

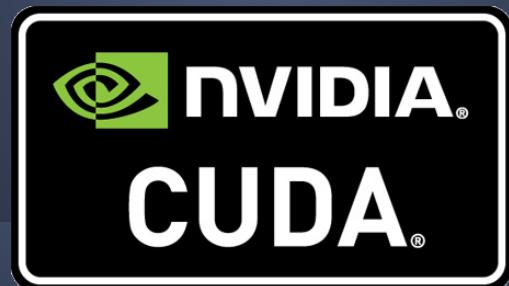
# CUDA Support for KDevelop IDE

Matthew Suozzo  
Zuokun Yu



# Warp Speed

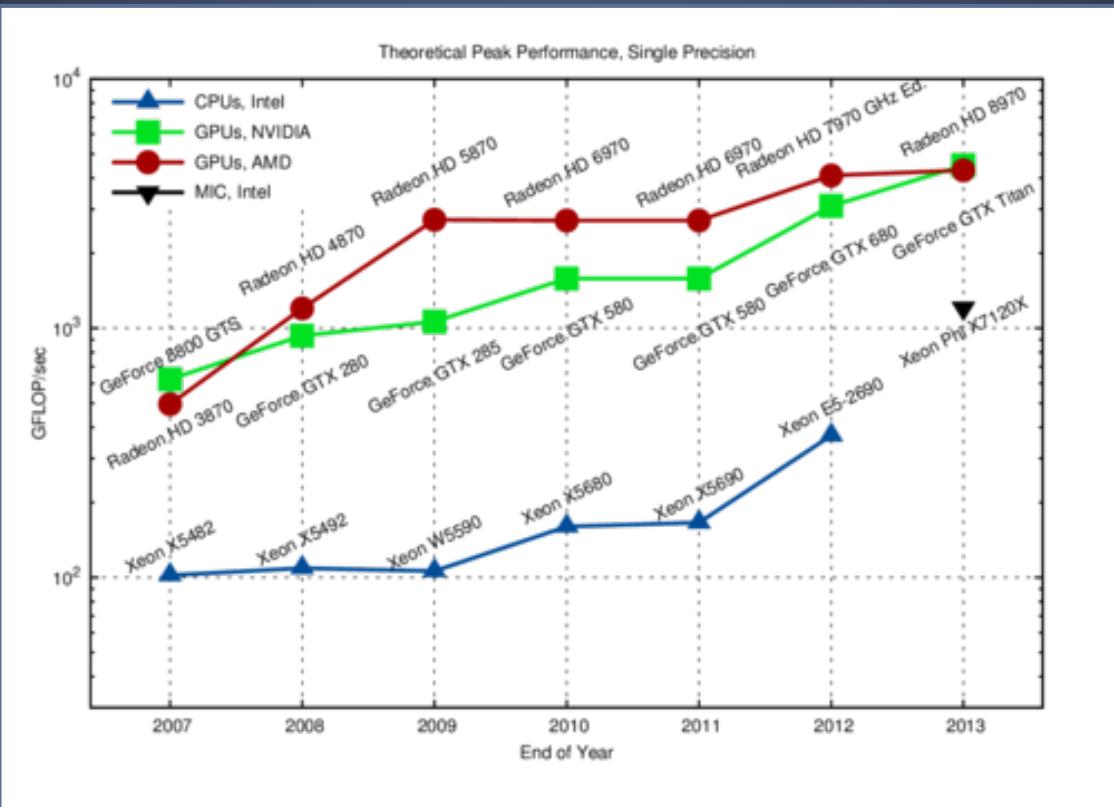
# Introduction to CUDA



# What is CUDA?

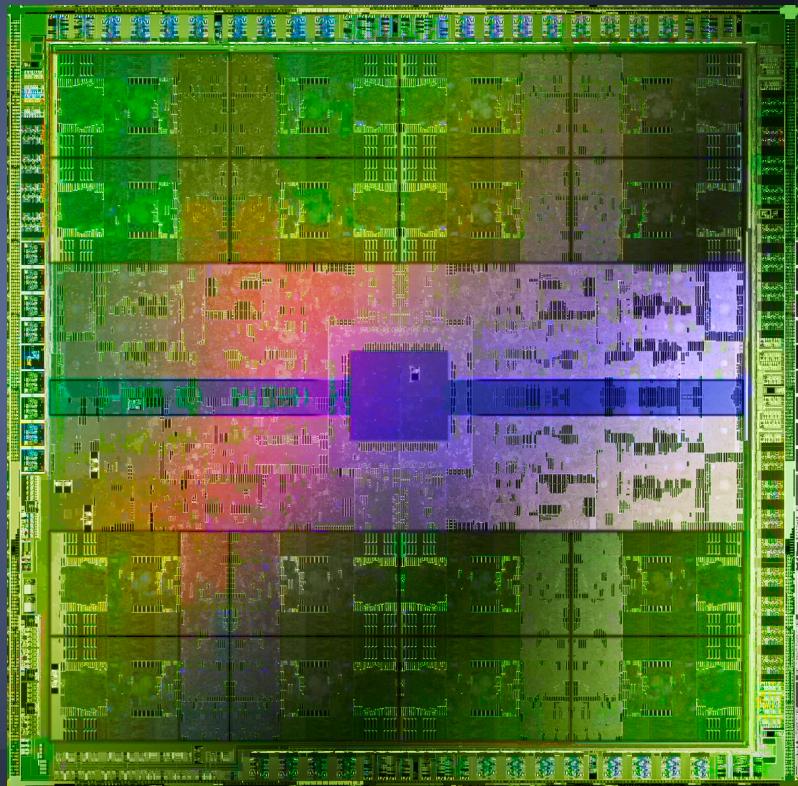
- A Parallel Computing Platform
  - ◆ Based on C/C++
  - ◆ Leverages massively parallel graphics architecture
- Proprietary to NVIDIA Hardware
- Industry Standard
  - ◆ High-Performance Computing (HPC)
  - ◆ Simulation (Physics, Fluid Dynamics)

# What is CUDA?



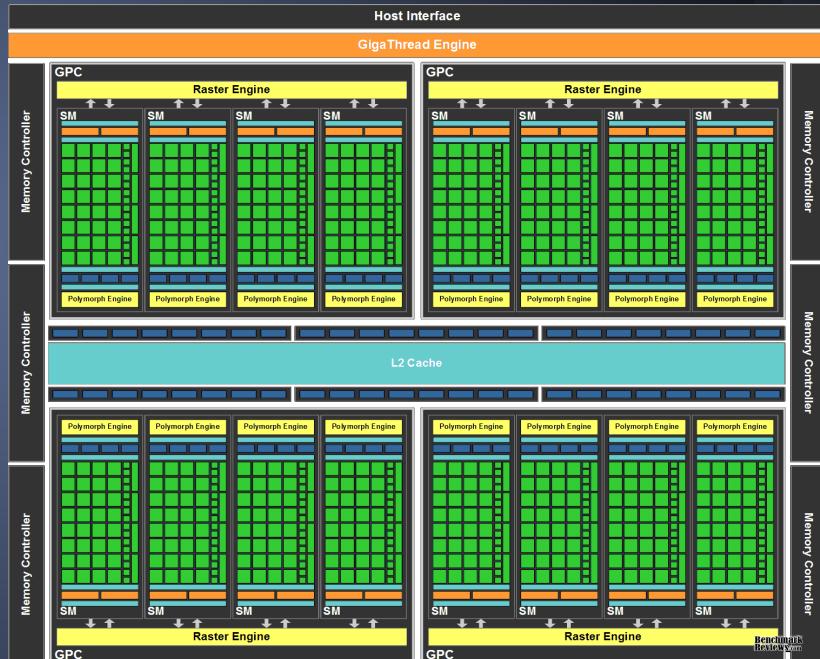
# What is CUDA?

- Raw GPU Hardware
  - ◆ NVIDIA Fermi Processor



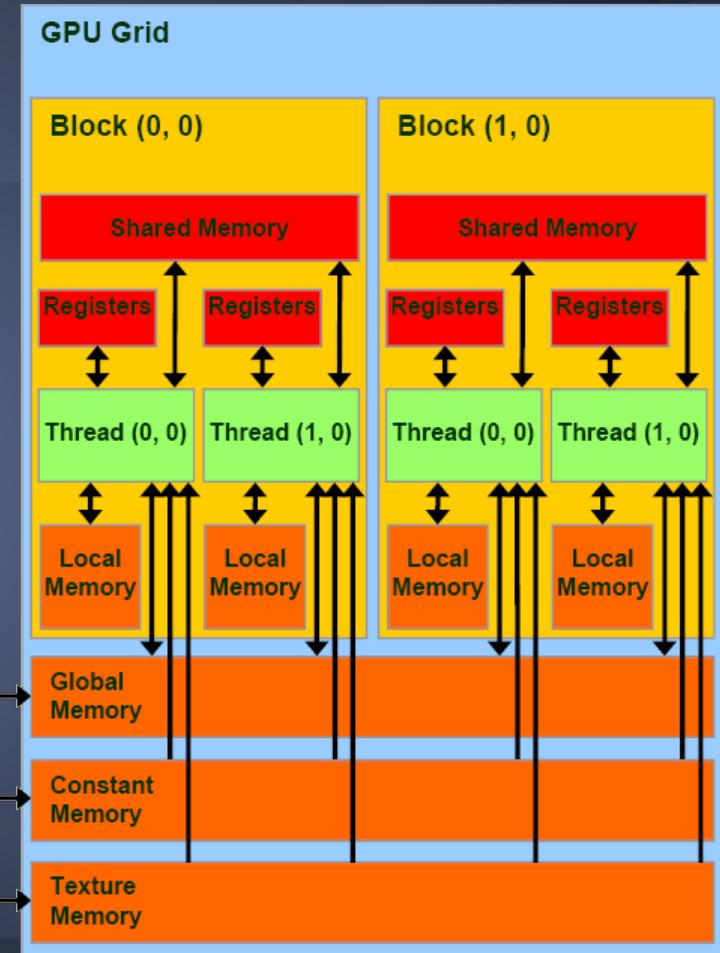
# What is CUDA?

- Take the Parallel Architecture...
  - ◆ Streaming Multiprocessors
  - ◆ Dedicated Memory Banks

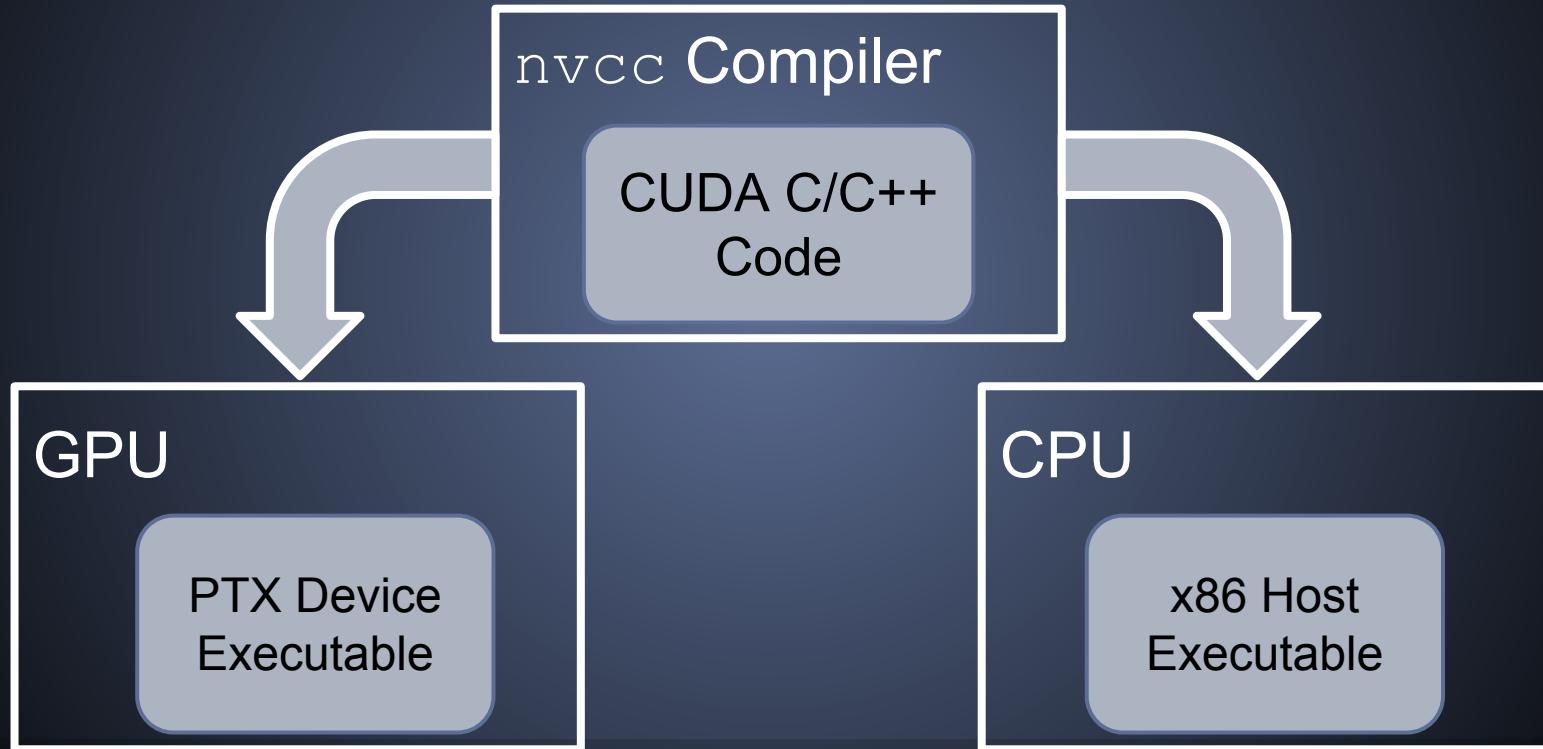


# What is CUDA?

- Useful Programming Abstractions
  - ◆ Independent Address Space
  - ◆ Hierarchical Execution Primitives



# What is CUDA?



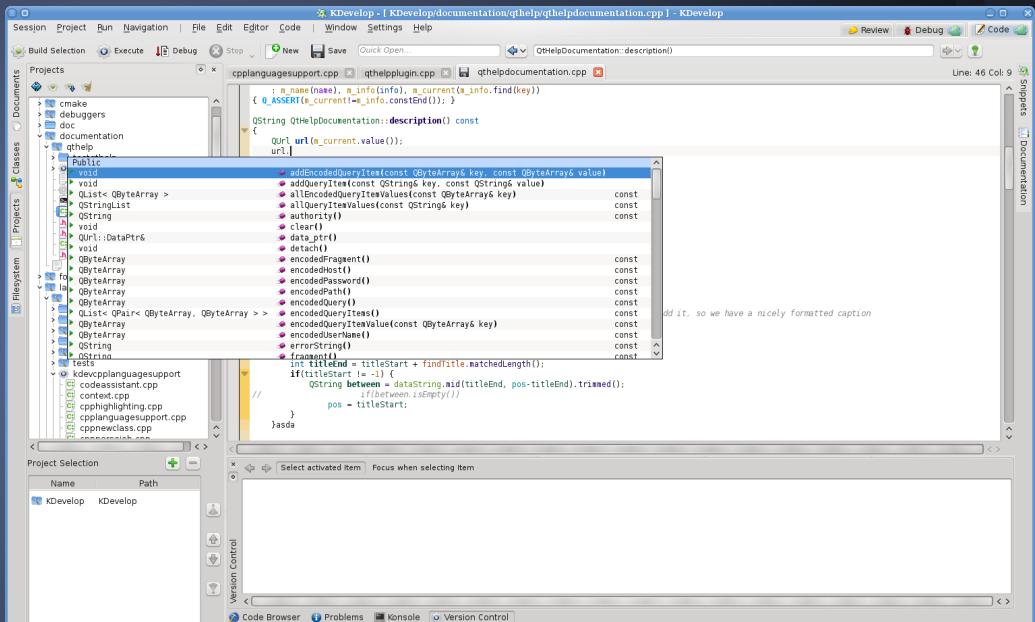
# Even More Warp Speed

## Intro to KDevelop



# What is KDevelop

- Open Source IDE
- Written in C++
- Part of the KDE Community



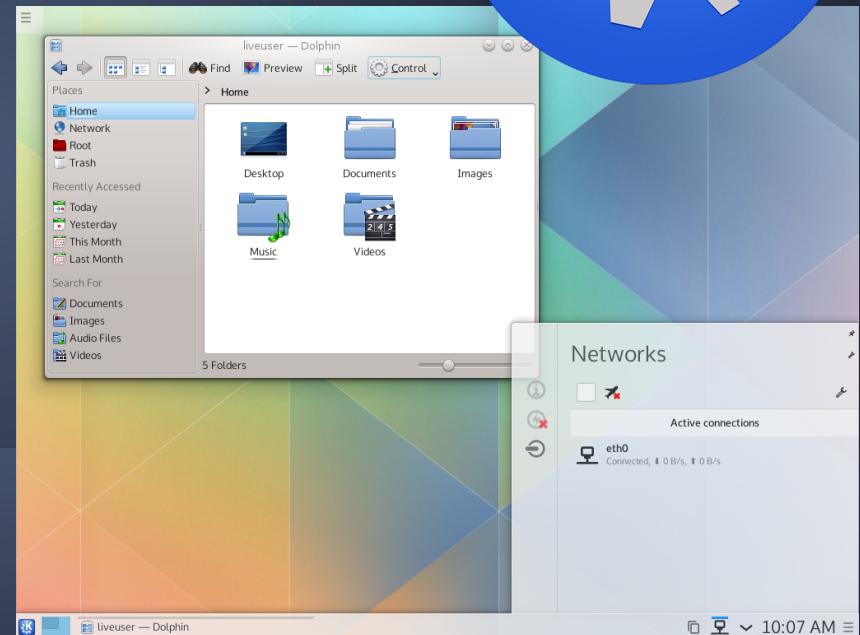
# KDE 5

→ Based on Qt Framework



→ Application Suite

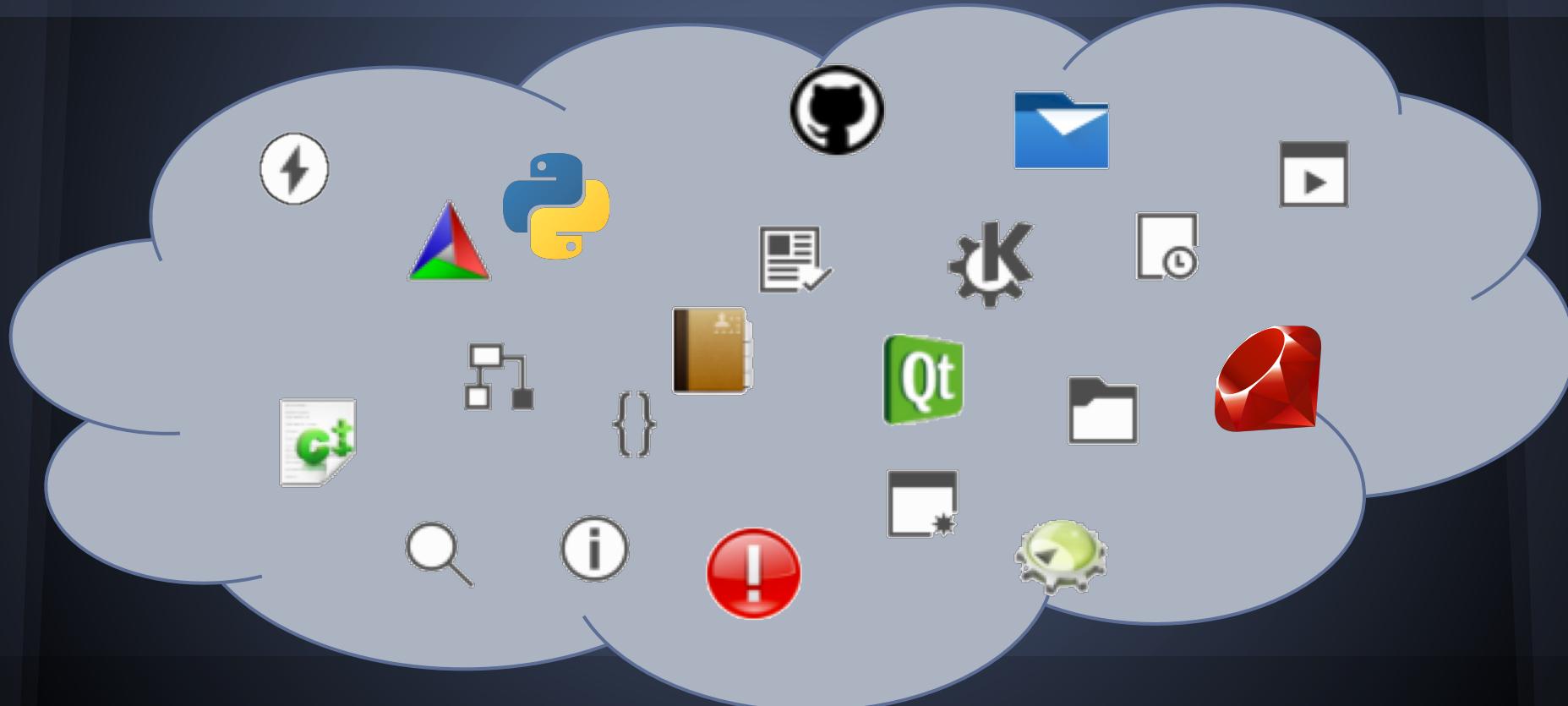
→ Plasma Desktop Environment



# Why KDevelop

- Very Low Memory Usage
  - ◆ 3x less than Eclipse
- It's Fast
  - ◆ 2-3x faster than Eclipse
- Robust Plugin Ecosystem
  - ◆ Something for Every Language

# KDevelop: Plugins



# Development

# Our Tasks

- Basic Support for CUDA Files
  - ◆ KDevelop Recognizing .cu Source
- CUDA Syntax Highlighting
- CUDA Code Parsing

# KDevelop Quirks

- “Switch-to-Buddy”
  - ◆ Able to Switch Between .cu and .cuh Files
  - ◆ Handy Feature for Any C-like Language
  
- “Find-in-Files”
  - ◆ Ability to search for text in .cu/.cuh files

# Syntax Highlighting

KATE the Woodpecker

- KATE Editor
  - ◆ Part of KDE

- XML Syntax Definition
  - ◆ Keywords
  - ◆ Types
  - ◆ Language Constructs
  - ◆ CUDA APIs
  - ◆ Typeahead



```
vim vagrant@vagrant-ubuntu-tr... vim ssh Python
<list name="CUDAtypes">
<item> uint8 </item>
<item> uint1 </item>
<item> uint1 </item>
<item> int2 </item>
<item> uint2 </item>
<item> int3 </item>
<item> uint3 </item>
<item> int4 </item>
<item> uint4 </item>
<item> float1 </item>
<item> float2 </item>
<item> float3 </item>
<item> float4 </item>
<item> char1 </item>
<item> char2 </item>
<item> char3 </item>
<item> char4 </item>
<item> uchar1 </item>
<item> uchar2 </item>
<item> uchar3 </item>
<item> uchar4 </item>
<item> short1 </item>
<item> short2 </item>
<item> short3 </item>
<item> short4 </item>
<item> dim1 </item>
<item> dim2 </item>
<item> dim3 </item>
<item> dim4 </item>
</list>

<contexts>
<context attribute="Normal Text" LineEndContext="#stay" name="Normal">
<DetectSpaces />
<RegExpr attribute="Preprocessor" context="Outscoped" String="\$#*{)+0" beginRegion="Outscoped" firstNonSpace="true" />
<DetectChar attribute="Preprocessor" context="Preprocessor" char="#" firstNonSpace="true" />
<StringDetect attribute="Region Marker" context="Region Marker" String="//BEGIN" beginRegion="Region1" firstNonSpace="true" />
<StringDetect attribute="Region Marker" context="Region Marker" String="//END" endRegion="Region1" firstNonSpace="true" />
<keyword attribute="Keyword" context="#stay" String="keywords"/>
<keyword attribute="Data Type" context="#stay" String="types"/>
<keyword attribute="CUDA Keyword" context="#stay" String="CUDAKeywords"/>
<keyword attribute="CUDA Data Type" context="#stay" String="CUDAtypes"/>
<keyword attribute="CUDA Automatic Variable" context="#stay" String="CUDAautomaticvariable"/>
<keyword attribute="CUDA Device Function" context="#stay" String="CUDadevicefunction"/>
<keyword attribute="CUDA Atomic Function" context="#stay" String="CUDatomicfunction"/>
<keyword attribute="CUDA Runtime API Function" context="#stay" String="CUDArunтаймAPIfunction"/>
<keyword attribute="CUDA Driver API Function" context="#stay" String="CUDadrивэрAPIfunction"/>
<StringDetect attribute="CUDA Kernel Launch" context="CUDAKernelLaunch" String="&lt;&lt;&lt;"/>
```

# Code Parsing

- KDevelop <= 5.2
  - ◆ Used Custom C++ Parser
  - ◆ ~80,000 Lines of Code
- KDev-Clang
  - ◆ Pet Project of Milian Wolff (a Primary Maintainer)
  - ◆ Thin Abstraction Layer Over `clang-c` API
  - ◆ ~15,000 Lines of Code
- Why Clang?
  - ◆ Fast
  - ◆ Reliable
  - ◆ Actively Developed



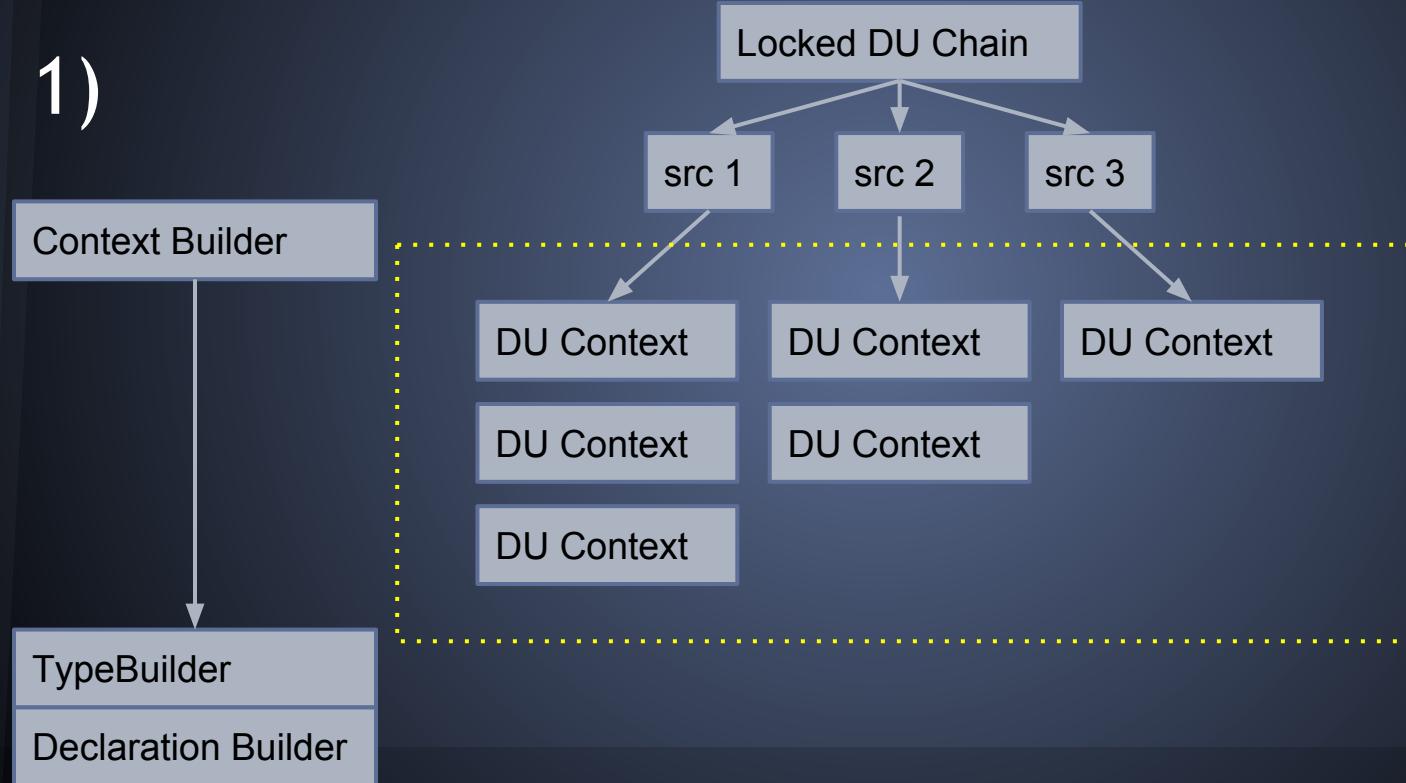
wyvern the Dragon (LLVM)

# Code Parsing

- Developed on the KDev-Clang Plugin
- All Parsing Done through the “Definition-Use Chain”
  - ◆ Language-Agnostic Program Representation
  - ◆ Used for Syntax Checking, Identifier Indexing, Autocomplete, etc.
- Modified the Clang DUCChain Builder
  - ◆ Essentially: Changed Conversion from Clang AST to KDevelop AST

# The Definition Use Chain

1)



2)

Use Builder

# Clang AST

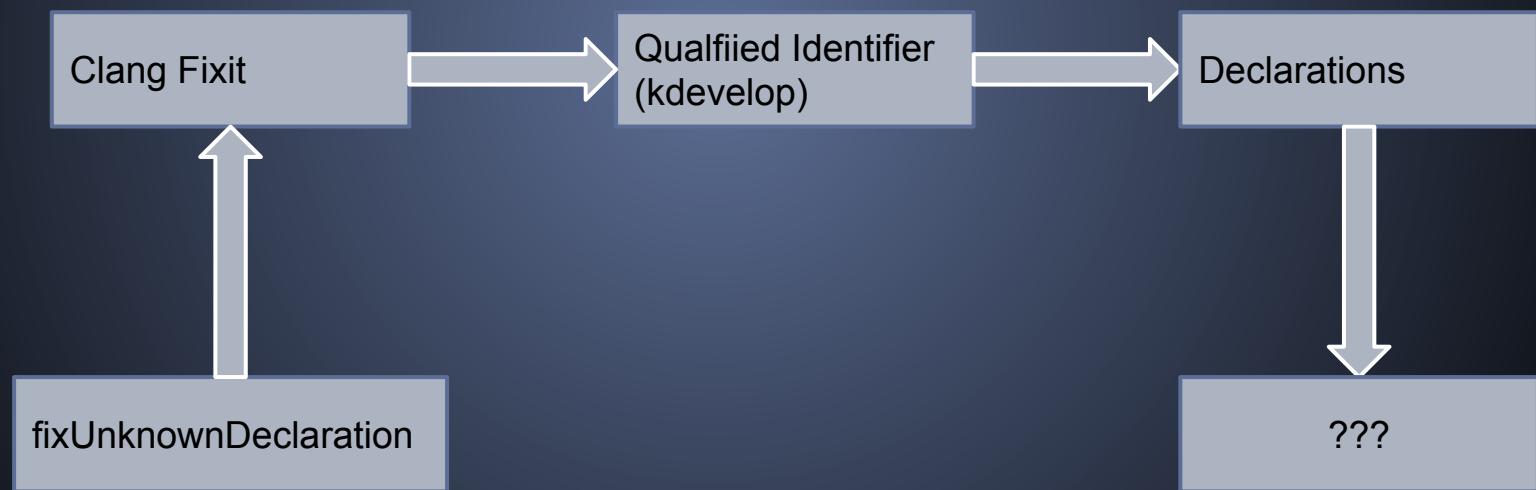
## → Basic AST Format

- ◆ Type
  - ◆ Decl
  - ◆ Stmt

- Leverage Clang's API Features
  - ◆ CUDAKernelCallExpr
  - ◆ CUDAGlobalAttr

# Ongoing Development

- Type inference in Clang
  - ◆ Clang fixit



# Additional Clang Work

- C Preprocessor Code
  - ◆ Not Migrated to Clang API
  - ◆ Fixes, Refactors, Tests
- Additional Unit Tests
  - ◆ Easy Way to Get on a Maintainers' Good Sides

# Post-Mortem

# Roadblocks: The Bleeding Edge

- KDE 5
  - ◆ Initial Released in July 2014
  - ◆ VERY Sparse Documentation
- Clang Parser
  - ◆ Substantial Backend Transition
- Maintaining the Environment
  - ◆ Development Toolchains Break

# Roadblocks: Code Sprawl

## → Massive Project

- ◆ KDevelop: ~160k Lines of Code
- ◆ KDevPlatform: ~200k Lines of Code
- ◆ KDev-Clang: ~15k Lines of Code (+ Clang API)

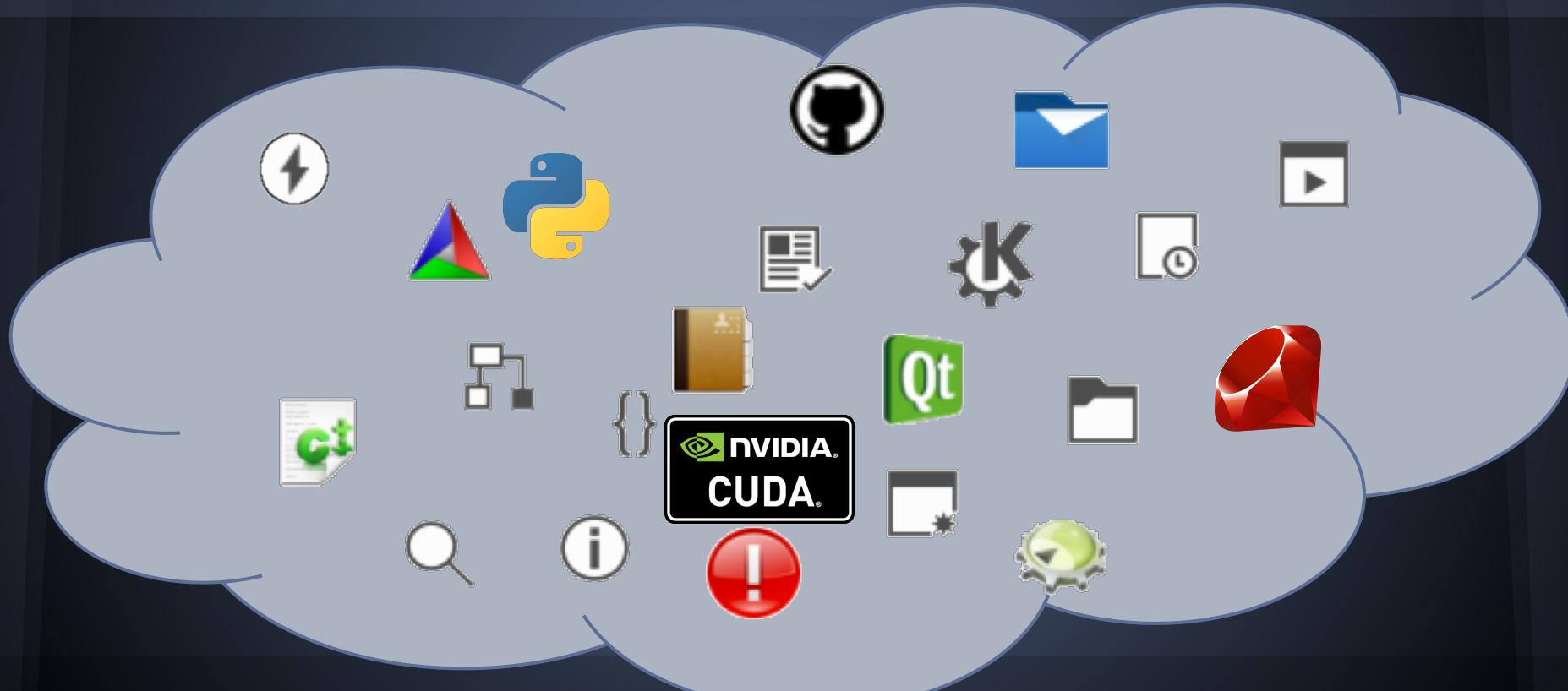
## → Chicken & Egg

- ◆ If the IDE isn't working, hard to navigate the code
- ◆ Hard to fix the IDE if you can't navigate the code

# Where is Our Code

- Vanilla KDevelop Focused on C++
  - ◆ Additional languages added as plugins
- CUDA as a Plugin
  - ◆ Initial steps towards full-fledged support

# CUDA Plugin?



# Questions?

Thank you to Alex Dymo, Adam, and Jae.