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0 Docs Site Playground

1.0 Examples

Here are some of the most common things you'll need to use for content. For a full list, go to this [cheatsheet](#). Fair warning: not all of those examples will work here.

Text styling

Emphasis, aka italics, with *asterisks* or *underscores*.

Strong emphasis, aka bold, with **asterisks** or **underscores**.

Combined emphasis with ***asterisks and underscores***.

becomes

Emphasis, aka italics, with *asterisks* or *underscores*.

Strong emphasis, aka bold, with **asterisks** or **underscores**.

Combined emphasis with ***asterisks and underscores***.

Headers

Headers are what create the bigger, bolder text right above this sentence. These break out sections and get used on the right side as part of the page's Table of Contents.

Here's the format: `## Header name`

That is for an h2 `html` element. For different headers, use more `#` signs.

`### h3 header name`

which makes

h3 header name

The `h3` is slightly smaller and still creates an anchor tag, but it does not get used in the page's Table of Contents.

Lists

(In this example, leading and trailing spaces are shown with dots: .)

1. First ordered list item

2. Another item

. . * Unordered sub-list.

1. Actual numbers don't matter, just that it's a number

. . 1. Ordered sub-list

4. And another item.

. . . You can have properly indented paragraphs within list items. Notice the blank line above, and the leading spaces (at least one, but we'll use three here to also align the raw Markdown).

. . . To have a line break without a paragraph, you will need to use two trailing spaces. . .

. . . Note that this line is separate, but within the same paragraph. . .

. . . (This is contrary to the typical GFM line break behaviour, where trailing spaces are not required.)

* Unordered list can use asterisks

- Or minuses

+ Or pluses

1. First ordered list item

2. Another item

3. Actual numbers don't matter, just that it's a number

4. And another item.

You can have properly indented paragraphs within list items. Notice the blank line above, and the leading spaces (at least one, but we'll use three here to also align the raw Markdown).

To have a line break without a paragraph, you will need to use two trailing spaces.

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• Unordered list can use asterisks

• Or minuses

• Or pluses

Code and Syntax Highlighting

Inline ``code`` has ``back-ticks around`` it.

Inline `code` has `back-ticks around` it.

Blocks of code are fenced by lines with three back-ticks ```

```

Here we can use html tags like this `<b>bold</b>` or `<em>em</em>` that won't do anything.

```

Here we can use html tags like this `bold` or `em` that won't do anything.

Links

[I'm an inline-style link](https://www.google.com)

[I'm an inline-style link with title](https://www.google.com "Google's Homepage")

[I'm an inline link to an anchor in the same document](#headers)

[I'm an inline link to another page in the same site](link)

[I'm a reference-style link][Arbitrary case-insensitive reference text]

[You can use numbers for reference-style link definitions][1]

Or leave it empty and use the [link text itself].

URLs and URLs in angle brackets will automatically get turned into links.
<http://www.example.com> or [<http://www.example.com>](http://www.example.com) and sometimes
[example.com](http://www.example.com) (but not on Github, for example).

Some text to show that the reference links can follow later.

[arbitrary case-insensitive reference text]: <https://www.mozilla.org>

[1]: <http://slashdot.org>

[link text itself]: <http://www.reddit.com>

I'm an inline-style link

I'm an inline-style link with title

I'm a reference-style link

I'm an inline link to an anchor in the same document

I'm an inline link to another page in the same site

You can use numbers for reference-style link definitions

Or leave it empty and use the link text itself.

URLs and URLs in angle brackets will automatically get turned into links. <http://www.example.com> or <http://www.example.com>, for example.

Some text to show that the reference links can follow later.

Images



Add image to `images` folder and use it like this:

```
![{alt text}]({image location})
```

here that's

```
![building](docs/playground/1/01_examples/images/building_Razvan_Mirel.jpeg)
```

1.1 Copy to Clipboard

```
import CopyToClipboard from '../src/components/copy-to-clipboard';
```

Hi, you got here from a link. You lucky devil.

1.2 Icons

```
import { IconList } from '../src/components/icon/iconList';
```

1.3 Link

Hi, you got here from a link. You lucky devil.

There is no title for this page

3.0 New Guide

this is a new guide