Homework 4 Hill Climbing Methods

Daniel Carpenter & Kyle (Chris) Ferguson

${\rm April}\ 2022$

Contents

| Question 1: Strategies | 2 |
|--|----|
| (a) Initial Solution | 2 |
| (b) Neighborhood Structures | 2 |
| (c) Infeasibility | 2 |
| Global Variables | 3 |
| Key Functions | 3 |
| Question 2: Local Search with Best Improvement | 6 |
| Question 3: Local Search with First Improvement | 12 |
| Question 4: Local Search with Random Restarts | 14 |
| 4.1 Hill Climbing First Accept Function hillClimbFirstAccept() | 14 |
| 4.2 Random Restarts Function kRestartsHillClimbFirstAccept() | 15 |
| 4.3 Call the function kRestartsHillClimbFirstAccept() | 16 |

Question 1: Strategies

(a) Initial Solution

Define and defend a strategy for determining an initial solution to this knapsack problem for a neighborhood-based heuristic.

- Our algorithm for the initial_solution() function randomly generates a list of binary $\in (0,1)$ values for the knapsack problem, 1 if an item is included in the knapsack and 0 if the item is excluded
- Since the solution could randomly generate an infeasible solution (i.e., the totalWeight ≥ maxWeight),
 the initial_solution() function handles it by randomly removing items from the knapsack until it
 is under the maxWeight.
- After the generation of the initial solution, the evaluate function searches for better solutions.
- We considered beginning with nothing in the knapsack (list of 0's from item 0 to n), but we researched and found that a common approach is to begin with a randomly generated solution.

(b) Neighborhood Structures

Describe 3 neighborhood structure definitions that you think would work well for this problem. Compute the size of each neighborhood.

- 1. Without any adjustment to the neighborhoods: For each neighborhood, there are 150 neighbors. Since the knapsack problem uses a n-dimensional binary vector, the total solution space is 2^n , which is 2^{150}
- 2. Using variable neighborhood search, the algorithm attempts to find a "global optimum", where it explores "distant" neighborhoods relative to the incumbent solution. Similar to other approaches, it will repeat until it finds a local optima. This approach may provide an enhancement since it will compare the incumbent solution to other solutions "far" from it, providing a better opportunity to finding the global maximum. *Metaheuristics—the metaphor exposed* by Kenneth Sorensen provides an overview of this concept as well.
- 3. Simulated annealing may also work well since it will analyze multiple items to be placed in the knapsack; however, some items may be chosen over others which could cause a local minimum to occur. See *Metaheuristics—the metaphor exposed* by Kenneth Sorensen page 7.

(c) Infeasibility

During evaluation of a candidate solution, it may be discovered to be infeasible. In this case, provide 2 strategies for handling infeasible solutions:

Note both approaches are similar:

- 1. Chosen Method in model: If the solution is infeasible (i.e., the totalWeight ≥ maxWeight), then we will randomly remove values from the knapsack until the bag's weight is less than the max allowable weight.
- 2. If the solution is infeasible, then we will *iteratively* (from last item in list to beginning) remove values from the knapsack until the bag's weight is less than the max allowable weight.

Global Variables

Input variables like the $random\ seed,\ values\ and\ weights$ data for knapsack, and the $maximum\ allowable\ weight$

```
# Import python libraries
from random import Random # need this for the random number generation -- do not change
import numpy as np
# Set the seed
seed = 51132021
myPRNG = Random(seed)
n = 150 # number of elements in a solution
# create an "instance" for the knapsack problem
value = []
for i in range(0, n):
   value.append(round(myPRNG.triangular(150, 2000, 500), 1))
weights = []
for i in range(0, n):
    weights.append(round(myPRNG.triangular(8, 300, 95), 1))
# define max weight for the knapsack
maxWeight = 2500
```

Key Functions

Functions to provide initial solution, create a neighborhood and evaluate better solutions

```
# Randomly remove ann item. If not feasible, then try evaluating again until feasible
      randIdx = myPRNG.randint(0,n-1) # generate random item index to remove
                                  # Don't include the index r from the knapsack
      x[r] = 0
      evaluate(x, r=randIdx)
                                  # Try again on the next to last element
   else:
      # Finish the process if the total weight is satisfied
       # (returns a list of both total value and total weight)
      return [totalValue, totalWeight]
   # returns a list of both total value and total weight
   return [totalValue, totalWeight]
# ------
# NEIGHBORHOOD FUNCTION - simple function to create a neighborhood
# 1-flip neighborhood of solution x
def neighborhood(x):
   nbrhood = []
   # Set up n number of neighbors with list of lists
   for i in range(0, n):
      nbrhood.append(x[:])
      # Flip the neighbor from 0 to 1 or 1 to 0
      if nbrhood[i][i] == 1:
          nbrhood[i][i] = 0
      else:
          nbrhood[i][i] = 1
   return nbrhood
# INITIAL SOLUTION FUNCTION - create the initial solution
# create a feasible initial solution
def initial_solution():
   x = [] # empty list for x to hold binary values indicating if item i is in knapsack
   # Create a initial solution for knapsack (Could be infeasible), by
   # randomly create a list of binary values from 0 to n. 1 if item is in the knapsack
   for item in range(0, n):
      x.append(myPRNG.randint(0,1))
   totalWeight = np.dot(np.array(x), np.array(weights)) # Sumproduct of weights and is included
```

```
# While the bag is infeasible, randomly remove items from the bag.
# Stop once a feasible solution is found.
knapsackSatisfiesWeight = totalWeight <= maxWeight # True if the knapsack is a feasible solution, e
while not knapsackSatisfiesWeight:

randIdx = myPRNG.randint(0,n-1) # Generate random index of item in knapsack and remove item
x[randIdx] = 0

# If the knapsack is feasible, then stop the loop and go with the solution
totalWeight = np.dot(np.array(x), np.array(weights)) # Recalc. Sumproduct of weights and is inc
if (totalWeight <= maxWeight):
    knapsackSatisfiesWeight = True</pre>
return x
```

Question 2: Local Search with Best Improvement

```
## GET INITIAL SOLUTION -----
# variable to record the number of solutions evaluated
solutionsChecked = 0
x_curr = initial_solution() # x_curr will hold the current solution
x_best = x_curr[:] # x_best will hold the best solution
r = randIdx = myPRNG.randint(0,n-1) # a random index for evaluation
# f_curr will hold the evaluation of the current soluton
f_curr = evaluate(x_curr, r)
f_best = f_curr[:]
## BEGIN LOCAL SEARCH LOGIC -----
done = 0
while done == 0:
   # create a list of all neighbors in the neighborhood of x_curr
   Neighborhood = neighborhood(x_curr)
   for s in Neighborhood: # evaluate every member in the neighborhood of x_curr
       solutionsChecked = solutionsChecked + 1
       if evaluate(s, r)[0] > f_best[0]:
           # find the best member and keep track of that solution
           x_best = s[:]
           f_best = evaluate(s, r)[:] # and store its evaluation
   # Checks for platueau and feasibility
   if f_best == f_curr and (f_curr[1] < maxWeight): # if there were no improving solutions in the nei
       done = 1
   else:
       x_curr = x_best[:] # else: move to the neighbor solution and continue
       f_curr = f_best[:] # evalute the current solution
       print("\nTotal number of solutions checked: ", solutionsChecked)
       print("Best value found so far: ", f_best)
## Total number of solutions checked: 150
## Best value found so far: [20960.6, 2492.0]
## Total number of solutions checked: 300
```

Best value found so far: [19036.8, 2384.2]

Total number of solutions checked: 450

```
## Best value found so far: [20309.5, 2381.1000000000004]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 600
## Best value found so far: [22066.3, 2473.0]
## Total number of solutions checked: 750
## Best value found so far: [22450.2, 2413.1]
## Total number of solutions checked: 900
## Best value found so far: [23532.4, 2450.9]
## Total number of solutions checked: 1050
## Best value found so far: [24362.69999999997, 2487.3]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 1200
## Best value found so far: [23897.0, 2311.0]
## Total number of solutions checked: 1350
## Best value found so far: [25699.6, 2432.3]
## Total number of solutions checked: 1500
## Best value found so far: [26737.3, 2490.0]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 1650
## Best value found so far: [23055.9, 2434.4]
## Total number of solutions checked: 1800
## Best value found so far: [23526.0, 2415.7000000000003]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 1950
## Best value found so far: [24111.0, 2473.8]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 2100
## Best value found so far: [23645.30000000003, 2297.5]
## Total number of solutions checked: 2250
## Best value found so far: [25447.9, 2418.8]
## Total number of solutions checked: 2400
## Best value found so far: [24266.2, 2462.6000000000004]
## Total number of solutions checked: 2550
## Best value found so far: [24061.89999999999, 2323.8]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 2700
## Best value found so far: [25099.6, 2381.5]
## Total number of solutions checked: 2850
## Best value found so far: [24980.300000000003, 2499.700000000003]
## Total number of solutions checked: 3000
## Best value found so far: [24718.9, 2462.200000000003]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 3150
```

```
## Best value found so far: [24980.30000000003, 2499.700000000003]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 3300
## Best value found so far: [24718.9, 2462.2000000000003]
## Total number of solutions checked: 3450
## Best value found so far: [24980.30000000003, 2499.700000000003]
## Total number of solutions checked: 3600
## Best value found so far: [24718.9, 2462.2000000000003]
## Total number of solutions checked: 3750
## Best value found so far: [25835.0, 2482.1000000000004]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 3900
## Best value found so far: [25369.3, 2305.8]
## Total number of solutions checked: 4050
## Best value found so far: [27046.19999999997, 2395.2]
## Total number of solutions checked: 4200
## Best value found so far: [28080.8, 2482.2]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 4350
## Best value found so far: [26984.300000000003, 2489.8]
## Total number of solutions checked: 4500
## Best value found so far: [26518.6, 2313.5]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 4650
## Best value found so far: [27103.6, 2371.6]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 4800
## Best value found so far: [25812.5, 2456.0]
## Total number of solutions checked: 4950
## Best value found so far: [26073.9, 2493.5]
## Total number of solutions checked: 5100
## Best value found so far: [25812.5, 2456.0]
## Total number of solutions checked: 5250
## Best value found so far: [26073.9, 2493.5]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 5400
## Best value found so far: [25812.5, 2456.0]
## Total number of solutions checked: 5550
## Best value found so far: [26073.9, 2493.5]
## Total number of solutions checked: 5700
## Best value found so far: [25812.5, 2456.0]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 5850
```

```
## Best value found so far: [26073.9, 2493.5]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 6000
## Best value found so far: [25812.5, 2456.0]
## Total number of solutions checked: 6150
## Best value found so far: [26073.9, 2493.5]
## Total number of solutions checked: 6300
## Best value found so far: [25812.5, 2456.0]
## Total number of solutions checked: 6450
## Best value found so far: [26073.9, 2493.5]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 6600
## Best value found so far: [25900.4, 2477.8]
## Total number of solutions checked: 6750
## Best value found so far: [23680.3, 2366.8]
## Total number of solutions checked: 6900
## Best value found so far: [25437.1, 2458.7000000000003]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 7050
## Best value found so far: [24394.19999999997, 2415.3]
## Total number of solutions checked: 7200
## Best value found so far: [25532.1, 2488.5]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 7350
## Best value found so far: [25066.4, 2312.2]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 7500
## Best value found so far: [26446.5, 2489.0]
## Total number of solutions checked: 7650
## Best value found so far: [26101.1, 2487.8]
## Total number of solutions checked: 7800
## Best value found so far: [25635.4, 2311.5]
## Total number of solutions checked: 7950
## Best value found so far: [26717.6, 2349.3]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 8100
## Best value found so far: [27547.9, 2385.7]
## Total number of solutions checked: 8250
## Best value found so far: [26336.69999999997, 2472.6]
## Total number of solutions checked: 8400
## Best value found so far: [26682.1, 2473.8]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 8550
```

```
## Best value found so far: [25788.1, 2388.5]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 8700
## Best value found so far: [27465.0, 2477.899999999999]
## Total number of solutions checked: 8850
## Best value found so far: [26289.19999999997, 2439.9]
## Total number of solutions checked: 9000
## Best value found so far: [25823.5, 2263.6]
## Total number of solutions checked: 9150
## Best value found so far: [27465.0, 2477.899999999999]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 9300
## Best value found so far: [25066.1, 2499.0]
## Total number of solutions checked: 9450
## Best value found so far: [24600.4, 2322.7]
## Total number of solutions checked: 9600
## Best value found so far: [25584.9, 2429.8]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 9750
## Best value found so far: [26415.2, 2466.2]
## Total number of solutions checked: 9900
## Best value found so far: [24643.5, 2484.899999999999]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 10050
## Best value found so far: [24177.8, 2308.6]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 10200
## Best value found so far: [25934.6, 2400.5]
## Total number of solutions checked: 10350
## Best value found so far: [24504.89999999999, 2442.6]
## Total number of solutions checked: 10500
## Best value found so far: [25365.69999999997, 2489.799999999997]
## Total number of solutions checked: 10650
## Best value found so far: [24900.0, 2313.5]
##
## Total number of solutions checked: 10800
## Best value found so far: [25934.6, 2400.5]
## Total number of solutions checked: 10950
## Best value found so far: [24677.39999999999, 2445.5]
## Total number of solutions checked: 11100
## Best value found so far: [24760.69999999997, 2427.6]
```

print("\nFinal number of solutions checked: ", solutionsChecked, '\n',

Question 3: Local Search with First Improvement

```
## GET INITIAL SOLUTION -----
# variable to record the number of solutions evaluated
solutionsChecked = 0
x_curr = initial_solution() # x_curr will hold the current solution
x_best = x_curr[:] # x_best will hold the best solution
r = randIdx = myPRNG.randint(0,n-1) # a random index
# f_curr will hold the evaluation of the current soluton
f_curr = evaluate(x_curr, r)
f_best = f_curr[:]
## BEGIN LOCAL SEARCH LOGIC -----
done = 0
while done == 0:
    # create a list of all neighbors in the neighborhood of x_curr
   Neighborhood = neighborhood(x_curr)
   for s in Neighborhood: # evaluate every member in the neighborhood of x_curr
       solutionsChecked = solutionsChecked + 1
       if evaluate(s, r)[0] > f_best[0]:
           # find the best member and keep track of that solution
           x_best = s[:]
           f_best = evaluate(s, r)[:] # and store its evaluation
           break # >> Exit loop << (first accept change from best acceptance)</pre>
   # Checks for platueau and feasibility
   if f_best == f_curr and (f_curr[1] < maxWeight): # if there were no improving solutions in the nei
       done = 1
   else:
       x_curr = x_best[:] # else: move to the neighbor solution and continue
       f_curr = f_best[:] # evalute the current solution
       print("\nTotal number of solutions checked: ", solutionsChecked)
       print("Best value found so far: ", f_best)
## Total number of solutions checked: 1
## Best value found so far: [16370.1, 2484.5]
```

Total number of solutions checked: 4

Best value found so far: [14764.6, 2378.200000000003]

```
## Total number of solutions checked: 5
## Best value found so far: [15264.9, 2432.8]
## Total number of solutions checked: 9
## Best value found so far: [14243.6, 2460.2]
## Total number of solutions checked: 14
## Best value found so far: [12617.80000000001, 2276.7]
print("\nFinal number of solutions checked: ", solutionsChecked, '\n',
     "Best value found: ", f_best[0], '\n',
     "Weight is: ", f_best[1], '\n',
     "Total number of items selected: ", np.sum(x_best), '\n\n',
     "Best solution: ", x_best)
##
## Final number of solutions checked: 17
## Best value found: 12617.80000000001
## Weight is: 2276.7
## Total number of items selected: 15
```

##

Question 4: Local Search with Random Restarts

4.1 Hill Climbing First Accept Function hillClimbFirstAccept()

Function that includes all of the hill climbing with first acceptance logic Returns a list of best solution found (see below for details of list)

```
# Returns a list of the best solution found:
# [0] totalValue: Total value of the value bag
# [1] totalWeight: Associated weight of the bag
  [2] solutionsChecked: Number of solutions checked
\# [3] numberOfItems: Total number\ of\ items\ packed
  [4] itemsPacked: A list of the items packed
# The indices of the solutions returned from `hillClimbFirstAccept()` function
VALUE_IDX = 0 # The value index of the output to the hill climb function
WEIGHT_IDX = 1 # Weight of the solution
SOL_CHCKED_IDX = 2 # The numner of solutions checked
NUM_ITEMS_IDX = 3 # The number of items in the solutions knapsack
ITEMS_PCKD_IDX = 4 # List of the items packed
def hillClimbFirstAccept():
   # variable to record the number of solutions evaluated
   solutionsChecked = 0
   x_curr = initial_solution() # x_curr will hold the current solution
   x_best = x_curr[:] # x_best will hold the best solution
   r = randIdx = myPRNG.randint(0,n-1) # a random index
   # f_curr will hold the evaluation of the current soluton
   f_curr = evaluate(x_curr, r)
   f_best = f_curr[:]
   ## BEGIN LOCAL SEARCH LOGIC -----
   done = 0
   while done == 0:
       # create a list of all neighbors in the neighborhood of x_curr
       Neighborhood = neighborhood(x_curr)
       for s in Neighborhood: # evaluate every member in the neighborhood of x_curr
           solutionsChecked = solutionsChecked + 1
           if evaluate(s, r)[0] > f_best[0]:
               # find the best member and keep track of that solution
               x best = s[:]
               f_best = evaluate(s, r)[:] # and store its evaluation
```

```
break # >> Exit loop << (first accept change from best acceptance)</pre>
    # Checks for platueau and feasibility
    if f best == f curr and (f curr[1] < maxWeight): # if there were no improving solutions in the
        done = 1
    else.
       x_curr = x_best[:] # else: move to the neighbor solution and continue
        f_curr = f_best[:] # evalute the current solution
        # print("\nTotal number of solutions checked: ", solutionsChecked)
        # print("Best value found so far: ", f_best)
return [
                      # Return a list of important values:
    f_best[0],
                      # totalValue
                 # totalWeight
    f_best[1],
    solutionsChecked, # solutionsChecked
    np.sum(x_best), # numberOfItems
    x_best
                    # itemsPacked
    1
```

4.2 Random Restarts Function kRestartsHillClimbFirstAccept()

Function that calls the first acceptance function and repeats k number of times Returns the best solution, best solution's index, and the list of restarted solutions

```
def kRestartsHillClimbFirstAccept(k_restarts, numSolutionsToShow):
    # List of the optimal solutions, including the returned output from the
    # `hillClimbFirstAccept()` function
   optimalSolutions = []
   bestIdx
                    = 0 # Stores the index of the best value
    # Iterate through k restarts of hill climbing with first accept
   for theCurrentRestart in range(0, k_restarts):
        optimalSolutions.append(hillClimbFirstAccept())
        # See the optimal value of the restart
        # print('Sol. Idx: [%q]' % theCurrentRestart, '\tVal: %q' %
                optimalSolutions[theCurrentRestart][VALUE_IDX]) # Comment to hide best value from resta
        # Check to see if the current solution is better than the incumbant.
        if (theCurrentRestart != 0) and ( optimalSolutions[theCurrentRestart][VALUE_IDX]
                                         > optimalSolutions[bestIdx][VALUE_IDX]):
            # If this solution is better, then store it as the best index
            bestIdx = theCurrentRestart
    # Simple function to print a solution (from list idx) of restarted solutions
    def printSolution(solutionIdx):
```

```
# Print the output
   print('Solution Index: ', solutionIdx, '\n',
          'Solution value:', optimalSolutions[solutionIdx][VALUE_IDX], '\n',
          'Solution weight:', optimalSolutions[solutionIdx][WEIGHT_IDX], '\n',
          'Number of solutions checked:', optimalSolutions[solutionIdx][SOL_CHCKED_IDX], '\n',
          'Number of items in bag:', optimalSolutions[solutionIdx][NUM_ITEMS_IDX], '\n',
          'List of items packed:', optimalSolutions[solutionIdx][ITEMS_PCKD_IDX], '\n'
          )
# RETRIEVE AND PRINT SOLUTIONS -----
# Print best solution
print('\n----- THE *BEST* SOLUTION -----'), printSolution(bestIdx)
print('\n---- %g Other Solutions -----\n' % numSolutionsToShow)
# Print solutions (number to show defined in the function)
for solutionNum in range(0, numSolutionsToShow):
   printSolution(solutionNum) # print another example
# Return the best solution, best idx, and the list of restarted solutions
return [optimalSolutions[bestIdx][VALUE_IDX], bestIdx, optimalSolutions]
```

4.3 Call the function kRestartsHillClimbFirstAccept()

Call the funtion and show the first 2 solutions

```
##
## ----- THE *BEST* SOLUTION -----
## Solution Index: 19
## Solution value: 19460.300000000003
## Solution weight: 2438.7
## Number of solutions checked: 14
## Number of items in bag: 21
## List of items packed: [1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0
##
##
## ----- 2 Other Solutions -----
## Solution Index: 0
## Solution value: 13006.8
## Solution weight: 2449.89999999996
## Number of solutions checked: 208
## Number of items in bag: 19
```

##