-9">
26 <h3>Add Product</h3>
27 <!-- https://getbootstrap.com/docs/4.0/components/forms/ -->
28 1 <form th:object="{product}" th:action="@{/newProduct}" method="post" class="needs-validation">
29 <input type="hidden" th:field="*{ProductId}" />
30 <div class="form-group">
31 2 <label for="productName">Product Name</label>
32 <input th:field="*{productName}" type="text" class="form-control" placeholder="" required>
33 </div>
34 <div class="form-group">
35 <label for="productDescription">Product Description</label>
36 <input th:field="*{ProductDescription}" type="text" class="form-control" placeholder="" required>
37 </div>
38 <div class="form-group">
39 <label for="productCategory">Category</label>
40 <select th:field="*{CategoryId}" class="form-control" required>
41 3 <option value="0">choose category</option>
42 <option th:each="cat : ${categories}"
43 <th:value="${cat.CategoryId}"
44 <th:utext="${cat.CategoryName}">
45 </option>
46 </select>
47 </div>
48 <div class="form-group">
49 <label for="productStock">Stock level</label>
50 <input th:field="*{ProductStock}" type="number" class="form-control" placeholder="0" required>
51 </div>
52 <div class="form-group">
53 <label for="productPrice">Price</label>
54 <input th:field="*{ProductPrice}" type="number" class="form-control" placeholder="10.00" required>
55 </div>
56 <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary">Submit</button> 4
57 </form>
58 </div> <!-- End Products col -->
```

newProduct.html

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<head>
  <meta charset="UTF-8">
  <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
  <!-- Link Bootstrap 4 from CDN -->
  <link rel="stylesheet" href="https://stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.1.3/css/bootstrap.min.css" integrity="sha384-
MCw98/SFnGE8fJT3GXwEOngsV7Zt27NXFoaoApmYm81iuXoPkFOJwJ8ERdknLPMO" crossorigin="anonymous">

  <title>Products</title>
</head>
<body>
  <!--*/ <th:block th:include="fragments/navigation :: navigation"></th:block> */-->
  <p></p>
  <p></p>
  <!-- Bootstrap-->
  <div class="container">
    <!-- Content row with 2 columns-->
    <div class="row">
      <!-- Column 1 - Categories List -->
      <div class="col-sm-3">

        </div> <!-- End Categories col-->

      <!-- Column 2 - Product List -->
      <div class="col-sm-9">
        <h3>Add Product</h3>
        <!-- https://getbootstrap.com/docs/4.0/components/forms/ -->
        <form th:object="${product}" th:action="@{/newProduct}" method="post" class="needs-validation">
          <input type="hidden" th:field="*{ProductId}" />
          <div class="form-group">
            <label for="productName">Product Name</label>
            <input th:field="*{ProductName}" type="text" class="form-control" placeholder="" required>
          </div>
          <div class="form-group">
            <label for="productDescription">Product Description</label>
            <input th:field="*{ProductDescription}" type="text" class="form-control" placeholder="" required>
          </div>
          <div class="form-group">
            <label for="productCategory">Category</label>
            <select th:field="*{CategoryId}" class="form-control" required>
              <option value="0">choose category</option>
              <option th:each="cat : ${categories}"
                th:value="${cat.CategoryId}"
                th:text="${cat.CategoryName}">
            </select>
          </div>
          <div class="form-group">
            <label for="productStock">Stock level</label>
            <input th:field="*{ProductStock}" type="number" class="form-control" placeholder="0" required>
          </div>
          <div class="form-group">
            <label for="productPrice">Price</label>
            <input th:field="*{ProductPrice}" type="number" class="form-control" placeholder="10.00" required>
          </div>
          <button type="submit" class="btn btn-primary">Submit</button>
        </form>
      </div> <!-- End Products col -->
    </div> <!-- End row -->
  </div> <!-- End container -->

  <!-- JavaScript dependencies for Bootstrap 4-->
  <script src="https://code.jquery.com/jquery-3.3.1.slim.min.js" integrity="sha384-
q8i/X+965Dz00rT7abK41JStQIAqVgRVzpbzo5SmXKp4YfRvH+8abtTE1Pi6jizo" crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
  <script src="https://cdn.jsdelivr.cloudflare.com/ajax/libs/popper.js/1.14.3/umd/popper.min.js" integrity="sha384-
ZMP7rVo3mIykV+2+9J3UJ46jBk0WLaUAdn689aCwoqbBJiSnjAK/l8WvCWPIpM49" crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
  <script src="https://stackpath.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/4.1.3/js/bootstrap.min.js" integrity="sha384-
ChfqqquZUCnJSK3+MXmPNIyE6ZbWh2IMqE241rYiqJxyMiZ6OW/JmZQ5stwEULTy" crossorigin="anonymous"></script>
</body>
</html>
```

5. Handling form submit

Back to the controller to handle the incoming form values (after it is submission).

The `newProduct()` method already handles requests to `/newProduct`

```
// The newProduct page will be accessed using /newProduct from the browser
@RequestMapping(value = "/newProduct", method = RequestMethod.GET)
public String newProduct(Model model) {
```

That version is for requests using the `GET` method (e.g. via the browser address bar or a link).

Our new method to handle the form submit will re-use `/newProduct` but for `POST` requests.

```
// Handle form submit via HTTP POST
@RequestMapping(value = "/newProduct", method = RequestMethod.POST)
// Form data will be supplied as a filled in Product object
public String createProduct(Product product) {

    // Use the Dao to create the new product
    // To do: check for errors and return to form if any found
    productData.create(product);

    // Redirect back to the products list
    // To do: Open a page showing the new product in its own page
    return "redirect:/products";
}
```

To be continued...