

Sample Frequency of MEMS

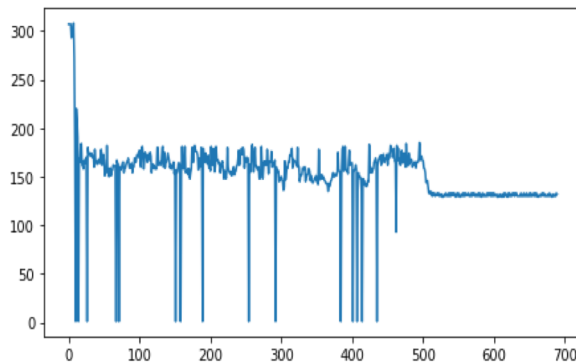
- Summary:
 - The sample frequency of the NI 9251 doesn't seem to be stable and changes over time.
 - There are quite a lot mis-shots at saving MEMS data into *.jdt
- Testing condition:
 - AxelHub is set to remote and a sample frequency is chosen.
 - MotMaster in repeat mode. "quant", "temper" and "mems" signal should be all saved in *.jdt file

Test 1: Sample Rate @ 20480 Hz

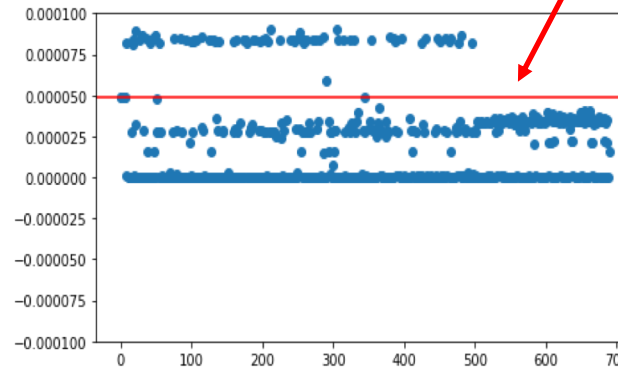
Interferometer runs @ $2T=10\text{ms}$

Number of MEMS data expected: > 205

Number of MEMS data in *.jdt file



Number of shots / sequence cycle

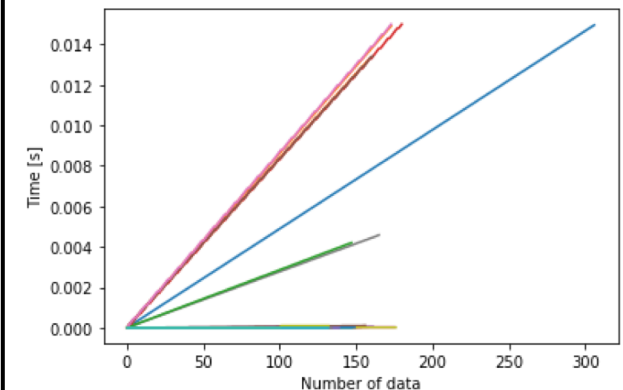


Number of shots / sequence cycle

Average time stamp difference in the MEMS data

Expected time stamp difference for 20480 Hz

Here, I plot the relative time stamps of the mems data for individual shots.



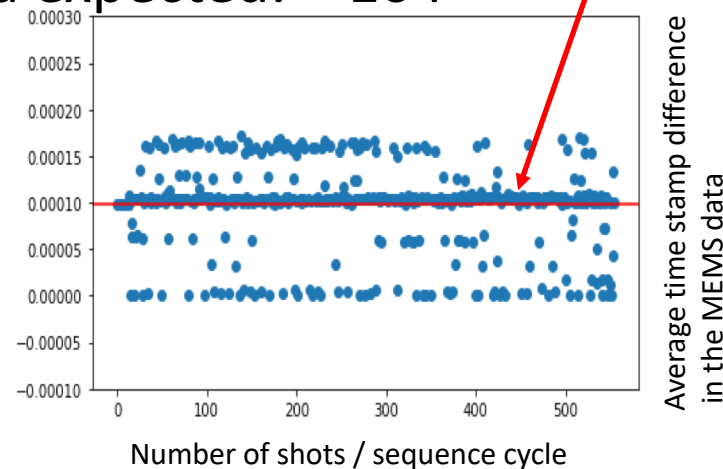
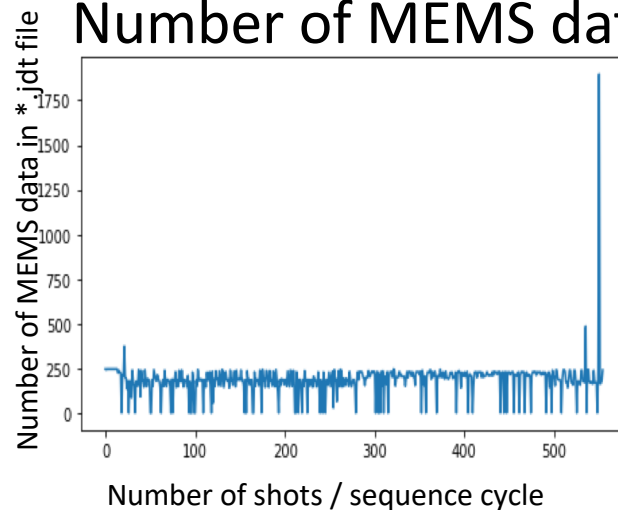
Different slopes indicates the sampling frequency is changing

Test 2: Sample Rate @ 10240 Hz

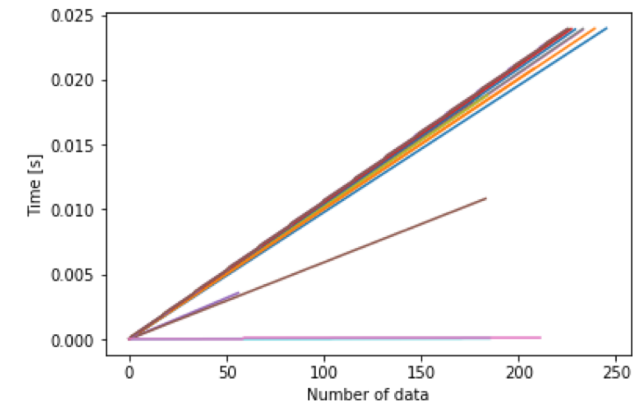
Interferometer runs @ $2T=16\text{ms}$

Number of MEMS data expected: > 164

Expected time stamp
difference for 10240 Hz



Here, I plot the relative time stamps of the mems data for individual shots.

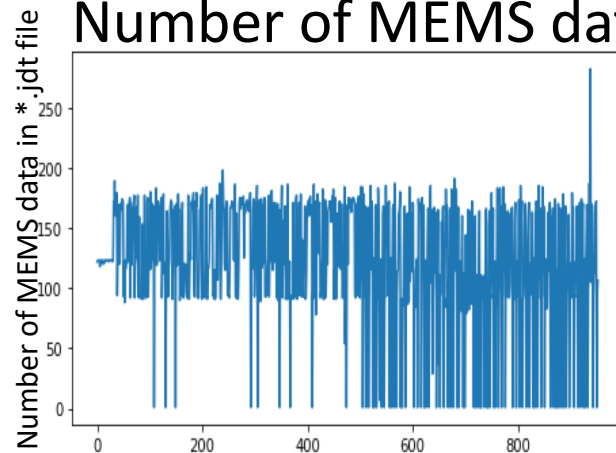


Different slopes indicates the sampling frequency is changing

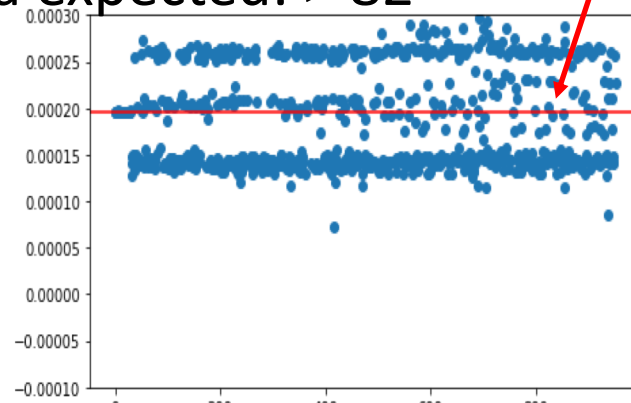
Test 3: Sample Rate @ 5120 Hz

Interferometer runs @ $2T=16\text{ms}$

Number of MEMS data expected: > 82



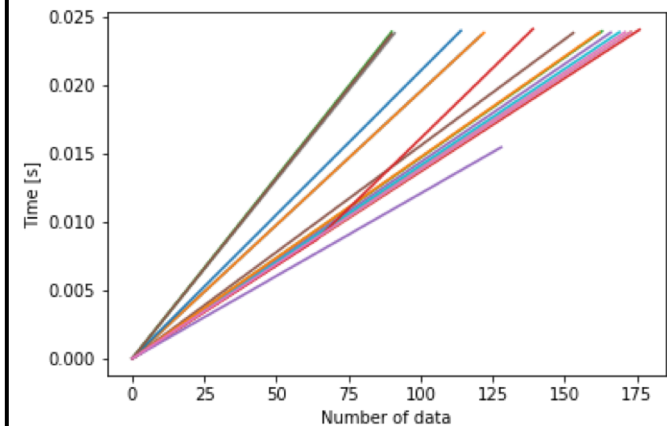
Number of shots / sequence cycle



Average time stamp difference in the MEMS data

Expected time stamp difference for 5120 Hz

Here, I plot the relative time stamps of the mems data for individual shots.

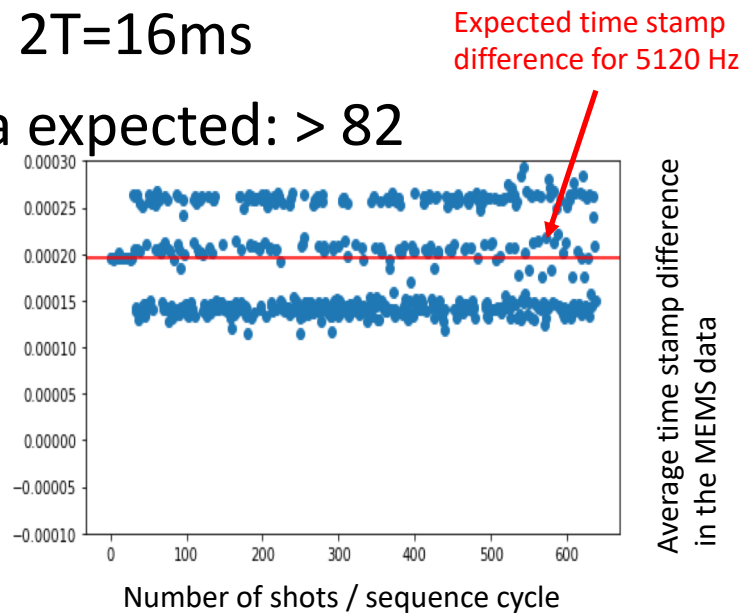
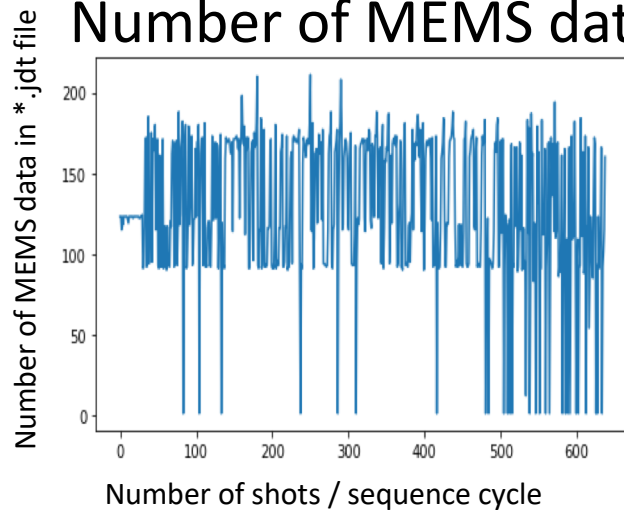


Different slopes indicates the sampling frequency is changing

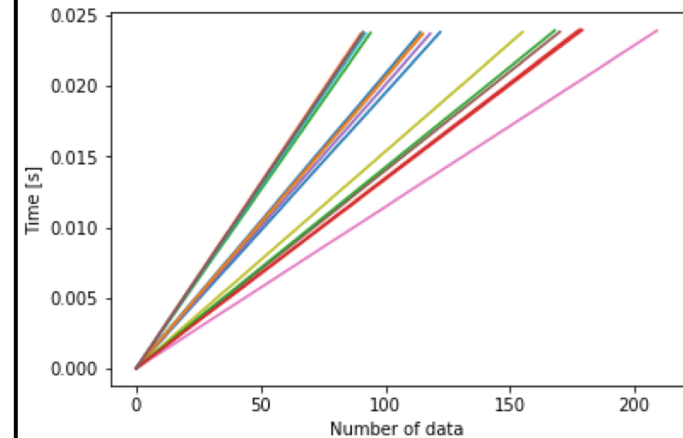
Test 4: Sample Rate @ 5120 Hz with 1s waiting time at the end of the sequence

Interferometer runs @ $2T=16\text{ms}$

Number of MEMS data expected: > 82



Here, I plot the relative time stamps of the mems data for individual shots.



Different slopes indicates the sampling frequency is changing