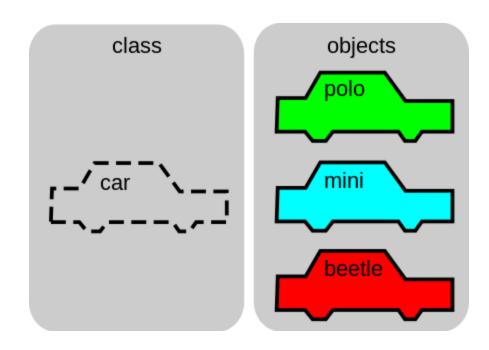
Objects



Constructing Object

- Constructor in JS is a function that is used to populate the fields of an existing object
- Naming convention: start the name of constructor with capital letter
- Constructor is passed to the new operator which constructs new object and calls constructor to populate/initialize the object.
- Every object has constructor property set to the constructor of the object.

```
function createPoint(x,y) {
  var pt = {};
  pt.x= x;
  Pt.y = y;
  return pt;
  }
  var a = createPoint(2,3);
  Var b = createPoint(4,5);
```

```
var Point = function(x, y) {
    this.x = x;
    this.y = y;
}
var a = new Point(2, 3);
var b = new Point(3, 4)

//where does this come from?
a.constructor === Point;
```

Where does this property come from?

- □ a.constructor === Point; //Both are function type
- There are 5 different types that can contain values:
 - string
 - number
 - boolean
 - object (includes null, Array, Date, Object)
 - Function
- □ There are 2 datatype without values:
 - null
 - undefined

Constructing Object

```
var a = new Object();
a.x = 2;
a.y = 3;
```

```
var a = new Object(\{x:2, y:3\});
```

```
var b = Object.create(a);
```

'this' represents context object

When used in constructor, this is bound to newly created object

```
var a = new Point(2,3); //this in Point=a
```

• When function is bound to an object, then *this* points to the binding object.

```
var a.foo = function() {return this.x};//this=a
```

Inheritance

- Each function object comes pre-equipped field called prototype
- The prototype field is initially an empty object
- When a field f is looked up in the object, the object's own fields are searched first.
- If object does not have that field, then object's constructor's prototype is searched to locate f.
- Thus any field added to the prototype field of the constructor is accessible to all objects built with that constructor.

Prototypal Inheritance: prototype

```
function Point(x,y){
this.x = x;
this.y = y;
var pt = new Point(2,3);
var pt2= new Point(4,5);
pt.constructor == Point;
pt.z == undefined;
//adding a field to prototype reflects in all inherited objects
Point.prototype.z = 10;
pt.z == 10;
pt2.z == 10;
Pt.hasOwnProperty("z") == false;
Point.prototype.hasOwnProperty("z") == true;
```

Prototypal Inheritance: __proto__

- prototype property:
 What can be inherited from me.
- __proto__ inner property:What have I inherited?

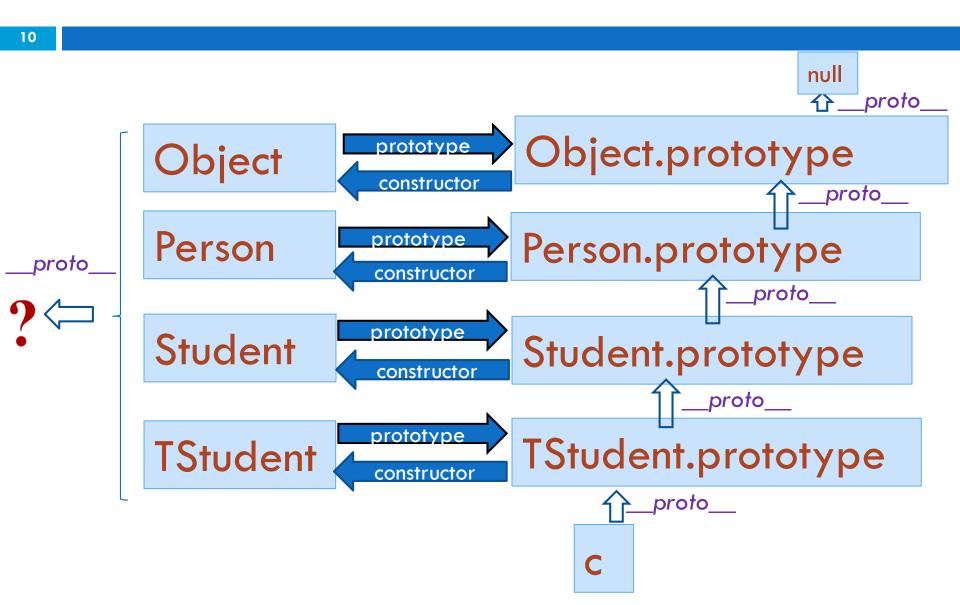
```
pt.__proto__ == pt.constructor.prototype; //== Point.prototype
pt.__proto__ .__proto__ == Object.prototype;
pt.__proto__ .__proto__ = null;
```

Prototypal Inheritance: __proto__

```
var Person = function(name, id) {
    this.name = name; this.id = id;
var Student = function(name, id, program) {
     Person.call(this, name, id); this.program = program;
var TStudent = function(name, id, program, subject) {
     Student.call(this, name, id, program); this.subject = subject;
//make the prototype chain
Student.prototype. proto = Person.prototype;
Tstudent.prototype. proto = Student.prototype;
```

```
var a = new Person("Foo",1);
var b = new Student("Bar",2, "ECE");
var c = new TStudent("Baz",3, "Maths", "ITW2");
Person.prototype.prop1 = "prop1 in person-prototype";
a.prop1 == b.prop1; b.prop1 == c.prop1;
c.prop1 == Person.prototype.prop1;
```

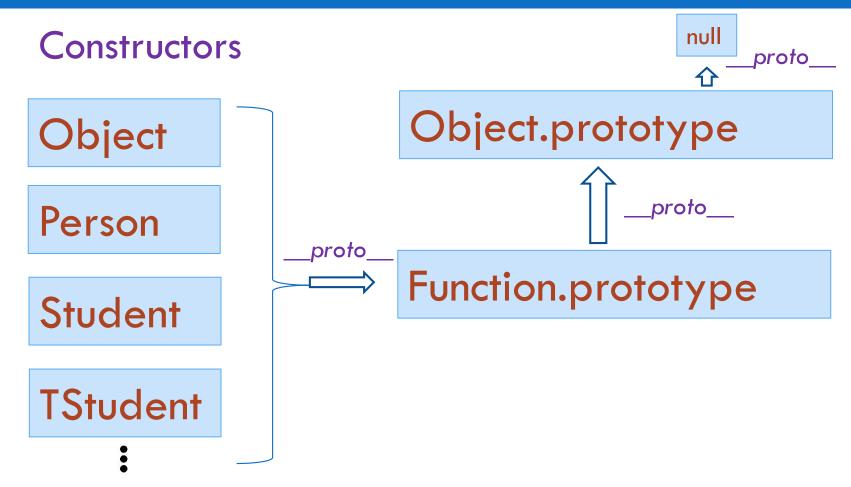
Protypal inheritance chain



Prototypal Inheritance chain

```
c.__proto__ == TStudent.prototype;
TStudent.prototype.__proto__ == Student.prototype;
Student.prototype.__proto__ == Person.prototype;
Person.prototype.__proto__ == Object.Prototype;
Object.prototype.__proto__ == null;
```

Protypal inheritance chain



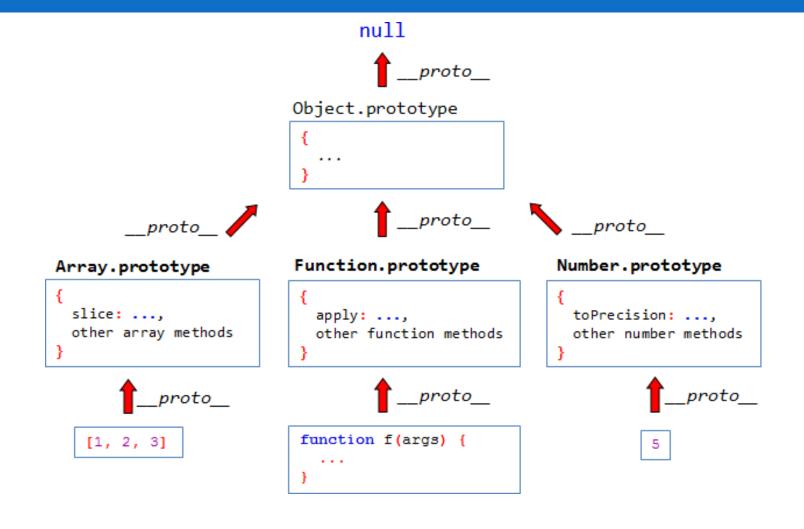
You can add more to the constructor list -

Array, Number, String, Map, Set, Function and user defined functions etc.

Prototypal Inheritance chain

```
//all constructors and functions derive from Function.prototype
Object. proto == Function.prototype;
Array.__proto__ == Function.prototype;
String. proto == Function.prototype;
Number.__proto__ == Function.prototype;
Set.__proto__ == Function.prototype;
Map.__proto__ == Function.prototype;
Function. proto == Function.prototype;
//Function.prototype object derive from Object.prototype
Function.prototype.__proto__ == Object.prototype;
Object.prototype. proto = null;
```

Inheritance in generic JS objects



Prototypal Inheritance chain

```
var ar = ["foo", 2, 3];

ar.__proto__ == Array.prototype;
Array.prototype.__proto__ == Object.prototype;
Object.prototype.__proto__ == null;

ar.__proto__ == Array.prototype;
ar.__proto__ == Object.prototype;
ar.__proto__ .__proto__ == Object.prototype;
ar.__proto__ .__proto__ == null;
```