# DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRONIC AND TELECOMMUNICATION ENGINEERING UNIVERSITY OF MORATUWA



# Mudalige Dineth Navodya

170401V

BM 2101 - Analysis of Physiological Systems

**Branched Cylinders: Dendritic Tree Approximations** 

This is submitted as a partial fulfillment for the module  $\,$  BM 2101 - Analysis of Physiological Systems

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First differentiate the given expressions by X.

$$\frac{dV_1}{dX} = -A_1 e^{-X} + B_1 e^X$$

Then substitute the given them to the nodal and boundary conditions. Finally the expressions can be obtained.

#### 2 Question 2

The given linear transformation is as follows.

$$Ax = b$$

By applying the definition of matrix multiplication.

$$\sum_{k=1}^{6} A_{ik} x_{k1} = b_{i1}$$

Here i = 1, 2, 3, ..., 6.

For instance considering k = 1;

$$A_1 - B_1 = (r_i \lambda_i) I_{app}$$

In the same manner, the remaining rows can be proved.

### 3 Question 3

According to the code in Listing[1] in Appendix[A], the coefficients are given from the variable x in line 46. The values are as follows.

$$A_1 = 7.3698 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$B_1 = 1.6723 \times 10^{-5}$$

$$A_{21} = A_{22} = 0.0011$$

$$B_{21} = B_{22} = -2.7987 \times 10^{-6}$$

The voltage profiles are the same in both the daughter branches. Therefore the lines have overlapped.

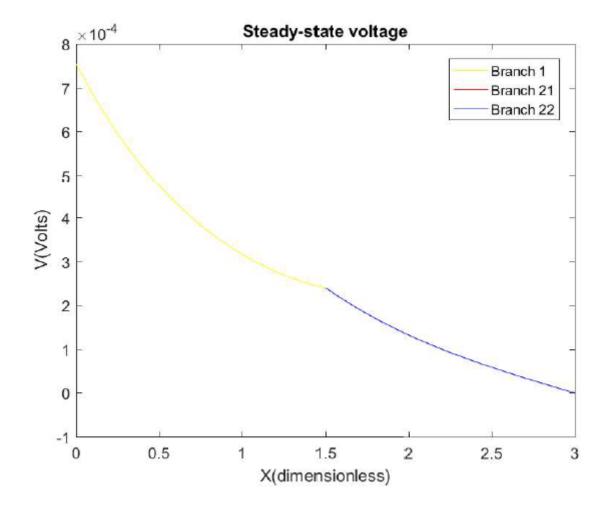


Figure 1: The voltage profile of the whole system

The  $\frac{dV_{21}}{dX}$  and  $\frac{dV_{22}}{dX}$  shows the change of voltage along with distance.

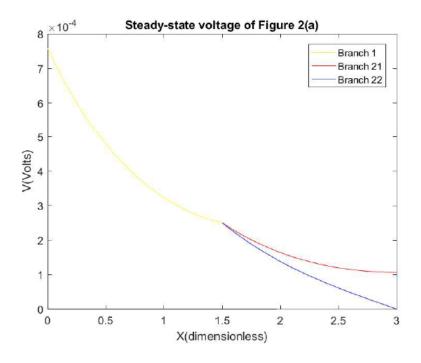


Figure 2: The voltage profile of the system 2(a)

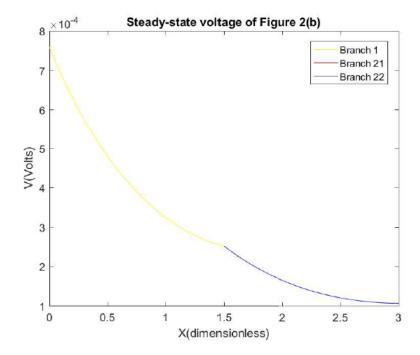


Figure 3: The voltage profile of the system 2(b)

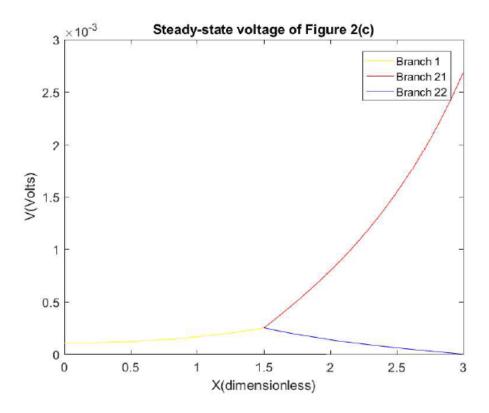


Figure 4: The voltage profile of the system 2(c)

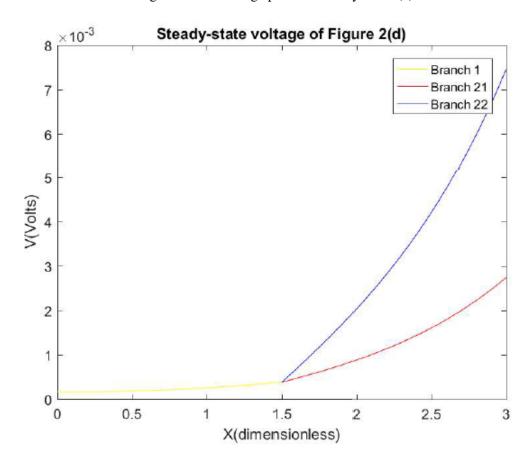


Figure 5: The voltage profile of the system 2(d)

When we compare the Figure[3] and the Figure[6], the decrease of voltage per unit length is lesser in the daughter branches when  $d_{21} = d_{22}$ .

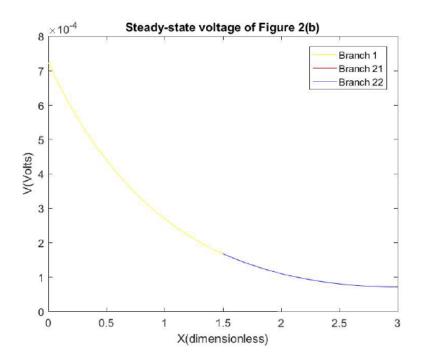


Figure 6: The voltage profile of the system 2(b)

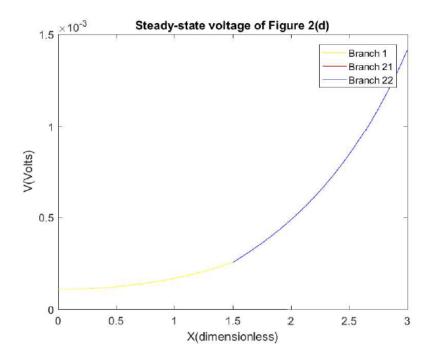


Figure 7: The voltage profile of the system 2(d)

When we compare the Figure [5] and the Figure [7], the decrease of voltage per unit length in the daughter branch 22 is lesser when  $d_{21} = d_{22}$ . In the latter, the daughter branches have the same voltage profile.

The new coefficients are as follows;

$$A_1 = 7.1888 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$B_1 = -1.3729 \times 10^{-6}$$

$$A_{21} = A_{22} = 7.2748 \times 10^{-4}$$

$$B_{21} = B_{22} = -1.8032 \times 10^{-6}$$

#### A MATLAB code

Listing 1: The Matlab code

```
1 % electrical constants and derived quantities for typical
2 % mammalian dendrite
4 % Dimensions of compartments
6 \% d1 = 75e-4; \% cm
 7 \% d21 = 30e-4; \% cm
8 \% d22 = 15e-4; \% cm
 9
1 d21 = 47.2470e-4; % E9 cm
2 d22 = d21; % E9 cm
3 %%%%%%
|4 l1 = 1.5; % dimensionless
5 l21 = 3.0; % dimensionless
6 l22 = 3.0; % dimensionless
8 % Electrical properties of compartments
19
20 \text{ Rm} = 6e3; % 0 \text{hms cm}^2
21 \text{ Rc} = 90;
              % Ohms cm
22 Rs = 1e6; % Ohms
24 \text{ c1} = 2*(Rc*Rm)^{(1/2)/pi};
26 \text{ rl1} = \text{c1*d1}^{-3/2}; % \text{ 0hms}
7 rl21 = c1*d21^(-3/2); % Ohms
28 \text{ rl22} = c1*d22^(-3/2); % Ohms
29
31 % Applied current
35 % Coefficient matrices
36
37 A = [1 -1 0 0 0 0;
38
       0 \ 0 \ \exp(-121) \ \exp(121) \ 0 \ 0;
39
       0 \ 0 \ 0 \ \exp(-122) \ \exp(122);
40
       exp(-l1) exp(l1) -exp(-l1) -exp(l1) 0 0;
       0 0 \exp(-l1) \exp(l1) - \exp(-l1) - \exp(l1);
42
       -\exp(-11) \exp(11) r11*\exp(-11)/r121 -r11*\exp(11)/r121 r11*\exp(-11)/r122
          -rl1*exp(-l1)/rl22];
44 b = [rl1*iapp; 0; 0; 0; 0; 0];
45 \times A\b;%Calculating the value of x
46 x
47 %Plotting the graph
```

```
48 	 y1 = linspace(0, l1, 20);
49 y21 = linspace(l1, l21, 20);
$0 y22 = linspace(l1,l22,20);
1 v1 = x(1)*exp(-y1)+x(2)*exp(y1);
\sqrt{2} v21 = x(3)*exp(-y21)+x(4)*exp(y21);
\sqrt{3} v22 = x(5)*exp(-y22)+x(6)*exp(y22);
54 figure;
$5 plot(y1,v1,'y-');
56 hold on;
$7 plot(y21,v21,'r-');
$8 hold on;
$9 plot(y22,v22,'b-');
60 hold off;
f1 xlabel('X(dimensionless)');
62 ylabel('V(Volts)');
d3 title('Steady-state voltage');
64 legend('Branch 1', 'Branch 21', 'Branch 22');
65 %Changing A according to Figure 2a
66 \text{ A1} = \text{A};
67 \text{ A1}(2,:) = [0 \ 0 \ -\exp(-121) \ \exp(121) \ 0 \ 0];
68 	 x1 = A1\b;
0 v21 = x1(1)*exp(-y1)+x1(2)*exp(y1);
70 \text{ v221} = x1(3)*exp(-y21)+x1(4)*exp(y21);
\sqrt{1} v222 = x1(5)*exp(-y22)+x1(6)*exp(y22);
72 figure;
//3 plot(y1,v21,'y-');
74 hold on;
75 plot(y21,v221,'r-');
76 hold on;
77 plot(y22,v222,'b-');
78 hold off;
79 xlabel('X(dimensionless)');
$0 ylabel('V(Volts)');
$1 title('Steady-state voltage of Figure 2(a)');
$2 legend('Branch 1', 'Branch 21', 'Branch 22');
$3 %Changing A according to Figure 2b
84 A2 = A1;
A2(3,:) = [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ -exp(-l22) \ exp(l22)];
86 	 x2 = A2\b;
\sqrt{31} = x2(1)*exp(-y1)+x2(2)*exp(y1);
\sqrt{321} = x2(3)*exp(-y21)+x2(4)*exp(y21);
9 v322 = x2(5)*exp(-y22)+x2(6)*exp(y22);
90 figure;
91 plot(y1,v31,'y-');
92 hold on;
93 plot(y21,v321,'r-');
94 hold on;
95 plot(y22,v322,'b-');
96 hold off;
97 xlabel('X(dimensionless)');
98 ylabel('V(Volts)');
```

```
99 title('Steady-state voltage of Figure 2(b)');
100 legend('Branch 1', 'Branch 21', 'Branch 22');
101 %Changing b according to Figure 2c
102 b1 = b;
103 b1(1) = 0;
104 \text{ b1(2)} = \text{rl21*iapp};
105 	 x3 = A1\b1;
106 \text{ v41} = x3(1)*exp(-y1)+x3(2)*exp(y1);
107 \text{ v421} = x3(3)*exp(-y21)+x3(4)*exp(y21);
108 \text{ v422} = x3(5)*exp(-y22)+x3(6)*exp(y22);
109 figure;
110 plot(y1,v41,'y-');
111 hold on;
112 plot(y21,v421,'r-');
113 hold on;
114 plot(y22,v422,'b-');
115 hold off;
116 xlabel('X(dimensionless)');
117 ylabel('V(Volts)');
118 title('Steady-state voltage of Figure 2(c)');
119 legend('Branch 1', 'Branch 21', 'Branch 22');
120 %Changing b according to Figure 2d
121 b2 = b1;
122 b2(3) = rl22*iapp;
123 x4 = A2 b2;
124 \text{ v51} = x4(1)*exp(-y1)+x4(2)*exp(y1);
125 \text{ v521} = x4(3)*exp(-y21)+x4(4)*exp(y21);
126 	 v522 = x4(5)*exp(-y22)+x4(6)*exp(y22);
127 figure;
128 plot(y1,v51,'y-');
129 hold on;
130 plot(y21,v521,'r-');
131 hold on;
132 plot(y22,v522,'b-');
133 hold off;
134 xlabel('X(dimensionless)');
135 ylabel('V(Volts)');
136 title('Steady-state voltage of Figure 2(d)');
137 legend('Branch 1', 'Branch 21', 'Branch 22');
```