DSA are a variante pe eurobe eliptère, EC-DSA.

Diferentele sunt urmà tocrele

DSA

EC-DSA

<g>< Fp

<P>< E(Fp)

g ×

[x] P

med 9 f :

Tix (P) mod q (coalel x)

Exemplu)

Curbe elipteca Y = X3 + X + 3 pete F199 are q = 197 elemente, Desenece 197 este prim E(F199) e grup cechic!

Generator P= (1,76) Chare private x = 29, chere publica Y = [x] P = [29] (1,76) = (113, 191)

Presupunen et eiserel vera ste semmezer un subsej en valoure H(m) = 68. Jutéi produce o chece efemera K= 153 pi colcheza 2 = Tix ([K]P) = Tix ([153] (1,76)) = Tix ((185,35)) = 185

Apri colculezza

A = (H(m) + x 2) \$K'(mod 9) = (68 + 29 - 185) 153 mod 197

Signatura este (2,5) = (185,78)

Verifican $a = \frac{12(2)}{15}$ $b = \frac{15}{10}$ $b = \frac{15}{10}$ $b = \frac{15}{10}$ $c = \frac{15}{10}$ $d = \frac{185 \cdot 78^{-1} \text{ mod } 9}{197 = 15}$ $d = \frac{112}{10}$ $d = \frac{112}{10}$ d =

O generalizare directar a lui Diffile Hellman: Max Alice ji Bob au perechi (Kp, Ks) de lungà duratà: (A=g, a) (B=gb, b)

Pentur a face solutub simetric de cheir secreta, generaza

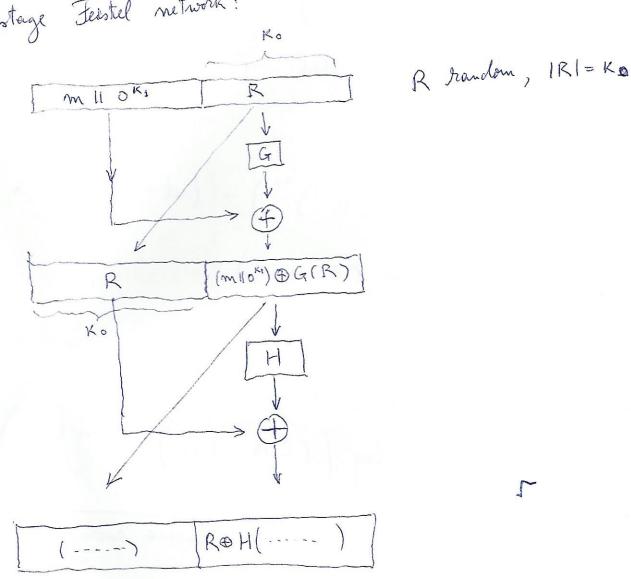
miste cheir efemene: $(D=g^d,d)$ (C=ge, c) Alice C Bob Alice De Bob Alice plue acum A, B, C, D, a, e l = 1/2 log # G 12 = 2 + (C mod 2) t A = 2 + (D mod 2)

hA = C+ AAA hA

13 = 2 + (D mod 2) t B = 2 + (C mod 2) $h_{B} = d + \rho_{B} b$ $P_{B} = (CA^{t_{B}})^{h_{B}}$ Atunci PA = PB este secretul important. Wes A=tB, B=tA $log(P_A) = log((DB^{t_A})^{h_A}) = (d+bt_A)h_A =$ = d(c+s,a)+bt,(c+s,a)= = d(c+tBa) + bB(c+tBa) = $= c(d+s_Bb)+at_B(d+s_Bb)$ = $(c+at_B)h_B = log((cA^{t_B})h_B) = log(P_B)$. OAEP-RSA (Optignized Asymmetric Encryption Padding) son euros se force RSA sã fee CCA2 signira. f: {0,13k -> {0,13k}, one-way trap-door pernetation de exempla fim)= m mod N a. 7. 2°, 2° prua mari pt a fi posibile; de ex Ko, K, > 128. M = K- Ko-K,

G: 20,13 Ko -> 20,13 M+K1 functer hash H: (0,13 m+K) -> (0,13 Ko m meraye, |m| = m.

Troo stage Feistel network:



Ex Ene (m) = \(\(\left(\left(\mu \right) \right) \operate \G(R) \right) \right) \(\left(\mu \right) \operate \G(R) \right) \right) \)

De criptare)

 $T \Pi(R \oplus H(T))$ unde $T = (m \Pi 0^{k_1}) \oplus G(R)$ Calculan H(T), declucem R din R&H(T) Calculam G(R), deducem m!

Sevrena RSA-DAEP ette semantie signa impotrios umi CCA2. (Cum il salværn pe Elgannal?) Transformarla schemelor CPA in scheme CCA2 File Enc o driptone signia imp. CPA.

Stem ea trebance se file medeterminister, deci Enc (sen, 92). Le exemple la Elganal Etc (m, r) = (g, mh). (Sefinim) Enc (m, 2) = Enc (m 112, H(m 112)), function.

Secriptoria Se calculação m' = Dec(c), apoi de virificia desci mu, c = Enc(m', H(m')). (returni L')

Deci in early Signal: $E_{ne}(m,r) = \left(g^{H(m|r)}, (m|r) h \right)$

Protocoale Avourate Secrete sharing schemes (solvene en secret partitionat...) Un secret s trabail partitional intre on persoane P. Exemple s= codul pt lansarea bombei atomice m = 4: Presedentele, Vecepresedentele, Secretarul de granere Generalul G; Vrem ca wrona toarele multimi sa poata lansa bomba: SP,GZ, SPV,S,GZ alar mu SP,GZ, SPV,S,GZ mbruntoini. DP, AG, AY, AS = parties de secret pe care o primeste faccare part Structure = colectice $\Gamma \subset \Gamma(P)$ a.i. $P \in \Gamma$ de acces = $A \in \Gamma$. A AET, ACB => BET = Loi algoritmi Share si Recombine Scheme de partitional a Share (D, T) reparlizeazá fleeadsi personne X
o parte de steret 1x Recombine Makes H= { 1x | X ∈ O} Gaca O∈ M returns, otherwise return nothing.

In exemplul en presedentele M={PG, VSG, PGV, PGS, PVGS} unde PG, VSG multeur minimale. Un al doilea exemplu) Patru directori A, B, C, D. Oricare doi dentre ei pot colabora si deschid dulapul en sontracte. M={AB, AC, AD, BC, BD, CD, ABC, ABD, BCD, ABCD}
und AB, AC, AD, BC, BD, CD multimale. m (t1) = multisula multinuilor minimale Ito-Miszizeki-Saito secret sharing YO∈ m(H), l=101, generon nevete si a.i si D. Al = D. $(21) \quad \Delta = \Delta_1 \oplus \Delta_2 = \Delta_3 \oplus \Delta_4 \oplus \Delta_5$ Atentie, G. trebuie são Vb = VT Alcèda in care subm. 10 y = 103 este pi sã de sconta 1 S = 124 acel cod. AG = A2 11 A5

Δ= Δ, Φ Δ2 = Δ3 Φ Δ4 = Δ5 Φ Δ6 = Δ7 Φ Δ8 = Δ9 Φ Δ10

= DM D D12, atunci

Sent 6 descompuneri!

DA = DA 11 D3 11 D5

DB = D2 11 D7 11 Dg

Dc = D4 11 A8 11 A11

DD = 1611 Dw 11 D12

AB ~> NIBAZ

AC MS A3 @ A4

AD ~> A5 @ A6

Be ~> AT @ A8

BD may Ag @ Aw

CD ~ AM @ 1/2

(Replicated secret sharing)

(1) File A1, -- At multanile MAXIMALE core run sunt in M

(2) For B1, ... Bt complementele lui A1, ... At

(3) Pentru flecare Bi se calculeaza un sécret si a.t.

N= N, D-- DAt

(4) Jersoane P primete si => PE Bi

(E1) Multimole maximale slabe sunt:

 $A_1 = \{P, V, S\}, A_2 = \{V, G\}, A_3 = \{S, G\}$

 $B_1 = \{G^3, B_2 = \{S, P\}, B_3 = \{P, V\}$ Complementele sunt:

D= D1 @ D2 @ D3

 $\Delta p = \Delta_2 \parallel \Delta_3$; $\Delta_V = \Delta_3$, $\Delta_S = \Delta_2$, $\Delta_G = \Delta_1$

A1 = {A}, A2 = {B}, A3 = {C}, A4 = {D} B1={BCD} B2={ACD} B3={ABD} B4={ABC} A = A1 A2 AB A3 AB A4 DA = D2 11 A3 11 A4 B = MI M3 11 M4 DC = D1 11 D2 11 D4 DD = D1 11 D2 11 D3 Ambele sont framoase, dar sont sine factente. Vom face Shamir, Secret Sharing, dar care are nevoce de Coduri Reld - Solomon - error correcting codes - IFq, 9= ph, corp finit - M = lungimea curdintelor den cod (cele en core exprimien lotterele) - t = wr. de erri cone pot fi corectate $-X \subseteq \mathbb{F}_q$, |X| = m. Saea char $\mathbb{F}_q > m$, $X = \{1, 2, ..., m\}$ - $0 \notin X$ - P= { fo+ fix+.--+ ft x 1 fie Fq } [] = 9 tel Code words $C = \{(f(x_1), f(x_2), ..., f(x_n)) | f \in S, x_i \in X\}$ un code-word are lungimea on, log 29.

(Exemple) 9=101, M=7, t=2, X={1,2,3,4,5,6,7} (10) Seta = f = 20 + 57 X + 68 X² ∈ S f(xi) mod 9. C = (44,2,96,23,86,83,14) Recuperarea datelor Primese C = (C1, -- Cn) doir mu emose polinomel. Court $f = \sum_{j=0}^{\infty} f_j \times^j$ Sau $\begin{cases} C_1 = fo + f_1 \times_1 + \dots + f_t \times_1^t \\ C_n = fo + f_1 \times_1 + \dots + f_t \times_1^t \end{cases}$ si rezolo sistemal œu det Vandermode Son for interpolare Logrange $f(x) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} c_i \sigma_i(x) \quad \text{unde } \sigma_i(x) = \prod_{j \neq i} \frac{X - x_j}{x_i - x_j}$ unde $\delta_i(x_i)=1$, $\delta_i(x_i)=0$ daca $i\neq j$, deg $\delta_i(x)=n-1$. Ducă apent & st erori, când calculez { = 5, c; obțen (Error detection) un polinom de grad + 2 o Error correction Berlekamp - Welch algorithm (mi aven mevoll).

Shamir Secret Sharing A secret, in personne, fécare grup de t personne un pot
reconstituir secretul, frecare grup de tel personne poute reconstituir
secretul (3) Se genereaza polimon f(X), deg f = t, $f(0) = \Lambda$ f(x)= 15+ f1 {X} + - + ft X. 2) Se alege X = Fq 1209 de exempler 1 X = M. (3) Ternoana i primeste si= f(xi). Deci (D1, - Dn) este evde-word in cod Reed-Solomon.

Daca t+1 persoane pun valorile lorolalta, li regionesc

polinomal f prin sistem de ecuation! Alta metoda $\Delta = f(0) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \Delta_i \, \sigma_i(0)$ $\mathcal{F}_{x_i, y} = \prod_{\substack{x_j \in Y \\ x_j \neq x_i}} x_i$ D= Zi xix · si *> > t

Oles Noci o schemes nu este absolut chandong no concealing (San) perfect bonding => injectioner (angajamente -> valori angajate) => determinister => mu poute fi perfect concealing ! Obs Schema H(RIIC), R rondon, H hash-function.

Lote computational binding of conformation theoretically

Conceeling.

The practical apar wring towards scheme: In practices afair wring toorele schene: G ciclic de ordin g, $G = \langle g \rangle$, $g \in \mathbb{F}_p^{\times}$ h e Gr, loggh necunoscut de iner. Scheme de angajament pt x mod 2: B(x) = g x ga , unde a ales random.

Ba(x) = h g, unde a ales random. Schema de angajament pot x mod p $E_{\alpha}(x) = (g^{\alpha}, x \in h^{\alpha})$ (Elgamal!) (Obs) B(x) information-theoretically binding (dar injectio...) (Obs) Be Ea state 4-th binding in comput, concealing. Obs Ba comput. binding i inf. the concealing. B(x1) B(x2) = B(x1+x2) Obs B på Ba homomorfisme: Ba(x1) Baz(x2) = = B (x1+x2)

Oblivious Transfer 07 Ca si le Commitments, in OT ambele parti un au incredere una in alta Receiver > M& Sender OT mer trebuse ser afle nivie clespre M1-6 un trebile rá afle minic despre b $G = \langle g \rangle$, ordin g. Elgamal (Kp, Ks) = (h=g*, x) H: G -> 20,13 hash-function. $|m|=n \rightarrow c = (c_1, c_2) = (g^{\kappa}, m \oplus H(h^{\kappa}))$ k chese e fernera. rez & H(cx) = m&H(hk)&H(gxx) = M Jolee Receiver produce doné chei feublice, dar curroste numai o chece secretà. Sender codifica cele cloud mesaje si le trimite. Receiver poete decripte door un mesay. Sender mu stre pe eare.

> ei eo, ei

eo = Mo@ H(ho)

 $l_1 = m_i \oplus H(h_i)$

Mb= lb H(cix)