Output

Displaying Output

- Java provides the System class with methods for displaying output
- The standard output stream is typically the computer screen, and can be accessed using System.out.out which contains both the print() (leaves the insertion point at the end) and println() (moves the insertion point to a new line) methods.

Example:

```
Code

/*
    * Displays a welcome message.
    */
public class MulticulturalGreeting {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        System.out.print("Hello");
        System.out.print("Buenos Dias");
        System.out.println("Bonjour");
        System.out.println("How do you greet another?");

}

}
```

Escape Sequences:

```
An escape sequence is a backslash (\) followed by a symbol that together represent a character.

Commonly used escape sequences:
\n newline
\t tab (8 spaces)
\\ backslash
\" double quotation mark
```

Here is the modified example:

```
Code

/*
 * Displays a welcome message.
 */
public class MulticulturalGreeting {

public static void main(String[] args) {

System.out.print("Hello\t");

System.out.print("Buenos Dias\t\t");

System.out.println("Bonjour");

System.out.println("How do you greet another?");

}

}
```

Programming Exercise:

- Create an AboutMe application follow naming conventions for the Project "Last, First Activity 2b – AboutMe"
- The program displays your first name and last initial, your teacher's name (Ms. McDougall), and your school name on three separate lines. Below the personal information, display a phrase that encourages your school team ("Go Golden Bears!"). Be sure the phrase is displayed with quotation marks.
- Save, but do not submit this project yet.