



# Project 1: Pitch Perfect

iOS Developer Nanodegree

Criteria	Meets Specifications
Basic Functionality	
<b>The app contains two scenes of content: one for recording an audio file, and one for playing the audio with different effects.</b>	The app contains two pages of content (one each for recording and playing audio), and uses <code>UINavigationController</code> to navigate between these two scenes.
<b>All UI elements (buttons and text) are appropriately formatted for iPhone and iPad Portrait and Landscape layouts.</b>	UI elements are appropriately positioned on the screen for iPhone and iPad portrait and landscape layouts.
Actions and Outlets	
<b>The app uses <code>IBAction</code> methods to record audio and playback sounds.</b>	The app connects each button on the Storyboard to the correct <code>IBAction</code> method.
<b>Labels and buttons are shown or hidden as appropriate.</b>	In the first scene, the <code>Recording</code> label and the <code>Stop</code> button are disabled and enabled appropriately: When no recording is taking place the <code>Stop</code> button is disabled. While recording is taking place the <code>Stop</code> button is enabled and the <code>Record</code> button disabled
AVAudioRecorder	
<b>The first scene of the app uses <code>AVAudioRecorder</code> to record audio.</b>	The app successfully uses <code>AVAudioRecorder</code> to record audio.
Delegates and Segues	
<b>The app uses the <code>audioRecorderDidFinishRecording()</code> method to determine when the audio has finished recording.</b>	The app uses the delegate pattern and implements the <code>audioRecorderDidFinishRecording()</code> method.

**The app programmatically triggers a segue from the first scene to the second by using the `performSegueWithIdentifier()` method.**

The app does not use a Storyboard segue hardcoded to the `Stop` button. A segue from the first scene to the second is programmatically triggered via `performSegueWithIdentifier()`.

## UINavigationController

**The app allows users to re-record audio after a recording is complete.**

The app allows the user to re-record by navigating back to the first scene from the second.

## Sound Effects

**The second scene of the app contains the following audio effects: Snail (slow), Rabbit (fast), Chipmunk (high pitch), Darth Vader (low pitch), Echo and Reverb.**

The second scene of the app contains the following buttons for audio effects: Snail (slow), Rabbit (fast), Chipmunk (high pitch), Darth Vader (low pitch), Echo and Reverb. All six buttons work properly to play the associated sounds.

## Code Quality

**Code is effectively abstracted.**

Potentially repetitive blocks of code are effectively abstracted into reusable methods.

**Code adheres to [Swift naming and style conventions](#).**

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**Code uses appropriate and effective comments.**

Code is readable and easy to follow. Any code that may be hard to understand is commented effectively.

**Once you have a functioning app, consider adding more features to make your app stand out! Here are some suggestions:**

- Use `UIStackViews` for the `RecordSoundsViewController` view too. You already use `UIStackViews` in the `PlaySoundsViewController`, try adding them to the `RecordSoundsViewController`.
- Add a `UILabel` to the audio playback view that shows the duration of the recorded audio. You'll need to read up on [Apple's documentation for AVAudioPlayer](#) to figure out how to do this.