## **EXERCISE 41 SYLLABUS EXAMLES**

Evaluate the following integrals

Part (A) 
$$I = \int \left(\frac{1+x}{x}\right)^2 dx$$

Part (B) 
$$I = \int \left(\frac{x^2}{x^2 + 1}\right) dx$$

Part (C) 
$$I = \int x(1+x^2)^4 dx$$

Part (D) 
$$I = \int \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x}}\right) dx$$

Part (E) 
$$I = \int_0^{\pi/4} \sin^2(2x) dx$$

## **Answer Part (A)**

$$I = \int \left(\frac{1+x}{x}\right)^2 dx$$

$$I = \int \left(\frac{1+x}{x}\right)^2 dx = I = \int \left(1 + \frac{2}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}\right) dx$$

$$I = x + 2\log_e(x) - \frac{1}{x} + K$$

$$I = \int \left(\frac{x^2}{x^2 + 1}\right) dx$$

$$N = \frac{x^2}{x^2 + 1} = A + \frac{B}{x^2 + 1} = \frac{Ax^2 + A + B}{x^2 + 1}$$

$$A = 1 \quad B = -1$$

$$I = \int \left(1 - \frac{1}{x^2 + 1}\right) dx$$

$$\int \frac{dx}{a^2 + x^2} = \frac{1}{a} \tan^{-1} \left(\frac{x}{a}\right)$$

 $I = x - \tan^{-1}(x) + K$ 

## **Answer Part (C)**

$$I = \int x (1+x^2)^4 dx$$

$$u = 1+x^2 \quad du = 2x dx \quad x dx = \frac{u}{2}$$

$$I = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \int u^4 du$$

$$I = \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) \left(\frac{1}{5}\right) u^5 + K$$

$$I = \left(\frac{1}{10}\right) (1+x^2)^5 + K$$

$$I = \int \left(\frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x}}\right) dx$$

$$u = \sqrt{1-x} \quad u^2 = 1-x \quad x = 1-u^2 \quad dx = -2u \, du$$

$$I = -2\int \left(\frac{1-u^2}{u}\right) u \, du = -2\int (1-u^2) \, du$$

$$I = -2\left(u-u^3/3\right) + K =$$

$$I = -\left(2/3\right) u\left(3-u^2\right) + K$$

$$I = -\left(2/3\right) \sqrt{1-x} \left(3-1+x\right) + K$$

$$I = -\left(2/3\right) \sqrt{1-x} \left(2+x\right) + K$$

## **Answer Part (E)**

$$I = \int_0^{\pi/4} \sin^2(2x) dx$$

$$\cos(2x) = \cos^2(x) - \sin^2(x) = 1 - 2\sin^2(x)$$

$$\sin^2(2x) = \frac{1}{2} (1 - \cos(4x))$$

$$I = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\pi/4} (1 - \cos(4x)) dx$$

$$I = \frac{1}{2} [x - \frac{1}{4}\sin(4x)]_0^{\pi/4}$$

$$I = \pi / 8$$