

Let's solve some Patterns

Special class

→ Discord → invalid link

Conditionals, Loops & Patterns



1 min
wait

Instructor: Love Babbar

Conditionals

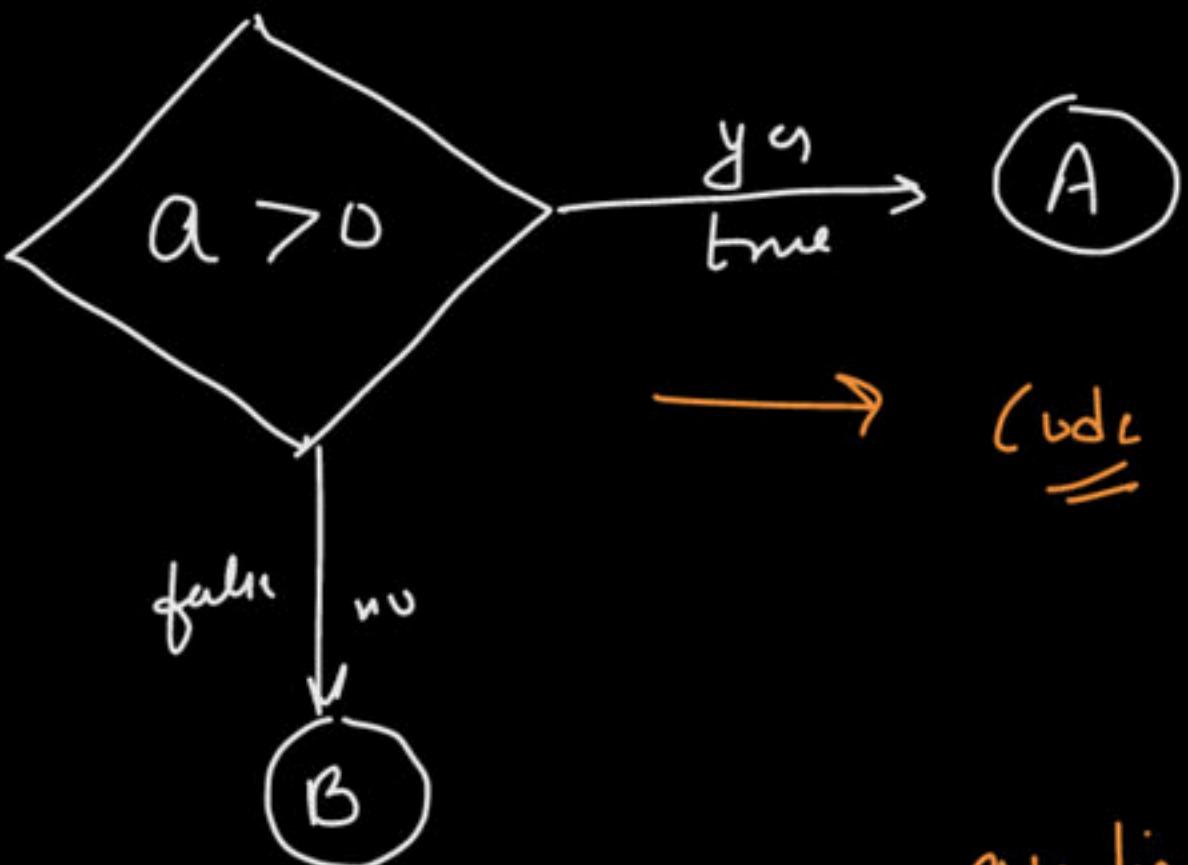
if statement

if - else

if { condt }

execute this

}



audio → Reload
issue → BY
Repair

if (age > 17)
{
 you are eligible to
 vote
}

```
if (marks > 95)
{
    cout << "A grade";
}
```

A hand-drawn diagram on a black background showing a parabolic curve. A horizontal line segment is drawn below the curve's vertex. An arrow pointing left from the vertex is labeled "peak wind". An arrow pointing right along the line is labeled "end wind". The curve starts at the bottom left, rises to a peak, and then descends to the bottom right. Two points on the curve are circled and labeled with numbers: the peak is labeled "slope = 335" and the end point is labeled "slope = 123".

① if () {

}

② if () {
 if () {
 if () {
 }
}
}

③ if - ch

 {
 }

 if () {

 }

 else {
 }

$> = 50 \rightarrow A$

$> = 40 \rightarrow B$

$> = 60 \rightarrow C$

$> = 40 \rightarrow D$

$< 40 \rightarrow F$

multiple conditions

$\rightarrow \text{if } ()$

{
}

do if ()
{
}

do if ()
{
}



$\rightarrow \text{if } ()$

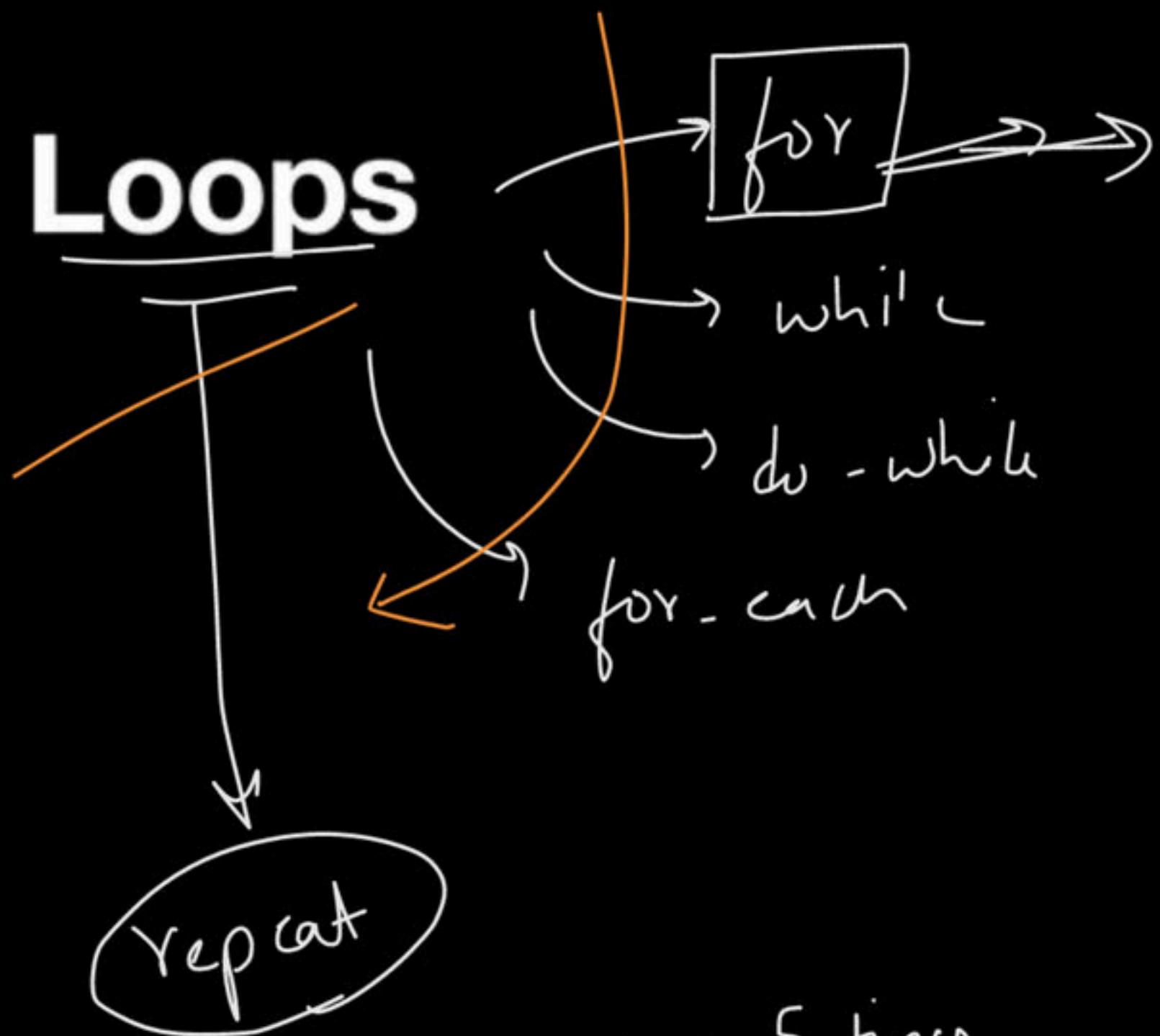
{
}

do if ()
{
} $\rightarrow \text{if - do}$

do if ()
{
} $\rightarrow \text{if - do if}$

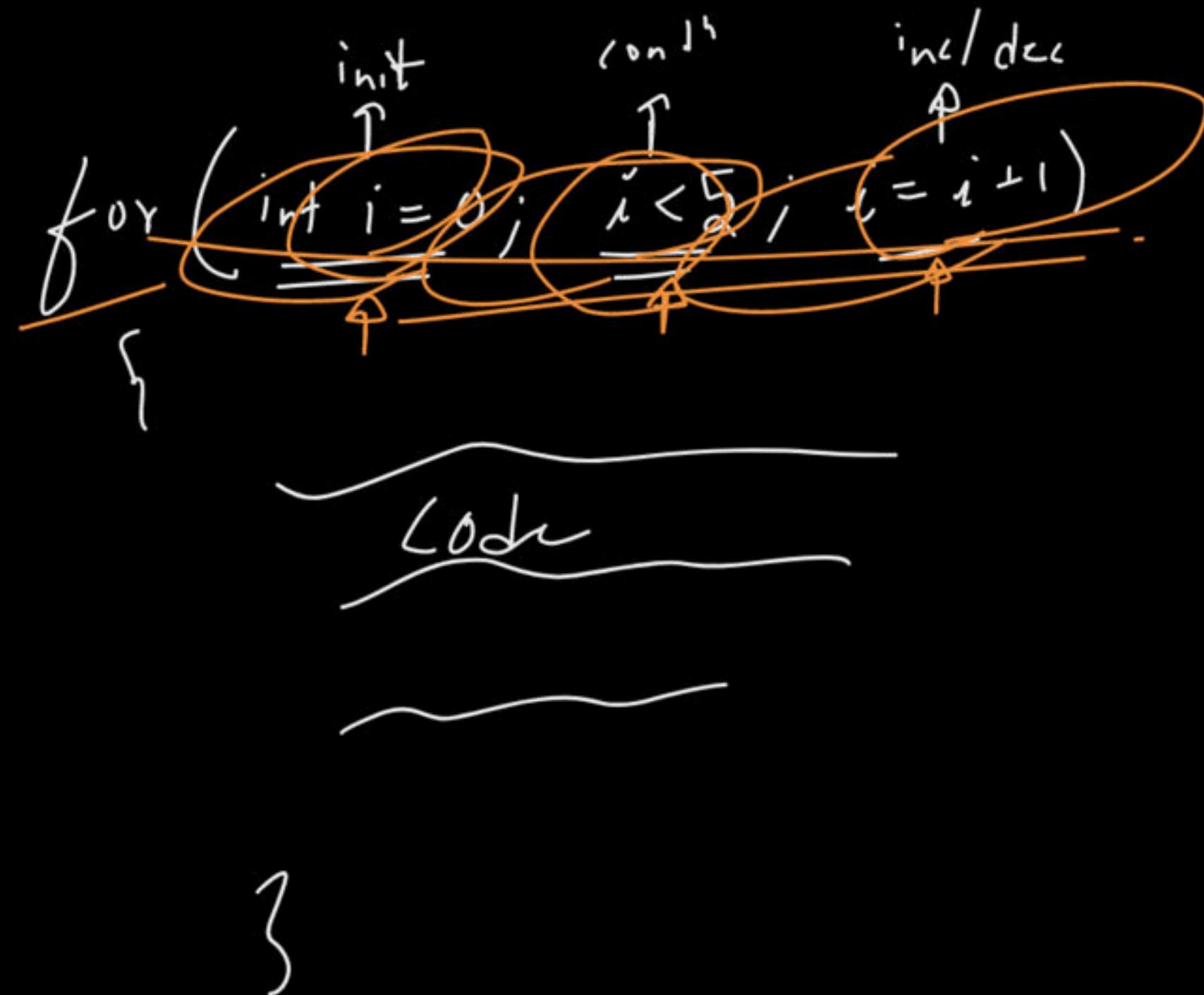
$\cancel{\text{else}}$
{
}

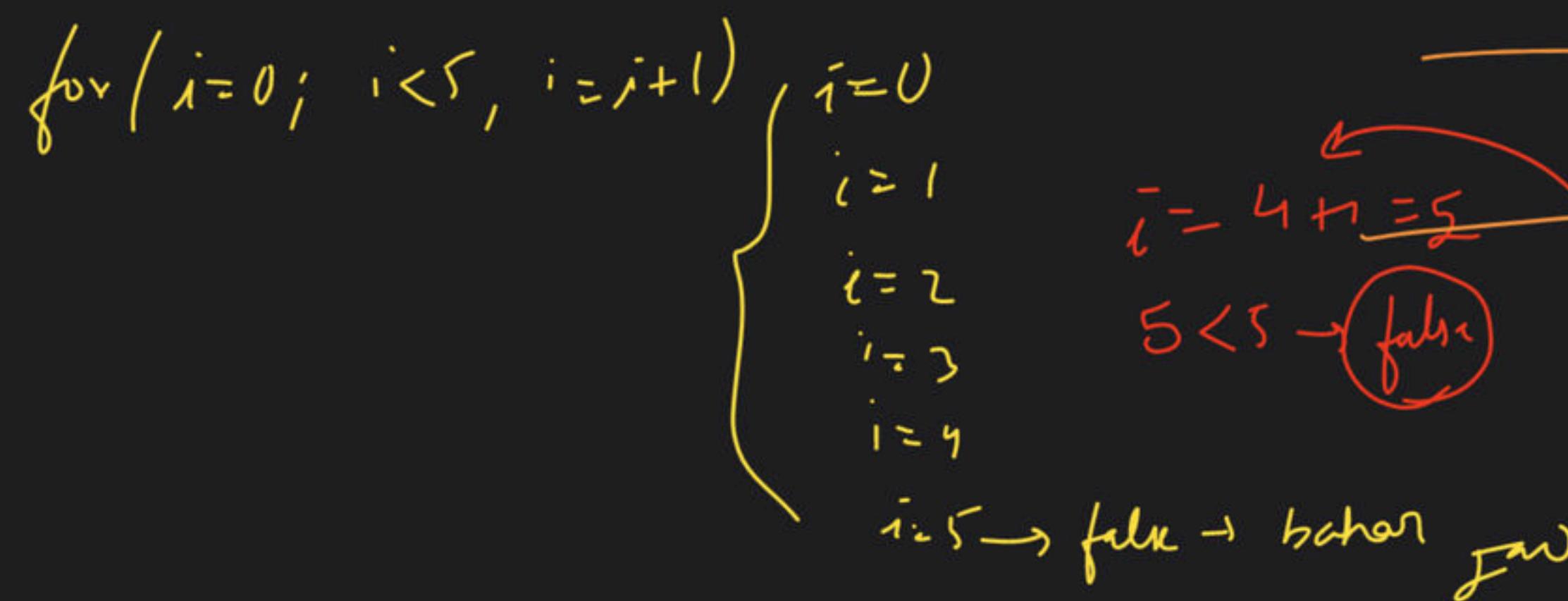
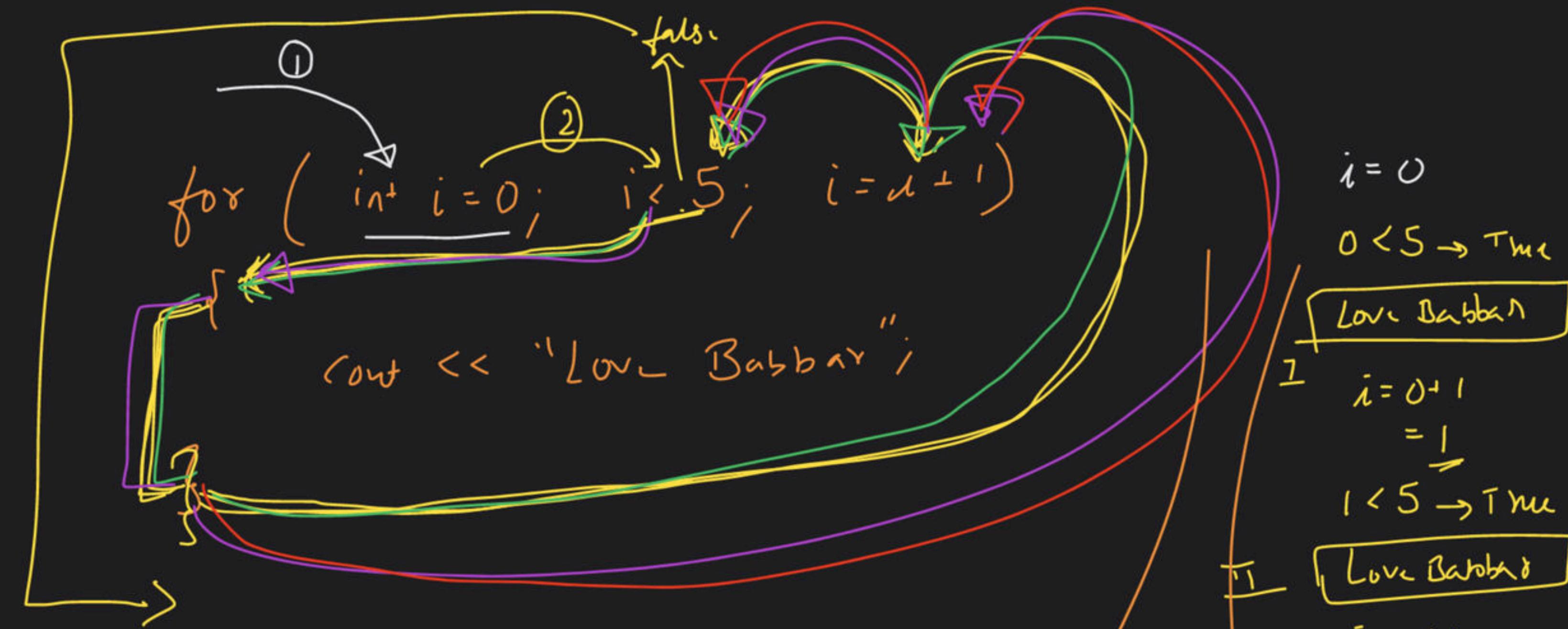
Loops

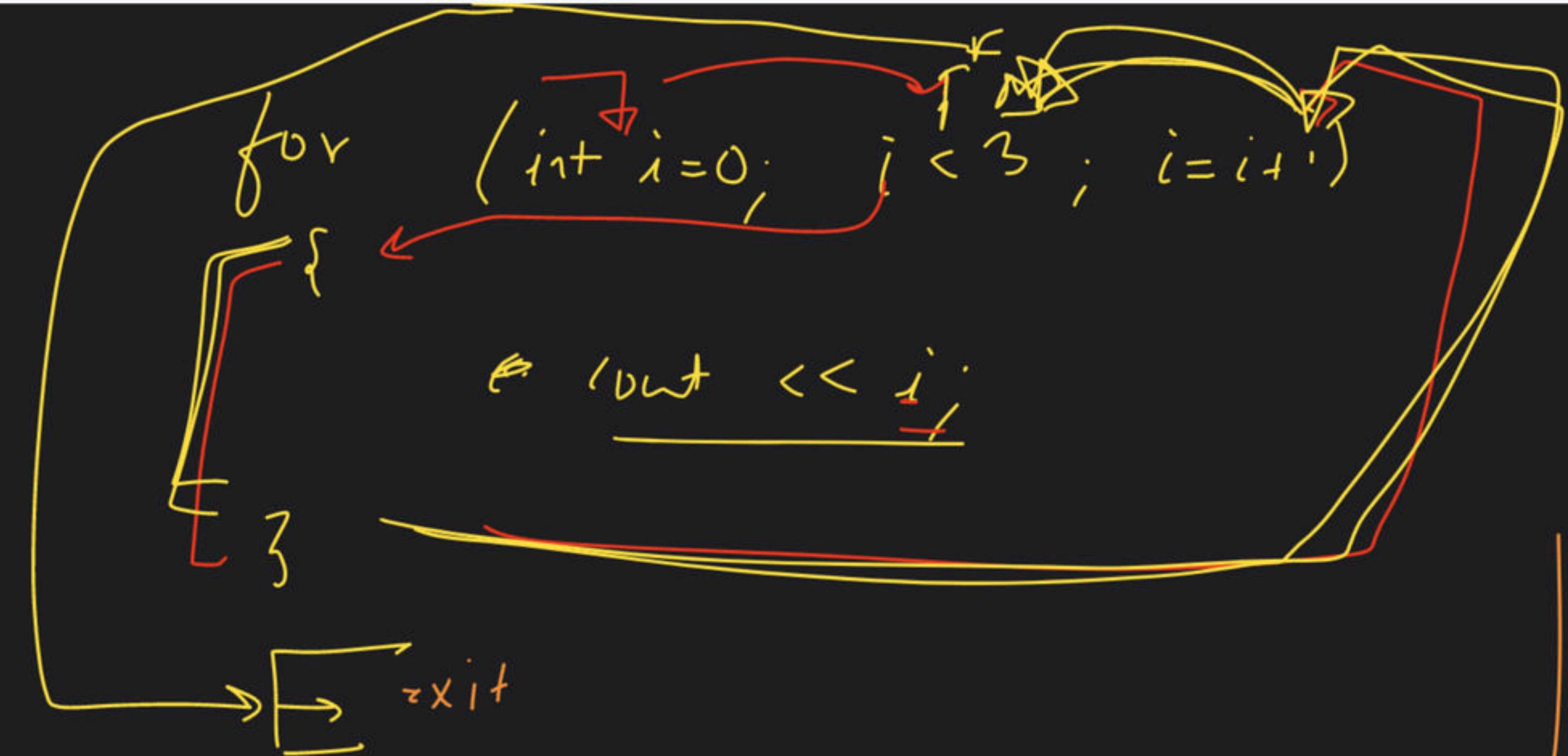


normal $\rightarrow \frac{5 \text{ times}}{\text{loop}}$

counting $\rightarrow 1 \rightarrow 5$







$i = 0$

$0 < 3 \rightarrow T$

print 0

$i = i + 1 = 0 + 1 = 1$

$1 < 3 \rightarrow T$

print 1

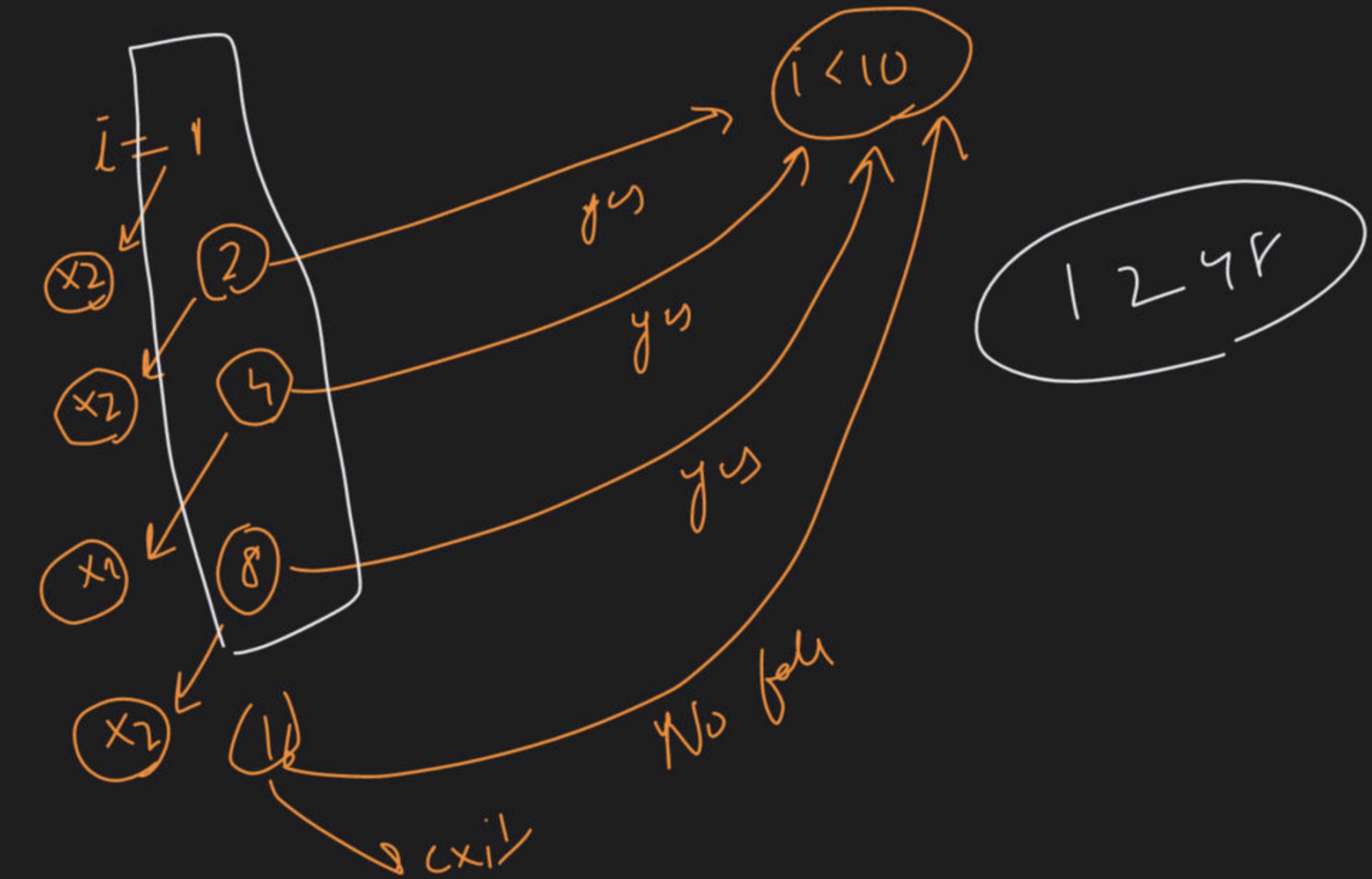
$i = i + 1 = 1 + 1 = 2$

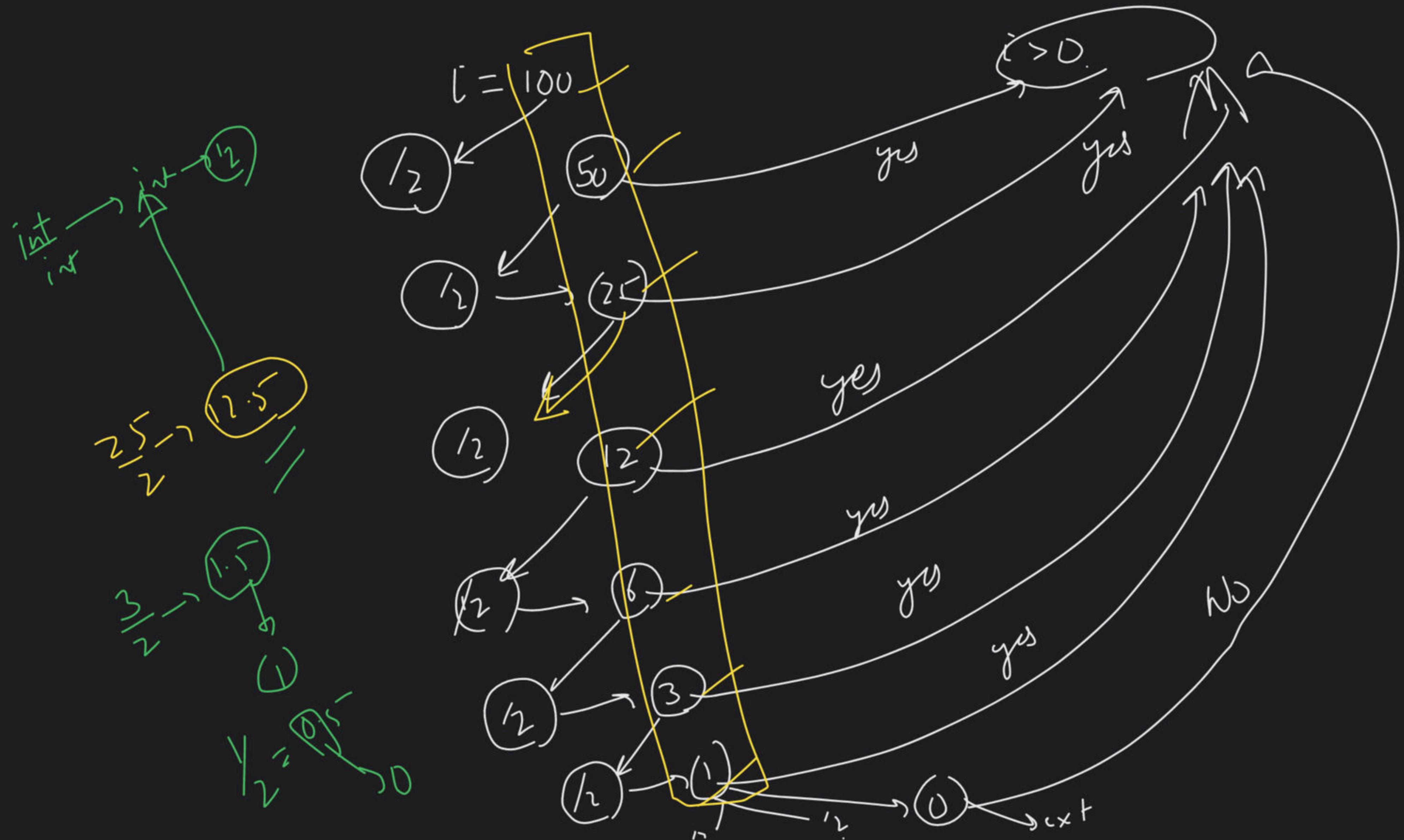
$2 < 3 \rightarrow T$

print 2

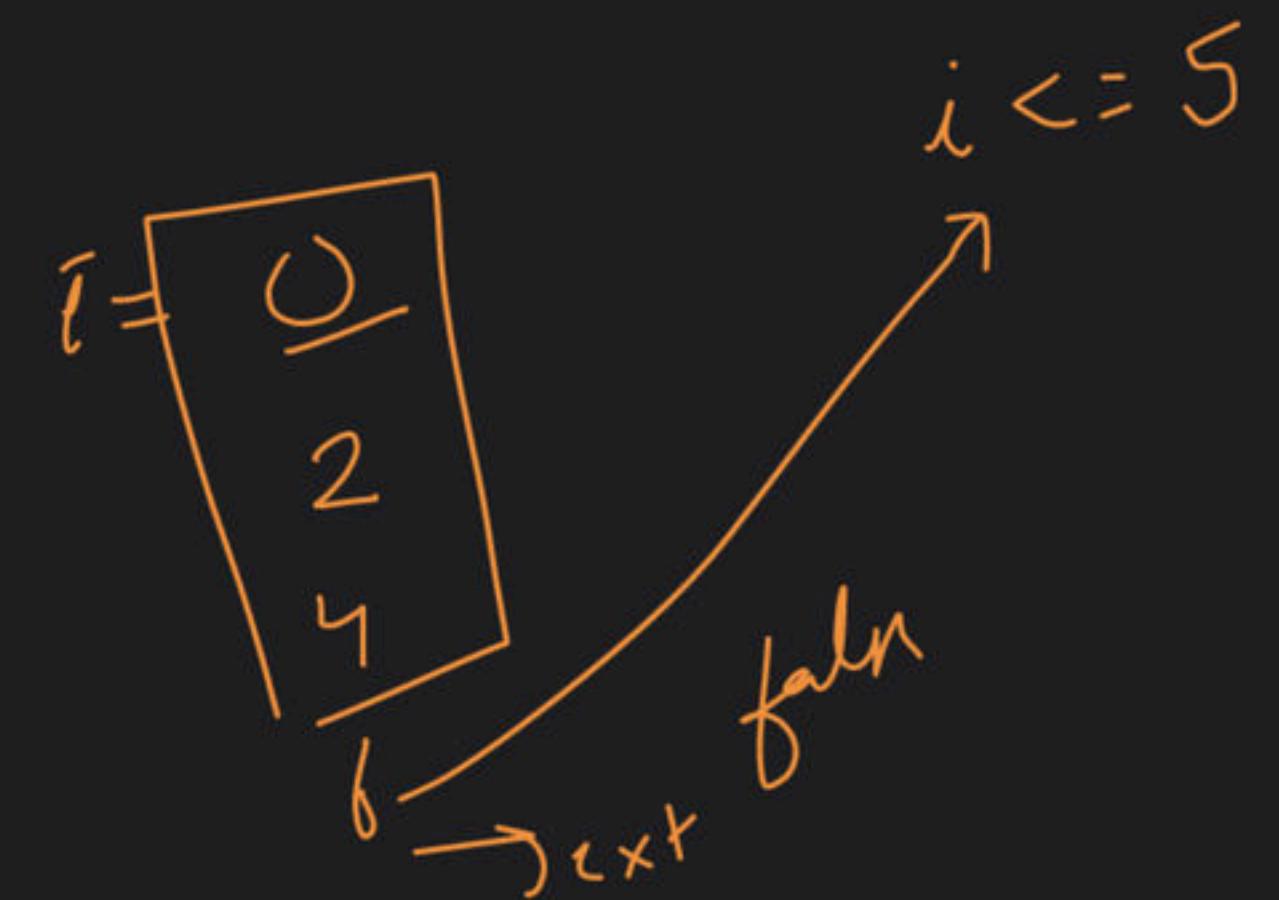
$i = i + 1 = 2 + 1 = 3$

$3 < 3 \rightarrow \text{false}$



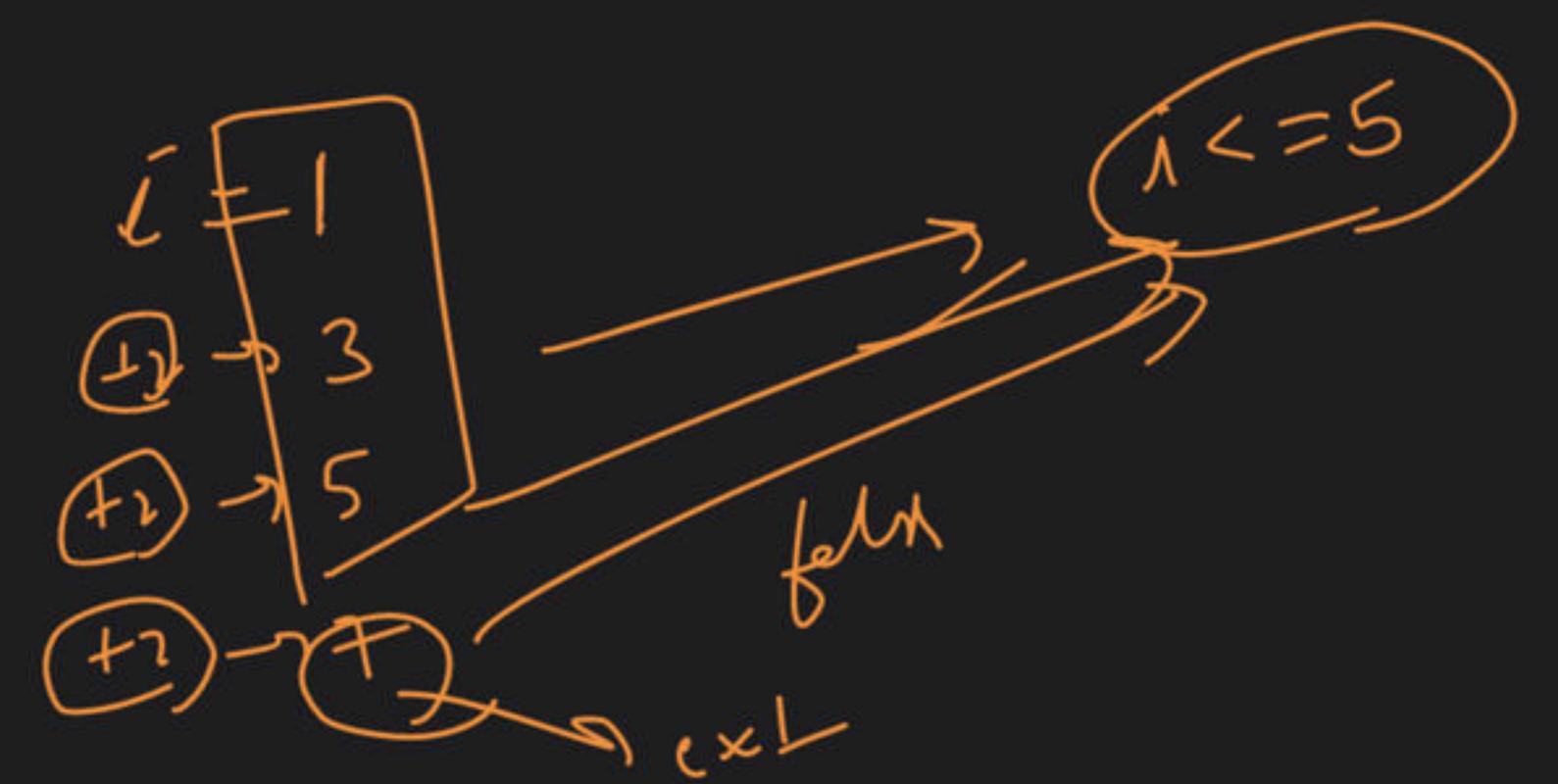


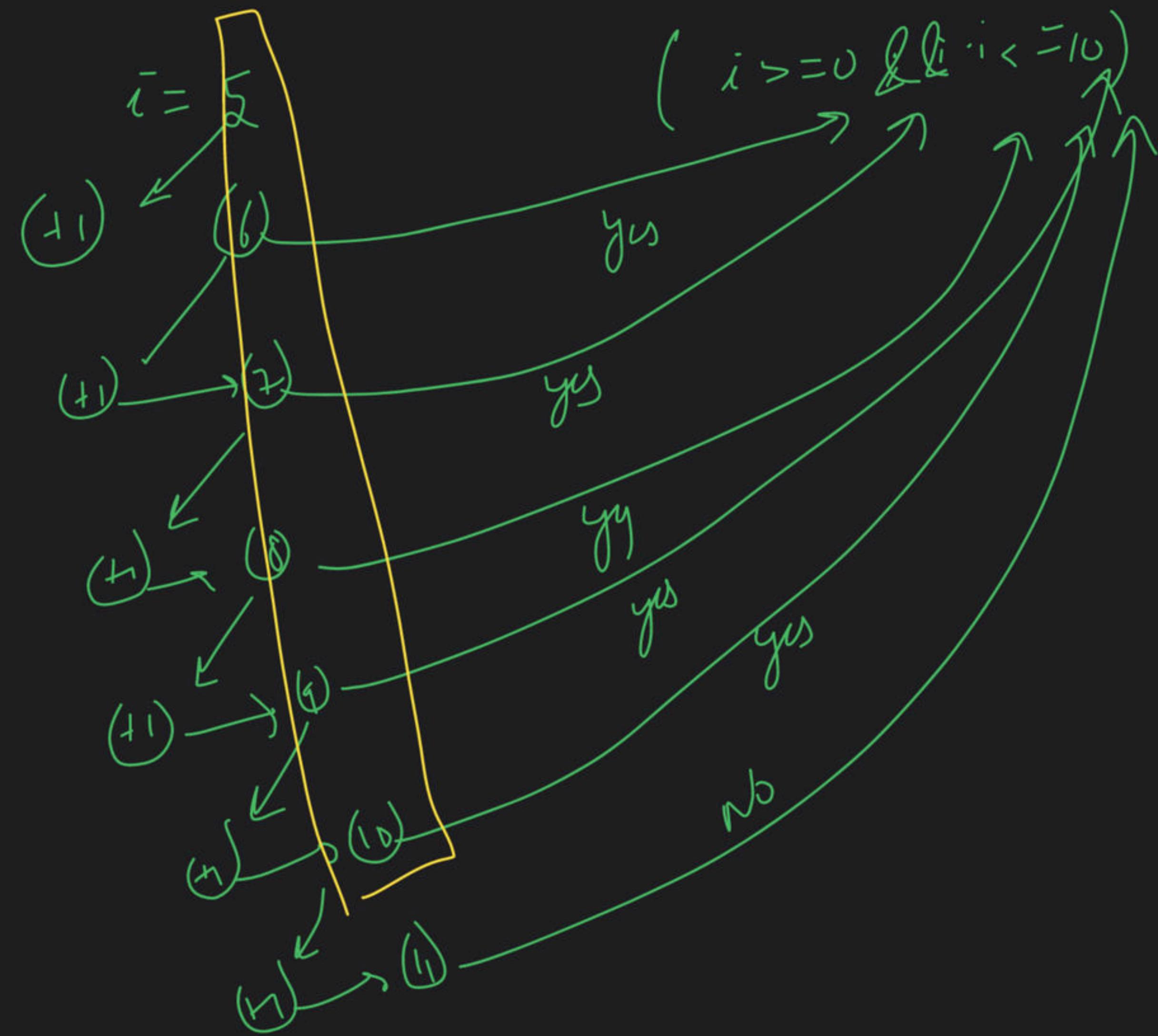
~~i = 1~~ → $i <= 10$



$i \rightarrow i + 1$

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
$\times 2$										
2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22

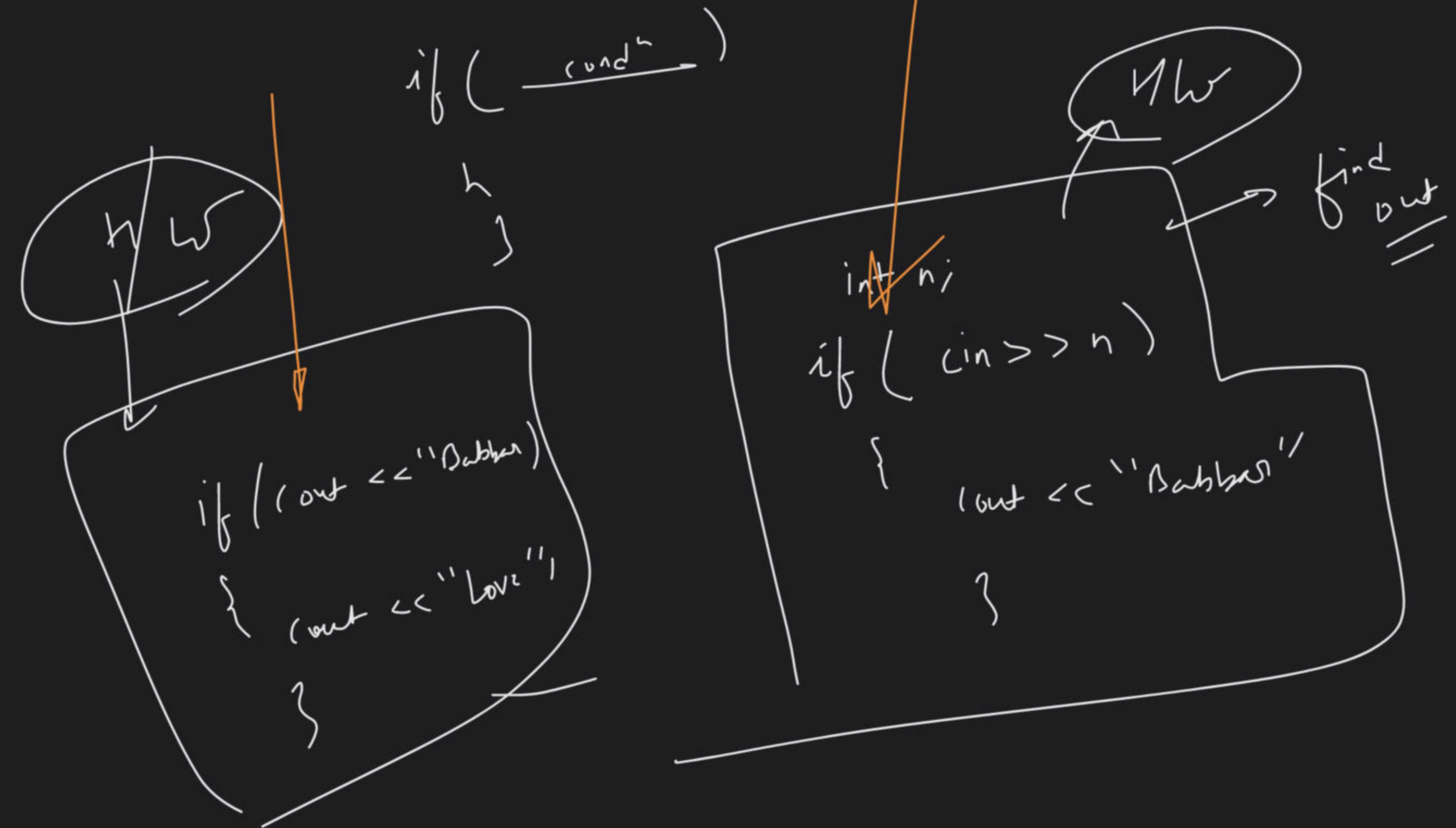


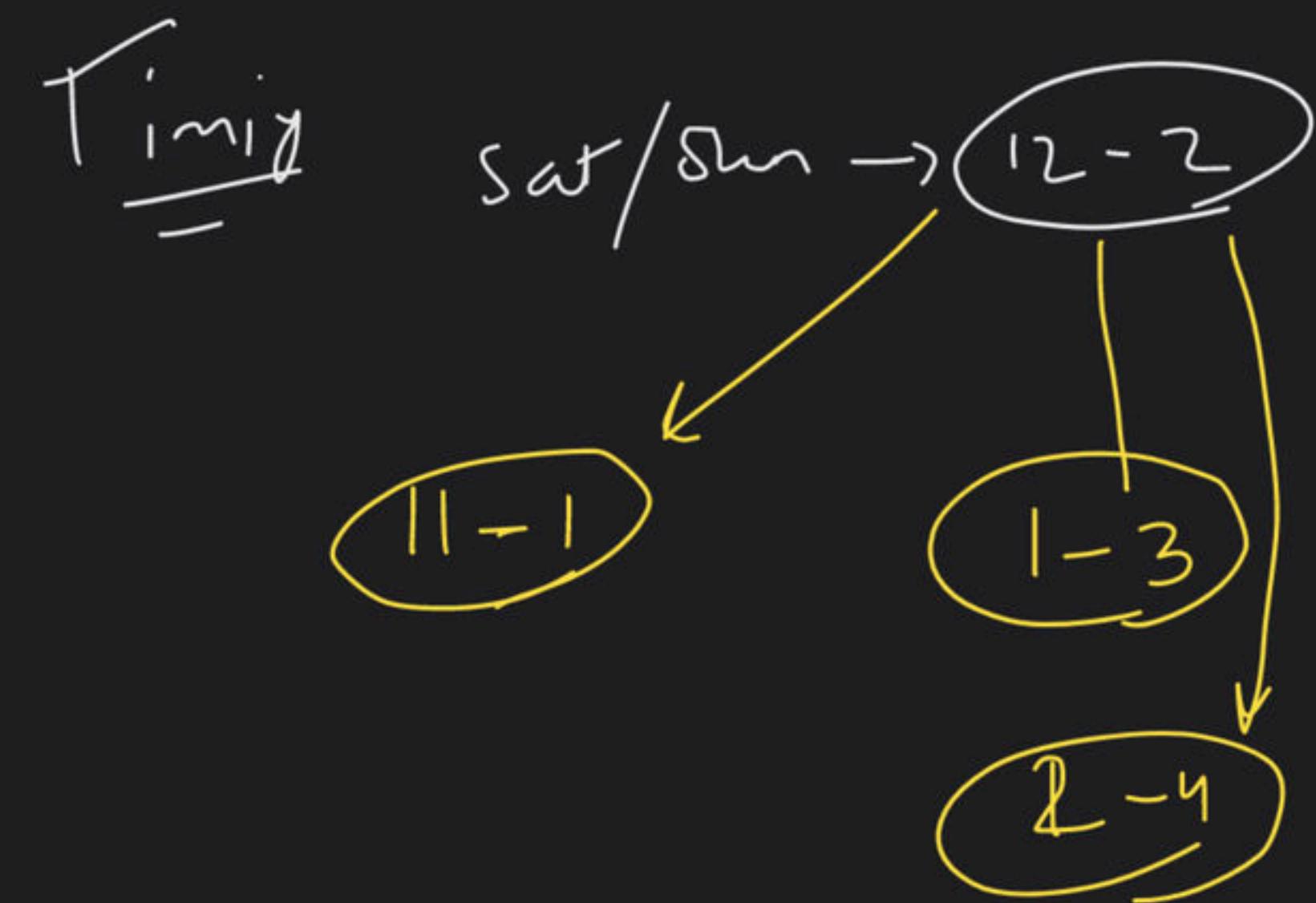
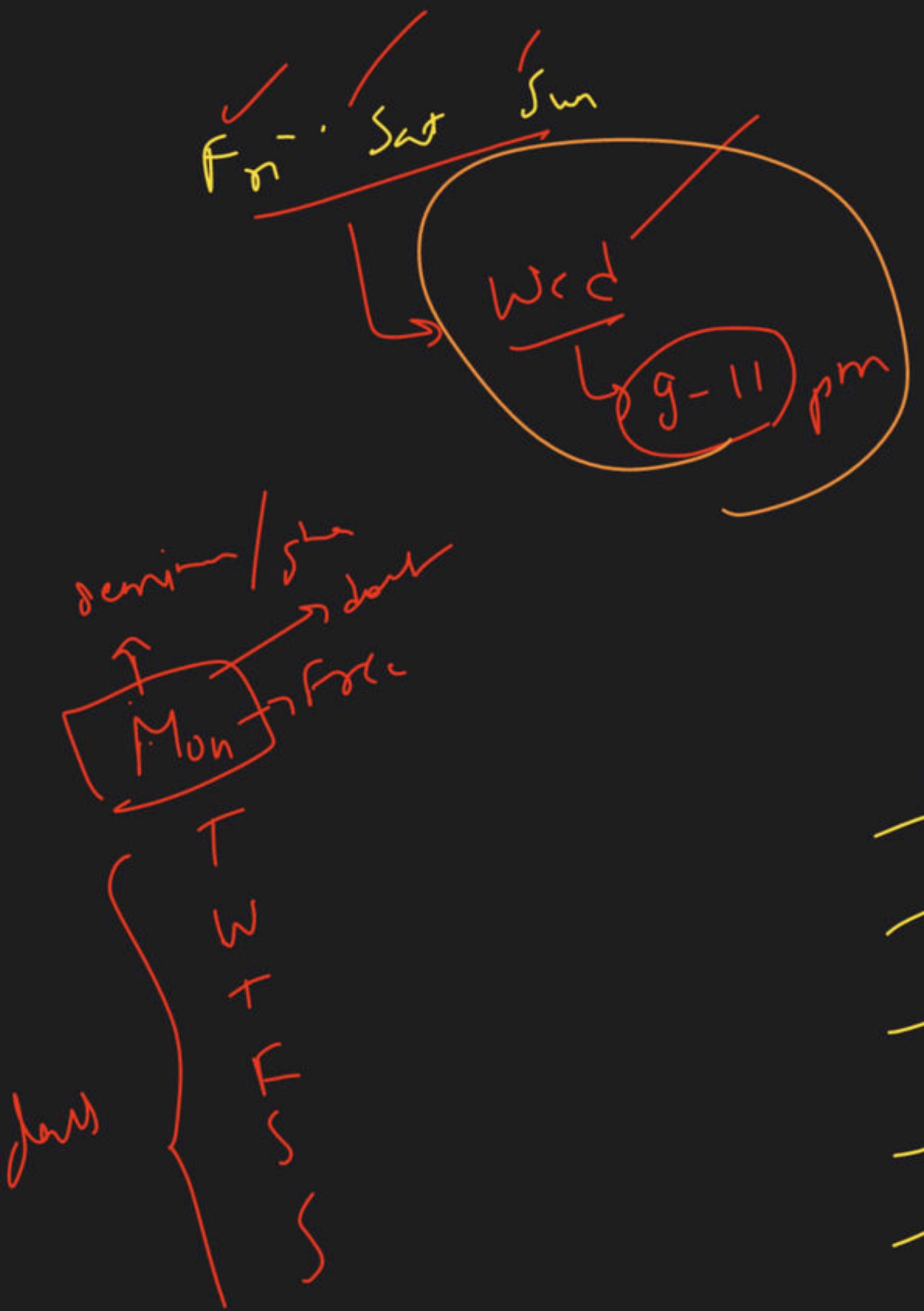


Mandatory / Optional

for (init ; cond ; update)

{ }
}





- (A) $10^{\text{nm}} \rightarrow 12 \mu m$
- (B) $11^{\text{nm}} \rightarrow \approx 1 \mu m$
- (C) $1^{\text{nm}} \rightarrow 3 \mu m$
- (D) $2^{\mu m} \rightarrow M_{\text{un}}$
- (E) $12^{\mu m} - 2^{\mu m}$

```

int bronum;
<in>> bronum;
if ( bronum == 0 )
{
    cout << " Baat Bangangi ";
}
else
{
    cout << " Baat Nahi ";
}

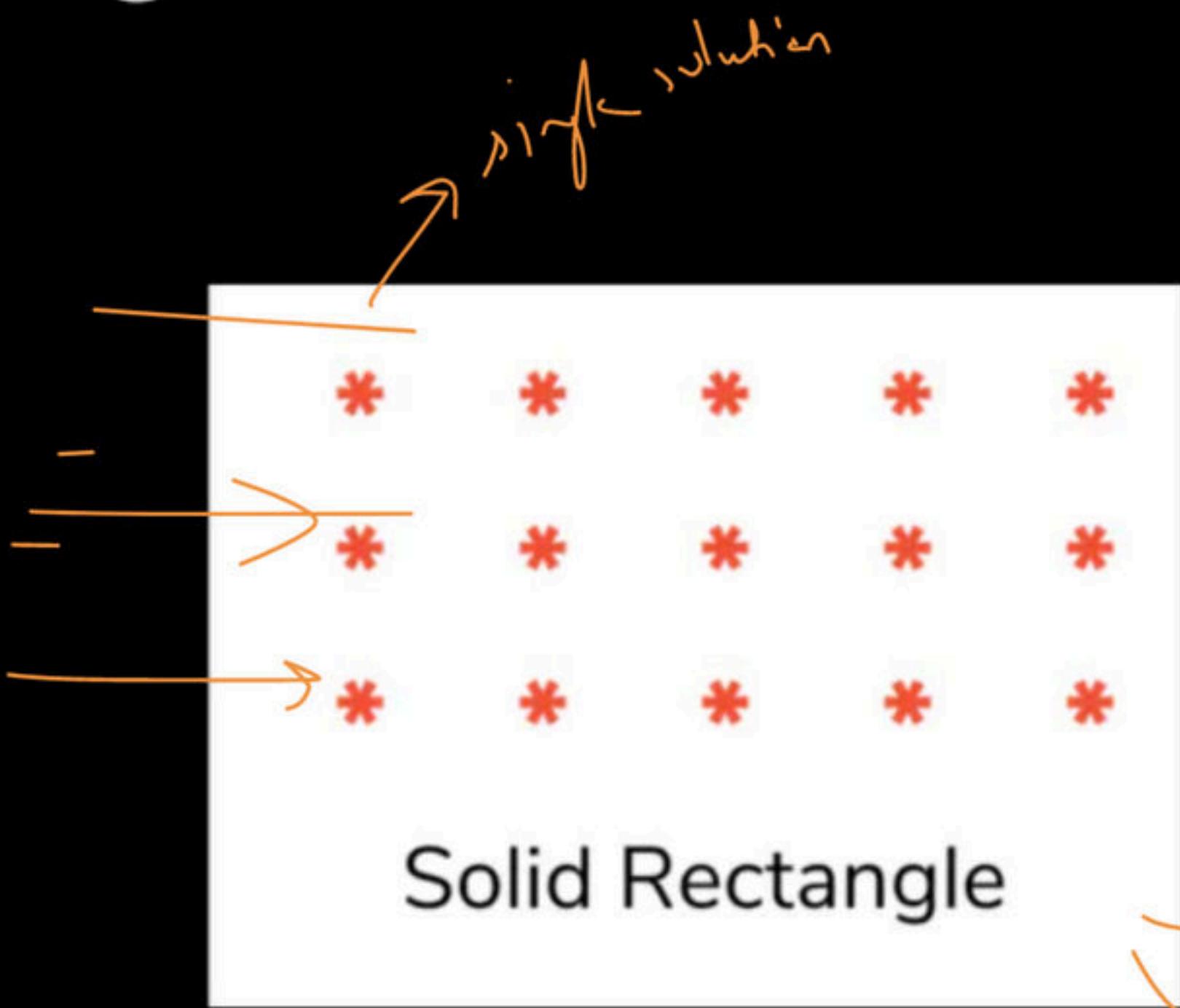
```

BroNum
Input

~~Flow of Brother~~

bronum → variable creation
take input
~~bronum~~
bronum == 0
→ print "Baat bangangi"
 agar nahi h
 cout << "Baat Nahi"
bangangi

Solid Rectangle



2 min
Break

why?

5 month
↓
Logic Build

Logic Build

Loops → strong

① Row - observation

total rows \rightarrow 3

Col 0	Col 1	Col 2	Col 3	Col 4
row 0 \rightarrow *	*	*	*	*
row 1 \rightarrow *	*	*	*	*
row 2 \rightarrow *	*	*	*	*

② Col - observation

col 0 \rightarrow 3 *

col 1 \rightarrow 3 *

col 2 \rightarrow 3 *

col 3 \rightarrow 3 *

col 4 \rightarrow 3 *

has column
mc > print Karne ke
Kaise

Solid Rectangle

Output → now → now count

```

Outer → now → now count

Outer
for (int row = 0; row < 3; row = row + 1)
{
    for (int col = 0; col < 5; col = col + 1)
    {
        cout << "X";
    }
    cout << endl;
}

Inner
for (int i = 0; i < 3; i = i + 1)
{
    for (int j = 0; j < 5; j = j + 1)
    {
        cout << "X";
    }
    cout << endl;
}

```

The diagram illustrates a memory access pattern for a 3x4 matrix of stars. The matrix is shown as three rows labeled $row 0$, $row 1$, and $row 2$. Each row contains four stars. A variable $ww = 0$ is shown at the top left, with arrows pointing to the first element of each row. The first row is labeled $ww < 3$. To the right of the matrix, four variables $col 0$, $col 1$, $col 2$, and $col 3$ are listed with arrows pointing to the first star in each column.

Below the matrix, three equations show the mapping from row indices to stars:

- $row 0 \rightarrow \underline{\underline{5}} \star$
- $row 1 \rightarrow \underline{\underline{5}} \star$
- $row 2 \rightarrow \underline{\underline{5}} \star$

A box labeled "Code:" contains a bracket underlining the first two terms of the first equation. An arrow points from this bracket to a box labeled "nested loop". Another arrow points from the "nested loop" box to a box labeled "2 loops". A third arrow points from the "2 loops" box to a box labeled "multiple loops".

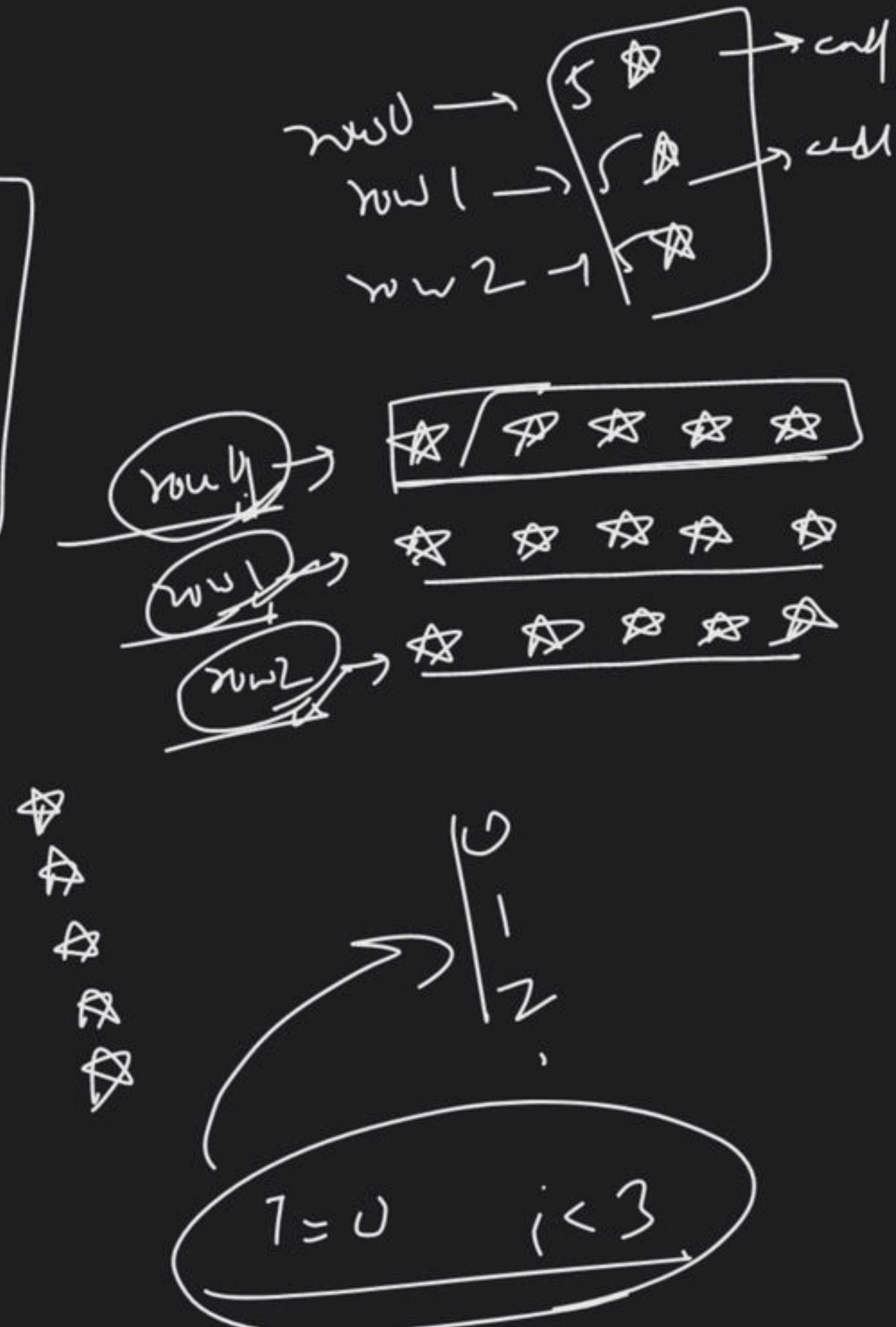
At the bottom left, a box labeled "outer" has an arrow pointing to it from the "multiple loops" box. To its right, a box labeled "inner" has an arrow pointing to it from the "multiple loops" box. A box labeled "cols" is also present at the bottom right.


```

for ( int row = 0 | row < 3; row = row + 1 )
{
    for ( int col = 0 ; col < 5 ; col = col + 1 )
    {
        cout << "*";
    }
    cout << endl;
}

```

$i=0 : i < 5$



①

```
for (int row=0; row<4; row=row+1)
```

```
{
```

```
    for (int col=0; col<4; col=col+1)
```

```
{
```

```
        cout << "
```

```
    }
```

```
    cout << endl;
```

```
}
```

0 → 4

1 → 5

Square Pattern

row 0 → * * * *

row 1 → * * * *

row 2 → * * * *

row 3 → * * * *

row 0 → * * * *

row 1 → * * * *

row 2 → * * * *

row 3 → * * * *



Y

→

Now out → now loop



→

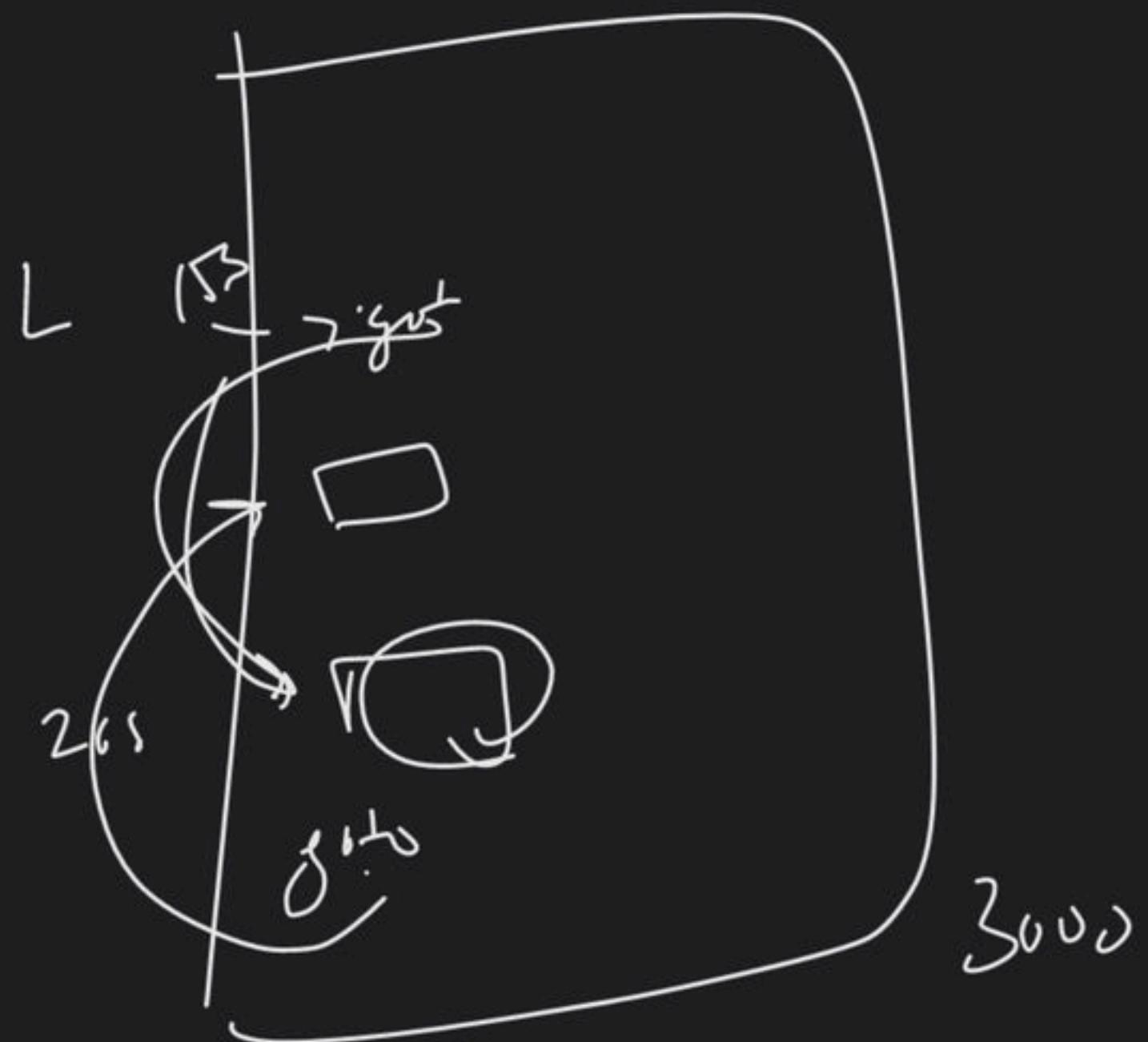
now Break → now 0
now 1 → 0
now 2 → formula → loop

)

if

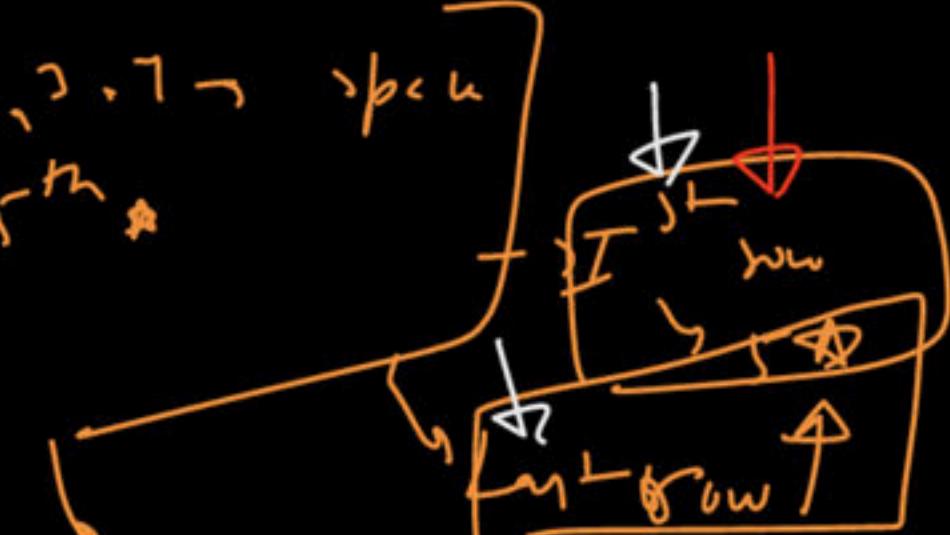
→

end

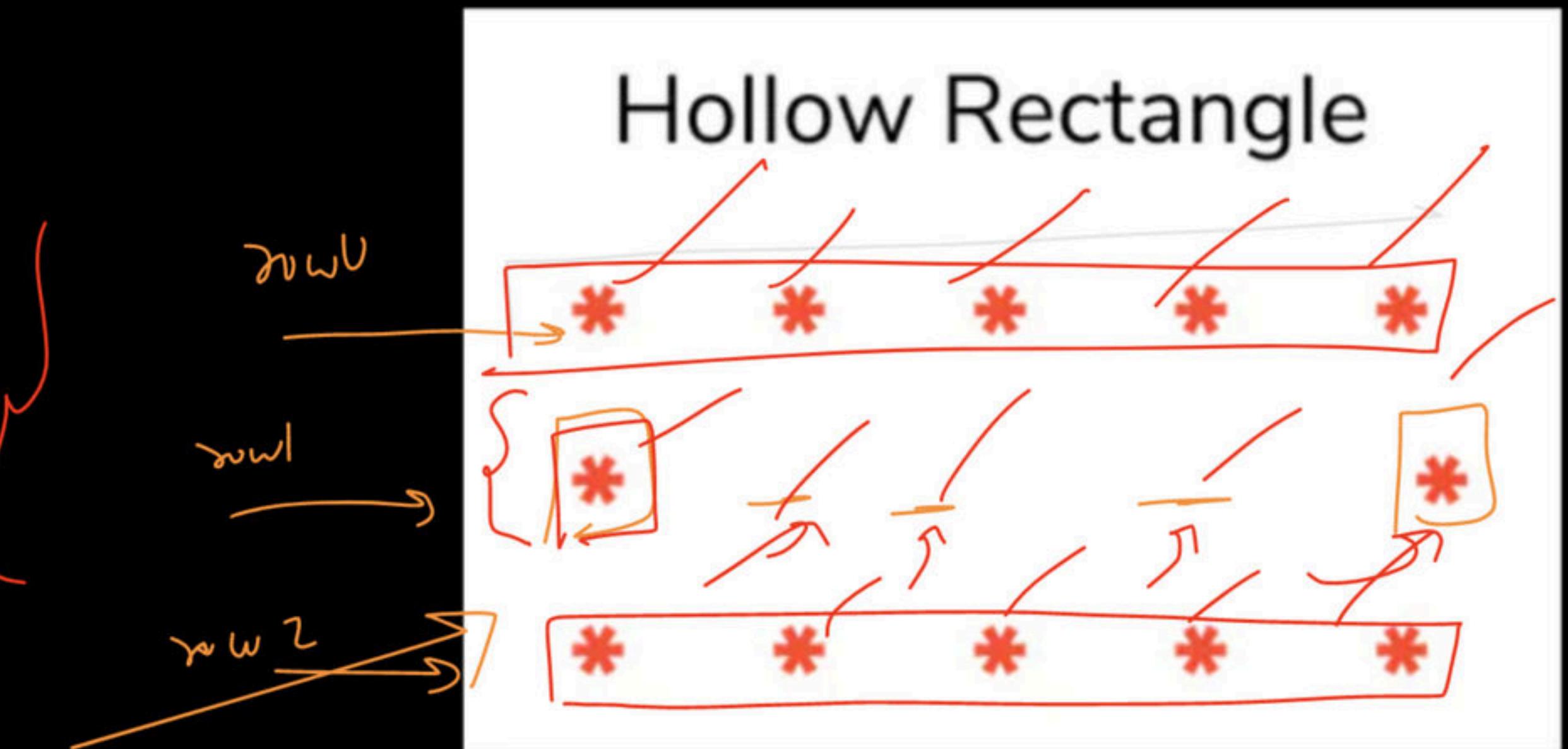


Hollow Rectangle

row 0 → 5 * 2, 3, 7 → space
row 1 → 1 * / 5 *
row 2 → 5 *



for (int i=0; i<3; i++)
{
 for (int j=0; j<5; j=j+1)
 {
 if (firstRow || lastRow)
 print *
 }
}



row0 → 5 *

row2 → 5 *

remaining middle rows → + * → space and *

now 0 \rightarrow S_{\star}

now 1 \rightarrow [or explain] $\star \rightarrow S$

now L \rightarrow S_{\star}

total 3 rows



Outer loop



```
for (row=0; row<3; row=row+1)
```

{

```
    if (row == 0 || row == 2)
    {
        for (int i=0; i<5; i=i+1)
        {
            cout << *;
        }
    }
```

else {

```
    cout << *;
    for (int i=0; i<3; i=i+1)
        cout << " ";
}
```

cout << endl;

}

row 0	★	★	★	★	★
row 1	★	-	-	-	-
row 2	★	★	★	★	★

row 0 → 5 ★

row 1 → 1 ★, 3 blank, 1 ★

row 2 → 5 ★

total rows \rightarrow 6

Outer loop

```
for (int row=0; row<6; row=row+1)
```

```
    if (row==0 || row==5)
```

```
        for (int col=0; col<5; col=col+1)
```

```
            cout << "*"
```

```
}
```

```
    else
```

```
        cout << " *";
```

```
        for (int col=0; col<3; col=col+1)
```

```
            cout << "-";
```

```
        cout << " *";
```

3 conditions



row 0 \rightarrow 5 *

row 1 \rightarrow [1 *] [3 spaces] [1 *]

row 2 \rightarrow [1 *] 3 spaces [1 *]

row 3 \rightarrow [1 *] 3 spaces [1 *]

row 4 \rightarrow [1 *] 3 spaces [1 *]

row 5 \rightarrow 5 *

~~for (int row = 0; row < rowCount; row = row + 1)~~

~~rowCount~~



~~colCount~~



3 rows

~~colCount - 2~~

~~5 = 2~~

~~= 3~~



~~-row 0
-row 1
-row 2~~

~~row 0~~



~~row 0 -> 5 * , row 2 -> 5 *~~



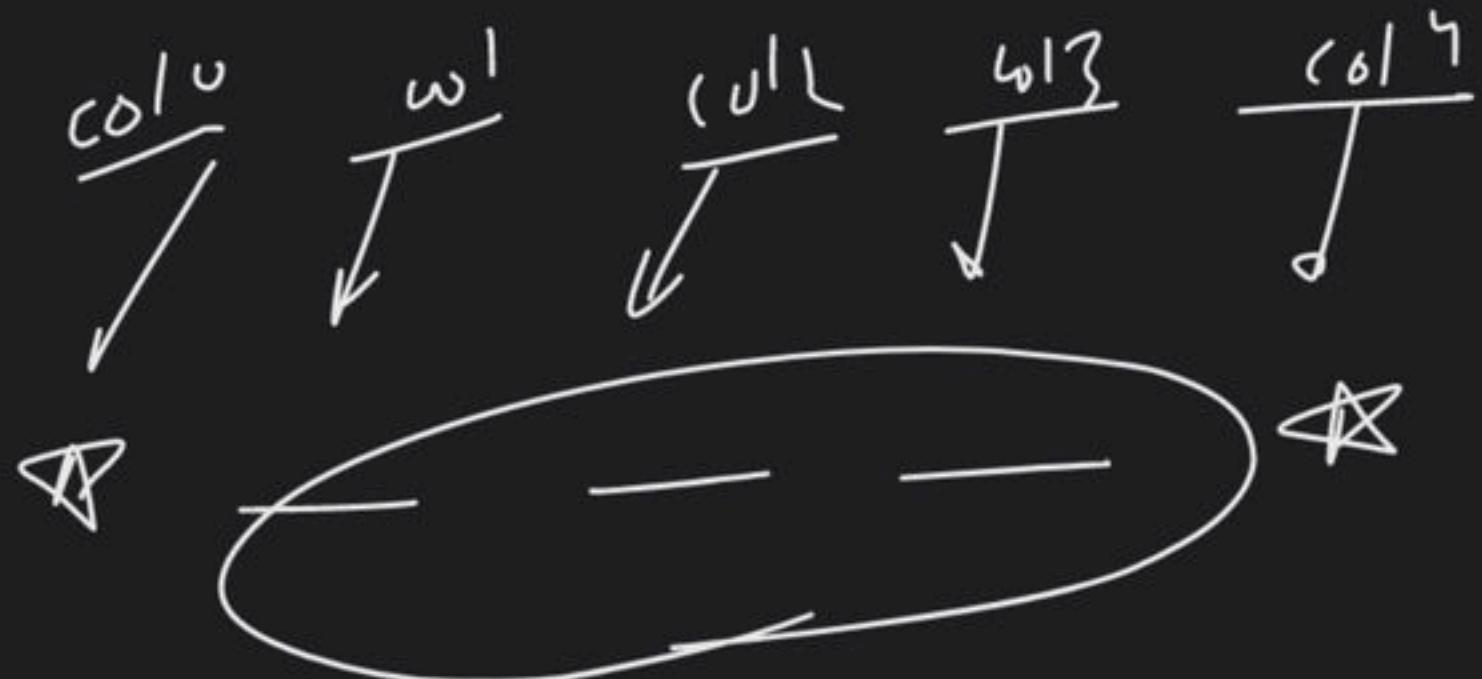
~~row 0 -> last row -> row 3~~

~~rowCount -> last row -> rowCount~~

~~nrows~~

~~T' -> row -> row == 0~~

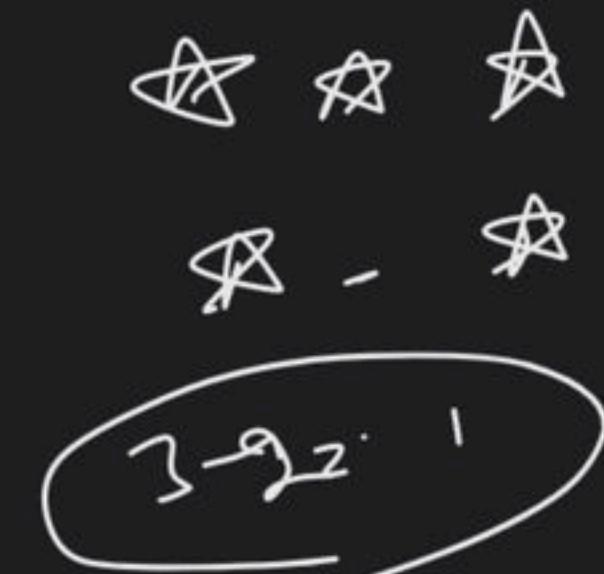
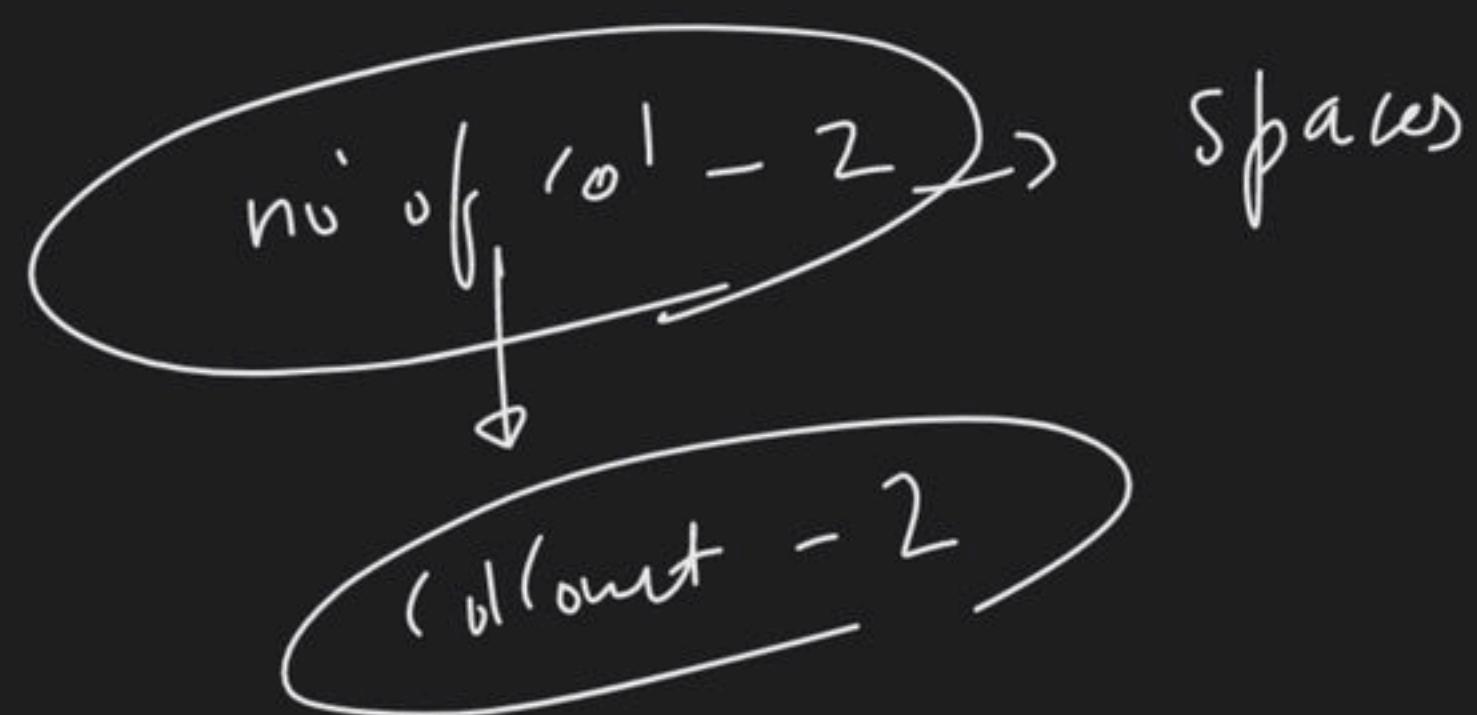
~~last row -> row 3~~



$5_{col} \rightarrow 3_{space}$

$8 - 2 \rightarrow 6_{space}$

$n - 2 \rightarrow 2_{space}$



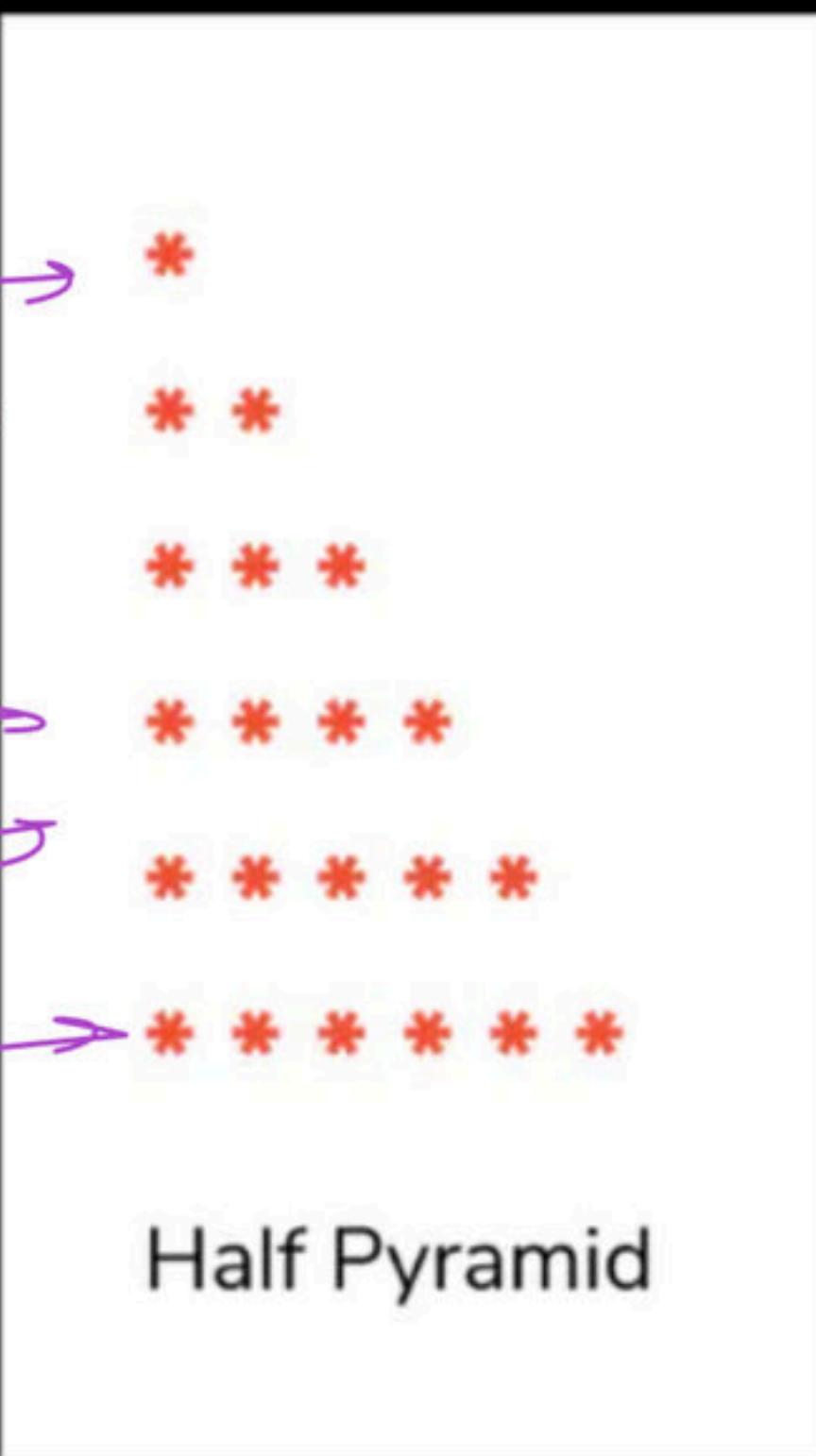
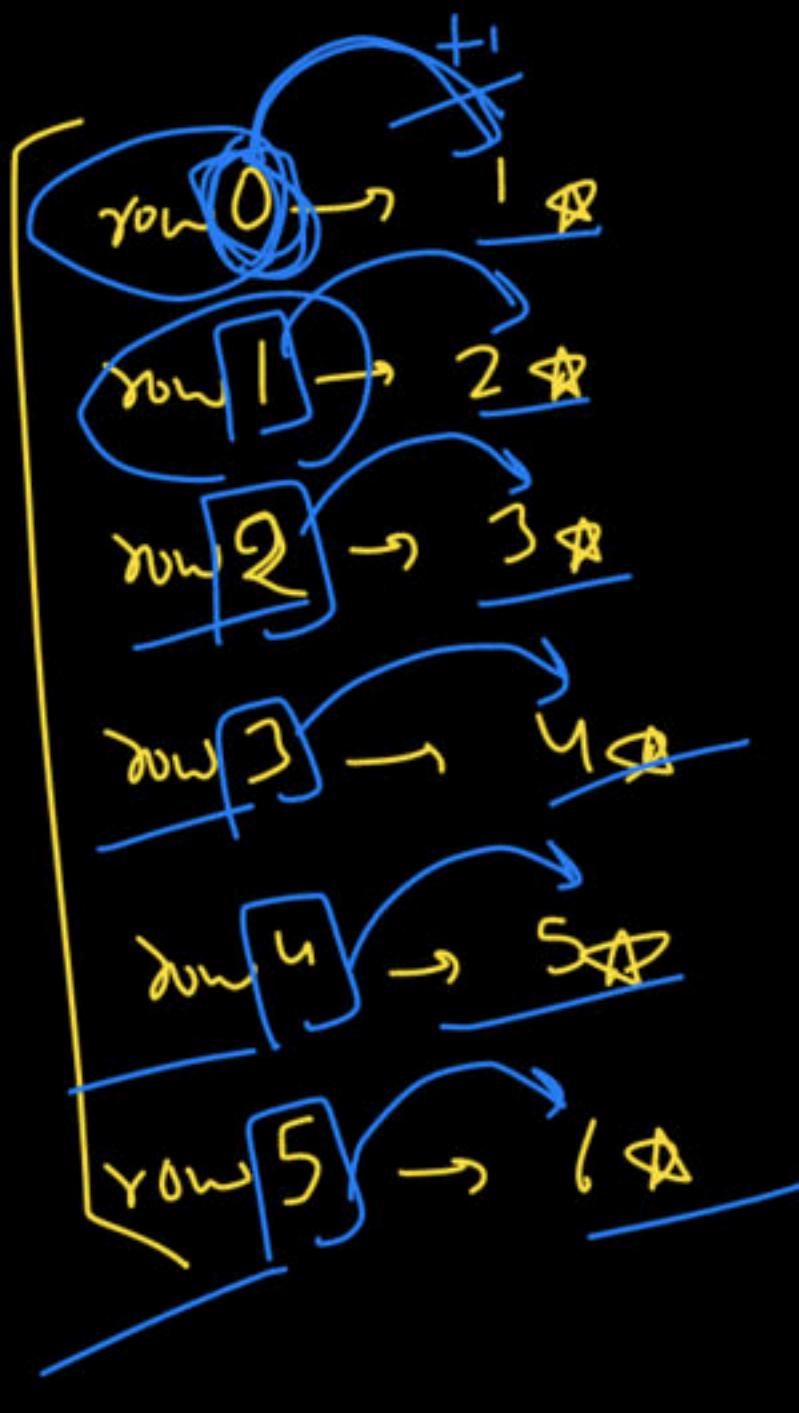
5 ☆

```
for (int i=0; i<3; i++)  
{  
    cout << "-";  
}
```

```
for (int i=0; i<5; i++)  
{  
    cout << "x";  
}
```



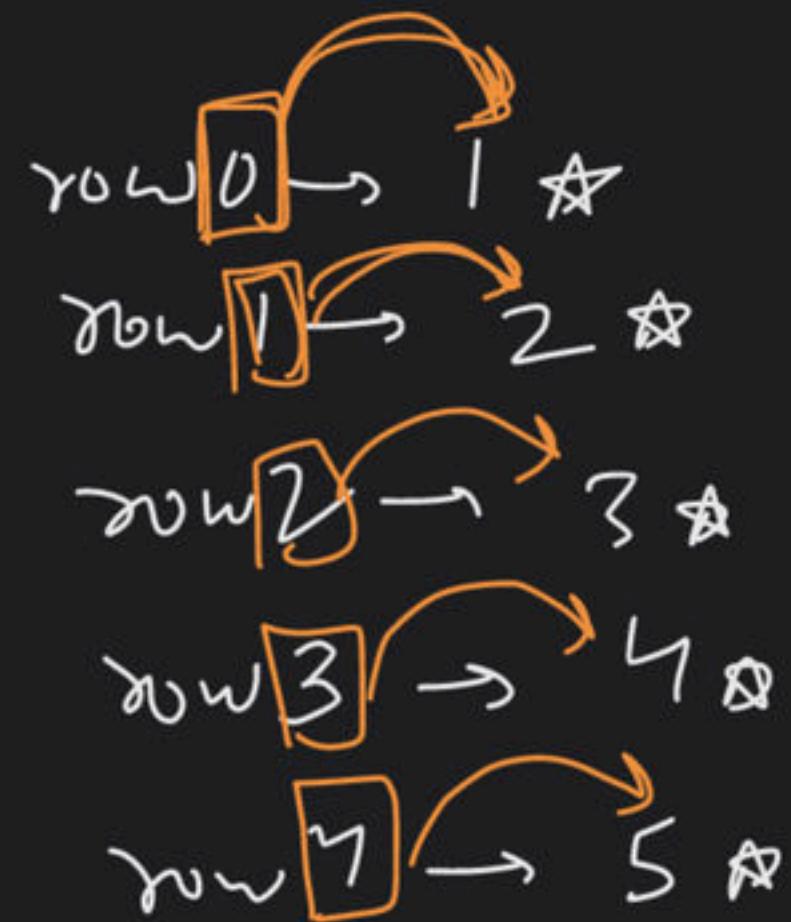
Half Pyramid



```
total row -> n
for (int row=0; row<n; row++)
{
    for (int col=0; col<row; col++)
    {
        cout << "*";
    }
    cout << endl;
}
```

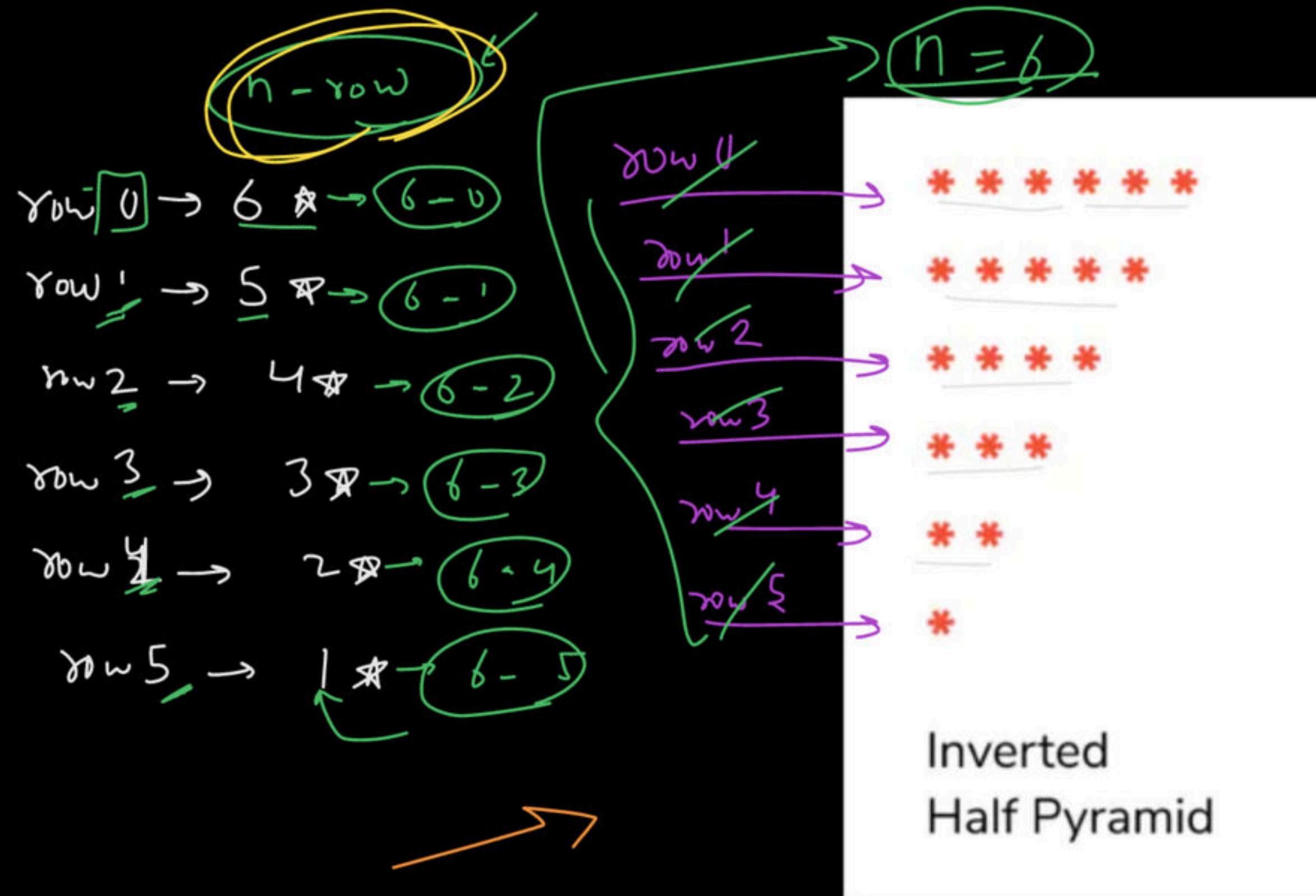
total rows $\rightarrow 5$

```
for (int row=0; row<5; row=row+1)
{
    for (int col=0; col<row+1; col=col+1)
    {
        cout << endl;
    }
    cout << endl;
}
```



h $\rightarrow (h+1)$

Inverted Half Pyramid



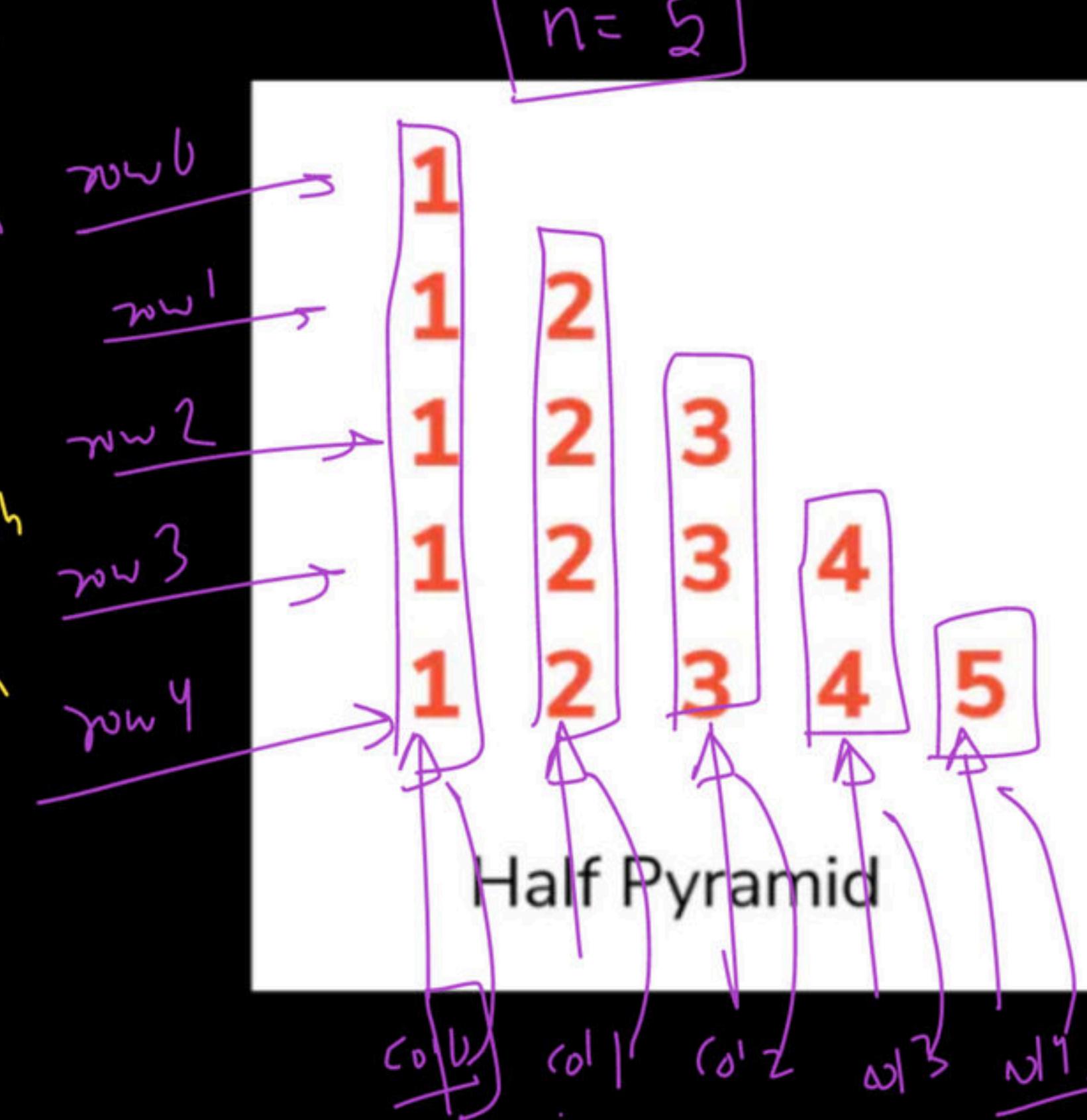
```
for (int row=0; row < n; row=row+1)
```

```
{  
    for (int col=0; col < n-row; col=col+1)  
    {  
        cout << '*';  
    }  
    cout << endl;  
}
```

Steps:-
Step 1 → row count → row loop
Step 2 → row break → formula
inner loop

Numeric Half Pyramid

row 0 → 1
row 1 → 1 2
row 2 → 1 2 3
row 3 → 1 2 3 4
row 4 → 1 2 3 4 5
row +1 →



```
for (int row=0; row<n; row=row+1) {  
    for (int col=0; col<row+1; col=col+1) {  
        cout << col + 1;  
    }  
    cout << endl;  
}
```

$yow = 0$

$0 < 3 \rightarrow T$

Inner loop starts now
↓

$col = 0$

$0 < row + 1, 0 < 0 + 1 \rightarrow T$

print col + 1 → print 1

$col = 1$

$1 < 1 \rightarrow F$

↓

begin new inner loop now

$yow = 1$

$1 < 3 \rightarrow T$

Inner loop starts

$col = 0$

$0 < row + 1, 0 < 1 + 1 \rightarrow T$

print col + 1 → print 1

$n = 3$

$col = 1$

$1 < 2 \rightarrow T$

print 1 + 1 = 2

$col = 2$

$2 < 2 \rightarrow F$

Inner loop starts

$row = 2$

$2 < 3 \rightarrow T$

Inner loop

$col = 0$

$0 < row + 1 \rightarrow 0 < 2 + 1 \rightarrow T$

print col + 1 = 0 + 1 → 1

$col = 1$

$1 < 3 \rightarrow T$

print col + 1 + 1 = 2

$col = 2$

$2 < 3 \rightarrow T$

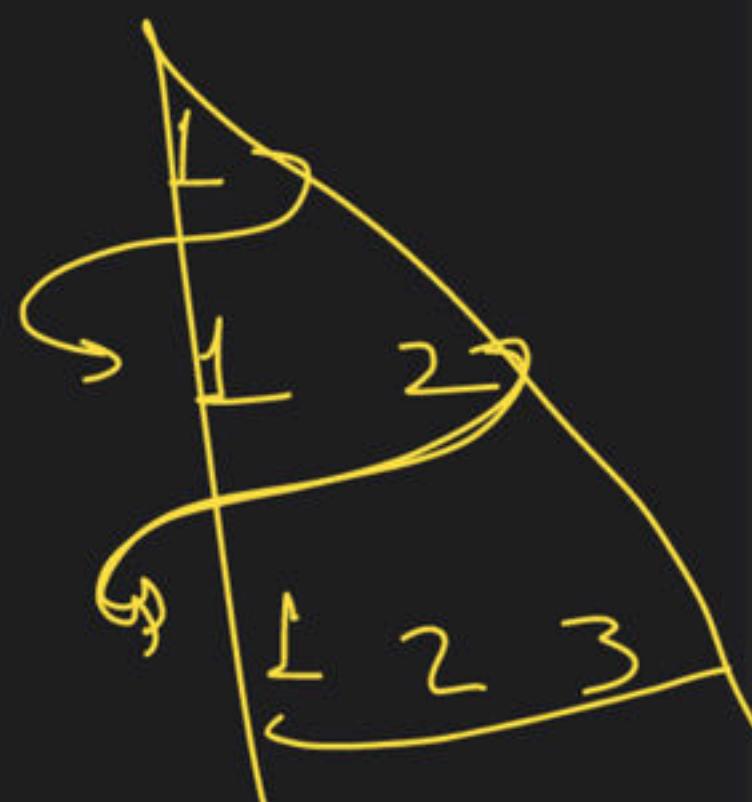
print col + 1 + 1 = 3

$col = 3$

$3 < 3 \rightarrow F$

Inner loop starts

row 2
 $2 < 3 \rightarrow F$
row 1
 $1 < 3 \rightarrow T$



Inverted Half Pyramid

$n - \text{row} = 5$

$\text{row} 0 \rightarrow 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$

$\text{row} 1 \rightarrow 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$ ($5 - 1 = 4$)

$\text{row} 2 \rightarrow 1, 2, 3, 4$ ($5 - 2 = 3$)

$\text{row} 3 \rightarrow 1, 2, 3$ ($5 - 3 = 2$)

$\text{row} 4 \rightarrow 1, 2, 3$ ($5 - 4 = 1$)

$\sim 1 \rightarrow$

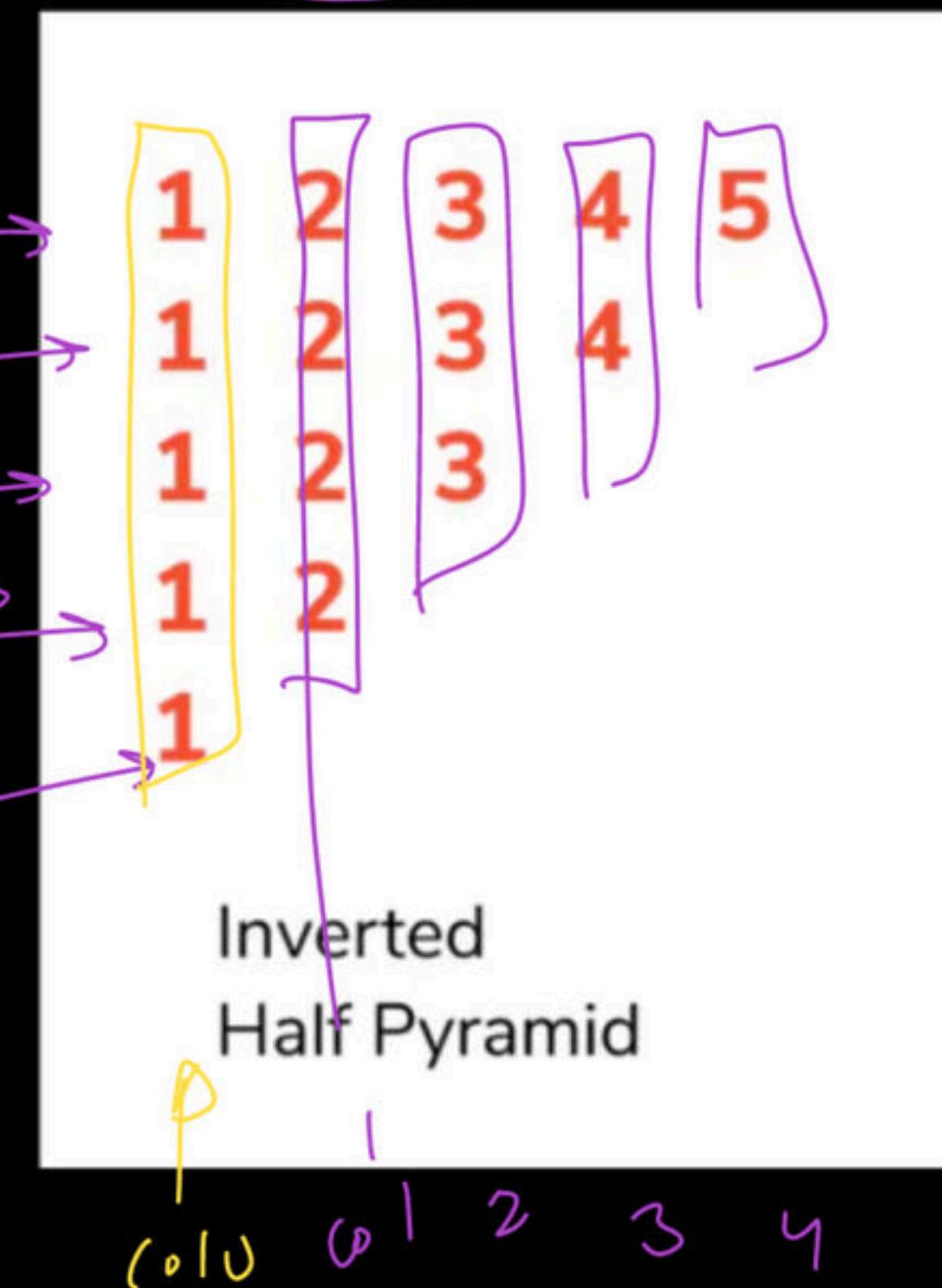
$\text{row} 0 \rightarrow 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$

$\text{row} 1 \rightarrow 1, 2, 3, 4$

$\text{row} 2 \rightarrow 1, 2, 3$

$\text{row} 3 \rightarrow 1, 2$

$\text{row} 4 \rightarrow 1$



```

for (int row=0; row<n; row=row+1)
{
    for (int col=0; col < n-row; col=col + 1)
        print (col+1)
}

```

WCD

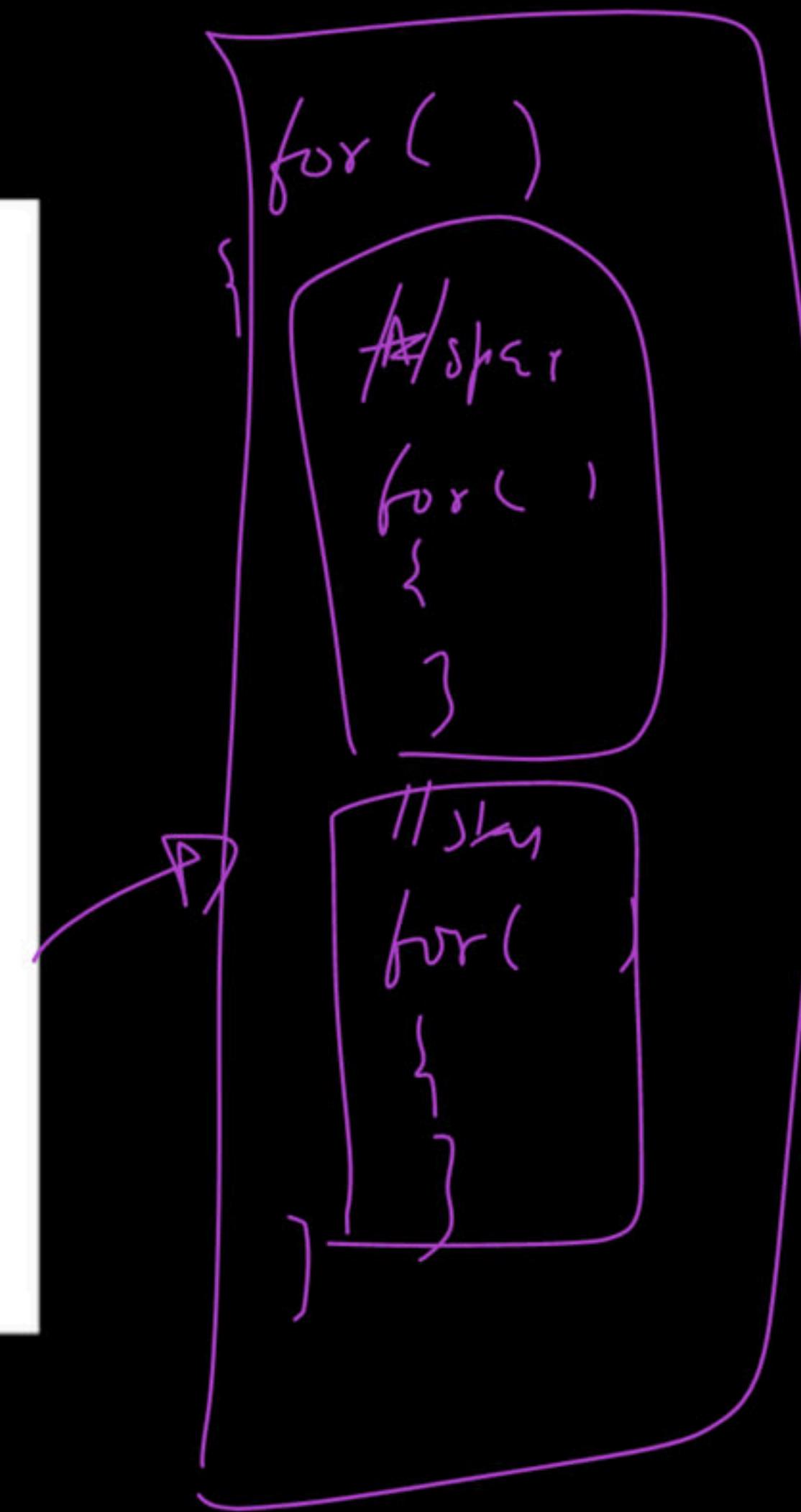
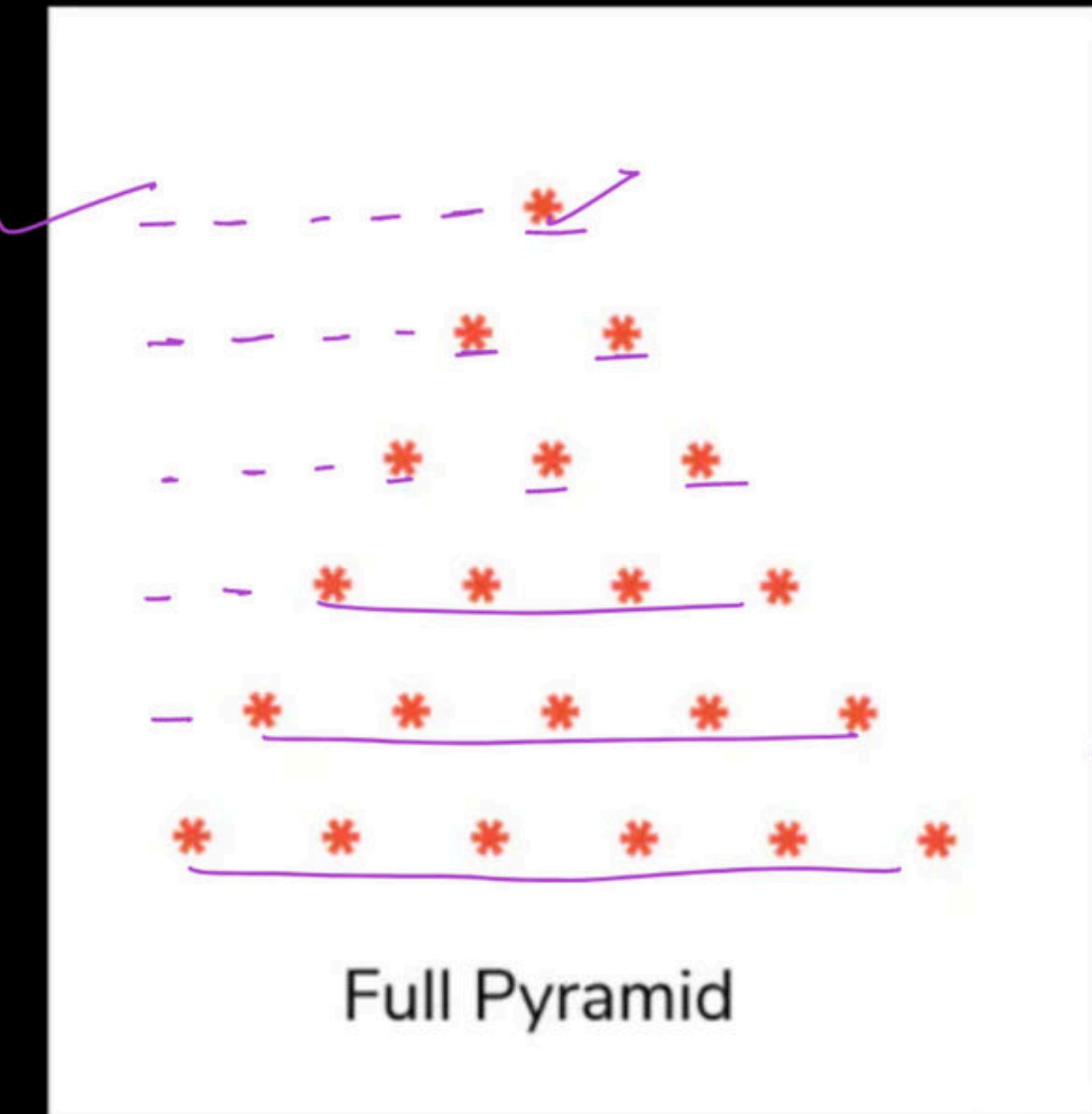
9-11 pm

Full Pyramid:

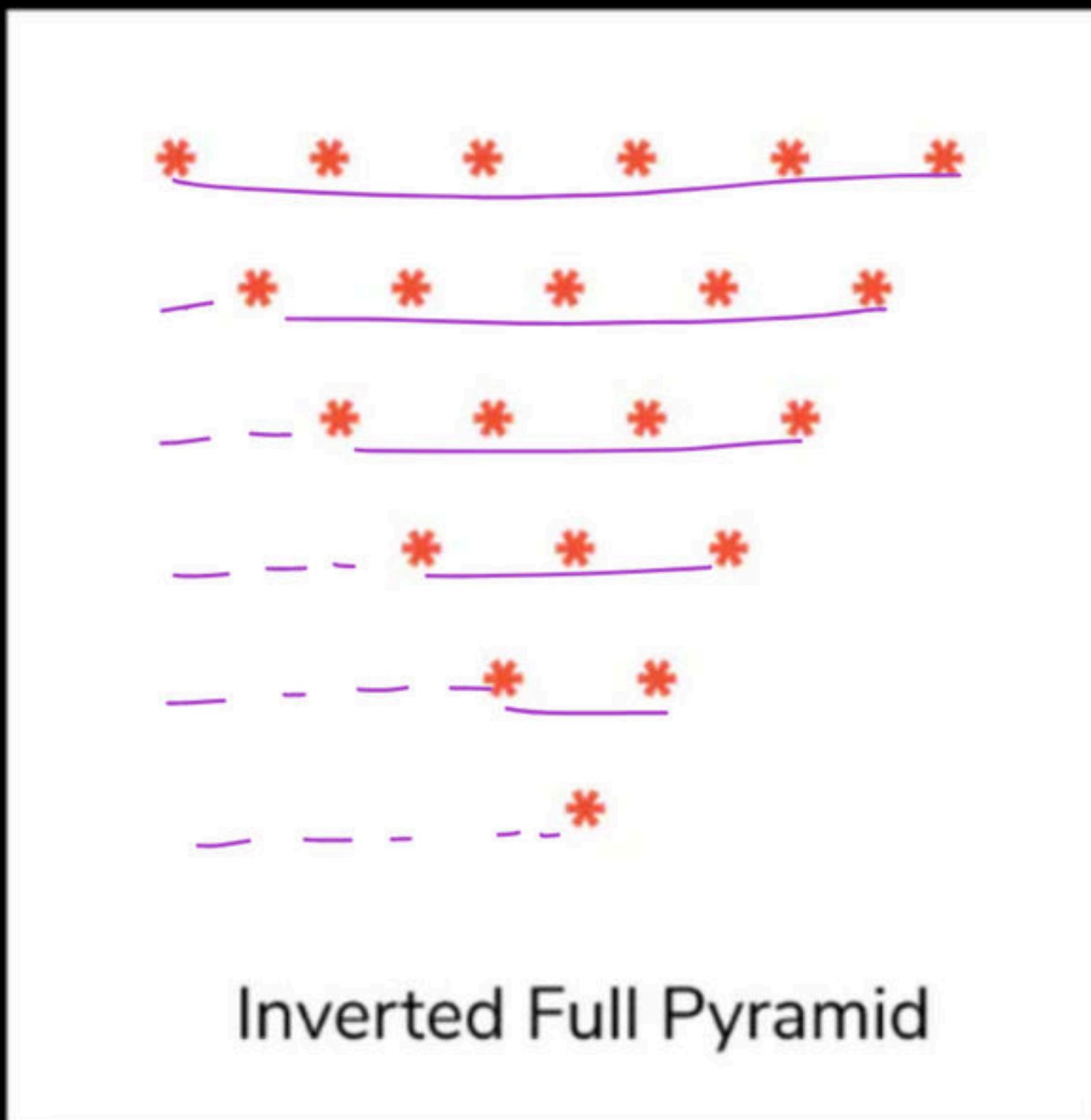
3 classes → padhai

1 class → review
doubts
discussion
matrix
graphs
feedback
Quadratic
topics

W.L.



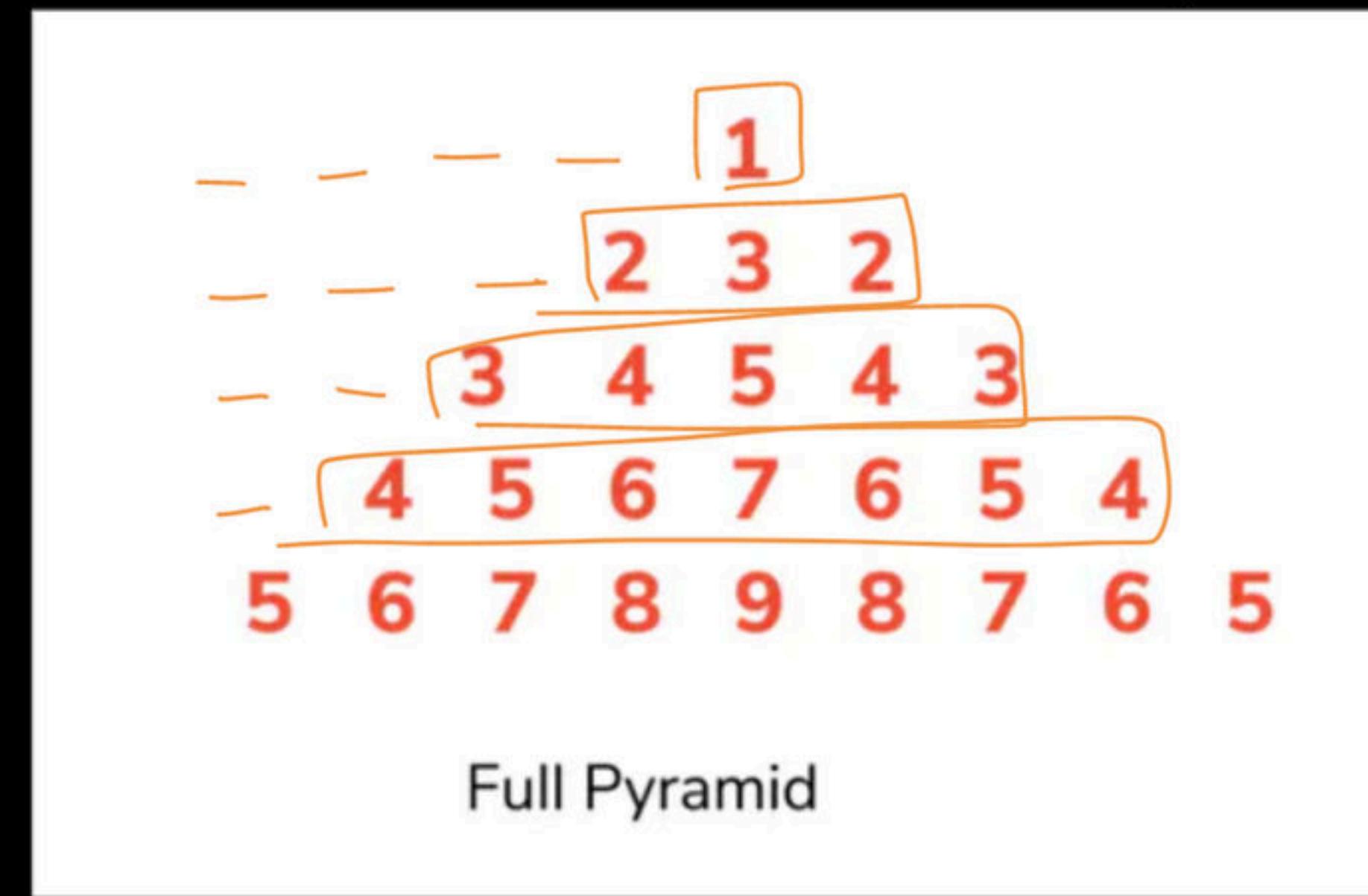
Inverted Full Pyramid:



```
for()
{
    space
    for()
    {
        star
        for()
        {
            /
        }
    }
}
```

Numeric Full Pyramid:

f
for



Numeric Hollow Full Pyramid

