

https://aecq.fencing-flow.com/combats





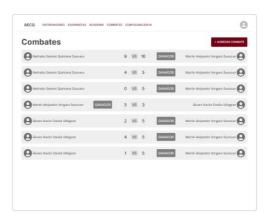
Performance

Values are estimated and may vary. The <u>performance score</u> <u>is calculated</u> directly from these metrics. <u>See calculator.</u>

0-49

50-89

90-100



METRICS Expand view

First Contentful Paint

1.2 s

Total Blocking Time

0 ms

Speed Index

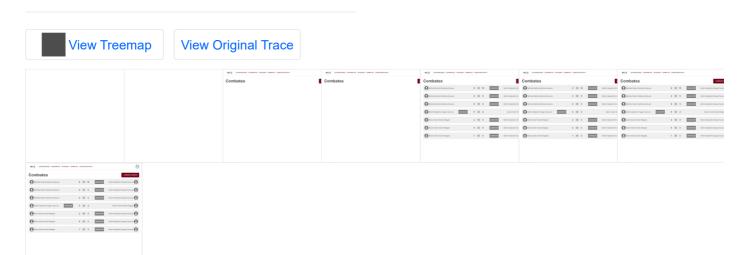
1.5 s

Largest Contentful Paint

1.5 s

Cumulative Layout Shift

0



Show audits relevant to: All FCP LCP TBT CLS

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OPPORTUNITIES

Opportunity Estimated Savings

Reduce unused JavaScript

Reduce unused JavaScript and defer loading scripts until they are required to decrease bytes consumed by network activity.

<u>Learn how to reduce unused JavaScript</u>. (LCP)

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
fencing-flow.com 1st Party	737.0 KiB	454.1 KiB
/assets/index-5b274253.js (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	737.0 KiB	454.1 KiB
node_modules/three/build/three.module.js	138.7 KiB	99.8 KiB
node_modules/@tensorflow-models/pose-detection/dist/pose-detection.esm.js	69.5 KiB	62.6 KiB
node_modules/react-dom/cjs/react-dom.production.min.js	29.5 KiB	9.8 KiB
node_modules/zod/lib/index.mjs	12.3 KiB	9.6 KiB
node_modules/@mediapipe/pose/pose.js	10.9 KiB	9.6 KiB

Eliminate render-blocking resources

0.31s ^

0.36s ^

Resources are blocking the first paint of your page. Consider delivering critical JS/CSS inline and deferring all non-critical JS/styles. <u>Learn how to eliminate render-blocking resources</u>. FCP <u>LCP</u>

URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
fencing-flow.com 1st Party	0.4 KiB	70 ms
/assets/index-43974fde.css (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	0.4 KiB	70 ms

Use HTTP/2

0.15s ^

HTTP/2 offers many benefits over HTTP/1.1, including binary headers and multiplexing. Learn more about HTTP/2.

URL	Protocol
fencing-flow.com 1st Party	
/combats (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	http/1.1
/assets/index-5b274253.js (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	http/1.1

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URL	Protocol
/assets/index-43974fde.css (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	http/1.1
/assets/beep1-f724a07a.mp3 (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	http/1.1
/assets/beep2-8cf6c3ef.mp3 (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	http/1.1
/assets/beep-warning-d545b67d.mp3 (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	http/1.1
/favicon.ico (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	http/1.1

These suggestions can help your page load faster. They don't directly affect the Performance score.

DIAGNOSTICS

▲ Serve static assets with an efficient cache policy — 5 resources found

A long cache lifetime can speed up repeat visits to your page. Learn more about efficient cache policies.

URL	Cache TTL	Transfer Size
fencing-flow.com 1st Party		842 KiB
/assets/index-5b274253.js (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	None	737 KiB
/assets/beep-warning-d545b67d.mp3 (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	None	55 KiB
/assets/beep2-8cf6c3ef.mp3 (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	None	32 KiB
/assets/beep1-f724a07a.mp3 (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	None	18 KiB
/assets/index-43974fde.css (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	None	0 KiB

O Avoid chaining critical requests — 2 chains found

The Critical Request Chains below show you what resources are loaded with a high priority. Consider reducing the length of chains, reducing the download size of resources, or deferring the download of unnecessary resources to improve page load. Learn how to avoid chaining critical requests. FCP LCP

Maximum critical path latency: 1,030.719 ms

Initial Navigation

/combats (aecq.fencing-flow.com)

/assets/index-5b274253.js (aecq.fencing-flow.com) - 559.823 ms, 737.05 KiB

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/assets/index-43974fde.css (aecq.fencing-flow.com)

/css2? family = Inter: wght@300; 400; 500; 700& display = swap ~~ (fonts. googleap is.com)

...v12/UcC73FwrK....woff2 (fonts.gstatic.com) - 23.55 ms, 36.98 KiB

Keep request counts low and transfer sizes small — 13 requests • 922 KiB

To set budgets for the quantity and size of page resources, add a budget.json file. Learn more about performance budgets.

Resource Type	Requests	Transfer Size
Total	13.0	922.2 KiB
Script	1.0	737.0 KiB
Media	3.0	104.7 KiB
Other	5.0	41.6 KiB
Font	1.0	37.0 KiB
Stylesheet	2.0	1.2 KiB
Document	1.0	0.6 KiB
Image	0.0	0.0 KiB
Third-party	2.0	37.8 KiB

O Largest Contentful Paint element — 1 element found

This is the largest contentful element painted within the viewport. <u>Learn more about the Largest Contentful Paint element</u> <u>LCP</u>

Element	
	h1.MuiTypography-root.MuiTypography-h1.css-hdt1a

Phase	% of LCP	Timing
TTFB	18%	260 ms

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Phase	% of LCP	Timing
Load Delay	0%	0 ms
Load Time	0%	0 ms
Render Delay	82%	1,230 ms

O Avoid large layout shifts — 5 elements found

These DOM elements contribute most to the CLS of the page. <u>Learn how to improve CLS</u> <u>CLS</u>

ement		CLS Contribution
	div.MuiBox-root.css-1eqqrun	0.000
	a.MuiButtonBase-root.MuiButton-root.MuiButton-text.MuiButton-textPrimary.MuiButton-sizeMedium.MuiButton-textSizeMedium.css-ovtxbk	0.000
	span.MuiTouchRipple-root.css-w0pj6f	0.000
	span.MuiTouchRipple-root.css-w0pj6f	0.000
	span.MuiTouchRipple-root.css-w0pj6f	0.000

More information about the performance of your application. These numbers don't directly affect the Performance score.

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PASSED AUDITS (32) Hide Properly size images Serve images that are appropriately-sized to save cellular data and improve load time. Learn how to size images. Defer offscreen images Consider lazy-loading offscreen and hidden images after all critical resources have finished loading to lower time to interactive. Learn how to defer offscreen images. Minify CSS Minifying CSS files can reduce network payload sizes. Learn how to minify CSS. FCP [LCP] Minify JavaScript — Potential savings of 119 KiB Minifying JavaScript files can reduce payload sizes and script parse time. Learn how to minify JavaScript. FCP LCP Transfer Potential **URL** Size Savings fencing-flow.com 1st Party 737.0 KiB 119.3 KiB 737.0 KiB 119.3 KiB /assets/index-5b274253.js (aecq.fencing-flow.com) Reduce unused CSS Reduce unused rules from stylesheets and defer CSS not used for above-the-fold content to decrease bytes consumed by network activity. Learn how to reduce unused CSS. FCP LCP Efficiently encode images Optimized images load faster and consume less cellular data. Learn how to efficiently encode images. Serve images in next-gen formats Image formats like WebP and AVIF often provide better compression than PNG or JPEG, which means faster downloads and less data consumption. Learn more about modern image formats. Enable text compression — Potential savings of 36 KiB Text-based resources should be served with compression (gzip, deflate or brotli) to minimize total network bytes. Learn more about text compression. (FCP) [LCP]

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URL	Transfer Size	Potential Savings
fencing-flow.com (1st Party)	39.5 KiB	36.3 KiB
dashboard/training_combat (api-aecq.fencing-flow.com)	32.0 KiB	30.3 KiB
dashboard/fencer (api-aecq.fencing-flow.com)	7.5 KiB	6.0 KiB

Preconnect to required origins

Consider adding preconnect or dns-prefetch resource hints to establish early connections to important third-party origins. <u>Learn how to preconnect to required origins</u>. FCP (LCP)

Initial server response time was short — Root document took 90 ms

Keep the server response time for the main document short because all other requests depend on it. <u>Learn more about the Time to First Byte metric</u>. FCP [LCP]

URL	Time Spent
fencing-flow.com 1st Party	90 ms
/combats (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	90 ms

Avoid multiple page redirects

Redirects introduce additional delays before the page can be loaded. Learn how to avoid page redirects. FCP [LCP]

Preload key requests

Consider using <link rel=preload> to prioritize fetching resources that are currently requested later in page load. Learn how to preload key requests. FCP [LCP]

Use video formats for animated content

Large GIFs are inefficient for delivering animated content. Consider using MPEG4/WebM videos for animations and PNG/WebP for static images instead of GIF to save network bytes. <u>Learn more about efficient video formats [LCP]</u>

Remove duplicate modules in JavaScript bundles

Remove large, duplicate JavaScript modules from bundles to reduce unnecessary bytes consumed by network activity. [TBT]

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Avoid serving legacy JavaScript to modern browsers — Potential savings of 0 KiB

Polyfills and transforms enable legacy browsers to use new JavaScript features. However, many aren't necessary for modern browsers. For your bundled JavaScript, adopt a modern script deployment strategy using module/nomodule feature detection to reduce the amount of code shipped to modern browsers, while retaining support for legacy browsers. Learn how to use modern JavaScript (TBT)

URL	Potential Saving	js
fencing-flow.com 1st Party	0.0 Kil	В
/assets/index-5b274253.js (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	0.0 Kil	iB
index-5b274253.js:170	@babel/plugin-transform-classes	

Preload Largest Contentful Paint image

If the LCP element is dynamically added to the page, you should preload the image in order to improve LCP. <u>Learn more about preloading LCP elements</u>. <u>[LCP]</u>

Avoids enormous network payloads — Total size was 923 KiB

Large network payloads cost users real money and are highly correlated with long load times. <u>Learn how to reduce payload sizes</u>. <u>LCP</u>

✓ Show 3rd-party resources (2)

URL	Transfer Size
fencing-flow.com 1st Party	883.3 KiB
/assets/index-5b274253.js (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	737.0 KiB
/assets/beep-warning-d545b67d.mp3 (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	55.0 KiB
dashboard/training_combat (api-aecq.fencing-flow.com)	32.4 KiB
/assets/beep2-8cf6c3ef.mp3 (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	32.2 KiB
/assets/beep1-f724a07a.mp3 (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	17.5 KiB
dashboard/fencer (api-aecq.fencing-flow.com)	7.9 KiB
user/me (api-aecq.fencing-flow.com)	0.6 KiB
/combats (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	0.6 KiB

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URL	Transfer Size
Google Fonts Cdn	37.8 KiB
v12/UcC73FwrKwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	37.0 KiB
/css2?family=Inter:wght@300;400;500;700&display=swap (fonts.googleapis.com)	0.8 KiB

Avoids an excessive DOM size — 252 elements

A large DOM will increase memory usage, cause longer <u>style calculations</u>, and produce costly <u>layout reflows</u>. <u>Learn how to avoid an excessive DOM size</u>. (TBT)



User Timing marks and measures

Consider instrumenting your app with the User Timing API to measure your app's real-world performance during key user experiences. <u>Learn more about User Timing marks</u>.

JavaScript execution time — 0.2 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling, and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. <u>Learn how to reduce Javascript execution time</u>. (TBT)

URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
fencing-flow.com 1st Party	130 ms	112 ms	3 ms

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URL	Total CPU Time	Script Evaluation	Script Parse
/assets/index-5b274253.js (aecq.fencing-flow.com)	130 ms	112 ms	3 ms
Unattributable	113 ms	39 ms	0 ms
Unattributable	113 ms	39 ms	0 ms

Minimizes main-thread work — 0.3 s

Consider reducing the time spent parsing, compiling and executing JS. You may find delivering smaller JS payloads helps with this. Learn how to minimize main-thread work (TBT)

Category	Time Spent
Script Evaluation	154 ms
Other	87 ms
Style & Layout	20 ms
Garbage Collection	5 ms
Script Parsing & Compilation	3 ms
Rendering	2 ms
Parse HTML & CSS	1 ms

All text remains visible during webfont loads

Leverage the font-display CSS feature to ensure text is user-visible while webfonts are loading. Learn more about font-display. FCP \square

Minimize third-party usage $\,$ — Third-party code blocked the main thread for 0 ms

Third-party code can significantly impact load performance. Limit the number of redundant third-party providers and try to load third-party code after your page has primarily finished loading. Learn how to minimize third-party impact. TBT

Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
Google Fonts Cdn	38 KiB	0 ms

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Third-Party	Transfer Size	Main-Thread Blocking Time
v12/UcC73FwrKwoff2 (fonts.gstatic.com)	37 KiB	0 ms

Lazy load third-party resources with facades

Some third-party embeds can be lazy loaded. Consider replacing them with a facade until they are required. <u>Learn how to defer third-parties with a facade</u>. (TBT)

Largest Contentful Paint image was not lazily loaded

Above-the-fold images that are lazily loaded render later in the page lifecycle, which can delay the largest contentful paint. <u>Learn more about optimal lazy loading.</u> [LCP]

Uses passive listeners to improve scrolling performance

Consider marking your touch and wheel event listeners as passive to improve your page's scroll performance. <u>Learn more about adopting passive event listeners</u>.

Avoids document.write()

For users on slow connections, external scripts dynamically injected via document.write() can delay page load by tens of seconds. <u>Learn how to avoid document.write()</u>.

Avoid long main-thread tasks

Lists the longest tasks on the main thread, useful for identifying worst contributors to input delay. <u>Learn how to avoid long main-thread tasks</u> (TBT)

Avoid non-composited animations

Animations which are not composited can be janky and increase CLS. Learn how to avoid non-composited animations CLS

Image elements have explicit width and height

Set an explicit width and height on image elements to reduce layout shifts and improve CLS. <u>Learn how to set image</u> <u>dimensions</u> <u>(CLS)</u>

Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale

A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. TBT

Page didn't prevent back/forward cache restoration

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Many navigations are performed by going back to a previous page, or forwards again. The back/forward cache (bfcache) can speed up these return navigations. <u>Learn more about the bfcache</u>



Accessibility

These checks highlight opportunities to improve the accessibility of your web app. Only a subset of accessibility issues can be automatically detected so manual testing is also encouraged.

NAMES AND LABELS

▲ Buttons do not have an accessible name

When a button doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it as "button", making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. Learn how to make buttons more accessible.



These are opportunities to improve the semantics of the controls in your application. This may enhance the experience for users of assistive technology, like a screen reader.

TABLES AND LISTS



List items () are not contained within , or <menu> parent elements.

Screen readers require list items () to be contained within a parent , or <menu> to be announced properly.

Learn more about proper list structure.

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Failing Elements	
	li.MuiListItem-root.MuiListItem-gutters.css-4tt60x

These are opportunities to improve the experience of reading tabular or list data using assistive technology, like a screen reader.

NAVIGATION

▲ Heading elements are not in a sequentially-descending order

Properly ordered headings that do not skip levels convey the semantic structure of the page, making it easier to navigate and understand when using assistive technologies. <u>Learn more about heading order</u>.



These are opportunities to improve keyboard navigation in your application.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS	TO	MANUALLY	CHECK	(10
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Hide

O The page has a logical tab order

Tabbing through the page follows the visual layout. Users cannot focus elements that are offscreen. <u>Learn more about logical tab ordering.</u>

Interactive controls are keyboard focusable

^

Custom interactive controls are keyboard focusable and display a focus indicator. <u>Learn how to make custom controls focusable</u>.

Interactive elements indicate their purpose and state

^

Interactive elements, such as links and buttons, should indicate their state and be distinguishable from non-interactive elements. Learn how to decorate interactive elements with affordance hints.

O The user's focus is directed to new content added to the page

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If new content, such as a dialog, is added to the page, the user's focus is directed to it. <u>Learn how to direct focus to new content</u>.

User focus is not accidentally trapped in a region	^
A user can tab into and out of any control or region without accidentally trapping their focus. <u>Learn how to av</u>	oid focus traps.
 Custom controls have associated labels 	^
Custom interactive controls have associated labels, provided by aria-label or aria-labelledby. <u>Learn more about controls and labels</u> .	out custom
 Custom controls have ARIA roles 	^
Custom interactive controls have appropriate ARIA roles. <u>Learn how to add roles to custom controls</u> .	
Visual order on the page follows DOM order	^
DOM order matches the visual order, improving navigation for assistive technology. <u>Learn more about DOM ordering.</u>	and visual
Offscreen content is hidden from assistive technology	^
Offscreen content is hidden with display: none or aria-hidden=true. Learn how to properly hide offscreen con	tent.
HTML5 landmark elements are used to improve navigation	^
Landmark elements (<main>, <nav>, etc.) are used to improve the keyboard navigation of the page for assis Learn more about landmark elements.</nav></main>	tive technology.
These items address areas which an automated testing tool cannot cover. Learn more in our guide on conducting review.	an accessibility
PASSED AUDITS (10)	Hide
[aria-hidden="true"] is not present on the document <body></body>	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, work inconsistently when aria-hidden="true" is set on the document body.	cument <body>.</body>
[user-scalable="no"] is not used in the <meta name="viewport"/> element and the [maximum-scale] attribute ithan 5.	s not less
Disabling zooming is problematic for users with low vision who rely on screen magnification to properly see to web page. Learn more about the viewport meta tag.	he contents of a

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7/29/23, 3:40 PM about:blank [aria-hidden="true"] elements do not contain focusable descendents Focusable descendents within an [aria-hidden="true"] element prevent those interactive elements from being available to users of assistive technologies like screen readers. Learn how aria-hidden affects focusable elements. Background and foreground colors have a sufficient contrast ratio Low-contrast text is difficult or impossible for many users to read. Learn how to provide sufficient color contrast. Document has a <title> element The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. Learn more about document titles. <html> element has a [lang] attribute If a page doesn't specify a lang attribute, a screen reader assumes that the page is in the default language that the user chose when setting up the screen reader. If the page isn't actually in the default language, then the screen reader might not announce the page's text correctly. Learn more about the lang attribute httml> element has a valid value for its [lang] attribute Specifying a valid BCP 47 language helps screen readers announce text properly. Learn how to use the lang attribute. Links have a discernible name Link text (and alternate text for images, when used as links) that is discernible, unique, and focusable improves the navigation experience for screen reader users. Learn how to make links accessible. Lists contain only elements and script supporting elements (<script> and <template>). Screen readers have a specific way of announcing lists. Ensuring proper list structure aids screen reader output. Learn more about proper list structure. No element has a [tabindex] value greater than 0

A value greater than 0 implies an explicit navigation ordering. Although technically valid, this often creates frustrating experiences for users who rely on assistive technologies. Learn more about the tabindex attribute.

NOT APPLICABLE (31) Hide [accesskey] values are unique

Access keys let users quickly focus a part of the page. For proper navigation, each access key must be unique. Learn more about access keys.

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O [aria-*] attributes match their roles	^
Each ARIA role supports a specific subset of aria-* attributes. Mismatching these invalidates the aria-* attributes. Land to match ARIA attributes to their roles.	<u>.earn</u>
button, link, and menuitem elements have accessible names	^
When an element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusate for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to make command elements more accessible</u> .	ole
ARIA input fields have accessible names	^
When an input field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusation for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about input field labels</u> .	able
ARIA meter elements have accessible names	^
When a meter element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, making it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name meter elements</u> .	
ARIA progressbar elements have accessible names	^
When a progressbar element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, mal it unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to label progressbar elements</u> .	king
[role]s have all required [aria-*] attributes	^
Some ARIA roles have required attributes that describe the state of the element to screen readers. <u>Learn more about roand required attributes</u> .	oles
 Elements with an ARIA [role] that require children to contain a specific [role] have all required children. 	^
Some ARIA parent roles must contain specific child roles to perform their intended accessibility functions. <u>Learn more a roles and required children elements</u> .	<u>bout</u>
[role]s are contained by their required parent element	^
Some ARIA child roles must be contained by specific parent roles to properly perform their intended accessibility function. <u>Learn more about ARIA roles and required parent element.</u>	ins.
O [role] values are valid	^
ARIA roles must have valid values in order to perform their intended accessibility functions. Learn more about valid ARIA	<u>A</u>

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ARIA toggle fields have accessible names	^
When a toggle field doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, makin for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about toggle fields</u> .	g it unusable
ARIA tooltip elements have accessible names	^
When a tooltip element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name, manusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn how to name tooltip elements</u> .	aking it
ARIA treeitem elements have accessible names	^
When a treeitem element doesn't have an accessible name, screen readers announce it with a generic name unusable for users who rely on screen readers. <u>Learn more about labeling treeitem elements</u> .	e, making it
O [aria-*] attributes have valid values	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid values. <u>Learn more aboutor ARIA attributes</u> .	ut valid values
O [aria-*] attributes are valid and not misspelled	^
Assistive technologies, like screen readers, can't interpret ARIA attributes with invalid names. Learn more about attributes.	ut valid ARIA
The page contains a heading, skip link, or landmark region	^
Adding ways to bypass repetitive content lets keyboard users navigate the page more efficiently. Learn more a blocks.	bout <u>bypass</u>
	^
When definition lists are not properly marked up, screen readers may produce confusing or inaccurate output. structure definition lists correctly.	Learn how to
O Definition list items are wrapped in <dl> elements</dl>	^
Definition list items (<dt> and <dd>) must be wrapped in a parent <d1> element to ensure that screen readers announce them. Learn how to structure definition lists correctly.</d1></dd></dt>	can properly
O [id] attributes on active, focusable elements are unique	^
All focusable elements must have a unique id to ensure that they're visible to assistive technologies. Learn ho duplicate ids.	w to fix

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O ARIA IDs are unique	^
The value of an ARIA ID must be unique to prevent other instances from being overlooked by assistive technologies. <u>Learnow to fix duplicate ARIA IDs.</u>	<u>rn</u>
No form fields have multiple labels	^
Form fields with multiple labels can be confusingly announced by assistive technologies like screen readers which use eit the first, the last, or all of the labels. <u>Learn how to use form labels</u> .	ther
<pre><frame/> or <iframe> elements have a title</iframe></pre>	^
Screen reader users rely on frame titles to describe the contents of frames. <u>Learn more about frame titles</u> .	
Image elements have [alt] attributes	^
Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty a attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.	alt
<pre><input type="image"/> elements have [alt] text</pre>	^
When an image is being used as an <input/> button, providing alternative text can help screen reader users understand to purpose of the button. Learn about input image alt text.	the
O Form elements have associated labels	^
Labels ensure that form controls are announced properly by assistive technologies, like screen readers. <u>Learn more about</u> form element labels.	<u>ut</u>
The document does not use <meta http-equiv="refresh"/>	^
Users do not expect a page to refresh automatically, and doing so will move focus back to the top of the page. This may create a frustrating or confusing experience. <u>Learn more about the refresh meta tag</u> .	
O <object> elements have alternate text</object>	^
Screen readers cannot translate non-text content. Adding alternate text to <object> elements helps screen readers convening to users. Learn more about alt text for object elements.</object>	/ey
Cells in a element that use the [headers] attribute refer to table cells within the same table.	^
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring cells using the [headers] attribute only reto other cells in the same table may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about the headers attribute.	efer

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O elements and elements with [role="columnheader"/"rowheader"] have data cells they describe.
Screen readers have features to make navigating tables easier. Ensuring table headers always refer to some set of cells may improve the experience for screen reader users. Learn more about table headers.
O [lang] attributes have a valid value
Specifying a valid BCP 47 language on elements helps ensure that text is pronounced correctly by a screen reader. Learn how to use the lang attribute.
O <id>video> elements contain a <track> element with [kind="captions"]
When a video provides a caption it is easier for deaf and hearing impaired users to access its information. Learn more about video captions.



Best Practices

TRUST AND SAFETY

Ensure CSP is effective against XSS attacks

A strong Content Security Policy (CSP) significantly reduces the risk of cross-site scripting (XSS) attacks. <u>Learn how to use</u> a <u>CSP to prevent XSS</u>

Description	Directive	Severity
No CSP found in enforcement mode		High

PASSED AUDITS (13)

Uses HTTPS

All sites should be protected with HTTPS, even ones that don't handle sensitive data. This includes avoiding <u>mixed content</u>, where some resources are loaded over HTTP despite the initial request being served over HTTPS. HTTPS prevents intruders from tampering with or passively listening in on the communications between your app and your users, and is a prerequisite for HTTP/2 and many new web platform APIs. <u>Learn more about HTTPS</u>.

Avoids requesting the geolocation permission on page load

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Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request their location without context. Consider tying the request to a user action instead. <u>Learn more about the geolocation permission</u>.

Avoids requesting the notification permission on page load

Users are mistrustful of or confused by sites that request to send notifications without context. Consider tying the request to user gestures instead. Learn more about responsibly getting permission for notifications.

Allows users to paste into input fields

Preventing input pasting is a bad practice for the UX, and weakens security by blocking password managers. <u>Learn more about user-friendly input fields</u>.

Displays images with correct aspect ratio

Image display dimensions should match natural aspect ratio. Learn more about image aspect ratio.

Serves images with appropriate resolution

Image natural dimensions should be proportional to the display size and the pixel ratio to maximize image clarity. <u>Learn how to provide responsive images</u>.

Page has the HTML doctype

Specifying a doctype prevents the browser from switching to quirks-mode. Learn more about the doctype declaration.

Properly defines charset

A character encoding declaration is required. It can be done with a <meta> tag in the first 1024 bytes of the HTML or in the Content-Type HTTP response header. <u>Learn more about declaring the character encoding</u>.

Avoids unload event listeners

The unload event does not fire reliably and listening for it can prevent browser optimizations like the Back-Forward Cache.

Use pagehide or visibilitychange events instead. <u>Learn more about unload event listeners</u>

Avoids deprecated APIs

Deprecated APIs will eventually be removed from the browser. Learn more about deprecated APIs.

No browser errors logged to the console

Errors logged to the console indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures and other browser concerns. <u>Learn more about this errors in console diagnostic audit</u>

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No issues in the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools

Issues logged to the Issues panel in Chrome Devtools indicate unresolved problems. They can come from network request failures, insufficient security controls, and other browser concerns. Open up the Issues panel in Chrome DevTools for more details on each issue.

Page has valid source maps

Source maps translate minified code to the original source code. This helps developers debug in production. In addition, Lighthouse is able to provide further insights. Consider deploying source maps to take advantage of these benefits. <u>Learn more about source maps</u>.

URL Map URL

fencing-flow.com 1st Party

/assets/index-5b274253.js (aecq.fencing-flow.com) /assets/index-5b274253.js.map (aecq.fencing-flow.com)

NOT APPLICABLE (2)

Fonts with font-display: optional are preloaded

Preload optional fonts so first-time visitors may use them. Learn more about preloading fonts

Detected JavaScript libraries

All front-end JavaScript libraries detected on the page. Learn more about this JavaScript library detection diagnostic audit.



SFO

These checks ensure that your page is following basic search engine optimization advice. There are many additional factors Lighthouse does not score here that may affect your search ranking, including performance on Core Web Vitals. Learn more about Google Search Essentials.

CONTENT BEST PRACTICES

▲ Document does not have a meta description

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Meta descriptions may be included in search results to concisely summarize page content. <u>Learn more about the meta description</u>.

Format your HTML in a way that enables crawlers to better understand your app's content.

CRAWLING AND INDEXING



If your robots.txt file is malformed, crawlers may not be able to understand how you want your website to be crawled or indexed. <u>Learn more about robots.txt</u>.

1	html	Syntax not understood
2	<html lang="en"></html>	Syntax not understood
3	<head></head>	Syntax not understood
4	<meta charset="utf-8"/>	Syntax not understood
5	<pre><meta content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0" name="viewport"/></pre>	Syntax not understood
6	<title>Fencing Flow - AECQ</title>	Syntax not understood
7	<pre><script crossorigin="" src="/assets/index-5b274253.js" type="module"> </script></pre>	Syntax not understood
8	k rel="stylesheet" href="/assets/index-43974fde.css">	Syntax not understood
9		Syntax not understood
10	<body></body>	Syntax not understood
11	<div id="root"></div>	Syntax not understood

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Line #	Content	Error
13		Syntax not understood
14		Syntax not understood

To appear in search results, crawlers need access to your app.

Page isn't blocked from indexing

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (1)	Hide
O Structured data is valid	^

Run the <u>Structured Data Testing Tool</u> and the <u>Structured Data Linter</u> to validate structured data. <u>Learn more about Structured Data</u>.

Run these additional validators on your site to check additional SEO best practices.

ASSED AUDITS (8)	Hide
Has a <meta name="viewport"/> tag With width or initial-scale	^
A <meta name="viewport"/> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents <u>a 300 millisecond de to user input</u> . <u>Learn more about using the viewport meta tag</u> . <u>TBT</u>	<u>elay</u>
Document has a <title> element</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>The title gives screen reader users an overview of the page, and search engine users rely on it heavily to determine if a page is relevant to their search. <u>Learn more about document titles</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Page has successful HTTP status code</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Pages with unsuccessful HTTP status codes may not be indexed properly. <u>Learn more about HTTP status codes</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Links have descriptive text</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Descriptive link text helps search engines understand your content. <u>Learn how to make links more accessible</u>.</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Links are crawlable</td><td>^</td></tr><tr><td>Search engines may use href attributes on links to crawl websites. Ensure that the href attribute of anchor elements links to an appropriate destination, so more pages of the site can be discovered. Learn how to make links crawlable</td><td>ks</td></tr></tbody></table></title>	

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Search engines are unable to include your pages in search results if they don't have permission to crawl them. <u>Learn more about crawler directives</u>.

Document has a valid hreflang

hreflang links tell search engines what version of a page they should list in search results for a given language or region. Learn more about hreflang.

Document avoids plugins

Search engines can't index plugin content, and many devices restrict plugins or don't support them. <u>Learn more about avoiding plugins</u>.

NOT APPLICABLE (4)

Image elements have [alt] attributes

Informative elements should aim for short, descriptive alternate text. Decorative elements can be ignored with an empty alt attribute. Learn more about the alt attribute.

Document has a valid rel=canonical

Canonical links suggest which URL to show in search results. Learn more about canonical links.

Document uses legible font sizes

Font sizes less than 12px are too small to be legible and require mobile visitors to "pinch to zoom" in order to read. Strive to have >60% of page text ≥12px. <u>Learn more about legible font sizes</u>.

Tap targets are sized appropriately

Interactive elements like buttons and links should be large enough (48x48px), or have enough space around them, to be easy enough to tap without overlapping onto other elements. Learn more about tap targets.



PWA

These checks validate the aspects of a Progressive Web App. <u>Learn what</u> <u>makes a good Progressive Web App.</u>

INSTALLABLE

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Web app manifest or service worker do not meet the installability requirements — 1 reason Service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. With proper service worker and manifest implementations, browsers can proactively prompt users to add your app to their homescreen, which can lead to higher engagement. Learn more about manifest installability requirements. Failure reason Page has no manifest <link> URL **PWA OPTIMIZED** Does not register a service worker that controls page and start_url The service worker is the technology that enables your app to use many Progressive Web App features, such as offline, add to homescreen, and push notifications. Learn more about Service Workers. Is not configured for a custom splash screen Failures: No manifest was fetched. A themed splash screen ensures a high-quality experience when users launch your app from their homescreens. Learn more about splash screens. Does not set a theme color for the address bar. Failures: No manifest was fetched, No `<meta name="theme-color">` tag found. The browser address bar can be themed to match your site. Learn more about theming the address bar. Content is sized correctly for the viewport If the width of your app's content doesn't match the width of the viewport, your app might not be optimized for mobile screens. Learn how to size content for the viewport. Has a <meta name="viewport"> tag with width or initial-scale A <meta name="viewport"> not only optimizes your app for mobile screen sizes, but also prevents a 300 millisecond delay to user input. Learn more about using the viewport meta tag. TBT

▲ Manifest doesn't have a maskable icon No manifest was fetched

A maskable icon ensures that the image fills the entire shape without being letterboxed when installing the app on a device. <u>Learn about maskable manifest icons</u>.

ADDITIONAL ITEMS TO MANUALLY CHECK (3)

Hide

O Site	e works cross-browser		^
To rea	ach the most number of users, sites shoul	d work across every major browser. <u>Lea</u>	rn about cross-browser compatibility.
O Pag	ge transitions don't feel like they block on	the network	^
	itions should feel snappy as you tap arourmance. <u>Learn more about page transition</u>	·	ence is key to a user's perception of
O Ead	ch page has a URL		^
	re individual pages are deep linkable via to more about providing deep links.	JRL and that URLs are unique for the pu	rpose of shareability on social media.
	cks are required by the baseline PWA Che but it's important that you verify them ma		d by Lighthouse. They do not affect
	Captured at Jul 29, 2023, 3:36 PM GMT-5 Initial page load	Emulated Desktop with Lighthouse 10.2.0 Custom throttling	Single page load Using Chromium 115.0.0.0 with devtools

Generated by **Lighthouse** 10.2.0 | File an issue

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