

# Information and Coding Theory

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## Homework 1013

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### 1. 第一题

(1) 由题可得:  $p(y_1) = \frac{3}{4} \times 0.6 + \frac{1}{4} \times 0.4 = 0.55, p(y_2) = \frac{3}{4} \times 0.4 + \frac{1}{4} \times 0.6 = 0.45$   
 $H(X) = -(\frac{3}{4} \log \frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4} \log \frac{1}{4}) = 0.811 \text{ bits/symbol}$   
 $H(X|Y) = -(\frac{3}{4} \times 0.6 \log \frac{\frac{3}{4} \times 0.6}{0.55} + \frac{3}{4} \times 0.4 \log \frac{\frac{3}{4} \times 0.4}{0.45} + \frac{1}{4} \times 0.4 \log \frac{0.1}{0.55} + \frac{1}{4} \times 0.6 \log \frac{0.15}{0.45}) = 0.789 \text{ bits/symbol}$

$I(X; Y) = H(X) - H(X|Y) = 0.811 - 0.789 = 0.022 \text{ bits/symbol}$

(2) 由题可得:  $p(y_1) = 0.6p + 0.4(1-p) = 0.4 + 0.2p, p(y_2) = 0.4p + 0.6(1-p) = 0.6 - 0.2p, H(Y) = -(0.4 + 0.2p) \log(0.4 + 0.2p) - (0.6 - 0.2p) \log(0.6 - 0.2p) \text{ bits/symbol}$   
 $H(Y|X) = -(0.6 \log 0.6 + 0.4 \log 0.4) = 0.970 \text{ bits/symbol}$

$C = I(X; Y) = H(Y) - H(Y|X) = -(0.4 + 0.2p) \log(0.4 + 0.2p) - (0.6 - 0.2p) \log(0.6 - 0.2p) - 0.970$

(3) 由题可得:  $C = \max_{p(x)} I(X; Y) = \max_{p(x)} [-(0.4 + 0.2p) \log(0.4 + 0.2p) - (0.6 - 0.2p) \log(0.6 - 0.2p) - 0.970]$ , 当  $p(x_1 = 0) = p(x_2 = 0) = \frac{1}{2}$  时,  $C_{max} = 0.03$

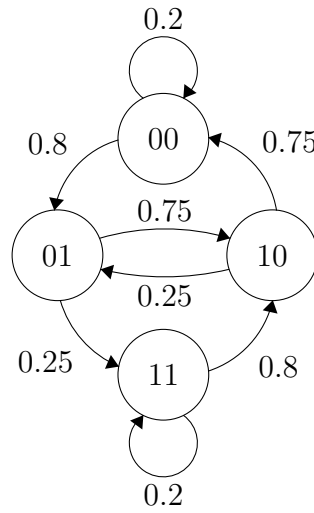
### 2. 第二题

(1) 由题可得:  $X, Y, Z$  不独立, 因此  $I(X; Y; Z) > 0$ , 故  $I(X; Y|Z) = I(X; Y) - I(X; Y; Z) < I(X; Y)$ , 证毕

(2) 由题可得: 因为  $X, Y$  独立, 故  $I(X; Y) = 0, H(X|Y, Z) = 0$ , 又因为  $X$  与  $Z = X + Y$  不独立, 因此  $H(X|Z) > 0$ , 故  $I(X; Y|Z) = H(X|Z) - H(X|Y; Z) = H(X|Z) > 0 = I(X; Y)$ , 证毕

### 3. 第三题

由题可得: 状态转移矩阵为  $\begin{pmatrix} 0.2 & 0.8 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.75 & 0.25 \\ 0.75 & 0.25 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0.8 & 0.2 \end{pmatrix}$ , 状态空间  $S = \{00, 01, 10, 11\}$



可得方程组：

$$\begin{cases} p(s_1) = 0.2p(s_1) + 0.75p(s_3) \\ p(s_2) = 0.8p(s_1) + 0.25p(s_3) \\ p(s_3) = 0.75p(s_2) + 0.8p(s_4) \\ p(s_4) = 0.25p(s_2) + 0.2p(s_4) \end{cases}, \text{ 解得 } \begin{cases} p(s_1) = \frac{15}{52} \\ p(s_2) = \frac{4}{13} \\ p(s_3) = \frac{4}{13} \\ p(s_4) = \frac{5}{52} \end{cases}$$

$$H_\infty(X) = H_3(x) = - \sum_i \sum_j p(s_i)p(s_j|s_i) \log p(s_j|s_i) = 0.777$$