

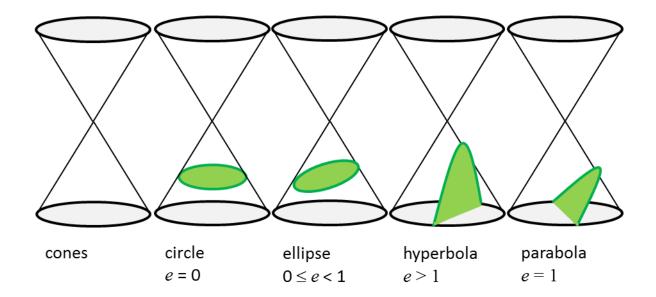
## **MATHEMATICS EXTENSION 2**

## **4 UNIT MATHEMATICS**

## **TOPIC 3: CONICS**

## 3.5 CONIC SECTIONS

Taking different slices through a cone you can create a circle, an ellipse, a parabola and a hyperbola.



Theses conic sections are defined using a straight line (directrix y = -a) and a point (focus F(0,a)) where a is the conic section parameter.

Consider any point  $P(x_P,y_P)$  on the conic section and the point  $D(x_P,-a)$  on the directrix. The distances of these two points from the focus F(0,a) are  $d_{FP}$  and  $d_{DP}$ . The ratio  $d_{FP}/d_{DP}$  is called the **eccentricity** e and is a constant for all conic sections

eccentricity  $e = d_{FP} / d_{DP}$ 

Ellipse  $0 \le e < 1$ 

Hyperbola e > 1

Parabola e=1

